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The Gazette of India.

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No. 40.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th October, 1911.

No. 32.—The Hon'ble Mr. J. M. Macpherson, C.S.I., Barrister-at-Law, is permitted to resign the office of Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, with effect from the afternoon of the 30th September 1911.

No. 33.—Mr. W. H. H. Vincent, of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed Secretary to the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, with effect from the afternoon of the 30th September 1911, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. J. M. Macpherson resigned.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

Simla, the 6th October 1911.

No 34—The following Statutes are published for general information :—

MERCHANT SHIPPING (SEAMEN'S ALLOTMENT) ACT, 1911.

[1 & 2 GEO. 5, CH. 8.]

AN ACT TO REMOVE CERTAIN DOUBTS AS TO THE TRUE INTERPRETATION OF THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACTS, 1894 TO 1906, IN RESPECT OF THE PAYMENT OF SEAMEN'S ALLOTMENT NOTES.

[18th August 1911.]

58. WHEREAS doubts have arisen as to the true interpretation of section one hundred and
7. forty-one of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, and section sixty-two of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1906 :

Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

1. By agreement with the master an allotment note may be granted to a seaman providing for —
Regulations as to allotment note.

(a) payment of a greater sum than one-half of the wages ;

(b) payment at a period earlier than one month from the date of the agreement with the crew and at intervals more frequent than one month.

2. This Act may be cited as the Merchant Shipping (Seamen's Allotment) Act, 1911.
Short title.

PARLIAMENT ACT, 1911.

[1 & 2 GEO. 5, CH. 13.]

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

Section.

1. Powers of House of Lords as to Money Bills.
2. Restriction of the powers of the House of Lords as to Bills other than Money Bills.
3. Certificate of Speaker.
4. Enacting words.
5. Provisional Order Bills excluded.
6. Saving for existing rights and privileges of the House of Commons.
7. Duration of Parliament.
8. Short title.

AN ACT TO MAKE PROVISION WITH RESPECT TO THE POWERS OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS IN RELATION TO THOSE OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, AND TO LIMIT THE DURATION OF PARLIAMENT.

[18th August 1911.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that provision should be made for regulating the relations between the two Houses of Parliament :

And whereas it is intended to substitute for the House of Lords as it at present exists a Second Chamber constituted on a popular instead of hereditary basis, but such substitution cannot be immediately brought into operation:

And whereas provision will require hereafter to be made by Parliament in a measure effecting such substitution for limiting and defining the powers of the new Second Chamber, but it is expedient to make such provision as in this Act appears for restricting the existing powers of the House of Lords:

Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

I.—(1) If a Money Bill, having been passed by the House of Commons, and sent up to the House of Lords at least one month before the end of the session, is not passed by the House of Lords without amendment within one month after it is so sent up to that House, the Bill shall, unless the House of Commons direct to the contrary, be presented to His Majesty and become an Act of Parliament on the Royal Assent being signified, notwithstanding that the House of Lords have not consented to the Bill.

(2) A Money Bill means a Public Bill which in the opinion of the Speaker of the House of Commons contains only provisions dealing with all or any of the following subjects, namely, the imposition, repeal, remission, alteration, or regulation of taxation; the imposition for the payment of debt or other financial purposes of charges on the Consolidated Fund, or on money provided by Parliament, or the variation or repeal of any such charges; supply; the appropriation, receipt, custody, issue or audit of accounts of public money; the raising or guarantee of any loan or the repayment thereof; or subordinate matters incidental to those subjects or any of them. In this subsection the expressions "taxation," "public money," and "loan" respectively do not include any taxation, money, or loan raised by local authorities or bodies for local purposes.

(3) There shall be endorsed on every Money Bill when it is sent up to the House of Lords and when it is presented to His Majesty for assent the certificate of the Speaker of the House of Commons signed by him that it is a Money Bill. Before giving his certificate, the Speaker shall consult, if practicable, two members to be appointed from the Chairmen's Panel at the beginning of each Session by the Committee of Selection.

2.—(1) If any Public Bill (other than a Money Bill or a Bill containing any provision to extend the maximum duration of Parliament beyond five years) is passed by the House of Commons in three successive sessions (whether of the same Parliament or not), and, having been sent up to the House of Lords at least one month before the end of the session, is rejected by the House of Lords in each of those sessions, that Bill shall, on its rejection for the third time by the House of Lords, unless the House of Commons direct to the contrary, be presented to His Majesty and become an Act of Parliament on the Royal Assent being signified thereto, notwithstanding that the House of Lords have not consented to the Bill: Provided that this provision shall not take effect unless two years have elapsed between the date of the second reading in the first of those sessions of the Bill in the House of Commons and the date on which it passes the House of Commons in the third of those sessions.

(2) When a Bill is presented to His Majesty for assent in pursuance of the provisions of this section, there shall be endorsed on the Bill the certificate of the Speaker of the House of Commons signed by him that the provisions of this section have been duly complied with.

(3) A Bill shall be deemed to be rejected by the House of Lords if it is not passed by the House of Lords either without amendment or with such amendments only as may be agreed to by both Houses.

(4) A Bill shall be deemed to be the same Bill as a former Bill sent up to the House of Lords in the preceding session if, when it is sent up to the House of Lords, it is identical with the former Bill or contains only such alterations as are certified by the Speaker of the House of Commons to be necessary owing to the time which has elapsed since the date of the former Bill, or to represent any amendments which have been made by the House of Lords in the former Bill in the preceding session, and any amendments which are certified by the Speaker to have been made by the House of Lords in the third session and agreed to by the House of Commons shall be inserted in the Bill as presented for Royal Assent in pursuance of this section:

Provided that the House of Commons may, if they think fit, on the passage of such a Bill through the House in the second or third session, suggest any further amendments without inserting the amendments in the Bill, and any such suggested amendments shall be considered by the House of Lords, and, if agreed to by that House, shall be treated as

amendments made by the House of Lords and agreed to by the House of Commons; but the exercise of this power by the House of Commons shall not affect the operation of this section in the event of the Bill being rejected by the House of Lords.

3. Any certificate of the Speaker of the House of Commons given under this Act shall be conclusive for all purposes, and shall not be questioned in any court of law.

Certificate of Speaker.

- 4—(1) In every Bill presented to His Majesty under the preceding provisions of this Act, the words of enactment shall be as follows, that is to say:—

Enacting words.

“Be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, in accordance with the provisions of the Parliament Act, 1911, and by authority of the same, as follows.”

- (2) Any alteration of a Bill necessary to give effect to this section shall not be deemed to be an amendment of the Bill.

5. In this Act the expression “Public Bill” does not include any Bill for confirming a Provisional Order.

Provisional Order Bills excluded.

6. Nothing in this Act shall diminish or qualify the existing rights and privileges of the House of Commons.

Saving for existing rights and privileges of the House of Commons.

1 Geo. 1,
stat. 2, c. 38.

7. Five years shall be substituted for seven years as the time fixed for the maximum duration of Parliament under the Septennial Act, 1715.

Duration of Parliament.

8. This Act may be cited as the Parliament Act, 1911.

Short title.

INDIAN HIGH COURTS ACT, 1911.

[1 & 2 GEO. 5, CH. 18.]

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

Section.

1. Increase of number of judges of High Court.
2. Power to establish additional High Courts.
3. Power to appoint temporary judges.
4. Salaries.
5. Short title.

AN ACT TO AMEND THE INDIAN HIGH COURTS ACT, 1861.

[18TH AUGUST 1911.]

BE it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. The maximum number of judges of a High Court of Judicature in India, including the Chief Justice, shall be twenty, and section two of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861, shall have effect accordingly.

Increase of number of judges of High Court.

2. The power of His Majesty under section sixteen of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861, may be exercised from time to time, and a High Court may be established under that section

in any portion of the territories within His Majesty’s dominions in India, whether or not included within the limits of the local jurisdiction of another High Court; and, where such a High Court is established in any part of such territories included within the limits of the local jurisdiction of another High Court, it shall be lawful for His Majesty by letters patent to alter the local jurisdiction of that other High Court and to make such incidental, consequential, and supplemental provisions as may appear to be necessary by reason of the alteration of those limits.

Power to establish additional High Courts.

3. Subject to the provisions of section two of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861, as amended by this Act, regulating the number and qualifications of judges, it shall be lawful for the Governor-General in Council to appoint from time to time persons to act as additional judges of any High Court for such period not exceeding two years as may be required, and the judges so appointed shall, whilst so acting, have all the powers of a judge of the High Court appointed by His Majesty under section two of the said Act: Provided that such additional judges shall not be taken into account in determining the proportions specified in the proviso to that section.
4. The salaries of any judges or temporary judges appointed under this Act shall be paid out of the Revenues of India.
5. This Act may be cited as the Indian High Courts Act, 1911, and shall be construed as one with the Indian High Courts Act, 1861, and that Act and the Indian High Courts Act, 1865, and this Act, may be cited together as the Indian High Courts Acts, 1861 to 1911.

GENEVA CONVENTION ACT, 1911.

[1 & 2 GEO. 5, CH. 20.]

AN ACT TO MAKE SUCH AMENDMENTS IN THE LAW AS ARE NECESSARY TO ENABLE CERTAIN RESERVED PROVISIONS OF THE SECOND GENEVA CONVENTION TO BE CARRIED INTO EFFECT.

[18th August 1911.]

WHEREAS His Majesty has ratified, with certain reservations, the Convention for the amelioration of the condition of the wounded and sick of armies in the field, drawn up in Geneva in the year one thousand nine hundred and six, and it is desirable, in order that those reservations may be withdrawn, that such amendments should be made in the law as are in this Act contained:

Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1.—(1). As from the commencement of this Act it shall not be lawful for any person to use for the purposes of his trade or business, or for any other purpose whatsoever, without the authority of the Army Council, the heraldic emblem of the red cross on a white ground formed by reversing the Federal colours of Switzerland, or the words "Red Cross" or "Geneva Cross," and, if any person acts in contravention of this provision, he shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds, and to forfeit any goods upon or in connection with which the emblem or words were used.

(2) Where a company or society is guilty of any such contravention, without prejudice to the liability of the company or society, every director, manager, secretary, and other officer of the company or society who is knowingly a party to the contravention shall be guilty of an offence against this Act and liable to the like penalty.

(3) Nothing in this section shall affect the right (if any) of the proprietor of a trade mark registered before the passing of this Act, and containing any such emblem or words, to continue to use such trade mark for a period of four years from the passing of this Act, and, if the period of the registration or of the renewal of registration of any such trade mark expires during those four years, the registration thereof may be renewed until the expiration of those four years, but without payment of any fee.

(4) Proceedings under this Act shall not in England or Ireland be instituted without the consent of the Attorney-General.

(5) This Act shall extend to His Majesty's possessions outside the United Kingdom, subject to such necessary adaptations as may be made by Order in Council.

2. This Act may be cited as the Geneva Convention Act, 1911.

Short title.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT AMENDMENT ACT, 1911.

[1 & 2 GEO. 5, CH. 25.]

AN ACT TO AMEND THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1858.

[18th August 1911.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

1. In section eighteen of the Government of India Act, 1858, the words "or to his legal personal representative such gratuity" shall be inserted after the words "such compensation, superannuation, or retiring allowance" where they secondly occur, and the words "or to personal representatives of such persons" shall be inserted after the words "public service," and also at the end of the section.

2. Any grant to the legal personal representative of a deceased officer or servant on the establishment of the Secretary of State in Council made out of the revenues of India before the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have been lawfully made.

3. This Act may be cited as the Government of India Act Amendment Act, 1911.

Short title.

OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT, 1911.

[1 & 2 GEO. 5, CH. 28.]

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

Section.

1. Penalties for spying.
2. Wrongful communication, &c., of information.
3. Definition of prohibited place.
4. Attempts to commit offence, or incitement to commit offence, under Act.
5. Person charged with felony under Act may be convicted of misdemeanour under Act.
6. Power to arrest.
7. Penalty for harbouring spies.
8. Restriction on prosecution.
9. Search warrants.
10. Extent of Act and place of trial of offence.
11. Saving for laws of British possessions.
12. Interpretation.
13. Short title and repeal.

AN ACT TO RE-ENACT THE OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT, 1889, WITH AMENDMENTS.

[22nd August 1911.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

1.—(1) If any person for any purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State—

Penalties for spying.

- (a) approaches or is in the neighbourhood of, or enters any prohibited place within the meaning of this Act; or
- (b) makes any sketch, plan, model, or note which is calculated to be or might be or is intended to be directly or indirectly useful to an enemy; or
- (c) obtains or communicates to any other person any sketch, plan, model, article, or note, or other document or information which is calculated to be or might be or is intended to be directly or indirectly useful to an enemy;

he shall be guilty of felony, and shall be liable to penal servitude for any term not less than three years and not exceeding seven years.

(2) On a prosecution under this section, it shall not be necessary to show that the accused person was guilty of any particular act tending to show a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State, and, notwithstanding that no such act is proved against him, he may be convicted if, from the circumstances of the case, or his conduct, or his known character as proved it appears that his purpose was a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State; and if any sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information relating to or used in any prohibited place within the meaning of this Act, or anything in such a place, is made, obtained, or communicated by any person other than a person acting under lawful authority, it shall be deemed to have been made, obtained, or communicated for a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State unless the contrary is proved.

2.—(1) If any person having in his possession or control any sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information which relates to or is used in a prohibited place or anything in such a place, or which has been made or obtained in contravention of this Act, or which has been entrusted in confidence to him by any person holding office under His Majesty or which he has obtained owing to his position as a person who holds or has held office under His Majesty, or as a person who holds or has held a contract made on behalf of His Majesty, or as a person who is or has been employed under a person who holds or has held such an office or contract,—

- (a) communicates the sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information to any person, other than a person to whom he is authorised to communicate it, or a person to whom it is in the interest of the State his duty to communicate it, or
- (b) retains the sketch, plan, model, article, note, or document in his possession or control when he has no right to retain it or when it is contrary to his duty to retain it:

that person shall be guilty of a misdemeanour.

(2) If any person receives any sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information, knowing or having reasonable ground to believe, at the time when he receives it, that the sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information is communicated to him in contravention of this Act, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, unless he proves that the communication to him of the sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information was contrary to his desire.

(3) A person guilty of a misdemeanour under this section shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding two years, or to a fine, or to both imprisonment and a fine.

3. For the purposes of this Act, the expression "prohibited place" means—

Definition of prohibited place.

- (a) any work of defence, arsenal, factory, dockyard, camp, ship, telegraph or signal station, or office belonging to His Majesty, and any other place belonging to His Majesty used for the purpose of building, repairing, making, or storing any ship, arms, or other materials or instruments of use in time of war, or any plans or documents relating thereto; and
- (b) any place not belonging to His Majesty where any ship, arms, or other materials or instruments of use in time of war, or any plans or documents relating thereto, are being made, repaired, or stored under contract with, or with any person on behalf of, His Majesty, or otherwise on behalf of His Majesty; and
- (c) any place belonging to His Majesty which is for the time being declared by a Secretary of State to be a prohibited place for the purposes of this section on the ground that information with respect thereto, or damage thereto, would be useful to an enemy; and
- (d) any railway, road, way, or channel, or other means of communication by land or water (including any works or structures being part thereof or connected therewith), or any place used for gas, water, or electricity works or other works for purposes of a public character, or any place where any ship, arms, or other materials or instruments of use in time of war, or any plans or documents relating thereto, are being made, repaired, or stored otherwise than on behalf of His Majesty, which is for the time being declared by a Secretary of State to be a prohibited place for the purposes of this section, on the ground that information with respect thereto, or the destruction or obstruction thereof, or interference therewith, would be useful to an enemy.

4. Any person who attempts to commit any offence under this Act, or incites, or

Attempts to commit offence or incitement to commit offence, under Act. counsels, or attempts to procure another person to commit an offence under this Act, shall be

guilty of felony or of a misdemeanour according as the offence in question is felony or misdemeanour, and on conviction shall be liable to the same punishment, and to be proceeded against in the same manner, as if he had committed the offence.

5. Any person charged with an offence which is a felony under this Act may, if the circumstances warrant such a finding, be found guilty of an offence which is a misdemeanour under this Act.

6. Any person who is found committing an offence under this Act, whether that offence is a felony or not, or who is reasonably suspected of having committed, or having attempted to commit, or being about to commit, such an offence, may be apprehended and detained in the same manner as a person who is found committing a felony.

7. If any person knowingly harbours any person whom he knows, or has reasonable grounds for supposing, to be a person who is about to commit or who has committed an offence under this Act, or knowingly permits to meet or assemble in any premises in his occupation or under his control any such persons, or if any person having harboured any such person, or permitted to meet or assemble in any premises in his occupation or under his control any such persons, wilfully refuses to disclose to a superintendent of police any information which it is in his power to give in relation to any such person he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding one year, or to a fine, or to both imprisonment and a fine.

8. A prosecution for an offence under this Act shall not be instituted except by or with the consent of the Attorney-General:

Provided that a person charged with such an offence may be arrested, or a warrant for his arrest may be issued and executed, and any such person may be remanded in custody or on bail, notwithstanding that the consent of the Attorney-General to the institution of a prosecution for the offence has not been obtained, but no further or other proceedings shall be taken until that consent has been obtained.

9.—(1) If a justice of the peace is satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence under this Act has been or is about to be committed, he may grant a search warrant authorising any constable named therein to enter at any time any premises or place named in the warrant, if necessary, by force, and to search the premises or place and every person found therein, and to seize any sketch, plan, model, article, note, or document, or anything of a like nature or anything which is evidence of an offence under this Act having been or being about to be committed, which he may find on the premises or place or on any such person, and with regard to or in connexion with which he has reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence under this Act has been or is about to be committed.

(2) Where it appears to a superintendent of police that the case is one of great emergency and that in the interest of the State immediate action is necessary, he may by a written order under his hand give to any constable the like authority as may be given by the warrant of a justice under this section.

10.—(1) This Act shall apply to all acts which are offences under this Act when committed in any part of His Majesty's dominions, or when committed by British officers or subjects elsewhere.

42 Geo. 3, c. 85. (2) An offence under this Act, if alleged to have been committed out of the United Kingdom, may be inquired of, heard, and determined, in any competent British court in the place where the offence was committed, or in the High Court in England or the Central Criminal Court, and the Criminal Jurisdiction Act, 1802, shall apply in like manner as if the offence were mentioned in that Act, and the Central Criminal Court as well as the High Court possessed the jurisdiction given by that Act to the Court of King's Bench.

(3) An offence under this Act shall not be tried by any court of general or quarter sessions, nor by the sheriff court in Scotland, nor by any court out of the United Kingdom which has not jurisdiction to try crimes which involve the greatest punishment allowed by law.

50 & 51 Vict. c. 20. (4) The provisions of the Criminal Law and Procedure (Ireland) Act, 1887, shall not apply to any trial under the provisions of this Act.

11. If by any law made before or after the passing of this Act by the legislature of any British possession provisions are made which appear to His Majesty to be of the like effect as

• Saving for laws of British possessions.

those contained in this Act, His Majesty may, by Order in Council, suspend the operation within that British possession of this Act, or of any part thereof, so long as that law continues in force there, and no longer, and the Order shall have effect as if it were enacted in this Act:

Provided that the suspension of this Act, or of any part thereof, in any British possession shall not extend to the holder of an office under His Majesty who is not appointed to that office by the Government of that possession.

12. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

Interpretation.

Any reference to a place belonging to His Majesty includes a place belonging to any department of the Government of the United Kingdom or of any British possessions, whether the place is or is not actually vested in His Majesty;

The expression "Attorney-General" means the Attorney or Solicitor-General for England; and as respects Scotland, means the Lord Advocate; and as respects Ireland, means the Attorney or Solicitor-General for Ireland; and, if the prosecution is instituted in any court out of the United Kingdom, means the person who in that court is Attorney-General, or exercises the like functions as the Attorney-General in England;

Expressions referring to communicating or receiving include any communicating or receiving, whether in whole or in part, and whether the sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information itself or the substance, effect, or description thereof only be communicated or received; expressions referring to obtaining or retaining any sketch, plan, model, article, note, or document, include the copying or causing to be copied the whole or any part of any sketch, plan, model, article, note, or document; and expressions referring to the communication of any sketch, plan, model, article, note or document include the transfer or transmission of the sketch, plan, model, article, note or document;

The expression "document" includes part of a document;

The expression "model" includes design, pattern, and specimen;

The expression "sketch" includes any photograph or other mode of representing any place or thing;

The expression "superintendent of police" includes any police officer of a like or superior rank;

The expression "office under His Majesty" includes any office or employment in or under any department of the Government of the United Kingdom, or of any British possession;

The expression "offence under this Act" includes any act, omission, or other thing which is punishable under this Act.

13.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Official Secrets Act, 1911.

Short title and repeal.

52 & 53 Vict.,
c. 52.

(2) The Official Secrets Act, 1889, is hereby repealed.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 4th October, 1911.

No. 1562.—Mr. E. O. E. Leggatt is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 24th October 1911.

The 6th October, 1911.

No. 1584.—Mr. A. Williams is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 19th October 1911.

No. 1590.—Mr. L. J. D'Santos, a Superintendent in the Home Department, is granted privilege leave for twenty days, with effect from the 25th September 1911.

No. 1591.—Rai Sahib Abinas Chandra Koar is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent of the third grade in the Home Department, with effect from the 25th September 1911.

No. 1594.—The services of Mr. L. J. D'Santos, a Superintendent in the Home Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 15th October 1911.

No. 1597.—Rai Sahib Abinas Chandra Koar, officiating Superintendent of the third grade in the Home Department, is appointed to hold his present appointment substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 15th October 1911.

JUDICIAL.

The 4th October, 1911.

No. 1584.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884 (XVIII of 1884), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. Chevis, I.C.S., a Divisional Judge in the Punjab, to be second temporary additional judge of the Chief Court, with effect from the 16th October 1911.

MEDICAL.

The 4th October, 1911.

No. 1017.—Captain W. R. J. Scroggie, I.M.S., officiating Civil Surgeon of Coorg, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 10th October 1911, or the subsequent date on which he avails himself of the leave.

No. 1018.—Assistant Surgeon E. A. Davies, of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon of Coorg during the absence on privilege leave of Captain W. R. J. Scroggie, I.M.S., or until further orders.

PUBLIC.

The 5th October, 1911.

No. 3965.—In supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department no. 102, dated the 11th January 1910, His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to declare that the Consul-General for the Argentine Republic shall, as such, whether permanently or temporarily in office, have the privilege of private entrée to Government House at Calcutta.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 5th October, 1911.

No. 1307.—The services of Mr. Pramatha Nath Chatterjee of the Department of Education, Government of India Secretariat, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 16th October 1911.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 5th October, 1911.

No. 35.—With reference to Public Works Department Notifications Nos. 31, 32 and 34, dated the 13th and 21st September 1911, Mr. P. Hawkins, Executive Engineer, Madras, is appointed Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th October, 1911.

No. 2777-Est.-A.—The undermentioned officer is confirmed in the Political Department of the Government of India as a Political Assistant :

Lieutenant N. E. Reilly.

No. 2782-Est.-A.—The undermentioned officer is confirmed in the Political Department as a Political Assistant :

Lieutenant J. G. L. Ranking.

No. 2784-Est.-A.—Second Class Military Assistant Surgeon F. R. Smith, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is posted as Quarantine Medical Officer at Bunder Abbas, with effect from the 15th August, 1911.

No. 2785-Est.-A.—Third Class Military Assistant Surgeon G. C. Rehling, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is placed on special duty at Ahwaz, with effect from the 27th August, 1911.

The 6th October, 1911.

No. 2794-Est.-A.—Major E. D. Money, 2nd Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles, is appointed to be an Assistant Military Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor, with effect from the 23rd July, 1911, and until further orders.

No. 2795-Est.-A.—Captain R. E. T. Hogg, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse, is appointed to be an Assistant Military Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor, with effect from the 12th July, 1911, and until further orders.

No. 2796-Est.-A.—Major H. R. Stockley, R.E., 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners, is appointed to be an Assistant Military Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor, with effect from the 16th September, 1911, and until further orders.

No. 2152-I.-B.—The footnote to paragraph (2) of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1792-I.-B., dated the 22nd August, 1911, prescribing the dress to be worn on all official occasions and at all functions at which Their Imperial Majesties are present during their forthcoming visit to India, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1879-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4, 10, 11, 17 and 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as applied to the Pargana of Manpur by the notification of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, No. 1447-B., dated the 23rd September, 1911, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 3102-Public, dated the 16th August, 1909, so far as they are applicable, shall be the rules in force under the said Act, in the Pargana of Manpur :

Provided that references to the Local Government shall be read as referring to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

No. 1880-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply to the Cantonments of Agar, Goona, Sehore and to

the Indore Residency Bazars, the provisions, so far as they are applicable, of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878) :

Provided that references to the Local Government shall be read as referring to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

No. 1881-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4, 10, 11, 17 and 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as applied to the Cantonments of Agar, Goona, Schore and to the Indore Residency Bazars by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1880-G., dated the 6th October, 1911, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 3102-Public, dated the 16th August, 1909, so far as they are applicable, shall be the rules in force in the areas above mentioned under the said Act :

Provided that references to the Local Government shall be read as referring to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

No. 1882-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to rescind sections 94 and 94-A of the "Regulations for the better administration of the Indore Residency Bazars" published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2513-I.B., dated the 8th July, 1904, and modified by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4256-I.B., dated the 1st November, 1907.

No. 1883-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments be made to Schedule VI of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909 :

For the existing clause 12 the following shall be substituted :

(12) (a) The Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department, and

(b) The Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Any place within the political jurisdiction of His Britannic Majesty's Consul General and Agent of the Government of India in Khorasan or of His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Seistan and Kain.

No. 1884-G.—The following communication addressed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to the Most Hon'ble the Marquis of Crewe, K. G., His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, is published for general information and guidance :

"His Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of neutrality during the existing state of war between Turkey and Italy, and being, moreover, resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of His Majesty's harbours, ports, and coasts and the waters within His Majesty's territorial jurisdiction in aid of the warlike purposes of either belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following rules which are to be treated and enforced as His Majesty's orders and directions :

"**Rule I.**—During the continuance of the present state of war, all ships of war of either belligerent are prohibited from making use of any port or roadstead in the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, or the Channel Islands, or in any of His Majesty's Colonies or Foreign possessions or dependencies or of any waters, subject to the territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown as a station or place of resort for any warlike purpose or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities for warlike equipment. And no ship of war of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to leave any such port, roadstead, or waters from which any vessel of the other belligerent (whether the same shall be a ship of war or a merchant ship) shall have previously departed until after the expiration of at least twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned vessel beyond the territorial jurisdiction of His Majesty.

"**Rule II.**—If there is now in any such port, roadstead, or waters, subject to territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, any ship of war of either belligerent, such ship of war shall leave such port, roadstead, or waters within such time, not less than twenty-four hours, as shall be reasonable, having regard to all circumstances and the conditions of such ship as to repairs, provisions, or things necessary for the subsistence of her crew. And, if after the date hereof any ship of war of either belligerent shall enter any such port, roadstead, or waters, subject to the territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, such ship shall depart and put to sea within twenty-four hours after her entrance into any such port, roadstead, or waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the authorities of the port or of the nearest port (as the case may be) shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of twenty-four hours without permitting her to take in supplies beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use, and no such vessel, which may have been allowed to remain within British

waters for the purpose of repair, shall continue in any such port, roadstead, or waters for a longer period than twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed. Provided, nevertheless, that, in all cases in which there shall be any vessels (whether ships of war or merchant ships) of both the said belligerent parties in the same port, roadstead, or waters within the territorial jurisdiction of His Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a ship of war or merchantman) of the one belligerent and the subsequent departure therefrom of any ship of war of the other belligerent. And the time hereby limited for the departure of such ships of war respectively shall always in case of necessity be extended so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but no further or otherwise.

"Rule III.—No ship of war of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted, while in any port, roadstead, or waters, subject to territorial jurisdiction of His Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for the subsistence of her crew and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such vessel to the nearest port of her own country or to some nearer named neutral destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such ship of war in the same or any other port, roadstead, or waters, subject to the territorial jurisdiction of His Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British waters as aforesaid.

"Rule IV.—Armed ships of either belligerent are interdicted from carrying prizes made by them into the ports, harbours, roadsteads, or waters of the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, the Channel Islands, or any of His Majesty's Colonies or possessions abroad. The Governor or other chief authority of each of His Majesty's territories or possessions beyond the seas shall forthwith notify and publish the above rules."

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Orders and Directions of His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, as contained in the above communication are to be obeyed by all persons within the limits of His Majesty's territories and possessions in India.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 6th October, 1911.

No. 6118-F.-E.—The leave on medical certificate granted to Mr. T. P. Srinivasan by Notifications in this Department Nos. 2314-F. O. & A. and 5870-F. E., dated, respectively, the 5th May and the 3rd November 1910, has been extended for 6 months, with effect from the 12th September 1911.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 6th October, 1911.

No. 1315-Accts.—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :

From the 26th September 1911, consequent on the return of Colonel B. W. Marlow from privilege leave.

Mr. A. Pereyra, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent (temporary).

No. 1316-Accts.—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the 14th September 1911:

Mr. T. J. Moriarty, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent (temporary).

No. 1317-Accts.—Mr. E. M. Fullam, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with leave on medical certificate for nine months, under articles 233 and 336, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 28th July 1911.

No. 1318-Accts.—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, are made, *vice* Mr. E. M. Fullam, granted combined leave:

I.—From the 18th August to the 3rd September 1911.

Babu Bhut Nath Chatterjee to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

II.—From the 4th September 1911.

Mr. E. J. Earle to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

TELEGRAPHS.

Simla, the 6th October, 1911.

No. 7467-159.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XII of 1885), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the 12th December 1911 shall be observed as a holiday in Government Telegraph offices in India.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 6th October, 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 823—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Royal Warrant, dated the 8th August 1911, amending the rules for the promotion

and precedence of officers of the Indian Medical Service which were published in Department of Military Supply Notification No. 27, dated the 24th April 1908:—

GEORGE, R.L.

WHEREAS We deem it expedient to amend the rules for the promotion and precedence of Our Indian Medical Service:

Our Will and Pleasure is that Our Warrant of the 13th March 1908 be amended in accordance with the following provisions:—

(1) The following shall be omitted from paragraph 10:

“An Officer below the rank of Colonel, who may be appointed as Our Honorary Physician or Surgeon after retirement from the Service, shall be granted the honorary rank of Colonel”.

(2) The following shall be substituted for paragraph 14:

“Six of the most meritorious Medical Officers of the Service on the Active List shall be named Our Honorary Physicians, and six Our Honorary Surgeons. An officer shall relinquish the appointment of Honorary Physician or Honorary Surgeon on retirement.”

Given at Our Court at St. James's this eighth day of August 1911, in the Second year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

CREWE.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 824.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

“*London Gazette*,” dated the 15th September 1911, pages 6801, 6802 and 6803.

* * * * *

War Office,

15th September 1911.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

The undermentioned Native Officers, Indian Army, are granted the honorary rank of Captain on retirement:—

Subadar Major Rustam Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment). Dated 24th June 1911.

Subadar Major Chaudhri Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 92nd Punjabis. Dated 20th July 1911.

* * * * *

India Office,

September 15, 1911.

The KING has approved of the following promotions of Officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Dated 23rd July 1911.

Frederick Robert Edward Lock, Commandant, 113th Infantry.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 19th July 1911.

Charles Richard Bradshaw, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Basil Andrew Corbett, 13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

George Knowles, D.S.O., 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Gerald Macleay Molloy, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 6th April 1911.

Hugh Berkeley Frederick Wilcox, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).

Dated 7th May 1911.

Joseph Elwin Bishop Scrafton, Civil Employ.

Dated 18th July 1911.

Geoffrey Martin Ayscough, 116th Mahrattas.

Dated 21st July 1911.

George Victor d'Auvergne Innes, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

*To be Surgeon-General.*Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel William Burney Bannerman, M.D. Dated
26th July 1911.*Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Dated 28th July 1911.

Benjamin Hobbs Deare.

Benjamin Curwen Oldham.

Robert Bird, C.I.E.

Sidney Browning Smith.

George Hewitt Frost.

Edmund Wilkinson.

George Francis William Ewens.

Charles Duer.

Henry Stotesbury Wood.

Thomas Walter Irvine.

James Entrican.

Walter George Pridmore.

Charles Donovan.

Jeremiah Penny.

Douglas Henry McDonell Graves.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 27th July 1911.

William Ernest McKechnie.

Harry Diamond Peile.

Douglas Henry Fawcett Cowin.

William Hancock Tucker.

Charles Stewart Lowson.

Dugald Nairne Anderson.

Nath Manmatha Chaudhuri.

Archibald Currie MacGilchrist.

John Wallace Dick Megaw.
Cecil Maurice Goodbody.
Robert Steen.
Frederick Fenn Elwes.
Ernest Albert Churchward Matthews.
Léssel Philip Stephen.
Leonard Gilbert.
Thomas George Nesbitt Stokes.
Harry Malcolm Mackenzie.
William O'Sullivan Murphy.
Cecil Charles Murison.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army from the Unattached List :—

Second Lieutenant to be Second Lieutenant.

Edward Horace Whitford-Hawkey, Officiating Squadron Officer, 16th Cavalry.
Dated 28th June 1911.

NOTE : The date of rank of Lieutenant F. H. F. Hornor is 25th April 1910, not 25th April 1911, as notified in the London Gazette of 22nd August 1911.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned gentlemen to the Indian Medical Service as Lieutenants on probation. Dated 29th July 1911 :—

John Alexander Sinton, M.B.
Denis Fitzgerald Murphy, M.B.
Edward Randolph Armstrong, M.B.
Charles James Stocker, M.B.
Eric Edward Doyle.
Cyril Macdonald Plumptre.
Archibald Wallace Duncan.
Edward Austen Penny, M.B.
George Blenkhorn Harland, M.B.
Leon Francis Brandenbourg, M.B.
John Edward Scudamore.
Henry Lewis Barker, M.B.

The commissions of the following Lieutenants on probation have been confirmed with effect from 28th January 1911 :—

John Scott, M.B.
Alister Ralph Speirs Alexander, M.B.
Kanwar Indarjit Singh, M.B.
Frederick William Hay, M.B.
George Tate.
Sidney Milverton Hepworth, M.B.
Harry Slater Cormack, M.B.
George Selby Brock, M.B.
Krishnan Gopinath Pandalai, M.B., M.S.
John Frederick Henry Morgan.
Jyoti Lal Sen, M.B.
Charles Albert Wood, M.B.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army and Indian Subordinate Medical Department:—

INDIAN ARMY.

- Colonel William Fremantle Cahusac. Dated 20th June 1911.
- Major Charles Burrard. Dated 24th July 1911.
- Brevet Colonel Charles Fulford Grantham. Dated 7th August 1911.
- Lieutenant-Colonel Malcolm John Meade, C.I.E. Dated 9th August 1911.
- Lieutenant-Colonel George Crane Cawood. Dated 11th August 1911.
- Lieutenant-Colonel Edward James Carter. Dated 13th August 1911.
- Brevet Colonel George Patrick Ranken. Dated 16th August 1911.
- Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Thomas Horatio Hay. Dated 24th August 1911.
- Lieutenant-Colonel John Murchison Fleming. Dated 25th August 1911.
- Captain Joseph Hedley Henderson. Dated 25th August 1911.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Francis Xavier D'Santos.
Dated 15th June 1911.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 825.—Consequent on the retirement of Major D. G. Peart, 4th Grade Cantonment Magistrate, the following promotions are notified, with effect from the 6th September 1911:—

- Captain K. E. Anderson, 4th Grade Cantonment Magistrate (*provisionally*), to be 4th Grade Cantonment Magistrate (*substantively*),
- Major E. T. Carwithen, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be 4th Grade Cantonment Magistrate (*provisionally*), and
- Major F. C. A. Parsons, 33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry, Officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be Assistant Cantonment Magistrate (*substantively*).

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 826.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Captain to be Major.

4th October 1911.

Clive Wigram, M.V.O., 18th King George's Own Lancers.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

5th October 1911.

Edward Somerville Wheeler, 37th Dogras.

6th October 1911.

John Campbell, 29th Punjabis.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 827.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 15th September 1911:—

No. 312, George Julian Ferris.

No. 313, Dattatraya Ganga-dhar Kale.

- No. 314, Hormasji Manekji Limbu-walla.
No. 318, Shaikh Azimud-din Shaikh Ismail.
No. 319, Amula Khrai Kalianrai Oza.
No. 320, Jagan-nath Hari Godbale.
No. 321, Ram-krishna Anant Parab.
No. 322, Veshwant Narayan Denskar.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No. 828.—In line 1 of Army Department Notification No. 670, dated the 4th August 1911, for "Herbert" read "Hubert."

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY.

No. 829.—Sergeant John James Harker to be Sub-Conductor; with effect from the 16th July 1911.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 830.—Sergeant Charles Gowan Jackson to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation of establishment; with effect from the 17th July 1911.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 831.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Havildar-Major Golaba, No. 9 Mountain Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery. Dated the 17th May 1911.

No. 832.—The following promotions are made:—

27th Punjabis.

Havildar Bhagat Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bir Singh, deceased; with effect from the 2nd July 1911.

44th Merwara Infantry.

Havildar Wazira to be Jemadar, *vice* Raju, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1911.

48th Pioneers.

Jemadar Lehna Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Sahib Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Mansa Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1911.

126th Baluchistan Infantry.

Jemadar Umar Khan to be Subadar, *vice* Suhbat Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 17th March 1911.

1st Battalion, and King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Jemadar Tulsiram Gharti to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Champha Sing Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Lachman Rana, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Behar Light Horse.

No. 833.—Lieutenant Marmaduke Henry Arnott to be Captain, *vice* W. Maude, resigned. Dated 15th June 1911.

Second Lieutenant Fergus Barclay Fraser to be Captain, *vice* A. K. Holtum, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April 1911.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 834.—Major Philip Gordon Murray, V.D., is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 1st June 1911.

Henry Russell Gunning to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* C. H. Dyer, promoted. Dated 31st May 1911.

South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 835.—Percy Rothera to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 26th August 1910.

William Winfred Woolliscroft to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 16th February 1911.

Frank Thomas Wright to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 18th March 1911.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 836.—Gerald Hassall Hodgson to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* C. Branson, resigned. Dated 22nd August 1911.

2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 837.—Captain Charles William Sowerby-Coo resigns his commission. Dated 15th February 1911.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 838.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles.

Captain (Honorary Major) Frederick George Royal Dawson.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 6th October 1911.

LEAVE.

No. 68.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Commander C. F. Fletcher, Royal Indian Marine,—till the 25th November 1911 (private affairs).

PROMOTIONS.

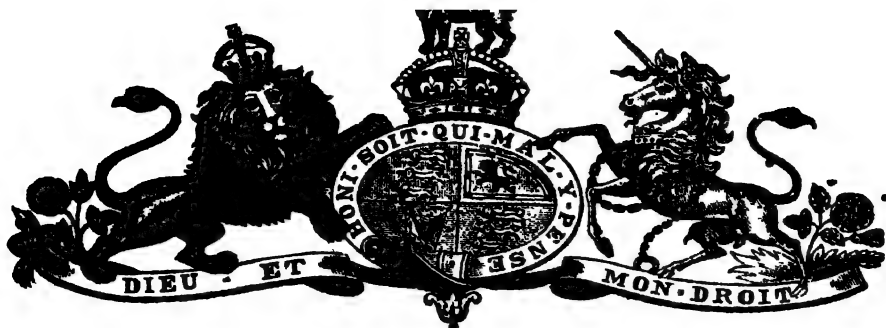
No. 69.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 24th September 1911 :—

To be an Engineer.

Assistant Engineer Reginald Herbert Baker, Royal Indian Marine.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 40. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 5th October 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The storm of the previous week reached the foot of the Kumaon hills on the 28th September, and gave a few heavy falls of rain in the submontane districts of the west United Provinces and east Punjab. It was then, however, rapidly filling up, and on the following day had disappeared. On its disappearance the monsoon currents were extremely weak, and except in northeast India, Burma and the extreme south of the Peninsula, rainfall assumed a scattered character. At the close of the week a shallow depression was in process of formation over the west of the Bay.

2. In the early days of the week temperature was low in Rajputana, the east and north Punjab, and the surrounding districts; but was high in Baluchistan, Sind and Gujarat. By the 1st October, however, these abnormalities had practically disappeared, and during the remainder of the week temperature ruled in general somewhat above normal.

3. *Burma.*—Rainfall occurred in all parts during the course of the week. From the 1st to the 3rd October it had practically withdrawn from the centre and north, but on the 4th again became nearly general.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rain was nearly general in Assam and the north of Eastern Bengal at the beginning of the week, but falls gradually diminished in number as the week advanced, and on the 3rd were reported from but few stations. On the 4th rainfall again spread round the north of the Bay.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Roorkee reported a heavy fall, 5·65", on the 28th September, and some rain fell in the remainder of the division. Scattered falls continued to be reported during the remainder of the week.

Northwest India.—Light falls of rain due to the effects of the storm continued in the eastern parts of the division until the 30th September, but subsequently weather became dry.

The Peninsula.—Falls were fairly general and locally heavy over the southern half of the division. A few falls occurred over the northern half.

4. The most important falls reported were :—

- September 28th. Akyab 1'94", Dhubri 5'23", Darjiling 3'78", Jalpaiguri 1'02", Roorkee 5'65" and Ambala 1'85",
- „ 29th. Moulmein 1'21", Yamethin 1'24", Maymyo 3'28", Mymensingh 1'20", Cox's Bazar 1'25", Bogra 1'44", Burdwan 1'04", Delhi 0'53", Simla 1'15", Nizamabad 1'61", Chitaldrug 1'91" and Bellary 1'66"
- „ 30th. Bassein 1'12", Kyaukpyu 2'71", Akyab 1'02", Dibrugarh 1'72", Cox's Bazar 1'29", Bangalore 4'52", Calicut 1'28", Salem 1'97", Bellary 2'36", Uotacamund 2'61" and Kodaikanal 3'49".
- October 1st. Diamond Island 0'99", Jalpaiguri 1'21", Cuttaek 1'16", Cochin 1'60" and Trivandrum 1'26".
- „ 2nd. Victoria Point 2'26", Tavoy 2'73", Diamond Island 1'21", Gauhati 0'90", Trivandrum 2'74", Trichinopoly 2'16" and Salem 1'20".
- „ 3rd. Diamond Island 1'72", Akyab 1'48", Monywa 3'17", Darbhanga 1'32", Lucknow 1'12", Bahraich 2'10", Bangalore 1'15", Cochin 1'82" and Trivandrum 2'91".
- „ 4th. Rangoon 1'35", Akyab 1'58", Bhamo 1'06", Chittagong 1'36", Gaya 3'27", Gorakhpur 1'45", Jhansi 1'08", Jagdalpur 1'82", Belgaum 1'44", Mysore 1'50", Calicut 2'78" and Trivandrum 1'40".

5. During the week rainfall was largely above normal in the west of the United Provinces, the east of the Punjab, Mysore and Malabar; in slight to moderate excess in Assam, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, Hyderabad North and the Madras Deccan; normal or nearly normal in Burma, Eastern Bengal, the United Provinces East and Central India East; in slight to moderate defect in Bengal, Orissa, Hyderabad South, Madras Southeast and the Madras Coast North; and in large defect over nearly the whole of the northwest and central parts of the country. During the period 28th April to 5th October it was in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; about normal in Burma, Central India East and Mysore; in large defect in Sind and Gujarat; and in slight to moderate defect elsewhere.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 5TH OCTOBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 5TH OCTOBER 1911.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	7.1	3.1	+4.0	81.7	88.2	- 6.5	- 7	- 12
Lower Burma	3.0	3.1	-0.1	136.7	131.8	+ 4.9	+ 4	+ 4
Upper Burma	1.3	1.4	-0.1	36.0	36.2	- 0.2	- 1	0
Assam	2.5	1.8	+0.7	82.4	74.3	+ 8.1	+ 11	+ 10
Eastern Bengal	1.6	1.6	0	85.6	74.8	+ 10.8	+ 14	+ 15
Bengal	0.7	1.3	-0.6	43.9	52.6	- 8.7	- 17	- 16
Orissa	0.9	1.3	-0.4	43.8	52.9	- 9.1	- 17	- 17
Chota Nagpur	1.2	0.9	+0.3	51.5	47.1	+ 4.4	+ 9	+ 9
Bihar	1.2	1.0	+0.2	52.3	48.1	+ 4.2	+ 9	+ 8
United Provinces, East	1.0	1.1	-0.1	35.0	37.9	- 2.9	- 8	- 8
United Provinces, West	1.4	0.7	+0.7	27.5	38.5	- 11.0	- 29	- 31
Punjab, East and North	0.6	0.1	+0.5	11.0	21.3	- 10.3	- 48	- 51
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	4.1	8.1	- 4.0	- 49	- 49
Kashmir	0	0.3	-0.3	5.1	8.4	- 3.3	- 39	- 37
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	-0.1	1.8	5.8	- 4.0	- 69	- 68
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	0.9	- 0.4	- 44	- 44
Sind	0	0	0	0	4.8	- 4.8	- 100	- 100
Rajputana, West	0	0.1	-0.1	3.7	11.3	- 7.6	- 67	- 67
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	11.4	21.8	- 10.4	- 48	- 47
Gujarat	0	0.2	-0.2	6.9	23.2	- 16.3	- 70	- 70
Central India, West	0	0.5	-0.5	19.8	29.2	- 9.4	- 32	- 31
Central India, East	0.9	1.0	-0.1	37.5	40.2	- 2.7	- 7	- 7
Berar	0	0.9	-0.9	18.9	29.7	- 10.8	- 36	- 34
Central Provinces, West	0.1	0.8	-0.7	35.3	43.5	- 8.2	- 19	- 18
Central Provinces, East	0.2	0.9	-0.7	41.4	46.1	- 4.7	- 10	- 9
Konkan	0	1.3	-1.3	69.1	93.1	- 24.0	- 26	- 25
Bombay Deccan	0.3	1.4	-1.1	19.4	24.4	- 5.0	- 20	- 17
Hyderabad, North	0.8	0.5	+0.3	24.7	31.3	- 6.6	- 21	- 22
Hyderabad, South	0.7	0.9	-0.2	19.8	27.3	- 7.5	- 27	- 28
Mysore	4.3	1.8	+2.5	20.5	21.1	- 0.6	- 3	- 16
Malabar	4.7	1.6	+3.1	76.1	84.8	- 8.7	- 10	- 14
Madras, South-east	0.9	1.2	-0.3	11.3	14.0	- 2.7	- 19	- 19
Madras Deccan	1.8	1.2	+0.6	14.6	19.3	- 4.7	- 24	- 29
Madras Coast, North	0.6	0.9	-0.3	19.6	23.3	- 3.7	- 16	- 15

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
30th September 1911.

Burma.—Moderate rain fell in Lower and Upper Burma including much of the dry zone. Replanting of the winter rice crops in the flooded areas of Lower Burma continues. In Upper Burma harvesting of early sesamum and transplanting of winter rice are almost completed. The floods have begun to subside in Lower Burma and standing crops are healthy. In the dry zone a fair crop of autumn rice is being obtained. The price of unhusked rice remains abnormal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was hot with a fair amount of rain in most districts. Stem boring insects are injuring winter rice in the several plains districts and rats are doing damage in the hills but on the whole a normal outturn is expected on an area practically equal to that of last year. The average price of common rice shows a slight tendency to rise. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of Rajshahi, Pabna and the Naga Hills.

Bengal.—The rainfall was fairly general over the Province. The fall was heavy in Cooch Bihar, parts of Angul, Puri, Darjeeling and Nadia, moderate in Cuttack and parts of Burdwan and Shahabad and generally light in the rest of the Province. Harvesting of autumn crops and weeding of winter rice continue. Standing crops are on the whole doing well. Some damage has been done by floods to paddy on low lands in parts of Murshidabad. More rain is wanted in parts of Hooghly, Howrah, the 24-Parganas and Champaran. The price of common rice has risen in Midnapur, Hooghly, the 24-Parganas, Murshidabad, Saran, Champaran and Palamau and has fallen in Burdwan, Jessore, Khulna, Patna, Gaya, Shahabad, Monghyr, Darjeeling, Angul, Sambalpur, Ranchi and Manbhum. Cattle disease is reported from Midnapur, Murshidabad, Patna, Muzaffarpur, Cuttack, Angul, Sambalpur and Hazaribagh. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces —Copious rain fell over the western half of the Provinces including Bundelkhand and for the present no more rain is needed. The Upper Doab where the rainfall has hitherto been very inadequate received, on an average, nearly 10 inches which should cause a large spring area to be sown. In the rest of the Provinces the rainfall was adequate. Preparation of fields for spring crops is in full swing and in places sowing has begun. Weeding and harvesting of autumn crops continue. Standing crops are flourishing and prospects are good. Cattle are in a satisfactory condition though twenty-six districts report sporadic disease. Fodder and supplies are ample. Prices are generally stationary with a tendency to fall.

Punjab.—Heavy rain was received in the districts of the Delhi division and light in Kangra, Jullundur, Ludhiana, Gurdaspur, Jhelum and Lyallpur. The rain has benefited standing crops but it is still wanted in most districts. Sowings of autumn and fodder crops continue in Rohtak and of spring crops in most districts. The condition of standing irrigated crops is generally fair and that of the unirrigated crops poor. Picking of cotton and harvesting of autumn crops are in progress in Ambala, Ludhiana, Lahore and Rawalpindi. Cotton has been slightly damaged by rain in parts of Delhi and Ambala and by hailstorm in parts of Jhelum. Gram has also been damaged by rain in Karnal. Boll-worms are reported from Hissar, Rohtak, Jullundur, Amritsar, Shahpur, Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan and Muzaffargarh. The rain has reduced their numbers and preventive measures continue to be taken. Damage to maize, *juar* and great millet by insects is reported from Lyallpur. Prices are generally unchanged, being at warning scale in Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum and Rawalpindi. Cattle are generally healthy but are growing weak owing to overwork.

and scarcity of green fodder in Ambala, Jullundur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Gujrat and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts. Water is scarce in parts of Jhelum and Mianwali. Canal water is deficient in Montgomery and Multan.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. Rain is badly wanted all over the Provinces. The condition of standing crops is generally average on irrigated lands but in Dera Ismail Khan it is below the average. Unirrigated crops are bad. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. In Dera Ismail Khan autumn crops have been damaged by insects and unirrigated crops have withered. Harvesting of rice and picking of cotton continue in Peshawar. The water-supply is generally sufficient except in the Maira Circle of the Charsadda tahsil of the Peshawar district. Fodder and drinking water are still not procurable in some *Daman* villages in Dera Ismail Khan. Fodder also is insufficient in parts of the Peshawar district. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal ceased on the 26th ultimo. The condition of cattle is generally good. The public health is good. Prices of food grains are fluctuating. Prices:—wheat 11½ to 18½, gram 15½ to 26, maize 11½ to 25, and *bajra* 15½ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is promising. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Kotli tahsil of the Province. Fodder is sufficient except in the Ranbirsinghpura, Sambha and Akhnur tahsils.

Kashmir.—The weather was bright. No rain fell during the week. Zemindars are busy in harvesting autumn crops. Prices are cheaper than those of the last week. The condition of autumn crops except those on *karewa* fields is good. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—A fine storm gave rain in the eastern States of the Agency varying from 578 cents in Dholpur to 785 cents in Alwar. Alwar town received 14.25 and also 607 cents of rain were registered in parts of Kotah. Jhalawar reports 267 cents and Bundi, Banswara and Udaipur between 105 and 136. The rainfall was slight or *nil* in Marwar, Jaisalmer, Sirohi, the Hilly Tracts, Dungarpur, Shahpura, Ajmer and Merwara. Bikaner had 88 cents in the previous week. Autumn crops are being harvested where ripened and land is being prepared for spring sowings everywhere. The condition of crops is unsatisfactory in Shahpura, four districts of Kotah and parts of Marwar and fair to good elsewhere. More rain is wanted for unirrigated crops in the States which did not get the storm. Prospects of spring crops are not yet satisfactory in Merwara though they have been improved by the September rain in Ajmer. No anxiety is felt at present regarding pasturage or fodder except in Merwara, Jaisalmer, and Shahpura where grazing is deficient and cattle are suffering. Dry grass however is available in Shahpura. Some cattle emigration is reported from Merwara but elsewhere the condition is good. Prices have risen by one seer in Shahpura, have fallen by ½ to 3 seers in the Haraoti Agency and Dholpur and are otherwise steady.

Central India.—The rainfall during the week was general which in Bhopal and Bundelkhand was gauged from 2 to 7 inches and over most of Indore and Malwa averaged over 1 inch. In Bhopawar and Bundelkhand it ranged from ½ to 1 inch. Rain was sufficient everywhere for agricultural purposes except in the southern portions of the Indore and Bhopawar Agencies where prospects continue to be poor. The monsoon has now spent itself and crops are maturing rapidly. The outturn is expected to be average or above over two-thirds of the Agency and below average except in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand where sowings were short and in parts of Indore and Bhopawar where little rain fell after 1st August. Slight damage to rice and *til* crops are reported in parts of Bundelkhand and in Sarila by excessive rain. Cattle are generally in good condition and fodder is sufficient except in parts of Indore and Bhopawar. Last week's rain has caused considerable improvement in the Barwani and Alirajpur States of Bhopawar. Prospects of spring crops are generally most promising. Prices are above normal in Bhopal, continue high in Baghelkhand, are fluctuating in Indore, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar and are steady in Malwa.

Central Provinces.—Rain varying from 2 cents to 2 inches fell in all districts but four. Prospects are good. Sowings of spring crops have commenced in some places. Prices are almost steady.

Feudatory States.—Kankar had 6 inches of rain and elsewhere the fall was up to 2 inches. Crops are in good condition. Prices of rice in Jashpur and of *Kodon* in Kawardha fell by 4 seets per rupee.

Bombay.—Moderate rain fell during the week in Thana, Satara, Belgaum, Kathiawar, Baroda and Savantvadi and slight elsewhere except in Sind, Kaira, Broach and Surat where the rainfall was deficient. More rain is urgently needed throughout the Presidency. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in parts of the Upper Sind Frontier, Gujarat, Kanara, the Deccan, the Karnatak and Kathiawar, have nearly withered in parts of Thar and Parkar, West Khandesh and Baroda and are generally in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops continues in parts of Sind, Gujarat, the Konkan, Khandesh, Baroda, Palanpur, Cutch and Savantvadi. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona and Rewa Kantha. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Broach, East Khandesh, Poona, Sholapur and Baroda, but have been retarded for want of rain in parts of Surat, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Satara, Dharwar and Kathiawar. The fodder supply is adequate except in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Khandesh, Poona, Satara and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but is deficient in parts of Thar and Parkar, Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. The drinking water-supply is generally adequate except in parts of Ahmedabad, Kanara, Poona and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Hyderabad, Gujarat, West Khandesh, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kathiawar. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have risen in parts of Karachi, Thar and Parkar, Kaira, Ratnagiri and Dharwar, have fallen in Sukkur, Larkana, Broach, Surat, Colaba, the Deccan, Bijapur and Belgaum and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 22 to 45 per cent, in Gujarat 20 to 47 per cent, in the Konkan 14 to 31 per cent, in the Deccan 29 to 48 per cent and in the Karnatak 26 to 35 per cent less than the normal. Famine has been declared in the Panch Mahals from the 1st October. Ten test works were in progress in the Panch Mahals with 3,713 persons on the last day of the week ending 30th September 1911. There were 94 persons on test works in Kathiawar and 54 in Rewa Kantha.

Hyderabad.—During the week the rainfall was scanty and confined to particular spots except in parts of the Mahbubnagar, Warangal, Edlabad and Karimnagar districts. The average for the Dominions was 49 cents. The highest falls were:—2 inches 55 cents in Edlabad, 2 inches 50 cents in Chinur, 2 inches 45 cents in Lakhostlipett, 2 inches 30 cents in Pargi and 2 inches 20 cents in Mulug. After the close of the week Nizamabad received 2 inches 23 cents. Rain is urgently required in most parts and the situation is causing anxiety. Autumn crops are fair to good in Telingana but are suffering in Mahrattara especially in the Bir and Aurangabad districts. Spring crops depend on the late rainfall. Cattle disease prevails in twelve talukas and fodder scarcity in one. Prices:—wheat $7\frac{1}{2}$, coarse rice $6\frac{1}{2}$ and *juar* 13 seers per rupee, showing a rise of $\frac{1}{2}$ seer in the price of wheat and of $\frac{1}{4}$ seer in that of coarse rice. White *juar* is selling at $11\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in the districts is 9 seers in Medak, and the lowest 24 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was fair in Kolar and Chitaldrug and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains have risen except in Kolar and Chitaldrug. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are reviving in parts of Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur and Kadur but want of more rain is keenly felt in Tumkur, Mysore and Hassan. Prospects of the season are generally fair. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Cocorg.—Rainfall 1 inch 21 cents. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in the Vizagapatam Agency and Ganjam, heavy in the Vizagapatam littoral, good in Trichinopoly, Anantapur, Godavari, Chingleput, North Arcot and Chittoor and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation is sufficient in Ganjam, Kistna, Guntur, Trichinopoly and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Vizagapatam, Cuddapah and Malabar. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris, have withered in parts of Nellore, North Arcot and Tinnevely and have been damaged slightly by cyclone in parts of Ganjam. Paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease, the early dry crops have been affected by insects and rats in parts of Bellary and Salem and coffee in parts of the Nilgiris has been affected by bug. Harvests continue with outturn fair to normal generally. Pasture is scanty in Anantapur, Ramnad, Tinnevely and in parts of Bellary, Nellore, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura but is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Vizagapatam, Godavari and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in one and has risen in sixteen. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in seven districts, has fallen in four and has risen in twelve. *Cholam* is stationary in four districts, has fallen in four and has risen in seven. *Cumbu* is stationary in seven districts, has fallen in four and has risen in six. The fall is most noticeable in the price of rice in Ganjam and the increase is generally small. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair and have improved in Ganjam and Vizagapatam but more rain is required in Vizagapatam, Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Chingleput, Central Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient except in parts of Godavari.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 5th October 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 30th September 1911, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	11	11
		Ahmedabad District	13	11
		Ahmedabad City	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Bewa Kantha Agency	19	15
		Kaira District	131 (h)	75 (h)
		Bulsar Port	1	1
		Surat Town and Port	9	8
		Rander Port	1	1
		Surat District	42 (b)	35 (b)
		Bhiwandi Port	13	14
		Bandra Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan Port	1	1
		Thana Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	18	16
	Central	Satera District	145 (d)	91 (d)
		East Khandesh District	297	239
		West Khandesh District	24	13
		Poona City	19 (d)	19 (e)
		Poona District	44	38
		Nasik District	293	240
		Ahmednagar District	171	145
		Sholapur District	350	320
		Sholapur Town	7 (a)	7 (a)
		Panvel Port	11	7
	Southern	Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	9 (c)	2 (c)
		Vengurla Port	2	2
		Ratnagiri District	4	4
		Belgaum District	1,197 (c)	748 (b)
		Hubli Town	16	14
		Dharwar District	3,224	2,277
		Kanara District	9	4
		Bijapur District	311 (g)	341 (f)

(a) Imported.

(b) One imported.

(c) Two imported.

(d) Three imported.

(e) Five imported.

(f) Ten imported.

(g) Fourteen imported. (h) Figures for two weeks.

N.B.—The number of deaths in the Nasik and Sholapur districts and Sholapur town during the week ending 23rd September 1911 were 255, 472 and 7, respectively, and not those shown in the statement for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	1
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Jamnagar Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	202	169
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	488	394
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	73	57
		Surat Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Satara Agency	87	26
		Shrivardhan Port . . . . .	...	...
		Savanur State	55	42
		Murud Port . . . . .	...	...
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Janjira State . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	88	29
		Savantwadi State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	7,482	5,418
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Coimbatore Town	41	34
		Coimbatore District	13	12
		Kurnool District	1 (a)	2 (b)
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		Mangalore Town and Port	2	1
		Salem District	28	23
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		North Arcot District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Bellary Town	1 (a)	0
		Bellary District	585 (d)	489 (c)
		Bellary Cantonment	2	1
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		Anantapur District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris District	2	4
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	676	567

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Eight imported. (d) Ten imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL		Calcutta	6	6
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	7	7
		Patna District . . . . .	...	...
		Patna Town	1	1
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhang District . . . . .	...	...
		Saran District	44	129
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur District	8	1
	Chota Nagpur.	Manbham District	3	2
		TOTAL	69	146
UNDA PROVINCES	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Benares	Ballia District	37	37
		Ghazipur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	1	1
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh District	15	12
		Basti District	0	1
		Gorakhpur District	24	17
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	3	4
		Gonda District	10	4
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	90	76
PUNJAB	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur District . . . . .	...	...
		Ludhiana District . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Lahore District	1	1
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot District	1	1
	Rawal- pindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Attock District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	8	5
		Jhelum District . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Montgomery District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhang District . . . . .	...	...
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	10	7
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	16	15
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome District . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	3	3
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin District	3	3
		Pyapon District . . . . .	...	...
		Toungoo District . . . . .	...	...
	Magwe	Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas- serim	Thaton District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhamo District . . . . .	...	...
		Myitkyina District . . . . .	...	...
		Shwebo District	1	1
	Moiktila	Yamethin District	1	1
		Kyaukse District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	24	23

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
	Nagpur	Nagpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nagpur District	186	152
		Balaghat District	9	9
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha District	38	19
		Bhandara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara District	58	48
		Chanda District	59	47
		Chanda Town	1	4
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore District	13	11
		Damoh	8	6
		Mandla Town	92	54
		Mandla District	8	7
		Hoshangabad District	1	1
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nimar District	112	95
		Narsingpur District	45	40
	Chhattisgarh.	Chhindwara	1	0
		Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Akola Town . . . . .	...	...
	Borar	Akola District	41	31
		Buldana District	38	31
		Amraoti District	59	42
		Ycotmal District	1	0
		Khairagarh State	4	4
		TOTAL	777	601
COORG	...	Coorg	3	1
		TOTAL	3	1
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	24	17
		Bangalore City	6	0
		Bangalore District	110	79
		Mysore City	32	22
		Mysore District	50	39
		Haasan District	63	43
		Kadur District	23	13
		Kolar District	62	55
		Kolar Gold Fields	1	1
		Tumkur District	128	102
		Shimoga District	67	59
		Chitaldroog District	103	85
		TOTAL	669	518

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERA- BAD STATE	...	Umanabad District	109	91
		Baichur District	186	147
		Aurangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Nizamabad District. . . . .	...	...
		Gulbarga District	0	1
		Farbhani District	31	18
		Atrafbalda District. . . . .	...	...
		Nander District . . . . .	...	...
		Nampalli, Hyderabad	29	18
		Bir District	38	1
TOTAL			359 (a)	271 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	46	29
		Indore Residency	25	11
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Rutlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	3	1
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	34	33
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	69	5
		Neemuch Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State	4	2
		Bagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	40	40
		Sohore Agency Limits	41	30
		Bhopal State	79	63
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa State	21	10
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitaman State . . . . .	...	...
		Sobas State . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL			368 (b)	270 (b)

(a) From 18th to 24th September 1911.

(b) Figures for the week ending 23rd September 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Mewar State . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	7	7
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	1 (a)	0
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State	4	1
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL	12 (b)	8 (b)	
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan Town . . . . .	...	...
		Peshawar District . . . . .	...	...
		Peshawar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Nowshera Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Hazara District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL	...	...
BALU- CHISTAN	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			10,583	7,906

(a) Imported.

(b) Figures for the week ending 29th September 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 7415—7416-122.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

POST OFFICE.

Simla, the 5th October 1911.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report on the working of the Post Office of India during the year 1910-11, with a review of the progress of the Department during the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the Report be forwarded to the Finance Department, for information.

ORDERED, also, that the Report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ANNUAL REPORT

ON

THE POST OFFICE OF INDIA

FOR THE YEAR

1910-11.

With a review of the progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11.

No. $\frac{8}{67}$ —B. P., dated the 28th September 1911.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. C. STEWART-WILSON, I.C.S., Director-General of the Post Office of India,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the official year 1910-11. In accordance with the instructions of Government conveyed in Finance and Commerce Department letter No. 1830—S. R., dated the 11th April, 1901, the report contains a review of the progress of the Department during the period from 1906-07 to 1910-11 and a comparison with the preceding quinquennial period.

2. The quinquennial period ending 1910-11 embraces the term of my administration of the Department, as I assumed charge from Sir Arthur Fanshawe on the 31st March, 1906, and have held charge for the whole period of five years, except when on leave, from the 13th March 1908 to the 28th January 1909. Charge of the Post Office.

3. The following figures give some idea of the magnitude of the business of the Indian Post Office at the present time. At the close of 1910-11, the numerical strength of its staff was 93,052, the number of post offices open was 18,813, and the mileage of mail lines was 157,759 representing an annual travel of about 135 millions of miles. During the year, over 945 millions of articles, including over 26 $\frac{3}{4}$ millions of registered articles, were given out for delivery; stamps worth more than £1,580,000 were sold for postal purposes; over 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ million money orders representing a total value of more than 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ million pounds sterling were issued; a sum of over 5 $\frac{3}{4}$ million pounds was realised on account of tradesmen and others through the value-payable system; nearly 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ million insured articles representing a total insured value of nearly 18 million pounds were posted, while the amount paid as compensation was only £580; pensions to the amount of more than £176,100 were disbursed to Native military pensioners in the Punjab; 9,488 lbs. of quinine were sold to the public; and nearly 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ millions of telegraph messages were sent from telegraph offices under the control of the Post Office, representing a total revenue of £234,989 as compared with postal expenditure of £80,744 on account of such offices. The number of accounts open in the Savings Bank on the 31st March, 1911, was 1,430,451 with a total balance of over 11 $\frac{1}{4}$ million pounds sterling. The total revenue and expenditure for the year, after making the various administrative adjustments, amounted to £2,012,700 and £1,991,371 respectively. Magnitude of business.

Principal
events,
inland post.

4. Prepayment in full of the postage on postcards was made compulsory during the year, and it was also found necessary to prohibit the transmission by inland post of gold bullion exceeding Rs. 300 in value.

The system introduced in 1905 of allowing deposits in the Savings Bank to be held subject to six months' notice of withdrawal had failed to find favour with the public and, from the 1st January, 1911, was abolished, while the maximum annual limit of cash deposits was raised from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500.

The reforms in sorting were proceeded with steadily, and as a result there has been an increase of efficiency coupled with a reduction in expense.

There was a considerable increase in plague during the year, especially in the United Provinces. The number of deaths among Post Office servants was 171 against 85 in the preceding year.

Owing to the heavy rainfall during 1910 breaches on the railways were more numerous than usual. The most serious from the point of view of the Post Office were those on the Gauhati extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway. These were so extensive that it was necessary to revert to the use of the Rivers Steam Navigation Company's steamers between Dhubri and Gauhati for more than two months. There were also numerous breaches on the branch lines of the Bengal and North-Western Railway under the hills, and the Kalka-Simla Railway was blocked by landslips several times during the monsoon. The embankment of the Minhla tank burst in September and breached the main line of the Burma Railway near Thazi. The line was not repaired for more than a month. There were no very serious accidents to mail trains during the year.

Special postal arrangements were made for the visit of His Imperial and Royal Highness the Crown Prince of the German Empire and of Prussia.

The field post offices in North China were maintained, and postal arrangements were made as usual for military camps, etc., and for the tours of His Excellency the Viceroy.

Two large offices were opened at the Allahabad Industrial Exhibition, of which the postal exhibits formed a special feature. They included two fine models of Peninsular and Oriental ships kindly lent by the Directors of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company and models of sorting vans built by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway. The first Aerial post in the world was despatched on the 21st February, 1911, about 6,500 letters being carried by aeroplane from the Exhibition grounds to Naini—a distance of about 5 miles across the river Jumra.

The Post Office gave assistance again in the Census operations of 1911, over 4,000 postal servants of all classes taking part in the Census in various capacities.

Increases in
pay of postal
servants.

5. During the year under report increases in pay were sanctioned in the case of two head postmasters, three deputy postmasters, 814 sub-postmasters, and 553 branch postmasters. The pay of 443 clerks and sorters, 2,102 postmen and village postmen, 1,461 runners, and 523 other inferior servants was also raised.

The extent to which increase in work and responsibility and in the cost of living has been recognised during the last five years will be apparent from the following figures showing the number of officials of the classes noted above whose pay was raised during that period :—

Head postmasters	...	...	...	...	217
Deputy and Assistant postmasters	...	...	...	...	151
Sub-postmasters	...	...	...	...	3,337
Branch postmasters	...	...	...	...	3,127
Clerks and sorters	...	...	...	...	2,522
Postmen and village postmen	...	...	...	...	11,331
Runners	...	...	...	...	6,564
Other inferior servants	...	...	...	...	3,776
Total	...	...	...	...	31,025

The figure 31,025 represents about 40 per cent. of the total number of officials of the same classes on the 31st March, 1906. As an indication of what has been done in this respect it may be noted that, while the average pay of the 250 Postmasters in charge of the smaller Head Offices was Rs. 132 on the 31st March, 1906, it was Rs. 167 on the 31st March, 1911.

6. The Imperial penny postage scheme for letters was extended to the States of Kedah, Kelantan, Perlis, and Trengganu in the Malay Peninsula. Principal events, foreign post.

Insurance to destination was made available for foreign registered letters addressed to the British East Africa and Uganda Protectorates.

A telegraphic money order service was introduced between India (including Aden) and the Seychelles. The foreign money order system was extended to the Tonga (or Friendly) Islands in the Pacific Ocean and to the State of Kedah in the Malay Peninsula, and a direct exchange of money orders was established between India and Norway in place of the previously existing service through the United Kingdom. The maximum limit of amount for a single money order was raised to £20 in the exchange with Hawaii (Sandwich Islands).

The foreign parcel post was extended to the State of Perlis in the Malay Peninsula, to Brunei in Borneo, and to the Russian office at Kalgan in China; the rates of postage on parcels for the Russian offices in Northern Manchuria and the Federated Malay States were reduced, but, on the other hand, the rates of postage on parcels for Abyssinia had to be raised in consequence of an increase in the transit rates charged by the French Post Office on such parcels.

Arrangements were made, in the case of uninsured parcels exchanged between India on the one side and the Straits Settlements, British North Borneo, and the Federated Malay States on the other, for the payment, under certain conditions, of compensation not exceeding 25 francs (Rs. 15), in the event of the loss of, damage to, or abstraction from, such parcels.

The parcel post service from India to Roumania had to be suspended owing to the Roumanian Postal Administration having imposed certain conditions on the acceptance of postal parcels for that country which could not be complied with by the Indian Post Office.

7. The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's steamers carrying the mails from Europe were due to reach Bombay at 6 A.M. on Friday of each week and they arrived on all occasions on that day. During the year under report, 53 weekly mails were received, the contract time being exceeded on five occasions. The shortest time occupied in the transit of the mail from London to Bombay was 13 days 6 hours and 12 minutes while the average time for the year was 13 days 8 hours and 59 minutes. In the opposite direction, that is, from Bombay to London, the quickest transit was 12 days 23 hours and 42 minutes, the average time for the year being 13 days 11 hours and 10 minutes. Working of the Peninsular and Oriental Contract.

Section I.—Post Offices and Postal Communications.

(1) Post offices and letter-boxes.

8. Appendix I shows the number of post offices, letter-boxes, and village postmen in each circle at the close of the year, compared with those in existence at the close of the previous year. There was an increase during the year of 171 post offices and 1,131 letter-boxes. The number of post offices in charge of schoolmasters and other persons who are not regular servants of the Department rose from 12,149 to 12,307. Post Offices, letter-boxes, etc., during 1910-11.

9. The total number of post offices was 12,970 in 1900-01 and 16,775 in 1905-06, while at the end of 1910-11 it was 18,813. The circles where progress in this respect has been most rapid are Bombay and the Punjab and North-West Frontier. The new offices opened year by year are chiefly small Growth of post offices and facilities for rural delivery since 1900-01.

village offices which are placed in most cases in the charge of schoolmasters, petty shopkeepers, etc. The number of post offices in charge of such extra-departmental agents was 7,809 in 1900-01, 10,556 in 1905-06, and 12,307 at the close of the year under report.

The total number of letter-boxes was 25,509 in 1900-01, 37,107 in 1905-06, and 46,884 in 1910-11. Progress in this respect has been most rapid in the Bombay and Madras circles.

The total number of village postmen was 7,936 in 1900-01, 8,376 in 1905-06, and now stands at 8,380. As more offices are opened in rural tracts the increase in the number of village postmen is automatically checked. The total number of postmen and village postmen taken together was 19,141 in 1900-01, 23,279 in 1905-06, and 25,651 in 1910-11.

(2) Postal Communications.

Postal communications during 1910-11.

10. In Appendix I is also shown the length of line over which mails were conveyed in each circle by the various agencies employed by this Department. The total figures for the year under report and for the preceding year are given in the following statement :—

	Nature of postal communications.				
	Railway.	Runners and boats	Mail cart, tonga, etc	Steamer.	Total.
Mileage at close of 1909-10	32,340	95,671	9,576	19,174	156,761
Mileage at close of 1910-11	32,447	95,893	9,832	19,587	157,759
Increase	107	222	256	413	998

The figure 157,759 represents a total annual travel of about 135 millions of miles.

Growth of postal communications since 1900-01.

11. The total mileage of postal lines of all classes taken together was 131,621 in 1900-01 and 157,759 in 1910-11. There was thus an increase of 26,138 miles during the last ten years. The greatest development was, of course, in respect of railway mail lines, the length of which rose from 22,839 miles to 32,447 miles or by about 42 per cent. The distance over which mails were carried by runners and boats was 95,893 miles in 1910-11, as compared with 85,023 miles in 1900-01, in spite of the expansion of the railway system. Mail tonga lines, which include horse and camel posts, have increased from 7,937 miles in 1900-01 to 9,832 miles in the year under report. In the case of steamer lines, the increase during the ten years has been from 15,822 to 19,587, but it should be noted that a large portion of the difference is due to the fact that the Bombay-Aden service was excluded in arriving at the former figure. The rest of the increase is mainly due to the introduction of the fast Persian Gulf service.

Section II.—Correspondence and Parcels—Postage Stamps.

(1) Correspondence and Parcels.

Statistics of postal articles during 1910-11.

12. The actual number of parcels posted added to the estimated number of all other kinds of postal articles given out for delivery *except* money orders amounted to over 945 millions, or over 25½ millions in excess of the corresponding figure of the preceding year. Statistics showing the different classes of articles delivered in the various postal circles during 1910-11

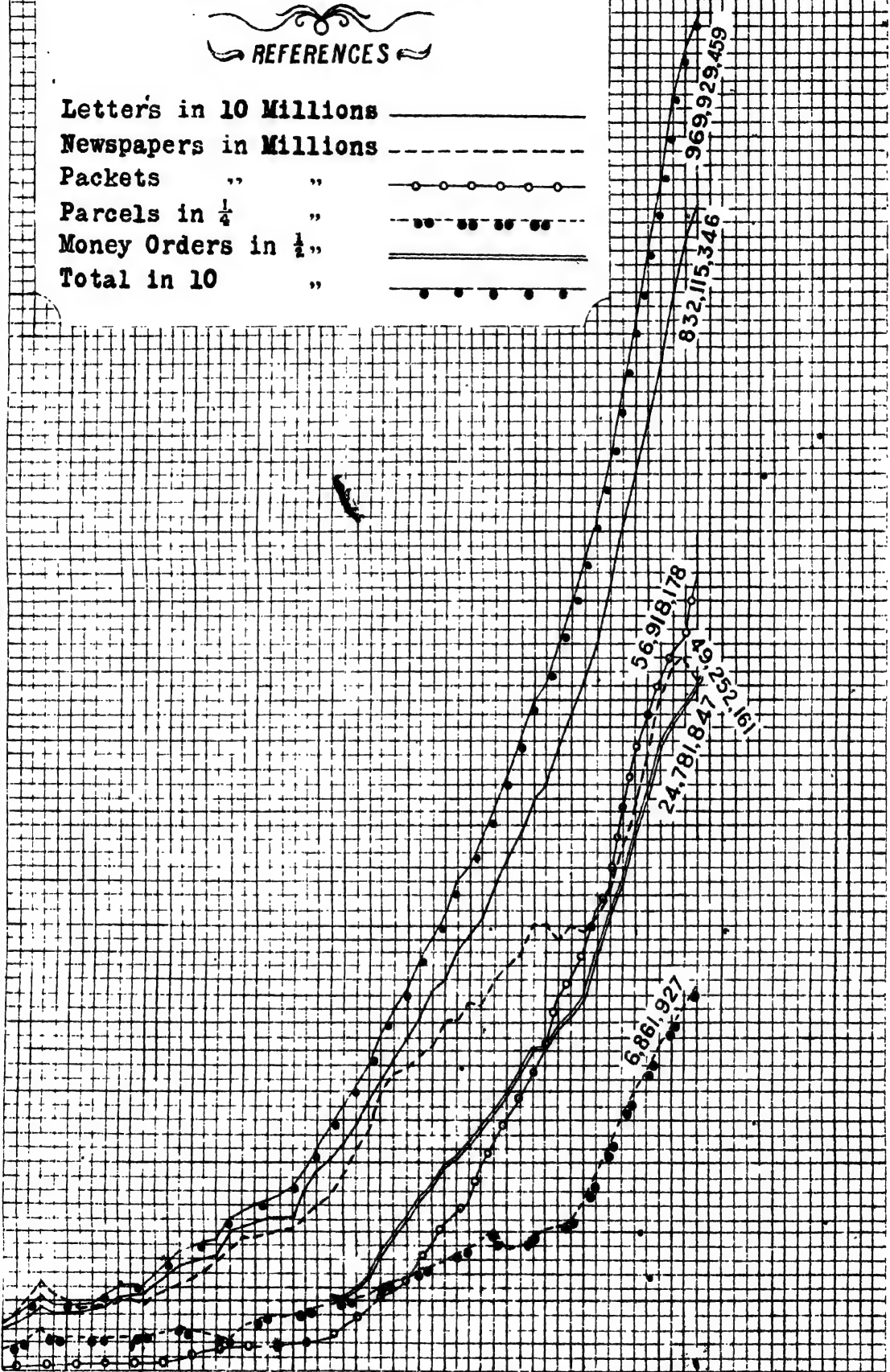
DIAGRAM SHOWING THE GROWTH OF DIFFERENT CLASSES OF POSTAL ARTICLES

REFERENCES

Letters in 10 Millions —————
 Newspapers in Millions - - - - -
 Packets " " ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○
 Parcels in $\frac{1}{4}$ " - - - - -
 Money Orders in $\frac{1}{4}$ " ————
 Total in 10 " ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●

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Letters in 10 Millions —————
 Newspapers in Millions - - - - -
 Packets " " ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○
 Parcels in $\frac{1}{4}$ " - - - - -
 Money Orders in $\frac{1}{4}$ " ————
 Total in 10 " ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●

will be found in Appendix II, and a general summary of the results is given in the following statement:—

Classes of postal articles.	1909-10.	1910-11.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—)	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—)
Letters, paid	343,380,659	356,844,883	+ 13,464,224	+ 3.92
„ unpaid	42,228,556	36,539,420	— 5,689,176	— 13.47
„ registered	20,101,618	20,293,270	+ 191,652	+ 0.95
Total letters	405,710,873	413,677,573	+ 7,966,700	+ 1.96
Postcards	403,597,499	418,437,773	+ 14,840,274	+ 3.68
Total letters and postcards	809,308,372	832,115,346	+ 22,806,974	+ 2.82
Registered newspapers	51,395,989	49,252,161	— 2,143,828	— 4.17
Book and pattern packets	52,407,534	56,918,178	+ 4,510,644	+ 8.61
Total articles of the letter mail	913,111,895	938,285,685	+ 25,173,790	+ 2.76
Parcels—registered	4,297,142	4,587,354	+ 290,212	+ 6.75
„ unregistered	2,115,090	2,274,573	+ 159,483	+ 7.54
Total parcels	6,412,232	6,861,927	+ 449,695	+ 7.01
Grand total of all postal articles	919,524,127	945,147,612	+ 25,623,485	+ 2.79

The marked and welcome decrease in the number of unpaid letters is in part due to the orders making the prepayment of postage on postcards of private manufacture compulsory with effect from July, 1910, as the result of which unpaid postcards have not since that date been forwarded to destination and treated as unpaid letters for statistical purposes but sent to the Dead Letter Office for destruction. The decrease in the number of registered newspapers is doubtless due to the enforcement of the Indian Press Act of 1910, while the comparatively small increases again shown this year in respect of other articles of the letter mail are the result solely of the greater accuracy in recording statistics which is now being rigorously enforced. The annual figures in respect of such classes of articles are, as stated in Appendix II, computed from the actual figures of 14 days and quite a slight exaggeration of the figures for this short period makes a very serious exaggeration when it is multiplied by 26 $\frac{1}{4}$. That such exaggerations were too common in the past is made abundantly clear by the fact that, notwithstanding the very great reductions in postal rates, the Post Office sales of stamps actually increased between 1905-06 and 1910-11 by two lakhs more than in the previous quinquennial period, which can only mean that the old rate of progress is being more than maintained.

The diagram opposite this page shows graphically the growth of postal traffic in its principal branches since 1854. As remarked above, its usefulness is somewhat marred by inaccurate estimates in the past.

13. There has been a continuous growth during the last ten years in the number of letters, postcards, newspapers, and book-packets dealt with by the Post Office as will be seen from the figures given in the statement on the next page. The Indian Post Office carried nearly 413 millions more of these articles in 1910-11 than in 1900-01, which means that about 1 $\frac{1}{3}$ million articles were carried on each working day in excess of what were carried ten years ago.

The increase has been most marked in the case of book and pattern packets, the number of which has more than doubled during the ten years in question.

Classes of postal articles.	1900-01.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	Increase (+) or decrease (—) during 1910-11 as compared with	
								1900-01.	1905-06.
Letters—paid	211,018,910	272,095,430	286,418,576	305,034,801	327,395,044	343,380,659	356,844,883	+145,825,973	+84,749,453
" unpaid	29,228,913	33,517,246	36,100,195	38,304,900	38,072,793	42,228,556	36,539,420	+7,310,507	+3,022,174
" registered	10,610,342	15,253,767	16,022,377	17,633,252	18,608,647	20,101,618	20,293,270	+9,682,928	+5,039,503
Postcards	218,351,317	324,260,499	345,166,420	362,516,626	383,746,244	403,597,499	418,437,773	+200,086,456	+94,177,274
Total letters and postcards	459,209,482	645,126,942	683,707,568	723,519,579	767,922,728	809,308,372	832,115,346	+362,905,864	+186,988,404
Registered newspapers	32,091,400	40,200,838	44,045,566	48,294,479	50,107,799	51,395,989	49,252,161	+17,160,761	+9,051,323
Book and pattern packets	28,302,751	43,719,064	46,521,568	48,941,096	51,084,486	52,407,534	56,918,178	+28,615,427	+13,199,114
Total articles of the letter mail	529,603,633	729,046,844	774,274,702	820,755,154	869,115,013	913,111,895	938,285,685	+408,682,052	+209,238,841
Parcels, registered	2,177,948	3,308,014	3,474,034	3,856,147	4,080,621	4,297,142	4,587,354	+2,409,406	+1,279,340
" unregistered	501,161	1,647,365	1,807,850	2,028,022	2,060,198	2,115,090	2,274,573	+1,773,412	+627,208
Total parcels	2,679,109	4,955,379	5,281,884	5,884,169	6,140,819	6,412,232	6,861,927	+4,182,818	+1,906,548
Grand total (all postal articles except money orders).	532,282,742	734,002,223	779,556,586	826,639,323	875,255,832	919,524,127	945,147,612	+412,861,870	+211,145,389

Next in order come postcards with an increase of 91·63 per cent during the same period, and following very close behind are registered letters with a growth of 91·26 per cent. It is satisfactory to note that, whereas in 1900-01 the number of unpaid letters stood to the number of paid unregistered letters and postcards as 1 to 14·69, the numbers are now only as 1 to 21·22.

14. The figures relating to parcels in the statement referred to in the preceding paragraph, which are not mere estimates but actual figures, show that the number of our inland parcels, which was 2,679,109 in 1900-01 and 4,955,379 in 1905-06, has now risen to 6,861,927. The parcel traffic shows a steady development in all classes of these articles. The number of registered parcels carried has more than doubled since 1900-01, while the number of unregistered parcels has more than quadrupled.

Growth of inland parcel traffic since 1900-01.

15. The foreign correspondence received for delivery in India is included in the total figures contained in Appendix II. The estimated number of letters and postcards received from the United Kingdom was nearly 13½ millions, as compared with about 11¼ millions in the preceding year, while the number of newspapers, book-packets, and samples received was about 12½ millions, as compared with a little over 11 millions in the previous year. The estimated number of letters and postcards despatched to the United Kingdom from this country during the year under report was about 11½ millions, as compared with over 10½ millions in 1909-10, and the number of newspapers, book-packets, and samples was a little over 2 millions as compared with a little less than 2 millions during 1909-10.

Foreign correspondence during 1910-11.

As regards correspondence exchanged with countries other than the United Kingdom, the figures for the year under report are based on the fresh statistics recorded in October, 1910. The estimated number of letters and postcards received in India from such countries was a little over 5½ millions in the year under report, while that of newspapers, book-packets, and samples received was nearly 5½ millions. The estimated numbers of (1) letters and postcards and (2) newspapers, book-packets, and samples despatched to such countries were nearly 6½ millions and 4 millions, respectively.

16. Details of the postal articles, other than parcels, exchanged in each direction between India and the United Kingdom during 1910-11, in comparison with the figures for the years 1900-01 and 1905-06, are given in the following statement:—

Growth of correspondence exchanged with the United Kingdom since 1900-01.

—	1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.	Increase during 1910-11, as compared with	
				1900-01.	1905-06.
•		<i>Sent from India.</i>			
Letters and postcards ...	3,636,207	7,241,342	11,370,018	7,733,811	4,128,676
Newspapers, book-packets, and samples.	1,221,989	1,467,138	2,112,050	890,061	644,912
		<i>Received in India.</i>			
Letters and postcards ...	4,271,745	7,939,242	13,413,248	9,141,503	5,474,006
Newspapers, book-packets, and samples.	7,770,797	10,322,809	12,455,149	4,684,352	2,132,340

There has been a large increase during the last ten years in the number of letters and postcards exchanged with the United Kingdom, the numbers, in both directions, having more than trebled since 1900-01. During the same period, the postal traffic in newspapers, book-packets, and samples shows also a satisfactory development, the number of these articles sent from India having increased by 72·83 per cent and of those received from the United Kingdom by 60·28 per cent.

17. Prior to the year 1907-08, the figures for several years showing the correspondence exchanged with countries other than the United Kingdom were of no statistical value, being merely a repetition of those based upon the statistics recorded as far back as May, 1896. Since then, however, fresh statistics have been recorded every October and it is possible now to judge of the pro-

Growth of foreign correspondence with countries other than the United Kingdom.

gress of the exchange of correspondence with countries other than the United Kingdom during the last fifteen years. From the following statement, which gives the figures for the years 1895-96, 1907-08 and 1910-11, it will be seen that there has been a substantial increase in the amount of correspondence exchanged with these countries :—

	1895-96.	1907-08.	1910-11.
<i>Sent from India.</i>			
Letters and postcards	2,100,500	4,649,905	6,716,099
Newspapers, book-packets, and samples	1,611,921	2,530,070	3,949,153
<i>Received in India.</i>			
Letters and postcards	2,157,792	4,032,145	5,523,063
Newspapers, book-packets, and samples	1,348,685	4,056,318	5,647,434

Foreign
parcels
during
1910-11.

18. The total number of parcels sent by the foreign post from this country during the year was 315,731, as compared with 286,049 during the previous year, and the number of parcels received was 430,109, as compared with 384,296 in 1909-10. There was thus an increase of 10·37 per cent in the number of foreign parcels despatched and of 11·92 per cent in the number received.

The numbers of parcels sent to and received from the United Kingdom during the year were 125,392 and 304,399, respectively, as compared with 123,701 and 276,890, respectively, during 1909-10.

Growth of
the foreign
parcel post
since 1900-01.

19. During the last ten years there has been steady growth in the foreign parcel post. The total number of foreign parcels received by India from all parts of the world has risen from 157,103 in 1900-01, 289,070 in 1905-06, to 430,109 in 1910-11, while the total number despatched from India has increased from 144,427 in 1900-01, 235,408 in 1905-06, to 315,731 in 1910-11.

(1) With the
United
Kingdom.

The parcel post with the United Kingdom, though it shows but little expansion except in the direction to India, occupies, as usual, by far the most important position. The traffic, in both directions, for 1910-11, in comparison with that of the years 1905-06 and 1900-01, is shown in the following statement :—

—	1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.	Increase (+) or decrease (—) during 1910-11, as compared with	
				1900-01.	1905-06.
	<i>Sent from India:</i>				
<i>Via Gibraltar</i>	57,570	99,580	99,618	+ 42,048	+ 38
<i>Via Brindisi</i>	11,890	19,285	25,774	+ 13,884	+ 6,489
Total	69,460	118,865	125,392	+ 55,932	+ 6,527
	<i>Received in India.</i>				
<i>Via Gibraltar,</i>	106,031	188,176	262,999	+ 156,968	+ 74,823
<i>Via Brindisi</i>	12,165	26,708	41,400	+ 29,235	+ 14,692
Total	118,196	214,884	304,399	+ 186,203	+ 89,515

The rates of postage on parcels for a large number of foreign countries and possessions were reduced in 1906 in consequence of India having consented to a reduction, with effect from the 1st October of that year, in the amount of the surtax specially conceded to her under Article III of the Final Protocol of the Parcel Post Convention of Washington. These rates were again lowered in 1907 on account of the reduced charges for the sea transit of parcels—contemplated by Article 3 of the Parcel Post Convention of Rome—having been agreed to by Germany and certain other countries whose maritime services are used by the Indian Post Office for the transmission of parcels. A further reduction was made in 1909 in the rates of postage applicable to parcels for France, Italy, Egypt, and a large number of other countries in consequence of the British Post Office having agreed to the application of the reduced charges for sea transit to the services performed by the Peninsular and Oriental steamers between Bombay and Marseilles, *via* Aden and Port Said, and between Port Said and Brindisi. All these reductions have operated as a stimulus to the parcel traffic with foreign countries. (a) With other countries.

The growth during the past ten years of the parcel post between India and countries other than the United Kingdom has been considerable, as will be seen from the following statement:—

	1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.	Increase (+) or decrease (—) during 1910-11, as compared with	
				1900-01.	1905-06.
Sent from India	73,491	115,101	189,027	+ 115,535	+ 73,926
Received in India	36,884	73,490	125,291	+ 88,407	+ 51,801

20. The second table in Appendix I shows, for each postal circle, the number of post offices, letter-boxes, and postal articles in relation to area and population, the latter being taken from the census figures of 1911. In this table the columns headed "Literate population" are blank, as the literacy figures of the new census are not at present available. Average number of postal articles per head of population during 1910-11.

The average number of postal articles for which each inhabitant of the country was responsible during the year was only three—a fact which is eloquent of the scope which the Indian Post Office has for development. As in previous years, the number of postal articles per head of the general population was highest in Bombay, where it was 6.66.

21. In 1900-01, the number of postal articles per head of total population was 1.88 and this has now risen to 3. The year 1900-01 was, like the one under review, a census year, so that a comparison can properly be made between the results just mentioned. Average number of postal articles per head of population since 1900-01.

22. Appendix II shows that the number of letters, postcards, newspapers, and packets issued for delivery and of parcels posted amounted to 945,147,612 and these figures, *inclusive* of the 25,381,683 money orders issued for payment, make a grand total for all these classes of articles of 970,529,295, as compared with 943,942,809 in 1900-10. Of these, it is estimated that 99.72 per cent. were actually delivered or paid as against only 97.77 per cent. ten years ago. Ten years ago the total number of articles handled by the Post Office was only 545,205,207, and five years ago it was 753,922,391, so that the number has very nearly doubled in ten years and now stands at well over three million articles for every working day. Delivery work during 1910-11.

Work of
Dead Letter
Offices during
1910-11.

23. The total number of postal articles, excluding money orders, that reached the Dead Letter Offices during the year under review was 8,837,827, as compared with 9,215,748 in the previous year.

Detailed information showing the distribution among the Dead Letter Offices and the manner of disposal of the articles which reached them is given in Appendix III. Nearly 33½ per cent. of the articles received were redirected to the addressees, while more than 43½ per cent. were issued for return to the senders. Only 7 per cent. of the total number of articles issued by the Dead Letter Offices came back to them as undelivered, and the total number of articles finally deposited as "Dead," that is as undeliverable either to addressees or senders, was 2,501,806. This last figure represents 26 out of every ten thousand of the total number of articles given out at post offices for delivery, and includes a large number of articles which from their nature were not susceptible of delivery, such as articles with no address at all. In Bengal, Madras, and Bombay alone, an average of 135 articles were posted every day with no address whatever, and many of these contained money or valuables. In articles opened in the five larger Dead Letter Offices, cheques, hundis, currency notes, bills of exchange, coins, and other property of the nominal value of seven lakhs of rupees were found. The great majority of these articles were successfully delivered either to the addressees or the senders.

Work of
Dead Letter
Offices since
1900-01.

24. A comparison of the results of the year under report with those of the years 1905-06 and 1900-01 shows that the percentage of articles consigned to the Dead Letter Offices on the total number given out for delivery by post offices has practically remained stationary. In the matter of the number of articles disposed of by Dead Letter Offices by redirection to addressees, the percentage of such articles on the total number received in the Dead Letter Offices was 33.47 in 1910-11 as compared with 26.13 in 1905-06 and 20.39 in 1900-01, which is satisfactory.

As a further indication of progress, it may be observed that the percentage of articles returned to the Dead Letter Offices as finally undeliverable on the total number issued by them for delivery to the addressees or senders, which was 10.18 in 1900-01, fell to 7.31 in 1905-06, and to 7.07 in 1910-11.

(2) *Postage stamps.*

Sale of
postage
stamps, etc.,
during 1910-
11.

25. Details of the issues from treasuries of ordinary and service postage stamps and stationery will be found in Appendix IV. The total value of ordinary postage stamps and postal stationery issued during the year amounted to over 3 crores and 24 lakhs of rupees, showing an increase of more than 15½ lakhs over the value of issues during the previous year. The total value of service stamps and stationery issued exceeded 50½ lakhs, being an increase of more than 4½ lakhs upon the last year's figure.

The quarter-anna ordinary adhesive stamp continued to command the highest sale, the total number sold having increased from 185 millions in the previous year to over 200 millions during the year under report. The half-anna adhesive stamp had the next largest sale and its issues (including the stamps in booklets) were over 117½ millions. The quarter-anna single postcard comes next and its issues were over 116½ millions. This was followed by the 1-anna adhesive stamp (including the stamps in booklets) with a sale of over 70½ millions. Of the small half-anna envelope, which is sold for the face value of the stamp, over 68 millions were sold as against 69 millions in the previous year. The 6-anna stamps were generally available during 1910-11, and the increased sale of this denomination accounts for the small decrease in the issue of the 2-anna and 4-anna stamps. Similarly, the small decrease in the use of 1-rupee stamps is more than balanced by increases in the 2-rupee, 3-rupee and 5-rupee stamps. The decrease in the sale of the 10-rupee and 15-rupee stamps may be attributed to the introduction during the latter part of the year 1909-10 of the 25-rupee stamp.

In addition to postage stamps, non-judicial and court-fee stamps are sold in many post offices, but, except in Burma, the postmaster acts as a private vendor in respect of these stamps, and they do not form part of the post office

balances. In Burma, where general stamps are kept by postmasters in the same way as postage stamps, the sales amounted to Rs. 83,503.

26. The total value of ordinary postage stamps, etc., issued from treasuries rose from nearly 1 crore and 50 lakhs in 1900-01 to nearly 2 crores and 1 lakh in 1905-06 and to about 3 crores and 25 lakhs of rupees in 1910-11, or in other words, has increased by 116·81 per cent. in the last ten years and by 61·72 per cent. in the last five years. The increase during the latter period is, however, in a large measure, due to the use, with effect from the 1st April, 1908, of postage stamps for the purpose of paying the charges on telegrams. In the matter of numbers the following figures are interesting. Of the quarter-anna stamps 21,682,206 were sold in 1900-01, while in 1905-06 the number rose to 113,929,836, and in 1910-11 to 200,854,244. With the enormous increase in the use of this stamp, there was, as was to be expected, some falling off in the sale of the quarter-anna postcard, the number of which has decreased from 136,361,854 in 1900-01 to 116,846,458 in 1910-11. The number of half-anna stamps rose from 72,468,768 in 1900-01 to 94,697,594 in 1905-06 and to 117,669,368 in 1910-11, while in the case of the one-anna stamp the number increased from 15,556,319 in 1900-01 to 40,756,523 in 1905-06 and to 70,666,820 in 1910-11 including the stamps in booklets. In the case of the six-anna stamps the number sold in 1905-06 was 869,137 but owing to their use for the payment of telegraph charges the number sold in 1910-11 rose to 7,365,206.

Growth in sale of postage stamps, etc., since 1900-01.

The total value of service stamps issued rose from Rs. 29,10,178 in 1900-01 to Rs. 33,10,886 in 1905-06 and to Rs. 50,81,420 in 1910-11.

Section III.—Insurance and Value-payable Post.

(1) Insurance.

27. During the year under report 1,169,428 letters and parcels were insured for transmission by post, the aggregate insured value being nearly 27 crores of rupees. The following statement shows the year's business, as compared with that of the preceding year :—

Insurance business during 1910-11.

	Insured letters.		Insured parcels.		Total.		
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Insurance fees.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
1909-10 ...	534,527	11,60,09,027	510,430	13,85,67,232	1,044,957	25,46,06,259	3,33,623
1910-11 ...	621,416	13,44,70,440	548,012	13,41,08,485	1,169,428	26,88,78,925	3,51,611
Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—)	+16·26	+15·91	+7·36	—3·02	+11·91	+5·61	+5·39

The average amount for which each letter was insured was Rs. 216, as compared with Rs. 217 in the preceding year, and the average amount for which each parcel was insured was Rs. 245 as compared with Rs. 272 in 1909-10.

28. During the year ninety-six claims for compensation were made in respect of insured articles, as compared with one hundred and sixty-seven in 1909-10. Fifty-one claims were admitted, the loss having been caused in forty-six cases by fraud or negligence on the part of postal servants and in the remaining five cases by highway robbery. The total amount paid in satisfaction of these claims was Rs. 8,594-0-6 as against Rs. 8,046-4-4 in 1909-10. Of this, the sum of Rs. 4,626-14-7½ was recovered; so that the actual loss to the Department was Rs. 4,067-1-10½, as against Rs. 2,669-0-11 in the previous year.

Claims for compensation.

29. The total number of letters and parcels insured for transmission by post was 317,986 in 1909-01, 550,770 in 1905-06, and 1,169,428 in the year under review.

Growth of insurance business since 1900-01.

The total number of insured letters was 103,163 in 1900-01, 199,679 in 1905-06, and 621,416 in 1910-11. The marked increase during the five years ending with 1910-11 is no doubt due to the reduction of the rates of insurance fees from the 1st July 1905. The average amount for which each letter is insured has had a steady tendency to decrease. From Rs. 248 in 1900-01, it fell to Rs. 232 in 1905-06 and to Rs. 216 in 1910-11.

The number of parcels insured was 214,823 in 1900-01, 351,091 in 1905-06, and 548,012 in 1910-11, representing a percentage of 8.02 in 1900-01, of 7.09 in 1905-06, and of 8.00 in 1910-11 on the total number of parcels of all kinds posted.

The average amount for which each parcel is insured is now Rs. 245 as compared with Rs. 326 in 1900-01 and Rs. 283 in 1905-06.

(2) Value-payable post.

Value-payable business during 1910-11.

30. The total number of value-payable articles of all kinds sent through the post was 7,354,915, as compared with 6,870,979 in the previous year. The total amount declared for recovery was nearly 8½ crores of rupees, as against nearly 8¼ crores in the preceding year. There was thus an increase of 7.04 per cent. in the number of articles and of 6.89 per cent. in the amount specified for recovery.

The number of value-payable articles posted in the city of Calcutta was 2,144,145, as compared with 2,025,494 in the preceding year, and the Department realised for the tradesmen of Calcutta a total sum of Rs. 2,50,54,107 or well over one and a half million pounds sterling. The number of value-payable articles posted in the city of Bombay rose from 983,369 to 1,057,143 during the year under review and the amount paid to the senders was Rs. 1,27,10,513 or considerably more than three quarters of a million pounds sterling.

The increase for the year under report extended to all classes of value-payable articles.

For the purpose of the returns, value-payable unregistered packets and unregistered parcels are shown together; and value-payable registered articles of the letter mail comprise value-payable registered letters, value-payable registered book packets, and railway receipt notes sent by the value-payable post.

Progress of value-payable business since 1900-01.

31. There has been a steady increase in value-payable work during the last ten years. The total number of articles sent by the value-payable post was 2,609,000 in 1900-01, 5,716,000 in 1905-06, and 7,355,000 in 1910-11. The amount declared for recovery was three crores 42 lakhs in 1900-01, six crores 5½ lakhs in 1905-06, and eight crores 74¾ lakhs (or more than five and three-quarter million pounds sterling) in 1910-11. The number of value-payable articles posted in the city of Calcutta was 896,762 in 1900-01, 1,472,393 in 1905-06, and 2,144,145 in 1910-11, and the amount realised was a crore of rupees in 1900-01, a crore and 79 lakhs in 1905-06, and over 2½ crores in 1910-11.

General character of value-payable business.

32. The average value of a value-payable article does not vary greatly. It was Rs. 13.1 in 1900-01, Rs. 10.9 in 1905-06 and Rs. 11.14 in 1910-11.

Progress of value-payable business with Ceylon since 1900-01.

33. The number of value-payable articles sent from India to Ceylon was 37,365 in 1900-01, 54,232 in 1905-06, and 59,522 in 1910-11. The increase in the five years ending with 1910-11 was not so marked as it was in the preceding quinquennial period. The number of articles sent from Ceylon to India was 597 in 1900-01, 2,056 in 1905-06, and 3,561 in 1910-11.

Section IV.—Money Orders.

General money order business during 1910-11.

34. Appendix V (a) shows the entire money order transactions (including value-payable money orders) of the Department year by year for a period of ten years, separate figures being given for inland and foreign money orders. The total number of money orders issued during 1910-11 was 25,633,628, as compared with 24,669,161 in the previous year, and the total amount remitted was 46 crores, as compared with over 43½ crores in 1909-10. Foreign money orders constitute, as usual, a very small percentage (3.32) of the entire transactions of the year.

35. Appendix V (b) shows the issues and payments of inland money orders for 1910-11 by postal circles and compares the results of the year with those of the previous year. More than 24½ million inland money orders, ordinary and telegraphic, of the aggregate amount of more than 41½ crores of rupees were issued during the year; and the commission amounted to nearly 48½ lakhs. of rupees. There was an increase over the transactions of the previous year of 3·74 per cent in the number of inland money orders issued, of 4·71 in their amount, and of 5·15 in the commission realised.

The average amount of an inland money order was Rs. 16-14-2, as compared with Rs. 16-11-8 in the preceding year.

36. Appendix V (b) also gives separate figures for telegraphic money orders. There was an increase both in the number and in the amount of such orders issued, as well as in the postal commission realised, which amounted to Rs. 3,45,377 as compared with Rs. 2,92,086 in the preceding year. The average amount of a telegraphic money order was Rs. 82-9-4, as compared with Rs. 85-7-2 in 1909-1910.

37. The special classes of money orders for the payment of land revenue, rent, and miscellaneous Government dues are included under inland money orders in Appendix V (b). Separate figures for these classes of orders are given in the table below. With one exception, as in the preceding year, the totals under each class show an increase as compared with the corresponding figures of the previous year, which are also given. The exception is in the number of orders in payment of miscellaneous Government dues which is less by 34,930 than during the year before.

Circle.	REVENUE MONEY ORDERS.				RENT MONEY ORDERS.				OFFICIAL MONEY ORDERS.			
	NUMBER.		VALUE.		NUMBER.		VALUE.		NUMBER.		VALUE.	
	1909-10.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1910-11.
			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.
Bengal ...	250,695	258,337	18,02,909	18,51,085	47,627	53,061	7,57,913	8,15,043	164,629	159,176	34,67,477	39,52,237
Eastern Bengal and Assam.	114,048	115,254	10,67,560	10,86,301	21,810	23,858	3,41,538	3,57,804	31,501	31,621	2,59,002	2,60,163
United Provinces ...	312,659	317,660	59,26,276	64,07,565	147,081	142,070	18,09,200	17,35,133	139,343	112,209	14,34,514	11,42,028
Central ...	36,745	29,932	12,31,800	11,77,222	3,133	2,858	73,363	69,648	...	...	...	...
Punjab and North-West Frontier.	18,725	19,636	15,74,510	17,69,691	...	...	...	...	5,738	4,438	1,06,297	1,30,805
Madras ...	4,536	5,893	43,257	64,214	...	...	...	...	6,085	5,075	90,346	87,204
Bombay ...	3,368	4,075	46,915	61,483	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	333	181	10,248	5,896
TOTAL ...	740,776	750,777	1,16,93,227	1,24,17,561	289,651	222,747	23,82,614	29,87,628	347,629	312,700	53,67,884	55,78,333

The revenue money order system is not in force in Burma; the rent money order system is not in force in the Punjab, Madras, Bombay and Burma; and the system of remitting miscellaneous Government dues by money orders is not in force in the Central Circle and Bombay.

38. Figures relating to the money order exchanges with foreign countries will be found in Appendix V (c). This shows (1) sterling money order exchanges, which are in force with the United Kingdom and its colonies and with foreign countries generally, and (2) rupee money order exchanges, which are in force chiefly with countries and places in the Far East and East Africa. The money order transactions with the Native States of India which have separate postal arrangements are also included, for convenience, in this Appendix. These figures call for no special remark.

Growth of
British
postal order
business
since 1905-
06.

39. The following statement shows the growing popularity of the British postal order.

	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—) during 1910-11 as compared with 1905-06.
British postal orders sold in India. } Number ...	178,385	207,751	259,216	300,043	341,981	360,084	+101·86
Value (including poundage). }	120,616	139,673	178,937	214,480	232,103	240,376	+99·29
Net commission realised by the Indian Post Office on the sales of British postal orders.	Rs. 9,374	Rs. *6,838	Rs. 8,899	Rs. 10,793	Rs. 12,199	Rs. 13,425	+43·21
British postal orders paid in India. } Number ...	4,785	20,185	37,178	50,736	64,660	87,404	+1726·63
Value ... }	3,002	13,122	24,921	33,134	42,655	57,948	+1830·31
British postal orders sold in India for payment in India. } Number ...	1,399	3,474	4,395	6,052	8,156	11,202	+700·71
Value ... }	887	2,025	2,381	3,233	4,548	5,668	+539·01

* This decrease, as compared with the corresponding figure for 1905-06, is due to the large reduction from the 1st October, 1905, in the rates of commission previously charged on British postal orders sold in India.

Growth of
inland
money order
business
since
1900-01.

40. Statistics of the inland money order transactions of 1910-11 in comparison with those of the years 1900-01 and 1905-06 will be found in the statement below:—

		1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.	INCREASE DURING 1910-11 AS COMPARED WITH	
					1900-01.	1905-06.
Number (issues)	Ordinary ...	12,739,219	19,405,840	24,372,017	11,632,798	4,966,177
	Telegraphic ...	183,246	216,597	409,830	226,584	193,233
	Total ...	12,922,465	19,622,437	24,781,847	11,859,382	5,159,410
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Amount (issues)	Ordinary ...	24,10,72,432	30,91,41,776	38,46,56,733	14,35,94,301	7,55,24,957
	Telegraphic ...	2,16,47,544	2,22,95,027	3,33,46,711	1,21,99,167	1,15,51,684
	Total ...	26,27,19,976	33,14,36,803	41,85,13,444	15,57,93,468	8,70,76,641
Commission	Ordinary ...	31,09,588	35,90,690	45,24,822	14,15,234	9,34,132
	Telegraphic ...	2,27,401	2,34,283	3,45,377	1,17,976	1,11,094
	Total ...	33,36,989	38,24,973	48,70,199	15,33,210	10,45,226

The total number of inland orders issued was nearly 13 millions in 1900-01, well over 19½ millions in 1905-06, and is now more than 24½ millions.

The total number of money orders sent by telegraph was 183,246 in 1900-01, 216,597 in 1905-06, and 409,830 in 1910-11. The increase for the five years ending with 1910-11 was 193,233 as compared with the increase of 33,351 for the preceding quinquennial period. The advantages afforded by this system for remitting money expeditiously have always been more fully appreciated in Burma than elsewhere. In 1900-01 the total number of telegraphic money orders issued from that province was 80,293 or 44 per cent of the entire number of such orders, in 1905-06 the total number was 95,520 or 44·10 per cent of the entire number of orders, and in 1910-11 the total number was 180,006 representing a percentage of 43·92 of the entire number for the whole of India.

41. During the year nearly twenty five million inland money orders were issued and paid, representing a sum of nearly twenty eight million pounds sterling. The average amount of an inland money order was Rs. 20-5 in 1900-01, Rs. 16-14 in 1905-06, and now stands at the same figure. Character of inland money order business.

42. It will be seen from the following table that in the foreign money order business there has been substantial progress during the last ten years:— Growth of foreign money order business since 1900-01.

				1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.	INCREASE DURING 1910-11 AS COMPARED WITH	
							1900-01.	1905-06.
Issues	Number	...	...	159,106	234,938	251,945	92,839	16,987
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Payments	Amount	...	...	62,18,151	91,73,362	1,02,69,104	40,50,953	10,95,742
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Issues	Number	...	...	339,142	439,023	599,836	260,694	160,813
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Payments	Amount	...	...	1,55,89,967	2,20,23,810	3,12,35,541	1,56,45,574	92,11,731
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.

In 1900-01, direct money order exchanges were in existence with 28 countries and money could be remitted by post to 98 other countries. There are now direct exchanges with 38 countries, while money can be remitted by post to 111 countries or places in addition to those with which direct exchanges are in force.

The most important exchange has always been that with the United Kingdom. The number of money orders issued by India for payment in the United Kingdom was 67,127 in 1900-01, 104,001 in 1905-06, and 106,149 in 1910-11, the amounts represented by these numbers being £218,228, £339,886, and £360,812, respectively. These issues are supplemented by the sale of British postal orders, particulars of which are given in a separate paragraph. The number of remittances from the United Kingdom to India has increased considerably, the number of orders received for payment in this country being 23,024 in 1900-01, 27,414 in 1905-06, and 40,536 in 1910-11. The sums remitted amounted to £72,496, £110,152 and £344,178, respectively. (1) With the United Kingdom.

Apart from the United Kingdom, the countries on which the greatest numbers of money orders are now drawn in India are Portuguese India and Ceylon, whilst the greatest numbers of money orders received for payment in India are from Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, and the Straits Settlements. Details of the number and value of money orders exchanged in each direction between India and the countries named for the three years 1900-01, 1905-06 and 1910-11 are given in the following statement:— (2) With other countries.

				1900-01.		1905-06.		1910-11.	
				Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
						Issued by India.			
					Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Portuguese India	...	...	...	12,720	4,75,211	15,106	5,75,971	18,626	7,54,396
Ceylon	...	...	...	6,545	2,23,965	12,247	3,99,261	13,939	4,97,180
						Paid in India.			
Ceylon	...	...	...	104,114	34,28,370	136,967	39,27,070	228,716	67,34,914
Federated Malay States	...	...	...	...	...	18,083	11,29,892	45,594	29,69,745
Straits Settlements	...	...	...	35,335	16,51,791	36,123	18,70,269	38,308	21,74,223

Section V.—Post Office Savings Banks.

General
results of the
year.

43. Appendix VI shows in detail, according to postal circles, the Savings Bank transactions of the year, as compared with those of the previous year. There were 1,430,451 active accounts in existence on the 31st March 1911, which is a net increase of 51,535, or 3.74 per cent, as compared with 1909-10. The total amount at credit of depositors at the close of the year exceeded 16 crores 91½ lakhs, which is higher by about 1 crore 5½ lakhs, or 6.63 per cent, than the balance at the close of the preceding year.

The deposits and withdrawals, exclusive of all transfers, increased by over 48½ lakhs and 8½ lakhs, respectively, and the interest paid increased by about 1½ lakhs.

The 1,430,451 active accounts were composed of—

		Crores.	Lakhs.
73,287	Security deposit accounts, with a balance of over	Rs.	83½
9,946	Public accounts, with a balance of over	"	53½
694	Regimental and other conjoint accounts with a balance of about	"	22
180,574	Minors' accounts, with a balance of over	2	76½
1,165,950	Ordinary accounts, with a balance of over	12	56½

The foregoing figures show that 94.13 per cent of the accounts, and 90.59 per cent of the total balance of 16 crores 91½ lakhs represent savings of private persons. Of the total number of accounts open at the close of the year, 1,302,561, or 91.06 per cent, were held by natives of the country. Experience having proved that the system of deposits on term had failed to find favour with the public, the system was abolished from the 1st January 1911; and from the same date, the maximum limit of annual cash deposits was raised from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500.

Investment in
Government
securities
during
1910-11.

44. The number of Government promissory notes purchased through the Post Office was 2,841 of the nominal value of Rs. 16,63,000, as compared with 3,114 of the nominal value of Rs. 16,27,300 in the previous year. The number of Government promissory notes sold was 800 of the nominal value of Rs. 5,91,700, as compared with 736 of the nominal value of Rs. 4,88,500 in 1909-10. The nominal value of the Government promissory notes held in the custody of the Accountant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs, at the close of the year on account of depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank was Rs. 70,99,900, as compared with Rs. 64,48,900 on the 31st March 1910. During the year under report, 1,103 investment certificates for fractional amounts of Government promissory notes of the nominal value of Rs. 3,29,274 were purchased, as compared with 1,300 such certificates of the nominal value of Rs. 3,60,226 purchased in the previous year. The number of investment certificates sold was 848 of the nominal value of Rs. 1,95,608, as compared with 779 of the nominal value of Rs. 1,93,394 sold in the preceding year.

Financial
effect of the
Post Office
Savings
Bank.

45. An estimate of the financial results of the working of the Savings Bank is given below, as directed in the Finance and Commerce Department's Resolution No. 2428, dated the 13th May 1902:—

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Interest at 3½ per cent per annum on the balance of the deposits.	56,21,399	Interest actually paid to depositors ...	46,22,858
		Estimated cost of managing the bank...	6,58,398
Total ...	56,21,399	Total ...	52,81,256

46. The statement below shows the savings bank transactions of 1910-11 as compared with those of the years 1900-01 and 1905-06. At the end of 1900-01, the number of active accounts open was 816,651; this rose to 1,115,758 at the close of 1905-06, and to 1,430,451 at the end of 1910-11. The balance at credit of depositors was Rs. 10,04,32,569 in 1900-01; it increased to Rs. 13,99,26,259 in 1905-06, and to Rs. 16,91,88,224 in 1910-11. During the last ten years, the total number of accounts has increased by 75·16 per cent and the balance at credit of depositors by 68·46 per cent. Contrasting the year under review with 1905-06 the number of active accounts increased by 314,693, or 28·20 per cent, and the balance at credit of depositors by Rs. 2,92,61,965, or 20·91 per cent.

In 1900-01 the average balance at the credit of each depositor was Rs. 123; in 1905-06 it rose to Rs. 131, and in 1910-11 it stood at Rs. 118.

—			1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—) during 1910-11 as compared with 1900-01.	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—) during 1910-11 as compared with 1905-06.
NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS.	Number of Head Banks	No.	288	293	260	-9·72	-11·25
	Number of Sub-Banks	No.	6,348	7,778	8,669	+36·56	+11·46
	Opening balance	No.	785,729	1,058,813	1,078,916	+75·43	+2·23
	Opened during the year	No.	190,160	317,531	287,144	+44·18	-9·57
	Closed during the year	No.	163,238	260,586	235,609	+40·05	-9·59
TRANSACTIONS.	Balance	No.	816,651	1,115,758	1,430,451	+75·16	+28·20
	Opening balance	Rs.	9,64,64,456	13,40,70,130	15,86,71,786	+64·49	+18·35
	Deposits	Rs.	(a) 4,82,47,773	(b) 6,72,24,393	(c) 8,20,70,810	+70·10	+22·08
	Interest	Rs.	29,00,476	37,51,135	46,22,858	+59·33	+17·00
	Total	Rs.	14,76,12,715	20,52,45,658	24,53,65,454	+66·23	+19·55
	Withdrawals	Rs.	(a) 4,71,80,146	(b) 6,53,19,399	(c) 7,61,77,230	+61·46	+16·62
	Balance	Rs.	10,04,32,569	13,99,26,259	16,91,88,224	+68·45	+20·91
Average balance at credit of each depositor Rs.			122·98	130·83	118·28	-3·82	-9·59

(a) Inclusive of Rs. 1,20,33,078 13 7 balance of accounts transferred from one post office to another.

(b) " " Rs. 1,61,69,738 9 6 " " " " " " " " " "

(c) " " Rs. 2,16,50,134 8 3 " " " " " " " " " "

47. The following statement gives details of the purchase and sale of Government promissory notes through the agency of the Post Office for the year 1910-11 in comparison with those for the years 1905-06 and 1900-01. There were 2,841 purchases of Government promissory notes during 1910-11 as compared with 2,894 in 1905-06 and 557 in 1900-01, the nominal value of the investments being Rs. 16,63,000 in 1910-11, Rs. 16,77,300 in 1905-06 and Rs. 3,97,400 in 1900-01. The nominal value of the Government promissory notes held in the custody of the Accountant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs,

was Rs. 70,99,900 at the close of 1910-11, Rs. 28,22,300 at the close of 1905-06, and Rs. 10,24,400 at the close of 1900-01.

	1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.	Increase (+) or decrease (—) during 1910-11 as compared with	
				1900-01.	1905-06.
Number of investments	557	2,894	2,841	+ 2,284	— 53
Nominal value of investments . . . Rs.	3,97,400	16,77,200	16,63,000	+ 12,65,600	— 14,300
Number of sales	28	289	800	+ 772	+ 511
Nominal value of securities held in custody of Accountant-General, Post Office and Tele- graphs Rs.	10,24,400	28,22,300	70,99,900	+ 60,75,500	+ 42,77,600

Section VI.—Miscellaneous.

Post Office
Guarantee
Fund.

48. The statement below shows the transactions of the Post Office Guarantee Fund. The balance at credit of the Fund, including the nominal value of Government securities held on its behalf, rose from Rs. 10,47,810 on the 31st March 1910 to Rs. 10,71,642 on the 31st March 1911. The amount decreed against the Fund was Rs. 10,722 as compared with Rs. 24,313 in the previous year. A sum of Rs. 5,765 was paid as rewards and gratuities to servants of the Department or their heirs under the powers given by Government.

A sum of Rs. 37,750 was added to the Fund during the year on account of interest.

RECEIPTS.			CHARGES.		
	Government securities (nominal value).	Cash.		Government securities (nominal value.)	Cash.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Balance of 1909-10	7,27,300	3,20,510	Sums decreed against the Fund. . .	...	10,722
Interest given by Government on Rs. 3,00,000 at 4 per cent from April 1910 to March 1911 . . . . .	...	12,000	Refund to subscribers on account of returnable subscriptions . . . . .	...	883
Interest on Government securities in 3½ per cent loans . . . . .	...	25,750	Rewards for specially courageous service and for information in Post Office robbery cases . . . . .	...	3,673
Recoveries against awards made in previous years . . . . .	...	2,110	Compensation to postal servants for loss of private property . . . . .	...	740
Recoveries of special advances . . . . .	...	530	Compassionate gratuities . . . . .	...	1,302
Recoveries of travelling expenses for medical examination for Post Office Life Insurance . . . . .	...	3	Special advance to a Post Office official . . . . .	...	80
Government Promissory Notes purchased during the year	20,000	...	Travelling expenses for medical exami- nation for Post Office Life Insurance . . . . .	...	86
			Cost of purchase of Government Pro- missory Notes. . . . .	...	19,075
			Balance on 31st March 1911	7,47,300	3,24,342
	7,47,300	3,60,903		7,47,300	3,60,903

* Market value on 31st March 1911.—Rs. 7,17,875.

Complaints
by the public.

49. The number of complaints recorded as having been made by the public was 50,825 against 51,483 in 1909-10, being a decrease of 1·28 per cent as compared with an increase of 2·82 per cent in the number of articles carried. The number of cases in which the complaints were found to be justified was

18,228 against 16,648 in 1909-10. Though it is perfectly certain that these 18,228 complaints do not represent more than a fraction of the justifiable causes of complaint given to the public by the Department during the year, it is at least of some interest to observe that they represent a percentage of only '0019 on the total number of articles carried during the year and that this percentage has been nearly constant for the last five years.

The Post Office heartily welcomes all help received from its master, the public, in the shape of reports or complaints regarding defects or mistakes in its service. In fact it very largely depends on this help to perfect its arrangements. It happens only too often that it is impossible to give the writer satisfaction with regard to his particular complaint, but the action taken has at least the effect of making similar complaints less likely in future.

50. During the year under report 5,560 complaints, as shown below, were received regarding the special classes of postal articles mentioned as compared with 5,331 such complaints received in 1909-10 :—

Registered articles other than parcels and insured and value-payable articles	...	...	...	...	2,346
Ordinary registered parcels	...	...	...	...	1,459
Insured letters and insured parcels	...	...	...	...	427
Value-payable registered articles of all kinds	...	...	...	...	1,328
Total	...	...	...	...	5,560

Complaints regarding special classes of articles.

Out of these, enquiries showed that in 3,184 cases the Post Office was in no way to blame. In 715 cases no definite conclusion had been arrived at when the year closed ; while in 1,661 cases, or 29·8 per cent of the total, the complaints were well-grounded. Of the well-grounded complaints, 306 were made in respect of more than 2½ millions of ordinary registered parcels, 164 in respect of more than a million of insured articles, 496 in respect of more than 3½ millions of value-payable registered articles and 695 in respect of about 19 millions of registered articles of other kinds.

The number of inland registered articles in respect of which claims for compensation were dealt with was 642 as compared with 599 in the previous year. Compensation amounting to Rs. 3,304-3-7 was paid in respect of 253 articles, while applications for compensation were rejected in the case of 186 articles. At the close of the year, 175 cases were still under enquiry.

51. The number of cases in which servants of the Post Office were held to be guilty of offences punishable by law, as well as the number of such servants punished in those cases, are shown in Appendix VII, and a summary of the figures is given below :—

Offences by servants of the Post Office.

	1909-10.		1910-11.	
	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.
Convictions in Courts of Law	330	273	284	254
Cases punished departmentally	239	247	208	210
Total	569	520	492	464

There were 64 cases of misappropriation of office cash, 148 money order frauds, 13 savings bank frauds and 126 cases of theft from mails or post offices. Most of the remaining offences were committed in respect of letters, parcels or other postal articles entrusted to the Post Office for conveyance. Among the offenders convicted or departmentally punished were 24 departmental postmasters and 16 clerks, 40 extraneous agents in charge of post offices, 113 postmen and village postmen, 18 runners and 10 officials of the Railway Mail Service. The defalcations and losses amounted to Rs. 35,593-12-10½ as compared with Rs. 46,947-0-9 in the previous year. Of this sum, Rs. 20,113-13-7½

was recovered from the offenders or their sureties, Rs. 852-11-3 was decreed against the Post Office Guarantee Fund, and Rs. 14,627-4-0 had still to be adjusted when the year closed.

Offences by
other persons.

52. The offences against the Post Office committed by persons not belonging to the Department included twelve cases of money order fraud, involving a sum of Rs. 2,916 and one case of fraudulent withdrawal from the Savings Bank amounting to Rs. 180. There were also eighty-six cases of theft of Government money from the mails and post offices, besides cases of highway robbery, which are dealt with separately. The total amount stolen was Rs. 9,128-10-8, of which Rs. 4,785-2-2 was recovered, Rs. 1,075-5-2 was written off as finally lost, and Rs. 3,268-3-4 remained unadjusted at the close of the year.

Highway
robberies of
the mails.

53. There were 23 cases of highway robbery of the mails, as compared with 29 in the previous year. Of these, 17 occurred in British territory and 6 in Native States.

Of the robberies that occurred in British territory, six took place in the United Provinces, four in Bombay, three in Madras, three in the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province, and one in Bengal.

Three cases were attended with loss of life. The first occurred in the Peshawar district, when a runner conveying a mail bag was killed after a sharp struggle with his assailants. The whole mail was carried off. The Police failed to obtain a clue, but the Chief Commissioner took action against the neighbouring villages under the Frontier Code Regulations. In the second case a runner was attacked while he was conveying mails in the Singbhum district of Bengal. The wounded runner was removed to hospital, where he died four days after admittance. The mail bags had been tampered with but nothing taken away. The Police arrested a man on suspicion and sent him up for trial; but he was acquitted by the Sessions Judge. No clue was obtained. The third case occurred in the Shimoga district of Mysore. A runner, accompanied by a police constable, was conveying a mail bag along a solitary footpath through hills when the constable suddenly attacked the runner with a razor and killed him. The murderer fled with the mail bag, but was subsequently arrested and hanged.

In ten cases of robbery of the mails, Government suffered a loss of Rs. 1,736-1-6. Of this sum, Rs. 621-9-6 represents cash stolen and Rs. 1,114-8-0 the amount of compensation which had to be paid for the loss of registered and insured articles. The entire mail was recovered in six cases and part of the mail in ten cases. In the remaining seven cases the whole mail was lost. Eight prosecutions were instituted, in five of which convictions were obtained.

In addition to the cases of actual highway robbery mentioned above, there was one unsuccessful attempt to rob the mails. This took place in British territory.

Casualties.

54. There were unfortunately several other cases during the year in which servants of the Post Office lost their lives.

There were two cases of murder in the Jalpaiguri district in Eastern Bengal, one of an overseer and the other of a sub-postmaster. The motive for the crime in each case was apparently robbery.

Two men were drowned—a runner by the capsizing of a ferry boat and a village postman while attempting to ford a river.

One runner was killed by a leopard, a second died from snake-bite, and a third was killed by lightning.

An accident which luckily did not prove fatal occurred to two mail carriers who were overwhelmed by an avalanche while crossing the Burzil Pass on the Gilgit road but were rescued with the mails.

In August, 1910, a gang of armed trans-border raiders visited Hangu in the district of Kohat and captured a postman, killing a man who came to his rescue. The postman, after five months' detention in Khost, was released.

Nineteen post offices and the Rangoon Stock Depot were destroyed by fire during the year.

There was no loss of Government property or mails during the great floods in Eastern Bengal in the summer of 1910, though mail arrangements were somewhat disorganised.

55. Appendix VIII, an abstract of which is given in the margin, shows the

Post Office staff.

	1905-06.	1909-10.	1910-11.
Chief Officers of Direction, Accounts Officers, and Heads of Circles and Superintendent, Workshop, Aligarh.	27	34	34
Superintendents, Probationary Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, and Inspectors.	529	649	658
Postmasters, including Deputy, Assistant, Sub, and Branch Postmasters.	6,460	6,686	6,732
Extraneous agents, such as Schoolmasters and Station Masters.	10,556	12,149	12,277
Clerks	11,509	14,301	14,653
Postmen and other servants	22,261	26,373	26,754
Village postmen	8,376	8,378	8,380
Road establishment	20,694	20,461	20,228
Signallers and other servants employed wholly for telegraph work in combined offices.	3,014	3,132	3,305
Total	83,426	92,163	93,062

entire staff of the Department, the numbers in the different classes being shown separately for each postal circle. On the 31st March, 1911, the numerical strength of the Post Office establishment was 93,062 as compared with 92,163 at the close of 1909-1910 and as against 83,426 in 1905-06. This included 268 pensioned soldiers of the Native Army, of whom 57 were non-commissioned officers and 211 sepoy. The number

of women employed was 83, of whom all except 9 were either Europeans or Eurasians.

The total number of servants of the Department dismissed during the year was 507 as against 569 in the previous year. Of this number, 210 were postmen or village postmen and 40 belonged to the road establishment.

56. The charges incurred during the year on account of printing work done by private presses amounted to Rs. 17,077, as compared with Rs. 17,438 in the year 1909-10.

Use of private presses.

Section VII—Non-Postal Branches of the Post Office.

57. During the year under report 105 combined post and telegraph offices were opened, and 11 previously existing offices were closed. There was, therefore, a net increase of 94 in the total number of combined offices as compared with a net increase of 105 during 1909-10. All the new combined offices were opened at places which had previously been without a Government Telegraph office and 71 of them at places where there had previously been neither a Government nor a Railway Telegraph office. The total number of combined offices open on the 31st March, 1911, was 2,577 as compared with 2,483 on the 31st March of the preceding year. The number of postal servants who qualified as signallers was 399 and the total number of postal signallers employed was 4,115 as compared with 3,930 at the close of 1909-10. There were 1,156 boys employed as messengers in these offices as compared with 1,113 at the close of the preceding year.

Postal-Telegraph offices during 1910-11.

58. In Appendix IX will be found the traffic statistics of combined offices as supplied by the Telegraph Department. According to these there was an increase of 670,656, or 11.59 per cent, in the number of messages sent; of 533,226, or 10.29 per cent, in the number received, and of Rs. 3,18,575, or 9.93 per cent, in the revenue realised on sent messages as compared with the figures of the previous year. The revenue from messages despatched from combined offices is given as Rs. 35,24,830; as compared with Rs. 32,06,255 during the preceding year, while the total number of messages (excluding free messages) sent is given as 6,454,270 and the number received as 5,710,704.

Traffic statistics of combined offices during 1910-11.

Telegraph
receiving
offices during
1910-11.

59. In addition to the telegrams sent and received by the 2,577 combined offices, there were 56,655 telegrams booked at receiving post offices for despatch by post to telegraph offices as compared with 52,927 in the previous year. The revenue realised on these telegrams was Rs. 31,075 as compared with Rs. 28,022 in 1909-10.

The number of telegrams received at post offices in the Persian Gulf on account of the Indo-European Telegraph Department was 240 against 440 in the year 1909-10, and fees to the amount of Rs. 2,335 were realised, as compared with Rs. 3,077 in the previous year.

Progress of
combined
office system
since 1900-01.

60. The statement below shows the development of the combined office system during the past ten years. There has been an increase of 886 combined offices during the period while the increase in the number of messages dealt with amounts to more than 6 millions. The cost of maintaining these offices has increased by Rs. 6,26,587, while the revenue realised has risen from Rs. 25,80,162 in 1900-01 to Rs. 35,24,830 in 1910-11 :—

Year.	Number of combined offices open on 31st March.	Number of messages (sent, received and transit) dealt with by com- bined offices.	Total approximate cost of working combined offices.	Revenue realised.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1900-01	1,691	6,753,663	5,84,571 3 7	25,80,162 6 8
1905-06	2,029	10,823,667	8,76,481 8 6	29,20,346 14 1
1910-11	2,577	13,354,418	12,11,158 9 3	35,24,830 5 0

Carrying
Agency on
the Kalka-
Simla line.

61. Following the reduction in the establishment of the Kalka-Simla tonga service, which took place in February, 1910, when the Kalka-Simla State Railway took over the carriage of the day mails, there has been a large reduction in the cost of the service as compared with the previous year. The gross expenditure of the service decreased from Rs. 1,50,710 in 1909-10 to Rs. 87,152, and the net expenditure from Rs. 1,33,308 to Rs. 72,986, there being a small decrease in the receipts from the passenger service from Rs. 17,402 to Rs. 14,166.

The night mails are still conveyed by tonga, and during the breaches in the Kalka-Simla Railway owing to the heavy rains of last year the tongas were on several occasions used for the day mails also.

Receipt of
salt revenue
during 1910-
11.

62. The Post Office continued to act as agent for the receipt of salt revenue at certain selected offices in the Punjab and North-West Frontier, United Provinces, Bengal, and Central Circles. The following comparative figures show that there was a slight decrease in this small business. There has, however, as the figures below will show, been some development during the last five years :—

	1910-11.	1909-10.	1905-06.
Post offices authorised to receive salt revenue No.	301	312	262
Indents received No.	1,739	1,756	1,331
Quantity of salt indented for ... Mds.	524,455½	552,144	328,390
Value Rs.	5,97,506	6,19,121	5,13,724
Postal commission realised ... Rs.	1,090	1,097	880

Sale of
quinine at
post offices
during 1910-
11.

63. The Post Office obtained for sale to the public about 9,488 lbs. of quinine as compared with 7,701 lbs. in the preceding year. The large increase is due to the substitution of 10 grains of quinine for 7 grains in the pipe packets.

64. The supplies of quinine to post offices amounted to 4,004 lbs. in 1900-01, rose to 5,885 lbs. in 1905-06 and were 9,488 lbs. in the year ending with the 31st March, 1911. This business has thus more than doubled during the past decade. Growth of sale of quinine since 1900-01.

65. Appendix X shows the operations of the scheme of Life Insurance, Endowment Assurance, and Monthly Allowances, as compared with those of the previous year, and Appendix XI shows the financial results of the administration of the Postal Insurance Fund up to the end of the year under report. During the year, 1,711 new policies were issued of the aggregate value of Rs. 24,11,690, of which 326 of the aggregate value of Rs. 5,24,450 were life insurance policies, while 1,385 of the aggregate value of Rs. 18,87,240 were policies of endowment assurance. The total sum realised on account of premia on old and new policies taken together amounted to Rs. 11,54,272 as compared with Rs. 10,90,620, the revised figure for the previous year. Claims to the extent of Rs. 5,58,988 were discharged as compared with Rs. 4,41,151, the revised figure for the preceding year; while one hundred and twenty-six life insurance policies representing a gross sum of Rs. 1,51,856, three hundred and three endowment assurance policies representing Rs. 3,07,932, and one monthly allowance contract for Rs. 12 either lapsed or were surrendered or cancelled. Postal Insurance Fund.

Of the 1,711 persons to whom policies were issued during the year, 1,669 were pure Asiatics by race. Three women employed under Government were insured during the year, so that there are now nineteen female policy-holders in all.

Six new contracts for monthly allowances were entered into during the year, the total amount of the monthly allowances secured being Rs. 79-15-1.

Three Life Annuities were purchased from the Post Office under Article 807 of the *Civil Service Regulations*.

The statement below shows the progress of the Postal Insurance Fund since 1900-01 :—

	Up to 31st March 1901.	Up to 31st March 1906.	Up to 31st March 1911.
Number of lives insured ...	6,221	13,409	24,663
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Amount received in premia ...	17,47,147	44,70,875	93,60,700
Amount of insurance ...	97,59,350	1,95,36,841	3,37,89,699
Amount of claims met ...	5,41,059	14,03,981	34,09,883

The number of active policies and contracts in existence at the end of the 3 quinquennial periods, and the aggregate amounts of insurance and allowances represented by them, are detailed in the following statement :—

	On 31st March 1901.	On 31st March 1906.	On 31st March 1911.
Number of active policies in existence ...	5,403	11,483	20,247
(a) held by Post Office servants ...	2,247	4,506	8,606
(b) held by servants of other Departments ...	3,156	6,977	11,641
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Aggregate amount of insurance ...	86,32,450	1,69,20,817	2,84,25,099
Number of monthly allowance contracts in existence	60	107	103
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Amounts of allowances contracted for ...	650 13 1	1,060 3 3	1,009 10 1

Payment
of military
pensioners.

66. The number of pensioners of the Native Army who had their pensions paid through the agency of the Post Office in the Punjab and North-West Frontier during 1910-11 was 37,324, as compared with 36,332 in 1909-10, and the amount paid on this account was Rs. 26,41,635-0-1, as compared with Rs. 25,65,222-8-5 in the previous year. The commission credited to the Post Office as remuneration for this special service was Rs. 19,812-4-2. There has, as the following comparative figures will show, been an appreciable increase in this business during the last ten years. The commission earned by the Post Office barely pays for the extra cost involved.

	1900-01.	1905-06.	1910-11.
Number of pensioners paid	27,509	30,774	37,324
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Amount paid ..	19,97,717 10 0	22,02,910 0 0	26,41,635 0 1
Commission to Post Office	14,982 14 1	16,521 13 0	19,812 4 2

Section VIII.—Financial Results.

Receipts and
Charges.

67. The total receipts and charges of the year as shown in the Post Office accounts and given in Appendix XII are as under :—

RECEIPTS.		CHARGES.	
1909-10.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1910-11.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2,89,08,429	2,99,54,813	2,80,83,826	2,84,04,897

According to the figures above, the charges for 1910-11 exceeded the charges for 1909-10 by Rs. 3,21,071, the receipts for 1910-11 exceeded the receipts for 1909-10 by Rs. 10,46,384 and the receipts for 1910-11 exceeded the charges for the same year by Rs. 15,49,916.

The net payments made by India in respect of correspondence and parcels exchanged between it and other countries are not shown in the accounts as charges but are deducted from receipts. The payments under this head for the year 1909-10 amounted to Rs. 1,59,888 and for the year 1910-11 to Rs. 4,12,325, the large increase being mainly due to the fact that a sum of Rs. 1,05,210 which should have been paid in 1909-10 was not, owing to delay on the part of foreign postal administrations in preparing their accounts, actually paid until the beginning of 1910-11. But for this delay, the receipts for the former year would have amounted to Rs. 2,88,03,219 instead of Rs. 2,89,08,429, while those for the latter year would have been Rs. 3,00,60,023 instead of Rs. 2,99,54,813.

Financial
position of the
Post Office at
the close of
1910-11.

68. Appendix XII shows also under a distinct head (II) certain charges which appear in the Finance and Revenue accounts but not in the Post Office accounts. These charges are reproduced in the margin and, if their total be added to those given in the table in the preceding paragraph, the

	Rs.
Stores from England	37,590
Payments under postal arrangements with the Lords of the Treasury.	8,18,820
Total ...	8,56,410

total charges of the year amount to Rs. 2,92,61,307. It will thus be seen that there was a surplus of Rs. 6,93,506 on the year's transactions as shown in the

Finance and Revenue Accounts. In order, however, to arrive at the true financial result of the year's administration, it is necessary to add to the charges a further sum of Rs. 14,97,519 representing the net balance of the items shown in the margin. The result is that the charges exceeded the receipts by Rs. 8,04,013. After taking credit for the sum of Rs. 2,35,555 representing the net expenditure during the year on account of unremunerative establishments formerly paid from District Post Funds, the deficit is reduced to

	Details.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.
Add to Charges—		
Railway free service estimated ...	35,609	
Rent of Government buildings ...	5,85,629	
Gratuities ...	8,874	
Leave allowances paid out of India ...	76,728	
Pensions (being the average of five years capitalised at 10·165 years' purchase.)	12,96,496	20,03,336
Deduct Share of marine subsidies which should strictly have been borne by the Military, Political, and other Departments.	5,00,124	
Postage on unpaid official correspondence sent from India to the United Kingdom (formerly collected and brought to account).	5,693	
		5,05,817
Net amount to be added ...		14,97,519

Rs. 5,68,458. This figure, however, does not take into account the services rendered by the Department to a large number of Native States in carrying their official correspondence free of charge in accordance with the arrangements under which their postal systems have been amalgamated with the Indian Post Office. The total value of these services for the year 1910-11 has been estimated at Rs. 2,29,988, while the cost of managing the Post Office Savings Bank is estimated at Rs. 6,58,398, so that the net result is a surplus of Rs. 3,19,928.

69. In 1900-01, the receipts, as shown in the Post Office accounts, amounted to 2 crores and 2½ lakhs of rupees. By 1905-06, they had risen to 2 crores and 47½ lakhs of rupees, and for the year that ended on the 31st March, 1911, they amounted to 2 crores and 99½ lakhs of rupees. There was thus a total increase in revenue of 45 lakhs during the period ending with 1905-06 and of 52 lakhs during the last five years, in spite of the sweeping reductions in postage rates made in October, 1907.

The expenditure of the Department, as shown in the Post Office accounts, was 1 crore and 55½ lakhs in 1900-01, 2 crores and 7½ lakhs in 1905-06 and 2 crores and 84 lakhs in 1910-11.

In 1905-06 it was so clear that the rates of pay of postal servants generally were not in keeping with the increased cost of living that expensive schemes of revision had to be undertaken and, while carrying these into effect, the Department had to accept the unpleasant position of seeing its expenditure growing at a considerably higher rate than its revenue. It is gratifying to note that for the last two years the increase in revenue has been substantially greater than the increase in expenditure.

70. The following figures show the financial results during the year under report of the amalgamation of the posts in the Kashmir and Jammu State with the Imperial Post Office.

The total revenue in 1910-11 was Rs. 2,07,182 as compared with Rs. 1,78,800 in 1909-10 and Rs. 1,88,891 in 1908-09. The expenditure during 1910-11 was Rs. 2,41,441 against Rs. 2,29,627 in 1909-10 and Rs. 2,21,577 in 1908-09, the actual deficit during the year being Rs. 34,259.

The average annual deficit for the five years ending 1910-11 has been Rs. 45,568.

The increase in revenue in 1910-11 is largely due to increased purchase of service stamps by the Durbar, while unavoidable revisions of establishment raised the expenditure.

Section IX.—Personal matters.

Personal matters.

71. During the year, the Department lost the services of Mr. I. G. J. Hamilton who retired on the 17th December, 1910. Mr. Hamilton, who was always a very zealous postal officer, has recently published an interesting and valuable work entitled "An Outline of Postal History and Practice".

Soon after the end of the year, Mr. M. E. Monks, Presidency Postmaster, Madras, retired after a long and meritorious service.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of the Post Office of India.

SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL STEAMER SERVICES, 1910-11.

By the British India Steam Navigation Company.

- (1) Direct communication three times a week between Calcutta and Rangoon.
- (2) Weekly communication between Chittagong, Akyab, Kyaukpyu, Sandoway (during fair season only) and Rangoon.
- (3) Weekly direct communication between Madras and Rangoon.
- (4) Communication three times a week between Rangoon and Moulmein.
- (5) Weekly communication between Rangoon, Tavoy and Mergui.
- (6) Fortnightly communication between Moulmein, Yeh, Palaw, Tavoy, Mergui and Bokpyin.
- (7) Weekly direct communication between Bombay and Karachi.
- (8) Weekly communication between Bombay and Karachi *via* the Coast ports.
- (9) Weekly communication between Karachi and Busrah *via* the Persian Gulf ports.
- (10) Weekly communication between Karachi and Basrah *via* the principal Persian Gulf ports.
- (11) Daily communication between Tuticorin and Colombo.
- (12) Fortnightly service from Negapatam to the Straits.
- (13) Additional services between any of the ports served by the above-mentioned lines and between any of the ports on the Coromandel Coast and Rangoon.
- (14) Direct weekly communication between Rangoon and Penang.

Under contract with the Post Office from 1st May, 1904, on an annual subsidy of Rs. 10,00,000.

Under contract with the Post Office from 1st July, 1908, on an annual subsidy of Rs. 70,000.

By the Asiatic Steam Navigation Company.

- (15) Six-weekly communication between Calcutta and Port Blair, with extensions to Madras and Rangoon.

The consideration is not in the form of a subsidy, but of guaranteed rates for the transport of Government stores; the contract is for five years, from 1st July, 1909.

By the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, Limited.

- (16) Communication three times a week between Rangoon and Bassein.
- (17) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Bassein and Myaungmya.
- (18) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Prome and Thayetmyo and Minbu.
- (19) Communication twice a week between Thayetmyo and Pakokku.
- (20) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Magwe and Sale.
- (21) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Sale and Pakokku.
- (22) Daily communication (Fridays excepted) between Myingyan and Pakokku.
- (23) Weekly communication between Pakokku and Kindat.
- (24) Weekly communication (provided the depth of the water permits) between Kindat and Homalin.

Under contract with the Burma Government for a period of five years from 1st November, 1908. The annual subsidy is Rs. 1,41,000, of which Rs. 41,236 is paid by the Post Office.

By the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, Limited—contd.

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| (25) Communication six times a week between Katha and Bhamo. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until twelve months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is Rs. 18,000, of which Rs. 4,666 is paid by the Post Office. |
| (26) Weekly communication between Moulmein and Kaya-in. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The subsidy, which is Rs. 100 per mensem, is paid by the Burma Government. |
| (27) Daily communication between Rangoon, Pyapon, Maubin, and Yandoon. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is Rs. 4,800, of which Rs. 960 is paid by the Post Office. |
| (28) Communication three times a week between Moulmein and Shwegun. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is Rs. 3,000, of which Rs. 600 is paid by the Post Office. |
| (29) Communication three times a week between Moulmein and Kyondo. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party, the subsidy, which is paid by the Burma Government, being Rs. 260 per mensem. |
| (30) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Moulmein and Natmaw. | } | |
| (31) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Moulmein and Kado. | } | |
| (32) Daily communication between Rangoon and Kyauktan. | } | Under contract with the Post Office to continue in force until two months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is Rs. 1,500, of which Rs. 1,200 is paid by the Burma Government. |
| (33) Daily communication between Wakema and Myaungmya. | } | |
| (34) Daily communication between Myaungmya and Moulmeingyun. | } | |
| (35) Daily communication between Wakema and Moulmeingyun. | } | Under contract with the Post Office to continue in force until two months' notice is given by either party, the monthly subsidy being Rs. 280. |
| (36) Daily communication between Wakema and Kyonmangne. | } | |

By the Arracan Company, Limited.

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| (37) Communication three times a week between Akyab and Buthidaung. | } | |
| (38) Communication three times a week between Akyab and Paletwa. | } | |
| (39) Communication once a week between Akyab and Kyauktaw. | } | |
| (40) Communication once a week between Akyab and Myaungbwe. | } | |
| (41) Weekly communication between Akyab and Sakanmaw <i>via</i> Myebon and Kyaukpyu. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April, 1910. The subsidy, which is Rs. 83,000 a year, is paid by the Burma Government. |
| (42) Weekly communication between Sandoway and Kyaukpyu. | } | |
| (43) Weekly communication (during fair season only) between Sandoway and Gwa. | } | |
| (44) Weekly communication between Akyab and Kyaukpyu. | } | |
| (45) Weekly communication between Kyaukpyu and Cheduba, Kyaukpyu and Ramree, Sandoway and Singaing Sandoway, Taungup and Kyaukpyu. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April, 1910. The subsidy, which is Rs. 22,200 a year, is paid by the Burma Government. |

By the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.

- (46) Weekly communication on the river Tigris between Busrah and Bagdad. } Under contract for ten years, from the 1st May, 1904, with His Majesty's Secretary of State for India. Subsidy Rs. 24,000 per annum: steamers to run in connection with line No. (10).

By Messrs. Apar & Co., Calcutta, and Jardine, Matheson & Co., Hong Kong.

- (47) Communication at irregular intervals between Calcutta and the Straits Settlements and Hong Kong, the dates of departure being regulated mainly with reference to the Calcutta opium sales. } The consideration is not in the form of a money subsidy but of a guarantee of certain concessions.

By the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.

- (48) Fortnightly communication between Calcutta and Colombo, touching occasionally at Madras. } Non-contract lines maintained by the company in connection with the China and Australian mail services. Under Article 20 of the contract between the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company and His Majesty's Postmaster-General relating to the conveyance of the East India, China, and Australia mails, mails sent by these non-contract steamers are conveyed without payment other than the subsidy specified in that contract.
- (49) Fortnightly communication between Bombay and Colombo. }

By other Agencies.

- (50) By the Bombay Steam Navigation Company.—Daily communication between Bombay and Goa. } Under contract with the Post Office from 1st October, 1910, to 31st May, 1911. The monthly subsidy paid by the Post Office is Rs. 3,000, towards which the Government of Portuguese India contributes Rs. 200.
- (51) By Messrs. Cowasjee, Dinshaw and Brothers.—Weekly communication between Aden, Berbera and Zeyla. } Under contract with the Government of the Somaliland Protectorate for twelve months, from 1st April, 1910, to 31st March, 1911. The monthly subsidy is Rs. 1,050, of which a sum of Rs. 300 is at the sole charge of the Protectorate Government, and the balance, *vis.*, Rs. 750, is paid in equal shares by the Protectorate Government and the Indian Post Office.
- (52) By the Retriever Flotilla Company.—Communication four times a week between Chittagong and Cox's Bazar. } Under contract with the Post Office from 1st July, 1910, to 31st December, 1913. Subsidy Rs. 6,600 a year.

Appendix I.

showing, according to circles, (1) the number of post offices, letter-boxes and village postmen, and (2) the distances over which mails were conveyed by railway, mail carts, runners and steamers at the close of the year 1910-11 and of the preceding year.

Names of circles.	POST OFFICES, LETTER-BOXES AND VILLAGE POSTMEN.										DISTANCE OVER WHICH MAILS WERE CONVEYED BY						Total.
	EXISTING ON THE 31ST MARCH 1910.				EXISTING ON THE 31ST MARCH 1911.				RAILWAY.		MAIL CARTS, HORSES, CAMELS, ETC.		RUNNERS AND BOATS.		STEAMER SERVICES—SEA AND RIVER.		
	Post offices.	Letter-boxes.	Village postmen.	No.	Post offices.	Letter-boxes.	Village postmen.	No.	Miles.	Miles.	1909-10.	1910-11.	Miles.	Miles.	1909-10.	1910-11.	
•	2,590	8,189	372	8,324	2,625	9,485	376	80	79	82	14,247	14,167	2,107	2,241	20,442	20,582	
•	2,017	9,393	1,333	1,335	2,918	9,485	1,335	80	1,259	1,310	14,260	14,282	6,589	6,589	26,343	26,816	
•	3,591	8,292	1,681	1,681	3,584	8,481	1,680	...	1,317	1,366	16,801	18,307	2,077	2,077	26,762	27,776	
•	2,179	6,455	1,861	1,866	2,228	6,513	1,866	...	748	881	10,149	10,149	...	...	15,653	15,745
•	3,234	5,741	1,610	1,622	3,264	5,858	1,622	...	3,988	4,221	13,831	12,912	...	...	22,169	21,519
•	1,954	4,133	448	448	1,994	4,271	448	20	111	111	13,790	10,646	246	867	13,122	13,050	
•	426	1,583	318	318	435	1,901	318	1,573	668	668	2,331	2,183	8,065	7,813	12,637	12,237	
•	1,722	1,451	747	755	1,757	1,713	755	...	1,407	1,384	13,173	13,247	...	...	19,693	19,428
•	...	203	...	217	...	...	...	30,768	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
•	18,642	45,753	8,378	8,380	18,813	46,884	8,380	32,447	9,576	9,832	95,671	95,893	19,174	19,587	156,761	157,759	
•	...	...	...	...	171	1,131	2	107	...	256	...	222	...	413	...	998
Total Increase																	

of post offices and letter-boxes (including the letter-boxes at post offices) in relation to area and population and number of postal articles (excluding money orders) in relation to population.

NAMES OF PORTAL CIRCLES.	Area in square miles.	CENSUS OF 1911.			ONE POST OFFICE SERVES—			ONE LETTER-BOX SERVES—			Total number of postal articles (excluding money orders).		NUMBER OF PORTAL ARTICLES PER HEAD OF	
		Population.	Literate population.*	Square miles.	Population.	Literate population.*	Square miles.	Population.	Literate population.*	Square miles.	Population.	Literate population.*	Population.	Literate population.*
• • • • •	154,359	57,295,672	...	79	21,819	...	14	5,233	...	...	164,841,711	...	288	...
• • • • •	203,125	21,008,640	...	64	9,914	...	16	2,343	...	...	194,050,150†	...	666	...
• • • • •	182,111	65,573,000	...	51	18,290	...	15	5,435	...	...	167,658,174	...	255	...
• • • • •	161,886	48,012,650	...	73	21,550	...	18	5,437	...	...	104,725,695	...	210	...
• • • • •	295,160	31,075,747	...	90	9,766	...	32	3,595	...	...	135,915,159	...	425	...
• • • • •	106,540	34,594,362	...	53	17,349	...	17	5,522	...	...	77,821,451	...	225	...
• • • • •	236,738	12,141,676	...	557	28,509	...	102	5,200	...	...	39,542,905	...	325	...
• • • • •	282,614	35,604,401	...	161	20,435	...	81	10,318	...	...	59,874,230	...	166	...
• • • • •	1,622,533	314,596,238	...	86	16,722	...	25	4,788	...	...	944,429,475	...	300	...
TOTAL (1910-11)	1,622,533	314,596,238	...	86	16,722	...	25	4,788	...	...	944,429,475	...	300	...

* Information under this head cannot be given on this occasion, as the literacy figures of the recent census are not available yet.

† Excluding figures of the Indian post offices at Bagdad, Basrah, and places in the Persian Gulf.

Appendix II.

Table showing, according to postal circles, (1) the estimated* number of letters, postcards, newspapers and packets given out for delivery, and (2) the actual number of parcels posted during the year 1910-11.

Classes of postal articles.	Bengal.	Bombay.	Madras.	United Provinces.	Panjab and North-West Frontier.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Burma.	Central Circle.	Total.	
									1910-11.	1909-10.
Ad	61,188,652	71,000,499	67,232,256	35,016,704	46,358,598	25,504,245	23,504,488	23,504,371	353,044,313	380,476,957
Invalid	8,871,143	3,472,649	3,189,859	6,616,408	2,696,478	4,132,796	4,375,299	2,401,048	36,599,480	42,308,596
Registered	3,118,973	2,320,957	4,175,105	2,407,801	2,835,033	1,019,738	727,445	1,103,890	17,908,863	17,696,348
Unregistered	195,787	116,018	805,203	75,330	74,583	68,959	20,851	40,354	804,081	711,255
Value-payable	310,119	190,765	321,122	232,714	199,081	222,780	93,284	208,962	1,779,417	1,773,811
Articles privileged	420,845	78	2,851,015	.....	300,265	.....	.....	220,297	3,802,570	3,802,702
TOTAL LETTERS	74,100,419	77,110,266	77,075,575	45,248,947	53,255,638	30,939,538	28,730,298	26,310,892	413,677,573	405,770,873
Single	63,487,039	94,335,866	68,050,079	44,793,452	63,475,872	35,531,291	2,070,240	26,719,434	399,234,003	384,850,655
Reply	4,898,359	3,160,691	2,437,548	2,072,143	3,645,437	1,186,749	271,351	1,012,992	19,203,770	18,746,844
TOTAL LETTERS AND POSTCARDS	141,886,007	174,006,503	148,465,203	93,014,542	120,376,947	67,755,578	31,071,889	54,043,618	831,115,346	809,368,372
Newspapers	10,138,657	9,212,131	7,490,191	4,812,785	7,303,467	5,135,679	2,545,901	2,711,350	40,252,162	51,385,989
Patent packets	9,803,613	8,210,083	9,659,343	5,458,419	6,446,317	3,739,790	4,366,964	2,415,700	30,700,489	46,350,036
Value-payable, registered	212,316	276,139	218,516	140,681	168,083	141,135	90,181	85,749	1,243,790	1,269,823
Value-payable, unregistered	111,716	36,500	88,617	72,935	92,762	87,788	60,460	79,570	690,042	737,092
Unregistered	813,455	553,288	705,415	5,082,110	718,328	615,266	128,454	301,281	4,243,917	4,186,083
ARTICLES OF THE LETTER MAIL	162,996,764	193,394,704	155,618,484	104,007,372	135,005,104	77,172,240	39,163,849	59,637,268	928,285,695	912,171,895
Ordinary	540,666	505,241	359,092	303,077	512,838	161,167	220,983	153,065	2,767,097	2,597,178
Insured	92,373	190,132	80,674	36,089	51,794	21,321	29,630	59,049	548,012	510,430
Value-payable	476,542	224,867	220,738	127,212	101,644	14,729	94,119	11,564	1,271,415	1,298,524
Ordinary	107,326	162,419	125,372	70,372	59,913	36,721	6,192	26,669	504,984	544,679
Value-payable	642,090	290,924	215,016	181,773	182,866	111,273	28,132	6,615	1,679,589	1,570,411
TOTAL PARCELS	1,874,947	1,373,983	1,022,590	719,433	912,055	346,211	270,096	236,982	6,861,927	6,412,222
GRAND TOTAL	164,841,711	194,708,487	167,658,174	104,725,995	135,935,159	77,921,431	39,512,905	59,874,230	945,147,612	919,244,227
Number of articles deposited as dead	546,320	387,212	297,263	552,299	431,246	137,209	96,683	101,254	2,501,806	2,963,653
Total numbers delivered	164,295,391	194,321,275	167,360,911	104,222,396	135,483,913	77,684,221	39,466,222	59,772,976	942,645,806	916,280,574

* Computed from the actual figures of 14 days of the year.

Appendix III.

Statement showing the number of articles dealt with by the several Dead Letter Offices during the year 1910-11.

Names of Dead Letter Offices.	RECEIVED FOR DISPOSAL.*					Total.	Total for 1909-10.
	Unregistered letters and postcards.	Registered newspapers.	Unregistered packets.	Registered letters, post-cards and packets.	Parcels.		
Bombay	1,454,191	41,376	67,792	24,089	13,212	1,600,660	1,530,209
Calcutta	1,436,719	92,550	160,036	22,481	28,143	1,739,929	1,735,812
Dacca	577,633	1,443	11,806	7,204	4,021	602,107	516,034
Lahore	1,271,888	20,881	37,258	9,981	7,009	1,347,017	1,189,496
Lucknow	1,266,219	14,085	25,766	11,196	7,340	1,324,606	1,576,134
Madras	1,038,093	32,985	108,374	55,700	24,658	1,259,740	1,288,516
Nagpur	522,078	3,855	5,089	5,392	1,565	537,979	600,864
Rangoon	392,437	7,692	13,476	7,713	4,471	425,789	784,683
TOTAL (a)	7,959,258	214,867	429,527	143,756	90,419	8,837,827	9,215,748
(1) Issued for delivery to addressees	2,728,514	61,431	142,315	11,778	14,200	2,958,238	2,830,065
Percentage on total at (a)	34.28	28.59	33.13	8.19	15.71	33.47	30.71
(2) Issued for delivery to senders	3,260,805	148,529	257,762	120,324	71,965	3,859,475	4,026,242
Percentage on total at (a)	40.97	69.13	60.01	83.70	79.59	43.67	43.69
(3) Total of (1) and (2)	5,989,409	209,960	400,077	132,102	86,165	6,817,713	6,856,307
Percentage on total at (a)	75.25	97.72	93.14	91.89	95.30	77.14	74.40
(4) Actually delivered to addressees or senders	5,516,092	109,579	398,420	127,355	84,575	6,336,021	6,252,095
Percentage of (4) on (3)	92.10	99.82	99.59	96.41	98.15	92.93	91.19
(5) Returned as undeliverable	473,317	381	1,657	4,747	1,590	481,692	604,218
Percentage of (5) on (3)	7.90	.18	.41	3.59	1.85	7.07	8.81
(6) Deposited originally as dead	1,969,849	4,907	29,450	11,654	4,254	2,020,114	2,359,441
Percentage of (6) on (a)	24.75	2.28	6.86	8.11	4.70	22.86	25.60
(7) Total deposited as dead	2,443,166	5,288	31,107	16,401	5,844	2,501,806	2,963,653
Percentage of (7) on (a)	30.70	2.46	7.24	11.41	6.46	28.31	32.16

2-rupee Stamps.	3-rupee Stamps.	5-rupee Stamps.	10-rupee Stamps.	15-rupee Stamps.	25-rupee Stamps.	1-anna ^a Booklets.	2-anna ^a Booklets.	4 and 1-anna combined Booklets.	Postal Service Stamps. Total of all kinds.	Gross value.
2,35,408	70,844	813,137	127,617	62,472	7,895	15,951,808	7,112,784	4,301,784	177,978	...
8,72,816	2,12,332	10,65,685	12,76,170	9,37,080	1,27,375	4,98,492	4,44,549	1,79,241	98,488	3,08,91,847
2'83	'59	3'45	4'13	3'03	'64	1'61	1'44	'58	'31	100
440,802	92,095	817,547	121,319	52,385	21,857	21,766,944	10,105,744	5,616,200	58,705	...
8,81,604	2,76,285	10,87,735	12,13,190	7,85,775	546,425	6,80,217	6,31,609	2,34,425	33,281	3,24,89,132
2'85	'89	3'52	3'93	2'54	1'77	2'20	2'05	'76	'21	105'17

10-rupee Stamps.	15-rupee Stamps.	25-rupee Stamps.	Gross value.
1,068	598	249	...
10,680	8,970	6,225	46,80,857
23	19	14	100
3,121	1,870	1,142	...
31,210	28,050	28,550	50,81,421
68	61	62	109'97

		½-anna Inland Postcards.	½-anna Inland Reply Postcards.	1-anna Foreign Postcards.	2-anna Foreign Reply Postcards.	½-anna Wrappers.	1-anna Wrappers.	½-anna Envelopes.	½-anna Commercial Envelopes.
1909-10 ...	Number of each kind of stamps issued	116,509,522	32,563,308	64,396	4,192	281,709	13,706	69,322,118	590,920
	Value of ditto ditto ...	18,20,446	10,17,602	4,018	524	10,250	928	21,66,316	20,313
	Proportion of value of each to whole value of stamps issued ...	5'89	3'30	'01	'00	'03	'00	7'01	'07
1910-11 ...	Number of each kind of stamps issued...	116,846,458	35,221,942	69,782	3,896	291,630	16,547	68,225,400	556,080
	Value of ditto ditto ...	18,25,726	11,00,585	4,362	487	10,622	1,120	21,32,044	19,115
	Proportion of value of each to whole value of stamps issued in previous year ...	5'91	3'56	'01	'00	'03	'00	6'90	'06

Service Postage Stamps.				½-anna Postcards.
1909-10 ...	Number of each kind of stamps issued...			2,913,330
	Value of	ditto	ditto ...	45,521
	Proportion of value of each to whole of stamps issued ...			'99
1910-11 ...	Number of each kind of stamps issued...			2,831,500
	Value of	ditto	ditto ...	44,288
	Proportion of value of each to whole value of stamps issued in previous year ...			'96

Appendix V (a).

Statement showing the money order business in the last ten years.

YEAR.	INLAND ORDERS.				FOREIGN (INCLUDING NATIVE STATE) ORDERS.				GRAND TOTAL.			
	Number.	Amount.	Increase per cent on Number.	Increase per cent on Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Increase per cent on Number.	Increase per cent on Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Increase per cent on Number.	Increase per cent on Amount.
		Rs.				Rs.				Rs.		
1901-02 . . .	13,581,928	26,84,51,162	+ 5'10	+ 2'18	525,290	2,41,00,707	+ 5'43	+ 10'51	14,107,218	29,25,51,869	+ 5'12	+ 2'82
1902-03 . . .	15,311,955	27,82,17,678	+ 12'74	+ 3'64	556,609	2,48,09,679	+ 5'96	+ 2'94	15,868,564	30,30,27,357	+ 12'48	+ 3'58
1903-04 . . .	16,470,115	29,43,59,136	+ 7'56	+ 5'80	596,478	2,67,74,506	+ 7'16	+ 7'92	17,066,593	32,11,33,642	+ 7'55	+ 5'98
1904-05 . . .	17,657,917	31,04,28,794	+ 7'21	+ 5'46	642,611	2,88,05,118	+ 7'73	+ 7'58	18,300,528	33,92,33,912	+ 7'23	+ 5'64
1905-06 . . .	19,622,437	33,14,36,803	+ 11'13	+ 6'77	673,981	3,11,97,172	+ 4'88	+ 8'30	20,296,418	36,26,33,975	+ 10'91	+ 6'90
1906-07 . . .	20,923,383	35,25,97,091	+ 6'63	+ 6'38	697,430	3,15,80,334	+ 3'48	+ 10'84	21,620,813	38,71,77,475	+ 6'52	+ 6'77
1907-08 . . .	22,109,666	37,97,08,358	+ 5'67	+ 7'69	737,016	3,82,49,203	+ 5'68	+ 10'61	22,846,682	41,79,57,561	+ 5'67	+ 7'95
1908-09 . . .	23,132,115	39,19,26,114	+ 4'62	+ 3'22	745,522	3,58,68,601	+ 1'15	— 6'22	23,877,637	42,77,94,715	+ 4'51	+ 2'35
1909-10 . . .	23,888,149	39,96,47,848	+ 3'27	+ 1'98	781,012	3,60,53,890	+ 4'76	+ '52	24,669,161	43,57,28,738	+ 3'31	+ 1'85
1910-11 . . .	24,781,847	41,85,13,444	+ 3'74	+ 4'71	851,781	4,15,04,645	+ 9'06	+ 15'12	25,633,628	46,00,18,089	+ 3'91	+ 5'57

TOTALS GIVEN ABOVE CONVERTED INTO POUND
CURRENCY AT THE FIXED RATE OF RS. 15 TO A
POUND (A)

	128,248	69,29,690	4	127,076	64,82,821	13	— '91	— 6.45	70,248	97,52,953	13	82,130	1,29,11,359	14	+ 1691	+ 32.38
B.—FOREIGN RUPEE ORDERS.																
		Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.				Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.		
British East Africa	239	14,704	11	289	22,881	3			13,791	9,47,303	10	14,620	19,02,560	9		
Ceylon	12,638	4,73,816	4	13,939	4,97,180	5			156,229	55,41,549	13	228,716	67,34,913	9		
Federated Malay States	631	29,395	4	757	33,089	8			35,661	23,32,066	15	45,594	29,69,745	5		
German East Africa	24	4,465	7	12	5,37	10			4,820	7,61,849	2	6,001	9,71,065	2		
Hong Kong	1,629	1,51,163	8	1,932	1,64,359	6			5,797	2,93,293	0.	5,114	2,99,625	1		
Mauritius	372	22,400	8	430	22,874	7			1,356	58,832	11	1,459	60,888	14		
North Borneo	3	38	15	10	334	13			242	20,130	6	351	30,605	4		
Portuguese Settlements (India)	17,991	7,15,625	12	18,626	7,51,396	1			5,107	1,11,614	9	5,634	1,15,745	2		
Sarawak	3	98	1	4	29	10			559	31,026	10	639	35,880	3		
Seychelles	32	2,328	7	34	1,198	4			873	1,70,404	2	744	91,141	11		
Somaliland (Br. Protectorate)	188	18,404	0	110	10,725	7			2,168	75,684	14	1,293	50,450	14		
Straits Settlements	1,232	61,443	8	1,145	56,099	13			36,507	19,91,563	0	38,308	21,74,223	7		
Zanzibar (Br. Protectorate)	193	32,282	6	187	34,225	11			5,595	4,03,160	8	5,999	4,33,718	11		
Siam . . . . .	...	...	...	37	2,310	7			...	...	...	912	51,139	11		
TOTAL (B)	35,175	15,26,591	11	37,512	16,02,244	9	+ 664	+ 4.82	309,107	1,27,38,179	4	355,384	1,50,21,763	7	+ 15.00	+ 17.92
C.—NATIVE STATE RUPEE ORDERS.																
		Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.				Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.		
Chamba	1,051	28,437	4	1,179	32,553	6			4,204	96,417	9	4,156	97,920	4		
Gwalior	37,351	8,17,218	10	38,662	8,37,050	6			82,750	16,83,619	6	91,665	19,11,853	5		
Jhind	8,729	1,96,933	6	8,800	2,04,021	15			9,700	2,19,022	5	10,345	2,47,351	13		
Natha	6,851	2,40,950	5	7,071	2,22,464	5			7,738	1,71,556	15	8,247	1,83,744	2		
Patiala	32,349	8,69,519	9	31,645	8,80,917	13			45,776	8,09,663	10	47,909	8,60,543	13		
TOTAL (C)	87,131	21,53,129	2	87,257	21,86,037	13	+ 126	+ 1.53	151,278	29,80,279	13	162,322	33,02,448	5	+ 7.30	+ 10.81
GRAND TOTAL, BEING TOTALS OF (A), (B) AND (C)	250,554	1,06,09,411	1	251,945	1,02,61,104	2	+ 355	— 3.70	530,533	2,54,71,712	14	599,836	3,12,35,511	10	+ 13.06	+ 22.63

Statement showing money order transactions with the United Kingdom, British possessions, and foreign countries and with the Native States of India during the year 1910-11 and the preceding year.

NAMES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND NATIVE STATES WITH WHICH DIRECT EXCHANGES EXIST.	ORDERS ISSUED BY INDIA.				ORDERS PAID IN INDIA.					
	1909-10.		1910-11.		1909-10.		1910-11.		Increase + or decrease in per cent on number.	Increase + or decrease in per cent on amount.
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.		
	A.—FOREIGN STERLING ORDERS.				A.—FOREIGN STERLING ORDERS.					
United Kingdom	107,127	£ 387,328 3 1	106,149	£ 360,812 3 1	35,320	£ 273,794 8 1	40,536	£ 344,177 16 5		
Austria	1,025	4,606 7 4	989	4,432 13 5	284	841 12 4	296	1,283 12 3		
British Guiana	28	101 4 8	39	348 12 9	792	1,859 15 4	922	2,273 17 5		
British Central Africa	7	6 14 9	9	57 0 0	536	4,475 18 2	628	5,847 3 5		
Denmark	242	539 17 8	385	838 1 0	77	682 11 7	6	1,260 14 2		
Egypt	1,309	8,534 11 4	1,124	7,969 3 7	3,240	70,279 16 0	3,295	71,167 3 4		
France	9,218	19,756 14 4	8,722	17,467 0 8	1,608	8,705 1 2	1,760	10,787 17 9		
Germany	4,336	13,872 4 7	5,060	16,353 0 0	2,524	18,351 2 6	2,740	19,284 5 7		
Italy	1,527	9,936 14 8	1,364	8,975 19 8	1,242	34,335 3 1	3,061	96,596 6 6		
Malta	117	599 6 4	99	396 8 3	121	1,686 10 4	139	2,626 3 2		
New South Wales	657	2,182 10 9	595	1,921 8 1	1,445	14,428 4 0	1,417	10,703 18 8		
New Zealand	245	947 0 9	203	910 16 5	865	3,111 17 8	957	3,545 9 7		
Norway	...	...	36	133 19 2	...	...	24	68 7 7		
Queensland	109	419 7 0	134	400 10 4	523	8,084 1 4	624	11,186 10 5		
South Africa, Union of—Provinces of Cape of Good Hope, Orange Free State, Natal, and Transvaal.	495	3,034 7 2	459	3,946 1 10	18,288	192,005 11 2	21,971	262,031 11 11		
South Australia	127	463 18 9	107	432 6 6	378	2,073 1 5	444	2,432 13 4		
Switzerland	520	2,389 9 9	505	2,415 15 3	220	713 14 6	240	662 12 6		
Tasmania	130	385 17 1	104	319 2 11	121	387 5 10	117	307 17 8		
Trinidad	9	46 3 11	11	94 3 9	1,064	3,864 4 0	1,086	3,875 17 7		
Victoria	739	3,567 14 3	745	2,929 0 3	1,044	6,511 0 0	1,182	7,173 1 10		
Western Australia	206	7,145 7 10	207	1,071 13 2	556	4,031 19 11	595	3,664 5 5		
Total	128,248	£ 61,979 7 0	127,076	£ 43,118 5 2	70,248	£ 650,196 18 5	82,130	£ 860,757 6 6	+ 1691	+ 3238

to postal circles.

DIX PAWAL.	BALANCE.		Average number of depositors per bank.	Average balance in each bank.	Average balance at credit of each depositor.	CLASSIFICATION OF DEPOSITS.								TOTAL.
	At call.	Subject to six months' notice of withdrawal.				CLASS I.—PROFESSIONAL.		Class II—Domestic.	Class III—Commercial.	Class IV—Agricultural.	Class V—Industrial.	Class VI—Indefinite.		
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	No.						No.	No.
5 13 0	3,17,16,512 9 6	7,129 13 11	185'60	18,789'89	101'24	84,751	19,803	34,054	13,043	7,215	8,187	130,859	307,778	
1 0 1	4,68,43,395 9 11	1,808 0 0	220'38	35,090'04	159'23	71,968	15,927	34,653	13,449	4,596	13,022	140,518	294,203	
1 5 5	51,24,920 15 1	70 0 0	237'87	18,911'37	72'50	11,700	2,756	23,901	2,213	518	5,077	18,297	61,464	
8 8 8	95,85,221 15 5	838 5 0	101'93	13,539'63	132'83	20,431	3,850	14,200	1,767	649	2,975	28,194	78,166	
0 11 9	1,93,79,261 7 6	6,161 15 2	151'55	18,963'22	125'16	35,631	14,313	19,520	4,632	2,868	4,311	73,631	154,886	
4 15 9	1,27,26,781 14 5	2,799 10 0	116'35	7,204'05	61'92	58,573	15,820	26,829	12,247	9,134	9,989	72,996	205,588	
6 1 9	2,21,67,001 1 6	437 8 0	186'42	25,712'98	137'93	39,899	12,388	43,353	5,535	2,506	6,040	51,615	161,441	
54 10 2	2,20,93,687 8 4	2,104 12 7	130'55	16,970'65	129'99	40,860	12,121	43,599	5,799	4,909	4,450	58,233	169,981	
3 3 7	16,91,56,774 1 8	21,449 14 8	160'30	18,948'17	113'28	363,813	95,058	241,104	59,735	32,395	54,661	583,385	1,430,431	
8 13 10	15,26,36,181 5 7	30,35,604 9 0	157'28	18,008'76	115'07	349,325	92,240	233,876	57,047	30,747	52,128	563,453	1,378,916	
14 4 9	+1,35,30,599 12 1	-30,14,154 10 4	+2'32	+849'41	+3'21	+14,488	+3,718	+7,228	+2,683	+1,648	+1,833	+19,032	+51,515	
+555'45	+2869	-99'29	+1'86	+4'69	+2'79	+4'15	+4'03	+3'09	+4'71	+5'36	+3'51	+3'54	+1'74	

Appendix IX.
Statement showing the traffic statistics of combined (post and telegraph) offices for the year 1910-11.

	Number of combined offices on 31st March 1911.	Total cost incurred by the Post Office working combined offices during the year and debited to the Telegraph Department.	NUMBER OF MESSAGES.			Revenue realised during the year on sent messages (Inland and Foreign).	REMARKS.
			Sent, Inland and Foreign (excluding "Free messages").	Received.	Transit.		
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	
Total for 1910-11	...	12,11,158 9 3	6,45,670	5,710,704	1,189,444	35,24,830 5 0	
Total for 1909-10	...	11,70,489 3 6	5,78,614	5,177,478	1,088,032	34,06,855 0 0	
Increase (+) or decrease (—)	...	+ 40,669 5 9	+ 670,656	+ 533,226	+ 101,412	+ 3,18,575 5 0	
Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—)	...	+ 3'47	+ 11'59	+ 10'29	+ 9'32	+ 9'93	

Appendix X.

Statement showing the operations of the scheme of Life Insurance, Endowment Assurance, and Monthly Allowances during the year 1910-11.

	LIFE INSURANCE.				ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.				GRAND TOTAL.				MONTHLY ALLOWANCES.			
	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of subscribers.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Amount of subscriptions received.	Claims of monthly allowances met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.
Post Office	106	Rs. 1,37,350	Rs. a. p. 64,643 4 3	Rs. a. p. 1,01,251 6 9	610	Rs. 5,56,061	Rs. a. p. 2,21,401 9 9	Rs. a. p. 96,800 4 11	716	Rs. 6,93,311	Rs. a. p. 2,86,044 14 0	Rs. a. p. 1,98,051 11 8	1	Rs. a. p. 1 0 0	Rs. a. p. 45 2 8	...
Telegraph Department	27	51,400	28,776 1 8	21,041 3 4	75	1,68,873	64,423 0 0	18,768 4 4	102	2,20,273	93,199 1 8	39,839 7 8	...	...	...	550 0 0
Public Works Department	21	41,750	14,743 6 3	10,552 9 3	105	1,89,316	1,01,904 13 6	57,078 9 3	126	2,31,066	1,16,648 3 9	67,631 2 6	...	...	112 8 0	191 8 0
Local Fund	8	9,100	1,899 2 9	193 9 9	38	53,300	17,032 11 5	3,120 14 0	46	62,400	18,931 14 2	3,314 7 9	3	24 15 1	2,985 6 4	6,717 5 1
Other Civil Departments	146	2,60,450	97,166 4 0	33,925 5 7	521	8,72,690	5,06,285 5 7	2,06,950 1 1	667	11,33,140	6,93,551 9 7	2,40,875 6 8	2	54 0 0	59 6 0	1,428 8 11
Military Department	18	24,500	8,098 5 0	2,383 12 11	36	47,000	27,797 12 2	6,892 1 4	54	71,500	35,896 1 2	9,275 14 3	...	...	9 6 0	72 0 0
TOTAL	(a) 326	5,24,450	2,15,426 7 11	1,69,347 15 7	(b) 1,385	18,87,240	9,48,845 4 5	3,89,640 2 11	1,711	24,11,690	11,54,271 12 4	5,58,988 2 6	(c) 6	79 15 1	3,211 13 0	8,959 6 0
TOTAL FOR 1909-10	430	6,26,194	2,07,463 4 6	1,38,407 1 4	1,750	22,49,766	8,83,156 8 8	3,02,744 2 0	2,180	28,75,960	10,90,619 13 2	4,41,151 3 4	4	41 8 0	2,711 7 9	10,562 1 10
Increase	...	...	7,963 3 5	30,940 14 3	...	...	55,683 11 9	86,896 0 11	...	...	63,651 15 2	1,17,836 15 2	2	38 7 1	500 5 3	...
Decrease	104	1,01,744	...	...	365	3,62,526	...	...	469	4,64,270	...	...	...	...	...	1,602 11 10

* Revised figure.

	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
(a) 1910-11
1909-10
(b) 1910-11
1909-10
(c) 1910-11
1909-10

Appendix XI.

Statement showing the financial result of the administration of the Postal Insurance Fund to the end of the year 1910-11.

LIFE INSURANCE.			ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.			MONTHLY ALLOWANCES.		
Receipts—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Receipts—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Receipts—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Balance on 1st April 1910 . . . . .	.....	22,10,344 6 5 * 221 2 11	Balance on 1st April 1910 . . . . .	.....	45,10,001 2 11 * 735 13 3	Balance on 1st April 1910 . . . . .	.....	96,292 3 4 * 13 7 10
Premia realised on Life Insurance Policies during 1910-11	2,15,277 7 0	.....	Premia realised on Endowment Assurance Policies during 1910-1911	9,38,019 8 10	.....	Subscriptions realised during 1910-11	404 4 8	.....
Fines realised during 1910-11	93 0 11	.....	Fines realised during 1910-11	384 4 9	.....	Amount paid in lump for purchase of immediate monthly allowances	2,807 8 4	.....
Medical fees realised during 1910-11	56 0 0	.....	Medical fees realised during 1910-11	441 6 10	.....	Fines realised during 1910-11 . . . . .	.....	3,211 13 0
TOTAL . . . . .	.....	21,54,26 7 11 24,25,992 1 3	TOTAL . . . . .	.....	9,38,845 4 5 54,19,582 4 7	TOTAL . . . . .	.....	99,517 8 2
Payments—			Payments—			Payments—		
Life Insurance Policies paid	1,14,136 2 9	.....	Endowment Assurance Policies paid	3,18,220 9 10	.....	Allowances paid	8,730 5 0	.....
Surrender values paid	47,145 9 5	.....	Surrender values paid	47,975 14 1	.....	Surrender values paid	108 15 0	.....
Medical fees paid	2,440 0 0	.....	Medical fees paid	4,876 0 0	.....	Refunds of subscription	3 2 0	.....
Refunds of Medical fees	8 0 0	.....	Refunds of medical fees	24 0 0	.....	Cost of Postal establishment, including printing, etc.	117 0 0	.....
Refunds	335 3 5	.....	Refunds	793 11 0	.....		
Cost of Postal establishment, including printing, etc.	5,283 0 0	.....	Cost of Postal establishment, including printing, etc.	17,750 0 0	.....		
TOTAL . . . . .	.....	1,69,347 15 7 22,56,644 1 8	TOTAL . . . . .	.....	3,89,640 2 11 50,59,942 1 8	TOTAL . . . . .	.....	8,959 6 0 90,558 2 2
Interest on balance . . . . .	.....	78,025 7 5	Interest on balance . . . . .	.....	1,60,219 10 8	Interest on balance . . . . .	.....	3,292 7 0
Balance on 31st March 1911 . . . . .	.....	23,34,669 9 1	Balance on 31st March 1911 . . . . .	.....	52,29,161 12 4	Balance on 31st March 1911 . . . . .	.....	93,850 9 2

* This amount was intimated after the report for 1909-10 had been published.

APPENDIX XII.

Appendix

Statement showing the receipts and charges of

POST OFFICE RECEIPTS.	Amount.	
	Rs.	Rs.
Postage realised in cash	14,34,220	
DEDUCT—Refund of Postage	839	
		14,33,381
Gross sale of Ordinary Postage and Unified stamps	3,16,44,020	
DEDUCT—Civil Department share	19,26,900	
Net payments made by India in respect of correspondence and parcels exchanged between it and other countries	4,12,325	
	23,39,225	
Net Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of Ordinary stamps	2,93,04,795	
Gross sale of Service Postage stamps	50,82,817	
Total Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of stamps	3,43,87,612	
DEDUCT—Telegraph Department share	1,10,79,577	
Net Post Office share of sale of Postage and Unified stamps . . . . .	.....	2,33,08,035
Passenger Service Receipts		14,400
Receipts on account of Money Orders		50,09,210
Receipts on account of British Postal Orders		19,830
Fees and Petty Receipts :—		
Fees for Window Delivery Tickets	22,102	
Contributions from private individuals and Native States	42,901	
Other Petty Receipts	1,15,380	
TOTAL	1,80,383	

XII.

the Post Office during the year 1910-1911.

POST OFFICE EXPENDITURE.		Amount.	
		Rs.	Rs.
I.—POSTAL SERVICE.			
CONTROL	Salaries	5,69,581	
	Establishment	9,65,120	
	Other charges	7,77,907	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	5,132	
	Other Special Items	4,445	
			23,22,185
OFFICE OF ACCOUNT AND AUDIT.	Salaries	82,687	
	Establishment	6,90,954	
	Other charges	48,334	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	1,931	
	Other Special Items	295	
		8,24,201	
DEDUCT—Cost of Accountant-General's Office debitable to Telegraph Department.		21,200	
			8,03,001
PRESIDENCY AND DISTRICT OFFICES.	Salaries	13,23,799	
	Establishment	1,26,76,599	
	Other charges	24,85,170	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	1,50,899	
	Other Special Items	48,139	
			1,66,84,606
CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.	Subsidies	19,62,399	
	Road Establishment and charges	20,70,658	
	Ferry and Boat Establishment charges	34,276	
	Gratuities to Masters of ships	1,978	
	Passenger Service Establishment and charges	87,212	
	Special Train Hire	2,55,625	
	Construction of Vans	67,445	
	Other Payments to Railways	19,54,712	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	64,668	
	Other Special Items	429	
			64,99,402
STATIONERY AND PRINTING.	Stationery supplied by Superintendents, Government Printing	5,72,094	
	Stationery supplied from Central stores	2,89,649	
	Stationery purchased in the country	1,755	
	Printing at Government (including Jail) Presses	2,47,711	
	Printing at Private Presses	17,077	
	Printing at Departmental Presses. { Establishment	52,615	
	Other charges	27,866	
	Grain Compensation Allowances	185	
	Other Special Items . . . . .	...
		12,08,952	
DEDUCT—Recovery from the Telegraph Department		45,206	
			11,63,746
MISCELLANEOUS	Salaries	7,820	
	Aligarh Work-shop. { Establishment	14,524	
	Other charges	1,904	
	Other Special Items . . . . .	...
	Cost of Postage and Unified stamps	8,71,904	
	Compensation for lost or damaged insured and other articles	25,509	
		10,296	
			9,31,957
TOTAL EXPENDITURE AS PER POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS . . . . .		...	2,84,04,897

Appendix

Statement showing the receipts and charges of

POST OFFICE RECEIPTS.	Amount.	
	Rs.	Rs.
Deduct—Refund of Window Delivery Fees	22	.....
Refund of other Petty Receipts	10,404	.....
TOTAL	10,426	1,69,957
TOTAL REVENUE AS PER POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS	FOR 1910-11	2,99,54,813
	FOR 1909-10	2,89,08,429

XII—contd.*the Post Office during the year 1910-11.*

POST OFFICE EXPENDITURE.	Amount.	
	Rs.	Rs.
II.—CHARGES NOT SHOWN IN THE POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS BUT DEBITED TO THE POST OFFICE IN THE FINANCE AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS.		
Stores from England	37,590	
Payments under Postal arrangements with the Lords of the Treasury	8,18,820	
		8,56,410
GRAND TOTAL {	FOR 1910-11	2,92,61,307
	FOR 1909-10	2,89,13,731

No. 7422—7442-170.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TELEGRAPHS.

Simla, the 5th October 1911.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1910-11.

ORDERED that copies of the report be forwarded to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the Home and Finance Departments, the Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, all Local Governments and Administrations and the Government of Ceylon, for information.

ORDERED also that the report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

FOR

1910-11.

GENERAL REPORT.

Statistical information relating to the growth of the Department from its commencement up to date is given in a convenient form in Appendix E.

2. The capital account at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 11,11,83,432, General Capital account, Appendix B. the expenditure on that head in 1910-11 being Rs. 22,13,319 which includes Rs. 2,79,716, the outlay in the Public Works Department on telegraph buildings.

3. The revenue earned having been Rs. 1,28,69,207 and the working Revenue account, expenses Rs. 1,18,77,501, the surplus amounts to Rs. 9,91,706 representing a Appendix B. return on capital outlay of 892 per cent.

4. As compared with the previous year, the working expenses have decreased by Rs. 2,35,283 as follows :—

	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.
General charges ... ..	...	24,296
Line Maintenance	81,811	...
Signalling ... ..	...	2,92,798
Total ...	81,811	3,17,094
Net decrease ...	...	2,35,283

The decrease under general charges was the net result of the increase due to the introduction of the Circle scheme counterbalanced by the decrease due to the revised classification of certain charges introduced after the introduction of that scheme. The charges for the office establishments of Superintendents of divisions hitherto debited under general charges are now classified under line maintenance which accounts for the increase under the latter head. The decrease under signalling is principally due to less expenditure under office stores, during the year. ●

5. The receipts from all classes amounted to Rs. 1,28,69,207 as compared with Rs. 1,21,19,219 in the previous year, the increase being made up as follows:—

	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.
Message revenue	7,05,885	...
Rent of wires and instruments leased to Railways and Canals ... ..	...	24,178
Rent of local and private lines and recoveries from guarantors	59,096	...
Miscellaneous	9,185	...
Total ...	7,74,166	24,178
Net increase ...	7,49,988	...

The increase in message revenue is due to healthier trade conditions prevailing in the country as compared with the previous year.

The decrease in the rent received from Railways for services rendered by this Department is due to certain Railways taking over the maintenance of their own telegraphs.

6. Appendix F and the diagram of curves immediately following it show by figures and by curves, respectively, the variations that have occurred during the last 17 years in the number of paid telegrams and in the working expenses per paid telegram under the head "Line maintenance" and "Signalling." Details of the Departmental expenditure under those heads for the past five years are given in Appendix B, but, in calculating the expenses per telegram for the purposes of this diagram, all charges not properly debitable to Departmental traffic, such as those for Railway and private line offices, have been excluded.

The curve denoting the working expenses under both "Line maintenance" and "Signalling" show a very satisfactory fall notwithstanding the rise in the volume of traffic. The reason for the fall in the average value of a paid telegram of all classes is the same as that given in paragraph 38, *vis.*, the preference given to the lower or "ordinary" class by senders of Inland telegrams.

7. On the 31st of March 1911, there were 9,110 telegraph offices of all kinds in India and Burma, of which 7,265 were open for paid telegrams and 1,845 for purely administrative purposes. Of the former 279 were departmental, 2,577 combined, 4,398 railway and 11 canal offices as compared with 7,225 in the previous year made up of 279 departmental, 2,483 combined, 4,451 railway and 12 canal offices. This Department technically supervised 3,591 railway and canal offices, of which 1,966 were open to the public for paid message traffic. There were also 2,663 telegraph offices controlled and supervised by railway companies, of which 2,443 were open to the public.

8. The system maintained by the Telegraph Department was augmented during the year by a net increase of 2,082 miles of line and 4,734 miles of wire, including cable, and at its close comprised 74,828 miles of line and 292,001 miles of wire and cable. Of the latter 91,692 were used by railways, 7,919 by canals, 13,840 in connection with telephone exchanges and private lines and 178,550 for departmental purposes.

Telegraph Offices,
Appendices B and
E.

Extensions, para-
graphs 59 to 65—
Appendices A and
E.

9. The subscriptions to the Telegraph Department for telephone and similar services rendered during the calendar year 1910 amounted to Rs. 5,37,045, being an increase of Rs. 48,175 over the figures for the previous year. The average annual subscriptions for the past five years amounted to Rs. 4,05,021. Telephones, Departmental.

10. The gross earnings of the Telephone Companies during the calendar year 1910 amounted to Rs. 11,12,324, being an advance of Rs. 1,58,889 over those for the previous year. The average annual collective earnings of the Companies during the past five years were Rs. 8,37,258. Telephone Companies.

EVENTS OF INTEREST.

11. The chief event of interest during the year was the introduction of the Circle scheme. Preliminary measures had been taken during the latter portion of the previous year, including the abolition of all sub-divisions, and on the 1st of April every Circle Officer was at his head quarters and with the exception of two, so were all the Superintendents. The reasons for the introduction of the scheme were given in last year's Administration Report and do not require recapitulation. Reorganisation of the Department.

12. As was only to be expected on the introduction of a change of such a radical nature it took some time for things to settle down, and it is due to the manner in which all ranks co-operated that the disturbance to work was so small. The chief difficulty experienced arose from the clerks requiring some time to get accustomed to their new duties and a great deal of extra work was thus thrown on Superintendents.

13. While it has been found possible to decentralise to a very great extent in connection with construction and general matters, it has not been possible to effect the same amount of decentralisation with regard to traffic. The staff is borne on one cadre and promotions and changes must therefore be dealt with at head quarters. The distances in India are so great that the main traffic centres lie within different Circles and in order to ensure uniformity of procedure, all through and international traffic has to be dealt with by head quarters.

14. There has been some loss of control over the line staff owing to the withdrawal of local officers to Divisional head quarters, but steps are being taken to remedy this.

15. It will take some time longer for everything to settle down thoroughly but it can be said that the scheme has now been successfully introduced.

16. His Imperial and Royal Highness the Crown Prince of the German Empire and of Prussia visited India during the year, arriving at Bombay on the 14th of December and leaving Bombay for Europe on the 25th of February 1911. Visit of the Crown Prince of Germany.

17. Before leaving India His Imperial and Royal Highness was pleased to express his appreciation of the arrangements which were specially made for the prompt delivery and despatch of his telegrams.

18. The United Provinces Exhibition, Allahabad, was opened on the 1st of December 1910 and closed on the 28th of February 1911. United Provinces Exhibition.

19. The Telegraph Department were awarded two gold medals, one for "The Telegraph Suspension Bridge and Construction of Telegraph Lines", and the other for "The Show Case of Manufactured Telegraph Instruments and Models".

20. The suspension bridge was erected across the artificial lake in the Exhibition grounds and it is computed that 160,000 persons passed over it.

21. Work done by this Department for the Exhibition Committee of Management in erecting wires for the Electric Light and Power installations, in what was record time, was much appreciated and received their thanks.

22. The operations in connection with the Bastar Rising referred to in paragraph 28 of the report for last year were not concluded till the 10th of June 1910. Bastar Rising.

Volunteering.

23. The number of Volunteers on the rolls of the Department during the year was 1,044 as compared with 1,001 during the previous year. These figures represent 54 per cent of the total civil European and Anglo Indian staff of the Department. Of this number 522 were extra efficient, 458 efficient and 64 non-efficient. By way of encouragement, prizes aggregating Rs. 1,234 were granted for proficiency in drill and shooting.

24. Excellent reports are to hand of the work done by the "D" (Telegraph) Company of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles and the "B" (Telegraph) Company of the Agra Volunteer Rifles. Two teams of seven men each of the latter Company were experimentally trained to take part in live shell practice with 12 pounder B. L. field guns. The men volunteered for this work in addition to their ordinary volunteer and official duties.

25. There were 31 entries and 30 competing teams in the last competition for the Telegraph Officers' Challenge Shield. The shield with gold badges for members of the team was won by the 1st team of the Rawalpindi office and silver and bronze medals, for the second and third places, were won by the Lahore office team and the 1st team of the Agra office, respectively.

26. The Brind Memorial Challenge Cup was won this year by Volunteer A. E. Taylor of the Lahore office with a score of 98 out of a possible 105. Volunteer A. J. Smith of the Rawalpindi office and Sergeant G. F. Michael of Mandalay office, respectively, won the silver and bronze medals as second and third prizes.

Surtax on Radio-telegrams.

27. The special surtax of Rs. 4 per telegram on radio-telegrams exchanged between Calcutta and the Pilot Vessel at the Sandheads was abolished with effect from the 2nd of July in favour of the usual rates for Inland telegrams.

International Radio-telegraphy.

28. In paragraph 83 of the report for last year, mention was made that a radio-telegraph station had been opened at Bombay for the exchange of messages with ships at sea fitted with radio-telegraph apparatus; this station was opened merely as an experiment at first, but as the system has proved so successful, it was decided to open this station, as well as those at Calcutta, Diamond Island, Sandheads, Table Island and Victoria Point, for international traffic with ships fitted with radio-telegraph apparatus with effect from the 1st of November 1910.

29. The radio-telegraph stations at Bassein, Mergui and Port Blair are not at present open for ship-to-shore communication except in cases of distress.

Foreign Telegraphic Money Orders.

30. In paragraph 40 of the report for last year it was stated that arrangements had been completed between the Indian Post Office, the Eastern Telegraph Company and this Department for the introduction, from the 1st of April 1910, of a system of telegraphic money orders between India and Aden at the usual rates for private messages. The system was extended to the exchange of these advices between India and the Seychelles with effect from the 1st of August 1910. The public have only made very small use of these services so far.

Repetition Calls.

31. With effect from the 15th of March, the charges for repetitions of doubtful words in telegrams at the request of the addressee were modified as follows :—

(1) In Inland, the full charge for a telegram at the express or ordinary rate according to the number of words to be repeated. This charge to include the cost of the reply.

(2) In Foreign, the charge for each word to be repeated at the usual rate for State or Private telegrams. This charge to include the cost of the reply.

Mixed Postal and Telegraph service.

32. The mixed Postal and Telegraph service between the United Kingdom and India referred to in paragraph 32 of the report for last year does not at present appear to be very popular with the public. The number of such telegrams posted from Bombay fell from 359 to 275, while the number received from the United Kingdom has slightly increased from 22 to 58 telegrams. On the other hand, the number of telegrams posted from Bombay as ordinary letters rose from 5,480 to 5,776.

33. The rate for telegrams between Burma and Ceylon which was $1\frac{1}{2}$ annas per word more than the Indo-Ceylon rate was assimilated to the latter, *vis.*, 3 annas per word, with effect from the 1st of July 1910. Burma-Ceylon tariff.

34. In April 1910, Reuter's Telegram Company arranged with the Eastern Telegraph Company to collect special Imperial News at Aden for distribution to India and other parts of the world. In consequence the Reuter's service to India has been greatly increased from the 10th of July. Reuter's News Service.

35. With effect from the 4th of April 1910, the rates for Press telegrams between India and Burma on the one side, and Aden and Perim on the other, were reduced from eight annas to six annas per word. Foreign Press telegrams.

TRAFFIC.

36. The number and value of telegrams of each class at the close of each quinquennial period 1850-51 to 1899-1900 and during each year since, are given in Appendix E. Amount and value of traffic.

37. The total paid traffic (excluding news-free and concessional telegrams), when compared with the previous year, shows an increase of 1,005,531 or 8.32 per cent in number and Rs. 6,26,235 or 7.25 per cent in value. The improvement appears to have been general as in the Railway Administration Report for the calendar year 1910 an increase of Rs. 62,000 is shown on account of telegraph earnings. The general rise commenced in the autumn of 1910.

38. Inland Private traffic (excluding Press) for the whole year shows an increase in number of 740,236 or 7.53 per cent and of Rs. 3,03,404 or 5.58 per cent in value. The average value of an Inland Private telegram has fallen from Rs. 552 in 1909-10 to Rs. 542 in 1910-11. The fall is attributable to the larger use of the lower or ordinary class in telegraphing as will be seen from the analysis given in paragraph 46. Inland Private.

39. In Inland State telegrams there has been an increase of 155,024 or 18.57 per cent in number and of Rs. 1,07,118 or 13.88 per cent in value. The average value of an Inland State telegram has, however, fallen from Rs. 943 to Rs. 888. Inland State.

40. Foreign Private telegrams (including Press and Foreign Transit traffic) show an increase of 128,561 or 10.11 per cent in number and of Rs. 2,77,664 or 12.85 per cent in value. The increase in the number of words contained in these was 1,150,728 or 9.50 per cent. Foreign Private.

41. Foreign State telegrams show an increase of Rs. 1,812 or 11.94 per cent in number and of Rs. 8,930 or 16.35 per cent in value. The revenue from Foreign State telegrams transiting India is included under Foreign Private. Foreign State.

42. There were 142,257 Inland Press telegrams containing 25,004,393 words transmitted during the year, as against 161,417 telegrams containing 27,556,637 words during the previous year, or a decrease of 19,160 or 11.87 per cent in the number of telegrams and of 2,552,244 or 9.26 per cent in the number of words. The receipts for such telegrams decreased from Rs. 1,68,363 in the previous year to Rs. 1,53,565 or 8.79 per cent. The decrease in this traffic during the last two years is due, as explained in paragraphs 35 and 49 of the report for last year, to the concessions granted by which correspondents now telegraph to registered distributing news agencies at some of the principal centres instead of to newspapers direct. Inland Press.

43. The Foreign Press traffic amounted to 14,745 telegrams, containing 1,261,153 words, as compared with 11,897 telegrams and 1,289,135 words during the previous year, or an increase of 23.93 per cent in the number of telegrams and a decrease of 2.17 per cent in the number of words. The Indian share of their value was Rs. 35,368 as against Rs. 39,173 the previous year, or a decrease of 9.71 per cent. Foreign Press.

News-free and concessional telegrams.

44. The following statement shows the amount of news-free and concessional message traffic during the year :—

			No.	Pro forma value. Rs.
Mail Steamer reports ...	...	...	27,935	27,968
Reuter's Government and Press ...	...	...	140,382	96,226
Indian News Agency ...	...	...	76,513	51,560
French Government Service ...	...	...	2,473	8,367
Portuguese Government Service ...	...	...	2,520	6,301
Kashmir State ...	...	...	5,428	7,100
British, Indian and Colonial Governments ...	...	...	11,120	28,756
O. H. M. S. (Free State Messages) ...	...	...	11,113	35,169
Total			277,484	2,61,447
Total of previous year			217,096	1,81,798

Classification of Inland telegrams.

45. The abstract given below shows the number and value of Inland State, Private and Press telegrams classified under express and ordinary :—

Class.			EXPRESS.		ORDINARY.		TOTAL.	
			No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
				Ra.		Ra.		Ra.
State ...	...	...	96,665	2,46,391	864,887	6,20,648	961,552	8,67,039
Private ...	...	...	1,006,069	13,81,820	9,563,256	43,51,755	10,569,325	57,33,575
Press ...	...	...	36,961	27,853	105,296	1,25,712	142,257	1,53,565
Total			1,139,695	16,56,064	10,533,439	50,98,115	11,673,134	67,54,179*

* Exclusive of Rs. 77,350 on account of abbreviated addresses and of Rs. 79,335 on account of debit adjustment.

46. The following statement shows the percentages of Inland sent traffic under the various classes during the last three years:—

Proportion of Inland traffic under each class.

Class.	1908-09.				1909-10.		1910-11.	
	APRIL TO DECEMBER		JANUARY TO MARCH					
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
STATE	Deferred	68'20	45'50	...	...	...	...	...
	Ordinary	19'77	15'36	83'35	55'07	87'71	64'59	89'95
	Express	12'03	39'14	16'65	44'93	12'29	35'41	10'05
TOTAL	...	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00
PRIVATE	Deferred	85'52	60'70	...	...	...	...	...
	Ordinary	9'12	19'50	86'52	68'50	88'47	71'64	90'48
	Express	5'36	19'80	13'48	31'50	11'53	28'36	9'52
TOTAL	...	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00
PRESS	Deferred	69'74	68'57	...	...	...	...	...
	Ordinary	30'26	31'43	69'17	77'38	74'58	79'37	74'02
	Express	...	...	30'83	22'62	25'42	20'63	25'98
TOTAL	...	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00

N. B.—The "Deferred" class was abolished and the "Urgent" class styled "Express" from the 1st of January 1909.

47. The table below shows the number and value of Telegraphic Money Order Advices dealt with during the last five years:—

Telegraphic Money Order Advices.

Year.	India.		Indo-Ceylon.				
			Number of advices.			Value. Rs.	
	No.	Value. Rs.	Out- going.	Incom- ing.	Total.		
1906-07	...	259,648	1,95,784	1,559	18,181	19,740	19,740
1907-08	...	300,198	2,05,295	1,406	15,778	17,184	17,184
1908-09	...	355,600	2,32,962	1,583	14,364	15,947	15,947
1909-10	...	337,334	1,91,445	1,614	14,027	15,641	15,641
1910-11	...	370,885	1,91,288	1,585	16,870	18,455	18,455

The Telegraph Department continued to receive the usual fixed fee of one rupee for each Telegraphic Money Order Advice exchanged between India and Ceylon.

There was only one Telegraphic Money Order Advice, valued at Rs. 7, exchanged between India and Aden during the year; there were none between India and the Seychelles.

48. The number and value of Inland Money Order Advices during the year are shewn below:—

	No.	Value. Rs.
Classed as Express	...	53,335
Classed as Ordinary	...	317,550
Total	...	370,885

60,635

1,30,653

1,91,288

Signalling operations.

49. The following statement shows the total number of sent telegrams, the total number of signalling operations entailed in their despatch from the office of origin to destination, with the necessary repetition at intermediate offices, and, lastly, the average number of signalling operations per sent telegram, for the past five years :—

Year.	Total number of sent telegrams paid, service* and free.	Total number of signalling operations.	Average number of signalling operations per sent telegram.
1906-07	12,703,715	61,918,506	4.88
1907-08	14,266,942	70,407,120	4.93
1908-09	14,327,396	66,280,389	4.62
1909-10	12,281,569	61,302,432	4.99
1910-11	13,335,058	67,031,378	5.02

* Service telegrams are excluded from 1909-10.

50. The statistics of 86 offices show that 75.2 per cent of the traffic was disposed of within ten minutes and 87.6 per cent within twenty minutes. As regards delivery 92.5 per cent were sent out within ten minutes after receipt.

Communication with Foreign countries.

51. Communication with Europe *viâ* Suez was maintained uninterruptedly throughout the year. The Teheran route was interrupted for 318 hours as against 381 hours in the previous year. The Turkish route was interrupted for 1,110 hours as compared with 3,306 hours in the previous year. Details of the traffic which passed over these routes during the year are given in Appendices C. and D.

52. Communication between India and Siam over the Moulmein-Bangkok line *viâ* Kanburi was interrupted beyond the Indian frontier for 381 hours as against 740 hours in the previous year. There were three interruptions lasting 93 hours within the Indian frontier as against *nil* in the previous year. The line *viâ* Raheng was interrupted for 535 hours beyond and 77 hours within the Indian frontier, as compared with 735 and 25 hours, respectively, during 1909-10.

53. The land route to China *viâ* Bhamo was interrupted beyond the Indian frontier for 3,607 hours as against 1,223 hours in the previous year. There were no interruptions within the Indian frontier.

Meteorological observation offices.

54. On the 31st of March 1911, there were 47 Government telegraph offices which were also Meteorological observation offices.

Signalling establishment.

55. At the close of the year the Signalling establishment stood as follows :—

	No.
Deputy Superintendents	56
Departmental Telegraph Masters and Telegraphists ...	2,814
Unattached List { Warrant officers	7
Non-commissioned officers	13
Military Telegraphists	575
Postal employés	4,115
Total	7,580
Total for 1909-10	7,518

Training of soldiers in telegraphy.

56. Certificates of proficiency in telegraphy were granted to 288 soldiers and at the close of the year 215 were under training. The corresponding numbers for the previous year were 267 and 296, respectively.

57. The following statement shows the number of combined offices open at the end of each of the last five years, and the number and value of telegrams sent from them as well as the total number of signalling operations during these years :—

Year.	Number of combined offices.	Number of paid telegrams.	Value of paid telegrams.	Total number of signalling operations.
			Rs.	
1906-07	2,158	5,272,276	30,97,403	12,068,765
1907-08	2,265	6,123,137	34,64,784	13,863,294
1908-09	2,378	5,754,069	32,19,634	13,024,988
1909-10	2,483	5,783,614	32,06,255	12,049,124
1910-11	2,577	6,454,270	35,24,830	13,354,418

58. Certificates of proficiency in telegraphy were granted to 399 postal employes, and at the close of the year 265 were under training. The numbers for the previous year were 691 and 375, respectively. Training of postal employes in telegraphy.

EXTENSION AND MAINTENANCE OF LINES.

59. The mileage of line, wire and cable maintained by this Department at the close of each quinquennial period from 1850-51 to 1899-1900 and during each year since, is shown in Appendix E. Appendix A shows the purposes for which the line, wire and cable, were used at the close of the years 1909-10 and 1910-11. Extent of system. Appendices A and E.

60. The net increase in the extent of the system during the year was 2,082 miles of line and 4,734 miles of wire, including cable (*vide* paragraph 8). Additions during year.

61. The following were the principal Departmental works carried out during the year :— Principal works carried out.

	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.
New Construction—		
Patukhali-Daulatkan	64	72
Extra Wires—		
Looping No. 10, Ajmer-Kharchi		174
Phulera-Didwana }		141
and }		
Sujangarh-Ratangarh }		162
Rangoon-Bassein <i>via</i> Maubin... ..		152
Gauripur junction-Pandu junction		96
Indore City-Pachor		

62. The extensive repairs in connection with the improvement of the lines carrying the Calcutta-Rangoon wires, sanctioned by the Government of India, were completed during the year.

63. The total reconstructions during the year amounted to 1,020 miles of line and 6,753 miles of wire.

64. Seven submarine type cables, aggregating 20 miles in length, were laid under water during the year by the Department, either for new circuits or as renewals. The most important was a cable 6·7 miles long laid across Bentineck Sound to connect the Kalegawk Island to the telegraphic system on the main land. Cables.

65. Aerial telegraph and telephone cables, aggregating 7 miles in length, were erected during the year in the Bengal, Bombay, Burma, Punjab and United Provinces Circles by the Department.

Interruptions to communication.

66. Interruptions to communication which occurred during the year are classified below according to the causes to which they were attributed :—

Preventable causes—

	No.	Duration, Hours.
Faults on lines and cables	440	5,107

Unpreventable causes—

Cyclones and exceptional storms	592	9,856
Floods	184	5,517
Lightning	105	1,731
Fires	58	813
Trees falling other than by cyclones, etc.	421	5,624
Birds and animals	807	8,853
Malice	144	2,026
Other unpreventable causes	777	9,862

Totals on lines and cables	3,528	49,389
Faults in offices	358	5,241
Unknown causes	758	7,685

GRAND TOTAL	4,644	62,315
Total for 1909-10	3,905	52,487

Compared with the previous year.

67. As compared with the previous year, the interruptions which occurred in 1910-11 show an increase of 739 or 18·92 per cent in number and 9,828 or 18·72 per cent in aggregate duration hours. The average duration of a fault, however, fell from 13·44 to 13·41 hours. The number of faults per mile of line was ·062 and of wire ·015, as compared with ·053 and ·013, respectively, in the previous year.

Preventable and unpreventable causes.

68. Faults from preventable causes show an increase of 81 in number and a decrease of 116 hours in duration; those from unpreventable causes, an increase of 522 in number and 7,966 hours in duration.

Faults in Offices.

69. Faults in offices show an increase of 95 or 36·12 per cent in number and 1,776 hours or 51·25 per cent in duration.

Unknown causes.

70. Faults due to unknown causes have increased by 41 or 5·71 per cent in number and 202 hours or 2·70 per cent in duration.

Storms.

71. A severe cyclone visited the Arakan Coast in the vicinity of Akyab on the 15th and 16th of April and the telegraph lines and wires were seriously damaged for a length of over 20 miles on either side of Akyab, the most serious damage being done on the Rangoon side. The registered rainfall at Akyab during the cyclone was 11·5 inches and the velocity of the wind 90 miles per hour.

Floods.

72. The faults due to floods show an increase from 41 in number and 847 in hours duration in the previous year to 143 and 4,670, respectively. These faults form 19·35 and 47·51 per cent of the total increases in the number and duration of all faults.

73. The whole of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Circle was seriously affected by floods during the months June to August. At one time all communication eastwards with Assam and Burma was nearly interrupted, floods having swept away the Burma lines on the Golakganj-Aminganj section of the Eastern Bengal Railway and at the same time storms having wrecked the telegraph lines in the Dacca Division. The damage done to the lines on the Golakganj-Aminganj section extended for over a length of 20 miles and the duration of this particular interruption was 177 hours.

ELECTRICAL.

74. On the 1st of April 1910 the Technical Branch was introduced as a separate organisation for the general management of the more important technical matters in the Department. The work of the Branch has been clearly defined, and though the time is too short to have shewn any marked advance, signs are not wanting that a higher standard of technical efficiency is everywhere being arrived at. Formation of a Technical Branch.

75. The staff in this branch, which is under Mr. M. G. Simpson, Electrical Engineer-in-Chief, stood at the close of the year as follows:—

Electrical Engineers	...	...	...	4
Deputy Superintendents, 1st Class	...	...	...	3
" " 2nd "	...	...	...	3
Telegraph Masters and Telegraphists	...	...	...	19
Total				29

76. The Baudôt circuits have, on the whole, continued to work very satisfactorily and have carried a very large volume of traffic. On the 16th of July 1910, after a breakdown of the wires to Burma, one Baudôt set working from Calcutta to Rangoon disposed of 3,381 messages in 23 hours and one of the telegraphists during his term of duty, 7 hours, sent 603 messages or an average of 86½ messages per hour. Baudôt working.

77. In radio-telegraphy the most important event of the year was the placing of a contract with the Marconi Company for three stations with a range of 600 miles at Calcutta, Allahabad and Delhi and one station at Simla with a range of 300 miles. The material for these stations had not arrived at the close of the year. Radio-telegraphy.

78. During the cold weather season and at night communication was effected over very long distances with the existing small power stations. The stations at Calcutta and Bombay were able to converse on two or three occasions. At Calcutta the signals from the German Cruiser *Gneisenau* on her voyage from Colombo to Bombay were heard every night, and very frequently signals were heard from vessels voyaging between Colombo and Singapore. At the Sandheads it was reported that signals were received from Jask. The stations at Bassein and Diamond Island in Burma have at times read the signals from Bombay, while the latter station has sometimes heard the signals from His Majesty's ships in the neighbourhood of Hongkong. These phenomena, though interesting, are of no immediate practical value and the extraordinary distances over which radio-telegraph signals can be read at night has been observed at most of the radio-telegraph stations in both hemispheres.

79. The circuit to the Andamans was interfered with rather more than usual by atmospheric disturbances between April and June at the change from the North-East to the South-West monsoon.

80. The total number of Inland messages dealt with by all the radio-telegraph offices during the last three years was 52,619, 47,421 and 54,123 respectively. Considering the small size of the places which are linked up, no great expansion of traffic is to be expected. During the same period there has been a marked increase in the number of messages exchanged with ships. There were none in 1908-09, 340 in 1909-10 and 1,551 in 1910-11. At present 25 vessels of the P. and O. fleet touching at Indian Ports have been equipped with radio-telegraphic apparatus and some of the boats of the Hansa and Bibby lines are being similarly equipped.

81. Electric installations of lights, fans, and a storage battery for telegraph work, have been erected in the Ajmer, Allahabad and Lucknow offices. Other apparatus.

STORES AND WORKSHOPS.

Store Branch.

82. Under the reorganisation scheme, the store depôts at Bombay, Karachi, Madras and Rangoon are now self-contained. Considerable economy in the distribution of stores has resulted, and compliance with indents has been expedited.

83. Extensive alterations are in progress in the Calcutta Storeyard at Alipore involving demolition of certain of the buildings and erection of more commodious ones, in order to facilitate handling and storage.

Workshops.

84. The value of the outturn in the workshops during the year was Rs. 9,32,000 as against Rs. 9,52,000 last year. The decrease is chiefly in the value of the output of construction stores and instruments for which classes it amounted to Rs. 38,000 and Rs. 46,000, respectively. There was an increase in the output of other stores.

85. The total value of the outturn is made up of stores 69.53 per cent; labour 21.67 per cent; establishment and contingencies 8.8 per cent.

86. As mentioned in paragraph 19, this branch of the service was awarded a gold medal at the United Provinces Exhibition at Allahabad for the excellence of the workshop-made articles.

87. The pay of the clerical establishment was revised and improved with effect from the 5th of January 1911, at a cost of Rs. 3,840 per annum.

PERSONAL.

88. I regret to have to record that there were many deaths among the Superior and Upper Subordinate grades of the Department during the year, namely, Messrs A. W. Foord, C. A. Tulloch, J. H. Curtis, J. N. Ganguli, H. T. Halliday, and G. H. Hatherill. In addition, the following officers retired, Messrs E. A. Kenyon, A. L. H. Palmer, C. Goodall, E. J. B. Hudson, J. J. K. Sparrow, J. J. Allen, M. M. Matthews, and A. G. Savedra.

89. Mr. J. N. Ganguli, Apprentice Assistant Superintendent, was drowned on the 5th of August 1910 while in the execution of his duty and the Government of India were pleased to grant a compassionate pension of Rs. 25 a month to his widow.

90. Messrs J. McNeil, Assistant Superintendent, and H. R. Khan, Deputy Superintendent, were placed on special duty to the United Provinces Exhibition in connection with the exhibits by this Department and the fitting up of telephonic communication throughout the grounds. They also assisted the Exhibition Committee in putting up the Electric Light and Power installations. Both officers received the thanks of the Committee as well as the Government of the United Provinces.

91. Captain L. Evans, R.E., 1st Prince of Wales' Own Sappers and Miners, has been temporarily appointed to the Department for two years in connection with the installation of radio-telegraph stations in India.

92. I have much pleasure in acknowledging the loyal co-operation of both officers and staff in bringing in the Circle Scheme, and especially to Messrs. Styan, Meredith and Purssell and S. W. Bunyan, who have had extra work thrown on them.

SIMLA ;

The 2nd October 1911.

F. E. DEMPSTER,

Offg. Director-General of Telegraphs.

APPENDIX A.

Classification of telegraph lines according to purposes for which maintained during the year 1910-11.

(Referred to in paragraphs 8 and 59.)

	MILES OF LINE.		MILES OF WIRE.			MILES OF CABLE.			MILES OF CABLE CONDUCTORS.		
	To end of previous year.	1910-11.	To end of previous year.	1910-11.	To end of 1910-11.	To end of previous year.	1910-11.	To end of 1910-11.	To end of previous year.	1910-11.	To end of 1910-11.
INDIAN TELEGRAPH.											
Departmental property in joint use ...	26,945.21	374.39	27,319.60	...	...	11.00	—86	10.14	...	...	...
In Departmental use only ...	27,103.16	—68.63	27,034.53	—116.39	172,613.6	200.79	74.45	275.24	1,461.41	—275	1,458.66
In use by guaranteed and subsidised lines	2,907.87	323.83	3,231.70	399.67	3,937.24	2.02	11.29	13.31	2.02	11.29	13.31
Property of Native States worked by the Department.	262.13	...	262.13	...	475.88	...	...	...	...	...	...
Departmental property rented to Railways	7,810.06	857.98	8,668.04	3,223.25	91,661.95	4.59	—1.97	2.62	49.12	—19.00	30.12
Railway property maintained by the Department.	...	...	...	...	...	3.70	3.06	6.76	27.60	3.06	30.66
Departmental property rented to canals	4,902.37	528.42	5,430.79	912.94	7,919.53	...	...	...	1.72	—1.72	...
Canal property maintained by the Department.	344.31	—84.65	259.66	—147.34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Private lines ...	2,138.16	61.85	2,200.01	292.98	11,311.37	104.58	2.90	107.48	2,350.08	178.77	2,528.85
Railway property rented to Telegraph Department.	6.57	...	6.57	...	19.71	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ...	72,419.84	1,993.19	74,413.03	4,565.11	287,939.54	326.68	88.87	415.55	3,891.95	169.65	4,061.60

Revenue receipts for five years.

(Referred to in paragraphs 2 to 6.)

YEAR.	MESSAGE REVENUE.					Claims for State Railways.	Claims from Guaranteed Native States and assisted Railways and Canals.	Rent of local and private lines and claims from guarantors.	Sale of books, forms and maps.	Telegraph Gazettes.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	PAID MESSAGES.		Free messages.	Total.								
	State.	Private.										
...	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
906-07	16,60,379	78,57,525	1,62,688	96,80,592	19,50,566	5,14,967	3,27,796	10,635	14,532	79,728	1,25,78,846	
907-08	17,24,676	83,68,629	2,20,909	1,02,54,214	20,77,047	5,24,666	3,93,708	10,230	18,205	81,005	1,33,57,574	
908-09	16,52,285	80,87,520	2,31,125	99,70,930	21,71,570	5,51,410	5,25,019	7,292	12,461	1,12,309	1,33,53,051	
909-10	8,26,155	78,01,404	1,81,798	88,00,357	20,00,307	5,54,895	5,20,853	11,105	14,194	1,09,508	1,21,19,219	
910-11	9,42,204	83,11,591	2,61,417	95,15,242	20,60,576	5,69,445	5,79,949	7,431	14,951	1,21,010	1,28,69,207	

Revenue charges for five years.

LINE MAINTENANCE.				SIGNALLING.																		
YEAR.	Repairs to lines and build-ings.	Estab-lish-ment.	Office stores.	SHARE OF DIRECTION ACCOUNTS AND SUPERINTEND-ENCE.		Total.	DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES.				RAILWAY AND CANAL OFFICES.				PRIVATE LINE OFFICES.		SHARE OF DIREC-TION ACCOUNTS AND SUPERIN-TENDENCE.	Scaleable books forms and maps.	Telegraph Gazettes.	Telegraph and postage stamps.	Rs.	
				Estab-lishment.	Office stores.		CHECK OFFICE.	Imperial.			Postal combined.			Estab-lishment-stores.	Office stor-ages.	Estab-lish-ment.						Office stores.
								Estab-lishment.	Office stores.	Repairs to build-ings.	Estab-lishment.	Office stor-ages.	Repairs to build-ings.									
...	9,68,882	6,50,150	17,834	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
996-07	1,16,241	7,932	47,87,806	2,27,275	78,324	12,35,522	24,125	8,578	1,60,800	70,471	65,971	68,050	5,22,009	1,58,351	110	6,376	7,503	73,45,851	
997-08	1,28,258	3,062	53,79,791	2,13,208	72,320	10,71,862	36,523	10,349	1,63,918	77,271	81,643	49,205	7,85,602	2,39,660	285	6,356	4,908	8,12,653	
998-09	1,35,777	3,216	59,97,939	2,82,319	86,751	11,61,196	31,152	11,39	1,69,707	62,248	80,972	42,976	7,08,862	1,87,265	744	7,604	...	87,99,492	
999-10	1,33,148	2,066	58,90,915	3,24,021	74,450	12,60,178	36,397	21,130	1,64,918	67,849	96,050	41,470	8,96,307	1,53,076	246	5,866	14,602	91,32,019	
1010-11	57,51,177	1,55,302	99,606	12,16,215	32,044	30,235	1,36,157	48,703	1,08,186	31,901	9,59,456	1,45,386	349	5,553	8,986	87,59,406	

* These items constitute the General charges referred to in paragraph 4. The Check Office figures for 1910-11 are included in the General Charges under Line Maintenance and Signalling.

Result of operations for five years.

YEAR.	VALUE OF MESSAGES.													
	Capital expenditure to end of year.	Receipts.	REVENUE.		Percentage of net revenue on Capital Expended.	Miles of line.	Miles of wire, including cable.	Number of signal offices.	NUMBER OF MESSAGES.			VALUE OF MESSAGES.		
			Charges.	Net revenue.					Inland.	Foreign.	Total.	Inland.	Foreign.	Total.
...	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1906-07	9,87,64,549	1,25,78,846	96,63,075	20,15,771	2.95	67,586.94	259,048.46	2,438	10,199,487	1,185,679	11,385,166	72,73,612	22,44,292	95,17,904
1907-08	10,28,55,723	1,33,57,574	1,12,86,168	20,71,406	2.01	68,939.79	271,913.82	2,514	11,506,387	1,242,516	12,749,923	77,36,084	22,97,221	1,07,33,505
1908-09	10,64,50,790	1,33,53,051	1,17,45,330	16,07,721	1.51	70,064.79	260,591.81	2,678	11,838,131	1,168,647	13,006,778	76,99,911	20,39,894	97,39,865
1909-10	10,89,70,113	1,21,19,219	1,21,12,781	6,435	.006	72,746.52	287,266.38	2,762	10,797,976	1,286,721	12,084,697	64,12,553	22,15,006	86,27,59
1910-11	11,11,83,432	1,28,69,207	1,18,77,501	9,91,706	.892	74,828.58	292,001.14	2,856	11,673,134	1,417,994	13,090,228	67,52,194	25,01,600	92,53,794

Rs. 95,17,904	Rs. 1,07,33,305	Rs. 22,97,221	Rs. 20,39,891	Rs. 86,27,559	Rs. 98,53,794
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APPENDIX C.

Proportion of International traffic to and from India, exclusive of transit traffic over the several routes to Europe for the year 1910-11.

(Referred to in paragraph 51.)

ROUTE.	NUMBER OF TELEGRAMS AND THE NUMBER OF WORDS BY EACH ROUTE.						PERCENTAGES.					
	FROM INDIA.		TO INDIA.		TOTAL.		FROM INDIA.		TO INDIA.		TOTAL.	
	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.
INDO-EUROPEAN ...	167,198	1,433,378	86,660	836,829	253,858	2,270,207	53,31	49,63	30,31	31,03	42,34	40,65
	3,411	27,383	5,066	41,943	8,477	69,326	1,09	'95	1,77	1,55	1,41	1,24
	6,141	88,500	3,719	78,803	9,860	167,303	1,96	3,06	1,30	2,92	1,65	2,99
RED SEA ...	136,882	1,338,891	190,506	1,739,644	327,388	3,078,535	43,64	46,36	66,62	64,30	54,60	55,12
TOTAL	313,632	2,888,152	285,951	2,697,219	599,583	5,585,371	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00

APPEN

Abstract of the foreign traffic

(Referred to in

WEST.											
Class of Telegrams.			Via TEHRAN.		Via TURKEY.		PERSIAN GULF.		Via SUEZ.		
			Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	
INDIAN.				Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Sent	{	State	...	2,058	466	874	224	25,976	5,321	163,963	16,430
		Private	...	1,431,320	2,46,809	26,509	6,635	62,524	9,562	1,174,928	2,02,928
Received	{	State	...	6,506	1,096	2,229	468	62,932	13,216	102,307	8,056
		Private	...	839,323	1,39,717	39,714	7,975	15,871	3,511	1,637,337	2,56,960
TOTAL			...	2,270,207	3,88,085	69,326	15,302	167,303	31,610	3,078,535	4,84,374
TRANSIT.											
From East to West—											
Received	{	Via Madras	...	5,278	1,103	1,992	418	...	...	1,881,333	3,84,082
		From Ceylon	...	164,142	28,063	153	33	4,921	1,075	139,126	22,302
		Via Moulmein	...	2,257	1,001	944	425	6	3	72,777	32,056
		Via Bhamo	...	...	...	10	2	...	...	31	6
From West to East—											
Sent	{	Via Madras	...	39,479	8,279	22,242	4,671	151	31	1,800,911	3,31,832
		To Ceylon	...	66,346	11,619	3,456	578	4,068	849	228,904	37,259
		Via Moulmein	...	2,236	953	5,149	2,314	7	3	54,089	24,546
		Via Bhamo	...	...	...	319	67	...	...	...	...
From West to West—											
Received Via Bombay			...	10,345	2,172	679	143	...	...	...	...
Sent ... Via Bombay			...	2,334	265	543	114	1,858	329	...	...
From East to East—											
Received	{	Via Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		From Ceylon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Via Moulmein	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Via Bhamo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL			...	292,417	53,455	35,487	8,765	11,011	2,290	4,177,171	8,32,083

DIX' D.

for the year 1910-11.

paragraph 51.)

EAST.								RADIO-TELEGRAMS.		TOTAL.	
Via MADRAS.		CEYLON.		Via RANGOON.		Via BHAMO.		Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.
Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.				
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
20,904	4,215	15,038	2,282	117	57	2,553	283	...	...	231,483	29,278
536,731	1,91,273	1,502,692	1,03,990	48,180	18,668	16,156	2,926	5,316	1,579	4,804,356	7,84,370
12,723	3,506	40,048	6,007	721	322	10,421	1,580	...	...	237,887	34,251
420,506	1,58,679	788,339	1,03,328	43,926	19,819	8,683	892	11,326	4,061	3,796,025	6,94,942
990,864	3,57,673	2,346,117	2,15,607	92,944	38,866	37,813	5,681	16,642	5,640	9,069,751	15,42,841
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,888,603	3,85,603
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	308,342	51,473
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75,984	33,485
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,862,783	3,44,813
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	302,774	50,305
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61,481	27,816
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	319	67
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,024	2,315
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,735	708
...	...	66,560	22,449	315	142	...	...	...	...	66,875	22,591
63,072	25,095	...	...	2,087	1,076	1,253	332	...	...	66,412	26,503
750	338	5,657	2,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,407	3,138
50	10	919	234	63	13	...	...	...	...	1,032	257
63,872	25,443	73,136	25,483	2,465	1,231	1,253	332	...	...	4,656,812	9,49,082
TOTAL								...	...	13,726,563	24,91,923
Adjustments								...	...	...	+ 9,678
NET								...	...	13,726,563	25,01,601

APPEN

Showing the growth of the Telegraph Department and

NOTE.—The figures for each year from 1850-51 to 1904-05

(Referred to

Year.	MILES OF		NUMBER OF OFFICES.			NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS.									Total number of paid telegrams.
						FOREIGN.			INLAND.			TOTAL.			
	Line, including cable.	Wire, including cable.	Departmental.	Postal combined.	Total.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	
1854-55	3,255	3,314	43	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1859-60	10,589	10,944	131	...	131	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1864-65	13,258	14,137	174	...	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1869-70	13,793	21,378	190	...	190	...	43,391	...	39,403	371,924	...	39,403	415,215	...	454,618
1874-75	16,155	33,347	216	...	216	1,305	100,338	...	77,216	658,512	...	78,531	754,654	4,206	837,391
1879-80	20,520	53,914	262	...	262	3,272	251,287	...	290,622	1,037,330	...	293,894	1,261,267	7,150	1,562,511
1884-85	28,387	75,115	254	267	521	6,088	359,352	877	285,966	1,351,812	12,996	293,054	1,711,170	13,873	2,018,097
1889-90	35,279	106,369	248	652	880	5,947	438,313	3,224	493,442	2,166,856	24,789	499,389	2,665,169	28,013	3,132,571
1894-95	44,648	138,525	253	1,109	1,562	6,804	564,202	3,094	555,571	3,205,353	26,202	592,375	3,799,555	29,296	4,391,826
1899-1900	52,909	171,049	239	1,612	1,851	21,669	816,300	6,524	702,055	4,655,527	45,226	713,724	5,471,827	51,750	6,237,301
1900-01	55,055	182,179	248	1,691	1,939	17,423	876,476	6,078	805,216	4,701,458	42,721	822,639	5,577,934	42,799	6,449,372
1901-02	55,827	190,887	241	1,765	2,006	16,154	886,834	5,606	802,988	4,727,176	36,787	819,122	5,614,010	42,393	6,475,543
1902-03	56,837	200,533	245	1,806	2,051	16,544	878,722	6,170	858,864	4,939,127	42,667	875,408	5,817,549	48,837	6,742,094
1903-04	59,692	212,330	268	1,859	2,127	16,206	890,440	6,564	812,490	5,542,208	39,089	828,786	6,432,618	45,653	7,397,087
1904-05	61,684	227,749	272	1,917	2,189	16,922	990,477	8,022	801,370	7,241,710	40,024	818,112	8,232,187	48,046	9,098,345
1905-06	64,730	243,810	280	2,039	2,309	15,063	1,082,937	7,934	857,606	8,452,806	43,871	873,569	9,535,743	51,805	10,461,117
1906-07	67,587	259,948	280	2,158	2,438	13,859	1,162,650	7,160	891,145	9,248,482	39,850	907,004	10,411,152	67,016	11,385,166
1907-08	68,940	271,944	279	2,205	2,544	16,361	1,219,767	7,408	968,418	10,473,913	64,056	984,779	11,693,680	71,464	12,749,923
1908-09	70,065	280,535	280	2,378	2,658	15,820	1,144,512	8,315	976,208	10,699,440	162,483	992,028	11,843,952	170,798	13,086,778
1909-10	72,726	287,265	279	2,483	2,762	15,174	1,259,650	11,897	231,435	9,802,124	161,417	849,669	11,061,774	173,314	12,084,697
1910-11	74,828	292,001	279	2,577	2,856	16,986	1,385,363	14,745	989,459	10,541,418	142,257	1,006,443	11,986,781	157,002	13,090,228

DIX E.

its operations from 1850-51 to 1910-11.

are given in the Administration Report for 1904-05.

in paragraphs 2 to 8 and 59.)

Number of News-free, etc., telegrams.	VALUE OF PAID TELEGRAMS.										Pro forma value of News-free, etc., telegrams.	Year.
	FOREIGN.			INLAND.			TOTAL.			Total value of paid telegrams.		
	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.			
...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 24,050	Rs. 40,760	Rs. ...	Rs. 24,050	Rs. 40,760	Rs. ...	Rs. 64,810	Rs. ...	1854-55.
...	...	...	...	1,15,980	4,10,210	...	1,15,930	4,10,210	...	5,26,190	...	1859-60.
...	...	...	...	1,13,818	7,92,558	...	1,13,318	7,92,558	...	9,06,376	10,048	1864-68.
3,593	...	2,55,253	...	1,36,760	7,38,967	...	1,35,760	9,94,220	...	11,30,980	35,490	1869-70.
7,365	11,053	5,74,673	...	2,57,315	10,73,835	...	2,68,363	16,30,690	17,820	19,16,878	2,58,670	1874-75.
3,856	42,232	9,79,809	...	11,86,636	15,32,853	...	12,35,863	24,61,164	51,498	37,48,730	1,13,973	1879-80.
1,683	52,493	12,73,315	3,938	6,63,648	14,55,296	49,347	7,16,141	27,28,601	53,285	34,98,027	29,349	1884-85.
2,464	45,244	17,38,047	18,175	9,46,586	21,99,087	79,213	9,91,830	39,37,134	97,388	50,26,252	45,363	1889-90.
6,545	56,903	19,07,375	18,678	11,53,852	31,13,170	1,02,834	12,09,845	51,10,545	1,21,482	64,41,872	1,14,572	1894-95.
9,262	80,922	21,14,782	32,286	16,63,062	42,59,729	1,57,502	17,43,984	63,74,511	1,89,788	83,08,283	1,36,767	1899-1900.
12,006	1,40,076	23,85,596	31,379	22,99,777	42,64,148	1,46,917	24,39,953	66,49,744	1,78,296	92,67,895	1,92,226	1900-01.
12,460	1,21,545	23,17,494	26,851	20,54,210	40,24,897	1,45,699	21,75,755	63,42,391	1,73,550	86,01,606	1,53,232	1901-02.
12,105	1,10,218	19,59,836	30,998	21,53,612	41,93,642	1,74,452	22,61,830	61,55,472	2,01,159	86,24,759	1,82,716	1902-03.
11,303	1,15,500	19,44,354	28,454	18,14,954	44,11,851	1,43,732	19,30,554	63,76,405	1,72,186	84,72,145	1,62,075	1903-04.
10,060	1,18,023	22,22,835	42,003	15,87,734	47,46,565	93,449	17,05,757	69,69,400	1,35,452	88,10,608	1,18,791	1904-05.
18,689	73,426	22,00,853	41,523	16,01,934	52,11,797	1,16,799	16,75,280	74,12,650	1,28,322	92,46,152	1,47,957	1905-06.
23,026	54,240	21,51,852	38,191	16,06,130	56,02,496	1,61,086	16,60,379	75,51,348	2,03,177	95,17,904	1,62,688	1906-07.
26,759	60,078	21,95,455	41,689	16,64,598	53,93,888	1,77,597	17,24,676	80,59,343	2,19,296	1,00,33,305	2,20,919	1907-08.
237,319	51,490	19,11,779	46,625	16,00,795	59,31,439	1,77,677	16,53,285	78,63,218	2,24,392	97,39,805	2,31,125	1908-09.
217,096	54,599	21,21,233	39,173	7,71,556	54,72,633	1,68,363	8,16,155	75,93,868	2,07,536	86,27,559	1,81,798	1909-10.
277,684	63,529	24,92,704	35,308	8,78,675	57,19,954	1,53,565	9,42,294	81,22,658	1,88,923	92,53,795	2,61,447	1910-11.

APPENDIX F.

Showing the working expenses per telegram, under Signalling and Line maintenance and the average value of a paid telegram from 1894-95 to 1910-11.

(Referred to in paragraph 6.)

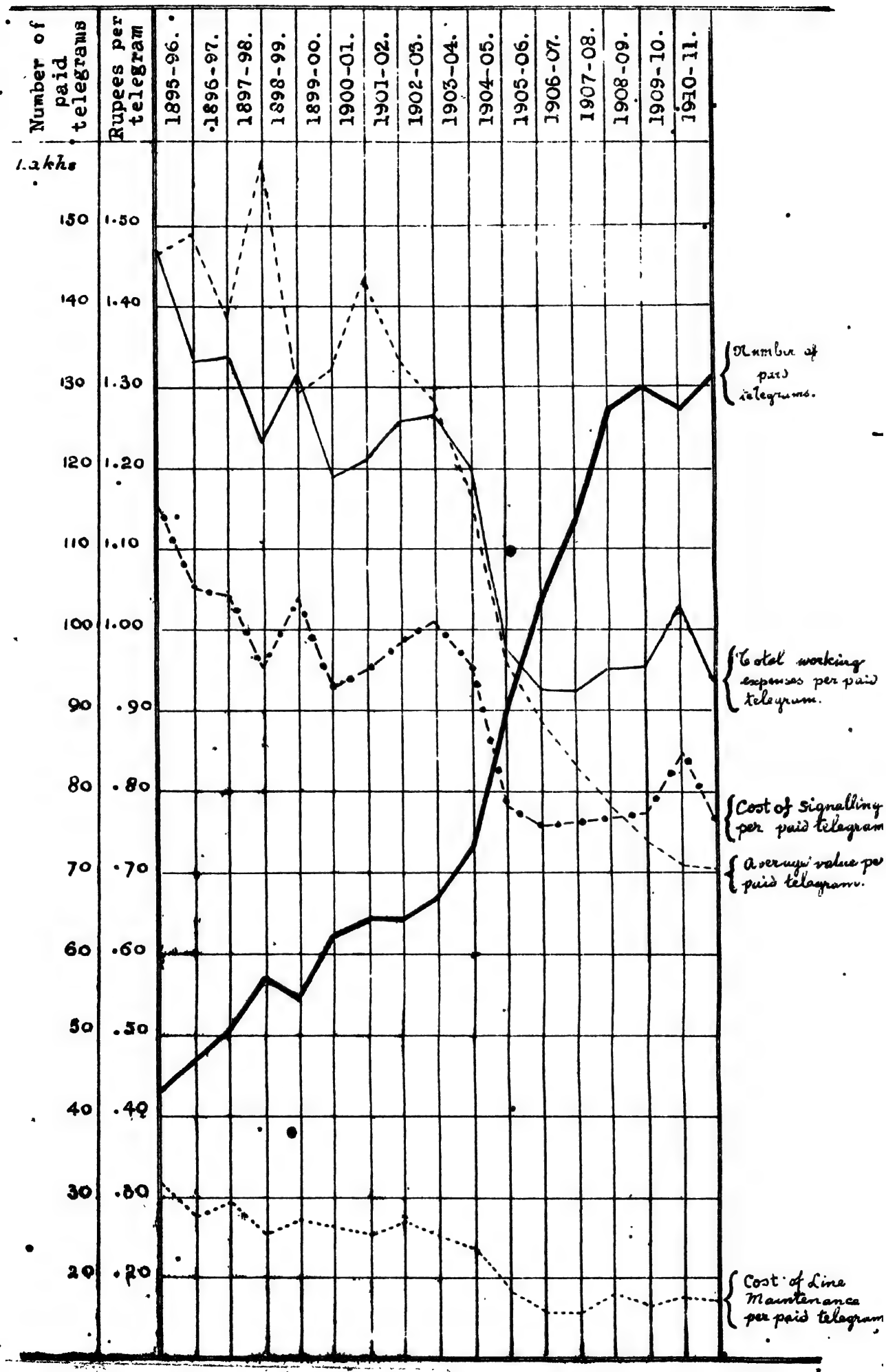
YEAR.	TOTALS IN LAKHS.				WORKING EXPENSES PER TELEGRAM.			Average value of a paid tele-gram..
	Working expenses.				Line maintenance.	Signalling.	Total.	
	Number of paid telegrams.	Line maintenance.	Signalling.	Total.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1894-95	43'91	14'12	50'77	64'89	'321	1'156	1'477	1'467
1895-96	47'37	13'33	49'89	63'22	'281	1'053	1'334	1'493
1896-97	50'77	13'07	52'86	67'93	'296	1'041	1'337	1'385
1897-98	57'13	14'72	55'39	70'11	'258	'969	1'227	1'587
1898-99	54'49	14'98	56'70	71'68	'275	1'040	1'315	1'296
1899-1900	62'37	16'56	57'97	74'53	'265	'929	1'194	1'332
1900-01	64'49	16'30	61'83	78'13	'253	'938	1'211	1'437
1901-02	64'75	17'69	64'15	81'84	'273	'990	1'263	1'342
1902-03	67'42	17'50	68'12	85'62	'259	1'010	1'269	1'280
1903-04	73'07	17'60	70'50	88'10	'241	'964	1'205	1'160
1904-05	90'98	17'28	71'75	89'03	'190	'788	'978	'968
1905-06	104'61	17'31	79'67	96'98	'165	'762	'927	'884
1906-07	113'85	18'40	86'91	105'31	'161	'763	'924	'836
1907-08	127'50	23'19	98'13	121'32	'182	'769	'951	'786
1908-09	130'07	22'45	102'12	124'57	'172	'785	'957	'748
1909-10	120'84	21'76	102'44	124'20	'180	'847	1'027	'713
1910-11	130'90	22'68	99'73	122'41	'173	'762	'935	'707

N.B.—Charges not properly debitable to signalling are excluded and "Interest charges," are taken into account in calculating the working expenses connected with the handling of message traffic.

DIAGRAM

SHEWING

FOR EACH YEAR, FROM 1895-96 TO 1910-1911, THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS, THE WORKING EXPENSES AND THE AVERAGE VALUE OF A TELEGRAM (REFERRED TO IN PARA 6).



Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)**

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N. B.—As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.				RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.						RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.					
	During 2nd half of 1910.		During official year 1910-11.		Mean mileage worked.	Total earnings for week ending.		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to 31st September 1911.	Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to 31st September 1911.		Increase.	Decrease.
	R	R	R	R		23rd September 1910.	23rd September 1911.	1910.	1911.				23rd September 1910.	31st September 1911.		
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	222	251	2367	2494	2494	5,00,009	5,99,000	212	237	57,72,285	1,32,715	...	1,37,72,824	1,46,99,000	9,26,176	...
Baroda Extension and Central India (inclgd.)	261	314	21	21	21	4,202	6,900	200	329	67,145	35,855	...	1,61,706	1,93,000	31,234	...
Virgam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 3 1/2" gauge	820	910	504	504	504	3,82,431	3,90,000	759	792	41,89,139	4,18,861	...	1,09,43,749	1,17,24,000	7,80,251	...
Nagda-Matra	118	116	339	339	339	31,638	51,000	93	150	3,24,216	1,25,784	...	6,90,271	13,09,000	6,18,729	...
Eastern Bengal State (inclgd. 3' 3 1/2" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	410	367	1,501	1,507	1,507	6,94,311	7,53,000	463	500	63,67,845	1,32,615	...	1,31,76,727	1,37,93,000	16,15,273	...
East Indian	629	719	2,338	2,354	2,354	16,47,049	17,61,000	704	748	1,82,55,012	1,47,988	...	4,04,58,394	4,31,06,000	26,47,676	...
Great Indian Peninsula (inclgd. Indian Midland)	439	380	2,473	2,473	2,473	10,07,873	10,90,000	409	441	1,09,49,385	9,40,415	...	2,83,76,011	3,09,65,000	25,88,989	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	268	276	126	126	126	29,993	35,100	238	279	3,57,323	53,477	...	8,58,182	9,39,000	80,818	...
Baran-Kotah	51	56	40	40	40	3,093	3,100	77	77	24,956	2,044	...	56,340	70,800	14,460	...
Bhopal-Itarsi	402	447	57	57	57	18,081	22,500	328	395	1,97,400	63,600	...	6,15,444	6,78,000	62,556	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)	209	231	2,578	2,585	2,585	5,10,577	5,50,000	198	213	63,19,709	9,12,291	...	1,52,40,719	1,64,42,000	12,01,281	...
North Western State (inclgd. 2' 6" gauge lines)	386	382	3,718	3,806	3,806	12,78,734	14,00,000	344	368	1,75,11,900	94,100	...	3,46,55,890	3,82,38,000	35,82,110	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand State (inclgd. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3 1/2" link)	253	264	1,403	1,431	1,431	2,98,434	2,96,000	213	207	37,12,065	3,42,935	...	88,69,119	97,60,000	8,90,881	...
Hardwar-Dohra	224	237	32	32	32	7,210	8,600	225	269	79,099	27,301	...	1,94,315	2,38,000	43,685	...
Assam-Bengal	130	127	700	700	700	1,16,647	1,15,000	148	146	11,47,644	90,356	...	23,55,815	25,31,000	1,75,185	...
Burma	209	252	1,527	1,529	1,529	2,96,990	3,27,000	194	214	36,13,516	1,13,484	...	29,59,956	31,90,000	2,30,044	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	139	144	124	124	124	18,606	21,000	150	169	1,90,893	62,107	...	4,15,628	5,81,000	1,65,372	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	144	154	215	234	234	32,293	25,400	150	109	3,73,675	9,315	...	9,30,114	10,06,000	75,886	...
Mysore (inclgd. Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	131	134	411	411	411	47,881	49,500	116	120	5,70,973	64,027	...	14,38,403	14,65,000	26,597	...
Palampur-Deesa	60	66	17	17	17	1,095	700	64	41	11,315	...	3,415	29,335	29,000	...	7,335
Rajputana-Matwa (inclgd. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5' 6" gauge)	275	291	1,914	1,914	1,914	4,45,845	4,74,000	233	248	55,70,779	3,69,221	...	1,31,55,715	1,38,45,000	6,89,285	...
South India (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	309	318	1,396	1,396	1,396	4,16,585	4,45,000	298	319	49,76,861	6,39,139	...	1,08,24,237	1,21,36,000	13,11,763	...
Travancore Branch	126	125	108	108	108	13,255	14,400	123	133	1,70,306	20,694	...	3,49,413	3,79,000	29,587	...
Tirhoot	175	207	776	776	776	1,09,302	1,24,000	141	160	13,96,369	1,94,631	...	39,85,177	41,99,000	2,13,823	...
Jorhat (Provincial) State	62	62	30	30	30	1,868	2,000	62	67	23,412	2,987	...	48,804	55,500	6,696	...

All other Railways.									
Amritsar-Patti-Kasur	163	56	7,106	8,000	127	143	1,08,438	1,23,000	14,562
Bhopal-Ujjain	126	114	10,343	12,700	91	120	1,38,673	1,47,000	8,327
Bina-Gaon-Baran	37	148	5,230	8,700	35	59	57,222	80,400	23,178
Delhi-Umbhal-Kalka	311	162	39,300	51,300	243	267	5,02,634	5,97,000	94,366
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section).	110	16	1,492	1,000	93	63	17,925	21,000	3,075
Kanpur-Chauran (e)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ladhiana-Dhari-Jakhal	165	79	12,755	10,000	161	127	1,50,040	1,52,000	1,980
Nagda-Ujjain	151	34	4,233	3,300	125	97	44,139	36,900	...
Nizam's Guaranteed State	289	334	72,332	1,00,000	217	299	10,36,014	10,57,000	20,986
Pellad-Cambay	133	34	4,723	3,700	139	109	48,521	50,000	2,079
Rajpura-Bhatinda	234	106	22,125	22,000	209	204	2,59,830	2,72,000	12,170
Southern Punjab	179	105	71,447	85,000	166	200	8,69,512	11,02,000	2,32,482
"Ludhiana" extension	127	125	18,820	18,000	124	116	2,51,750	2,70,000	27,250
Sutlej Valley	55	209	11,459	12,000	55	57	1,38,032	1,38,000	24,968
Tapti Valley	124	155	14,563	15,400	94	59	1,46,162	1,68,000	27,838
Tarapur	299	22	5,271	4,600	240	209	74,231	71,100	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	68	34	2,148	1,600	63	47	26,668	22,500	...
Ahmedabad-Farantij (c)	101	55	4,881	4,900	89	55	63,429	74,100	10,671
Bengal and North-Western	124	119	1,22,484	1,47,000	109	135	15,11,297	18,20,000	3,14,703
Bengal Doonars	159	153	30,564	24,300	200	159	2,38,536	2,80,000	47,464
Beawada-Masulipatam	98	52	5,124	4,700	99	90	62,728	61,800	...
Bhavnagar (including Dharangadra)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gondal-Forbandar	118	459	...	13,500	...	91	...	1,62,000	60,901
Jamnagar	...	...	...	3,800	...	70	5,96,599	43,100	...
Jethal-Rajkot	...	...	...	5,400	...	117	...	67,400	...
Jungad	...	...	...	9,100	...	102	...	1,18,000	...
Coch Behar	125	33	4,305	4,200	130	127	39,763	52,800	13,037
Dibru-Sadiya	288	78	23,064	25,300	321	294	2,70,446	2,72,000	1,554
Gachwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kaloi-Kadi)	75	179	13,541	10,400	76	58	1,43,506	1,45,000	1,494
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	138	392	30,637	53,700	78	17	5,65,188	5,82,000	16,812
Japur	55	73	3,292	2,400	45	33	50,105	33,200	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	82	831	73,926	75,400	89	83	7,97,319	9,74,000	1,76,681
Kolhapur	171	29	4,760	4,500	164	155	52,396	54,900	2,504
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo	44	50	1,834	1,200	37	24	18,829	18,000	...
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	97	93	9,030	10,500	97	113	1,15,000	1,15,000	...
Mysenagh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	144	136	9,394	9,200	171	107	80,989	85,800	3,676
Rohilkund and Kumaon	120	214	30,179	23,300	141	109	3,51,151	3,43,000	4,811
Saugli	166	5	652	800	130	160	7,439	10,100	...
Shoranur-Cochin	156	65	9,497	10,300	146	158	1,16,670	1,33,000	2,661
Tanjore District Board	140	103	13,644	14,700	132	141	1,74,939	1,93,000	16,330
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	66	67	3,734	3,500	56	52	45,103	50,700	20,061
Barani	166	78	5,866	7,800	75	68	1,44,032	1,93,000	5,597
Champaner Shivarajpur (d)	...	...	...	700	...	...	...	13,200	48,978
Gachwar's Dabhol	98	94	9,668	7,300	103	78	94,379	1,01,000	13,200
Rajpipla	43	37	1,305	1,500	35	41	16,002	21,600	6,621
Darjeeling-Himalayan	383	51	18,926	20,000	371	392	2,07,421	2,05,000	4,998
TOTAL	136	6,444	7,90,380	8,93,700	123	132	95,98,951	1,08,33,200	19,34,249
GRAND TOTAL	294	31,240	87,05,932	94,57,900	279	297	10,17,73,124	11,05,19,500	87,46,376

(a) Opened from 2nd July 1911.

(b) From 6th July 1910.

(c) Includes Idar Road-Brahmahed extension opened from 1st July 1911.

(d) Opened from 3rd February 1911.

C. F. ANDERSON, Captain, R.E.,
for Secretary, Railway Board.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 22nd March 1911.

From the 8th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 1st April all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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C. T. LETTON,

Offg. Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

NOTICES.

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1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications, and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price Rs 1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

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Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. Rs a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(f) Quarterly index, January to March and April to June 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in $3\frac{1}{2}$ -grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

	POWDER.	
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery. Rs a. p.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery. Rs a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price R2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 5th October 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th September 1911.

RESERVE.												
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.					SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		REMARKS.		
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.			TOTAL.	
			Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold and Silver Bullion.	Held in India.			Held in England.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
2,59,67,710	18,34,05,145	20,93,72,855	3,88,33,267	66,63,720	7,86,970	7,56,75,000				9,39,99,946 4/1000,000		26,19,88,903
	3,08,59,710	3,08,59,710	5,13,07,911	3,44,17,500						(a)	(b)	
	3,71,22,545	3,71,22,545	4,19,18,853	1,11,60,810								
2,05,14,650	14,70,14,450	16,75,29,110	3,82,91,401	5,88,37,514								
	1,55,59,490	1,55,59,490	5,86,115	9,75,545								
1,03,63,585	5,70,73,955	6,74,37,540	3,06,91,050	90,61,590								
	3,52,87,450	3,52,87,450	4,96,03,063	30,13,095								
5,68,45,945	50,63,29,755	56,31,75,700	25,45,31,660	9,31,57,124	7,86,970	7,56,75,000				9,39,99,946 4/1000,000		56,41,50,700
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			Deduct—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									0,75,000
TOTAL CIRCULATION R.			TOTAL RESERVE R.									56,31,75,700

There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 30th September 1911. The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 30th September 1911 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

t The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 30th September 1911 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 28 OF 1910.

In the matter of U. Gank, Paddy Broker of No. 20, Yegyaw Quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said U. Gank an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of September 1911.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 20th day of September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 69 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Khan, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Khan, clerk of No. 161, Theinbyu Quarter, Rangoon, on the 20th day of September 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Khan.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 20th day of September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 70 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ko Pe Gyi, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ko Pe Gyi, residing at Yedwington, near Municipal Bazar, Kemmendine, Rangoon, on the 29th day of September 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ko Pe Gyi.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 20th day of September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 71 OF 1911.

In the matter of Charles Francis Von Bock, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Charles Francis Von Bock, Broker of No. 28, Brooking Street, Rangoon, on the 21st day of September 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Charles Francis Von Bock.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 21st day of September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 68 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ma Nyin and Ma Hla May carrying on business in partnership with a third person (name unknown) as Messrs. SoonHain and Co. as dealers in oilmans stores at No. 269, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon ; Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. G. Atherton and Co. of Rangoon, creditors of Ma Nyin, Ma Hla May and one on the 19th day of September 1911 an order of adjudication of Insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Ma Nyin, Ma Hla May and one was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 22nd day of September 1911.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 25th day of September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 72 OF 1911.

In the matter of Kalidass Parpaya, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kalidass Parpaya, Merchant of No. 59, Mill Road, Rangoon, on the 27th day of September 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kalidass Parpaya.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 28th day of September 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

NO. 4 OF 1910.

Re, Aga Faruksha Aga Akbarsha of Bombay, Mogul Mahomedan Inhabitant residing at Love Lane, Mazagaon, outside the Fort, a landed proprietor ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 10th day of January 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 20th day of September 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay ; this 28th day of September 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

NO. 10 OF 1911.

Re, Mansukhbhai Goculdas, Hirabhai Goculdas, Nagindas Keshowlal, Chimanlal Chunilal and Govindlal Chunilal who carried on business in the name of Goculdas Atmaram ; adjudged Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 11th day of January 1911 against the Insolvents Chimanlal Chunilal and Govindlal Chunilal has been annulled.

Dated this 20th day of September 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay ; this 24th day of September 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

No. 393 OF 1910.

Re, Poonja Mala Soni (dead) ; Runchordas Ramji Soni ; Bhugwan Poonja Soni and Curson Jairam Soni, the 1st debtor formerly trading as a Goldsmith in partnership with Lakhmon Ramji Soni and Goverdhandas Visondas in the name of Ramji Mala and Co. and now all the debtors Goldsmiths in the service of Ramji Mala, Hindoo Inhabitants of Bombay residing at No. 767 Barbhai Molla ; Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the Insolvents Runchordas Ramji Soni, Bhugwan Poonja Soni and Curson Jairam Soni has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 10th day of October 1910 against the said Insolvents Runchordas Ramji Soni, Bhugwan Poonja Soni and Curson Jairam Soni has been annulled.

Dated this 20th day of September 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay ; this 25th day of September 1911.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 28th September 1911.

No. 116.—No. 1084, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chanda Singh, I.S.M.D., is granted 3 months and 2 days leave under the terms of paragraph 269, Army Regulations, India, Volume II. The first sixty will be on full pay.

This office Notification No. 30, dated the 3rd April 1911, is cancelled.

No. 117.—Civil Assistant Surgeon Satis Chandra Basu, Junior Medical Officer, Viper, Port Blair, is granted 2 months and 15 days privilege leave from 1st October 1911 or date on which he avails himself of the same.

The 29th September 1911.

No. 118.—No. 987, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mahbub Ali Khan, I.S.M.D., is appointed to the Medical Store Depôt, Lahore Cantonment, with effect from the 14th August 1911.

No. 119.—The services of 4th class Assistant Surgeon G. H. Mason, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Director, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 6th September 1911.

No. 120.—The services of No. 1051, 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kartar Singh, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Surveyor-General of India, with effect from the 29th August 1911.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Mussoorie, the 29th September 1911.

No. 12.—Mr. F. J. Grice, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 2 months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st November 1911 or any subsequent date.

W. J. BYTHELL, Bt.-Col., R.E.,
Superintendent, Northern Circle.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

- Central India Agency, Indore, the 23rd September 1911.

No. 1447-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 5-A. of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to extend the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), so far as they may be applicable, to the Pargana of Manpur.

- Provided that references to the Local Government shall be read as referring to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

By order,

L. M. CRUMP,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General
in Central India.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 28th September 1911.

No. 4605-B.—Khan Sahib Muhammed Gul Khan, a Tahsildar of the 3rd grade and officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob, is placed on special duty for a period not exceeding 3 months, with effect from the date on which he relinquishes charge of his present appointment, in order to make preparations for, and take charge of, the Baluchistan Provincial Camp at the Delhi Coronation Durbar.

2. While so employed Khan Sahib Muhammed Gul Khan will receive no deputation allowance but only the salary which but for his deputation he would be entitled to. His salary and travelling allowance will be a charge against the Special Budget Grant for the Delhi Durbar.

3. M. Amar Singh, a Tahsildar of the 1st grade and Tahsildar of Sibi, is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade and is posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob (Hindubagh), with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 4617-B.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan is pleased to sanction a temporary post of an additional Native Assistant to the Political Agent, Chagai, on a consolidated pay of Rs250 per mensem for a period of two months, with effect from the 19th September 1911, and to appoint M. Sharbat Khan, Mir Munshi in his own office and officiating Tahsildar of the 2nd grade and Munsiff of Quetta, to the post so created.

2. This office order No. 4466-R., dated the 20th September 1911, is cancelled.

The 29th September 1911.

No. 4644-B.—On the termination of his deputation in connection with the Torwal and Anambar Irrigation schemes and with effect from the 1st September 1911, R. S. Bhag Mal, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, is posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin.

On relief by R. S. Bhag Mal, K. S. Kazi Fakir Ahmad, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin, is transferred as Extra Assistant Commissioner and Treasury Officer, Quetta.

On relief by K. S. Kazi Fakir Ahmad and with effect from the 5th September 1911, Mr. H. R. Smith, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd grade and Extra Assistant Commissioner and Treasury Officer, Quetta; is granted 6 months' leave on private affairs.

H. R. C. DOBBS,

Revenue Commissioner,
for Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 30th September 1911.

No. 2540.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Section 94 (1) of the Baluchistan Agency Civil Justice Law of 1896, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to confer on L. Majjo Ram, officiating Munsiff of Quetta, the jurisdiction of a Judge of a court of Small Causes in respect of suits cognizable by such Court not exceeding Rupees one hundred in value, to be exercised by him within the local limits of the Quetta Tehsil, with effect from the date of his assuming charge of the said appointment, and during such period as he may officiate as Munsiff of Quetta or until further orders.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,
First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 29th September 1911.

No. 1091-182.—Rao Bahadur Pandit Govind Ramchandrar Khandekar is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 24 days, with effect from the 1st October 1911, on which date he reverts from foreign service in the Bharatpur State to his substantive post of Judicial Assistant Commissioner in Ajmer.

The 30th September 1911.

No. 1101-330.—Captain L. H. Abbott, Staff Captain, Nasirabad Brigade, is appointed to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, in addition to his own duties during the temporary absence of Captain K. E. Anderson on inspection duty at Deoli from the date of assuming charge, and is from the same date invested under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, V of 1898, with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the said Code within the revenue district of Ajmer.

Under section 22 of the said Code Captain Abbott is appointed to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the districts of Ajmer-Merwara.

By order,

W. H. J. WILKINSON,
First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor-General, Rajputana, and
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

Bangalore, the 28th September 1911.

No. 55.—Second Lieutenant Harry Chynowith Richards is granted leave out of India for 6 months, with effect from the 1st October 1911 or date of departure.

By order,

F. J. RICHARDS,
for First Assistant Resident.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 29th September 1911.

No. 256-C.—Mr. N. V. Joshi, First Assistant to the Imperial Agricultural Bacteriologist, Pusa, is, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, granted privilege leave for 2 months and 14 days, with effect from 9th October 1911.

Mr. K. S. Viswanadham, Second Assistant to the Imperial Agricultural Bacteriologist, is appointed to officiate as First Assistant during the absence of Mr. N. V. Joshi on privilege leave.

B. COVENTRY,

Offg. Inspector General of Agriculture in India.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 28th September 1911.

No. 36.—Mr. R. J. Chalmers, District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent in Class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of leave on medical certificate for 6 days in continuation of combined leave for 6 months granted to him—*vide* Manager's Notification No. 13 of 17th March 1911.

H. P. BURT,

Manager, North Western Railway.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th September 1911.

No. 1719-S-*Ap*.—Mr. D. H. Braidwood, Superintendent of post offices officiating in the 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 19 days combined with extraordinary leave without allowances for 4 months and 12 days, with effect from the 18th July 1911.

Mr. M. S. Hodiwala, Inspector of post offices, Baroda Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. D. H. Braidwood, or until further orders.

The 2nd October 1911.

No. 1728-S-*Ap*.—Syed Akbar Hussain, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for 22 days with effect from the 16th September 1911.

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of the Post Office of India.

REPORTS OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Leicestershire Regiment, dated at Madras, this 2nd day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—8138, Private, Michael Bowles.

Age—20 years, 4 months.

Height—5 feet 8 inches.

Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, hazel.

Trade—Musician.

Date of enlistment—21st March 1907.

Place of enlistment—Manchester.

Parish and County in which born—Sacred Heart, Dublin, Ireland.

Date of desertion or absence—28th September 1911.

Place of desertion or absence—Madras.

Marks—Small mole right side of navel.

Under 5 years' service.

L. C. SHERER, Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding 2nd Battalion, Leicestershire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Royal Munster Fusiliers, dated at Ghora Dhaka, this 29th day of September 1911.

<p>Number, Rank, and Name—7688, Private, Henry Archer Salmons. Age—28 years 2 months. Height—5 feet 9½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh ; hair, brown ; eyes, dark brown. Trade—Clerk. Date of enlistment—12th July 1904. Place of enlistment—London.</p>	<p>Parish and County in which born—Marylebone, London, Middlesex. Date of desertion or absence—22nd September 1911. Place of desertion or absence—Ghora Dhaka Murree Hills. Marks—Woman's bust right wrist, two dots left forearm, harelip. Not on furlough. Under 8 years' service.</p>
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J. K. O'MEAGHER, Major,
 Commanding 1st Battalion, Royal Munster Fusiliers.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 62nd Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Wellington, this 29th day of September 1911.

<p>Number, Rank, and Name—26944, Gunner Hills. Age—24 years. Height—5 feet 9½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, dark ; hair, dark ; eyes, dark. Trade—Labourer. Date of enlistment—14th August 1907. Place of enlistment—Maidstone.</p>	<p>Parish and County in which born—Burham, Kent. Date of desertion or absence—Tattoo, 28th September 1911. Place of desertion or absence—Wellington, Nil-giris. Marks—Nil. Moustache small and dark, slim built. Under 5 years' service.</p>
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A. C. HYDE, Major,
 Commandant, Wellington Depôt.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 62nd Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Wellington, this 29th day of September 1911.

<p>Number, Rank, and Name—27155, Gunner, Hennessy. Age—24 years. Height—5 feet 8½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh ; hair, dark brown, slightly curly ; eyes, grey. Trade—Railway porter. Date of enlistment—21st August 1907. Place of enlistment—Dublin.</p>	<p>Parish and County in which born—St. Patrick's, Co. Wicklow. Date of desertion or absence—Tattoo, 28th September 1911. Place of desertion or absence—Wellington. Marks—Nil. Moustache short, curly, curled at ends. Thick set, well developed man. Under 5 years' service.</p>
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A. C. HYDE, Major,
 Commandant, Wellington Depôt.

**NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
 IRRIGATION BRANCH.**

NOTIFICATION.

TAKING OVER CHARGE.

Simla, the 3rd October 1911.

No. 02153-E. I. F.—Mr. A. W. M. Jesson, Assistant Engineer, Mardan Division Upper Swat River Canal took over executive charge of that Division in addition to his own duties on the afternoon of the 2nd September 1911 from Mr. E. R. Foy, Executive Engineer, who proceeded on privilege leave.

W. E. T. BENNETT,
 Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.*Claimants who have attained their majority.*

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son). ^a Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son). George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Color-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

^a Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

E. H. PAYNE, Major,

Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM;
3rd October 1911.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th September 1911.

PARTICULARS.	5 PER CENT. 1890-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT. LOANS				4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL.
		of 1894-95.	of 1895.	of 1897.	of 1900-01.	Total.	of 1893-94.	of 1894-95.	of 1894-95.	Transfer of 1895.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1897.	Total.	
Balance of 15th September 1911	40,92,900	1,54,51,400	7,54,89,300	2,85,38,700	97,01,200	11,83,08,400	6,033	5,000	...	36,600	1,500	50,533	12,44,80,333
Amount of transferred London	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount issued in London by Convention under Notification No. 602A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to 1911	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount enfaced at Madras up to 15th September 1911	"	"	"	"	"	4,500	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 10th September 1911	"	1,000	2,000	...	6,000	10,000	"	"	"	"	"	"	4,500
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 30th September 1911	"	"	63,000	...	...	63,000	"	"	"	"	"	"	10,000
<i>Debit—</i>													
Amount written off in the London A. Gistra	40,92,900	1,54,51,400	7,55,53,500	2,85,44,700	97,01,200	11,83,55,900	6,033	5,000	...	36,600	1,500	50,533	12,45,57,833
Balance on 30th September 1911	40,92,900	1,54,51,400	7,55,53,500	2,85,44,700	96,51,200	11,81,35,900	6,033	5,000	...	36,600	1,500	50,533	12,45,57,833

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 31st July 1911 Enforced from India 12,165 lakhs, re-transferred from London

1st August 1911	ditto	12,165 lakhs.
18th " " 31st "	ditto	0 lakhs.
1st Sept. " 15th Sept. "	ditto	6 "
16th Sept. " 30th "	ditto	3 "
		12,174 lakhs.

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BANK OF BENGAL;

Calcutta, the 3rd October 1911.

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

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Annual Report of the Archaeological Survey of India, Frontier Circle, for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9a. or 9d. (2a.)

Report of the Civil Veterinary Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. 3p. or 8½d. (2a.)

Report on the Excise Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 10a. 6p. or 10½d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.**Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—**

Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 57, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.**SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.**

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. 5, Nos 2 to 11, at R2 each.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10, Cerrhipedes Opercules de l'Indian Museum de Calcutta. Par Mr. M. A. Graval, at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11, Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the Rainfall. By Mr S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. V. Extra No. 1909. Grammar of the Kanawari Language at R3.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. V. Extra No. 2, 1909. Maithili Grammar, Part I, at R4.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 1 to 10 at R2 each.

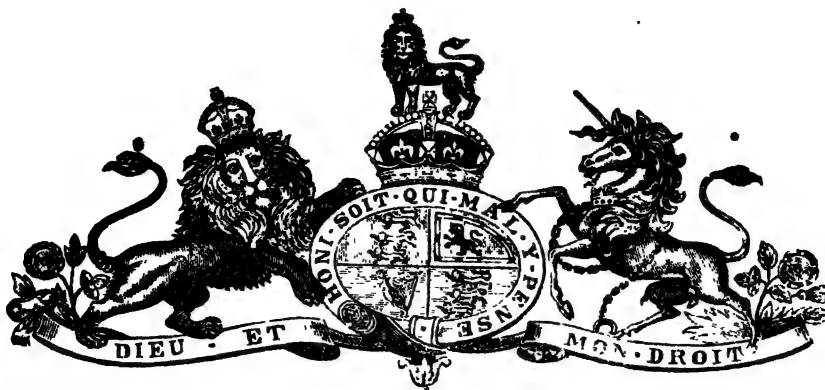
- Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Extra No., 1910, Divan-i-Babur Padishah, at R2.**
- Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10. Notes on some Monuments in Afghanistan. By Mr. H. H. Hayden, at R1.**
- Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11. On the Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the Rainfall. By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.**
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita. By Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, M.A., at R2.**
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the Thirteenth Century A. D. By Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.**
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell. By Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche, at R4.**
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier. By Messrs. A. Rose and J. Coggin Brown, at R3.**
- Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit-Tibetan-English Vocabulary. By Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Drs. E. Denison-Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana, at R5.**

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

- Rasarnavam, Fasc. 2. By Dr. P. C. Roy, at R1-4.**
- Grihya Sangraha. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at As. 10.**
- Gobhila Paricista, Part I. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at R1-14.**
- Baudhayana Srauta Sutra, Vol. 2, Fasc. 3. By Dr. W. Caland, at As. 10.**
- Suryya Siddhanta, Fasc. 1. By M. M. Sudhakara Dvivedi, at R1-4.**
- Caturvarga Cintamani, Vol. 4, Fasc. 9. By Pandit Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusana, As. 10.**
- Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 7. By Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur, at R1.**
- Mohabhasyapradipodyata, Vol. 3, Fasc. 10. By Pandit Bahuvalava Shastri, at As. 10.**
- Muntakhab-al-Labab. Part 3, Fasc. 1. By Major T. W. Haig, I.A., at R1.**
- Tattva Cintamani Didhiti Prokas. Fasc. 1-2. By M. M. Guru Charan Tarkadar-sanatirtha, at As. 10 each.**
- Syainika Sastra. By Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, at R1.**
- Tattva Cintamani Didhiti Vivṛiti. Fasc. 1. By M. M. Kamakhyanatha Tarkavagisa, at As. 10.**
- Sundaranandam Kavyam. By M. M. Haraprasad Shastri, at R1.**
- Tirthacintamani. Fasc. 1. By Pandit Kamala Krishna Smrititirtha, at As. 10.**
- Nyayasarah. By M. M. Satish Chandra Vidyabhusana, at R2.**
- Six Buddhist Nyaya Tracts. By M. M. Haraprasad Shastri, at As. 10.**
- Mohabhasyapradipodyata. Vol. 4, Fasc. 1. By Pandit Bahuvalava Shastri, at R1-4 each.**
- Rasarnavam, Fasc. 3. By Dr. P. C. Roy, at R1-4.**
- Yoga Sastra, Fasc. 3. By Sri Vijaya Dharma Suri, at R1-4.**
- Vidhana Parijata. Vol. 2, Fasc. 4. By Pandit Taraprasanna Vidyaratna, at R1-4.**
- Catapatha Brahmana. Vol. 7, Fasc. 4-5. By Acharya Satyavrata Samsrami, at As. 10. each.**
- Upamitibhavaprapanca Katha. Fasc. 2 and 13. By Prof. Dr. Hermann Jacobi, at As. 10 each.**
- Tadhkira-Khushnaveshan. By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, Lecturer in Arabic and Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at R1.**
- Maasir-i-Rahimi. Pt. 1, Fasc. 1. By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain. Lecturer in Arabic and Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at R2 each.**
- Marhama-i-Ilali L. Mu-Dila. Fasc. 1. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1 each.**
- Persian and Turki Divans of Bayram Khan Khan Khannan. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1.**
- Mabani-i-Lughat. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1-8.**

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.

Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1911.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost Government Promissory Note.

The Government Promissory Note No. 015923 of 1900-01, for Rs500 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1900-01 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Bai Navazbai, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertisers.—BAI NAWAZBAI, A. CADIMASTER,
The Gunj Street near the Red Temple, Ajmer.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 41. }

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 9th October, 1911.

No. 5216-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General will leave Simla by train at 2 P.M. on Friday, the 13th October 1911. His Excellency's departure will be private.

A Viceregal Salute will be fired as His Excellency leaves Viceregal Lodge.

His Excellency will visit Hyderabad, Dehra Dun, Agra, Cawnpore, Delhi, Bombay, Delhi, Dehra Dun and arrive at Barrackpore at 2-45 P.M. on the 24th December.

All covers intended to reach His Excellency the Viceroy and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency on tour will be as follows :—

Viscount Hardinge.

The Hon'ble Lieut.-Colonel Sir A. H. McMahon, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.,
Foreign Secretary*.

Mr. J. H. DuBoulay, C.I.E., Private Secretary.

Lieut.-Colonel F. A. Maxwell, V.C., D.S.O., Military Secretary.

Lieut.-Colonel F. O'Kinealy, I.M.S., Surgeon.

Major the Hon'ble H. J. Fraser, A.-D.-C.

Captain the Hon'ble A. O. Weld-Forester, A.-D.-C.

Captain W. W. Muir, A.-D.-C.

Captain J. J. Astor, A.-D.-C.

Captain the Hon'ble E. Hardinge, A.-D.-C.

All communications of a mere routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the head-quarters of the several departments.

By Command,

F. A. MAXWELL, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

* Hyderabad only.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 13th October, 1911.

No. 1633.—Mr. E. M. Cook of the Indian Civil Service, sub. *pro tem* Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 13th October 1911.

PUBLIC.

The 12th October, 1911.

No. 4071.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Chief Accountant and the Deputy Accountant in the office of the Director of Ordnance Factories will, respectively, take rank in articles 75 and 78, and the Civil Engineer Adviser to the Director of Ordnance Factories in article 77, of the Warrant of Precedence for India, published with the Home Department notification no. 328, dated the 10th February 1899.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 13th October, 1911.

No. 456.—The Revd. S. P. Marris, a chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Lucknow) Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st September 1911.

No. 458.—The Revd. H. G. B. Cowley, a senior chaplain on the Bengal (Lucknow) Ecclesiastical Establishment, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 21st January 1912.

GENERAL.

The 11th October, 1911.

No. 1347.—Mr. J. A. Chapman, Principal, Government Commercial Institute, Calcutta, is appointed as Librarian of the Imperial Library, Calcutta, with effect from the 31st August 1911.

SANITARY.

The 10th October, 1911.

No. 1939.—The following telegram is published for general information :

Telegram dated Therapia, the 8th October 1911.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Ten days quarantine dating from departure from last Indian port, disinfection and rat destruction have been imposed on ordinary ships carrying medical officers ; if ten days completed on voyage medical inspection and rat destruction. Ships without medical officers also would be subjected to 24 hours observation.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

(CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Simla, the 12th October 1911

No. 2328-110-8.—With reference to notification No. 2241, dated the 20th September 1911, Mr. J. G. Cattell, M.R.C.V.S., Officiating Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, North-West Frontier Province and North Punjab, on relief by Mr. S. Carless, M.R.C.V.S., is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Sind, Baluchistan and Rajputana, during Major A. S. Trydell's absence on leave or until further orders.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 11th October, 1911.

No. 2842-Est.-A.—Major R. E. A. Hamilton, a Political Agent, on return from leave, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India; with effect from the 9th August, 1911.

The 12th October, 1911.

No. 2852-Est.-A.—Major H. B. Peacock, a Political Agent, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana, with effect from the 6th September, 1911, and until further orders.

No. 2855-Est.-A.—Captian W. A. MacD. Garstin, a Political Assistant, is posted as Personal Assistant to the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the 15th September, 1911.

The 13th October, 1911.

No. 2864-Est.-A.—The undermentioned officer is confirmed in the Political Department of the Government of India as a Political Assistant :

Captain R. E. H. Griffith.

No. 2869-Est.-B.—Major H. N. Holden, 5th Cavalry, is appointed Inspecting Officer, Rajputana Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport, with effect from the 2nd October 1911.

No. 2197-I.-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to Berar, the provisions, so far as they may be applicable, of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), subject to any amendments to which the Act is for the time being subject in British India.

Provided, first, that for the purpose of facilitating the application of the said Act, any Court in Berar may construe the provisions thereof with such alterations not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court.

Provided, secondly, that all references to the "Local Government" shall be read as referring to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces and Berar.

Provided, thirdly, that the said Act shall apply to all lands declared or constituted to be "State Forests" under the Berar Forest Law, 1886, or the Berar Forest Law, 1886, as amended by the Berar Forest Law Amendment Law, 1891, as if such lands were Reserved Forests constituted under the said Act.

2. The Berar Forest Law, 1886, and the Berar Forest Law Amendment Law, 1891, are hereby rescinded.

No. 1931-G.—With reference to the Notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, Nos. 992-E.-B., and 3228-E.-B., dated the 16th May 1902; and 30th August 1907, respectively, the following Order of His Majesty in Council, published in the *London Gazette* of the 15th August 1911, is republished for general information :—

BELGIUM, EXTRADITION ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1911.

AT the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 8th day of *August*, 1911.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Lord Chamberlain.

Lord Pentland.

Mr. Charles Hobhouse.

WHEREAS by the Extradition Acts, 1870 to 1906, it was amongst other things enacted that, where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, His Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that His Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of His Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient :

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the 29th day of October, 1901, between His late Majesty King Edward VII and His late Majesty the King of the Belgians, for the Extradition of Criminals, which Treaty was amended by a supplementary Convention concluded on the 5th day of March, 1907 ;

And whereas a further Convention was concluded on the 3rd day of March, 1911, between His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Belgians, amending Article 6 of the aforesaid Treaty, which Convention is in the terms following :—

HIS Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, and His Majesty the King of the Belgians, being desirous of amending the provisions of article 6 of the Treaty between Belgium and Great Britain of the 29th October, 1901, for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals, have named as their respective Plenipotentiaries, for this purpose, that is to say :

SA Majesté le Roi du Royaume-Uni de Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des Territoires Britanniques au delà des Mers, Empereur des Indes, et Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges, désireux de modifier les dispositions de l'article 6 du Traité conclu le 29 octobre, 1901, entre la Belgique et la Grande-Bretagne, pour l'extradition réciproque des criminels fugitifs, ont nommé respectivement comme Plénipotentiaires à cet effet, savoir :

His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Sir Edward Grey, a Baronet of the United Kingdom a Member of Parliament, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs ;

And His Majesty the King of the Belgians, Count de Lalaing, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of His Britannic Majesty ;

Who, having reciprocally communicated their full powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed as follows :—

ARTICLE 1.

The following article is substituted for article 6 of the Extradition Treaty of the 29th October, 1901 :—

When a person shall have been extradited by one of the High Contracting Parties, that person, until he has returned to the country from which he had been extradited, or until he has had opportunity of returning to it, shall not be detained or brought to justice in the State to which he has been handed over for any crime or on any other charge whatever prior to the extradition except those in respect of which the extradition has been accorded.

Neither shall that person, until he has had an opportunity of returning to the country from which he has been extradited, be handed over to a third State.

ARTICLE 2.

The present Convention shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London, as soon as possible.

It shall come into force ten days after its publication in the manner prescribed by law in the respective countries, and shall have the same force and duration as the Treaty to which it relates.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Convention, and have affixed thereto their seals.

Done, in duplicate, at London, the 3rd March, 1911.

(L. S.) E. GREY.

(L. S.) LALAING.

And whereas the ratifications of the above Convention were exchanged at London on the 10th day of May, 1911 ;

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Him by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the 25th day of August, 1911, the said Acts shall apply

Sa Majesté le Roi du Royaume Uni de Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande le Très-Honorable Sir Edward Grey, Baronnet du Royaume-Uni, Membre du Parlement, Principal Secrétaire d'État de Sa Majesté au Département des Affaires Étrangères ;

Et Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges, le Comte de Lalaing, Envoyé Extraordinaire et Ministre Plénipotentiaire de Sa Majesté près Sa Majesté Britannique ;

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué réciproquement leurs pleins pouvoirs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus de ce qui suit :—

ARTICLE 1^{er}.

L'article suivant remplace l'article 6 de la Convention d'Extradition du 29 octobre, 1901 :—

Lorsqu'une personne aura été extradée par une des Hautes Parties Contractantes, cette personne, jusqu'à ce qu'elle soit rentrée dans le pays d'où elle a été extradée ou qu'elle ait eu l'occasion d'y rentrer, ne sera détenue ou traduite en justice dans l'État auquel elle a été livrée pour aucun crime ou pour d'autres sujets quelconques de plainte, antérieurs à l'extradition, que ceux pour lesquels l'extradition a eu lieu.

Cette personne ne pourra non plus, avant qu'elle ait eu l'occasion de rentrer dans le pays d'où elle a été extradée, être livrée à un État tiers.

ARTICLE 2.

La présente Convention sera ratifiée et les ratifications en seront échangées à Londres, aussitôt que possible.

Elle entrera en vigueur dix jours après sa publication dans la forme prévue par la législation des pays respectifs, et aura la même force et la même durée que le Traité auquel elle se rapporte.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs ont signé la présente Convention et y ont apposé leurs cachets.

Fait à Londres, en double exemplaire, le 3 mars, 1911.

in the case of Belgium under and in accordance with the said Treaty of the 29th October, 1901, and the supplementary Conventions of the 5th March, 1907, and 3rd March, 1911 :

Provided always that the operation of the said Acts shall be and remain suspended within the Dominion of Canada so long as an Act of the Parliament of Canada, being Part I of chapter 155 of "The Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906," and entitled "An Act respecting the Extradition of Fugitive Criminals," shall continue in force there, and no longer.

Almeric FitzRoy.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 11th October, 1911.

No. 6206-F.-E.—Mr H. L. Fox, I.C.S., is appointed to officiate as Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, with effect from the 9th October 1911 and until further orders.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 13th October, 1911.

No. 1362-Accts.—Mr. H. C. Du Bois, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (supernumerary), Military Accounts Department, is granted a further extension of leave on medical certificate from the 28th August to the 12th September 1911 (both days inclusive), under article 336, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1363-Accts.—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the 29th September 1911 :

Babu Debendro Nath Bhattacharjee, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent (temporary).

No. 1364-Accts.—In Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 1199-Accts., dated the 8th September 1911, making officiating appointments of officers of the Military Accounts Department in consequence of Major W. Donnan's departure on leave in and out of India, for "11th August 1911." read "12th August 1911."

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 14th October, 1911.

No. 7590-3.—Mr. J. A. E. Burrup, an Assistant Collector of Customs at Calcutta, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 15th November 1911, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 7618-3.—Mr. A. R. Bennett, a Probationer in the Imperial Customs Service, officiating as an Assistant Collector in Class V, is reverted to his substantive appointment of Probationer, with effect from the 30th September 1911.

No. 7622-1.—Mr. W. J. Ward is appointed a Probationer in the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 6th October 1911, and is posted to Bengal.

LIGHTING OF COASTS.

The 14th October, 1911.

No. 7595-3.—In accordance with the provisions of section 16 of the Burma Coast-lights Act, 1879 (IX of 1879), the Governor General in Council has directed the publication of the following *pro formâ* account showing the receipts and charges in connection with the Burma Coast-lights for the year which ended on the 31st March 1911.

Annual pro formâ account of the Burma Coast-light dues for the year 1910-11.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE UP TO		Interest at 4 per cent on capital expenditure.	Annual sinking fund payment necessary to liquidate the capital expenditure incurred to date in 60 years assuming interest at the rate of 3 per cent.	Excess of the annual receipts over the annual establishment and maintenance charges.	Profit or loss.
Year.	Amount.				
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1910-1911 ...	45,76,807	1,83,072	29,090	2,48,438	+ 36,276

NOTE.—General charges on account of the supervision of the lights by the Principal Port Officer, Burma, and by other Administrative Officers of Government, also the cost of pensions to the establishment, are not included in the charges incorporated in this statement.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 13th October, 1911.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 839.—The following extract is published for general information :—

" London Gazette," dated the 19th September 1911, page 6885.

* * * * *

India Office,

September 19, 1911.

On the recommendation of the Government of India the KING has approved of the appointment of the following Imperial Service Cadet to be a Second Lieutenant in the Native Indian Land Forces :—

Aga Murtaza Khan. Dated 1st September 1911.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 840.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

17th September 1911.

Charles Tarrant Swan, Commandant, 64th Pioneers.

18th September 1911.

Alexander John Wogan Browne, Commandant, 33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry.

Captain to be Major.

11th October 1911.

Hunter Carmichael Steen, 114th Mahrattas.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 841.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

27th July 1911.

Edward Owen Thurston, M.B., F.R.C.S.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 842.—The undermentioned 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 1st October 1911 :—

Arthur Carr Sinclair.

Joseph Murray Richardson.

James Eyre Howard.

Edward McLelland Cuzen.

Rumold Francis Vanderhide.

John Charles Dyer.

Vincent Wallace Ashley Emile.

John Anthony Pinto.

William Cyril Ne'Roy.

Owen Richard Cowley Freeman.

Christopher Joseph Lincoln.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 843.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, (supernumerary 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar) Lakshiman Gop-ji-Matkar, *Rao Sahib*, is absorbed in the rank of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 145, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Nabi-bakhsh Illahi-bakhsh to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar,

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar, Rahman Shalomji, invalided ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 844.—Sergeant Harry Pluck to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* William Henry King, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 6th September 1911.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 845.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Captain is conferred, on retirement, on Risaldar-Major Gardatt Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, 12th Cavalry. Dated the 1st February 1911.

No. 846.—The following promotion is made :—

79th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Muttuviru to be Subadar and Havildar Nilamegham to be Jemadar, *vice* Krishnasami, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 3rd August 1911.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

55th Camel Corps.

No. 847.—Quarter Master Dafadar Zaman Khan, appointed Ressaidar on probation, is confirmed in that rank ; with effect from the 19th September 1910.

57th Camel Corps.

No. 848.—Kote-Dafadar Daler Khan, appointed Ressaidar on probation, is confirmed in that rank ; with effect from the 19th September 1910.

ARMY REMOUNT DEPARTMENT.

No. 849.—The following promotion is made :—

Jemadar Ewaz Khan to be 3rd Class Ressaidar ; with effect from the 27th September 1911.

SPECIAL.

No. 850.—With reference to Army Regulations, India, Volume II, paragraph 293, the undermentioned officers having been absent from military duty for ten years, are transferred to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the dates specified :—

Major Henry Vivian Montague Langtry, Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Grade, Burma,—30th July 1911.

Major Hugh Stewart, Political Assistant, 2nd Class,—15th July 1911.

Captain Leslie Cardew Thuillier, Deputy Superintendent, Survey of India,—12th September 1911.

Captain Arthur Salisbury Browne Roberts, Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade, Burma,—11th August 1911.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 851.—The undermentioned warrant officer has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the date specified :—

Sub-Conductor William Henry King, India Miscellaneous List,—6th September 1911.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 852.—The undermentioned Sub-Assistant Surgeons are permitted to resign the service, with effect from the dates specified :—

No. 1205, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rawail Singh,—25th October 1911.

No. 1321, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Hayat Beg.—25th October 1911.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 853.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Major-General Sir Henry Montague Pakington Hawkes, K.C.B., C.S.I.,—29th August 1911.

Major Cecil Herbert Peterson, 46th Punjabis,—17th November 1911.

Major John Rattray Nuttall, 1st Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles,—11th October 1911.

No. 854.—In Army Department Notification No. 805, dated the 22nd September 1911, notifying the retirement of Major Walter Fitz Alan Stewart, Supply and Transport Corps, for "21st September 1911," read "22nd September 1911."

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 855.—Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Norman Bensley, Indian Medical Service, Bengal, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 12th November 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.

(Naval Divisions.)

No. 856.—Sub-Lieutenant Albert George Hough resigns his commission. Dated 1st August 1911.

Chota Nagpur Light Horse.

No. 857.—Second Lieutenant George Frederic William Bapty to be Lieutenant, *vice* H. C. Veasey, V.D., promoted. Dated 1st April 1911.

William Hutton-Williams to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* G. F. W. Bapty, promoted. Dated 1st April 1911.

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 858.—Quarter Master and Honorary Lieutenant John Toohey is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 1st September 1911.

Cawnpore Volunteer Rifles.

No. 859.—Quarter Master and Honorary Lieutenant William Cole to be Lieutenant, *vice* P. Scott, promoted. Dated 23rd January 1911.

2nd Battalion, The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles.

No. 860.—Surgeon-Captain Edulji Sorabji Chenai resigns his commission. Dated 1st September 1911.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.

No. 861.—Second Lieutenant Alfred Charles Rowan resigns his commission. Dated 18th August 1911.

1st Battalion, Bengal-Nagpur Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 862.—The correct name of Second Lieutenant Henry Edward Fairfax Atkins is as now stated and not as notified in Army Department Notification No. 232, dated the 24th March 1911.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 863.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Coorg and Mysore Rifles.

Captain Herbert Martin Mann.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 13th October 1911.**Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 13th September and 10th October 1911.*

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.	
Guy Vivian Lindsell*	Lieutenant	37th Dogras	13th May 1911.	Intestate	214 5 4	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bengal.

* *Next-of-kin.*—*Father.*—Mr. Arthur Knox Lindsell.*Address.*—Bank House, Evesham, Worcestershire, England.M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,**Secretary to the Government of India.*

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 13th October 1911.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 70.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, *vice* Chief Engineer C. J. I. Jones, Royal Indian Marine, retired, with effect from the 10th September 1911 :—

To be Chief Engineer on Rs. 400 per mensem.

Engineer J. Lush, Royal Indian Marine.

No. 71.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, *vice* Chief Engineer E. G. Venn, Royal Indian Marine, retired, with effect from the 5th October 1911 :—

To be Chief Engineer on Rs. 400 per mensem.

Engineer T. H. Knight, Royal Indian Marine.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,**Secretary to the Government of India.*

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 11th October, 1911.

No. 263.—Mr. J. Adam, Superintending Engineer, is, on return from leave, appointed Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway.

No. 264.—In the first column of the schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 230, dated the 24th August 1911, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain local authorities by the Administration of the Madras and Southern Mahratta railway,

for "Ambur ditto" read "Ambur Union ;"

for "Arkonam Municipality" read "Arkonam ditto ;"

for "Rajampeta Municipality" read "Rajampeta Union ;"

for "Anantapur ditto" read "Anantapur Municipality ;"

for "Chittoor ditto" read "Chittoor Union ;"

for "Gudivada Municipality" read "Gudivada Union."

The 12th October, 1911.

No. 265.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction of a railway on the metre gauge from Rajbhatkhawa, a station on the British section of the Cooch Behar Railway, to Dalsingpara, a length of 17·43 miles, as an integral part of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

The project will be known as the Rajbhatkhawa-Dalsingpara branch of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

No. 265.—Mr. J. J. Silvester, District Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in Class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is, on return from leave, posted to the Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway and appointed to officiate as Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent of that railway, with temporary rank in Class I, until further orders.

No. 267.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 61 and No. 266, dated 3rd March 1910, and 12th October 1911, respectively, Mr. H. G. N. White, Officiating Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, on relief by Mr. Silvester will revert to his substantive appointment of District Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent.

No. 268.—Mr. E. Hunt, District Locomotive Superintendent, in Class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is temporarily transferred from the Eastern Bengal State Railway to the Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, *vice* Mr. C. J. Silvester, District Locomotive Superintendent, proceeding on combined leave.

No. 269.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 191, dated the 19th July 1911, Mr. A. K. Muirhead, Assistant Store-Keeper, North Western State Railway, in Class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, continues to officiate as a Store-Keeper in Class II of that establishment, with effect from the 1st September 1911, during the absence of Rai Bahadur Milki Ram, Store-Keeper, on privilege leave.

No. 270.—Mr. F. V. Mahony, Assistant Store-Keeper, North Western State Railway, in Class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Store-Keeper in Class II of that establishment, with effect from the 1st September 1911, *vice* Mr. C. F. Langer, Store-Keeper, on privilege leave.

No. 271.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 193, dated the 19th July 1911, Mr. E. B. Thorpe, Office Superintendent, Chief Store-Keeper's Office, North Western State Railway, continues to officiate as an Assistant Store-Keeper, with effect from the 26th August 1911, and until further orders.

The 13th October, 1911.

No. 272.—Mr. J. H. Heap, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, attached to Inspection Circle No. 3, Lucknow, until further orders.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1911.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5216-M.

Simla, the 9th October, 1911.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General will leave Simla by train at 2 P.M. on Friday, the 13th October 1911. His Excellency's departure will be private.

A Viceregal Salute will be fired as His Excellency leaves Viceregal Lodge.

His Excellency will visit Hyderabad, Dehra Dun, Agra, Cawnpore, Delhi, Bombay, Delhi, Dehra Dun and arrive at Barrackpore at 2-45 P.M. on the 24th December.

All covers intended to reach His Excellency the Viceroy and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency on tour will be as follows :—

Viscount Hardinge.

The Hon'ble Lieut.-Colonel Sir A. H. McMahon, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.,
Foreign Secretary*.

Mr. J. H. DuBoulay, C.I.E., Private Secretary.

Lieut.-Colonel F. A. Maxwell, V.C., D.S.O., Military Secretary.

Lieut.-Colonel F. O'Kincaly, I.M.S., Surgeon.

Major the Hon'ble H. J. Fraser, A.-D.-C.

Captain the Hon'ble A. O. Weld-Forester, A.-D.-C.

Captain W. W. Muir, A.-D.-C.

Captain J. J. Astor, A.-D.-C.

Captain the Hon'ble E. Hardinge, A.-D.-C.

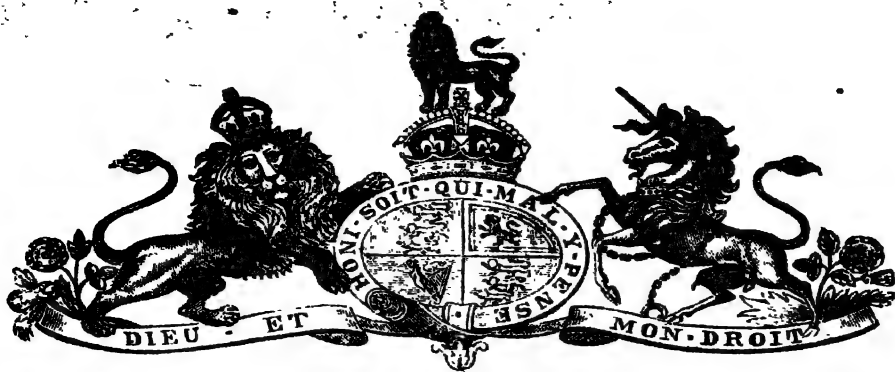
All communications of a mere routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the head-quarters of the several departments.

By Command,

F. A. MAXWELL, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

* Hyderabad only.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 22nd March 1911.

From the 8th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 1st April all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India

Rates of subscription.*	Per annum. R. a. p.
Subscription for <i>Gazette</i> and Supplement	15 0 0
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Postage	2 8 0
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Postage	2 8 0
Subscription for Supplement only	5 0 0
Postage	3 0 0
Subscription for Supplement and Part VI	6 0 0
Postage	3 0 0
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Rules and Notifications issued under Legislative Acts, and having the force of law, may be obtained separately at, per page, 2 pice.	

By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

C. T. LETTON,

Offg. Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 12th October 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1986-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 9th October 1911 :—

- No. 528 of 1911.—Cedric Robert Clinton Carrington, 61 Ripon street, Calcutta. *A billiard-cue tip.*
- No. 529 of 1911.—Alexander Thompson, resident engineer, New General Hospital, Rangoon, Burma. *The oil catcher.*
- No. 530 of 1911.—George William Beadle, mechanical engineer, of 367 Avenue A, Bayonne, in the state of New Jersey, United States of America. *Improvements in apparatus for printing on cartons or like vessels or tubes.*
- No. 531 of 1911.—Alfred Edward Prosser, manufacturer of all requisites for indoor and outdoor games, of Nos. 548, 556, 560 and 562 Holloway road, London, England. *Improvements in racquet and like balls.*
- No. 532 of 1911.—Benjamin Walker, manufacturer, of 81 Leopold street, Leeds, in the county of York, England. *Improvements in looms for weaving pile fabrics.*
- No. 533 of 1911.—Thomas Edward Ward, engineer, of 11 Evans street, Balmain, near Sydney, in the state of New South Wales, Commonwealth of Australia, and Joseph Gaut, designer, of 3 Cary street, Leichhardt, near Sydney aforesaid. *Improvements in totalisators.*
- No. 534 of 1911.—George Cameron Douglas, consulting engineer and chartered patent agent of 41 Reform street, Dundee, in the county of Forfar, Scotland. *Improvements in the process of drying tea after fermentation.*
- No. 535 of 1911.—Guzulva A. Sitaramayer, accountant, of Mahl 3rd street, Madura, in the presidency of Madras, British India. *Improvements in weaving looms.*
- No. 536 of 1911.—Geoffrey Arthur Praed, Captain, 5th Light Infantry, of Nowgong, Central India. *A new or improved object indicator, rectangling device and range finder for military, sporting or other purposes.*
- No. 537 of 1911.—Armand Puech, engineer, of France (Tarn), and Henri Chabal, of France, (Seine). *Improvements in or connected with filtering liquids.*
- No. 538 of 1911.—William Alfred Dickinson, bedding manufacturer, and Lyxhayr Manufacturers, Limited, both of Grove Mills, Mitcham, Surrey, England. *Improvements in connection with the treatment of fibrous materials for bedding, upholstery and the like purposes.*
- No. 539 of 1911.—Julius Tanne, chemist, of Rozniatow, Galicia, Austria, and Jacob Fluss, chemist, of Vienna, Austria. *An improved soap and process for manufacturing the same.*
- No. 540 of 1911.—Lackawanna Steel Company, a manufacturing corporation under the laws of New York, located at No. 2 Rector street, New York, United States of America. *Improvements in and relating to metal sheet piling.*
- No. 541 of 1911.—Giuseppe Restucci, mechanic, of 156 Corso Garibaldi, Naples, Italy. *Improvements in or relating to steam valve-separators.*

No. 1987-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each :—

- No. 158 of 1901.—The Linotype Company, Limited. *Improvements in linotype machines.* (From 25 November 1911 to 25 November 1912.)
- No. 159 of 1901.—The Linotype Company, Limited. *Improvements in linotype machines.* (From 25 November 1911 to 25 November 1912.)
- No. 161 of 1901.—The Linotype Company, Limited. *Improvements in the ejector blades of linotype machines.* (From 25 November 1911 to 25 November 1912.)
- No. 88 of 1904.—The Luce Compress and Cotton Company. *Improvements in cotton presses.* (From 4 October 1911 to 4 October 1912.)
- No. 188 of 1904.—Reginald Aubrey Fessenden. *Improvements in receivers for electromagnetic waves.* (From 7 December 1911 to 7 December 1912.)
- No. 277 of 1905.—Clayton Beadle and Henry Potter Stevens. *Improvements in the manufacture of food stuffs for cattle or other live stock.* (From 16 October 1911 to 16 October 1912.)
- No. 503 of 1905.—The Lamson Paragon Supply Company, Limited. *Paper creasing severing and delivery mechanism applicable for printing and like machines.* (From 22 December 1911 to 22 December 1912.)
- No. 234 of 1906.—Alfred Whitaker. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for automatically receiving, delivering and exchanging tablets staffs, or the like on railways.* (From 27th November 1911 to 27th November 1912.)
- No. 439 of 1906.—George Percy Rossmore Fell. *Improvements in vacuum brake apparatus.* (From 12 October 1911 to 12 October 1912.)
- No. 428 of 1907.—Victor Antoine. *Apparatus for separating foreign substances from water.* (From 28 October 1911 to 28 October 1912.)
- No. 463 of 1907.—Siemens Brothers & Co. Limited and Luiz de Moraes Gomes Ferreira. *Improvements relating to interlocking signal and points levers on railways.* (From 16 November 1911 to 16 November 1912.)
- No. 480 of 1907.—Edward Le Bas and Ernest Albert Garratt. *Improvements in and relating to metal sheet piling.* (From 23 November 1911 to 23 November 1912.)

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price Rs 1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees paid in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications of inventions which have been notified as filed in the Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications on sale at the Patent Office :—*

	Price. Rs. a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(f) Quarterly index, January to March and April to June 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

	POWDER.		
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.		
	Rs.	a.	p.
16-oz. tins	5	0	0
8 " "	2	8	0
4 " "	1	4	0
	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.		
	Rs.	a.	p.
	6	0	0
	3	0	0
	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ½ lb., ¼ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in ½ lb., ¼ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price R2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are —
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 10th October 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th October 1911.

RESERVE.														
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION			COIN AND BULLION.								SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	In India.	Silver Bullion under Coinage.†	In England.	In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R		
Calcutta .	2,44,51,500	18,07,69,015	3,14,90,422	62,99,685	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	25,72,52,023	(a) Nominal value— Rs. 20,51,500
Cannore	..	3,14,22,405	4,48,67,136	31,63,695	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,80,30,831	(b) Nominal value— Rs. 4,69,26,571
Lahore .	..	4,12,93,690	4,20,13,013	1,06,49,415	...	..	..	..	..	...	..	5,26,62,448	
Bombay .	1,19,79,535	14,54,47,55	3,91,54,413	6,13,53,427	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	10,05,07,840	
Karachi .	..	1,56,06,845	39,05,215	9,78,135	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	48,83,350	
Madras .	99,10,210	6,03,67,795	3,16,05,795	87,00,585	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,03,06,380	
Rangoon .	..	3,54,26,180	4,97,06,013	29,34,750	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,26,40,763	
	4,63,41,235	51,37,09,685	24,57,42,007	9,40,79,692	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...	..	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	55,62,83,615	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue													8,40,000	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R													55,54,43,615	

• There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th October 1911.

+ The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 7th October 1911 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,

Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 23RD TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																			
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.						COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.			
	Pur- chased Silver.	Withdrawn and un- current coins from Treas- uries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treas- uries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and uncur- rent coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coin- age.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bul- lion for sub- sidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	190	11	38	7	246	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	200	...	53	9	262	14	11	19	...	...	...

Silver tendered to British Dollar Coinage but not brought to account—28

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

His Majesty's Mint;
Calcutta, the 9th October 1911

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 1ST TO 7TH OCTOBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.														COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.					BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.		
	Pur- chased Silver.	Withdrawn and un- current coins from Treas- uries, &c.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treas- uries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and uncur- rent coins.	TOTAL.						
Calcutta	190	11	38	7	246	...	...	...	...
Bombay	200	...	55	7	262	21	11	29	...		

Silver tendered for British Dollar Coinage but not brought to account . . . 9

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ;
Calcutta, the 10th October 1911.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.*Claimants who have attained their majority.*

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son). Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son). George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Color-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

E. H. PAYNE, Major,

Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM;
3rd October 1911.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 10th October 1911.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	2,44,12,110	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,79,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	84,19,718	12	0
Public Deposits				Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,77,95,949	2	3
at Head				Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities .	5,02,90,223	11	7
Office	98,79,403	13	10	Bills discounted and purchased	3,83,61,764	12	4
Public Deposits				Balances with other Banks .	25,81,642	9	4
at Branches	1,47,85,288	5	1	Bullion			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,28,74,920	15	11	Dead Stock	21,96,681	14	7
Bank Post Bills, etc.	10,26,729	8	6	Stamps	12,308	13	1
Sundries	12,92,461	2	1	Sundries	2,29,221	10	5
RUPES	23,77,58,803	13	5		16,42,99,621	5	7
				Cash and			
				Currency			
				Notes at			
				Head			
				Office * 2,73,24,165	13	11	
				Cash and			
				Currency			
				Notes at			
				Branches† 4,61,35,016	9	11	
				RUPES	23,77,58,803	13	5

* Includes Sovs. & † Sovs., value R6,58,200 0 0
† Do, do. do. R4,62,142 8 0

R11,20,342 8 0

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 12th October 1911.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 36·75.

By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

A public examination for admission to the Assistant Surgeon Branch of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department will be held on the 8th January 1912 at the stations and places marginally noted. Only Europeans and Eurasians will be allowed to appear at the examination. Copies of the prospectus and any further information may be obtained from the Senior Medical Officers at these stations and from—

Calcutta.	Lahore, Cantt.	Landour.	Aden.
Dinapore.	Rawalpindi.	Rangoon.	Maymyo.
Allahabad.	Secunderabad.	Madras.	Kara hi.
Agra.	Wellington.	Ootacamund.	Bombay.
Lucknow.	Quetta.	Bangalore.	Mhow.
Meerut.	Shillong.	Trichinopoly.	Poona.
Bareilly.	Peshawar.	Jhansi.	Kamptee.
Jubbulpore.	Kasauli.	Sialkot.	Mount Abu.
Ambala.	Simla.	Fyzabad.	Mandalay.

- (1) The Secretary to the Director General, Indian Medical Service, Simla.
- (2) The Personal Assistants to the Surgeons-General with the Governments of Madras and Bombay.
- (3) All Administrative Medical Officers and the Principals of the Medical Colleges and Schools in Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

BRUCE SETON, Major, I.M.S.,
Secretary to the Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SIMLA,
The 29th September 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
388—1911	Vulubhdass Madhavjee Sha .	Hindu .	Dadysett Agiary Lane, No. 114.	Lately a Commission Agent and Grocery Merchant and now unemployed.	18th	September	1911	18th	September	1911
389—1911	Bala Daji Dalvi . . .	" .	No. 5, Moogbhat Cross Lane	Lately a rent-farmer in partnership with Ganpat Babaji Dhondoo Raghoo and Ramchandra Dowlat and also a peon in the service of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.	"	"	"	"	"	"
390—1911	Daya Jawan Sha . . .	" .	No. 2, Old Hanuman Gali	Lately a dealer in Sugar, Coffee, Tea, etc., and now unemployed.	19th	"	"	19th	"	"
391—1911	Bhaichand Chotalal Sha and Keshowlal Chotalal Sha.	" .	Goolalwady . . .	The 1st Debtor is an extra Gujrathi writer and the 2nd a Pearl borer.	"	"	"	21st	"	"
392—1911	Mangloo Hoosein Khatki .	Mahomedan .	Colaba, Baiva's Chawl	A Butcher . . .	20th	"	"	"	"	"
393—1911	Ookeda Dewsey Sha . . .	Hindu .	Dana Bunder . . .	Forming trading in partnership with Pooja Dewsey and the late Bharwal Seejee as General Merchants under the name of Ookeda Dewsey and now a servant in the employ of Gopaldas Vulubdas.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
394—1911	Moosa Kassam Memon . . .	Mahomedan . . .	Kolsa Moholla . . .	A Broker of Grass . . .	20th	September	1911	21st	September	1911
395—1911	Khetsi Anandji Shah . . .	Hindu . . .	Mandvi, near Musjid Bridge	A servant in the employ of Messrs. Kooverji Anandji & Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
396—1911	Jacob De Cruz . . .	Portuguese . . .	Colaba, Ruju's Chawl . . .	A Fitter in the employ of Bombay Government Dock-yard.	21st	"	"	"	"	"
397—1911	John Dinnes Bracken . . .	East Indian . . .	Mathar Pakady . . .	A Fitter in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	"	"	"	"	"	"
398—1911	Baloba alias Baloo Luxumon Nalawde.	Hindu . . .	Wadala, Matunga Road . . .	Lately a petty dealer in fuel and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
401—1911	Ebrahim Soomar Memon . . .	Mahomedan . . .	Gogari Mola . . .	Carrying on business as Hosiery Merchant.	22nd	"	"	22nd	"	"
399—1911	Cursondass Nathoo Thakor . . .	Hindu . . .	Walkeshwar . . .	Lately a proprietor of Amba Varla Ginning Factory and now a Speculator in Linseed, etc.	"	"	"	23rd	"	"
400—1911	Dorabji Cowasji Banaji . . .	Parsee . . .	Govalia Tank Road . . .	A Salesman in the employ of Bottom Gorio & Co. and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
402—1911	Shaik Mohamed, Shaik Ismail and Shaik Ibrahim, Shaik Mahomed.	Mahomedan . . .	Coorla, opposite Police Station	Farriers . . .	23rd	"	"	"	"	"
404—1911	Mooradally Shamjee Khoja . . .	" . . .	Belasis Road, Roshan Building.	Lately a Speculator in opium, etc. and now unemployed.	26th	"	"	26th	"	"

406—1911	Dewjee Versy Dussa Ooswal	Hindu	Mandvi Bunder	Formerly carrying on business in partnership with Govindjee Canjee, Lacausy Pooja and the late Bharmal Mooljee as General Merchants under the name of Govindjee Canjee and now a servant of Cullianjee Shamjee.	"	"	"	"	"
403—1911	Poonumchand Sena Sha, Khushna Durga Sha and Hindoo Gumna Sha.	"	Doongri	Lately doing business as money-lenders and dealers in copper and brass pots in the name of Poonamchand Sena and Company and now unemployed.	25th	"	27th	"	"
407—1911	Mahomedally Abdool Hoosein	Mahomedan	Pydawni	Lately a Commission Agent trading in the name of M. A. Bheetwadeker & Co. and also a dealer in arms and ammunition in the name of Abdoolali Esufali Bandoowkwalla and now unemployed.	26th	"	"	"	"
408—1911	Khema Narayen Jamdar, Sakharam Vishnoo Jamdar and Veshwant Ganoo Rawal.	Hindu	Tardeo	The first Insolvent lately an Overseer in the Bombay Post Office and now unemployed; the second an Assistant Store-keeper in the Shri Venkatesh Press and the third a Folisher.	27th	"	"	"	"
409—1911	Hurridass Premjee Vania	"	Bhuleshwar	Lately a Hawker of cloth and now unemployed.	28th	"	28th	"	"
410—1911	Davidass Pitamber Vania	"	Bharbhai Mola	Lately a Loan Broker and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
411—1911	Sheriarjee Rustomjee Mistry	Parsee	Null Bazar, No. 6	Lately a Milk Seller and now unemployed.	29th	"	29th	"	"

Orders in the matters of the above-named Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 3rd day of October 1911.

R. R. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 68 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ma Nyin and Ma Hla May carrying on business in partnership with a third person (name unknown) as Messrs. SoonHain and Co. as dealers in oilmans stores at No. 269, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon ; Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. G. Atherton and Co. of Rangoon, creditors of Ma Nyin, Ma Hla May and one on the 19th day of September 1911 an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Ma Nyin, Ma Hla May and one was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 22nd day of September 1911.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 25th day of September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 72 OF 1911.

In the matter of Kalidass Parpaya, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kalidass Parpaya, Merchant of No. 59, Mill Road, Rangoon, on the 27th day of September 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kalidass Parpaya.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 28th day of September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 73 OF 1911.

In the matter of Khaja Naimudin, shopkeeper of No. 28, 29th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Khaja Naimudin, shopkeeper of No. 28, 29th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Khaja Naimudin.

RANGOON ;
The 4th day of October 1911.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

NO. 461 OF 1910.

Re Ismail Mahomed Memon of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Vora's Chawl, Khoka Mohla, carrying on business as Provision Merchant under the name and style of the Australian Stores ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 25th day of November 1910 against the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, BOMBAY ;
The 5th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

No. 9 OF 1910.

Re Gopal Shrikishna Waknis of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant, residing at Dadar, No. 50 a fitter in the employ of Bapooji Krishnaji an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 18th day of January 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort, Bombay; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

No. 13 OF 1910.

Re Anthony Edmond Johannes, Eurasian, inhabitant of Bombay, a Reader in the Crown Press, residing at Dhan Castle, Clare Road, Byculla; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 19th day of January 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

No. 30 OF 1910.

Re Rasoolbhai Esub Basar, Mahomedan, inhabitant of Bombay, residing at Sassoon Building, Belasis Road, lately a dealer in Milk and now unemployed; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 31st day of January 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

No. 31 OF 1910.

Re Nandkishore Totaram, Marwaree of Bombay, Hindu, inhabitant, a Seed broker in partnership with Joravarmul Madhooram and now a seed and wheat broker residing at No. 7, Kalbadevi, Bombay; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 31st day of January 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.**In Insolvency.**

NO. 32 OF 1910.

Re Ebrahim Haji Umer Pishori and Fakir Mahomed Hubib Pishori till lately trading in partnership under the name and style of Ebrahim Haji Oomer as petty dealers in cow and buffalo hides and skins of Bombay, Mahomedans, residing in the house of Hasan Aba at Ghogari Moholla out of Fort, Bombay; Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvents has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 1st day of February 1910 against the said Insolvents has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.**In Insolvency.**

NO. 38 OF 1910.

Re Deepchand Hurdevdas Barasani and Pyarilal Deepchand Barasani of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Vithulwady in Chawl No. 59, dealers in milk in the name of Pyarilal Deepchand; Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvents has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 5th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvents has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.**In Insolvency.**

NO. 43 OF 1910.

Re Saydoo Meeya Abdoola Sayed and Shaik Lall Shaik Mahomed Sayed of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitants, residing at Surti Moholla, the first Insolvent is a Ramoshee in His Majesty's Mint and the second a labourer; Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvents has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 8th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvents has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.**In Insolvency.**

NO. 46 OF 1910.

Re Deepchand Kapurchand Sha, Hindu, inhabitant of Bombay, residing at Marwady Bazar, No. 565, lately a General Broker and now a Mehta in the service of Morarji Sunderji; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 9th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay ; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

No. 48 OF 1910.

Re, Jairam Mamya Soni of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Bengalpooora, in House No. 24, lately a Goldsmith and now unemployed ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 9th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay ; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

No. 50 OF 1910.

Re, Haji Abdul Satar Abdul Karim Memon of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, carrying on business as General Merchant residing at No. 243 Chas Molla ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 10th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay ; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

No. 60 OF 1910.

Re, Baburbhai Ranchodbhai Barote of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kandawady in chawl No. 48—50, lately a servant in the employ of Mohunsing Hamirsing Thackore and now unemployed ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 16th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay ; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.**NO. 61 OF 1910.**

Re, Morris Thomas Sebastian, East Indian inhabitant of Bombay, a clerk in the Bombay Municipality residing at Bapty Road, No. 254 ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 16th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay ; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.**No. 65 of 1910.**

Re, Shamji Murarji Joshi, Hindu inhabitant of Bombay, residing at Nos. 50-52, Khand Bazar, lately a petty dealer in piece goods and now unemployed ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 19th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay ; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.**NO. 69 OF 1910.**

Re, George James Harrold of Bombay, European inhabitant, residing at Delisle Road, Parel, lately a Fireman in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, and now unemployed ; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 24th day of February 1910 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 4th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay ; this 9th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in J. R. B. Branson, Esquire, the Official Assignee of this Court ; and all persons indebted

to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of the Insolvents.
212 of 1911	31st August 1911	K. Subbaroyalu Chetty and K. Narayana-Sawmy Chetty, brokers, residing at No. 64, Virapillay Street, Muthialpet, Madras.	31st August 1911.	27th October 1911.
215 of 1911	2nd September 1911.	P. J. Cunniah Naidu, unemployed, residing at No. 16, Perianna Mudaly Street, Georgetown, Madras.	4th September 1911.	3rd November 1911.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY OFFICE, MADRAS;
The 3rd October 1911.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 3rd October 1911.

No. 121.—3rd class Assistant Surgeon C. J. Lincoln, I.S.M.D., has been granted 3 months' privilege leave with effect from the 19th July 1911, and his services are, on expiry of leave, replaced at the disposal of the Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India.

No. 122.—The services of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant R. McKie, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India, with effect from the 20th August 1911.

The 6th October 1911.

No. 123.—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon R. S. Keelan, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, for civil employment, with effect from the 10th August 1911.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th October 1911.

No. 584.—Mr. E. H. Corridon, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 5th grade, is granted an extension of leave on medical certificate for six months, in continuation of that granted in this department, Notification No. 561, dated the 4th August 1911.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 6th October 1911.

No. 2625.—An examination in the Brahui language by the prescribed tests will be held at Quetta in the Durbar Hall on Monday the 27th November 1911 commencing at 10-30 A.M.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,
First Assistant.

REVENUE COMMISSIONER AND INSPECTOR GENERAL OF REGISTRATION IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 5th October 1911.

No. 4769.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 69 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Inspector General of Registration in British Baluchistan, with the approval of the Chief Commissioner, is pleased to direct that, in his Notification No. 726, dated the 20th April 1892, after the words "which were published in the Punjab Gazette of the 16th December 1880," the words "as amended from time to time" shall be added.

H. DOBBS,
Revenue Commissioner and Inspector
General of Registration.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

Bangalore, the 9th October 1911.

No. 56.—Second Lieutenant Frank Hubert Naish is granted leave in India for six months, with effect from the 1st October 1911, or date of departure.

TRANSFER.

The 9th October 1911.

No. 57.—Captain William Duncan Macgregor is transferred to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the 24th August 1911.

By order,

F. J. RICHARDS,
for First Assistant Resident.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 7th October 1911.

No. 37.—Major C. W. Wilkinson, R.E., Officiating Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Central Section, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 308, Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 13 months, *vis.*, privilege leave for 2 months and 4 days and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from 30th October 1911, or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

The 10th October 1911.

No. 38.—Mr. J. H. Harford, Officiating Executive Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, extension of leave on medical certificate for 6 months, with effect from the 18th August 1911; the extraordinary leave granted to him in continuation of privilege leave in Manager's Notification No. 16, dated 10th April 1911, ceasing from the same date.

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North Western Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lucknow, the 5th October 1911.

No. 16.—Mr. C. J. Silvester, District Locomotive Superintendent, in Class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted combined leave for one year, *vis.*, privilege leave due and furlough for the remaining period, under Articles 233 and 238 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 28th September 1911, or subsequent date of relief.

The 6th October 1911.

No. 17.—Mr. T. W. E. S. Wrench, District Locomotive Superintendent in Class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted combined leave for 13 months, *vis.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period, under Articles 233 and 308(b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st October 1911, or subsequent date of relief.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,
Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

REPORTS OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Highland Light Infantry, dated at Lucknow, this 9th day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—5508, Color-Sergeant, Charles Burn. Age—35 years Height—5 feet 8 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey. Trade—Joiner. Date of enlistment—30th October 1894.	Place of enlistment—Edinburgh. Parish and County in which born—Canongate, Edinburgh, Scotland. Date of desertion or absence—6th October 1911. Place of desertion or absence—Lucknow. Marks—Scar, right cheek; anchor, right forearm.
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W. G. S. MITCHELL, 2nd-Lieut. for Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion, Highland Light Infantry.

**Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 14th King's Hussars,
dated at Bangalore, this 3rd day of October 1911.**

Number, Rank and Name—H- 3142, Private,
Harold Fudge.
Age—22 years 2 months.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, brown;
eyes, blue.
Trade—Engineer.
Date of enlistment—21st September 1908.

Place of enlistment—Leicester.
Parish and County in which born—Bristol,
Gloucestershire.
Date of desertion or absence—26th September 1911.
Place of desertion or absence—Madras.
Mark—*Nil*.
Under 4 years' service.

T. R. BRUCE, Capt. for Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding, 14th King's Hussars.

**NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
IRRIGATION BRANCH.**

NOTIFICATION.

RESUMPTION OF CHARGE.

Simla, the 4th October 1911.

No. 02159-E.I.F.—With reference to Irrigation Branch Notification No. 02153-E.I.F., dated 3rd October 1911, Mr. E. R. Foy, Executive Engineer, on return from privilege leave, resumed executive charge of the Mardan Division, Upper Swat River Canal, from Mr. A. W. M. Jesson, Assistant Engineer, on the forenoon of the 19th September 1911.

W. E. T. BENNETT,
Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 13th October 1911.

No. 36-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 27th September to 10th October 1911 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Aldona	Portuguese (Goa) Territory	5th October 1911	Opened.
Aligarh Tonk	Rajputana	" " " "	"
Allahabad Katra Bazar	United Provinces	2nd " " "	Closed.
Allahabad Kutcherry	Ditto	" " " "	Opened.
Alur	Madras Presidency	22nd September 1911	"
Coolasagaram	Ditto	11th " " "	Closed.
Coronation Durbar	Punjab	2nd October 1911	Opened.
Deiku	Burma	4th " " "	"
Gorakhpur Kuraghat	United Provinces	2nd " " "	"
Khost	Baluchistan	3rd " " "	"
Kobo	Eastern Bengal and Assam	" " " "	"
Modasa	Bombay Presidency	9th " " "	"
Mohora, Mazaffarabad	Kashmir	8th " " "	Closed.
Ramnagar, Moradabad	United Provinces	19th September 1911	Opened.
Shahrig	Baluchistan	30th " " "	Closed.
Thakurbari	Eastern Bengal and Assam	23rd " " "	Opened.

The following alterations in the names of the Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

“Killa Abdulla” instead of “Kilh-Abdulla.”

“Patti” instead of “Patti, Lahore.”

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph Office is notified :—

On the North-Western Railway.

“Chah Nur Mohammed” instead of “Chuk Noor Mohammed.”

H. C. N. PRANCE,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

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Forest Flora of the Sewalik and Jaunsar Forest Divisions of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, being a revised and enlarged edition of the Forest Flora of the School Circle, North-Western Provinces with analyses. Royal 16mo. Cloth. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

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The Blue Pine *Tomicus Bark-Borer*. Forest Bulletin No. 5, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. (1a.)

List of Officers in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, Government of India, and in the Departments under its administrative control. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

A Glossary of Technical terms for use in Indian Forestry compiled by A. M. F. Caccia and revised by R. S. Troup. Forest Bulletin No. 4, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 6a. or 7d. (1a.)

Classified List of Forest Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services in the Bengal, Madras and Bombay Presidencies on 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

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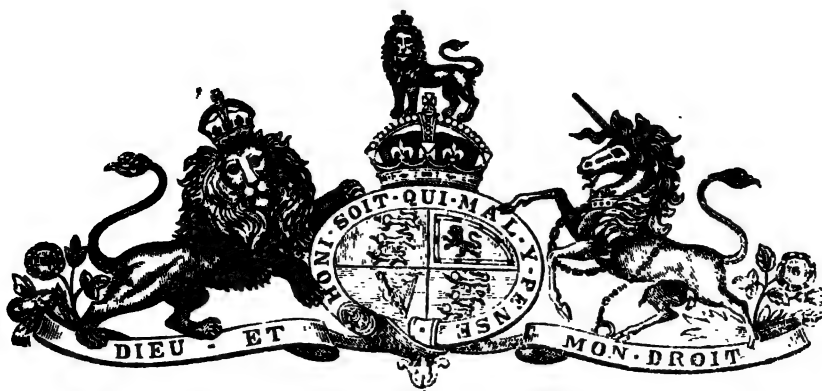
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LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.

Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost Government Promissory Note.

The Government Promissory Note No. 015923 of 1900-01, for Rs500 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1900-01 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Bai Navazbai, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertisers.—BAI NAWAZBAI, A. CADIMASTER,
The Gunj Street near the Red Temple, Ajmer.

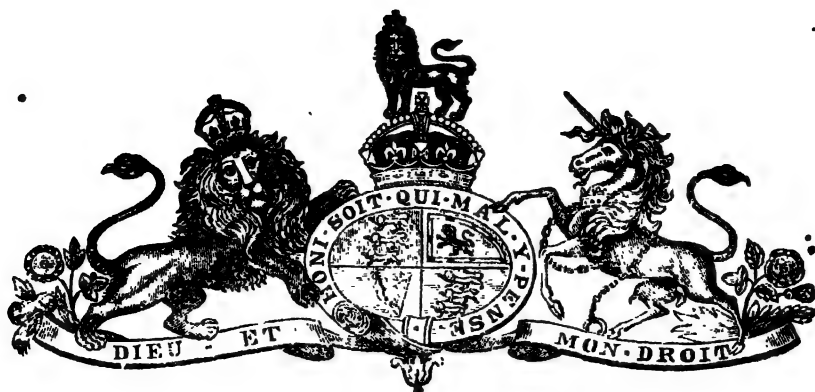
Estate R. . S. Roberts, deceased.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Richard Gabbett Spiers Roberts who died on 10th June 1911 at Oakmount Crofts, Lea Park, Ilfracombe Devon, England, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 15th November next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate R. G. S. Roberts, deceased.

CALCUTTA ;
The 3rd October 1911.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India

No. 41.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (Gúr)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Burma*															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	60.38	35.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	49.23	30.77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and															
Amherst . . . . .	...	...	47.06	51.2	35.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	49.61	31.37	38.79	43.24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	51.61	34.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	51.61	37.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Hensada . . . . .	...	...	57.14	34.78	56.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	51.61	34.41	33.51	38.79	...	...	...	...	26.02	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	48.85	32.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam*															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	37.5	36.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	40	40	35	35	...	...	20	17.5	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Fabna . . . . .	...	...	35	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	47.5	45	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara	15.62	18.12	33.75	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	21.25	20	40	41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*															
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	41.25	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	47.5	48.75	37.5	32.5	...	...	27.5	22.5	...	30	...	32.5	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	40	36.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . . . .	...	...	39.53	45.62	33.7	35.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . . . .	...	...	30.62	34.37	30	30	...	...	18.12	18.75	...	25	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	36.25	35	33.12	35	...	...	21.25	22.5	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	44.37	50	30.78	36.25	...	...	20	22.19	...	...	...	...	13.33
United Provinces—															
(a) <i>AGRA—</i>															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Banars	23.7	24.53	48.38	44.01	33.12	32.6	39.63	40.68	20.36	19.58	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	25.78	27.55	47.03	42.08	31.96	31.98	36.35	36.07	22.19	18.18	21.04	21.61	20.63	24.22	...
Jhansi . . . . .	...	...	48.44	45.62	33.33	32.66	...	...	24.64	21.41	23.28	17.19	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	50	45.62	30.78	31.41	35.16	37.19	22.19	19.53	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	47.08	47.08	53.38	53.33	33.33	32.66	35.94	41.04	24.22	21.61	22.86	22.24	32.08	27.6	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur	29.37	20	...	...	29.37	30	...	...	20	15.99	25	24.37	22.5	21.87	...
(b) <i>ODDH—</i>															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . . . .	...	23.54	50	43.44	31.33	31.98	40	41.04	121.61	19.06	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad	25	20	47.5	44.37	30.94	31.98	...	...	19.37	20	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the price of common rice.

(The figures state prices in rupees per 100 munda)

RACI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSRED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS	
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911		
															Burma—	
			57.14	57.14											Tenasserim—	
			40.76	40.76	50	50									Mergui	
			32.40	28.07	44.76	38.79									Tavoy	
	25	31.22	50	50	51.61	51.61									Monlmein and	
			50.02	35.75											Amherst	
			40	43.07	54.24	50.39									Pegu (deltaic)—	
															Bangoon	
															Maubin	
															Bassein	
															Pegu (inland)—	
															Hensada	
															Toungoo	
	21.84	14.48	37.48	26.23	46.38	51.61	65.98	71.11							Upper Burma—	
			34.41	21.84											Mandalay	
			44.44	44.44	57.14	61.54									Pakokku	
															Arakan—	
															Akyab	
															Eastern Bengal and	
			26.25	27.5	45	45							57.5	52.5	Assam—	
			31.25	25	42.5	38.75									Eastern—	
															Chittagong	
			26.25	23.75								72.5	65	66.72	53.75	Dacca
			35	40	35	37.5									Central—	
															Pabna	
															Northern—	
															Rangpur	
															Brahmaputra—	
															Goalpara	
															Gauhati	
															Bengal—	
															Deltaic—	
			27.5	23.75	35	35	30	32.5				85	80	{ 60 and 75 }	{ 60 and 65 }	Midnapur
												83.75	70	57.5	53.75	Calcutta
			27.5	30	32.5	46.25										Central—
			30.47	32.13	23.44	24.32	25	27.08						55	47.5	Bardwan
22.5	18.12	20	20	21.87	24.37	28.75								62.5	60.94	Orissa—
																Cuttack
																Bihar, south—
	20	19.37	21.25	22.5	36.25	35	20.62	29.37				95	100	60	52.5	Patna
22.19	20	23.44	20.94	23.44	35	33.25	20	26.56				91.87	7.5	{ 50.62 and 51.87 }	55	Bihar, north—
																Bhagalpur
																Muzaffarpur
			20.21	22.92	20.74	31.15										United Provinces—
																(a) AGRA—
																Benares
			18.33	21.04	22.19	25.78	27.55			20		80	84.17	55.16	45.73	Central—
			15.21	23.16	20.78		31.06									Cawnpore
			23.50	18.44	30.75	28.50	27.5						63.91		44.37	Jhansi
			23.54	24.22	38.33	30.78										Western—
																Meerut
	22.5	15.99	20	20.60	22.5	24.06	30	32.5	30							Agra
																Submontane, west—
																Shahjahanpur
		13.33	21.61	23.54								75.94	72.71	55.21	53.33	(b) OUDH—
			20	22.19	27.5	26.56										Southern—
																Lucknow
																Northern—
																Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SRIPAMUM (Tel or jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gér)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Burma—														
<i>Tanasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	482.31	581.82	...	...	17.49	17.16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	400	400	...	...	18.77	18.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	17.39	16.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbin . . . . .	...	...	533.33	533.33	...	...	21.77	21.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	492.31	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Henzada . . . . .	...	...	533.33	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tonngoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.81	22.61	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	457.14	533.33	...	...	20.32	20.58	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakókku . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	492.31	457.14	...	...	28.57	26.67	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	500	465	65	70	17.5	15.62	50	60	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	400	500	72.5	75	21.87	19.37	100	130	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	630	600	50	56.25	20	20	...	115	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	560	480	62.5	60	35	25	50	100	...	...	3.75	5
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	62.5	72.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	...	...	70	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 400 to 450 }	{ 420 to 450 }	95	77.5	20	17.5	{ 90 and 100 }	{ 107.5 and 115 }	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	65	70	470	470	50	60	18.12	15	65	85	...	...	15	15
<i>Central—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	440	460	57.5	80	20	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	65	40.73	434.27	457.19	43.81	60.91	18.12	18.12	101.87	67.19	...	...	5	5
<i>Bihár, south—</i>														
Patna	80	52.5	470	420	42.5	61.25	20	20	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihár, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	512.5	470	48.12	60	23.12	23.41	70	90	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	492.34	428.56	50	57.19	22.19	20	160	200	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66.09	56.41	468.91	469.37	48.7	60.36	22.92	23.65	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	88.85	69.53	457.13	376.46	57.13	64.01	17.66	17.76	75	80	105	107.5	...	...
Jhansi	76.25	51.56	428.56	356.25	66.56	64.06	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	17.66	17.66	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . . . .	...	...	492.29	376.46	57.13	61.56	17.4	17.03	90	120	135	135	...	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur . . . . .	...	...	470	400	...	...	20	20	...	...	{ 110 and 120 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	460	390	61.51	66.25	20.94	21.04	...	...	100	100	3.12	2.5
<i>Northern—</i>														
Varanasi . . . . .	...	...	450	380	47.5	52.5	20.94	20.68	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ton m.b.f.d.)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BRAN		SHEEP. PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS	
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910		
						9·3	10·29					3·5	3	Burma—	
...	...	...	...	...	...	14·1	14·1	...	...	...	...	...	3	Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·85	11·85	...	...	...	...	2	2	Mergui
														Tavoy	
														Moulmein and	
														Amerst	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·75	1·69	Pegu (<i>deltic</i>)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	25·3	25·3	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	14·19	11·43	...	...	...	...	1·75	1·69	Maubin
														Bassein	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·81	1·75	Pegu (<i>inland</i>)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·94	1·87	Henzada
														Toungoo	
...	...	...	...	...	13·62	26·63	24·43	...	...	...	...	...	1·69	Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·81	...	Mandalay
														Pakokku	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·25	2·25	Arakan—
														Akyab	
														Eastern Bengal and	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·62	1·78	Assam—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·5	2·12	Chittagong
														Dacca	
11·25	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·56	2	Central—
														Fabna	
10	8·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·19	2·5	Northern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·66	Bangpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·56	1·87	Brahmaputra—
														Goolpara	
														Gauhati	
														Bengal—	
5	7·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·53	1·66	<i>Deltic</i> —
11·25	12·5	...	...	...	17·5	22·5	18·75	...	...	...	...	1·73	2·12	Midnapur
5	5	...	...	...	...	30	31·25	...	...	...	...	2	2·19	Calcutta
5·62	5·62	...	...	...	...	6·25	6·25	...	...	...	...	1·44	2·06	Central—
...	...	...	...	...	5·62	7·5	18·75	31·25	...	...	...	1·87	1·98	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·47	1·87	Orissa—
...	...	...	...	...	5	10	15·94	22·19	...	...	...	1·5	1·75	Cuttack
														Bihar, south—	
														Patna	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·47	1·87	Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·5	1·75	Bhagalpur
														Muzaffarpur	
														United Provinces—	
...	...	...	...	...	7·97	7·29	25	26·15	50	...	40	2·62	3·62	(a) AGRA—
...	...	...	...	...	10	6·15	20	17·76	75	70	...	1·73	2·11	<i>Eastern</i> —
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·72	2·19	Benares
...	...	...	...	...	10	...	20·94	21·09	...	...	...	...	2·14	Central—
9·37	10	...	...	9·37	5	21·04	22·24	...	...	80	80	1·87	2·5	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			Jhansi
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			Western—
					...	...	...	...	...	...	...			Meerut
					...	...	...	...	...	...	...			Agra
...	...	...	...	...	5·62	3·12	30	38·75	{ 60 and 65 }	{ 60 and 65 }	{ 40 and 60 }	{ 1· and 60 }	2·37	Submontane, west—
														Shahjahanpur	
														(b) OUDH—	
...	...	...	...	...	8·91	6·25	20	21·25	40	40	...	1·81	2·75	<i>Southern</i> —
...	5·62	5·63	35	35	1·75	2	Lucknow
														<i>Northern</i> —	
														Fyzabad	

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	...	26.67	...	...	...	31.00	...	...	...	19.06	...	22.24	...	26.2	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozpur	...	...	...	50	28.75	31.25	33.91	35.62	20	...	26.56	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore	30.78	21.61	57.19	47.03	31.87	28.59	36.09	38.07	20	17.4	23.44	17.4	30.78	28.65	...
South-eastern—															
Delhi	29.63	28.59	59.27	44.43	33.33	34.79	39.01	38.02	23.54	22.92	26.67	22.92	31.98	26.67	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar	28.59	26.67	55.16	35	29.63	29.11	33.33	31.98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi	26.67	22.19	57.19	57.19	34.84	30.78	39.01	35.52	22.19	17.76	23.49	21.04	30.78	25	...
Western—															
Lyallpur	...	...	55	50	30.62	28.75	34.37	34.37	...	17.5	...	25	...	...	...
Multan	25.62	23.12	...	41.56	35.62	33.75	38.75	40.31	21.56	20.94	...	...	30	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	21.98	21.51	53.33	...	34.58	28.96	38.54	37.19	22.03	13.96	...	16.2	...	25	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	77.5	31.25	30.47	...	...	...	20.94	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi	...	...	51.25	39.27	40	40.47	...	...	28.12	20.94	35.81	24.37	41.25	23.59	...
Shikarpur	...	...	15	46.25	35	34.37	...	...	...	21.56	34.37	26.25	35	...	...
Quetta	...	...	...	...	40	39.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
to	...	...	...	...	41.87	41.25	66.25	61.56	30	26.25	29.37	27.5	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar	...	...	...	...	...	45.31	...	...	...	...	27.92	22.19	...	22.45	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	33.57	...	...	...	...	...	30.57	27.76	...	27.76	...
Poona	...	...	77.5	43.12	48.02	44.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	37.5	27.76	...
Khandesh and N.-E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar	...	...	...	49.01	40.36	...	...	...	...	28.49	21.2	30.78	21.67	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36.67	...	40.52	21.82	...	...
Gujarat—															
Surat	...	...	...	...	46.15	...	...	...	...	36.77	...	39.63	...	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	56.25	42.5	4	32.5	...	...	32.5	21.25	31.25	21.25	37.5	30	...
Central Provinces†—															
Western—															
Nagpur	...	...	36.5	37.5	33.37	33.37	40	44.37	...	...	32.62	26.12	...	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore	...	...	33.37	34.75	20.75	33.37	40	42.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur	...	...	33	34	32	32	40	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—															
Akola	...	...	38	41.62	32	35.75	...	...	...	...	27	22	...	...	...
Amraoti	...	...	42.5	36.75	32	38.12	48	48	...	...	23	21.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.9	30.6	29.3	29.2	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3
Central—															
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.5	24.3	...	...	...
Cuddapah	29.6	32.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3	26.1	...	28.8	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—															
Madras	29.7	31.8	47.7	38.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mangalore	23.4	26.4	42.2	48.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25.3
Southern—															
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.8	27.5	36.5	30.4	...
More—															
Mysore	20	20	48	54	72	53	47.97	53.96	...	...	25	32	...	...	22
Bangalore	29	30	56	62	50	52	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	26

*Not reported yet.

† The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI		MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
...	...	17-97	...	20	...	...	...	61-51	...	...	...	145-47	...	...	...	Rajputana—
...	Eastern— Ajmer
...	22-5	20-62	...	...	...	...	30-62	...	...	72-66	...	...	...	Panjab—
...	28-59	31-04	23-44	19-11	36-25	33-33	31-87	30-16	30-78	...	84-22	72-71	59-22	43-28	...	Southern— Ferozpur
...	28-54	29-63	22-19	22-92	33-33	29-63	...	...	30-78	...	94-11	...	64-01	45-68	...	Central— Lahore
...	23-91	20	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	65	47-03	...	South-eastern— Delhi
...	18-59	20	26-67	21-87	44-43	57-13	...	...	33-33	...	72-71	72-71	57-13	42-08	...	Submontane— Amritsar
...	24-37 23-44	20-94 22-19	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	...	18-75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50-31	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	31-22	19-79	26-09 20-62	23-59 19-37	...	33-33	...	...	...	...	85-31	...	...	40	30	N.-W. Frontier Pro- vince—
...	Peshawar Dera Ismael Khan
...	31-25 27-19	30 24-37	...	89-06	...	...	...	...	...	...	60-62	50	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	36-87	30-62	...	...	61-25	47-5	43-75	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karachi Shikarpur
...	Quetta
...	30-42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay—
...	28-41 32-97	26-25 28-85	...	...	...	...	...	27-66	...	88-18	86-25	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	26-87 30-68	30-05	...	...	...	55	19-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	30	22-5	45-62	36-25	...	...	28-75	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
...	25-25	25-25	28-62	34-75	...	...	21-25	17-5	97-62	93	...	...	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	23-5	23-5	33-37	36-37	40	40	26-62	23-5	84-25	80	...	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	22-25	21-5	27	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	26	26	32	33-37	...	...	22	20	...	...	...	...	...	Berar—
...	26	26-5	28	29-75	...	...	17-25	16-5	80-75	76-87	...	...	...	Akola Amraoti
26-3	40-8	51-5	...	27-3	42-9	...	...	35-2	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
...	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	30-8	37	25-2	...	...	...	23-1	23	...	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
26-7	34-1	30-6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	35-9	35-5	...	...	48-1	48	29-4	32-7	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichino poly
25-3	61-8	65-1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
...	32	31-8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore
24 30	25-1 26	33 33	48 48	53 60	68-50	68-12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—concluded.

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer†	...	67 08	...	355 57	...	57 13	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	8
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	...	...	533 33	457 19	66 56	44 37	15 94	16 67	88 91	100	133 23	127 97	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	100	69 58	512 19	439 37	61 56	48 40	14 84	14 79	80	66 67	145 47	123 07	12 5	11 25
South-eastern—														
Delhi	94 11	76 2	533 33	412 92	61 56	51 67	17 4	17 4	80	80	...	133 33	13 28	...
Submontane—														
Amritsar	92 5	65	540	465	69 58	50	14 69	15	...	75	...	122 5	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi	...	...	492 29	426 67	53 33	44 53	15 31	15 31	100	100	145 47	133 33	14 27	13 33
Western—														
Lyallpur	...	...	510	405	60	40	15	15	80	80	...	125	6 25	...
Multan	...	67 5	547 5	410	58 75	43 12	15 94	15 62	88 75	133 33	...	145	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Pro-														
vince—														
Peshawar	...	...	463 02	426 67	84 22	56 15	15 36	17 81	88 85	...	...	...	3 85	3 85
Dera Ismael Khan	...	67 97	...	...	55	46 87	13 75	13 96	...	...	...	140	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi	...	73 12	505	412 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	500	410	...	...	...	...	59 37	63 75	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	460 to 570	450 to 490	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar	39 53	33 33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	81 51	85 68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	484 22	491 25	85 99	...	...	...	150 88	161 41	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar	...	...	...	400	...	83 33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	605	...	86 67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat	...	...	...	442 55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	460	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	86 62	82	566 62	500	...	...	23 37	21 63	100	100	120	120	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	66 62	61 5	440	380	...	...	23 5	22 87	88 87	114 25	114 25	106 62	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur	...	...	460	370	...	...	21	20	140	160	105	100	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	...	...	400	409	...	...	20	18	95 25	95 25	...	92 75	...	...
Amraoti	77 25	77 25	420	430	...	...	19	18	140	110	80	...	8	8 5
Madras—														
South. central—														
Coimbatore	89 4	82 8	487 9	487 8	56 2	64	23 1	22 4	...	...	89 6	89 6	...	...
Salem	...	...	445 2	445 1	...	...	...	...	205 5	188 3	85 7	85 6	...	...
Central—														
Bellary	...	77 3	571 5	603 1	67 4	79 4	...	...	...	...	94	65 9	...	...
Cuddasph	...	...	460 5	460 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	93 8	80 3	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116 6	116 7	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore	...	...	466 6	450	...	...	15 7	15 7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74 1	77 3	510 2	592 5	51 9	74 9	12 8	12 8	131 7	75 7	104 5	86 3	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	466 6	466 7	...	...	13 1	13 1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	810 8	608 1	...	...	17 6	17 5	102 9	133 6	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	84 2	90	540 5	472 9	...	...	...	...	106 8	106 8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	72	60	430	497 13	68 54	102 86	...	...	197 13*	197 13*	120	120	2 92	2 92
Bangalore	68	63	480	582 36	63 54	85 68	...	...	248 12*	240*	171 41	171 41	5 88	5 88

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

† Not reported yet

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		FLOUR BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
...	5.73	...	7.23	...	...	...	26.67	...	100	...	85	...	2.44	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	7.97	6.67	...	...	90	85	150	90	2.12	2.31	Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	10	7.29	20.47	23.54	140	140	160	140	2.09	2.53	Central— Lahore
...	...	15.99	13.33	15.99	8.02	22.24	19.06	80	80	150	150	1.44	2.12	South-eastern— Delhi
...	8.91	8.02	19.53	15.36	120	120	...	...	2.12	2.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	12.5	6.67	2.5	16.67	90	90	100	80	2.12	2.31	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	6.87	5	25	20.62	100	100	140	140	2.25	2.62	Western— Lyallpur
...	120	2.03	2.59	Multan
...	...	3.07	2.55	6.15	5.21	17.34	14.17	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2.5	2.75	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	2.56	2.87	Dera Ismael Khan
...	8.12	...	15	18.44	110	130	...	110	1.62	2.09	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	7.81	9.37	27.19	26.25	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	1.87	...	Shikarpur
...	2.81	2.66	Quetta
...	1.56	2.31	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	1.62	2.03	Sholapur
...	1.62	2.24	Poona
...	30	28.59	...	...	...	...	1.47	2.03	Khandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	1.72	...	Dhulia
...	22.5	20	...	...	...	...	...	2.33	Gujarat— Surat
...	1.66	2.34	Ahmadabad
...	50	50	90	90	1.87	1.87	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	26.62	27.5	60	60	70	70	1.62	1.75	Central— Jubbulpore
...	1.62	2	Eastern— Raipur
...	77	72	62	63	1.87	1.87	Berar— Akola
...	9	2	...	40	41	55	55	100	75	2	2.12	Amraoti
...	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore
7.8	6.4	3.2	4	...	11.9	109.5*	109.5*	80†	80†	50	50	1.47	2.25	Salem
...	2	2.08	Central— Bellary
...	...	6.8	6.9	...	...	...	...	10†	80†	14†	100	2.25	2.25	Cuddapah
...	2	2	Karnul
...	2.25	2.5	East Coast, central— Nellore
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.18	1.69	East Coast, south— Madras
...	14.2	14.2	33.5	26.4	101.25†	98.75†	1.56	1.79	Tanjore
...	14.3	14.3	130†	130†	...	...	1.35	2.22	Trichinopoly
...	18.1	15.4	38.3	38.3	...	...	1.87	2.39	Southern— Madura
8.7	6.4	...	...	12.5	12.5	16.9	17	...	...	40	40	2	2	Mysore— Mysore
2.92	2.92	3.65	2.92	...	...	36.72	36.72	80	80	100	100	2.12	2.56	Bangalore
5.88	5.88	...	...	...	...	38.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	1.75	2	

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Cuttack, October 13, 1911

B

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911 [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	8 7	6 5	8 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 5	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	7 3	7 9	7 13	8 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 2	7 9	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	8 14	9 9	...	...	7 4	8 1	7 2	8 —	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 5	6 10	7 12	7 6	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 11	7 6	7 12	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 7	7 13	5 2	8 12	...	...	...	...
Henzada	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 13	5 7	6 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	8 1	7 1	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	9 2	8 12	9 5	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 3	8 —	7 4	10 —	11 4	11 4	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay	7 5	7 12	...	...	7 10	8 5	7 12	8 7	13 12	14 14	...	...
Bhamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 2	7 12	7 12	10 9	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	8 13	7 12	9 11	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 —	12 10	8 —	13 12	18 —	20 12	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	...	7 4	6 7	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Kynakpyu	4 —	4 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 8	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	9 8	8 8	11 —	12 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 14	9 7	9 3	...	...	...	...
Dacca	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	16 —	16 —	24 —	25 —	...	...	9 12	12 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 2	10 8	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	12 12	12 12	26 4	26 4	6 —	6 —	10 14	10 8	...	...	...	...
Malda	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 12	12 —	...	...	...	...	11 4	12 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 8	...	...	7 —	7 2	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Surma—												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar	8 4	8 6	...	...	8 8	7 7	11 11	10 —	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
<i>Khási and Jaintia</i>												
Hills	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 4	3 4	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 2	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	13 —	12 —	...	...	24 —	23 —	26 —	24 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 8	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	19	19 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	13 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	9 —	8 8	...	...	7 4	7 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang	5 —	7 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	11 8	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittucks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Burma—
...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergui
...	11 10	11 10	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 11	13 11	Tavoy
...	10 11	11 10	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Moulmein and
...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Amherst
...	9 13	10 4	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic) —
...	8 5	8 8	...	...	7 15	7 15	17 14	17 14	Pegu
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 2	7 2	17 2	17 2	Rangoon
...	8 13	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	Maubin
...	10 6	10 6	18 4	18 4	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Bassein
...	9 8	9 13	16 —	16 —	8 4	8 4	18 10	18 10	Pegu (inland)—
...	10 11	12 3	...	...	5 9	5 9	14 —	14 —	Tharawadi
...	19 —	20 —	20 —	23 —	9 10	9 10	17 12	17 12	Henzada
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Prome
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	Toungoo
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	22 8	22 8	Thayetmyo
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Upper Burma—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Mandalay
...	11 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Bhamo
...	12 —	11 —	...	...	8 8	8 12	16 —	16 —	Pakokku
...	16 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Meiktila
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 8	18 8	Arakan—
...	19 2	19 2	...	...	10 8	12 —	15 12	15 12	Sandoway
...	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Kyaukpau
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	19 8	19 8	Akyab
...	14 —	13 —	...	...	9 4	10 —	16 —	16 —	Eastern Bengal and
...	15 —	17 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Assam—
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	Eastern—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	17 8	17 8	Chittagong
...	11 6	11 6	...	...	9 6	9 6	16 13	16 —	Noakhali
...	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 4	6 —	10 —	10 —	Backerganj
...	6 —	6 —	16 —	18 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Maimensingh
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	14 —	12 —	Tippera
...	6 4	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Dacca
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Faridpur
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Central—
...	12 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	9 8	16 —	16 —	Pabna
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Rajshahi
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	Malda
...	10 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	Bogra
...	10 —	10 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Northern—
...	Jalpaiguri
...	Dinajpur
...	Rangpur
...	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	Hill tracts—
...	Khási and Jaintia
...	Hills
...	Garo Hills
...	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	Kamrup
...	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Bengal—												
<i>Deltaic—</i>												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 --	10 --	...	...	...	...	9 15½	9 15½	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 --	8 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	10 --	10 4	13 --	14 --	...	...	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 --	9 --	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	12 12	10 12	20 --	17 12	...	...	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 --	8 --	11 8	12 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 --	9 8	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	10 12	11 --	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	12 8	12 8	19 --	19 --	...	...	11 4	11 --	...	...	...	...
Banshal Parganas	11 --	11 --	17 --	17 --	...	...	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 --	8 --	10 --	10 --	...	...	7 --	7 --	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	10 3	10 8	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Balasore	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	12 --	12 --	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	10 --	10 --	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	10 8	10 8	13 --	13 --	...	...	10 --	10 8	...	...	16 --	20 --
Bancoi	10 8	11 --	14 --	13 --	...	...	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...
Palaman	14 14	14 14	18 9	18 9	...	...	12 6	11 4	...	...	...	...
Hazaribagh												
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	11 --	11 --	16 --	15 --	...	...	11 4	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—												
Gaya	13 --	13 15	19 --	22 --	...	...	12 4	12 14	...	...	...	...
Patna	13 5	13 5	20 --	20 --	...	...	12 5	12 5	20 8	20 8	...	...
Shahabad	14 --	13 --	22 --	22 --	...	...	13 --	13 --	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	14 --	13 --	20 --	21 --	...	...	10 5½	11 8	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	14 --	16 --	...	...	...	...	12 --	11 2	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	12 8	12 8	18 12	18 12	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	12 2	12 2	19 12	19 12	...	...	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
Munshiganj	13 --	13 --	20 --	20 --	...	...	9 --	9 --	...	...	...	...
Saran	12 12	12 8	20 --	20 --	...	...	11 2	11 --	...	...	...	...
Champaran	15 --	15 --	25 --	23 --	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirzapur	10 8	10 8	16 --	17 --	5 8	7 8	8 --	8 --	...	...	14 --	14 --
Benares	11 11	11 12	19 --	19 --	6 --	6 --	7 3	7 13	...	...	14 1½	14 1½
Ghazipur	12 12	13 1	20 3	19 9	6 1	6 1	10 8	10 7	18 10	...	14 12	15 9
Jaunpur	13 10	12 3	20 10	18 14	5 1	5 1	8 6	7 14	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	10 12	10 12	18 --	17 14	5 12	5 12	9 --	9 --	18 --	18 --	15 --	16 --
<i>Central—</i>												
Banda	12 --	12 2	18 8	18 8	3 12	4 --	7 14	8 10	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	11 4	11 --	16 8	16 8	6 --	6 --	7 --	7 --	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	11 6	10 10	15 8	15 8	5 14	5 14	6 12	6 12	19 6	18 14	16 9	16 1
Jalaun	12 --	11 12	16 --	16 --	5 --	5 --	8 --	8 --	16 --	16 --	15 --	15 --
Cawnpore	12 --	11 8	17 5	17 --	...	...	8 --	8 --	18 --	16 8	13 --	15 --
Jhansi	11 12	11 11	15 14	16 9	3 --	5 15	8 --	8 --	16 15	17 7	15 --	...
Etah	12 4	12 4	16 4	16 4	3 --	3 --	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Farukhabad	12 --	11 --	17 10	16 15	3 9	3 9	7 13	8 2	...	...	12 10	12 10
Mainpuri	13 --	13 4	18 --	16 8	5 --	5 --	8 8	9 --	12 --	15 --	15 --	15 --
Etah	13 8	13 8	18 --	18 --	8 --	4 --	4 --	8 --	...	...	13 --	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut	13 --	12 12	17 8	18 --	3 --	3 --	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Agra	12 --	11 8	16 --	16 --	7 --	7 --	8 --	8 --	17 --	17 --	13 --	12 --
Muttra	12 4	12 --	16 6	16 --	5 --	5 --	8 --	8 --	14 --	14 --	14 --	14 --
Aligarh	13 --	12 6	17 --	17 --	3 8	4 --	4 --	6 --	16 8	17 --	15 --	16 --
Bulandshahr	12 14½	13 --	19 --	10 8	3 --	3 --	8 --	9 --	14 --	15 --	12 --	12 --
<i>Benares, east—</i>												
Bulh	13 10½	12 8	20 --	15 --	6 8	6 4	10 11½	11 4	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	14 8	14 8	20 8	20 8	7 8	8 --	9 8	9 8	14 --	14 --	17 --	17 --
Gorakhpur	12 15	13 1	20 14	21 9	8 7	7 11	10 1	10 6	21 9	17 2	...	...
Basti	13 8	13 8	24 8	24 8	6 8	6 8	8 8	10 --	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittak, sold for one rupee]

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur	13 4	13 —	19 —	19 —	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Budaun	12 6	12 6	17 4	16 12	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 4	10 —	9 —	14 8	15 —
Filibit	13 2	12 12	19 8	20 —	5 3	5 6	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Bareilly	12 —	11 8	16 12	16 12	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Moradabad	13 8	12 4	19 8	17 8	3 4	3 4	7 8	7 8	15 8	12 —	15 8	12 8
Bijnor	12 8	12 4	19 —	19 —	3 8	3 8	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	13 3	12 10	18 2	18 2	6 10	6 10	7 2	7 2	16 8	16 8	11 —	11 —
Saharanpur	12 4	12 4	21 4	18 10	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 7	16 —	16 —	13 13	14 14
Dehra-Dun	11 6	11 —	20 8	21 —	3 —	3 —	7 5	8 —	14 8	14 8	14 —	14 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 —	9 —	13 —	14 —	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Almora	9 12	9 12	13 —	13 8	2 12	3 —	6 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Garhwal	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 4	3 4	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	13 —	13 8	17 —	17 —	4 8	4 8	8 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Sultanpur	13 8	13 8	22 —	19 8	5 —	5 —	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareilly	11 12	11 6	16 —	16 —	6 —	4 —	7 4	7 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	12 —
Unao	11 14	11 6	17 4	17 4	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —
Lucknow	12 —	11 4	18 —	17 8	3 12	3 12	7 8	7 4	...	...	16 —	16 8
Hardoi	13 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	12 8	12 8	20 —	19 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Barabanki	12 8	12 8	17 —	17 —	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 4	16 —	15 —	15 —	15 —
Gonda	13 2	13 4	19 8	20 4	7 12	7 6	8 2	8 4	15 4	14 4	16 4	17 —
Bahraich	15 —	13 8	21 —	22 8	5 —	5 —	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sitapur	12 12	12 12	20 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —
Kheri	13 —	12 8	20 —	20 12	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partabgarh	14 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	3 4	3 4	8 —	8 —	17 —	15 —	...	...
Banswara	11 15	10 14	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 8	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	12 8	11 3	15 10	...	6 10	6 13	7 2	7 10	13 10	...	...	...
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	10 —	8 12	16 —	16 —	6 13	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Ajmer*	...	10 13	...	14 —	...	5 13	...	7 8	...	...	...	...
Kishanganj	10 8	10 8	13 —	13 —	4 —	4 —	...	...	14 8	16 —	11 —	12 —
Bundi	15 10	14 13	21 4	18 8	5 10	6 2	6 4	6 2	32 8	18 8	11 4	12 5
Kotah	12 —	12 —	14 8	15 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	11 —	11 —
Jhalawar	13 2	12 12	13 10	...	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	17 —	15 14	10 8	10 —
Tonk*	...	12 3	...	16 —	...	4 9	...	5 11	...	17 12	...	...
Jaipur	12 1	11 8	15 7	14 10	5 4	5 4	6 —	6 —	14 10	14 10	13 1	13 14
Karauli	12 8	11 14	14 6	14 1	6 4	6 4	6 14	6 14	...	...	13 7	13 2
Dholpur	12 3	12 —	15 11	15 2	5 12	5 12	6 —	6 —	16 6	16 12	14 6	14 9
Bharatpur	12 2	12 2	15 7	15 8	4 14	4 14	5 11	5 11	15 8	15 8	13 10	13 10
Alwar	12 5	11 15	16 5	15 11	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	14 8	15 3	14 8	15 3
Deoli	12 12	11 8	17 —	15 4	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 12	15 12	14 —	16 —
Nasirabad	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	12 —	12 —
Shahpura	11 8	12 1	15 3	14 9	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 8	14 —	10 —	10 —
Western—												
Bikaner	9 8	9 8	14 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 8	13 —	11 —	9 5	9 —
Jaisalmer	8 —	8 6	...	...	5 4	5 —	7 —	7 —	9 —	11 3	8 8	10 1
Jodhpur	10 9	10 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
and	11 —	and	14 4	15 4	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	11 13	11 12	10 14	10 12
Balmer	10 5	10 5	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 10	8 10	...	...	11 11	11 11
Erinpura	11 1	11 1	14 12	14 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	10 5	12 8
Sirohi	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	17 —	17 —	14 4	14 4
and	12 —	and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anadra	10 8	10 14	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Abu	9 7	9 13	12 8	13 —	4 12	4 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	10 12	10 14
Central India—												
Indore	9 8	9 —	13 —	12 8	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Nimach	10 4	10 4	...	...	6 12	7 —	7 —	7 4	16 —	13 8	12 —	12 —
Gwalior	11 4	10 10	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	10 12	11 —	...	15 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 —	...	11 12	12 3
Ferozpur	13 —	13 8	19 —	18 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	14 —	15 8	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	12 4	12 12	19 12	18 12	...	...	6 12	7 4	16 12	17 4	12 19	13 4
Gurranwala	12 12	11 12	19 8	19 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 8	15 8	...	...
Gujrat	11 8	11 8	19 —	19 —	...	...	6 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Jhelam	11 12	12 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—continued (The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLJH (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHHBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Panjab—continued												
<i>South-eastern—</i>												
Gurgaon	12 —	12 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —
Delhi	11 8	11 12	16 8	17 —	...	...	6 8	6 12	14 8	14 8	12 —	12 8
Rohtak	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 —	16 —	13 —	14 —
Karnal	12 —	11 8	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Submontane—</i>												
Ambala	12 8	11 8	17 8	16 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	19 8	19 8	13 12	15 8
Ludhiana	12 8	12 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	...	...	15 4	15 4	14 —	14 —
Jalandhar	13 —	13 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	18 —	13 —	13 —
Hoshiarpur	13 8	13 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Gurdaspur	14 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 4	13 —	18 8	18 —	...	...	7 —	6 12	17 —	16 8	11 —	12 —
Sialkot	12 12	12 —	18 —	17 —	...	...	3 2	8 —	15 —	15 —	12 —	13 8
<i>Hills—</i>												
Simla	10 —	9 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	11 8	11 8	11 —	10 —
Kangra	12 8	12 8	19 —	20 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Bawalpindi	11 8	11 8	18 —	17 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Attock	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	13 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Shahpur	14 —	14 8	18 —	20 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	...	16 —	16 —	13 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	15 —
Lyallpur	13 —	12 8	15 —	15 4	...	...	7 3	7 2	...	...	...	...
Multan	11 4	11 12	18 8	19 —	...	...	9 —	8 8	17 6	18 —	13 4	17 —
Montgomery	12 4	12 10	16 8	17 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	13 —
Musaffargarh	11 8	11 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Dera Ghazi Khan* . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazara	10 —	10 —	13 4	13 4	3 3	3 3	5 15	6 —	...	...	11 —	11 —
Peshawar	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	4 9	4 9	7 2	6 8	...	13 —	14 —	14 —
Kohat	12 2	11 7	17 4	17 14	4 5	4 5	9 6	9 4	16 7	17 14	15 5	14 —
Bannu	17 4	17 3	30 5	30 —	3 7	3 7	7 13	7 8	25 —	27 8	18 12	17 8
Dera Ismael Khan	12 8	12 8	19 8	20 —	3 2	3 7	5 —	6 —	18 —	22 8	14 —	16 —
Tochi	15 —	15 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	17 —	17 —	25 —	25 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	14 —	11 —	16 —	14 —	3 8	4 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	10 —	9 15	12 2	12 2	2 13	2 15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 8	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	7 —	11 —	13 —	9 —	11 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	7 8	7 —	9 —	12 —	9 —	11 —
Thar and Parkar (Umarkot)	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	9 8	10 —	...	...	9 —	10 —
Sikarpur	11 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	12 —	10 —	12 —
Upper Sind Frontier	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	12 —	11 —	12 —
Quetta	10 —	10 —	12 9	13 1	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	12 13	13 10	10 11	11 8
Bombay—												
<i>Konkan—</i>												
Karwar	4 14	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 15	9 7	11 9	12 1	10 12	10 12
Ratnagiri	7 7	8 2	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	9 2	9 2	11 4	11 4
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 15	6 15	7 3	7 3	...	...	9 8	10 7
Bombay	7 13	8 2	...	...	5 7	5 12	8 2	8 7	10 7	11 —	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 5	8 10	...	...	6 5	7 2	7 5	8 1	10 3	10 3	14 8	12 8
<i>Deccan and Karnatak—</i>												
Dharwar	12 4	12 4	...	...	8 4	8 4	9 3	9 3	13 2	13 2	13 5	13 5
Belgaum	9 15	12 1	...	...	7 8	8 7	8 10	9 2	12 7	14 8	11 2	13 3
Satara	7 12	9 3	...	...	6 10	7 —	7 2	7 8	12 11	14 13	12 2	14 4
Sholapur	10 5	9 13	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 8	8 8	13 7	14 13	12 —	14 13
Bijapur	10 10	12 —	...	...	7 7	8 6	8 6	9 6	12 4	14 —	13 3	13 14
Poona	8 12	8 12	...	...	6 6	7 —	7 —	7 10	12 —	13 3	8 6	10 13
<i>Khandesh and N.-E.</i>												
<i>Deccan—</i>												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	10 5	...	...	5 14	6 10	6 10	7 6	12 6	13 12	11 3	13 5
Nasik	9 14	10 5	...	...	6 12	6 12	8 3	8 3	...	...	10 3	10 10
Dhulia	8 15	8 15	...	...	5 14	6 5	6 15	7 6	11 7	...	10 3	10 3
Jalgaon	8 2	9 15	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 6	7 6	10 14	13 6	10 9	12 5
<i>Gujarat—</i>												
Surat	8 5	9 4	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 6	7 6	10 10	12 —	9 4	10 3
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	8 —	...	11 —	10 —	10 —
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	9 8	9 8
Baroda	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 8	6 8	7 —	10 —	10 —	9 —	9 8
Ahmadabad	9 —	9 8	...	...	6 8	7 —	7 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	9 —	9 8
Godhra	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	9 —	9 —
Dias	10 —	9 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	11 8	10 8	9 12	10 —
<i>Kachhwar—</i>												
Rajkot	9 —	9 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 8	5 8	10 —	10 —	8 8	8 8
Central Provinces—												
<i>Western—</i>												
Nimar	9 13	9 13	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 9	7 9	12 —	12 —	...	...
Hoshangabad	11 4	11 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	14 10	14 10	...	...
Betul	12 1	12 1	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	15 15	...
Chhindwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	9 10	8 10	10 8	10 8	19 —	21 6	...	...
Nagpur	11 7	11 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 6	11 11	11 8	14 15	...	...
Waruna	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 1	5 2	8 14	8 14	13 13	14 15	...	...

*Not available.

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANKU OR JAKUN. ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, OHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Ocra aristatum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANBAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	17 8	18 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	17 8	17 8	17 —	17 —	11 8	11 8	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	19 8	20 —	...	...	11 —	12 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
19 8	19 8	16 —	16 —	17 4	16 6	19 8	19 8	12 —	11 8	27 —	27 —	Rohtak
...	...	10 —	10 —	18 8	18 —	13 8	17 8	6 8	7 8	25 —	25 11	Karnal
...	...	11 —	11 —	17 —	17 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	27 —	27 —	Submontane—
...	16 —	15 8	16 —	17 —	...	...	24 —	23 —	Ambala
...	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	11 8	12 —	16 8	16 8	15 8	15 —	9 —	9 8	28 —	26 8	Jalandhar
...	16 —	14 —	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	13 4	13 4	12 8	14 —	7 8	9 —	17 8	18 —	Gurdaspur
...	12 4	11 12	16 —	16 —	...	8 —	17 —	17 —	Amritsar
...	...	13 —	13 —	15 —	16 —	14 —	14 —	8 8	8 8	26 —	26 —	Siakot
...	15 —	15 —	...	12 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	17 8	16 8	...	12 —	...	...	22 —	22 —	Simla
17 —	16 —	...	18 —	16 —	16 —	...	19 —	...	...	21 —	22 —	Kangra
...	...	12 8	12 8	16 8	16 8	11 —	14 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Northern—
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 6	16 2	13 —	...	8 —	8 —	23 8	21 8	Rawalpindi
...	15 —	15 —	14 —	17 —	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	...	14 —	14 —	12 14	12 8	11 4	10 14	...	...	20 —	20 —	Western—
...	15 —	15 —	11 —	11 —	8 13	8 13	25 —	25 —	Shahpur
...	15 6	15 10	12 12	13 6	...	...	25 8	25 8	Jhang
...	22 11	22 6	20 —	20 15	...	...	30 1	30 10	Lyallpur
...	19 6	19 12	20 —	20 —	9 12	9 13	27 —	27 —	Multan
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Montgomery
...	18 —	18 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Muzaffargarh
...	13 —	12 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	11 6	11 10	...	...	...	...	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	12 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	25 —	25 —	Hazara
...	12 8	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	23 —	23 —	Peshawar
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 —	26 —	Kohat
...	14 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Bannu
...	13 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	12 1	12 1	10 2 1/2	10 11	6 —	6 1	16 —	16 —	Tochi
...	Kurram
15 6	14 7	...	...	8 9	12 6	...	...	9 3	9 8	19 11	19 11	Malakand
11 3	11 3	...	...	10 5	11 11	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Wano
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 6	7 6	23 12	23 12	Sind and Baluchistan—
7 14	7 14	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 15	8 15	18 14	17 14	Karachi
12 8	12 8	...	...	12 10	12 10	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	Hyderabad
...	11 13	11 13	...	...	10 10	10 10	20 10	20 10	Thar and Parkar
...	11 —	12 —	...	...	10 8	11 8	19 13	19 13	(Umarkot)
...	13 9	14 15	...	...	12 15	14 5	20 3	21 3	Shikarpur
...	13 2	15 —	...	...	12 1	12 8	18 12	18 12	Upper Sind Frontier
...	12 11	15 —	...	...	11 6	12 5	19 10	19 10	Quetta
...	10 15	13 4	...	...	9 3	10 6	16 14	13 12	Bombay—
...	12 12	15 9	...	...	11 3	11 3	16 2	15 1	Konkan—
14 4	14 4	...	...	14 2	14 2	...	...	11 13	11 13	22 5	22 5	Karwar
...	12 10	12 10	...	...	10 2	9 10	17 2	18 8	Batnagiri
...	12 —	13 11	...	...	10 8	11 6	17 14	17 14	Alibag
...	10 10	11 2	...	...	10 3	10 10	26 13	26 13	Bombay
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Thanna
11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	26 8	26 8	Dacca and Karnatak—
11 8	11 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	21 —	21 —	Dharwar
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 8	7 18	23 6	23 6	Belgaum
11 —	11 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	25 —	25 —	Satara
...	12 —	11 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Sholapur
...	11 —	12 6	...	...	7 —	7 —	80 —	80 —	Bijapur
...	12 9	12 9	...	...	10 7	10 7	14 8	14 8	Poona
...	15 6	15 6	...	...	14 6	14 6	16 —	16 —	Khandesh and N.-E.
...	14 2	14 2	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 7	15 7	Deccan—
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	Ahmadnagar
...	15 7	15 7	...	...	13 7	13 7	16 —	16 —	Nasik
...	13 6	13 6	...	...	14 7	14 7	17 —	17 —	Daula
...	Jalgaon
...	Gujarat—
...	Surat
...	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmadabad
...	Golhra
...	Disa
...	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nimar
...	Hoshangabad
...	Betul
...	Onhndwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—concluded (*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUN (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR GUMBIC (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	11 8	11 8	...	...	5 1	5 1	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . .	12 3	12 3	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	17 1	19 3	...	...
Damoh . . .	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 2	7 12	7 12	8 8	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	13 14	13 14	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	13 6	13 6	...	...	7 2	7 2	11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...
Bálághát . . .	12 8	12 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 2	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bhandára . . .	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Chánda . . .	11 6	11 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	8 14	8 14	14 2	16 —	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur . . .	12 14	12 14	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	11 8	12 —	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	13 5	13 14	...	...	11 3	11 10	11 14	12 6	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 12	7 14	16 —	16 —	...	...
Akola . . .	10 11	11 3	...	...	6 13	7 6	8 8	8 14	14 3	15 8	...	...
Amráoti . . .	11 9	11 9	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	16 —	16 —	...	...
Yeotmal . . .	10 8	11 —	...	...	4 3	4 3	9 14	9 15	16 —	16 —	...	...
Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad*	7 14	8 1	11 3	13 1	3 7	3 8	7 2	7 3	12 9	12 12	14 15	14 —
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 15	8 15	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	12 9	12 9	13 11	13 11
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	8 4	...	...	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	8 4	12 9	12 15	10 15	11 5
Central—												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 4	17 1	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	18 3	18 3	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	10 5	14 2	15 5	...	19 6
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	9 1	14 12	17 —	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 13	...	...	...	...
Vinagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 14	6 9	...	...	14 14	13 —
Godávari . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	10 1	14 3	16 4	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 3	10 4	13 8	13 8	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 10	9 14	13 1	13 9	13 —	13 8
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 9	12 8	14 9	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1	8 7	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	8 —	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 1	...	...	12 5	13 8
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 8	...	...	12 5	13 6
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 11	12 9	12 12	13 11	13 6
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	8 4	12 9	12 9	10 15	10 15
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	8 11	11 12	12 9	10 15	12 5
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	7 —	8 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	7 —	8 8	9 —	16 —	18 —	...	...
Bangalore . . .	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 8	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar . . .	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 4	6 12	8 —	9 —	12 —	15 —	13 —	15 —
Tumkur . . .	8 —	8 —	6 8	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hassan . . .	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 4	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur . . .	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 12	9 —	10 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Shimoga . . .	9 —	9 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	...	...
Chitaldrug . . .	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Ooorg—												
Ooorg . . .	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	7 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Aden . . .	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 13	5 9	7 —	7 —	10 14	10 3	11 12	11 3

* Including Polaram

state the number of seers (of 30 lbs) and chittas sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR KAGI (Eleusine coracana)		KANKNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (Setaria italica)		GRAM, CHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (Cicer aristinum)		MAISE (Zea Mays)		ABHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	14 10	14 10	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 8	...	...	11 3	11 2	18 5	18 5	continued
...	...	...	...	19 9	20 13	...	...	9 3	9 2	16 —	16 —	Central—
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	18 12	18 4	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	16 10	16 10	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 5	15 5	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	15 6	15 6	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 6	18 6	Mandla
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	13 5	13 5	16 —	16 —	Seoni
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chánda
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	14 8	14 8	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 4	15 4	Raipur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Drug
...	...	...	...	15 9	15 9	...	...	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	Berar—
...	...	...	...	18 5	18 5	...	...	9 13	10 10	15 —	15 —	Baldána
...	...	...	...	14 1	14 2	...	...	12 10	15 12	18 —	17 —	Akola
...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	Amráoti
16 5	14 15	...	...	11 10	11 12	...	...	17 6	17 15	14 —	14 —	Yectmal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territories—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 13	19 13	Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	Malabar
16 4	16 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 6	18 6	S. Canara
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	South, central—
17 7	17 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 10	Coimbatore
16 13	16 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 15	20 3	Nilgiris
14 13	18 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 7	19 7	Salem
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 2	21 2	Central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 15	17 4	Bellary
13 6	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Anantapur
14 6	14 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	21 10	Ouddapah
12 9	15 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Karnul
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	East Coast, north—
13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Ganjam
13 14	15 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Visagapatam
18 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 10	28 —	Godáviri
12 10	18 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	East Coast, central—
17 12	17 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 10	23 2	Kistha
12 9	18 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 8	23 5	Guntur
14 7	14 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Nellore
15 9	15 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 9	20 9	East Coast, south—
14 1	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Madras
14 1	14 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Chinglepat
18 —	20 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	16 —	16 —	N. Arcot
15 —	16 8	...	...	9 12	9 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 8	16 8	S. Arcot
34 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 12	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Tanjore
16 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Trichinopoly
30 —	24 —	...	...	10 —	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Southern—
16 —	22 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Tinnevely
22 —	34 —	...	...	9 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	17 —	Madura
18 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	Mysore—
22 —	22 —	...	...	16 8	17 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Mysore
...	...	...	...	11 3	11 3	...	...	9 5	9 5	32 —	32 —	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kolar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tamkur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Haasan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chitaldrug
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ooorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, October 13, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	IN THE SIX MONTHS, APRIL TO SEPTEMBER, OF									
	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
<i>Special Import Duties</i>										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	1,59	1,39	1,21	1,72	1,72	2,41	2,33	2,32	2,31	2,11
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,04	1,25	1,37	1,35	1,44	1,38	2,49	2,43	3,87	3,75
Spirits and liqueurs	32,55	35,89	36,35	38,59	34,34	44,24	45,77	45,03	51,43	50,75
Wines	1,74	1,69	1,55	1,75	1,60	1,75	1,73	1,62	2,47	2,31
Opium and its alkaloids*	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	4	2
Petroleum	26,50	21,79	23,35	19,33	17,01	22,24	26,84	22,87	26,72	36,64
Silver, bullion and coin(a)	21,86	17,84	22,26	15,36	21,93	26,95	35,74	31,88	96,95	50,67
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	14,62	1,94	6	1	...	...	...	...	1	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	3,12	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco (a)	86	96	1,15	1,48	1,41	1,79	1,69	2,23	13,84	12,31
<i>General Import Duties</i>										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	5,75	5,97	6,72	8,10	8,16	10,16	11,58	10,32	10,93	10,73
Sugar (ordinary duties)	11,85	12,31	13,44	11,94	23,85	19,39	19,96	26,80	26,67	26,48
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	4,63	5,57	5,06	5,26	5,52	7,11	6,34	6,76	7,92	7,61
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	26,90	24,01	26,60	31,44	32,99	34,07	26,64	29,22	28,60	30,11
" white	8,53	9,65	13,91	14,18	12,03	18,84	15,50	10,78	15,31	17,68
" coloured	10,47	13,42	15,40	15,69	15,53	18,02	19,35	12,70	19,45	20,06
Other goods	97	1,58	2,60	2,78	2,70	2,99	3,12	2,71	3,74	3,69
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	15,09	14,40	18,24	14,93	15,13	19,14	25,29	20,73	24,54	24,54
Oils (excluding petroleum)	84	47	46	55	1,10	1,30	78	60	73	56
Manufactured articles	27,83	32,55	38,42	39,45	37,95	45,58	49,10	43,17	53,58	57,11
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	4,13	4,24	5,00	5,72	5,17	6,55	8,57	7,19	7,29	6,95
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,20,89	2,07,04	2,33,91	2,29,66	2,39,60	2,83,93	3,02,84	2,79,37	3,96,40	3,64,08
Excise duty on cotton goods	8,03	9,25	9,06	11,42	10,95	13,64	13,68	15,06	15,93	18,23
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	53,84	53,01	58,93	53,11	48,34	45,89	32,89	39,57	52,40	59,39
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	4,15	4,55	5,01	4,12	4,77	5,18	4,37	4,95	4,89	5,36
GRAND TOTAL	2,86,91	2,73,85	3,06,96	2,98,31	3,03,67	3,48,04	3,53,78	3,38,95	4,69,62	4,47,06
<i>Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports</i>										
Bengal	Imports . 84,14	73,78	83,90	84,86	86,15	1,08,19	95,54	96,98	1,20,56	1,23,96
	Exports . 6,82	6,60	8,17	10,79	5,55	4,26	2,01	4,97	8,43	10,31
Eastern Bengal and Assam	Imports . —	—	—	—	25	32	44	41	53	64
	Exports . —	—	—	—	...	...	2	2	...	1
Bombay	Imports . 84,23	77,31	89,41	84,59	85,54	1,04,24	1,14,00	1,04,80	1,82,24	1,40,03
	Exports . 1,85	1,02	1,21	82	79	77	99	1,42	92	59
Sind	Imports . 20,23	16,63	18,26	19,67	23,20	22,61	31,44	25,93	33,95	35,90
	Exports . 62	44	75	59	1,65	1,93	76	1,12	79	88
Madras	Imports . 17,69	19,07	19,85	19,38	18,74	22,28	27,81	24,30	27,43	30,79
	Exports . 3,44	4,86	3,91	2,50	3,80	5,73	5,47	3,33	2,96	4,12
Burma	Imports . 14,60	19,35	22,49	21,16	22,72	26,29	33,61	26,95	31,29	32,76
	Exports . 41,11	40,11	44,94	38,41	36,55	33,20	23,64	28,71	39,30	43,48

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "General Import Duties"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence
J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Calcutta, October 7, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 12th October 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 7th October 1911, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	13	10
		Ahmedabad District	4	0
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Bewa Kantha Agency	23	16
		Kaira District	35	17
		Bulsar Port	1	2
		Surat Town and Port	3	3
		Rander Port	1	0
		Surat District	26	23
		Bhiwadi Port	9	8
		Bandra Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	15	13
	Central	Satara District	160	104
		East Khandesh District	239	192
		West Khandesh District	25	15
		Poona City	50	38
		Poona District	50	30
		Nasik District	266	201
		Ahmednagar District	278	185
		Sholapur District	411	323
		Sholapur Town	5	4
	Southern	Panvel Port	3	3
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	2	2
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	6	2
		Belgaum District	1,023	652
		Hubli Town	20	15
		Dharwar District	3,415	2,496
		Kanara District	13	5
		Bijapur District	309	211
		Bijapur Agency	25 (a)	17 (a)
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

(a) One imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	0
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	202	138
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	374	266
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	84	52
		Satara Agency	17	12
		Savanur State	76	44
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	59	44
		TOTAL	5,264	5,143
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	4 (c)	1 (a)
		North Arcot District . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Town	7 (b)	5 (a)
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	667 (c)	496 (d)
		Mangalore Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	59	40
		Coimbatore District	13 (a)	3
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris District	7	3
		Salem District	30	24
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		Sandur State	43	34
		TOTAL	828	606

(a) One imported. (b) Three imported. (c) Four imported. (d) Seven imported. (e) Thirteen imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Presidency	Calcutta	4	4
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	4	4
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District	1	1
	Tirhut	Darbhanga District	3	2
		Saran District	3	3
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur District	10	5
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District	5	2
	TOTAL		32	21
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Benares	Ballia District	93	93
		Ghazipur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	5	4
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	24	15
		Basti District	22	12
		Gorakhpur District	43	28
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	1	1
		Sitapur District	18	10
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	9	9
		Bahraich District	20	11
		Conda District . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District	3	3
	TOTAL		238	186
PUNJAB	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur District . . . . .	...	...
		Ludhiana District . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot District	2	2
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Attock District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	30	16
		Jhelum District . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Montgomery District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhang District . . . . .	...	...
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		32	18
BURMA	Pegu	Bangoon Town	6	7
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome District . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	4
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin District	1	1
		Pyapon District . . . . .	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District . . . . .	...	...
		Thaon District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town	1	1
	Magwe	Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Myitkyina District . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District . . . . .	...	...
	Moiktila	Yamethin District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		12	13

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rejshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	1	1
		Nagpur District	116	104
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town	1	1
		Wardha District	18	9
		Bhandara Town	2	1
		Bhandara District	38	25
		Chanda District	53	25
		Chanda Town	1	1
CENTRAL PROVINCE	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore District	10	10
		Saugor Town	1	1
		D. moh District	7	5
		Mandla Town	32	33
		Mandla District	19	15
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	4	3
		Hoshangabad Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nimar District	123	105
	Chhattisgarh.	Narsingpur District	36	27
		Chhindwara District	12	11
		Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
	Borur	Akola Town . . . . .	...	...
		Akola District	36	28
		Buldana District	34	23
	...	Amraoti District	26	14
		Yestmal District	2	1
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
COORG	...	TOTAL	552	442
	Coorg	TOTAL	4	2
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	84	24
	...	Bangalore City	5	5
	...	Bangalore District	197	99
	...	Mysore City	54	35
	...	Mysore District	18	9
	...	Hassan District	36	26
	...	Kolar District	21	12
	...	Kolar District	124	110
	...	Kolar Gold Fields	3	1
	...	Tumkur District	198	155
	...	Shimoga District	45	29
	...	Chikaldroog District	86	47
		TOTAL	781	552

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	155	114
		Raichur District	180	166
		Aurangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Nizamabad District. . . . .	...	...
		Gulbarga District . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani District	68	47
		Atrafbalda District. . . . .	...	...
		Nander District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	63	39
		Bir District	20	0
		TOTAL	486 (a)	366 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	74	47
		Indore Residency	7	7
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Batlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	0	1
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	38	30
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	45	38
		Neemuch Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State	11	6
		Bagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior . . . . .	...	...
		Sehore Agency Limits . . . . .	...	...
		Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa State	14	15
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitaman State . . . . .	...	...
		Sohawal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	189 (b)	144 (b)

(a) From 25th September to 1st October 1911.

(b) Figures for the week ending 30th September 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	6	6
		Mewar State	8	8
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	0	1
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL		14 (a)	15 (a)
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL		...
BALU- CHISTAN	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL		...
GRAND TOTAL			10,332	7,508

(a) Figures for the week ending 6th October 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

NOS. 1430—1450.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 9th October 1911.

RESOLUTION.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the East India Contracts Act, 1870 (33 and 34 Vict., Cap. 59), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased, in supersession of existing orders, to declare that the undermentioned classes of deeds, contracts and other instruments referred to in section 2 of the Government of India Act, 1859 (22 and 23 Vict., Cap. 41), may be executed as follows:—

A.—In the case of the Governor General in Council—

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All deeds and instruments relating to any matters other than those hereinafter specified. 2. All deeds and instruments relating to railway matters other than those hereinafter specified. | <p>By a Secretary to the Government of India.</p> <p>By the Secretary to the Railway Board.</p> |
|--|---|

B.—In the case of the Army Department—

I.—In the Military Works Services (subject to any limits fixed by the Government of India):—

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All instruments relating to purchase, supply and conveyance or carriage of materials, stores, machinery, etc. 2. All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds connected with buildings, bridges, roads, canals, tanks, reservoirs, docks and harbours, and embankments, and also instruments relating to the construction of water works, sewage works, and the erection of machinery. 3. Security bonds for the due performance and completion of works. 4. Security bonds for the due performance of their duties by Government servants whom the officers specified have power to appoint. 5. Leases for grazing cattle on canal banks or roadsides; for fishing in a canal; for the cultivation of land; leases of water for irrigation and other purposes, and leases of water power; and instruments relating to the sale of grass, trees or other produce on roadsides or in plantations. 6. Leases of houses, land or other immoveable property, provided that the rent reserved shall not exceed Rs. 5,000 a month. | <p>By the Director-General of Military Works, Commanding Royal Engineers, Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers and Garrison Engineers.</p> |
|---|--|

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|---|---|--|
| <p>7. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security.</p> <p>8. Instruments connected with the collection or farming of tolls at bridges or ferries or other means of communication provided by the local Government.</p> <p>9. Agreements for the recovery of fines on account of drift wood or other timber passing into a canal.</p> <p>10. Agreements with temporary establishments.</p> | } | <p>By the Director-General of Military Works, Commanding Royal Engineers, Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers and Garrison Engineers.</p> |
| <p>11. Agreements entered into in India with civilian mechanics and others for a specified period of service in the Military Works Services.</p> | } | <p>By the Director-General of Military Works.</p> |
| <p>12. All deeds and instruments relating to any matters other than those specified in heads 1 to 11.</p> | } | <p>By a Secretary to the Government of India or a Secretary to a local Government.</p> |

II.—Contracts and other instruments for the Ordnance Department:—

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| <p>1. Contracts for stores obtained in India for supplies to arsenals, depôts or factories.</p> <p>2. Contracts for undertaking sales of unserviceable stores.</p> <p>3. Agreements entered into in India with civilian employés for a specified period of service in ordnance establishments.</p> <p>4. Contracts for landing, weighing, and forwarding ordnance stores.</p> | } | <p>By the Director-General of Ordnance in India, Director of Ordnance Factories, Director of Ordnance Stores and Director of Ordnance Inspection.</p> |
| <p>5. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security.</p> | } | <p>By the Director-General of Ordnance in India, Director of Ordnance Factories, Director of Ordnance Stores and Director of Ordnance Inspection, Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores in charge of arsenals and Superintendents of Factories.</p> |

III.—Contracts for the Supply and Transport Corps:—

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|---|---|---|
| <p>1. Contracts for supplies and services to and purchases from the Supply and Transport Corps.</p> <p>2. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security.</p> <p>3. Agreements entered into in India with civilian employés for a specified period of service in the Supply and Transport Corps.</p> | } | <p>By the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army Department, the Quarter Master General in India, Divisional, Brigade and Station Commanders, and officers of the Supply and Transport Corps other than Departmental officers with honorary rank.</p> |
|---|---|---|

IV.—Contracts for the Army Clothing Department:—

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|--|---|---|
| <p>1. Contracts for supplies and services to and purchases from the Army Clothing Department.</p> <p>2. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security.</p> <p>3. Agreement entered into in India with civilian employés for a specified period of service in the Army Clothing Department.</p> | } | <p>By the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army Department, the Quarter Master General in India, and Superintendents of Army Clothing Factories.</p> |
|--|---|---|

V.—Contracts for the Medical Department :—

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|--|---|
| 1. All contracts for supplies and services to and purchases from the Medical Store Department. | By the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, and Medical Store-keepers to Government. |
| 2. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security. | By Medical Store-keepers to Government. |
| 3. Agreements with passed candidates for the Indian Subordinate Medical Department. | By Principals of Medical Colleges and Schools. |
| 4. Security bonds on behalf of native military medical pupils. | |

VI.—Contracts and other instruments for the Army Remount Department :—

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|---|--|
| 1. Agreements with shippers for landing horses at the Presidency Remount Depôt, Calcutta. | By the Quarter Master General in India or the Superintendent, Remount Depôt, Calcutta. |
| 2. Contracts for undertaking the sale of rejected Government animals. | By the Quarter Master General in India. |
| 3. Contracts for the occupation of land ... | By Superintendents of Remount Depôts and Circles with the approval of the Quarter Master General in India. |
| 4. Contracts for grain, fodder or stores ... | |
| 5. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security. | By the Quarter Master General in India and Superintendents of Remount Depôts and Circles. |
| 6. Contracts for petty works at Remount Depôts and Circles. | By Superintendents of Remount Depôts and Circles. |

VII.—Contracts and other instruments for the Farms Department :—

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| Leases of land required for cultivation, grazing or other purposes by the Farms Department and instruments relating to other rights on lands under grass cultivation. | By an officer of the Farms Department. |
|---|--|

VIII.—In the Military Accounts Department :—

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Deeds of reconveyance of dwelling and mess houses and of volunteer corps buildings which have been mortgaged to Government as security for the payment of building advances or loans. | By Controllers of Military Accounts and Deputy Controllers of Military Accounts in independent charge. |
| 2. Agreements for the supply of school or religious books. | |
| 3. Contracts for printing work. ... | |
| 4. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security. | |
| 5. Agreements for the hire of houses required for the accommodation of Military Accounts Offices. | By Controllers or Deputy Controllers of Military Accounts. |

IX.—Contracts and instruments relating to cantonments :—

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|--|--|
| 1. Contracts relating to land belonging to Government situate in Cantonments, if for periods exceeding twelve months in each case. | By the General Officer Commanding the Division or Independent Brigade. |
| 2. Contracts relating to land belonging to Government situate in Cantonments, if for periods not exceeding twelve months in each case. | (a) By the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee, in Cantonments where there is such a Committee, and (b) by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment in those cases in which a Cantonment Committee has not been constituted. |
| 3. Other contracts ... | |

X.—General instruments and contracts :—

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|--|---|
| 1. Agreements with clerks, copyists, draughtsmen, accountants, cashiers, agents, and store-keepers whom the officer is empowered to appoint. | By any commissioned Military Officer. |
| 2. Contracts for the supply of hot weather establishments and other temporary labour. | By the Officer Commanding a unit, the Officer Commanding a sanitarium, and the officer in charge of a hospital. |
| 3. Contracts for petty supplies to hospitals. | By officers in charge of hospitals. |

C.—In the case of the Royal Indian Marine and the Indian Troop Service.

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|---|--|
| 1. Contracts for conveyance of troops, military stores, etc. | By the Secretary to the Government of India, Marine Department. |
| 2. Contract for supply of Miscellaneous Marine Stores, Bombay Dockyard. | By Director of the Royal Indian Marine. |
| 3. Contract for supply of Miscellaneous Marine Stores, Kidderpore Dockyard. | By Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 4. Contract for provisions and Medical comforts, Bombay Dockyard. | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 5. Contract for provisions and Medical comforts, Kidderpore Dockyard. | By Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 6. Contract for supply of Indian and Welsh coals. | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 7. Contract for sailmaking, Bombay Dockyard. | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 8. Contract for sailmaking, Kidderpore Dockyard. | By Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 9. Contract for washing troop bedding, Indian troop service, Bombay Dockyard. | By Resident Transport Officer. |
| 10. Contract for manufacture of coir rope, Kidderpore Dockyard. | By Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 11. Charterparties (hire of transport and for conveyance of troops, etc.) | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 12. Agreement for temporary employment of engineers, engine drivers and gunners, Bombay and Kidderpore Dockyards. | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 13. Contract for engagement of crews for vessels of the Royal Indian Marine. | By the officers in command of such vessels and by the Staff Officers of the Bombay and Kidderpore Dockyards. |
| 14. Auction sale business, Bombay Dockyard... | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 15. Contract for slinging and unslinging hammocks, Bombay Dockyard. | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |
| 16. Contract for repairing clews and splicing lanyards, Bombay Dockyard. | |
| 17. Contract for repairing and restuffing troop bedding, Bombay Dockyard. | |
| 18. Contract for removal of coal ashes, Bombay. | By Director, Royal Indian Marine. |

19. Contract for supply of coal to Port Blair... By Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine.
20. Contract for supply of Welsh coal at Aden. By Marine Transport Officer, Aden.
21. Contract for washing troop bedding, Indian Troop Service at Karachi.
22. Contract for cleaning and painting troops decks, transporting crews of troopships, packing, sewing and making troop bedding and landing and shipping Marine Stores at Karachi.
23. Contract for repairing and re-stuffing troop bedding at Karachi.
24. Contract for slinging and unslinging hammocks at Karachi.
25. Contract for repairing clews and splicing lanyards at Karachi.
26. Contract for supply of provisions and Medical comforts in Upper Burma. By Marine Transport Officer, Rangoon.
27. Contract for supply of provisions to Steam Launches "Muzbee" and "Sapper" at Karachi. By Marine Transport Officer, Karachi.
28. Contract for supply of rations to R. I. M. S. "Comet" at Bagdad. By Officer Commanding R. I. M. S. "Comet".

D.—In the case of the Currency Department, Treasuries and Account Offices:—

1. Mortgage-deeds given as security in connection with the employment of officers as Treasurers and the like in Currency Offices, and agreements entered into with such officers. By the Head Commissioner or Commissioner of Paper Currency.
2. Mortgage-deeds given as security in connection with the employment of officers as Treasurers in District or Sub-District Treasuries and agreements entered into with such officers. By Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
3. Mortgage-deeds given as security in connection with the employment of Treasurers, Cashiers or Clerks in Account Offices, charged with the disbursement of money or the custody and handling of securities. By the Head of the office.
4. Investments relating to the reassignment of insurance policies which are assigned to the Secretary of State for India in accordance with the rules regulating the General Provident Fund. By the Account Officer of the Fund, as defined in the rules of the fund.

E.—In the case of the Public Works Department (subject to any limits fixed in Departmental orders):—

1. All instruments relating to purchase, supply, and conveyance or carriage of materials, stores, machinery, etc.
 2. All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds, connected with buildings, bridges, roads, canals, tanks, reservoirs, docks and harbours and embankments, and also instruments relating to the construction of water-works, sewage works, the erection of machinery, and the working of coal-mines.
- By Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works and Executive Engineers in the Buildings and Roads and Irrigation Branches.

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <p>3. Security bonds for the due performance and completion of works.</p> <p>4. Security bonds for the due performance of their duties by Government servants whom the officers specified have power to appoint.</p> | } | <p>By Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works and Executive Engineers in the Buildings and Roads and Irrigation Branches.</p> |
| <p>5. Leases for grazing cattle on canal banks or roadsides; for fishing in a canal; for the cultivation of land under the Irrigation Department; leases of water for irrigation and other purposes, and leases of water-power; and instruments relating to the sale of grass, trees or other produce on roadsides or in plantations.</p> | | <p>By Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works, Divisional officers in the Buildings and Roads and Irrigation Branches, and in Bengal by Sub-divisional officers of the Irrigation Branch.</p> |
| <p>6. Leases of houses, land or other immovable property, provided that the rent reserved shall not exceed Rs. 5,000 a month.</p> <p>7. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security.</p> <p>8. Instruments connected with the collection or farming of tolls at bridges or ferries or other means of communication provided by the local Government.</p> | } | <p>By Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works, Executive Engineers in the Buildings and Roads and Irrigation Branches.</p> |
| <p>9. Agreements for the recovery of fines on account of drift wood or other timber passing into a canal.</p> | | <p>By Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works, and Executive Engineers in the Irrigation Branch.</p> |
| <p>10. All deeds and instruments relating to any matters other than those specified in heads 1 to 9.</p> | | <p>By Secretaries and Joint Secretaries to local Governments.</p> |

F.—In the case of the Railway Department (subject to any limits fixed in Departmental orders) :—

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <p>1. All instruments relating to purchase, supply and conveyance or carriage of materials, stores, machinery, etc.</p> <p>2. All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds connected with Railways, open or under construction.</p> <p>3. Security bonds for the due performance and completion of works.</p> | } | <p>By Managers, Deputy and Assistant Managers, Engineers-in-Chief, Superintendents of Works, and Executive Engineers in the Railway Department.</p> |
| <p>4. Security bonds for the due performance of their duties by Government servants whom the officers specified have power to appoint.</p> | | <p>By Managers, Deputy and Assistant Managers, Engineers-in-Chief, Superintendents of Works, Executive Engineers in the Railway Department, Locomotive Superintendents, Carriage and Wagon Superintendents, Traffic Superintendents, Examiners of Accounts, and Chief Storekeepers.</p> |

- | | |
|---|---|
| 5. Leases of houses, land or other immoveable property, provided that the rent reserved shall not exceed Rs. 5,000 a month.
(Leases of small branch lines of railway are excluded from this clause) | By Managers, Deputy and Assistant Managers, Engineers-in-Chief, Superintendents of Works and Executive Engineers in the Railway Department. |
| 6. All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security. | |
| 7. Instruments connected with the collection or farming of tolls at bridges or ferries or other means of communication provided by the Railway. | |
| 8. Contracts connected with the loading and unloading of goods and for other matters necessary for, or incidental to, traffic working. | By Managers and Traffic Superintendents of State Railways. |
| 9. Contracts connected with the sale of scrap, ashes and other surplus material. | By Managers and Deputy Managers of State Railways. |
| 10. Agreements for the interchange of traffic with other State Railways. | By Managers of State Railways. |
| 11. Agreements with private or guaranteed Railway Companies, Tramway Companies, and other carrying companies. | |
| 12. Agreements with covenanted Engine-drivers on the expiry of the term of their original covenants. | By Managers and Locomotive Superintendents of State Railways. |
| 13. Agreements with monthly non-pensionable European, Eurasian, and Native employes on State Railways, defining the terms and conditions of service to be entered into on entering the service of Government. | By Managers, Deputy and Assistant Managers, Engineers-in-Chief, Locomotive Superintendents, Carriage and Wagon Superintendents, Traffic Superintendents, Examiners of Accounts, Chief Storekeepers; and Executive Engineers in charge of Divisions, District Locomotive Superintendents, District Carriage and Wagon Superintendents, and District Traffic Superintendents in the Railway Department. |

G.—In the case of the Telegraph Department :—

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|---|--|
| 1. Contracts and other instruments for works and stores. | By the Director-General of Telegraphs, the Director of Construction, the Directors of Circles, Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Telegraphs, subject to the limit fixed by Departmental orders. |
| 2. Leases of houses to the Telegraph Department, containing, where necessary, an agreement making the Government liable for loss by fire caused by the act of the lessee; provided that the rent reserved in such lease shall not exceed Rs. 300 a month. | By the Director-General of Telegraphs. |
| 3. Contracts and other instruments for securities deposited by Telegraph subordinates. | By Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Telegraphs, subject to the limit fixed by Departmental orders. |

H.—In the case of the Post Office :—

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|---|---|
| 1. Contracts and other instruments relating to the business of the Post Office. | By the Director-General of the Post Office. |
| 2. Contracts and other instruments relating to the business of the Post Office managed by a Post Master General or Inspector-General of Railway Mail Service and Sorting. | By such Post Master General or Inspector-General of Railway Mail Service and Sorting, subject to any limit prescribed by Departmental orders. |

I.—In the case of the Civil Medical Department under the Government of India:—

Contracts or other instruments relating to the Medical Department. By the Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.

J.—In the case of the Forest Department—

Contracts and other instruments in matters connected with the administration and working of forests and with the business of the Forest Department generally. { By Conservators, Collectors of Districts, Deputy, Assistant, Extra Deputy, and Extra Assistant Conservators of Forests to such extent and within such limits as the local Government may prescribe by notification in the official Gazette.

K.—In the case of all the Imperial Departments—

Contracts and other instruments relating to house building advances, and advances for the purchase of motor cars. } By Heads of Imperial Departments.

ORDER.—Ordered that the above Resolution be communicated to all local Governments and Administrations* and the several Departments† of the Government of India for information and guidance; and that it be also published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

* { Madras. Bombay. Bengal. United Provinces. Punjab. Burma. Eastern Bengal and Assam. Central Provinces. Coorg. North-West Frontier Province.	† { Foreign. Armvy. Revenue and Agriculture. Public Works. Commerce and Industry. Railway. Legislative. *Finance. Finance (Military Finance). Education.
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‡ With a copy of notes.

A. EARLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 12th October 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The shallow depression which formed in the Bay towards the close of the previous week passed into Chota Nagpur on the 6th-7th. It caused some increase of rainfall in northeast India, but continued diffuse, and disappeared on the 9th with little further movement. Rain fell in Madras during the week, but the normal pressure conditions which give the autumnal rains in that area had not fully developed, and the rainfall was attributable to unsettled weather.

2. Temperature ruled above normal over the western half of the country until the 9th, the excess reaching six degrees in certain districts. Later, however, conditions were about normal over the greater part of the country.

3. *Burma*.—Rainfall was light and local.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Moderately heavy rainfall was reported every day from north-east Assam, and over the remainder of the division rain fell fairly generally during the course of the week.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rainfall was fairly general and locally heavy in the eastern parts of the division, and also in the Central Provinces West, but elsewhere little rain fell.

Northwest India.—A light shower occurred at Murree on the 7th, but no other appreciable falls were reported.

The Peninsula.—Falls were fairly numerous in the extreme south, and local on the north Madras Coast, but few occurred elsewhere.

4. The most important amounts reported were:—

October	5th.	Dibrugarh 0.72", Sibsagar 1.40", Tezpur 1.59", Silchar 2.32", Cherrapunji 1.05", Narayanganj 4.13", Berhampore 1.75", Sambalpur 1.37", Chaibasa 1.02", Ranchi 1.06" and Naya Dumka 3.22".
"	6th.	Dibrugarh 2.10", Shillong 1.08", Bogra 1.83", Dinajpur 1.51" and Darbhanga 1.05".
"	7th.	Akyab 1.63", Dibrugarh 0.93", Mymensingh 1.15", Naya Dumka 1.24", Jubbulpore 1.15", Masulipatam 1.03" and Ootacamund 1.33".
"	8th.	Bassein 1.40", Tounghoo 1.27", Lashio 1.97", Dibrugarh 1.60", Sibsagar 1.07", Dhubri 3.11", Jalpaiguri 1.75", Cuttack 1.00", Allahabad 1.54", Seoni 2.40", Pendra 1.33" and Chanda 1.70".
"	9th.	Mergui 1.89", Dibrugarh 1.68", Dhubri 4.30", Mymensingh 1.44", Jalpaiguri 2.07", Benares 2.60", Jagdalpur 2.24", Cuddalore 1.05", Cocanada 1.64" and Trichinopoly 2.15".
"	10th.	Myitkyina 1.46", Sibsagar 1.80", Dhubri 1.66", Jalpaiguri 1.20", Patna 1.22", Pendra 1.45", Raipur 1.64", Jagdalpur 1.13", Bangalore 1.73", Trichinopoly 1.06", Salem 1.63" and Gopalpur 1.45".
"	11th.	Bassein 1.00", Dibrugarh 0.48", Dhubri 1.47", Cherrapunji 9.13", Silchar 2.27", Mymensingh 1.57", Sutna 1.54", Jubbulpore 1.15", Cuddapah 1.47", Calingapatam 1.25", Gopalpur 2.47" and Trincomalee 1.49".

5. Rainfall during the week was very largely above normal over the whole of north-east India, in the United Provinces East, Central India East, and the Central Provinces; in moderate excess on the Madras Coast North; in slight defect in Lower Burma and Malabar, and in moderate defect elsewhere. During the period 23th April to 12th October it was in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; about normal in Burma, the United Provinces East, Central India East, the Central Provinces East and Mysore; in large defect in Sind and Gujarat; and in slight to moderate defect elsewhere.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 12TH OCTOBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 12TH OCTOBER 1911.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0.7	2.9	-2.2	82.4	91.1	- 8.7	- 10	- 7
Lower Burma	1.9	2.2	-0.3	138.6	134.0	+ 4.6	+ 3	+ 4
Upper Burma	0.6	1.1	-0.5	35.6	37.3	- 0.7	- 2	- 1
Assam	5.6	1.3	+4.3	88.0	75.6	+ 12.4	+ 16	+ 11
Eastern Bengal	3.9	1.1	+2.8	89.5	75.9	+ 13.6	+ 18	+ 14
Bengal	2.2	1.1	+1.1	46.1	53.7	- 7.6	- 14	- 17
Orissa	1.9	1.3	+0.6	45.7	54.2	- 8.5	- 16	- 17
Chota Nagpur	2.1	0.6	+1.5	53.6	47.7	+ 5.9	+ 12	+ 9
Bihar	2.2	0.8	+1.4	54.5	48.9	+ 5.6	+ 11	+ 9
United Provinces, East	1.8	0.6	+1.2	36.8	38.5	- 1.7	- 4	- 8
United Provinces, West	0.1	0.2	-0.1	27.6	38.7	-11.1	-29	-29
Punjab, East and North	0	0.1	-0.1	11.0	21.4	-10.4	-49	-48
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	4.1	8.1	- 4.0	-49	-49
Kashmir	0	0.1	-0.1	5.1	8.5	- 3.4	-40	-39
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	1.8	5.8	- 4.0	-69	-69
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	0.9	- 0.4	-44	-44
Sind	0	0	0	0	4.8	- 4.8	-100	-100
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	3.7	11.3	- 7.6	-67	-67
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	11.4	21.9	-10.5	-48	-48
Gujarat	0	0	0	6.9	23.2	-16.3	-70	-70
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	19.8	29.3	- 9.5	-32	-32
Central India, East	1.8	0.3	+1.5	39.3	40.5	- 1.2	- 3	- 7
Berar	0	0.4	-0.4	18.9	30.1	-11.2	-37	-36
Central Provinces, West	1.3	0.2	+1.1	36.6	43.7	- 7.1	-16	-19
Central Provinces, East	3.2	0.5	+2.7	44.6	46.6	- 2.0	- 4	-10
Konkan	0	0.8	-0.8	69.1	93.9	-24.8	-26	-26
Bombay Deccan	0.5	0.7	-0.2	19.9	25.1	- 5.2	-21	-20
Hyderabad, North	0	0.2	-0.2	24.7	31.5	- 6.8	-22	-21
Hyderabad, South	0.3	0.5	-0.2	20.1	27.8	- 7.7	-28	-27
Mysore	1.0	1.9	-0.9	21.5	23.0	- 1.5	- 7	- 3
Malabar	1.9	2.1	-0.2	78.0	86.9	- 8.9	-10	-10
Madras, South-east	1.1	1.5	-0.4	12.4	15.5	- 3.1	-20	-19
Madras Deccan	0.5	1.0	-0.5	15.1	20.3	- 5.2	-26	-24
Madras Coast, North	2.1	1.5	+0.6	21.7	24.8	- 3.1	-13	-16

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 12th October 1911.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
7th October 1911.

Burma.—The rainfall was moderate in Lower Burma and in Upper Burma outside the dry zone. Over much of the dry zone no rain fell. Replanting of the winter rice crops in the flooded areas of Lower Burma continues. In Upper Burma sowing of late sesamum and transplanting of winter rice are in progress. Harvesting of early sesamum is almost finished. Standing crops are healthy but in parts of the dry zone more rain is wanted. The price of unhusked rice has fallen at Rangoon but remains abnormal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was generally cloudy with fairly heavy rain which is not favourable to the early sowing of spring crops nor to cotton. Harvesting of jute is practically complete in the Dacca and Chittagong divisions but retting is still in progress in the Rajshahi division. Insect pests are damaging winter rice in several parts of the Assam and Surma Valleys. The average price of common rice has again risen slightly. Cattle disease is prevalent in Cachar, Kamrup and Bakarganj.

Bengal.—The rainfall was general over the Province. The fall was heavy in Cooch Bihar and the Sonthal Parganas, moderate in Birbhum, Nadia, Murshidabad, Khulna, Gaya, Shahabad, Saran, Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Darjeeling, Cuttack, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Manbhum and generally light elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops is approaching completion and preparation of lands for spring crops has commenced. The recent rainfall has been beneficial to the standing crops in Hooghli, Howrah, Cuttack and Manbhum. More rain is wanted in the 24-Parganas and Cuttack. Standing crops are doing well, some damage has been done by floods in parts of Murshidabad and injury by insect pests is reported from Midnapore and Balasore. The price of common rice has risen in Bankura, Midnapore, Murshidabad, Jessore, Patna, Gaya, Darjeeling, Cuttack and Cooch Bihar and has fallen in the 24-Parganas, Nadia, Khulna, Monghyr, Sambalpur, Ranchi and Palamau. Cattle disease is reported from Midnapore, Murshidabad, Patna, Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Bhagalpur, Cuttack, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Light rain was reported from all districts with falls exceeding 1 inch in a few places. Standing crops are flourishing everywhere. Prospects are good. Harvesting of autumn crops continue. Fields are being prepared for spring crops and sowings have commenced. The condition of agricultural stock is generally good although existence of cattle disease in parts of twenty-five districts is reported. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient. Prices on the whole are stationary but have fallen in nine districts and risen in five.

Punjab.—Light rain has fallen in parts of Gurgaon and Ambala. Rain is badly wanted in most districts. The condition of standing irrigated crops is generally fair and that of unirrigated crops is poor. Picking of cotton and harvesting of autumn crops continue in Rohtak, Karnal, Ambala, Jullundur, Lahore, Amritsar, Shahpur and Rawalpindi. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. Boll-worms are reported though in diminished numbers from Hissar, Rohtak, Jullundur, Ludhiana, Gurdaspur, Shahpur, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan and Muzaffargarh and grasshoppers from Amritsar. Preventive measures continue to be taken. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of green fodder in Jullundur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Gujrat and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts. Water is insufficient in parts of Jhelum and Mianwali. Canal water is deficient in Montgomery and Multan.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Conditions as regards the present autumn harvest are practically unchanged and as already reported the crops on *barani* lands have practically failed everywhere except in the Hazara district. Sowings of spring crops are in progress but without ample rainfall the area under the crops will be greatly restricted in *barani* lands. In Dera Ismail Khan some damage has been done to autumn crops by insects and unirrigated crops have withered. Harvesting of rice and maize and picking of cotton continue in some places in Peshawar. The outturn is reported to be average on the whole. The water-supply is generally sufficient except in the Maira Circle of the Charsadda tahsil in the Peshawar district and in the *Daman* villages of Dera Ismail Khan. Fodder is not procurable in many *Daman* villages of Dera Ismail Khan and in certain parts of the Peshawar district. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district has ceased. Cattle are generally in good condition but disease is reported in one village of the Mardan tahsil in the Peshawar district. The public health is good. Prices of maize and *bajra* show a slight tendency to fall. Prices:—wheat $12\frac{3}{8}$ to 17 , gram $15\frac{1}{8}$ to 25 , maize $12\frac{3}{8}$ to $25\frac{1}{8}$, and *bajra* $16\frac{1}{8}$ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 10 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Basohli and Kotli tahsils. Fodder is sufficient except in the Ranbirsinghpura and Mirpur tahsils.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Zamindars are busy in harvesting autumn crops. Prices are slightly cheaper than those of the last week. The condition of autumn crops except those on *karewa* areas is good. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—Slight rain fell in parts of Alwar, Bharatpur and Dholpur. The absence of rain is felt in Jaisalmer, Marwar and Ajmer Merwara. In the former State agricultural operations are practically suspended and in Marwar and Ajmer-Merwara the late sown crops require more moisture. The state of affairs is worse in parts of Merwara, where unirrigated crops are already withering. The condition of crops is also unsatisfactory in the hilly tracts of Mewar and Shahpura, while two districts in Jaipur report some damage from high winds but elsewhere crops are doing well. Prospects of the next spring harvest are generally fair but in Merwara and the hilly tracts of Mewar sowings will be much restricted except in a few villages. In Ajmer also more rain is needed for the spring and late autumn crops. Cattle are suffering in Jaisalmer and Shahpura owing to deficient grazing and in Dungarpur owing to disease. Dry grass, however, is available in Shahpura. There is a shortage of fodder and pasturage in Jaipur except in three Nizamats. In all other States and Ajmer-Merwara the condition of cattle is fair to good. Emigrated cattle are returning in Ajmer. Water is low in the Hilly Tracts and Marwar. Some emigration has taken place in Jaisalmer and Merwara. Prices in most places vary from 14½ to 24 seers and only in a few cases quoted above it is 12 seers.

Central India.—The rainfall in Gwalior averaged from 1 to 4 inches and in Bundelkhand from ½ to 1½ inches. Baghelkhand had an average of ½ inch. Elsewhere only scattered showers fell. More rain is wanted for irrigation and drinking purposes, throughout the Indore, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Weeding of autumn crops and preparation of land for spring crops is in progress. Prospects of autumn crops are generally good except in southern portions of the Bhopawar and Indore Agencies and the northern half of Gwalior. Cattle are generally in good condition. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Indore and Bhopawar. Prices are normal in Bhopal, high in the Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand Agencies, fluctuating in Indore and Bhopawar and steady elsewhere. Prices show a general downward tendency.

Central Provinces.—During the week light to heavy rain not exceeding 6 inches was received in all districts except Damoh, Nimar, Akola and Buldana. The condition of crops is satisfactory. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops continue in several districts. Fodder and water are generally adequate. Cattle are in good condition. Variations in prices are unimportant.

Feudatory States.—During the week Bastar had rain amounting to 9 inches. Nine other States received rain not exceeding 4½ inches. Prospects are good. Prices are almost steady.

Bombay.—Good rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak and Kolhapur, moderate in Kanara and Satara, slight in Thar and Parkar, Colaba, West Khandesh, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, Bijapur, Kathiawar and Savantvadi and *nil* elsewhere. Rain is urgently needed throughout the Presidency for standing crops and spring cultivation. Standing crops are withering for want of rain in parts of Ratnagiri, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, Sholapur, Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha, have failed in parts of Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals, Ahmednagar and Baroda and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind, Surat and Poona. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in parts of Broach, the Deccan, Belgaum, Kathiawar, Baroda, Cutch, Rewa Kantha and Kolhapur. Cotton sowing is in progress in Belgaum, Dharwar and Kolhapur. The fodder supply is adequate except in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, the Deccan and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition, but is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar and Satara. The drinking water supply is generally adequate except in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad, Sholapur and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Hyderabad, Gujarat, West Khandesh, Poona, Sholapur, Belgaum and Kathiawar. Prices have risen in parts of Larkana, Hyderabad, the Panch Mahals, Colaba and Belgaum, have fallen in the Upper Sind Frontier, Ahmedabad, Kaira, East Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Dharwar and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 22 to 49 per cent, in Gujarat 20 to 50 per cent, in the Konkan 19 to 39 per cent, in the Deccan 26 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 20 to 34 per cent less than the normal. Stocks of grain are generally adequate. The labourers get sufficient field employment. Wages are normal. The cultivating and labouring classes are in fair condition. Daily average number for week ending 7th October on fourteen relief works in the Panch Mahals was 3 627. There were 192 persons on test works in Kathiawar and 52 in Rewa Kantha on the last day of the week.

Hyderabad.—Little or no rain fell during the week except in parts of the Karimnagar Raichur, Nizamabad and Medak districts. The average for the Dominions was 24 cents. The highest falls were :—2 inches 31 cents in Jamikunta and 2 inches 23 cents in Nizamabad. After the close of the week Gulbarga received 21 cents, Raichur 1 inch 3 cents, Mahbubnagar 48 cents and Warangal 50 cents. Rain is urgently required. The situation is causing anxiety. Harvesting of autumn crops is progressing. Sprouts of spring crops are fair to good for the present. Cattle disease is reported in 13 talukas and fodder scarcity in one. Price :—wheat 8, coarse rice $6\frac{1}{2}$ and *juar* $13\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee, showing a fall of $\frac{1}{2}$ seer in the price of wheat and of $\frac{1}{2}$ seer in that of *juar* and a rise of $\frac{1}{2}$ seer in the price of rice. White *juar* is selling at $11\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in the district is 9 seers in Bir and Medak and the lowest $25\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good throughout the State. Prices of food grains have fallen slightly in Tumkur, Mysore and Hassan and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. The condition of standing crops has improved. Prospects of the season are generally fair. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 1 inch 17 cents. The condition of rice crops is good. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was heavy in Malabar and South Canara, good in Salem, the Nilgiris, Chittoor, North Arcot, Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavari, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Coimbatore, Bellary and Madura, *nil* in Tanjore and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Kistna, Guntur, Trichinopoly, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Bellary, Cuddapah and Ramnad. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Bellary, Nellore, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris and have withered in parts of Nellore and Tinnevely. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease, the early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers and coffee in parts of the Nilgiris has been affected by bug. Harvests continue with outturn fair to normal generally. Pasture is scanty in Ramnad, Tinnevely and in parts of Bellary, Anantapur, Nellore, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura, but is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Godavari, North Arcot and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in nine districts, has fallen in two and has risen in fourteen. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in four districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in ten. *Cholam* is stationary in ten districts, has fallen in three and has risen in two. *Cumbu* is stationary in four districts, has fallen in three and has risen in ten. The rise is most noticeable in the price of *cumbu* in Tinnevely and Anantapur. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair and improving in Vizagapatam, Anantapur and Cuddapah but more rain is required in parts of Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chittoor, Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1911

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 22nd March 1911.

From the 8th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 1st April all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

C. T. LETTON,

Offg. Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 19th October 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2005-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 16th October 1911 :—

- No. 542 of 1911.—Rahim Ebrahim, merchant, Market, Jooma Masjid, Bombay. *A bend protector.*
- No. 543 of 1911.—Mark Purser, Jr., mechanical engineer, of 102 Tullow street, Carlow, in the county of Carlow, Ireland. *Improvements in or relating to fencing.*
- No. 544 of 1911.—Arthur Henry Johnson, engineer, of "Wanganui," Ashdown road, Epsom, Surrey, and Llewellyn Wynn Williams, engineer, Railway Appliances Works, Cathcart, Glasgow. *Improvements in and relating to stretcher or gauge bars for railway switches.*
- No. 545 of 1911.—Fred Lobnitz, engineer and shipbuilder, of Ross Hall, Crookston, Renfrewshire, Scotland. *Improvements in navigable rock cutters.*
- No. 546 of 1911.—Alfred Parry, mechanical consulting engineer, of "Staveley" Sandheys, Waterloo, in the county of Lancaster. *Improvements in or connected with rolling machines for tea and the like.*
- No. 547 of 1911.—Robert Francis Colborne, engineering draftsman, of Redmyre road, Strathfield, near Sydney, in the state of New South Wales, commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements relating to balanced windows for railway cars or carriages.*
- No. 548 of 1911.—Robert Francis Colborne, engineering draftsman, of Redmyre road, Strathfield, near Sydney, in the state of New South Wales, commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in mechanism for operating wheel brakes by hand for railway purposes.*
- No. 549 of 1911.—Frederic Beck, civil engineer, of 168 Avenue de Neuilly, Neuilly-Sur-Seine, France. *Rotary explosion motors.*
- No. 550 of 1911.—Friedrich August Antoni, gentleman, of Ehrenfeld, Cologne. *Improvements in processes for forming coatings upon objects.*
- No. 551 of 1911.—Valentine Mure Fitzhugh, of 71 Eaton Terrace, Eaton Square, London, S.W., England, Patrick Edward Cunningham and Reginald Horace Percival Reid, both of Chidlow's Wells, state of Western Australia, commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in spark arresters for locomotives, steam engines, furnaces and the like.*
- No. 552 of 1911.—Jehangir Sorabji Banaji, assistant, The Maneckji Petit Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Tardeo, 3 Cumballa Hill, Bombay India. *Improvements in electric dynamo and alternator and current distributing system.*
- No. 553 of 1911.—Mian Maula Bux, of C. Allsop & Co., Rawalpindi. *A concave fire grate for facilitating and accelerating the ignition and combustion of coal and other fuel in fire places, kitchen stoves, incinerators, and samazars (waterheaters).*
- No. 554 of 1911.—Mahadheo Arjoon Kawle, merchant, residing at house No. 48, 4 Amatipura lane, Bombay. *Improvements in incandescent petroleum lamps.*
- No. 555 of 1911.—Giuseppe Racca, manufacturer, of 18 Via Milazzo, Bologna, and Guido Dall'Oglio, engineer, of 5 Via Belfiore, Bologna, in the kingdom of Italy. *Improvements in resilient wheels for automobile and other vehicles.*

- No. 556 of 1911.—Henry Dean and Edwin Howorth, trading as Dean, Howorth and Company, leather merchants and mill furnishers, of Ridgfoot Works, Todmorden, in the county of York, England. *Improvements in the manufacture of loom pickers.*
- No. 557 of 1911.—William Jackson, engineer, of Thorne Grove, Mannofield, Aberdeen, North Britain. *Improvements in connection with drying apparatus more especially intended for drying tea-leaves, or analogous produce.*
- No. 558 of 1911.—Mark Barr, engineer, of 3 Gloucester Mansions, London, S. W., England, Robert Arthur Bell, civil engineer, of 116 Wofple road, Wimbledon, in the county of Surrey, England, and Henry Ramie Beeton, gentleman, of 9 Maresfield Gardens, Hampstead, London, N. W., England. *Improvements in and relating to calculating machines.*
- No. 559 of 1911.—Rudolph Frederick Povl Rubow, civil engineer, of Malmo, in the kingdom of Sweden. *Improvements in ventilating corn mills.*
- No. 560 of 1911.—Albert Georg Koechlin, manager, of Basle, Switzerland. *Improvements in automatic weft bobbin exchanging devices for looms.*
- No. 561 of 1911.—Harry Edward Gresham, engineer, of Ordsall lane, Salford, in the county of Lancaster, England. *Improvements in injectors.*
- No. 562 of 1911.—Hupp Motor Car Company, automobile manufacturers, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the state of Michigan, and having its principal offices and place of business located at the city of Detroit (Post Office address Corner Jefferson and Concord Avenues), county of Wayne, in said state, one of the United States of America. *Improvements in vehicle springs.*
- No. 563 of 1911.—Robert Burn, engineer of 349 Jackson street, Petone, in the province of Wellington, and dominion of New Zealand. *Improvements in apparatus for folding telegraph forms, circulars and the like.*

No. 2006-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

- No. 510 of 1910.—Ram Sarup Mistri, lock and iron safe maker, No. 46, Mirganj, Allahabad. *A pump for lifting water out of a well of any depth.* (Specification filed 21 August 1911.)
- No. 67 of 1911.—Stephan Schilgen and the firm of J. Schilgen, both of Emsdetten, Westphalia, Germany. *Improvements in spinning and twisting machines.* (Specification filed 22 May 1911.)
- No. 271 of 1911.—John Sorley, medical practitioner, of Feilding, in the dominion of New Zealand. *An improved composition for the destruction of insects.* (Specification filed 26 September 1911.)
- No. 327 of 1911.—Richard Henry Field, permanent way inspector, Jacobabad. *A sliding jaw chair which supports either a bull headed or a double headed rail in a railway track.* (Specification filed 21 August 1911.)
- No. 342 of 1911.—Robert Carlyle Child, engineer, of Mansion House Chambers, 11, Queen Victoria street, London, E.C., England. *Improved centrifugal disintegrator.* (Specification filed 26 September 1911.)
- No. 420 of 1911.—Paul Hoering, Professor, of 2 Ahornstrasse, Berlin, W. 62, Germany. *Improvements in or relating to the treatment of milk.* (Specification filed 23 September 1911.)
- No. 427 of 1911.—Ernest Harry Archer, merchant, of 20 Eastcheap, in the city of London, England. *An improved manufacture of lining material for metal lined packing cases and the like.* (Specification filed 26 September 1911.)
- No. 428 of 1911.—Ernest Harry Archer, merchant, of 20 Eastcheap, in the city of London, England. *An improved manufacture of lining material for metal lined packing cases and the like.* (Specification filed 26 September 1911.)

- No. 433 of 1911.—Albert Georg Koechlin, works manager, of Steinen, Baden, in the Empire of Germany. *Improved method of forming the thread reserve in weft-bobbins.* (Specification filed 26 September 1911.)
- No. 441 of 1911.—Edward William Montesole, coach builder, of Mysore, India. *A folding wardrobe.* (Specification filed 26 September 1911.)
- No. 445 of 1911.—Louis Peufaillit, engineer and chemist, of 40, rue de Berry, Paris, France. *Process for removing the gummy and incrusting substances in textile and cellulose plants and other cellulose materials.* (Specification filed 26 September 1911.)

No. 2007-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each:—

- No. 168 of 1898.—Karl Ludwig Valentin Zimmer. *Improvements relating to paints suitable for coating iron and other surfaces.* (From 21 December 1911 to 21 December 1912.)
- No. 132 of 1903.—Otto Hoffmann. *Improvements in and relating to automatic fire extinguisher.* (From 7 November 1911 to 7 November 1912.)
- No. 395 of 1903.—Norman Pain Pearse. *Improvements in and relating to rollers for roller gins and burring apparatus.* (From 11 November 1911 to 11 November 1912.)
- No. 74 of 1904.—Frederick Martin Short. *Improved rheostat.* (From 12 November 1911 to 12 November 1912.)
- No. 189 of 1904.—James Dronsfield. *Improvements in traverse motions for traversing the yarn guides in spinning mules.* (From 2 December 1911 to 2 December 1912.)
- No. 119 of 1905.—Henry Livingstone Sulman, Hugh Fitzalis Kirkpatrick Picard and John Ballot. *Improvements in the separation of metalliferous minerals from gangue.* (From 13 November 1911 to 13 November 1912.)
- No. 224 of 1905.—La Société Générale de Soie Artificielle par le procédé Viscose. *Improvements in apparatus for use in twisting fibres, or filaments, and putting them into coil form.* (From 4 December 1911 to 4 December 1912.)
- No. 241 of 1905.—Jehongier Hormusji Irani. *An improved hand power press for pressing hay, straw and similar produce.* (From 20 October 1911 to 20 October 1912.)
- No. 280 of 1905.—Henry Livingstone Sulman, Hugh Fitzalis Kirkpatrick Picard and John Ballot. *Improvements in or relating to ore concentration.* (From 16 January 1912 to 16 January 1913.)
- No. 458 of 1905.—Valdemar Poulsen. *Improvements in receivers for wireless transmission of signals.* (From 1 December 1911 to 1 December 1912.)
- No. 503 of 1905.—James John Walker. *Improvements in or relating to the method of recording music played upon pianofortes, organs, carillons and similar instruments.* (From 16 November 1911 to 16 November 1912.)
- No. 241 of 1906.—Minerals Separation Limited. *Improvements in or relating to dry concentration of ores.* (From 5 December 1911 to 5 December 1912.)
- No. 316 of 1906.—J. & H. Hadden & Company Limited and Reginald Hadden. *Improvements in bandages.* (From 23 October 1911 to 23 October 1912.)
- No. 497 of 1906.—Louis Sepulchre. *Improvements in caps or tops for lamp and other chimneys, ventilating-shafts and the like.* (From 26 November 1911 to 26 November 1912.)

No. 2008-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act the

exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

- No. 420 of 1906.—Baron Emile Maurice Valentin Fleury. *Improvements relating to the preparation of paper pulp.* (Specification filed 1 July 1907.)
- No. 459 of 1906.—Alfred Wormser. *Improved Kaleidoscope.* (Specification filed 1 July 1907.)
- No. 478 of 1906.—Duncan Norbert Hood. *Improvements in process and apparatus for treating ores.* (Specification filed 25 June 1907.)
- No. 502 of 1906.—Robert Alfred Molley. *Improvements in gearing for transmitting motion in one plane to motion in another plane.* (Specification filed 4 July 1907.)
- No. 552 of 1906.—Aubrey James Reid. *Improvements in brakes and their appurtenances for railway and other vehicles.* (Specification filed 25 June 1907.)
- No. 571 of 1906.—Albert John Morphett Chapple. *An improved pipe coupling.* (Specification filed 25 June 1907.)
- No. 580 of 1906.—John Isaac Solomon. *Improvements in process and apparatus for accomplishing the examination of separate pieces of matter or numbers of objects in quantities.* (Specification filed 9 July 1907.)
- No. 585 of 1906.—Paul De Boklevsky. *Improvements in centrifugal amalgamators.* (Specification filed 9 July 1907.)
- No. 596 of 1906.—Lalit Chandra. *Improvements in lamps.* (Specification filed 9 July 1907.)
- No. 604 of 1906.—William Charles Viney Harwood and Samuel Reed. *An improved apparatus for automatically supplying liquid disinfectant of flushing cisterns or the like.* (Specification filed 25 June 1907.)
- No. 607 of 1906.—Gustave Fouillaron. *Improvements in and relating to expanding pulleys and belts therefor.* (Specification filed 25 June 1907.)
- No. 608 of 1906.—Robert Miximilian Hahn. *An improved oleaginous mixture for sprinkling on roads and the like.* (Specification filed 25 June 1907.)
- No. 28 of 1907.—John Edward Friend. *Improvements in rotary engines.* (Specification filed 29 June 1907.)
- No. 53 of 1907.—Peter McKay. *Improvements in vehicle spring buffers.* (Specification filed 9 July 1907.)
- No. 54 of 1907.—Sydney Aston Mersy Rose and Herbert Byng Crowle. *Improvements relating to automatic electrical targets for rifle practice.* (Specification filed 29 June 1907.)
- No. 102 of 1907.—Sakichi Toyoda. *Improvements in looms.* (Specification filed 9 July 1907.)
- No. 105 of 1907.—Harry Dale Green and Gerald Hoff. *The independent gauge bar and pot sleeper for permanent way.* (Specification filed 6 July 1907.)
- No. 179 of 1907.—McCarty Wireless Telephone Company. *Improvements in and relating to the wireless transmission of sonorous vibrations.* (Specification filed 1 July 1907.)
- No. 195 of 1907.—John Edmund Alexander Deruz. *A flushing tank and cattle trough with bent tube flushing syphon and automatic tipping trough combined.* (Specification filed 12 July 1907.)
- No. 210 of 1907.—Herbert Percy Sauderson. *Improvements in or connected with motor vehicles or tractors for agricultural and other purposes.* (Specification filed 11 July 1907.)
- No. 213 of 1907.—Grace Estner Scrafton. *Improvements in or relating to ladies and children's undergarments.* (Specification filed 29 June 1907.)
- No. 265 of 1907.—Thomas Alfred Silverwood. *Improvements in vehicle wheels for motor cars, motor omnibuses and ambulance waggons.* (Specification filed 27 June 1907.)
- No. 266 of 1907.—Thomas Alfred Silverwood. *Improvements in and relating to tyres for vehicle wheels.* (Specification filed 27 June 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of ₹50 for each of the above inventions.

No. 538 of 1905.—John Ridley Temperley, Joseph Temperley and William Alexander. *Improvements in and relating to transporting appliances and the like.* (Specification filed 27 June 1906.)

No. 247 of 1906.—Edward Martin. *An improved pneumatic disc wheel.* (Specification filed 28 June 1906.)

No. 267 of 1906.—Thomas Warsop. *Improvements in or relating to rock drills or other percussion tools.* (Specification filed 12 July 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (b) After the expiration of the fourth year and before the expiration of the fifth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of ₹50 for each of the above inventions.

No. 35 of 1905.—Charles Henry Huff. *Method and apparatus for electrostatic separation.* (Specification filed 5 July 1905.)

No. 120 of 1905.—Cosmo Kendall. *Improvements in or pertaining to the separation of graphitic substance from associated rocky matter or gangue.* (Specification filed 12 July 1905.)

No. 127 of 1905.—The Westinghouse Brake Company. *Improvements in vacuum brakes for railway and like vehicles.* (Specification filed 5 July 1905.)

No. 148 of 1905.—The Westinghouse Brake Company, Limited. *Improvements in or relating to automatic vacuum brakes for railway and like vehicles.* (Specification filed 5 July 1905.)

No. 149 of 1905.—The Westinghouse Brake Company, Limited. *Improvements relating to vacuum brakes for railway and like vehicles.* (Specification filed 5 July 1905.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (c) After the expiration of the fifth year and before the expiration of the sixth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of ₹50 for each of the above inventions.

No. 405 of 1902.—Roland Hayes Gahagan. *An improved automatic sluice gate.* (Specification filed 10 July 1903.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (d) After the expiration of the seventh year and before the expiration of the eighth year from that date—

The sum of ₹50 for the above invention.

No. 374 of 1901.—Carantum Padmanaba Iyer. *A waterlift called "The Carnatic pump."* (Specification filed 7 July 1902.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (f) After the expiration of the eighth year and before the expiration of the ninth year from that date—

The sum of ₹100 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price Rs 1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. Rs. a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(f) Quarterly index, January to March and April to June 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 3-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price Rs 3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price Rs 3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are —
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing:—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son). Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son). George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeling Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Color-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

E. H. PAYNE, Major,

Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM;
3rd October 1911.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 17th October 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th October 1911.

RESERVE.													
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.				COIN AND BULLION.				SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).				TOTAL.	REMARKS.
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.		In India.	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	In England.	In Transit between India and England.	Held in India.	Held in England.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Calcutta													
1,41,60,500	18,95,98,540	20,37,59,040	3,62,14,647	1,16,66,655	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	27,27,510	2	...	9,99,99,946	(b)	26,43,43,218	(a) Nominal value— Rs 10,20,81,500.
...	3,32,25,065	3,32,25,065	3,97,33,471	27,27,510			1,02,84,385	...		...	...	4,24,60,981	(b) Nominal value— Rs 4,69,26,571.
Lahore	3,90,05,835	3,90,05,835	4,18,76,803	1,02,84,385			6,18,00,892	...		...	...	5,21,61,388	
Bombay	14,56,01,655	16,28,38,350	3,95,68,013	26,70,310			8,11,800	...		...	...	10,13,68,903	
Karachi	1,59,09,605	1,59,09,605	3,22,30,365	78,87,705			28,25,595	...		...	...	37,82,110	
Madras	6,10,64,245	6,97,35,335	4,98,59,108					...		...	...	4,01,18,070	
Rangoon	3,54,06,835	3,54,06,835						...		...	...	5,26,84,703	
			24,24,52,717	9,80,04,742	7,86,970	7,56,75,000		...		9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	55,69,19,375	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue				Deduct—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									
		32,60,690										3,00,000	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R				TOTAL RESERVE R									
		55,66,19,375										55,66,19,375	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th October 1911.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 15th October 1911 to 2,99 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 17th October 1911.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	R	a. p.		R	a. p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	2,62,16,535	0 0
			Other authorized Investments	84,59,741	4 0
Reserve Fund	1,79,00,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,65,82,919	1 6
Public Deposits at Head Office	1,02,57,577	12 10	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,02,28,158	4 4
Public Deposits at Branches	1,62,39,228	14 4	Bills discounted and purchased	3,98,22,284	0 10
	2,64,96,806	11 2	Balances with other Banks	28,42,449	5 3
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,58,15,114	15 0	Bullion	...	...
Bank Post Bills, etc.	13,30,937	9 4	Dead Stock	22,00,259	8 2
Sundries	13,33,994	4 0	Stamps	11,638	9 1
			Sundries	2,22,325	7 8
				16,65,86,310	8 10
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	2,68,86,316	12 8
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	4,94,04,226	2 0
				7,62,90,542	14 8
RUPES	24,28,76,853	7 6	RUPES	24,28,76,853	7 6

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value R1,97,255 0 0

† Do. do do. R5,86,147 8 0

R7,83,412 8 0

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 19th October 1911.H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 37'21.By order of the Directors,
N. H. V. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

A public examination for admission to the Assistant Surgeon Branch of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department will be held on the 8th January 1912 at the stations and places marginally noted. Only Europeans and Eurasians will be allowed to appear at the examination. Copies of the prospectus and any further information may be obtained from the Senior Medical Officers at these stations and from—

Calcutta.	Lahore Cantt.	Landour.	Aden.
Dinapore.	Rawalpindi	Rangoon.	Maymyo.
Allah bad.	Se. underabad.	Madras.	Kara hi.
Agra.	Wellington.	Ootacamund.	Bombay.
Lucknow.	Quetta.	Bangalore.	Mhow.
Meerut.	Shillong.	Trichinopoly.	Poona.
Bareilly.	Peshawar.	Jhansi.	Kamptee.
Jubbulpore.	Kasauli.	Sialkot.	Mount Abu.
Ambala.	Simla.	Fyzabad.	Mandalay.

- (1) The Secretary to the Director General, Indian Medical Service, Simla.
- (2) The Personal Assistants to the Surgeons-General with the Governments of Madras and Bombay.
- (3) All Administrative Medical Officers and the Principals of the Medical Colleges and Schools in Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

BRUCE SETON, Major, I.M.S.,
Secretary to the Director-General, Indian Medical Service.SIMLA
The 29th September 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
413—1911	Muncherji Nowroji Dastur	Parsee	No. 88, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort.	Clerk in the General Post Office	3rd	October	1911	3rd	October	1911
412—1911	Cumroodin Rajbhai Dawoodi Vora	Mahomedan	No. 57, Bhajipala Lane, Khokha Bazar.	Old gunny bags sewer	"	"	"	"	"	"
414—1911	Ardesar Merwanji Dadyburjor	Parsee	3, Mazagon	Lately clerk in the employ of Messrs. Ralli Brothers and now unemployed.	4th	"	"	4th	"	"
415—1911	Ebrahimji Kadibhai Dawoodi Bhora	Mahomedan	Foolgully	Formerly petty dealer in fire-wood and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
417—1911	Flora Sykes, wife of Sassoon Elias Sykes.	Jewish	No. 64, Rippon Road	Lately milliner and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
416—1911	Ramjan Abdula Dukhni	Mahomedan	Chowki Molla	Lately dealer in milk and now unemployed.	"	"	"	5th	"	"
418—1911	Haji Gulam Ahmed Munshi	"	Doctor Street, Nul Bazar	Filter in the service of Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas.	5th	"	"	"	"	"
419—1911	Ahmed Husein Khoja	"	Nos. 60—62, Nishanpada Cross Road.	Lately servant in the employ of Pyarally Abdulla and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
420—1911	Hormusji Bejonji Dubash <i>alias</i> Sodawaterwala.	Parsee	Nos. 80—82, Modykhana, Fort.	Lately trading as aerated water manufacturer in the name of John & Co., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
421—1911	Byramji Nusserwanji Kapadia	"	No. 142, Bhora Bazar	Proprietor of the Art Printing Press.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
422—1911	Tajibhai Noorbhai Moknooja alias Taja Noora Mokinya.	Mahomedan	Bapty Road	Lately hack Victoria keeper and now unemployed.	5th	October	1911	6th	October	1911
423—1911	Damnul Mugniram Sha	Hindu	Mangaldas Market (in the shop of Mugniram Nema & Co.)	Lately doing business as Shroff and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
424—1911	Abdul Cadar <i>valad</i> Abdul Guffoor Kokni.	Mahomedan	Chowki Molla	Lately boiler maker in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company and now unemployed.	6th	"	"	"	"	"
425—1911	Morar Doolubh Soortee	Hindu	Upper Duncan Road	Lately fitter and now unemployed.	"	"	"	7th	"	"
426—1911	Kaikhasroo Dadabhoy Mistry	Parsee	Nos. 11 and 12, Parel	Fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	"	"	"	"	"	"
428—1911	Hakim Shaik Mahomed bin Hakim Pir Mahomed.	Mahomedan	Old Nagpada	Lately Hakim and now unemployed.	9th	"	"	9th	"	"
429—1911	Christopher Hinks	Eurasian	No. 7, Parel, Bhoiwada	Sub-Inspector in the Drainage Department, Bombay Municipality.	"	"	"	"	"	"
431—1911	Gungaram Luxumon Kapdi	Hindu	Mazagon	Dealer in tobacco and bidees	"	"	"	"	"	"
432—1911	Ardesir Pestonji Pagdiwala	Parsee	Dadar	Lately proprietor of a Washing and Dyeing Company in his own name and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
430—1911	Manmohan Purshotumdas Bhansali	Hindu	Girgaum	Lately trading as cloth merchant under the name of Purshotum Bhugwandas and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

433—1911	Jusraj Daya Lotana	"	"	Cazi Molla	Clerk in the employ of Jacob Janmahomed.	"	"	"	"	"
434—1911	Jeshimkar Kashinath Joshi	"	"	Market Chipi Chawl	Lately dealer in hay, speculator in opium, etc., and now mehta in the employ of Khoja Ludhabhoy Lukhumsy.	"	"	10th	"	"
435—1911	Hormusji Dinshawji Baroocha alias Mistry.	Parsee	"	No. 6, Nizam Street	Lately clerk in the employ of Sheriarji Rustomji and now unemployed.	10th	"	"	"	"
435—1911	Jugmohandas Tribhowandas Vania	Hindu	"	Kandewadi	Lately speculator in cotton and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
437—1911	Assoo Keshow Sha	"	"	Gowalia Tank Road	Dealer in grain	"	"	"	"	"
438—1911	Mowji Lukhmidas Bhat	"	"	No. 16, Old Hanuman Lane	Lately speculator in Government Paper and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
439—1911	Sakharam Krishnaji Polekar	"	"	Opposite Hasali Tank, Dadar (Moroba Ganpat's Wadi).	Jobber in the Sorab Mill, Dadar.	11th	"	"	11th	"
440—1911	Suleman Valli Mahomed Memon	Mahomedan	"	Bazar Road, Mahim	Lately dealer in steel trunks and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
442—1911	Francis Coelho	Portuguese	"	No. 212, Hainss Road, Byculla.	Fitter in the employ of Messrs. Richardson and Crudas.	9th	"	"	"	"
441—1911	Gangadhar Jugonnath Shirodkar	Hindu	"	Post Office Lane, Girgaum Back Road.	Lately mill stores supplier under the name of G. J. Shirodkar & Co. and now canvasser to Messrs. Schlettedar & Co., Ltd	12th	"	"	12th	"
442—1911	Gopinath Manikji Chevolkar	"	"	No. 5, Gamdeir, Dammer Lane.	Lately petty contractor for supplying wood work and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"
443—1911	Edmond Somers	Eurasian	"	Sopari Bang Road, Parel	Lately clerk in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company and now unemployed.	13th	"	"	13th	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*concl'd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.				DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.		Day.	Month.	Year.
444—1911	Emmanuel Stewart . . .	European . . .	Byculla . . .	Lately carrying on business as Bookmaker in partnership with George Gillespie, under the name of George Stewart & Co. and now unemployed.	13th	October .	1911		13th	October .	1911
445—1911	Shripat Sittaram Raje . . .	Hindu . . .	Sharda Chawl, Grant Road .	Lately doing business as sand merchant and now unemployed.	"	" .	"		"	" .	"
446—1911	Virji Nathu Soni . . .	" . . .	Mandir . . .	Lately mehta in the employ of Vitthaladas Meghji & Co., and now unemployed.	"	" .	"		14th	" .	"
447—1911	Shamji Visram Sha . . .	" . . .	2nd Bhoiwada . . .	Speculator in cotton	14th	" .	"		"	" .	"

Orders in the matters of the above-named Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 16th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 8TH TO 15TH OCTOBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.															COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.				SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.	
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.				BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.							Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.		
	Pur-chased Silver.	Withdrawn and un-current coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	With-drawn and uncur-rent coins.	TOTAL.							
Calcutta	90	11	40	5	146	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	200	...	56	7	263	19	13	34	...			

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . . 31

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ;
Calcutta, the 17th October 1911.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 73 OF 1911.

In the matter of Khaja Naimudin, shopkeeper of No. 28, 29th Street, Rangoon,
Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 presented by Khaja Naimudin, shopkeeper of No. 28, 29th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Khaja Naimudin.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of October 1911.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

	POWDER.		
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.		
	R	a.	p.
16 oz. tins	5	0	0
8 " "	2	8	0
4 " "	1	4	0
	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.		
	R	a.	p.
	6	0	0
	3	0	0
	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 13th October 1911.

No. 124.—Third class Assistant Surgeon M. C. Pinto, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is granted one month's privilege leave with effect from the forenoon of the 13th September 1911, or date from which he avails himself of the same.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 11th October 1911.

No. 24-G.—The following reversion in the Superior Establishment of the Telegraph Department is sanctioned with effect from the 6th of October 1911 :—

Name.	From	To
Mr. R. W. Hodges	Superintendent	Assistant Superintendent.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Offg. Director General of Telegraphs.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 12th October 1911.

No. 2727.—Captain H. G. Wilmer, 11th Sikhs, is appointed Cantonment Magistrate, Loralai, in addition to his regimental duties, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st October 1911 *vice* Lieutenant H. C. Finnis.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,

First Assistant

THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 9th October 1911.

No. 571-J.-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan is pleased to extend the following Acts to British Baluchistan :—

- (1) The Indian Companies (Amendment) Act (IV of 1910).
- (2) The Court Fees (Amendment) Act (VII of 1910).

By order,

H. B. ST. JOHN,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

**THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BRITISH
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 11th October 1911.

No. 585-J.-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3, sub-section 3, of the British Baluchistan Laws Regulation, 1890, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner in British Baluchistan is pleased to declare that the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as extended to British Baluchistan by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 212-S., dated the 18th February 1911, shall no longer be in force in British Baluchistan.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 10th October 1911.

No. 2689.—Mr. W. D. V. Slesser, M.A., Assistant Superintendent of Police, assumed charge of the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Quetta, with effect from the afternoon of the 4th September 1911.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,

First Assistant.

I C 2

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

Bangalore, the 11th October 1911.

No. 58.—The Reverend Lawrence Gifford Pollard, Honorary Chaplain, resigns his Commission, dated 23rd August 1911.

By order,
F. J. RICHARDS,
for First Assistant Resident.

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated]Naini Tal, the 12th October 1911.

No. 1515-XV-115.—The Agreement hereinafter set forth entered into by the Company known as the Kayastha Pathshala, Allahabad, in accordance with the provisions of part VIII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, is hereby published for general information.

An Agreement entered into this 9th day of October 1911, between the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereafter called the Secretary of State) on the one part and the Kayastha Pathshala, Allahabad, a company registered under the Societies Registration Act XXI of 1860 on the other part.

Whereas the aforesaid Kayastha Pathshala has made an application to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh to acquire under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act (I of 1894) land and premises in Allahabad for the purposes of such company amounting to 13'354 acres as detailed and described in the schedule annexed hereto and for the sake of greater clearness delineated or shown on the plan* hereto annexed. And whereas the aforesaid local Government is satisfied that the said Kayastha Pathshala is a company within the meaning of section 3(e) of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894.

And whereas the aforesaid local Government after making and holding such enquiry as is required and prescribed by law is satisfied that the acquisition of the aforesaid land required by the Kayastha Pathshala is needed for the construction of some work and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public. And whereas under section 41 of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act the Kayastha Pathshala is required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council regarding matters laid down in the aforesaid section 41 of the said Act.

It is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

1. That the Kayastha Pathshala Managing Committee pay to Government the cost of acquisition; the payment to be made as soon as the sums to be paid are finally fixed in the course of acquisition proceedings and references, if any, to the Civil Court under section 18, Land Acquisition Act.

2. That the lands and buildings required be made over to the Kayastha Pathshala when the above payment by the Kayastha Pathshala to Government and payment by Government to the owners and occupiers of the land and buildings acquired and the persons, if any, to whom compensation is awarded in connection with the acquisition, has been made.

3. That the Kayastha Pathshala shall utilise the land and buildings made over to them for the direct purposes of their school and college and Pathshala offices only, viz., the erection of class rooms, library, laboratories, school and college workshops, boarding accommodation for students, professors, managing staff, school, college and pathshala offices, servants' houses, play ground and the like.

4. That the buildings to be erected as well as any alterations in the existing buildings on the acquired premises be made with the approval of the Government as represented by the Director of Public Instruction for the United Provinces and shall include entire separation from each other of the school and college by means of dividing wall or in such way as the Director of Public Instruction may approve.

5. That the said alteration and new buildings shall be erected within five years or such further time as the Director of Public Instruction might subsequently allow and shall be

maintained thereafter in good order and repair and the time from which the period is to run is the approval of the necessary plans by the Director of Public Instruction and that subsequent additions or alterations shall be made only with the approval of the Director of Public Instruction.

6. That the new premises be not sold or transferred by the Kayastha Pathshala at any time without the consent of the Government.

In witnesses whereof the parties hereto have hereto set their hands the day and year first above written.

(Sd.) GOKUL PRASAD, M.A., LL.B., F.A.U., Rai Bahadur,
President, Kayastha Pathshala.

Signed in my presence.
KANHAIYA LAL, Rai Bahadur,
Retired Deputy Collector.

BADARI NARAYAN.

(Sd.) L. STUART,

Secretary to Government of the United Provinces
of Agra and Oudh in the Educational Department
for and on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary
of State for India in Council.
Dated 9th October 1911.

Witnesses :—

1. W. A. Langley.
2. A. Francis.

Schedule.

Boundaries.	Village.	Description of land to be acquired.	Area.		
			Big.	Bis.	Bisw.
North—The Katcha lane running from South Road to Canning Road.	Badlepur.	(1) Plot occupied by the house and garden of Babu Pyare Mohan Banerji.	7	9	9
South—The Allahabad-Fyzabad Railway.		(2) Plot belonging to Babu Tirlok Nath and occupied by two cottages and cowsheds now owned by Bachhu Lal.	1	7	12
East—The District Jail.		(3) Plot of open land belonging to Babu Sudarsan Das and occupied by a dairy.	3	19	0
West—City Road.		(4) Plot on which stand some katcha huts and a dairy called a <i>takia</i> and occupied by a resident <i>fakir</i> and <i>ahir</i> tenants.	1	2	15
	Malokraja.	(5) Plot occupied by a small basti lying between the Allahabad-Fyzabad Railway and a katcha lane.	2	7	14
		(6) Plot of open land belonging to the district jail for sanitary camp purposes and at present rented for cultivation.	4	8	10
		(7) Two plots of waste land lying between the Allahabad-Fyzabad Railway and the ground recently purchased by the Kayastha Pathshala.	0	15	10
		(8) A katcha lane.	2	3	0
		Total	23	13	10

*Note :—*A plot of land measuring about one bigha and lying on both sides of the katcha land east of the Kayastha Pathshala and occupied by a Muhammadan shrine and some tombstones is not included in the area to be occupied.

(Sd.) GOKUL PRASAD.

(Sd.) L. STUART,

Secretary to Government of the United Provinces
of Agra and Oudh, Educational Department.
Dated 9th October 1911.

W. A. LANGLEY,
Judicial Registrar, Civil Secretariat, United Provinces.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 13th October 1911.

No. 24.—Mr. W. H. Gorton, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Urdu on the 3rd April 1911.

The 14th October 1911.

No. 25.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 18, dated 13th July 1911, the 14 days' extraordinary leave without pay, not on medical certificate, granted to Mr. J. K. Robertson, covenanted temporary engineer, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, in extension of the privilege leave granted to him, is cancelled.

The 16th October 1911.

No. 26.—Mr. H. D. Creed, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani on the 9th October 1911.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 10th October 1911.

No. 32.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 30th September 1911.

Chief Engineer F. Olford, R.I.M. 12 months.

B. H. JONES,
for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

REPORTS OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Royal Scots, dated at Allahabad, this 13th day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—9460, Private, Hugh Mitchell. Age—23 years 9 months. Height—5 feet 4½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, light brown. Trade—Shoemaker. Date of enlistment—19th December 1905. Place of enlistment—Perth, Scotland.	Parish and County in which born—Dundee Forfar. Date of desertion or absence—8th October 1911. Place of desertion or absence—Allahabad. Marks—On back of right forearm Heart, B. D., Cross E.M.C.M. On point of same A and a stroke. Under 6 years' service.
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D. G. WEMYSS, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 1st Battalion, The Royal Scots.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st West Yorkshire Regiment, dated at Kuldana, India, this 5th day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—8952, Private, Langley. Age—22 years 9 months. Height—5 feet 6 inches. Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, dark brown; eyes, hazel. Trade—Wireman. Date of enlistment—21st September 1908. Place of enlistment—Leeds.	Parish and County in which born—Saltburn, Yorkshire. Date of desertion or absence—30th September 1911. Place of desertion or absence—Kuldana, India. Marks—Small scar on forehead. Small scar side of neck. On furlough. Under 4 years' service.
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S. T. GRIGG, Capt. and Adjutant for Major,
1st P. W. O. West Yorkshire Regiment.

**Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st West Yorkshire Regiment,
dated at Kuldana, India, this 5th day of October 1911.**

Number, Rank, and Name—9245, Private, H. Mittlestrass.	Place of enlistment—Kuldana, India.
Age—19 years 3 months.	Parish and County in which born—Multan, India.
Height—5 feet 3½ inches.	Date of desertion or absence—30th September 1911.
Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, brown; eyes, grey.	Place of desertion or absence—Kuldana, India.
Trade—Nil.	Marks—Lineal scar on right inguinal.
Date of enlistment—14th August 1909.	On furlough.
	Under 3 years' service.

S. T. GRIGG, Capt. and Adjutant for Major,
1st P. W. O. West Yorkshire Regiment.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 12th October 1911.

No. 1767-S-*Ap.*—Mr. N. W. Vaughan, Postmaster, Bangalore, pay Rs. 400—500, is granted an extension of privilege leave for sixteen days with effect from the 15th September 1911.

No. 1771-S-*Ap.*—Mr. C. Amos, Postmaster, Tuticorin, pay Rs. 200—300, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 20th August 1911.

Mr. M. Gopalayya, Head clerk, Tuticorin post office and officiating Deputy Postmaster, Tuticorin, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Tuticorin, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. Amos, or until further orders.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of the Post Office of India,

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

No. 3326-R. O. C.—It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Act VI of 1878 that, on or about the middle of June 1911, treasure consisting of the under-mentioned articles of the value of Rs. 861 was found in the house site belonging to one Povvathappa Koundan of Buderu, hamlet of Gidangal village in S. No. 479 of Uppa Velur village in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot District, Madras Presidency.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of South Arcot at his office at Cuddalore on Wednesday, the third day of April 1912, in view to the matter being enquired into or determined according to law.

Description of articles.	Estimated value.
	<i>R. a. p.</i>
1. One gold mohara 3½ varahanidais	21 14 0
2. Four small gold moharas 3½ varahanidais	27 4 0
3. 37 tamarind seed gold virahan 36½ virahanidais	219 0 0
4. Ten small gold coins bearing the impression of Rama 4½ virahanidais	29 4 0
5. 47 big chilly seed gold coins 8½ virahanidais	33 0 0
6. 1,080 small chilly seed gold coins 119½ virahanidais	477 8 0
7. Small gold piece ½ virahanidai	5 10 0
8. Gold broken kambee of an ear ring 1½ virahanidai	1 12 0
9. Gold flat kambi ½ virahanidai	0 12 0
10. 1 gold piece 8½ virahanidais	45 0 0
Total value	861 0 0

(Illegible)
For Collector.

SOUTH ARCOT COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Dated 12th October 1911.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified, under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that on or about the 12th August 1911, the treasure described below was found in S. F. No. 206 (Stream,) Maduvu peramboke, in Thellali village of Conjeevaram Taluk, Chingleput District, by Chinna Naicken and Narayana Naicken of Thellali and Kanni Naicken of Kesa pattu.

Description of Treasure.	Approximate value of the Treasure.
1. 24 (twenty-four) old sovereigns known as puavaragans.	Rs. 185 0 0
2. 2 (two) gold twisted wires	
3. One gold plate	

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent, before the Collector of Chingleput at his office at Saidapet on 1st March 1912, in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

C. M. BLAKE,
For Collector.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the person hereunder mentioned Insolvent and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvent in J. R. B. Branson, Esquire, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvent, or who have any of his estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Hearing.
227 of 1911	15th September 1911.	Wallajapet Narasimulu Naidu, unemployed, residing at No. 26, Chandrappa Mudaly Street, Georgetown, Madras.	15th September 1911.	9th November 1911.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY OFFICE, MADRAS
The 16th October 1911.

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 Brief Note on Income Tax Operations with North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6a. or 6d. (1a.)
 Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12a. or 1s. (1a.)
 Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. 6a. or 6d. (2a.)
 Report on the External Land Trade of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 4a. or 4s. 4d. (3a.)
 Report on Vaccination in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 5a. or 5d. (2a.)
 Annual Report of the Archæological Survey of India, Frontier Circle, for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9a. or 9d. (2a.)
 Report of the Civil Veterinary Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. 3p. or 8½d. (2a.)
 Report on the Excise Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 10a. 6p. or 10½d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering.—

- Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R1-4.
 Section V, Manual of Estimating 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5 2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 57, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

- Journal and Proceedings, Vol. 5, Nos. 2 to 11, at Rs. 2 each.
Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10. Cerrhipedes Opercules de l'Indian Museum de Calcutta.
Par Mr. M. A. Gruval, at Rs. 2.
Memoirs Vol. 2, No. 11, Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the Rainfall.
By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at Rs. 2-8.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. V. Extra No. 1909. Grammar of the Kanawari
Language at Rs. 3.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. V. Extra No. 2, 1909. Maithili Grammar, Part 1,
at Rs. 4.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 1 to 10 at Rs. 2 each.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Extra No., 1910, Divan-i-Babur Padishah, at
Rs. 2.
Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10. Notes on some Monuments in Afghanistan. By Mr. H. H.
Hayden, at Rs. 1.
Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11. On the Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the
Rainfall. By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at Rs. 2-8.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita. By Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, M.A., at Rs. 2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the Thirteenth Century A. D.
By Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at Rs. 1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell. By Mr. T. H. D.
La Touche, at Rs. 4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier. By
Messrs. A. Rose and J. Coggin Brown, at Rs. 3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit-Tibetan-English Vocabulary. By Alexander Csoma
de Koros. Edited by Drs. E. Denison-Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana, at
Rs. 5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

- Rasarnavam, Fasc. 2. By Dr. P. C. Roy, at Rs. 1-4.
Grihya Sangraha. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at As. 10.
Gobhila Paricista, Part I. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at Rs. 1-14.
Baudhayana Sruta Sutra, Vol. 2, Fasc. 3. By Dr. W. Caland, at As. 10.
Suryya Siddhanta, Fasc. 1. By M. M. Sudnakara Dvivedi, at Rs. 1-4.
Chaturvarga Cintamani, Vol. 4, Fasc. 9. By Pandit Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusana,
As. 10.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 7. By Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur, at Rs. 1.
Mohabhasyapradipodyata Vol. 3, Fasc. 10. By Pandit Bahuvallava Shastri, at As. 10.
Muntakhab-al-Labab. Part 3, Fasc. 1. By Major T. W. Haig, I.A., at Rs. 1.
Tattva Cintamani Didhiti Prokas. Fasc. 1-2. By M. M. Guru Charan Tarkadar-
sanatirtha, at As. 10 each.
Syainika Sastra. By Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, at Rs. 1.
Tattva Cintamani Didhiti Vivriti. Fasc. 1. By M. M. Kamakhyanatha Tarkavagisa,
at As. 10.
Sundaranandam Kavyam. By M. M. Haraprasad Shastri, at Rs. 1.
Tirthacintamani. Fasc. 1. By Pandit Kamala Krishna Smrititirtha, at As. 10.
Nyayasarah. By M. M. Satish Chandra Vidyabhusana, at Rs. 2.
Six Buddhist Nyaya Tracts. By M. M. Haraprasad Shastri, at As. 10.
Mohabhasyapradipodyata. Vol. 4, Fasc. 1. By Pandit Bahuvallava Shastri, at Rs. 1-4
each.
Rasarnavam, Fasc. 3. By Dr. P. C. Roy, at Rs. 1-4.
Yoga Sastra, Fasc. 3. By Sri Vijaya Dharma Suri, at Rs. 1-4.
Vidhana Parijata. Vol. 2, Fasc. 4. By Pandit Taraprasanna Vidyaratna, at Rs. 1-4.
Catapatha Brahmana. Vol. 7, Fasc. 4-5. By Acharya Satyavrata Samsrami, at
As. 10 each.
Upamitibhavaprapanca Katha. Fasc. 2 and 13. By Prof. Dr. Hermann Jacobi, at
As. 10 each.
Tadhkira-Khushnaveshan. By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, Lecturer in Arabic and
Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at Rs. 1.
Maasir-i-Rahimi. Pt. 1, Fasc. 1. By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, Lecturer in Arabic
and Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at Rs. 2 each.

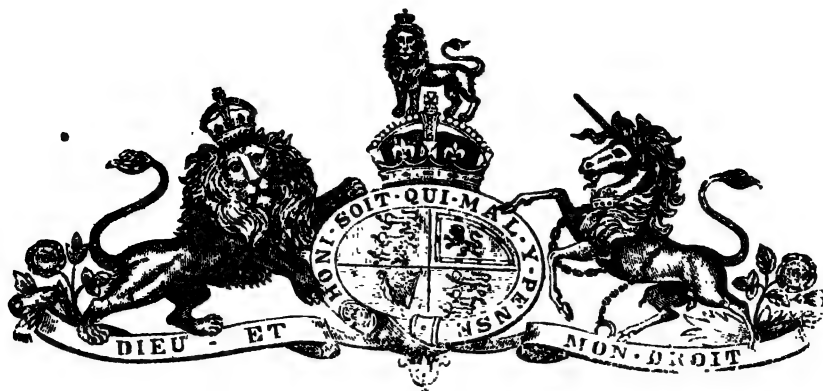
• **Marhama-i-Ilali L. Mu-Dila.** Fasc. 1. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1 each.
Persian and Turki Divans of Bayram Khan Khan Khannan. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross,
at R1.
Mabani-i-Lughat. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1-8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.

• **Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911.** (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review for June 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost Government Promissory Note.

The Government Promissory Note No. 015923 of 1900-01, for Rs500 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1900-01 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Bai Navazbai, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertisers.—BAI NAVAZBAI, A. CADIMASTER,
The Gunj Street near the Red Temple, Ajmer.

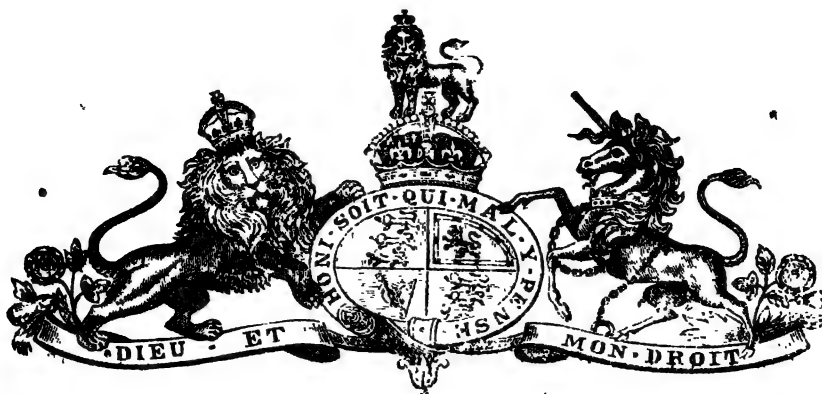
Estate R. . S. Roberts, deceased.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Richard Gabbett Spiers Roberts who died on 10th June 1911 at Oakmount Crofts, Lea Park, Ilfracombe Devon, England, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 15th November next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate R. G. S. Roberts, deceased.

CALCUTTA ;
The 3rd October 1911.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 42. }

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1911.

62nd Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 18th October, 1911.

- **No. 1545.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 527, sub-section (1), of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the criminal case, King-Emperor *versus* Tafazzal Hussain, accused under section 209, Indian Penal Code, from the Court of the District Magistrate, Byapon, to that of the District Magistrate, Sultanpur.

The 19th October, 1911.

- **No. 1574.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (XXVI of 1881), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. F. J. M. Ingoldby, Solicitor, to be a Notary Public and to exercise his functions as such in Upper Burma.

MEDICAL.

The 18th October, 1911.

No. 1044.—The under-mentioned officers are placed on special duty, with the suite of His Majesty the King-Emperor during the Royal visit, with effect from the dates noted against each :

1. Lieutenant Colonel R. Bird, C.I.E., I.M.S., Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and *ex officio* Surgeon to the College Hospital 27th November 1911.
2. Rai Hira Lal Basu Bahadur, Senior Demonstrator of Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta 1st November 1911.

The 19th October, 1911.

No. 1053.—The services of Captain C. C. C. Shaw, M.D., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

PORT BLAIR.

The 20th October, 1911.

No. 904 —Mr. E. H. Thirkell-White, 5th (officiating 2nd) Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for one month and thirteen days, with effect from the 16th December 1911.

No. 907.—Mr. A. L. F. Evans, 7th (officiating 4th) Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-six days, with effect from the 11th November 1911.

PUBLIC.

The 20th October, 1911.

No. 4248.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the officers who rank in Articles 32 and 60 of the Warrant of Precedence shall, while at Delhi in connection with the Imperial Durbar, be considered to be within their respective charges, but that those included in Article 32 shall rank below the Commissioner of the Delhi Division.

No. 4262.—Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Delhi in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.
ARCHÆOLOGY.

Simla, the 20th October, 1911.

No. 399.—The services of Pandit Daya Ram Sahni, Assistant Superintendent, Archæological Survey, attached to the Office of the Director General of Archæology in India, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties in the Office of the Director General.

No. 400.—Babu Rakhal Das Banerji, Excavation Assistant, is appointed to be Assistant Superintendent, Archæological Survey, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the date on which he takes over charge of his duties, and is attached to the Office of the Director General of Archæology in India.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 20th October, 1911.

No. 465.—The Revd. W. G. Burroughs, a Senior Chaplain on the Bengal (Rangoon) Ecclesiastical Establishment, is permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 2nd February 1912.

SANITARY.

Simla, the 16th October, 1911.

No. 1979.—The following telegram is published for general information :

Telegram dated Therapia, the 14th October 1911.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Regulation issued by Sanitary Board states that Indian pilgrims coming to Syrian Ports *via* Egypt will be given free pratique on production of certificate that have undergone ten days observation in Egypt. Failing this they will be sent to Beirut Lazaret to fulfil quarantine. Egyptian authorities will not allow Indian pilgrims to land in Egypt. Pilgrim ships leaving India should be prepared to land these pilgrims in quarantine at Beirut, otherwise if on arrival at Suez they are not allowed to land and ship refuses to go to Beirut, pilgrims will be placed in unfortunate position. Regulations do not apply to passengers other than pilgrims.

The 20th October, 1911.

No. 2001.—Captain J. Cunningham, M.D., I.M.S., is confirmed in the Bacteriological Department, with effect from the 1st September 1911.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th October, 1911.

No. 2884-Est.-A.—Mr. S. S. Waterfield, a Political Assistant, is posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, Baluchistan, with effect from the 27th September, 1911.

No. 2885-Est.-A.—Mr. A. N. L. Cater, a Political Assistant, is posted as Assistant Political Agent, Zhob, with effect from the 21st September, 1911.

No. 2886-Est.-A.—Captain T. H. St. G. Tucker, a Political Assistant, is posted as Assistant Political Agent, Kalat, with effect from the 26th September, 1911.

No. 2887-Est.-A.—Captain E. H. S. James, a Political Assistant, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, Baluchistan, with effect from the 26th September, 1911.

The 17th October, 1911.

No. 2897-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. H. R. Fraser, a Political Assistant, is posted as District Judge, Peshawar, with effect from the 25th September, 1911.

No. 2898-*Est.-A.*—Captain C. E. Bruce, a Political Assistant, is posted as City Magistrate, Peshawar, with effect from the 26th September, 1911.

No. 2902-*Est.-A.*—Mr. A. R. Jelf, a Political Assistant, is posted, on return from leave, as Assistant Commissioner, Mardan Sub-Division, with effect from the 3rd October, 1911.

No. 2907-*Est.-A.*—Major J. H. Hugo, D.S.O., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, was granted privilege leave for the period from the 7th August to the 7th September, 1911, both days inclusive.

No. 2908-*Est.-A.*—Captain T. Crawford Boyd, Indian Medical Service, officiating Medical Officer, 5th Light Infantry, was appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Agency Surgeon in Bundelkhand, in addition to his own duties, for the period from the 7th August to the 7th September, 1911, both days inclusive.

The 18th October, 1911.

No. 2915-*Est.-A.*—Captain G. F. W. Anson, a Political Assistant, is granted privilege leave for two months and two days combined with furlough for eleven months and five days under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 7th October, 1911.

No. 2916-*Est.-A.*—Captain R. E. H. Griffith, a Political Assistant, is posted as Assistant Commissioner and Commandant, Border Military Police, Peshawar, with effect from the 7th October, 1911.

The 19th October, 1911.

No. 2940-*Est.-A.*—2nd class Military Assistant Surgeon W. W. Turner, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, in sub-charge, Residency Dispensary, Bushire, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 3rd October 1911.

No. 2946-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. B. Wood, C.I.E., a Political Agent, on return from leave, is appointed temporarily to be an Additional Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 16th October, 1911, and until further orders.

No. 2953-*Est.-A.*—Major H. B. St. John, a Political Agent, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 1st October 1911 and until further orders.

The 20th October, 1911.

No. 2961-*Est.-A.*—Mr. H. R. C. Dobbs, C.I.E., an officiating Resident of the 2nd class and Revenue and Judicial Commissioner, Baluchistan, is appointed to hold that appointment substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 19th October, 1911, and until further orders.

No. 2964-*Est.-A.*—*Corrigendum.*—In Notification No. 2852-*Est.-A.*, dated the 12th October 1911, placing Major Peacock on special duty in Rajputana *for* "6th September 1911" *read* "16th September 1911."

No. 2967-*Est.-B.*—Major W. B. Douglas, 1st Brahmins, Inspecting Officer, Punjab Imperial Service Infantry, performed the duties of Inspecting Officer, Punjab Imperial Service Cavalry, in addition to his own duties from the 11th May to the 5th August, 1911, during the absence on special duty in England with the Imperial Service Troops Coronation Contingent of Major E. M. J. Molyneux, D. S. O., 12th Cavalry.

No. 2261-*I. B.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 30 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, and in supersession of the notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, Nos. 1453-I.B., and 2589-I.B., dated, respectively, the 15th April and 15th July, 1904, the Governor General in Council is pleased to exclude from the operation of the whole Act, as so applied,

the undermentioned parts of the Cantonment of Secunderabad, namely:—

Serial No.	Situation of the ground.	Extent of the ground.	Nature of soil.	How laid out and whether there are any buildings upon it.	BOUNDED ON THE			
					North by	South by	East by	West by
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Miles 113 to 114 on the Railway line.	A. R. P. 9-0-18'76	...	...	Fenced in	from the	surrounding	country.
	Miles 114 to 115 on the Railway line.	67-2-34'73						
	Miles 115 to 115'69 on the Railway line.	5-3-31'95						
	Total ...	82-3-5'44						
		Sq. yards.						
2	South of Railway Station yard and west of Railway blocks.	11,223'30	Mooram ...	A few huts...	Railway wall	Grave yard and road.	Railway fence	Road.
3	South of Railway line to Lallaguda.	4,349'99	Do. ...	Waste and Parade ground.	...	Waste ...	...	...
4	West of Bhoyiguda Village.	1,700'00	Do. ...	Waste ground	Railway fence	Bhoyiguda Village.	Waste land near side of road from Secunderabad to Hyderabad.	Railway Shunting neck.
5	Back of Railway Station.	17,528'00	Mooram with small boulders.	Do. ...	Railway Station.	Road to Hughestown.	Open ground near Chilkalgudam.	Open ground near Bhoygal.
6	North-west of Chilkalgudam.	5,511'00	Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Waste ground	Chilkalgudam Infantry lines.	Waste ground.
		A. R. P.						
7	Old Lancer Barracks Blocks 1, 2, 3 and 4 and all buildings surrounding, including latrine beyond road.	14-2-11'34	Mooram ...	Old Lancer Barracks blocks 1, 2, 3 and 4 and all surrounding buildings and latrine.	Waste ground and Major Hawke's Compound.	Rifle butts and waste ground.	Chilkalgudam Infantry lines, Road from Lallaguda to Trimulgherry	Ditto.
		Sq. yards.						
8	Old Lancer Barracks between old and new Railway Offices.	42,955'00	Do. ...	Waste ...	Waste ground behind Major Hawke's Compound.	Post Office and road.	Railway new Offices.	Railway old Offices.
9	South of St. John's Church, Secunderabad.	29,557	Do. ...	As a compound with building on it.	Road passing south of St. John's Church.	A road ...	Open ground	Road.
10	North-west of General Post Office.	19,337	Do. ...	Do. ...	Compound with private buildings.	Open ground	Do.	Do.
11	North of Railway line to Lallaguda.	2,733'13	Do. ...	Waste ...	Waste ground	Railway fence	Waste ground	Do.
12	South of Railway line to Lallaguda.	6,081'32	Do. ...	Waste ground	Railway fence	Waste ground	Demarcation line of Cantonment limits near Lallaguda.	Pathway to first bridge beyond cemetery to Lallaguda.
13	North of Railway line to Lallaguda.	1,836'78	Do. ...	Waste ...	Waste ground	Railway fence	Waste ground	Road.
14	South of Railway Station	17,545	Mooram with boulders.	Do. ...	Railway compound wall and land recently acquired from the Cantonment authorities.	Waste ground	Waste ground	Road from Hughestown to Railway station.
15	East of Bolarum Bazaar	275'93	Mooram ...	Do. ...	Bridge No. 737.	Waste land	Public road	Railway line.
16	North of old and new Railway Offices.	6386'11	Do. ...	Do. ...	Road to Railway offices.	Waste land	Compound wall new Railway Office.	Bungalow No. 20-A.
17	North of the new Railway Office.	6180'96	Do. ...	Do. ...	Road from Secunderabad to Lallaguda.	New Railway offices.	Approach road to new Railway Office.	Road from Secunderabad to Lallaguda.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.**

Simla, the 20th October, 1911.

No. 6401-F. E.—Pandit Bisheshwar Nath Razdan, Chief Accountant, Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, has been granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 6th September 1911.

Mr. J. Shaw, Accountant, 2nd grade, in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office, with effect from the same date.

No. 6403-F. E.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. T. C. Hughes, I.A., Deputy Assay Master, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for thirteen days, with effect from the 9th October 1911.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.**POST OFFICE.**

Simla, the 21st October, 1911.

No. 7743—121.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st January 1912, the following amendments shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in this Department, No. 7397-225, dated the 5th August 1908:—

For rule 29 substitute the following:

29. Every postal parcel handed to the post office for transmission by the foreign post shall be presented at the post office with a declaration, in such form as may be, from time to time, prescribed by the Director General, containing a statement signed by the sender as to the nature of its contents and their value. No such parcel shall be accepted if it is so small or so covered with writing or sealing-wax, or otherwise made up in such a manner, as to render it impracticable to affix to some part of it the form of declaration prescribed by the Director General in addition to the official labels to be applied to the address-side of the parcel.

Explanation.—This rule shall not apply to a parcel which has an address label tied to it, provided that the label is not so small or so covered with writing as to render it impracticable to affix to one side of the label the form of declaration prescribed by the Director General in addition to the official labels to be applied to the address side.

After rule 60 insert the following new rule:

60-A. No foreign letter or parcel shall be accepted at any post office for insurance if it is so small or so covered with writing or sealing-wax on the address-side, or otherwise made up in such a manner, as to render it impracticable to affix to it the official labels prescribed by the Director General.

Explanation.—This rule shall not apply to a letter or parcel which has an address label tied to it, provided that the label is not so small or so covered with writing on the address-side as to render it impracticable to affix to that side the official labels prescribed by the Director General.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 21st October, 1911.

No. 7863-3.—The following reversions of Officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 9th October 1911 :

Name.	From	To
Mr. H. F. Howard, I.C.S. ...	Collector, Class I, officiating ...	Collector, Class II, substantive.
Mr. G. A. Thomas, I.C.S. ...	Collector, Class II, officiating ...	Collector, Class III, officiating.
Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S. ...	Collector, Class III, officiating ...	Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating.

SALT.

The 21st October, 1911.

No. 7874-77.—In supersession of the Notification in this Department No. 6755-77, dated the 16th September 1911, Mr. E. D. Nunn, Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 27th August 1911.

Mr C. S. Haygarth, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Commissioner, with effect from the same date during the absence of Mr. E. D. Nunn, or until further orders.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 20th October, 1911.

COMMANDS.

No. 864.—Brigadier-General H. S. Dawkins, R.A., Inspector of Artillery, Northern Army, to be Divisional Artillery Commander, 2nd (Rawal Pindi) Division, and to retain the rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 6th October 1911.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 865.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

" *London Gazette*," dated the 26th September 1911, pages 7007, 7008 and 7014.

* * * * *

Whitehall, September 25, 1911.

The KING has been pleased to approve of Albert Medals of the First and Second Class being conferred upon the undermentioned Officers and others of the Indian Ordnance Department in recognition of their gallantry in saving life on the occasion of fires caused by explosions of cordite at Hyderabad (Sind) and Ferozepore in the year 1906 :—

HYDERABAD EXPLOSIONS.

Albert Medal of the First Class.

Sub-Conductor Alfred Edwin Purkis.

FEROZEPORE EXPLOSION.

Albert Medal of the First Class.

Captain Charles Creaghe Donovan.

Albert Medal of the Second Class.

Major-General Charles Alexander Anderson, C.B.,

Major (now Lieutenant-Colonel) Malcolm Sydenham Clarke Campbell, C.I.E.,

Captain Hugh Clarke,

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Frederick Handley,

Conductor Henry Pargiter,

Sergeant (now Sub-Conductor) Arthur James Robinson,

Sergeant George Smith, and

Robert Dunn Dow.

HYDERABAD EXPLOSIONS.

On the 7th of April 1906, and again on the 15th April, the Cordite Magazine at Hyderabad caught fire. On the first occasion Sub-Conductor Purkis, acting on his own initiative, entered the magazine with his Lascars while smoke was still issuing from the building, and, by pouring water on the smouldering cases of cordite, extinguished the fire. Had he not succeeded in so doing the loss of life, both in the Fort (which was fully occupied at the time) and in the City (the population, some 138,000 in number, not having received warning of the danger), must have been very serious. On the second occasion the senior Officer ordered the evacuation of the Fort, and Purkis was the last person to leave after having done everything in his power to avert the explosion. Notwithstanding that the Fort was cleared and the City warned, lives were lost when the second fire occurred. On each occasion both gunpowder and cordite were involved.

FEROZEPORE EXPLOSION.

On the 30th August 1906, a fire broke out in one of the Magazines of the Ferozepore Arsenal comprising 5 cells, in which were stored cordite, small arms ammunition and gunpowder. At an early stage the ends of one of the outer cells (No. 10) were blown out by an explosion of cordite, while from cell No. 9, where small arms ammunition was stored, smoke was seen to be issuing.

Major-General Anderson, who directed the subsequent operations from a roof at the edge of the Magazine Compound, at a distance of some 20 yards, having ordered all persons to be cleared out of the Fort, and placed a cordon round it at 1,000 yards distance, a steam fire engine was got to work, and the fire party which had been organized commenced their highly dangerous task of clearing cell No. 8, in which was stored some 19,000 lbs. of gunpowder; they eventually succeeded in so doing, thereby cutting off the fire by the intervention of an empty cell. Had the powder in this cell exploded, the explosion must have been communicated to cells in an adjoining magazine, where 300,000 lbs. of gunpowder were stored.

Captain Donovan volunteered to clear cell No. 8, and led the fire party, and all concerned acted with the greatest coolness in circumstances calling for a high degree of courage. The door of the cell was opened and the fire hose turned on. Major Campbell joined the party by the cell, and returned in a short while and reported to General Anderson that though the cell was full of smoke, and the barrels hot, there was no actual fire in the cell. As, however, the explosions in the ruined cell No. 10 were becoming more violent General Anderson, fearing that the barrels of powder which were being removed from cell No. 8 would be ignited, ordered the discontinuance of efforts to clear the cell; the pump-engine was, however, kept at work by Mr. Dow and some native assistants.

A series of heavy explosions of cordite now took place, and on the occurrence of a lull Captain Clarke went to reconnoitre, and reported that cell No. 9 was still apparently intact. Major Campbell and Mr. Pargiter subsequently went into the enclosure to investigate, and on their report being received a party including 50 lascars was organized, and the removal of the powder barrels in cell No. 8 was recommenced under cover of the fire hose. During their removal the last important explosion of cordite took place some 12 yards away. Eventually all the barrels were removed without accident.

* * * * *

India Office,

September 26, 1911.

The KING has approved of the following promotions of officers of the Indian Army and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 9th May 1911.

Lindsay Maxwell Bell, Commandant, 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).

Dated 9th July 1911.

Arthur Henry Dopping Creagh, Commandant, 128th Pioneers.

Captain to be Major.

Dated 5th August 1911.

Frank Vernon Leslie Pritchard, 96th Berar Infantry.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 10th July 1911.

John Scot Graham, 121st Pioneers.

Dated 31st July 1911.

Robert Basil Macan, 28th Light Cavalry.

Cecil Huntington Digges La Touche, 16th Cavalry.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Commissaries and Honorary Captains to be Commissaries with the honorary rank of Major.

Dated 27th July 1911.

Richard Orr.

James Muir Smith.

Assistant Commissaries and Honorary Lieutenants to be Deputy Commissaries with the honorary rank of Captain.

Dated 1st June 1911.

James Turner Coleman.

Dated 24th July 1911.

John Wallis Lombard Young.

Dated 29th July 1911.

William Reeves.

To be Assistant Commissaries with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Dated 24th July 1911.

Conductor George Newton.

Dated 29th July 1911.

Conductor Patrick McArdle.

The KING has approved of the rank of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Medical Service who entered it by exchange from the Royal Army Medical Corps, being antedated as follows :—

Captain Hugh George Stiles Webb, from 1st March 1906 to 1st September 1905.

Captain Arthur Anderson McNeight, from 31st July 1908 to 31st January 1908.

Captain William Steward Nealor, from 31st July 1908 to 31st January 1908.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers (Infantry Branch) :—

To be a Second Lieutenant.

Pelham Stewart Corbould. Dated 15th September 1910.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Major-General Sir Henry Montague Pakington Hawkes, K.C.B., C.S.I. Dated 29th August 1911.

Major Denis George Peart. Dated 6th September 1911.

Major Walter FitzAlan Stewart. Dated 22nd September 1911.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Walter Henry Skeaf. Dated 24th July 1911.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain John Wallis Lombard Young. Dated 29th July 1911.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 866.—Consequent on the grant of the leave notified in Army Department Notification No. 776, dated the 15th September 1911, the following officiating promotions are notified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Field, Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade, to officiate in the 1st Grade, and

Lieutenant-Colonel M. Stevens, Cantonment Magistrate, 4th Grade, to officiate in the 2nd Grade ;

with effect from the 7th September 1911.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 867.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

27th August 1911.

Noel Edmund Reilly, Political Employ.

8th September 1911.

Henry Francis William Paterson, 32nd Sikh Pioneers.

15th October 1911.

Claude Seymour Foster, 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse).

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 868.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st October 1911 :—

No. 1189, Kehar Singh Chandail (E), I.O.M.

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 869.—The following promotions are made :—

5th Cavalry.

Kote-Dafadar Lukman Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Abdul Rahman Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

39th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Dafadar Surayan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Santa Singh, resigned ; with effect from the 1st February 1911.

21st Punjabis.

Jemadar Allah Dad Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Piran Ditta to be Jemadar *vice* Sharif Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Mir Baz Khan to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Khan Baz Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sherzad, I.O.M., *Sardar Bahadur*, deceased ; with effect from the 22nd September 1911.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Jemadar Arumugam to be Subadar and Havildar Ponnusami to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Sulaiman, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th October 1911.

SPECIAL.

No. 870.—With reference to paragraph 293, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the undermentioned officer having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the date specified :—

Captain Michael Lloyd Ferrar, Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Grade, Punjab,—5th September 1911.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 871.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Brevet Colonel Alexander MacWhirter Renny,—11th September 1911.

Major Frederick Welman Hawks, Supply and Transport Corps,—15th November 1911.

Major James Craik, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse),—7th November 1911.

BARRACK DEPARTMENT, MADRAS.

No. 872.—Commissary and Honorary Captain Frederick Saunders, Barrack Master, Military Works Services, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 11th October 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Madras Volunteer Guards.

No. 873.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) Augustus Henry Deane, V.D., to be Commandant, *vice* R. F. R. Formby, resigned. Dated 1st July 1911.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

No. 874.—Lieutenant Thomas Hart Potts to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 7th September 1911.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 875.—Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Douglas Graham Shelley (R.E.), Commandant, resigns his commission. Dated 1st October 1911.

Agra Volunteer Rifles.

No. 876.—Lieutenant Harry Graham Haig to be Captain, *vice* A. W. U. John, promoted. Dated 15th April 1911.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 20th October 1911.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Warrant Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 13th September and 17th October 1911:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Ordnance Department, Southern Circle.	Sub-Conductor Frederick Johnson.	7th October 1911.	Poona	..	.....

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 11th and 17th October 1911.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total un-claimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.	
Vivian Henry Branson.*	Major ...	88th Carnatic Infantry	29th April 1911.	Testate...	25 6 6	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bombay.
Arthur Charles Percival Hill.†	Lieutenant	1st Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.	7th March 1911.	Intestate	1,445 9 6	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Madras.

* Widow.—Mrs. Ethel Ridoute Branson.

Address.—87, Cantonments, Belgaum.

Children.—(1) Reginald Vivian Branson—Age 4½ years.

(2) Sylvia Rosemary Branson—Age 3 years.

(3) Eric Auber Branson—Age 1½ years.

† Next-of-kin.—Father.—C. P. Hill, Esq.

Address.—19, Carlton Road, Putney Hill, London, S.W.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 20th October 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 72.—The services of Commander St. L. S. Warden, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as Port Officer, Bombay, *vice* Commander E. J. Beaumont, Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

LEAVE.

No. 73.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Engineer G. E. Wood, Royal Indian Marine,—three months (medical certificate).

No. 74.—Mr. E. P. Newnham, Constructor, Kidderpore Dockyard, is granted three months' privilege leave, combined with three months' special leave on urgent private affairs, under Articles 233 and 316, Civil Service Regulations; with effect from the 2nd November 1911.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 75.—The following promotions are made in the Royal Indian Marine, *vice* Commander E. J. Beaumont, Royal Indian Marine, retired, with effect from the 1st October 1911 :—

To be Commander, 1st Grade.

Commander C. R. Rowsell, Royal Indian Marine.

To be Commander, 2nd Grade.

Commander C. B. Henley, Royal Indian Marine.

To be Commander, 3rd Grade.

Lieutenant A. E. Harold, Royal Indian Marine.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th October, 1911.

No. 273.—Mr. A. K. Homan, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western State Railway, in Class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is promoted to Class III, grade 2, of that establishment, with effect from the 22nd September 1911.

No. 274.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 123, dated the 5th May 1911, Mr. M. S. S. O'Connor, officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway on the 9th October 1911.

No. 275.—Captain L. E. Hopkins, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, posted to the North Western State Railway.

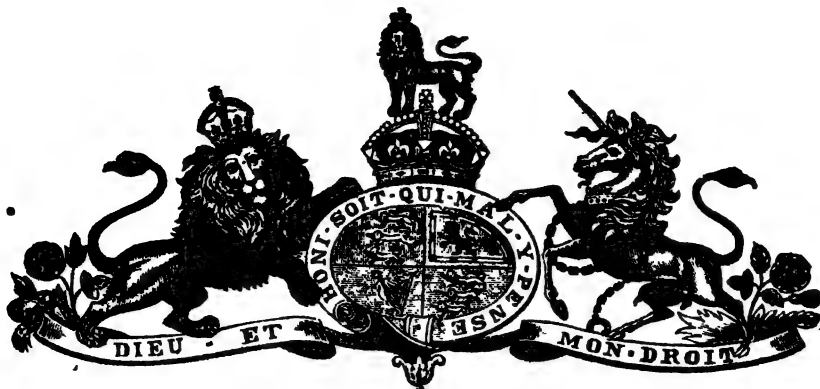
No. 276.—With reference to Notification No. 70, dated 9th March 1911, Mr. H. B. Taylor, on relief by Colonel C. A. R. Browne of the office of Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway, reverted to his appointment of Engineer-in-Chief of that line, with effect from the 9th October 1911.

No. 277.—With reference to Notification No. 276 dated 20th October 1911, Rai Bahadur Rala Ram, on relief by Mr. Taylor of the office of Engineer-in-Chief, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Engineer-in Chief, Eastern Bengal State Railway, until further orders.

No. 278.—With reference to Notification No. 277, dated 20th October 1911, Mr. W. A. E. Hanby, on relief by Rai Bahadur Rala Ram of the office of Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal State Railway, reverted to his substantive rank of Executive Engineer.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 42. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 19th October 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Rainfall began to withdraw from northeast India in the early part of the week and on the 15th had practically ceased. At the same time an increase took place in the south of the Peninsula and a disturbance developed off the Coromandel coast. The disturbance passed inland on the 15th-16th, moved westwards across the Peninsula, and on the 17th was shown in the Arabian Sea off Mangalore. Thereafter it developed into a storm, and at the close of the week appeared to be travelling in a northwesterly direction towards Arabia.

2. Temperature was above normal in Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan and neighbouring districts, but elsewhere no persistent marked departures from normal conditions occurred.

3. *Burma*.—Few falls were reported.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—At the beginning of the week rainfall was nearly general in the northern districts, but by the 15th had almost completely ceased.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rain continued in the east of the United Provinces on the 12th, Allahabad reporting 3'32". It ceased however on the 13th, and no further rain was reported until the 17th-18th when scattered light falls occurred.

Northwest India.—No rain was reported.

The Peninsula.—Falls were practically confined to south Madras and Mysore on the first two days; but with the development of the disturbance off the Coromandel coast rain increased, and during the passage of the disturbance across the land became nearly general over the southern half of the division. Rainfall subsequently diminished largely in the inland districts, but extended northwards along the west coast.

4. The most important amounts reported were :—

- October 12th. Victoria Point 1'03", Tavoy 1'48", Dhubri 2'15", Shillong 1'20", Cherrapunji 2'14", Dinajpur 2'12", Purnea 1'16", Allahabad 3'32" and Bangalore 1'31".
- „ 13th. Dibrugarh 1'13", Sibsagar 2'50", Tezpur 1'67", Gauhati 1'25", Silchar 1'92", Shillong 2'10", Cherrapunji 1'78", Mymensingh 1'29" and Cochin 1'11".
- „ 14th. Myitkyina 2'90", Chittagong 3'89", Barisal 2'07", Mysore 1'19", Calicut 2'62", Cochin 1'00", Coimbatore 1'23" and Cuddalore 1'11".
- „ 15th. Chitaldrug 1'43", Trivandrum 1'29", Cuddalore 1'84", Madras 3'07", Cuddapah 1'28", Nellore 2'88" and Mercara 1'76".
- „ 16th. Rangoon 1'27", Chitaldrug 1'16", Tinnevely 0'59", Nellore 4'16" and Masulipatam 3'00".
- „ 17th. Mergui 2'05", Toungoo 1'93", Chitaldrug 1'48", Calicut 1'08", Tinnevely 1'13", Coimbatore 2'21", Ootacamund 1'42" and Kodaikanal 3'99".
- „ 18th. Victoria Point 2'12", Bijapur 1'21", Calicut 1'37", Cochin 2'71", Pamban 1'10", Coimbatore 1'12", Mercara 1'06", Trincomalee 1'72" and Colombo 1'94".

5. Rainfall during the week was in large excess in Assam, the United Provinces East and Mysore; in moderate excess in Eastern Bengal and Malabar; in slight excess in Madras Southeast, the Madras Deccan and on the Madras coast north; normal in Bihar; in slight to moderate defect in Burma, the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan; and in marked defect elsewhere excluding Northwest India where the almost complete absence of rain is normal at this time. During the period 28th April to 19th October the total amount was slightly above normal in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; normal or nearly normal in Burma, the United Provinces East, Central India East, the Central Provinces East and Mysore; in large defect in Sind and Gujarat; and in slight to moderate defect elsewhere.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 19TH OCTOBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 19TH OCTOBER 1911.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1'2	2'1	—0'9	83'6	93'2	— 9'6	— 10	— 10
Lower Burma	1'5	2'1	—0'6	140'3	136'1	+ 4'2	+ 3	+ 4
Upper Burma	0'7	0'9	—0'2	37'3	38'2	— 0'9	— 2	— 2
Assam	2'5	0'9	+1'6	90'5	76'5	+14'0	+18	+16
Eastern Bengal	2'0	1'3	+0'7	91'5	77'2	+14'3	+19	+18
Bengal	0'2	1'6	—1'4	46'3	55'3	— 9'0	—16	—14
Orissa	0'2	1'9	—1'7	45'9	56'1	—10'2	—18	—16
Chota Nagpur	0'2	0'7	—0'5	53'8	48'4	+ 5'4	+11	+12
Bihar	0'8	0'8	0	55'3	49'7	+ 5'6	+11	+11
United Provinces, East	0'7	0'4	+0'3	37'5	38'9	— 1'4	— 4	— 4
United Provinces, West	0	0'2	—0'2	27'6	38'9	—11'3	—29	—29
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	11'0	21'4	—10'4	—49	—49
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	4'1	8'1	— 4'0	—49	—49
Kashmir	0	0'2	—0'2	5'1	8'7	— 3'6	—41	—40
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	1'8	5'8	— 4'0	—69	—69
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0'5	0'9	— 0'4	—44	—44
Sind	0	0	0	0	4'8	— 4'8	—100	—100
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	3'7	11'3	— 7'6	—67	—67
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	11'4	21'9	—10'5	—48	—48
Gujarat	0	0	0	6'9	23'2	—16'3	—70	—70
Central India, West	0	0	0	19'8	29'3	— 9'5	—32	—32
Central India, East	0	0'3	—0'3	39'3	40'8	— 1'5	— 4	— 3
Berar	0	0'4	—0'4	18'9	30'5	—11'6	—38	—37
Central Provinces, West	0	0'3	—0'3	36'6	44'0	— 7'4	—17	—16
Central Provinces, East	0	0'4	—0'4	44'6	47'0	— 2'4	— 5	— 4
Konkan	0'8	1'0	—0'2	69'9	94'9	—25'0	—26	—26
Bombay Deccan	0'3	0'6	—0'3	20'2	25'7	— 5'5	—21	—21
Hyderabad, North	0'1	0'5	—0'4	24'8	32'0	— 7'2	—23	—22
Hyderabad, South	0'1	0'8	—0'7	20'2	28'6	— 8'4	—29	—28
Mysore	2'9	1'3	+1'6	24'4	24'3	+ 0'1	0	— 7
Malabar	4'1	2'9	+1'2	82'1	89'8	— 7'7	— 9	—10
Madras, South-east	2'4	2'2	+0'2	14'8	17'7	— 2'9	—16	—20
Madras Deccan	1'1	1'0	+0'1	16'2	21'3	— 5'1	—24	—26
Madras Coast, North	2'8	2'5	+0'3	24'1	27'3	— 3'2	—12	—14

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
14th October 1911.

Burma.—Moderate rainfall was general outside the dry zone where there was no rain. Transplanting of the winter rice crop is nearly finished. In Upper Burma plucking of cotton has begun and sowing of peas and late sesamum is in progress. Standing crops are in good condition except in the dry zone where rain is wanted. Food stocks are reported to be temporarily scarce in some parts and a sudden rise in prices has caused hardship to the poorest classes. The price of unhusked rice remains abnormal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was unusually rainy. Rivers have risen again. In most places spring crops have not yet been sown. In many parts of Assam winter rice has been damaged by heavy rains and insect pests continue. Prospects of tea and cotton have been impaired. The average price of common rice has been raised sharply by 1½ per cent since last week. Cattle disease prevails in Sylhet, Goalpara, Kamrup and Nowgong.

Bengal.—The rainfall during the week was general over the Province. The fall was heavy in parts of Shahabad, Saran, Champaran, Bhagalpur, Purnea, the Sonthal Parganas and Cooch Bihar and moderate in Howrah, Patna, parts of Hooghly, Birbhum, the 24-Parganas, Jessore, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Cuttack, Angul and Puri. It was light in the rest of the Province. Preparation of lands for sowing of spring crops continues. Sowings have commenced in some districts. Standing crops are doing well. Floods have done some damage to the *aus* and *aman* paddy in parts of Hooghly. Injury by insects is reported from Balasore. The price of common rice has risen in Nadia, Jessore, Khulna, Gaya, Saran, Monghyr, Purnea, Darjeeling and Ranchi, and has fallen in Bankura, Midnapore, Murshidabad, Patna, Shahabad, Cuttack, Balasore, Angul, Sambalpur, Palamau and Manbhum. Cattle disease is reported from Midnapore, Howrah, Patna, Gaya, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient in all districts except in parts of Midnapore.

United Provinces.—Heavy rain varying from 3 to 8 inches fell in the eastern districts. Elsewhere the weather was fine and seasonable. The condition of standing crops is good everywhere except for occasional damage to crops on low lying lands owing to excessive rain. Prospects are generally favourable. Picking of cotton, harvesting of autumn crops and sowings of gram are in progress. Ploughing for spring crops continues. The general condition of agricultural stock is good, though sporadic disease exists in twenty-five districts. Fodder supplies and water are ample. Prices remain stationary. Demand for spring seeds is counteracting improvement of prospects.

Punjab.—Rainfall *nil*. Rain is badly wanted in most districts. The condition of standing irrigated crops is generally fair and that of unirrigated crops poor. Picking of cotton and harvesting of autumn crops continue in Rohtak, Ambala, Jullundur, Lahore, Amritsar, Gujranwala, Gujrat, Shahpur and Rawalpindi. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. Boll-worms are reported though in diminished numbers from Jullundur, Shahpur, Jhang, Lyallpur, Multan and Muzaffargarh. Preventive measures continue to be taken. The heavy rainfall at the end of August lessened their numbers very greatly in the Delhi Division. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in the Central Punjab districts and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts. Water is insufficient in parts of Jhelum, Shahpur and Mianwali. Canal water is deficient in Montgomery.

North-West Frontier Province.—The much wanted rain still holds off. A few showers would greatly improve standing crops to say nothing of the necessity of a heavy rainfall before spring sowings on *barani* lands are possible. The condition of standing crops is unchanged. Spring sowings on unirrigated lands are in progress. Harvesting of rice and maize and cotton picking continue in the Peshawar district and the outturn is reported to be average on the whole. The water-supply is insufficient in the Maira Circle in the Charsadda tahsil of the Peshawar district and in the *Daman* tracts of Dera Ismail Khan. Fodder is not procurable in parts of the Peshawar district and in the greater portion of Dera Ismail Khan. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The condition of cattle is generally good but in Dera Ismail Khan it is reported poor. Disease is reported in Bannu and in 2 villages of the Mardan tahsil of the Peshawar district. Prices of food grains except gram show a slight tendency to fall. Prices:—wheat 11 $\frac{1}{8}$ to 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, gram 15 $\frac{7}{8}$ to 25, maize 14 $\frac{5}{8}$ to 25 $\frac{1}{2}$, and *bajra* 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Basohli tahsil. Fodder is sufficient except in the Ranbirsinghpura, Samba, Bhimber and Mirpur tahsils.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Zamindars are busy in harvesting autumn crops. Prices are slightly cheaper than last week in certain places but are generally stationary. Zamindars are engaged in sowing the *til* crop. The condition of autumn crops is good except in *karewa* areas. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week. Sowing of spring crops for preparations for sowings are generally in progress except in Jaisalmer, where agricultural operations have been suspended for want of rain. Sowings are considerably restricted in the Phulea Pargana of Shahpura, the hilly tracts of Mewar and in the Mewara district where the water-supply is running low. Sowings are restricted and late in Ajmer but elsewhere between a half and full normal area will be cultivated. Unirrigated crops are withering in Merwara. Pasturage is deficient in Jaisalmer, Shahpura and in parts of Marwar and Jaipur and is rapidly diminishing in parts of Merwara. The condition of cattle is weak in Jaisalmer and Shahpura. 1,500 people and 5,674 cattle emigrated from Jodhpur to Malwa but there are no complaints under these heads from other places except that some cattle disease prevails in Dungarpur. Prices have fallen from 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Partabgarh, Bundi and Jhalawar and have risen by 1 seer in Udaipur and Merwara.

Central India.—Baghelkhand had an average rainfall of over 2 inches and showers fell in parts of Bundelkhand, Bhopal and Gwalior. The rainfall was sufficient generally for agriculture. More rain is wanted in Indore and Malwa for the water-supply and in Bhopawar to facilitate sowings of spring crops. Autumn crops are being reaped and are generally average or above average except in southern portions of the Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Spring crops are being largely sown except in the affected portions of Indore and Bhopawar and isolated tracts of Bundelkhand. Cattle are in good condition. The hay crop generally has surpassed expectations. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Indore and Bhopawar. Prices are much easier and are steadily falling as the new grain comes into the market.

Central Provinces.—During the week the Jubbulpore and Chhattisgarh districts had rain up to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches. The state of standing crops is generally good but more rain would be welcome in Berar. Cutting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Picking of cotton began in Seoni, Wardha, Chanda and Berar. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient. Cattle are healthy. Prices:—*Juar* rose by three seers per rupee in Buldana.

Feudatory States.—During the week eleven States received rain ranging from 7 inches in Kanker to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in Korca. Oilseeds and cotton suffered to some extent

in Kawardha and Nandgaon owing to excessive rain. Otherwise, the condition of standing crops is generally satisfactory. Prices :—rice became dearer by 4 seers per rupee in Sarangarh.

Bombay.—Moderate rain fell during the week in parts of Ratnagiri, Dharwar and Belgaum, slight in Thana, Colaba, Kanara, Nasik, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur, Kathiawar and Kolhapur and none elsewhere. Rain is urgently needed throughout the Presidency for standing crops and spring cultivation. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain in parts of Ratnagiri, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Rewa Kantha, have failed in parts of Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals, Kathiawar and Baroda and are fairly good elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind, Kaira, West Khandesh and Poona. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in parts of Broach, Surat, East Khandesh, Nasik, Belgaum, Kathiawar, Baroda, Cutch and Kolhapur, but has been retarded in parts of Poona, Satara, Bijapur and Rewa Kantha. Cotton sowings are in progress in Belgaum, Dharwar and Kolhapur. Cotton has been damaged by insects in parts of Hyderabad. Picking of cotton has commenced in Thar and Parkar, the Panch Mahals, Kaira and Khandesh. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, the Deccan and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar and Satara. The drinking water-supply is generally adequate except in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad, Sholapur and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Hyderabad, Gujarat, West Khandesh, Poona, Sholapur, Belgaum and Kathiawar. Prices have risen in parts of Kaira, Kanara, Satara and Bijapur, have fallen in Karachi, Sukkur, Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, East Khandesh and Belgaum and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 20 to 41 per cent, in Gujarat 22 to 50 per cent, in the Konkan 18 to 34 per cent, in the Deccan 26 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 21 to 40 per cent less than the normal. The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress prevails throughout the Panch Mahals but is severe in one taluka only. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in raising fodder wherever irrigation is available. Prices of food grains are rising. Stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells from 8½ to 9½ and maize from 11 to 12 seers per rupee. Daily average number for week ending 14th instant was 6,001 on relief works. There were 456 persons on test works in the Native States of Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha.

Hyderabad.—Pretty good rain fell in the Warangal district and fair to light rain in the Gulbarga and Raichur districts. There was scanty rainfall in other parts of the Dominions. The average for the Dominions was 23 cents. The highest falls were:—2 inches 37 cents in Mahbubabad, 2 inches 33 cents in Yellandu and 11 cents in Raichur. Rain is urgently required in many parts and is a source of anxiety in parts of Mahrattwara. Autumn crops are being harvested in many parts. The condition of the early rice crop is fair to good. Sowings of spring crops have been suspended in parts of the Medak and Nalgonda districts for want of sufficient rain. Crops are fair to good for the present. Cattle disease is reported in twelve talukas and fodder scarcity in one. Prices :—wheat 8, coarse rice 6½ and *juar* 13½ seers per rupee, showing a fall of ½ seer in the price of coarse rice. White *juar* is selling at 11½ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in the district is 9 seers in Bir and the lowest 26 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was fair in Bangalore, Kolar, Mysore and Hassan and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 3 inches 94 cents. Picking of cardamom continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was good in Vizagapatam, Godavari, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ganjam, the Nilgiris, Kistna, Salem, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Tanjore and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Ganjam, Kistna, Guntur, Trichinopoly, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Bellary, Cuddapah and Ramnad. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Bellary, Nellore, Tanjore, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris and have withered in parts of Tinnevely and South Canara. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease and the early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers. Bug affected coffee in parts of the Nilgiris is recovering through the recent rains. Harvests continue with outturn good to normal generally but are poor in Vizagapatam. Pasture is scanty in Ramnad, Tinnevely and in parts of Bellary, Nellore, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura, but is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Godavari, North Arcot and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in twelve districts, has fallen in three and has risen in ten. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in six districts, has fallen in ten and has risen in seven. *Cholam* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in three and has risen in seven. *Cumbu* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in six and has risen in six. Variations in prices are small. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair and have improved in Vizagapatam, Cuddapah and Anantapur. More rain is required in parts of Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Chittoor, North Arcot, Southern groups of Malabar, South Canara and the Nilgiris. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
British Provinces ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay ...	3,627	...	...	6,001	...	...	+ 2,374
Total British Provinces ...	3,627	...	...	6,001	...	...	+ 2,374
Native States ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Native States ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL ...	3,627	...	...	6,001	...	...	+ 2,374

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

FAMINE STATEMENT FOR THE WEEK ENDING 7TH OCTOBER 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bombay— Panch Mahals.	922½	190,990	3,627	...	...	...	3,627	...	...
	Total British Provinces.	922½	190,990	3,627	...	...	...	3,627	...	...
	Bombay States—									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	...	...	...	...	...	192	...
2	Bewa Kantha	(Not known.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	...
	Total Native States.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	244	...
	GRAND TOTAL	922½	190,990	3,627	...	...	...	3,627	244	...

I.—For districts in which no regular relief is being given columns 3 to 9 should be left blank.

II.—Special relief to artisans and weavers should be included in column 7.

III.—In a footnote it should be stated whether the figures represent the daily average for the week, or the numbers of the last day of the week under report.

IV.—Where figures are wanting or are incomplete, the fact should be stated in a footnote.

V.—No district or State should be removed from column 2 till all forms of Government relief have been finally closed in it.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 19th October 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 14th October 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	12	12
		Ahmedabad District	10	5
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	11	10
		Kaira District	61	31
		Bulsar Port	1	0
		Surat Town and Port	14	9
		Rander Port	2	1
		Surat District	18	10
		Mahi Kantha Agency	3	0
		Bhiwandi Port	5	5
		Bandra Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	7	4
	Central	Satara District	235	149
		East Khandesh District	161	116
		West Khandesh District	15	9
		Poona City	47	41
		Poona District	62	37
		Nasik District	355	245
		Ahmednagar District	220	170
		Sholapur District	265	195
	Southern	Sholapur Town	6	5
		Panvel Port	1	1
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	8	5
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	3	2
		Belgaum District	897	518
		Hubli Town	28	27
		Dharwar District	2,763	2,015
		Kanara District	18	8
		Bijapur District	700	504
		Bijapur Agency	2	3
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Maudvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	184	108
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	573	407
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	60	49
		Satara Agency	31	26
		Savanur State	63	45
		Bholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	61	56
		TOTAL	6,862	4,820
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	3 (b)	2 (a)
		North Arcot District . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Town	3 (a)	5 (b)
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	944 (d)	769 (c)
		Mangalore Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Chittoor District	1	1
		Coimbatore Town	63	51
		Coimbatore District	9	10
		Cuddapah District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris District	2	3
		Salem District	7	4
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		Sandur State	13	19
		TOTAL	1,046	853

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Four imported. (d) Seven imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Presidency	Calcutta	7	7
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	22	11
		Patna District	6	3
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District	1	0
		Darbhanga District	12	7
		Saran District	41	27
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	1	1
		Monghyr District	32	28
		Bhagalpur Town	8	8
		Bhagalpur District	6	5
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		136	97
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etah District	2 (a)	1
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...

(a) Seizures occurred previous week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	5	5
		Fatehpur District	4	4
		Allahabad City	1	1
	Benares	Ballia District	79	79
		Ghazipur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	2	2
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	33	25
		Basti District	6	2
		Gorakhpur District	56	20
	Lucknow	Lucknow District . . . . .	...	...
		Sitapur District	10	6
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	14	11
		Bahrnich District	4	10
		Gonda District . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		216	166
PUNJAB	Delhi	Gurgaon District	1	0
		Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Jullundur	Jullundur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur District . . . . .	...	...
		Ludhiana District . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Lahore District	1	1
		Gojranwala District	1	0
		Sialkot District . . . . .	...	...
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	1	1
		Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Attock District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	48	26
		Jhelum District . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Montgomery District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhang District . . . . .	...	...
	...	Patiala City	1	0
		Patiala State . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		53	28
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	8	8
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District	1	1
		Prome District . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	1
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya District	1	1
		Maubin District	2	2
		Pyapon District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District . . . . .	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District . . . . .	...	...
		Thatun District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Magwe	Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Myitkyina District . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Shwabo District	1	1
	Meiktila	Yamothin District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		14	14

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Bajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	2	1
		Nagpur District	60	58
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha District	31	22
		Bhandara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara District	30	22
		Chanda District	35	32
		Chanda Town . . . . .	...	...
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	2	1
		Jubbulpore District	20	11
		Saugor Town	1	1
		Damoh District	1	2
		Mandla Town	36	19
		Mandla District	59	23
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	2	2
		Hoshangabad Town	1	1
		Nimar District	174	156
		Narsingpur District	55	25
	Chhattisgarh	Chhindwara District	1	1
		Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Akola Town . . . . .	...	...
	Borah	Akola District	53	27
		Buldana District	20	15
		Amraoti District	53	20
		Yeotmal District . . . . .	...	...
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	615	430
COORG	...	Coorg	1	1
		TOTAL	1	1
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	41	30
		Bangalore City	1	1
		Bangalore District	134	105
		Mysore City	33	28
		Mysore District	56	45
		Hasan District	18	14
		Kadur District	42	24
		Kolar District	133	92
		Kolar Gold Fields	7	4
		Tumkur District	90	78
		Shimoga District	23	40
		Chitaldroog District	79	51
		TOTAL	717	561

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	77	38
		Raichur District	123	94
		Aurangabad District	17	9
		Nizamabad District. . . . .	...	...
		Gulbarga District . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani District	47	40
		Atrafialda District. . . . .	...	...
		Nander District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	200	12
		Bir District	10	0
		TOTAL	474 (a)	198 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	104 (b)	75 (b)
		Indore Residency	5 (b)	2 (b)
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Butlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	4 (b)	1 (b)
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	23 (b)	15 (b)
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	42 (b)	37 (b)
		Neemuch Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State	3 (b)	1 (b)
		Bagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	60 (c)	39 (c)
		Sehore Agency Limits	37 (d)	26 (d)
		Bhopal State	30 (d)	23 (d)
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa State	4 (b)	4 (b)
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitaman State . . . . .	...	...
		Sohawal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	312	225

(a) From 2nd to 8th October 1911.

(b) Figures for the week ending 7th October 1911.

(c) Figures for two weeks.

(d) Figures for the week ending 30th September 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	4	4
		Mewar State	4.	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	1 (a)	0
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State	1 (a)	0
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	6 (b)	4 (b)
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
BALU- CHISTAN	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	10,452	7,272

(a) Imported.

(b) Figures for the week ending 13th October 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 7745—7758—33.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

EMIGRATION.

Simla, the 17th October 1911.

RESOLUTION.

The following translation of an Ordinance relating to the admission of Dutchmen and aliens into Netherlands India is published for general information :—

TRANSLATION.

Ordinance No. 138 of the 9th February 1911.

Article 1.

1. The disembarkation of :—
 - (a) Dutchmen who are not born of parents settled in Netherlands India and who are not residents of Netherlands India,
 - and (b) aliens who are not inhabitants of Netherlands Indiais only allowed at the ports of Tanjong Priok, Samarang and Sourabaya.
2. Before disembarkation a written license from the authority appointed by the Governor-General is necessary.
3. The preceding stipulations are not applicable to those who are in lawful possession of a valid permit granted in terms of this decree.
4. The Governor-General will decide in which cases the license referred to in section 2 is unnecessary.

Article 2.

1. The master of a vessel having passengers on board is bound :—
 - (a) immediately after the arrival of the ship in one of the ports mentioned in Article 1 to hand to the authority referred to in the said Article a list signed by him of the passengers on board destined for the port concerned ;
 - (b) to prevent any of the passengers who are subject to the provisions of Article 1 from going ashore without being provided with the license necessary for disembarkation.
2. The list referred to in the preceding section must be drawn up in accordance with the model fixed by the Governor-General.

Article 3.

1. The license to disembark will be issued on board the vessel, and will be subject to a payment of F. 25 (twenty-five guilders), which will be refunded if the passenger is not admitted. The license also holds good for the wife and children under age of the person to whom it is granted.

2. The payment referred to in the preceding section cannot be demanded from Dutchmen.

3. Those who leave Netherlands India within a period to be fixed by the Governor-General after their arrival in Java can obtain a refund of the amount paid under the preceding section.

Article 4.

1. The license to disembark must be handed in to the department appointed by the Governor-General within three days, to be exchanged for a permit.

2. This permit will not be granted to :—

- (a) any persons who are insane, or idiots, or who are suffering from an infectious disease which may be considered dangerous to their neighbours, or who, owing to their physical condition, may become a burden on the community ;
- (b) prostitutes, or those who derive their livelihood from the proceeds of prostitution ;
- (c) any persons who have been sentenced for a crime in a foreign country with which an extradition treaty is in force, and for whom, in pursuance of that treaty, an extradition order can be demanded ;
- (d) any persons who have been banished from Netherlands India ;
- (e) any persons who are considered unable to make proper provision for the maintenance of themselves and their families ;
- (f) any persons who are considered dangerous to the public peace and order.

3. The grant of permits to those whose presence is considered dangerous to the economic interests of the native population may be made subject to the fulfilment of special conditions to be fixed by the Governor-General, or may be refused.

4. At the exchange referred to in section 1, Article 4, a permit will also be granted to the applicant's wife and each child under age.

Article 5.

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 10, a permit gives the lawful holder the right to remain in Java and Madura for two years subject to due observance of the conditions for travel and residence.

2. For the possessions beyond Java and Madura the said permit gives to the lawful holder the same right as the permit granted by virtue of the regulations in force there regarding admission and residence in Netherlands India.

3. The period referred to in section 1, Article 5, may, at the request of the party interested, be prolonged twice, each time for a period not exceeding one year, by the Chief of the Residency where the applicant resides.

4. Notice of the prolongation will be endorsed on the permit.

Article 6.

1. On the refusal of a permit, the interested party may, provided he does so within eight days after the refusal, appeal to the Chief of the Residency where he disembarked.

2. This appeal is to be made through the intermediacy of the department referred to in the first section of Article 4, which, pending the decision of the officer therein mentioned, will provide the party concerned with a provisional permit.

Article 7.

1. If the appeal referred to in the preceding Article is admitted, the provisional permit will be exchanged for a permit.

2. If the appeal is rejected and a further appeal is not made, then— unless the party concerned has already left Netherlands India—the Chief of the Residency referred to in section 1, Article 6, will issue a writ for his expulsion from Netherlands India.

3. Pending his embarkation, the Chief of the Residency concerned may keep him under arrest or under police surveillance.

Article 8.

1. Any person, falling under one of the categories of persons mentioned in the first section of Article 1, who is found in Java or Madura without being in possession of a valid permit or a valid provisional permit, will be brought before the chief local authority of the place where he resides, who will then provide him with a permit, unless he belongs to one of the categories of persons to whom, by virtue of Article 4, no permit can be issued.

2. For the permit granted in terms of the preceding section a sum of F. 25 (twenty-five guilders) is payable if the party concerned is in lawful possession of a license to disembark: in other cases the fee payable is F. 50 (fifty guilders) not including the wife and children under age of the party concerned.

3. Whenever the party concerned has been lawfully admitted and can explain the non-possession of his permit to the satisfaction of the chief local authority, a duplicate permit will be issued free of charge.

4. In case of the refusal of a permit, an appeal is allowed within eight days to the Chief of the Residency where the party concerned resides, who will decide by decree stating the reasons for his decision.

5. Notwithstanding the appeal referred to in the preceding section, any person who declares that he does not belong to one of the categories of persons mentioned in section 1, Article 1, and that this Ordinance is thus not applicable to him, may petition for the decision of the Court of Justice within whose jurisdiction he resides, provided he does so not later than on the fourteenth day after his examination by the chief local authority.

The Court of Justice will pronounce judgment after having heard the Officer of Justice, who will inform the chief local authority of the decision. Pending judgment the writ for expulsion will be held in abeyance.

6. In case the permit is not granted, a writ will be issued by the Chief of the Residency where the party concerned resides for his expulsion from Netherlands India. The said Chief of the Residency will allow to the party concerned, if desired, a period of time for regulating his affairs. After the expiration of this period he will be forwarded to the nearest of the ports mentioned in Article 1, where pending his embarkation he may be placed under arrest or under police surveillance by the Chief of the Residency.

Article 9.

1. A permit for permanent residence in Netherlands India may be obtained by application to the Governor-General. The party concerned will apply by stamped petition, forwarding his permit at the same time through the intermediacy of the Chief of the Residency in which he resides.

2. This officer will endorse on the permit the fact of the petition having been made, and will then hand it back to the party concerned, who, on receipt of the license for permanent residence, must return the permit to the said officer.

3. Pending the decision of the Governor-General, the petitioner will retain the rights mentioned in the first and second sections of Article 5.

Article 10.

1. The Governor-General may refuse the license for permanent residence in the interests of public peace and order, or on the ground that the party

concerned is not in a position to make proper provision for himself and his family, or when he has been criminally sentenced since his admission.

2. The order refusing the license for permanent residence will state the reasons for such refusal, and at the same time will contain the writ for expulsion from Netherlands India.

3. The stipulations of the sixth section of Article 8 are applicable also to cases of expulsion under this Article.

Article 11.

1. Infringement of the stipulations of Article 2 is punishable with a fine of F. 100 (one hundred guilders) for each person on whose behalf the transgression is committed.

2. The vessel is liable to embargo and execution for the due payment of the fines imposed.

Article 12.

1. Any person who, after being expelled from Netherlands India by virtue of this Ordinance, is found in Java or Madura without being in lawful possession of a valid permit, will be punishable with a maximum fine of F. 100 (one hundred guilders).

2. After payment of this fine he will again be expelled from Netherlands India.

Article 13.

Any person who in Java or Madura makes use of a permit or license for permanent residence made out in the name of another person, will be liable to the punishment stated in Article 12.

Article 14.

The stipulations of this Ordinance are not applicable to:—

- (a) any persons, or the families of persons, sent to Netherlands India on behalf of the State;
- (b) consular Officials and their families;
- (c) the officers and crew belonging to ships of the Navy of any Foreign Power.

Article 15.

The Governor-General is empowered to grant dispensation from the stipulations of this Ordinance.

Article 16.

1. Besides this Ordinance and the stipulations necessary for its enforcement such further provisions for ensuring the proper working thereof as may become necessary may be enacted by the Governor-General.

2. The Governor-General will also determine the conditions under which permission can be granted to Dutchmen and aliens to travel in Netherlands India.

Temporary Clause.

The stipulations of the first and second sections of Article 1 are not applicable to those who are in lawful possession of a valid permit granted, before the coming into force of this Ordinance, in terms of the stipulations then in force regarding the admission into Netherlands India of Dutchmen and aliens.

This Ordinance will come into force on a date to be fixed by the Governor-General.

ORDERED that the foregoing paper be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, for general

The Government of Madras.
 " " " Bombay.
 " " " Bengal.
 " " " the United Provinces.
 " " " the Punjab.
 " " " Burma.
 " " " Eastern Bengal and Assam.
 The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.
 The Hon'ble the Resident at Mysore and Chief Commissioner
 of Coorg.

information, and that copies be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations named in the margin, for information, with the request that the paper may be published in the local *Gazette*.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, the Honourable the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General in the North-West Frontier Province, and to the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, for information, and to the Foreign Department, for information and communication to Native States.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)**

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N. B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.				RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.																
	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending.		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.		Decrease.		Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.		Decrease.		
	During 2nd half of 1910.	During official year 1910-11.	1910.	1911.	7th October 1910.	7th October 1911.	7th October 1910.	1911.	7th October 1910.	7th October 1911.	R	R	R	R	7th October 1910.	7th October 1911.	R	R	R	R	
State and Guaranteed Railways.																					
Bengal-Nagpur (including 6' gauge lines)	222	251	2,367	2,494	5,24,576	5,57,000	222	223	68,36,732	70,82,000	2,45,268	...	...	1,48,37,271	1,58,75,000	10,38,720	...	...	1,48,37,271	1,58,75,000	10,38,720
Bombay Extension	261	314	21	21	5,243	5,000	250	207	77,803	1,06,000	28,197	...	...	1,72,424	1,96,000	23,576	...	...	1,72,424	1,96,000	23,576
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (inclg. Viramgam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 31" gauge)	820	910	504	504	3,74,931	4,04,000	744	804	49,35,177	52,97,000	3,61,823	...	...	1,16,89,787	1,24,13,000	7,23,213	...	...	1,16,89,787	1,24,13,000	7,23,213
Nagda-Muttra	118	116	339	339	37,720	34,000	111	100	3,95,350	5,51,000	1,55,610	...	...	7,61,445	14,10,000	6,48,555	...	...	7,61,445	14,10,000	6,48,555
Eastern Bengal State (inclg. 3' 31" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	410	367	1,501	1,507	7,26,341	7,36,000	484	488	77,88,497	92,04,000	14,15,503	...	...	1,35,97,379	1,53,02,000	17,04,621	...	...	1,35,97,379	1,53,02,000	17,04,621
East Indian	629	719	2,338	2,385	18,26,749	15,46,000	781	648	21,88,740	22,89,000	10,14,260	...	...	4,40,85,052	4,62,80,000	21,94,948	...	...	4,40,85,052	4,62,80,000	21,94,948
Great Indian Peninsula (inclg. Indian Midland)	459	380	2,464	2,473	9,43,025	10,52,000	383	425	1,28,56,821	1,41,01,000	12,04,179	...	...	3,03,23,247	3,31,69,000	28,45,753	...	...	3,03,23,247	3,31,69,000	28,45,753
Agra-Delhi Chord	268	276	126	126	31,915	43,400	253	314	4,16,723	5,15,000	96,277	...	...	9,17,382	10,41,000	1,23,618	...	...	9,17,382	10,41,000	1,23,618
Baran-Kotah	51	56	40	40	1,773	6,400	44	160	31,723	45,800	14,077	...	...	63,107	80,700	26,593	...	...	63,107	80,700	26,593
Bhopal-Itarsi	402	447	57	57	21,399	15,700	375	275	2,37,373	2,62,000	24,627	...	...	6,55,417	6,79,000	23,583	...	...	6,55,417	6,79,000	23,583
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 31" gauge lines)	209	231	2,585	2,585	5,10,327	5,17,000	197	200	73,40,904	82,95,000	9,54,096	...	...	1,62,61,914	1,75,05,000	12,43,086	...	...	1,62,61,914	1,75,05,000	12,43,086
North Western State (inclg. 2' 6" gauge lines)	386	382	3,718	3,806	12,98,270	13,50,000	349	355	2,01,08,153	2,03,56,000	2,47,847	...	...	3,72,52,143	4,09,88,000	37,35,857	...	...	3,72,52,143	4,09,88,000	37,35,857
Oudh and Rohilkhand State (inclg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 31" link)	253	264	1,403	1,431	3,57,016	3,02,000	254	211	43,60,015	46,12,000	2,51,985	...	...	95,17,069	1,05,29,000	10,11,931	...	...	95,17,069	1,05,29,000	10,11,931
Hardwar-Dehra	224	237	32	32	7,285	5,900	228	181	93,047	1,16,000	24,353	...	...	2,08,263	2,54,000	43,737	...	...	2,08,263	2,54,000	43,737
Assam-Bengal	130	127	790	790	1,19,048	1,11,000	151	121	13,83,339	14,75,000	91,661	...	...	25,91,510	27,68,000	1,76,490	...	...	25,91,510	27,68,000	1,76,490
Burma	209	232	1,527	1,529	2,51,596	3,13,000	165	218	41,15,760	44,36,000	3,20,740	...	...	94,61,700	98,99,000	4,37,300	...	...	94,61,700	98,99,000	4,37,300
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	139	144	124	124	15,305	18,400	123	145	2,24,744	2,92,000	67,256	...	...	4,40,539	6,21,000	1,71,461	...	...	4,40,539	6,21,000	1,71,461
Lucknow-Bareilly	144	154	206	234	55,091	26,600	122	114	4,28,560	4,40,000	11,440	...	...	9,84,089	10,61,000	76,011	...	...	9,84,089	10,61,000	76,011
Mysore (inclg. Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	121	134	411	411	56,336	50,500	137	123	6,75,159	7,46,000	70,841	...	...	15,42,589	15,75,000	32,411	...	...	15,42,589	15,75,000	32,411
Palanpur-Deesa	60	66	17	17	1,086	800	64	47	13,715	10,400	3,315	...	...	31,735	24,500	7,235	...	...	31,735	24,500	7,235
Rajputana-Malwa (inclg. Godhra-Ratham-Nagda, 5' 3" gauge)	275	291	1,914	1,912	4,69,034	4,45,000	245	233	65,09,341	68,91,000	3,81,659	...	...	1,40,94,277	1,47,97,000	7,02,723	...	...	1,40,94,277	1,47,97,000	7,02,723
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	309	318	1,396	1,396	4,28,798	4,86,000	307	348	58,37,957	66,17,000	7,79,143	...	...	1,16,85,233	1,31,37,000	14,51,767	...	...	1,16,85,233	1,31,37,000	14,51,767
Travancore Branch	126	125	108	108	12,758	14,200	118	131	1,96,902	2,20,000	23,098	...	...	3,76,009	4,08,000	31,991	...	...	3,76,009	4,08,000	31,991
Tirhoot	175	207	776	776	1,09,058	1,36,000	141	175	16,08,225	18,55,000	2,46,775	...	...	41,97,033	44,63,000	2,65,967	...	...	41,97,033	44,63,000	2,65,967
Jorhat (Provincial) State	62	62	30	(a)	1,875	(a)	62	62	27,653	(a)	...	...	...	53,044	(a)	...	...	...	53,044	(a)	...
	34	...	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

All other Railways.									
	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918
Amritsar-Patti-Kasur	162	141	56	56	10,003	1,25,140	1,38,000	12,660	2,07,991
Bhopal-Ujjain	126	151	114	114	16,482	1,64,059	1,97,000	32,041	4,52,960
Bina-Goonas-Baran	37	45	148	148	5,357	67,494	86,600	10,106	1,64,700
Delhi-Umbala-Kalka	311	296	162	162	51,956	5,08,605	7,01,000	92,395	12,54,373
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section).	110	105	16	16	2,415	21,738	25,000	3,202	45,149
Khanpur-Chirahar (e)	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,000	...	...
Ludhiana-Dhali-Jakkhal	165	201	79	79	15,471	1,78,179	1,74,000	...	5,29,919
Nagda-Ujjain	125	151	34	34	3,342	50,670	47,000	...	1,23,799
Nizam's Guaranteed State	289	316	334	334	73,040	11,24,676	12,30,000	55,324	25,59,602
Potlad-Cambay	133	157	34	34	3,533	50,447	64,200	7,753	1,41,335
Rajpura-Bhatinda	234	243	108	108	23,770	3,06,381	3,15,000	8,619	6,60,514
Southern Punjab	179	195	124	124	64,775	1,07,876	1,26,000	2,54,124	28,34,846
"Ludhiana" extension	127	125	152	152	17,046	2,88,247	3,17,000	28,753	5,42,807
Satlej Valley	55	57	209	209	12,145	1,38,775	1,60,000	21,225	(a) 1,38,775
Tapti Valley	124	155	155	155	12,688	1,60,068	2,04,000	34,932	4,22,047
Tartessur	299	334	22	22	8,366	88,969	82,800	...	2,00,521
Ahmedabad-Dholka	68	74	34	34	1,981	30,706	26,800	...	70,046
Ahmedabad-Parantij (e)	101	113	55	55	4,516	72,316	86,300	13,984	1,93,000
Bangal and North-Western	124	150	1,119	1,119	1,05,413	17,35,708	21,26,000	3,90,292	1,99,015
Bengal Doonars	159	143	153	153	30,598	2,99,224	3,29,000	29,776	43,70,103
Bewada-Masulipatam	98	108	52	52	4,923	72,718	71,300	...	5,31,498
Bhavnagar (including Dharangadra)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,57,851
Gondal-Porbandar	118	133	459	459	43,198	6,85,152	53,100	92,048	15,89,946
Jamnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jettisar-Rajkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jungad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cooch Behar	125	132	33	33	4,753	48,822	1,39,000	12,778	99,582
Dibru-Sadiya	282	279	78	78	21,680	3,17,473	3,16,000	...	5,92,467
Gakwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol-Kadi)	75	88	179	179	10,261	1,65,168	1,74,000	8,832	3,95,742
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	138	171	392	392	35,000	6,18,586	6,61,000	42,414	16,59,355
Japur	85	60	73	73	3,847	58,021	46,700	...	1,15,553
Jodhpur-Bikaner	52	90	831	831	57,222	9,58,468	11,05,000	2,35,532	20,04,974
Kolhapur	138	171	20	20	2,260	59,476	64,900	5,434	1,32,585
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo	44	45	50	50	2,224	22,897	20,000	...	43,715
Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi, s' o' gauge)	97	111	93	93	7,670	1,27,684	1,04,000	13,016	2,93,737
Myrensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	144	136	55	55	9,129	99,819	1,04,000	4,181	1,72,577
Rohilkhand and Kunool	120	134	214	214	20,885	4,06,285	4,01,000	...	8,30,682
Sangli	160	166	5	5	371	8,457	12,500	4,043	19,952
Shoranur-Cochin	150	165	65	65	9,329	1,36,076	1,53,000	16,924	2,88,048
Tanjore District Board	140	146	103	103	12,597	2,01,736	2,20,000	18,204	4,01,921
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	66	76	67	67	3,231	52,075	58,800	6,725	1,20,218
Barri	166	162	78	78	5,672	1,55,334	2,04,000	48,666	3,14,254
Champaner-Shivrajpur (f)	...	67	...	...	...	...	14,100	...	...
Gakwar's Dahol	98	123	94	94	5,816	1,07,568	1,10,000	1,432	3,04,582
Rajpilla	43	57	37	37	1,180	19,080	25,900	6,820	48,367
Darjeeling-Himalayan	383	382	51	51	23,359	2,50,157	2,51,000	843	5,27,876
TOTAL	136	151	6,444	6,792	7,55,505	1,11,25,830	1,26,46,700	15,20,870	2,49,33,984
GRAND TOTAL	294	305	31,208	31,889	89,10,216	11,95,19,630	12,90,67,900	95,48,270	25,06,90,498

(a) Information not furnished.

(b) Excluding figures for Jorhat railway.

(c) From 6th July 1910.

(d) Opened from 2nd July 1911.

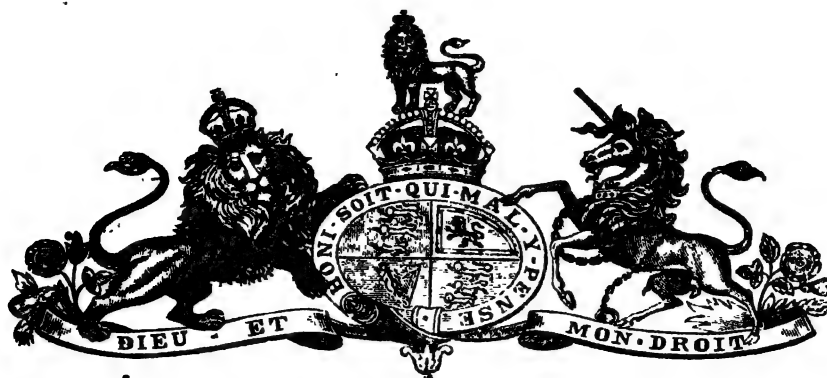
(e) Includes Brahmaputra extension opened from 1st July 1911.

(f) Opened from 3rd February 1911.

C. F. ANDERSON, *Secretary, R.E., for Secretary, Railway Board.*

Simla, the 10th October 1911.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 43. }

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SANITARY.

Simla, the 24th October, 1911.

No. 2011.—The services of Captain S. B. Mehta, F.R.C.S.E., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

The 26th October, 1911.

No. 2025.—Captain R. E. Wright, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate in the Bacteriological Department and his services are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

No. 2027.—Captain A. G. McKendrick, M.B., I.M.S., is placed on special duty under the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, with effect from the 18th October 1911.

No. 2023.—Captain A. G. McKendrick, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Statistical Officer to the Government of India in the Sanitary and Medical Departments, with effect from the 23rd October 1911 and until further orders.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 25th October, 1911.

No. 551—145-3.—The combined leave for one year, six months and eight days granted to Captain F. F. Hunter, I.A., of the Survey of India by this Department's Notification No. 1254, dated the 18th November 1910, has been commuted to privilege leave for three months, furlough for one year and sixteen days and extraordinary leave without allowances for two months and twenty-two days.

METEOROLOGY.

The 26th October, 1911.

No. 2489—50.—Lala Hem Raj, Assistant Meteorologist, Meteorological Office, Simla, is appointed to be Imperial Meteorologist in that office, with effect from the 22nd September 1911.

FORESTS.

The 26th October, 1911.

No. 1020—171-7-F.—With reference to the notification of this Department No. 743—171-3-F., dated the 15th August 1911, Mr. B. B. Osmaston, Conservator of Forests, 3rd, officiating 2nd grade, was relieved by Mr. P. H. Clutterbuck, Deputy Conservator of Forests, on the afternoon of 10th October 1911 of the charge of the Eastern Circle, United Provinces.

From the same date Mr. Clutterbuck is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, in charge of the Eastern Circle, United Provinces, until further orders.

The 27th October, 1911.

No. 1025—140-6-F.—On return from privilege leave Mr. G. S. Hart, Chief Conservator of Forests, resumed charge of the office of Chief Conservator of Forests, Central Provinces, with effect from the forenoon of 21st October 1911.

From the same date Mr. H. H. Haines, officiating Chief Conservator of Forests, Central Provinces, reverted to his substantive appointment of Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade.

No. 1027—140-7-F.—With reference to the notification of this Department No. 889—171-5-F., dated 26th September 1911, Mr. H. H. Haines, Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, 2nd grade, with effect from the 21st October 1911.

From the same date Mr. A. V. Monro, Conservator of Forests, 3rd (officiating 2nd) grade, reverted to his substantive appointment.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th October, 1911.

No. 36.—Lala Raja Ram, Sub-Engineer, 1st grade, Punjab, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer and is posted to the Punjab.

No. 37.—Mr. F. J. Tarleton, Sub-Engineer, 2nd grade, Central India, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer and is posted to Central India.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1911.

No. 2988-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Edwards, C.M.G., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 1st class, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th October, 1911.

No. 2989-Est.-A.—Lieutenant Colonel T. W. Irvine, Indian Medical Service (Bombay), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is appointed to officiate as an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class and Chief Medical Officer in the North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the 9th October, 1911.

No. 2990-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Irvine, Indian Medical Service (Bombay), an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 1st class and Chief Medical Officer in the North-West Frontier, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Civil Surgeon, Peshawar, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 9th October, 1911, and until further orders.

The 25th October, 1911.

No. 2996-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel S. F. Bayley, a Political Agent, on return from leave, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana, with effect from the 11th October, 1911.

No. 3000-Est.-A.—Lieutenant S. William, Adjutant, Mekran Levy Corps, is appointed temporarily to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Assistant Political Agent, Mekran, and Commandant, Mekran Levy Corps, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 10th October, 1911.

The 26th October, 1911.

No. 3018-Est.-A.—Mr. W. R. Howson, His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Birjand, is granted privilege leave for three and a half months, with effect from the 2nd October, 1911.

No. 3019-Est.-A.—Mr. W. H. Forkgen, of the Indian Telegraph Department, is appointed to act as His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Birjand, with effect from the 2nd October, 1911, and during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. R. Howson, or until further orders.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1911.

No. 6523-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

September 1911.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	SEPTEMBER.		TO END OF SEPT.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	Budget, 1911-1912.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1910-1911.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	96	1,06	11,93	11,54	34,03	33,26
Opium	84	99	4,34	5,58	6,42	11,28
Salt	34	32	2,25	2,17	4,94	4,76
Stamps	58	63	3,61	3,85	7,20	7,03
Excise	90	84	5,57	5,08	10,83	10,54
Provincial Rates	8	8	40	42	81	84
Customs	69	75	4,48	4,71	9,32	9,93
Assessed Taxes	25	24	1,10	1,06	2,27	2,23
Forest	17	17	95	87	2,80	2,46
Registration	5	5	36	36	64	64
Tributes from Native States	2	1	27	22	93	91
Other Civil Revenue	27	25	2,10	1,92	4,57	3,98
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	5,15	5,39	37,36	37,78	84,76	87,86
Major Irrigation Revenue	6	11	1,85	1,79	3,39	3,26
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	3	3	23	26	71	64
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	5,24	5,53	39,44	39,83	88,86	91,76
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—8	—7	—2,42	—2,34	—4,57	—4,60
Opium	—15	—7	—1,01	—1,74	—1,77	—1,87
Famine Relief (Civil) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Civil Expenditure	—3,11	—2,81	—19,98	—18,03	—44,30	—37,11
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—3,34	—2,95	—23,41	—22,11	—50,64	—43,58
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—11	—13	—78	—81	—1,65	—1,64
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—39	—38	—2,01	—2,04	—6,00	—5,48
Famine Relief (Public Works) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—9	—12	—73	—86	—1,35	—1,79
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—13	—11	—85	—69	—1,80	—1,60
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—4,06	—3,69	—27,78	—26,51	—61,50	—54,18
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments :						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Post Office (Net) ... ..	...	+ 12	+ 1,25	+ 65	+ 1,94	+ 1,74
Telegraph (Net)	—12	—8	—53	—46	—84	—94
Marine (Net)	—3	—8	—22	—25	—46	—51
Military Works (Net)	—9	—9	—51	—47	—1,22	—1,36
Military Receipts	+ 4	+ 13	+ 41	+ 41	+ 96	+ 98
Military Issues	—1,60	—1,59	—9,74	—9,90	—20,87	—20,82
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway	+ 52	+ 55	+ 3,76	+ 3,73	+ 49,98	+ 48,44
Other Railways	+ 3,06	+ 2,94	+ 20,93	+ 19,50	...	...
TOTAL	+ 3,58	+ 3,49	+ 24,69	+ 23,23	+ 49,98	+ 48,44
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	—41	—32	—2,36	—2,02	—35,47	—31,11
Other Railways	—2,43	—2,45	—1,93	—1,35	...	...
TOTAL	—2,84	—2,77	—16,29	—15,37	—35,47	—31,11
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	—1,06	—87	—94	—2,17	—5,08	—3,58
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net : + Receipts more, —Receipts less than payments) ... ..	...	...	+ 2,00	+ 1,39	+ 1,84	+ 1,35
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	—15	+ 7	—54	+ 9	...	...
Currency Transfers for Gold in England ... ..	...	...	...	+ 2,62	...	...
Do. for Sterling investment ... ..	...	...	+ 2,00	...	+ 2,00	...
Deposit of District Funds	—14	—11	+ 39	+ 31	—11	+ 23
Loans by Government	—5	...	+ 17	+ 07	—12	+ 1,12
Exchange on Remittance Accounts ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 15 per £	—2,20	—1,81	—17,04	—15,48	—25,74	—34,87
Other Debt Heads	—5	—10	—31	—53	+ 77	+ 19
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	—2,68	—1,95	—13,33	—10,93	—21,36	—32,08
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	—2,56	—98	—2,61	+ 22	+ 2	+ 1,92
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	20,30	19,64	20,35	18,44	18,70	18,44
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	17,74	18,66	17,74	18,66	18,72	20,36

The 22nd September, 1911.

No. 6605-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

August 1911.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	AUGUST.		TO END OF AUGUST.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	Budget, 1911-1912.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1910-1911.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	69	72	10.97	10.48	34.03	33.26
Opium	51	76	3.51	4.59	6.42	11.28
Salt	27	25	1.92	1.85	4.94	4.76
Stamps	61	76	3.03	3.22	7.20	7.03
Excise	85	80	4.68	4.24	10.83	10.54
Provincial Rates	2	2	32	34	81	84
Customs	79	79	3.78	3.00	9.32	9.93
Assessed Taxes	21	21	83	82	2.27	2.23
Forest	20	21	78	71	2.80	2.46
Registration	6	6	32	31	64	64
Tributes from Native States	4	4	25	20	93	91
Other Civil Revenue	37	44	1.71	1.67	4.57	3.98
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	4.61	5.06	32.10	32.39	84.76	87.86
Major Irrigation Revenue	13	32	1.79	1.68	3.39	3.26
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	4	5	20	22	71	64
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	4.80	5.43	14.09	34.29	88.86	91.76
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—50	—49	—2.34	—2.27	—4.57	—4.60
Opium	—16	—30	—85	—1.00	—1.77	—1.87
Famine Relief (Civil) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Civil Expenditure	—3.03	—2.94	—16.75	—15.23	—44.30	—37.11
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—3.69	—3.73	—19.94	—19.16	—50.64	—43.58
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—12	—14	—66	—68	—1.65	—1.64
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—37	—41	—1.63	—1.66	—6.00	—5.48
Famine Relief (Public Works) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—12	—13	—63	—73	—1.35	—1.79
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—15	—10	—71	—58	—1.80	—1.69
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—4.45	—4.52	—23.57	—22.81	—61.50	—54.18
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments ;						
<i>The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.</i>						
Post Office (Net)	+26	+19	+1.16	+53	+1.04	+1.74
Telegraph (Net)	—10	—8	—42	—38	—84	—94
Marine (Net)	—4	—6	—20	—17	—40	—51
Military Works (Net)	—10	—9	—38	—18	—1.22	—1.36
Military Receipts	+4	+7	+32	+28	+66	+98
Military issues	—1.57	—1.66	—8.10	—8.31	—20.87	—20.82
<i>Railway Receipts.</i>						
East Indian Railway	+58	+56	+3.24	+3.18	+49.98	+48.44
Other Railways	+3.07	+2.95	+17.79	+16.56	...	...
TOTAL	+3.65	+3.51	+21.03	+19.74	+49.98	+48.44
<i>Railway Issues.</i>						
East Indian Railway	—37	—43	—1.93	—1.71	—35.47	—31.11
Other Railways	—2.17	—2.22	—11.31	—10.90	...	...
TOTAL	—2.54	—2.65	—13.24	—12.61	—35.47	—31.11
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	—40	—77	+17	—1.30	—5.98	—3.58
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, —Receipts less than payments) ... ..	...	+7	+1.92	+1.39	+1.84	+1.25
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	—22	—12	—33	+2	...	...
Currency Transfers for Gold in England ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. for Sterling investment ... ..	...	...	+2.00	...	+2.00	...
Deposit of District Funds	—12	—2	+55	+43	—11	+23
Loans by Government	—3	+1	+22	+67	—12	+1.12
Exchange on Remittance Accounts ... ..	...	...	...	+1	...	...
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs per £	—1.77	—1.78	—14.74	—13.67	—25.74	—34.87
Other Debt Heads	—10	—10	—36	+2.16	+77	+19
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	—2.30	—1.94	—10.74	—8.99	—21.36	—32.08
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	—2.35	—1.80	—5	+1.19	+2	+1.92
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	22.66	21.43	20.36	18.44	18.70	18.44
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	20.31	19.63	20.31	19.63	18.72	20.36

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 25th October, 1911.

No. 6553-F.E.—Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, I.C.S., Accountant General, Railways, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and, in continuation, furlough for 3 months, with effect from the 27th September 1911.

Mr. T. Ryan, Assistant Accountant General, Railways, was placed in charge of the current duties of the Office of the Accountant General, Railways, from the 27th September 1911 to the 7th October 1911.

Mr. J. A. Robertson has been posted as Accountant General, Railways, with effect from the 8th October 1911.

No. 6554-F.E.—Mr. R. C. Keating, Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office with effect from the 7th August 1911 and until further orders.

No. 6555-F.E.—Mr. L. G. R. Vanderspar, an Officer of the Indian Finance Department, attached to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, has been granted privilege leave for 2 months and 11 days and, in continuation furlough on Medical Certificate for 9 months and 19 days, with effect from the 13th September 1911.

Mr. J. O. Ewing, Accountant, 2nd grade, in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office with effect from the same date and until further orders.

No. 6556-F.E.—Mr. W. D. Woollam has been placed on special duty with effect from the 11th October 1911 and until further orders.

Mr. J. DeVine has been posted as Assistant Comptroller General in charge of the Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, with effect from the same date.

No. 6563-F.E.—Mr. Taj-ud-din Malik has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, with effect from the 3rd October 1911.

Mr. J. G. Gunjkar has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from the 9th October 1911.

The 26th October, 1911.

No. 6572-F.E.—The services of Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, Madras, have been placed temporarily at the disposal of the Army Department with effect from the 5th September 1911.

Mr. R. Sethurama Aiyar, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office with effect from the 15th September 1911 and until further orders.

No. 6573-F.E.—Mr. C. O. Slacke, Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 9th October 1911.

Mr. U. L. Banerjee, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Bengal, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office with effect from the 9th October 1911 and until further orders.

No. 6585-F.E.—Mr. M. A. Hafeez, Assistant Comptroller General, Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 27th September 1911.

Mr. M. Subrahmanyam has been posted as Assistant Comptroller General, Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, with effect from the 27th September 1911.

Mr. B. K. Ray Chaudhuri, Chief Superintendent in the office of the Comptroller and Auditor General, has been transferred to the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, with effect from the 26th September 1911.

No. 6586-F.E.—Rai N. G. Basu Bahadur, C.I.E. has been posted as Deputy Comptroller General with effect from the 27th September 1911.

Mr. J. C. Mitra has been posted as Assistant Comptroller General with effect from the 27th September 1911.

The 27th October, 1911.

No. 6598-F.E.—Mr. W. Courtenay, Assistant Comptroller General, has been granted privilege leave for four weeks with effect from the 9th October 1911.

6607-F.E.—The services of Mr. A. G. Barr, of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, have been placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department for employment under the Bikaner State with effect from the 7th October 1911.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 27th October, 1911.

No. 1448-Accts.—Mr. T. W. Rice, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, Military Accounts Department, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 11th October 1911 *vice* Mr. E. M. Fullam, deceased.

No. 1449-Accts.—Mr. H. M. Smith officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, is temporarily appointed to be a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, with effect from the 11th October 1911, *vice* Mr. Rice, confirmed.

No. 1450-Accts.—The following officiating appointment and reversion of officers of the Military Accounts Department are made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 22nd September 1911, the date of Captain H. Murray's return from leave out of India.

Captain H. Murray, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain P. Ashfield, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, sub *pro tem*, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, sub *pro tem*.

No. 1452-Accts.—Major E. G. D. deLabilliere, I.A., Military Accountant, 4th class, Military Accounts Department, is granted one year's leave out of India on private affairs, from the 3rd January 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it, under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army. Pension Service 19th year commenced, 23rd November 1910.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

No. 8037-8054-102.

Simla, the 27th October, 1911.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

Telegraphic information has been received from His Majesty's Secretary of State that the Consul General at Panama reports the arrival of Indian labourers at Colon for whom no employment can be found. The Consul General asks that intending emigrants may be warned that they will be disappointed in their expectation of obtaining work.

2. The above communication is published for general information.

ORDERED that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded, for information and guidance, to all Local Governments and Administrations, and to the Home and Foreign Departments, for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy be published in the *Gazette of India*, for general information.

CUSTOMS.

The 28th October, 1911.

No. 7911-97.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India of any copy of the pamphlet entitled "An open letter to Count Leo Tolstoy in reply to his 'letter to a Hindoo'" by the editor of *Free Hindusthan*.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 27th October, 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.**ARMY DEPARTMENT.**

No. 877.—Lieutenant-Colonel B. Holloway, Indian Army, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse), is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department, during the absence of Colonel E. W. S. K. Maconchy, C.B., C.I.E., D.S.O., on combined leave; with effect from the 29th October 1911.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 878.—The following admission to the Indian Army from the Unattached List is made, subject to confirmation by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

To be Lieutenant.

Second Lieutenant Ivan Douglas Guthrie, officiating Squadron Officer, 17th Cavalry.
Dated 8th October 1911, but to rank from the 27th August 1910.

PROMOTIONS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 879.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

1st October 1911.

Arthur LeGrand Jacob, C.I.E., D.S.O., Commandant, 106th Hazara Pioneers.

Captains to be Majors.

21st October 1911.

Charles Robertson, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

Thomas James Willans, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Alexander Guthrie Thomson, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenants to be Captains.

12th July 1911.

Aubrey Osborne Creagh, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

22nd October 1911.

Ralph Sandwith Engledue, 89th Punjabis.
 Henry Byng Leapingwell, 97th Deccan Infantry.
 Francis William Joseph Paterson, 66th Punjabis.
 Sydney Trepess Polley, 3rd Skinner's Horse.
 Sydney Baron Coates, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Charles Maximilian Thomas Western, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 The Hon'ble Michael William Robert DeCourcy, 32nd Sikh Pioneers.
 George Dodd Martin, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Arthur William Dauncey Cornish, 6th Gurkha Rifles.
 Herbert Bowater Vernon, 27th Punjabis.
 Francis Lionel Tayler, 42nd Deoli Regiment.
 Alan Sauer Auret, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.
 Jack Compton Rose Gannon, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Leonard Duncan Rollo, 96th Berar Infantry.
 William Montague Arnaud Foster, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hod-
 son's Horse).
 Henry Martin Liepmann, 13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).
 John Charles Temple Gaskell, 69th Punjabis.
 Henry Walter O'Connell Hewett, 41st Dogras.
 Duncan Iver Macpherson, 10th Jats.
 Ralph Coker Beck, 98th Infantry.
 Harry Francis Dundas Stirling, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Thomas Owen Wilkinson, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).
 Andrew George Williamson, 7th Haryana Lancers.
 Walter Frederick Bird, 46th Punjabis.
 William Kenneth Polloxfen Wilson, 30th Punjabis.
 Percival Henry Martin, 86th Carnatic Infantry.

23rd October 1911.

Percy Barrett Jones, 5th Light Infantry.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

The 101st Grenadiers.

No. 880.—Jemadar Kumar Muhammad Wajib Ali Khan, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 1116, dated the 17th December 1909, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 26th September 1909.

No. 881.—The following promotions are made :—

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Jemadar Ramji Lal to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Ganda Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Mahbub Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Jemadar Ladu Sawant to be Subadar and Havildar Babajirao Dalvi to be Jemadar, *vice* Gopal Jadhao, invalided ; with effect from the 24th August 1911.

122nd Rajputana Infantry.

Color-Havildar Hira Rawat to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhau Rawat, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 15th June 1911.

RESIGNATIONS.

ARMY RESERVES.

No. 882.—Second Lieutenant Cyril Champkin, Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 27th October 1911.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 883.—Brevet Colonel Harry John Bremner, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

No. 884.—Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Griffiths, 16th Cavalry, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 11th November 1911.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 885.—Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Gerald Robert Whitcomb, Indian Medical Service, Bombay, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 27th October 1911.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 886.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, Supernumerary Conductor Frederick Reginald Vandyke, Survey of India Department is permitted to resign his rank and retire from the service with effect from the 30th January 1910, and to count for pension under the Civil Service Regulations his departmental service from the 1st August 1889.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Surma Valley Light Horse.

No. 887.—The Hon'ble Sir Charles Stuart Bayley, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam, to be Honorary Colonel, *vice* Sir Lancelot Hare, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., resigned. Dated 22nd August 1911.

Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles.

No. 888.—Philip Pipon Braithwaite to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st September 1911.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 889.—Charles Ernest Walze to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st September 1911.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 890.—Cyril George Graham to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st September 1911.

Gerald Curry to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st September 1911.

Coorg and Mysore Rifles.

No. 891.—Second Lieutenant Ernest Leslie Duxbury to be Lieutenant, *vice* E. Willey, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 8th September 1911.

Charles Robert Valentine to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* E. L. Duxbury, promoted. Dated 8th September 1911.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 892.—Lieutenant John Evelyn Cardet Brunton to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st August 1911.

Lieutenant Herbert Kirkpatrick to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st August 1911.

Eastern Bengal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 893.—The Hon'ble Sir Charles Stuart Bayley, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam, to be Honorary Colonel, *vice* Sir Lancelot Hare, K.C.S.I., resigned. Dated 22nd August 1911.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th October, 1911.

No. 279.—Mr. F. W. Roberts, Superintending Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for three months in extension of the leave sanctioned in Railway Board Notification No. 4, dated the 10th January 1911.

The 27th October, 1911.

No. 280.—In the second column of the Schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department No. 232, dated the 24th August 1911, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of the Simla Municipality by the Administration of the North Western State Railway

for "Water, ground, house, vehicle and servant taxes "

read "Water, ground, house and vehicle taxes."

No. 281.—Mr. J. H. White, Superintendent of Works, Eastern Bengal State Railway Extensions, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Manager of that railway in Class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 9th October 1911, during the absence of Captain G. F. F. Osborne, R.E., Officiating Deputy Manager, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 282.—Mr. J. C. Hunter, District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western State Railway, in Class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways is promoted to Class II, grade 3, of that establishment, with effect from the 1st October 1911.

No. 283.—Mr. W. J. Carroll, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, North Western State Railway, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 650 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th October 1911.

No. 284.—The leave granted to Mr. T. A. Hindmarsh, Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in Railway Board Notification No. 129, dated the 5th May 1911, is further extended by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India by five months and four days on medical certificate and twenty-seven days extraordinary leave, without pay on medical certificate.

No. 285.—Messrs. Ram Singh and Dina Nath Batra, qualified students of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, are appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineering Establishment of State Railways as Assistant Engineers, with effect from the 16th and 21st September 1910, respectively, and are posted as follows :—

Mr. Ram Singh to the North Western State Railway.

Mr. D. N. Bafra to the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION,

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 26th October 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 21st October 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	4	4
		Ahmedabad District	3	1
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	13	6
		Kaira District	33	18
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	3	8
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	7	5
		Mahi Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwandi Port	3	3
		Bandra Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana Port	1	1
		Thana District	8	11
	Central	Satara District	208	144
		East Khandesh District	127	95
		West Khandesh District	9	5
		Poona City	33	36
		Poona District	48	32
		Nasik District	353	296
		Ahmednagar District	219	168
		Sholapur District	393	358
		Sholapur Town	2	3
	Southern	Panvel Port	1	1
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	1	2
		Vengurla Port	1	1
		Ratnagiri District	3	4
		Belgaum District . . . . .	...	...
		Hubli Town	23	23
		Dharwar District	2,576	1,697
		Kanara District	12	11
		Bijapur District	601	455
		Bijapur Agency	9	6
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	2
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State	1	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	372	264
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State . . . . .	...	...
		Satara Agency	57	35
		Savanur State	110	63
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	71	43
		TOTAL	5,314	3,773
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	2	1
		North Arcot District	2 (b)	1 (a)
		Bellary Town	2 (a)	1 (a)
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	543 (d)	484 (d)
		Mangalore Town and Port	1	1
		Chittoor District	2 (a)	1
		Coimbatore Town	31	28
		Coimbatore District	22 (c)	21 (a)
		Cuddapah District . . . . .	...	...
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris District	9 (c)	5 (a)
		Salem District	56 (a)	48 (a)
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		Sandur State	3	5
		TOTAL	673	596

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Three imported. (d) Four imported.

N.B.—The number of seizures in the Anantapur and the Nilgiris districts during the week ending 14th October 1911 were 4 and 3, respectively, and not those shown in the statement for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Presidency	Calcutta	5	5
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	22	18
		Patna District	25	19
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga District . . . . .	...	...
		Saran District	20	16
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	27	19
		Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		90	77
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etah District . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Barcilly District	1 (a)	1 (a)

(a) For the week ending 14th October 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	7	7
		Fatehpur District	15	9
		Allahabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad District	1	1
	Benares	Benares City	5 (a)	5 (a)
		Benares District	38 (a)	34 (a)
		Ballia District	79	79
		Ghazipur District	32	23
		Jaunpur District	17	17
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	24	9
		Basti District . . . . .	...	...
		Gorakhpur District	57	27
	Lucknow	Lucknow District . . . . .	...	...
		Unao District	4	2
		Sitapur District	13	7
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	7	5
		Bahraich District	14	14
		Sultanpur District	4 (b)	4 (b)
		Gonda District	2	2
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District	2	2
	TOTAL		322	243
PUNJAB	Delhi	Gurgaon District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Jullundur	Jullundur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur District . . . . .	...	...
		Ludhiana District . . . . .	...	...

(a) For two weeks.

(b) For the week ending 14th October 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot District . . . . .	...	...
	Rawal- pindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Attock District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	38	20
		Jhelum District . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Montgomery District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhang District . . . . .	...	...
	"	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		38	26
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	5	5
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome District . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya District . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin District	1	1
		Pyapon District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District . . . . .	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District . . . . .	...	...
		Thaon District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Magwe	Minbu District	4	3
	Mandalay	Myitkyina District . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District . . . . .	...	...
	Moiktila	Yamethin District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Nonkhali District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		10	9

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Bajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town . . . . .	...	1
		Nagpur District	156	117
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha District	27	14
		Bhandara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara District	15	15
		Chanda District	23	15
		Chanda Town . . . . .	...	...
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	14	11
		Saugor Town	1	1
		Damoh District	7	1
		Mandla Town	27	32
		Mandla District	107	45
		Hoshangabad District . . . . .	...	1
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad Town . . . . .	...	...
		Narnar District	78	74
		Narsingpur District	10	33
		Chhindwara Town	1	3
		Chhindwara District	7	4
	Chhattisgarh	Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Akola Town . . . . .	...	...
		Akola District	28	24
	Berar	Buldana District	20	17
		Amraoti District	45	42
		Yestmal District . . . . .	...	...
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	596	459
Coorg	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	38	31
		Bangalore City	3	1
		Bangalore District	113	94
		Mysore City	44	23
		Mysore District	22	13
		Hassan District	61	33
		Kadur District	38	23
		Kolar District	95	73
		Kolar Gold Fields . . . . .	...	1
		Tumkur District	132	100
		Shimoga District	48	26
		Chitaldroog District	61	51
		TOTAL	661	460

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	• Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	129	86
		Baichur District	255	181
		Aurangabad District	6	3
		Nizamabad District. . . . .	...	...
		Gulbarga District . . . . .	...	...
		Bidar District	20	11
		Pa-bhani District	30	28
		Atrafbalda District. . . . .	...	...
		Nander District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	184	164
		Bir District	18	4
		TOTAL	633 (a)	476 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	115	73
		Indore Residency	30	7
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Rutlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	7	6
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	10	5
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	6	5
		Neemuch Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State	2	2
		Bagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	134	100
		Schore Agency Limits	20	21
		Bhopal State	876	829
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa State	2	2
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitaman State . . . . .	...	...
		Sohawal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	1,202 (b)	1,050 (b)

(a) From 9th to 15th October 1911.

(b) Figures for the week ending 14th October 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	8	8
		Mewar State	2	2
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhara . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	1
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	10 (a)	11 (a)
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
BALU- CHISTAN	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	9,588	7,185

(a) Figures for the week ending 20th October 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 26th October 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Towards the close of the previous week a disturbance was in course of formation in the Gulf of Siam and on the 19th-20th this passed into the Bay of Bengal. It developed into a storm in the Andaman Sea and moved to the northwest of the Andaman Islands, in the meanwhile becoming of a severe type. It then recurved and assumed a northeasterly path; crossed the Arakan coast on the 23rd-24th and gave heavy rainfall over the greater part of Burma. The diffuse depression which then remained disappeared in Upper Burma on the following day. Weather became unsettled again in the Andaman Sea on the 24th and 25th. Conditions were disturbed in Kashmir during the week and the first fall of snow was reported from Dras on the 22nd. On the 25th scattered falls of rain occurred over Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province and the Punjab owing to the influence in these areas of a depression, apparently of the cold weather type.

2. Throughout the week temperature was above normal in northwest India and below normal in Burma, the defect being very marked in Upper Burma on the 22nd and 23rd. Cool weather prevailed in the extreme southeast of the Peninsula until the 22nd.

3. *Burma.*—Rainfall steadily increased as the storm in the Bay developed; on the 23rd it had become nearly general, but diminished on the following day.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Practically no rain fell until the 24th, but on that date light rain was reported from every station in Assam and some falls occurred in the north of Eastern Bengal.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—No rainfall was reported.

Northwest India.—The first fall of snow of the season occurred at Dras on the 22nd. Scattered falls of rain were reported from Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province and the Punjab on the 25th, Chaman and Quetta receiving 0·62" and 0·55" respectively and Delhi 0·12".

The Peninsula.—On the 19th rainfall was nearly general in the southern half of the division excluding Malabar, but diminished progressively until the 23rd when weather became dry.

4. The most important falls reported were as follows :—

October 19th. Victoria Point 3·05", Mergui 1·12", Yamethin 1·38", Trivandrum 1·07", Pamban 1·64" and Negapatam 1·25".

" 20th. Victoria Point 3·64", Monywa 1·18", Bhamo 1·23", Tinnevely 1·59", Pamban 2·10" and Negapatam 2·18".

" 21st. Tavoy 2·23", Diamond Island 4·78" and Negapatam 1·10".

" 22nd. Tavoy and Moulmein each 1·19", Rangoon 5·08", Bassein 1·74", Diamond Island 1·47", Thayetmyo 1·50", Minbu 1·93", Monywa 1·08" and Bhamo 1·05".

" 23rd. Mergui 1·69", Tavoy 3·88", Moulmein 1·06", Toungoo 1·09", Thayetmyo 2·80", Minbu 1·78", Yamethin 1·95", Bhamo 3·49" and Myitkyina 1·76".

" 24th. Myitkyina 1·22" and Sibsagar 0·91".

" 25th. Delhi 0·12", Montgomery 0·16", Quetta 0·55", Chaman 0·62" and Parachinar 0·26".

5. Rainfall during the week was very largely above normal in Burma; normal in Assam and Kashmir; and in defect over the rest of India excluding the Punjab, Rajputana West, Sind, the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan. The Punjab Southwest and Baluchistan, where normally no rain falls at this time, received 0·1" and 0·4" respectively. During the period 28th April to 26th October rainfall was in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Aseam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; normal or nearly normal in Burma, the United Provinces East, Baluchistan, Central India East, the Central Provinces East, Mysore and Malabar; in very marked defect in the North-West Frontier Province, Rajputana West, Sind and Gujarat; and in slight to moderate defect elsewhere.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 26TH OCTOBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 26TH OCTOBER 1911.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	4'2	2'1	+2'1	87'8	95'3	- 7'5	- 8	- 10
Lower Burma	4'2	1'7	+2'5	144'5	137'8	+ 6'7	+ 5	+ 3
Upper Burma	4'2	0'9	+3'3	41'5	39'1	+ 2'4	+ 6	- 2
Assam	0'6	0'6	0	91'2	77'1	+ 14'1	+ 18	+ 18
Eastern Bengal	0	0'8	-0'8	91'5	78'0	+ 13'5	+ 17	+ 19
Bengal	0	0'6	-0'6	46'3	55'9	- 9'6	- 17	- 16
Orissa	0'5	0'7	-0'7	45'9	56'8	- 10'9	- 19	- 18
Chota Nagpur	0	0'4	-0'4	53'8	48'8	+ 5'0	+ 10	+ 11
Bihar	0	0'4	-0'4	55'3	50'1	+ 5'2	+ 10	+ 11
United Provinces, East	0	0'3	-0'3	37'5	39'2	- 1'7	- 4	- 4
United Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	27'6	39'0	- 11'4	- 29	- 29
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	11'0	21'4	- 10'4	- 49	- 49
Punjab, South-west	0'1	0	+0'1	4'2	8'1	- 3'9	- 48	- 49
Kashmir	0'1	0'1	0	5'2	8'8	- 3'6	- 41	- 41
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	1'8	5'8	- 4'0	- 69	- 69
Baluchistan	0'4	0	+0'4	0'9	0'9	0	0	- 44
Sind	0	0	0	0	4'8	- 4'8	- 100	- 100
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	3'7	11'3	- 7'6	- 67	- 67
Rajputana, East	0	0'1	-0'1	11'4	22'0	- 10'6	- 48	- 48
Gujarat	0	0'2	-0'2	6'9	23'4	- 16'5	- 71	- 70
Central India, West	0	0'2	-0'2	19'8	29'5	- 9'7	- 33	- 32
Central India, East	0	0'2	-0'2	39'3	41'0	- 1'7	- 4	- 4
Berar	0	0'5	-0'5	18'9	31'0	- 12'1	- 39	- 38
Central Provinces, West	0	0'4	-0'4	36'6	44'4	- 7'8	- 18	- 17
Central Provinces, East	0	0'4	-0'4	44'6	47'4	- 2'8	- 6	- 5
Konkan	0'1	1'0	-0'9	70'0	95'9	- 25'9	- 27	- 26
Bombay Deccan	0'1	0'7	-0'6	20'1	26'4	- 6'3	- 24	- 22
Hyderabad, North	0	0'4	-0'4	24'8	32'4	- 7'6	- 23	- 23
Hyderabad, South	0	0'6	-0'6	20'2	29'2	- 9'0	- 31	- 29
Mysore	0'4	0'9	-0'5	24'8	25'2	- 0'4	- 2	0
Malabar	0'8	2'3	-1'5	82'9	92'1	- 9'2	- 10	- 9
Madras, South-east	1'6	2'5	-0'9	16'4	20'2	- 3'8	- 19	- 16
Madras Deccan	0'3	0'7	-0'4	16'5	22'0	- 5'5	- 25	- 24
Madras Coast, North	0'1	1'6	-1'5	24'2	28'9	- 4'7	- 16	- 12

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 26th October 1911.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
21st October 1911.

Burma.—There was light rainfall over Lower Burma and most districts in the dry zone report moderate or heavy rain. Transplanting of the winter rice crop in flooded areas continues. In Upper Burma sowing of late sesamum and of miscellaneous island crops and plucking of cotton are progressing normally. The rain has improved crop prospects in parts of the dry zone. The price of unhusked rice has fallen slightly at Rangoon but remains abnormal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—Very little rain fell during the week. Cold weather conditions are now fully established. Sowing of spring crops is proceeding briskly. Early sowings in many districts were destroyed by rain and flood. Damage to winter rice by flood was extensive but not very serious. Insect pests are also widely prevalent. The setting in of the cold weather is causing an early close of the tea season. The average price of common rice is practically unchanged. Cattle disease is prevalent in Cachar, Kamrup and Nowgong.

Bengal.—Light rain fell in Murshidabad, Khulna, Purnea, Darjeeling, the Sonthal Parganas, Balasore, Angul, Cooch Bihar and in parts of the 24-Parganas, Nadia, Jessore and Cuttack. There was no rain in the rest of the Province. Preparation of lands for spring crops is going on. Sowings continue. The *aman* paddy is doing well. More rain is needed in parts of Cuttack. Some damage has been done by insects in Midnapur and Balasore. The price of common rice has risen in Burdwan, Murshidabad, Darbhanga, Angul and Manbhum and has fallen in the 24-Parganas, Nadia, Jessore, Khulna, Saran, Champaran, Purnea, Ranchi and Hazaribagh. Cattle disease is reported from Jessore, Gaya, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient except in parts of Nadia where fodder is reported to be insufficient.

United Provinces.—The weather was fine and seasonable. Standing crops are flourishing and prospects are good. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in full swing. Agricultural stock is in a good condition though sporadic disease continues in twenty-three districts. Fodder supplies and water are everywhere ample. Prices remain practically stationary.

Punjab.—Rainfall nil. Rain is badly wanted in most districts. The condition of the standing irrigated crops is generally fair and that of the unirrigated crops poor. Picking of cotton and harvesting of autumn crops continue in Rohtak, Karnal, Ambala, Ludhiana, Lahore, Amritsar, Gujranwala, Shahpur, Rawalpindi, Jhang and Multan. Spring crops are being sown. Boll-worms are reported from Jullundur, Shahpur, Multan and Muzaffargarh. Preventive measures continue to be taken. Standing crops have been damaged by grasshoppers in a part of Sialkot. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in the Central Punjab districts and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts. Water is insufficient in parts of Jhelum and Mianwali. Canal water is deficient in Montgomerie.

North-West Frontier Province.—The rain still holds off. It is very badly wanted all over the Province to improve the condition of standing crops and for future prospects. The condition of standing crops is unchanged and as reported last week the *barani* crops have failed everywhere except in Hazara. Sowings of spring crops are in progress to a small extent in Dera Ismail Khan. Autumn crops have been damaged slightly by insects. Harvesting of rice and maize and picking of cotton continue in the Peshawar district and the outturn is reported average on the whole. Sugarcane pressing commenced in the Charsadda tahsil of the Peshawar district. The water-supply is generally sufficient but is scarce in the Maira Circle in the Charsadda tahsil. Fodder and drinking water are not procurable in many villages of the Dera Ismail Khan district. Fodder is also insufficient in parts of the Peshawar district. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur canal in Dera Ismail Khan. Cattle are generally in good condition except in Dera Ismail Khan where their condition is poor. Cattle disease is reported in two villages of the Peshawar tahsil. The public health is good. Prices of food grains except gram and *bajra* are fluctuating. Prices:—wheat 11½ to 17½, gram 15½ to 25, maize 14½ to 25½, and *bajra* 16½ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Basohli and Akhnur tahsils of the Province. Fodder is sufficient except in the Ranbirsinghpura, Jammu, Kistwar and Akhnur tahsils.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Zamindars are busy in harvesting and collecting autumn crops. Prices are slightly cheaper than last week. Zamindars are engaged in sowing the *til* crop. The condition of autumn crops is good except in *karewa* areas. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is slightly below average.

Rajputana.—Spring sowings continue but rain is needed in Ajmere for cultivation of gram while in Merwara, the hilly tracts of Mewar and Shahpura the water-supply is running low and sowings are considerably restricted. Prospects in these places are not satisfactory, autumn harvest having practically failed. Dry lands are very meagre in Jodhpur. Jaisalmer reports agricultural operations to have been suspended. Over the rest of the Province prospects of spring harvest are fair to good. The condition of cattle is poor in Jaisalmer and Shahpura owing to deficiency of grazing. Pasturage and fodder are insufficient in parts of Jodhpur and Jaipur and are rapidly becoming so in Merwara. Some cattle emigration is reported. 6,630 head emigrated from Jodhpur and 350 from Merwara. Prices have risen by 2 seers in Sirohi, are fluctuating slightly in a few places and are generally steady.

Central India.—Slight showers fell in the Barwani State. No rain fell elsewhere. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. Autumn crops are being reaped and their outturn promises to be average or above average in Baghelkhand, Malwa, Bhopal, Bundelkhand and the greater part of Gwalior and Indore but below average in the southern portion of Bhopawar and Indore and the northern districts of Gwalior. Cattle disease prevails in certain places in Indore. Gwalior, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Pasturage is insufficient in some parts of Indore and scarce in Bhopawar, but is plentiful elsewhere. Prices are steady in Gwalior, Malwa and Bhopawar, fluctuating in some parts of Indore and Bundelkhand and high in Baghelkhand.

Central Provinces.—During the week Narsinghpur, Raipur, Buldana and the Vindhyan districts had a sprinkling of rain not exceeding 39 cents. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in full swing. Picking of cotton continues. Prospects are generally good. Fodder and water are adequate. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices are almost steady.

Feudatory States.—During the week four States received rain ranging between 1 and $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. The state of standing crops is generally good. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient. Prices:—rice sells cheaper by 4 seers per rupee in Sirguja.

Bombay.—Good rain fell during the week in parts of Kanara, moderate in Ratnagiri, Nasik, Belgaum and Savantvadi, slight in Thana, Colaba, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Dharwar and *nil* elsewhere. Rain is urgently needed throughout the Presidency for standing crops and spring cultivation. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain in parts of West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha, have failed in parts of Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Kaira and the Panch Mahals, and are fairly good elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind, Kaira, West Khandesh and Poona. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in parts of Surat, Nasik, Satara, Belgaum, Kathiawar, Baroda and Cutch but has been retarded in parts of Poona and Bijapur. Cotton sowing is in progress in Dharwar. Cotton has been damaged by insects in parts of Hyderabad and is suffering from insufficient moisture in Broach. Cotton picking continues in Thar and Parkar, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Khandesh and Ahmednagar. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, the Deccan, Belgaum and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. The drinking water-supply is inadequate in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad, Sholapur, Kathiawar and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Hyderabad, Gujarat, West Khandesh, Poona, Sholapur, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kathiawar. Prices have risen in parts of Karachi, Larkana, Thar and Parkar, East Khandesh and Bijapur, have fallen in the Panch Mahals and Satara and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 29 to 44 per cent, in Gujarat 22 to 47 per cent, in the Konkan 18 to 34 per cent, in the Deccan 23 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 24 to 40 per cent less than the normal.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals. It will probably increase as field labour is becoming scarce. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in raising fodder wherever irrigation is available, in collecting grass and in digging temporary wells. Stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells from 9 to $9\frac{1}{2}$ and maize from $10\frac{1}{2}$ to $11\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. The number of persons on works is rising. Daily average number for week ending 21st instant was 8,780 on relief works and 2,435 on gratuitous relief. There were 592 persons on test works in the Native States of Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha.

Hyderabad.—Little or no rain fell during the week except in Nalgonda and parts of the Mahbubnagar and Warangal districts. The highest falls were:—2 inches 10 cents in Suriapet and 2 inches 2 cents in Huzurnagar. The average for the Dominions was 17 cents. Autumn crops are fair except in Aurangabad, Bir and parts of the Nizamabad district where rain is urgently required. The early rice crop is fair to good. Sowings of

spring crops are progressing but rain is wanted in Aurangabad for sowing operations. Cattle disease is reported in fourteen talukas and fodder scarcity in two. Prices:—wheat $7\frac{1}{2}$, coarse rice $6\frac{1}{2}$ and *juar* $13\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee, showing a rise of $\frac{1}{2}$ seer in the price of wheat. White *juar* is selling at $11\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in the districts is 9 seers in Aurangabad and Medak and the lowest 26 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—Good rain fell throughout the State. Prices of food grains are steady and markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 1 inch 19 cents. The condition of the rice crop is good. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in Nellore, the Nilgiris and South Canara, heavy in Guntur, Madras, Malabar, South Arcot, Chingleput and Tanjore, light to fair in Ganjam, the Vizagapatam Agency, Bellary, Anantapur and Trichinopoly and good elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Kistna, Guntur, Nellore, Trichinopoly, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Bellary, Cuddapah and Tanjore. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Kurnool, Bellary, Tanjore, Ramnad, and the Nilgiris and have withered in parts of South Canara. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease. The early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers. Bug-affected coffee in parts of the Nilgiris is recovering through the recent rains. Harvests continue with outturn fair to normal generally. Pasture is scanty in parts of Bellary, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Madura and Tinnevely, is improving in Ramnad and parts of Tinnevely and is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Godavari and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in thirteen districts, has fallen in four and has risen in eight. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in nine districts, has fallen in six and has risen in eight. *Cholam* is stationary in three districts, has fallen in four and has risen in seven. *Cumbu* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in six and has risen in six. The rise is most noticeable in the price of *ragi* in Tinnevely and the fall is most noticeable in that of *cumbu* in Cuddapah. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair and improving in Vizagapatam, Anantapur, Cuddapah and Ramnad, but more rain is required in parts of Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Chittoor, North Arcot, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, South Canara and the Nilgiris. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Nepal.—*Report for the quarter ending 15th October 1911.*—The rainfall for the period was 32.56 inches against 36.82 inches for the corresponding period of the last year.

August 1911.—Rice was sown in the Terai. Pears and apples were gathered in Nepal, the outturn was good.

September 1911.—Chillies, early rice and maize were harvested in the hills and the Nepal valley. The outturn was good. Potatoes and early winter vegetables were sown.

October 1911.—Millet and autumn rice are being harvested. The sowing of garlic and onions is in progress. Lands are being prepared to sow wheat, barley and peas for the spring crop.

The market is well stocked and the price of food grains is normal. Cattle disease prevailed in the Nepal valley during the month of September 1911.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	6,001	...	6,001	8,780	2,435	11,215	+ 5,214

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the British and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 14th October 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population affected in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	<i>Districts.</i>			C	BOMBAY.					
1	Panch Mahals.	9224	180,930	6,001	.....	.....	.....	6,001	.....	.....
	<i>Native States—</i>									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	413	.....
2	Bewa Kantha	(Not known)	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	.....

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

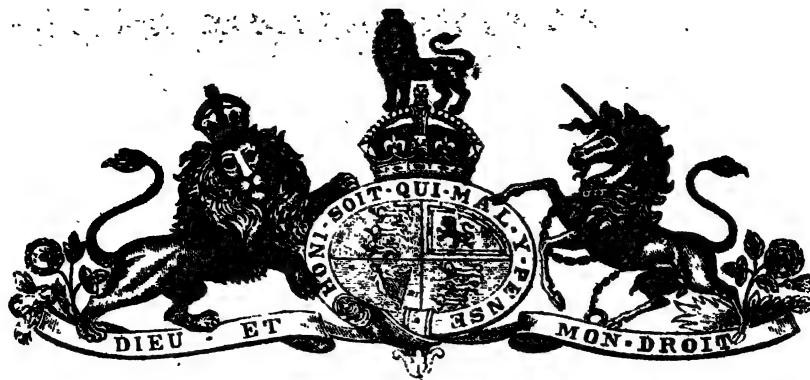
**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)**

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N. B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.							
			Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.				
	During 2nd half of 1910.	During official year 1910-11.	1910.	1911.	14th October 1910.	14th October 1911.	1910.	1911.	14th October 1910.	14th October 1911.			14th October 1910.	14th October 1911.						
State and Guaranteed Railways.	R	R	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R				
Bengal-Nagpur (including 5' 6" gauge lines)	222	251	2,367	2,494	5,26,525	6,18,000	222	248	7,36,257	77,00,000	3,16,743	...	1,53,61,796	1,64,94,000	11,30,204	...				
Bezawada Extension	261	314	21	21	5,051	7,900	241	376	82,857	1,14,000	31,143	...	1,77,418	2,04,000	26,522	...				
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Virangam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 31" gauge)	820	910	504	504	3,75,135	4,04,000	735	801	53,07,312	57,71,000	3,91,688	...	1,20,61,222	1,28,17,000	7,55,078	...				
Nagda-Muttra	118	116	339	339	44,455	43,000	131	127	4,39,845	5,94,000	1,54,155	...	8,05,900	14,53,000	6,47,100	...				
Eastern Bengal State (incldg. 3' 31" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	410	577	1,501	1,507	7,26,341	7,44,000	484	492	85,14,838	99,46,000	14,31,162	...	1,43,23,720	1,61,44,000	17,20,280	...				
East Indian	629	719	2,338	2,385	14,69,750	17,94,000	629	732	2,23,51,520	2,46,91,000	13,39,480	...	4,55,54,832	4,80,74,000	25,19,168	...				
Great Indian Peninsula (incldg. Indian Midland)	479	580	2,478	2,473	9,80,230	11,51,000	400	495	1,38,83,051	1,52,53,000	13,69,949	...	3,13,09,477	3,43,21,000	30,11,523	...				
Agra-Delhi Chord	268	276	126	126	33,993	5,000	270	306	4,57,716	5,51,000	1,00,284	...	9,51,375	10,79,000	1,27,625	...				
Bikaner-Kotah	51	55	40	40	2,493	5,000	62	130	34,221	51,800	17,579	...	65,805	95,700	30,095	...				
Bhopal-Itarsi	402	417	57	57	23,834	17,100	418	303	2,61,207	2,79,000	17,793	...	6,79,251	6,90,000	10,749	...				
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 31" gauge lines)	209	231	2,585	2,585	4,93,050	5,07,000	191	196	78,33,951	88,84,000	10,50,046	...	1,67,54,964	1,80,94,000	13,39,036	...				
North Western State (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)	386	382	3,718	3,806	13,41,062	15,00,000	361	394	2,14,49,215	2,17,09,000	2,59,785	...	3,85,93,205	4,23,40,000	37,46,795	...				
Oudh and Rohilkhand State (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 31" link)	253	264	1,403	1,431	3,40,425	3,24,000	243	225	47,00,440	49,16,000	2,15,560	...	98,57,494	1,08,83,000	9,95,506	...				
Hardwar-Dehra	224	237	32	32	8,128	7,600	254	237	1,01,775	1,26,000	24,225	...	2,16,391	2,60,000	43,609	...				
Assam-Bengal	130	127	790	790	1,19,048	1,26,000	151	160	15,02,387	16,01,000	98,613	...	27,10,558	28,94,000	1,83,442	...				
Burma	209	252	1,529	1,529	3,07,700	3,27,000	203	214	44,22,960	47,70,000	3,47,040	...	97,69,400	1,02,34,000	4,64,600	...				
Hyderabad (British Section)	139	144	124	124	15,306	17,500	123	141	2,40,020	3,10,000	60,950	...	4,64,845	6,38,000	1,73,155	...				
Lucknow-Bareilly	144	154	215	234	28,183	26,000	131	107	4,56,743	4,05,000	8,257	...	10,13,172	10,86,000	72,828	...				
Mysore (incldg. Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	121	134	411	411	54,206	46,300	132	113	7,29,365	7,99,000	69,635	...	15,96,795	16,28,000	31,205	...				
Palampur-Deesa	60	66	17	17	1,031	700	64	41	14,796	11,100	...	3,696	32,816	25,300	...	7,616				
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5' 6" gauge)	275	291	1,914	1,912	4,51,222	4,78,000	236	247	69,60,563	73,63,000	4,02,437	...	1,45,45,499	1,52,03,000	6,57,501	...				
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	309	318	1,396	1,396	4,39,967	4,65,000	315	355	62,77,824	71,12,000	8,34,176	...	1,21,26,000	1,35,39,000	15,06,800	...				
Travancore Branch	126	125	108	108	13,112	14,700	121	136	2,10,014	2,35,000	24,986	...	3,89,121	4,22,000	32,879	...				
Tirhoot	175	207	776	776	1,18,090	1,23,000	152	159	17,26,315	20,22,000	2,95,685	...	43,15,123	46,39,000	3,24,877	...				
Jorhat (Provincial) State	62	62	30	30	2,341	2,200	78	73	29,994	32,900	2,906	...	55,385	62,000	6,615	...				
TOTAL	334	344	24,803	25,127	79,23,766	88,09,500	319	351	11,63,45,219	12,52,56,800	89,11,581	...	23,07,33,324	25,32,78,900	2,25,45,576	...				
All other Railways.																				
Amritsar-Patti-Kasur	103	103	56	56	7,547	8,000	135	143	1,32,887	1,45,000	12,113	...	1,15,538	2,75,000	59,462	...				
Bhopal-Ujjain	120	151	114	114	10,534	16,000	145	142	1,60,591	2,13,000	32,407	...	4,69,494	4,91,000	21,506	...				
Binn-Gosia-Baran	37	45	148	148	5,023	7,800	34	53	72,517	94,400	21,883	...	1,69,723	2,11,000	41,277	...				
Delhi-Umbela-Kalka	311	290	102	102	53,124	62,100	328	293	6,61,729	7,03,000	1,01,271	...	13,07,497	15,08,000	2,00,503	...				
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	110	105	16	16	2,487	1,000	155	69	24,225	25,000	1,175	...	47,636	40,300	...	1,436				
Khanpur-Chachran (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	108	201	79	79	11,897	10,000	151	126	1,90,072	1,82,000	...	8,076	5,41,816	3,65,000	...	1,76,816				
Nagda-Ujjain	125	151	24	24	4,498	2,800	122	82	55,168	49,800	...	5,368	1,26,297	1,23,000	...	5,997				
Nizam's Guaranteed State	289	316	334	334	63,855	89,700	191	260	12,38,531	13,20,000	81,469	...	26,23,457	27,58,000	1,34,543	...				
Petlad-Cambay	133	157	34	34	3,683	4,900	108	144	60,130	69,100	8,970	...	1,45,018	1,61,000	15,982	...				
Rajpura-Bhatinda	234	243	106	106	24,091	23,000	227	213	3,39,472	3,85,000	54,528	...	6,84,605	8,36,000	1,51,395	...				
Southern Punjab	179	195	424	425	60,286	1,00,000	156	235	10,74,162	13,75,000	3,00,838	...	23,01,132	27,50,000	4,48,868	...				
"Ludhiana" extension	127	125	152	155	18,211	24,000	120	155	3,06,458	3,32,000	25,542	...	5,61,018	6,31,000	69,982	...				
Sutlej Valley	55	57	209	209	11,913	12,000	57	57	1,50,688	1,72,000	21,312	...	6,15,688	2,68,000	...	1,17,312				
Tapti Valley	124	146	155	155	15,149	12,900	98	83	1,84,217	1,77,000	32,783	...	4,37,196	5,63,000	1,25,804	...				
Tarapur	209	334	22	22	6,453	5,100	293	232	95,422	87,000	...	7,522	2,06,974	1,06,000	...	10,974				
Ahmedabad-Dholka	68	74	34	34	2,064	1,900	61	56	32,770	28,700	...	4,070	74,110	69,700	...	2,410				
Ahmedabad-Parantij (c)	101	113	55	55	4,632	6,400	84	72	76,948	92,700	15,752	...	1,73,647	200,000	26,353	...				
Bengal and North-Western	124	150	1,119	1,177	14,428	13,200	102	112	18,50,336	23,00,000	5,09,664	...	44,84,731	52,00,000	7,44,269	...				
Bengal Doons	159	143	153	153	24,055	25,800	157	169	3,23,279	3,56,000	32,721	...	5,55,553	6,08,000	52,447	...				
Bezawada-Masulipatam	98	108	52	52	4,658	4,800	90	92	77,376	75,600	...	776	1,62,509	1,65,000	...	6,509				
Bhavnagar (including Dhanagadra)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gondal-Portbandar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jamnagar	118	133	459	459	45,529	5,100	99	94	7,39,681	8,100	...	1,05,219	16,35,475	1,73,595	...	...		
Jetalpur-Rajkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Junagadh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cooch Behar	125	132	33	33	4,753	3,800	144	115	53,575	65,400	11,825	...	1,04,335	1,14,000	9,665	...				
Dibru-Sadiya	282	279	78	86	18,993	23,800	242	277	3,26,366	3,40,000	3,634	...	6,11,350	6,25,000	13,640	...				
Gaekwar's Mobsana (including Vijapur-Kalol-Kodi)	75	88	179	179	12,250	15,000	68	84	1,77,427	1,88,000	10,573	...	4,08,001	4,11,000	2,999	...				
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	138	171	392	392	40,920	50,000	104	130	6,59,506	7,12,000	54,494	...	17,00,275	16,49,000	...	51,275				
Jaipur	55	60	73	73	3,405	3,000	47	41	61,427	49,800	...	11,627	1,18,959	1,22,000	3,041	...				
Jodhpur-Bikaner	82	90	831	910	57,222	75,100	69	82	9,85,690	12,40,000	2,54,310	...	20,62,196	25,60,000	4,97,804	...				
Kolhapur	138	171	29	29	2,081	3,800	72	131	61,557	62,100	543	...	1,34,666	1,37,000	2,334	...				
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo	44	40	50	50	2,234	1,800	45	39	25,131	21,800	...	3,331	45,949	46,600	651	...				
Morri (including Vankar-Morri, 2' 6" gauge)	97	111	93	93	7,630	9,400	82	101	1,35,614	1,50,000	14,386	...	3,01,397	3,17,000	15,603	...				
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	144	136	55	55	9,129	10,300	171	157	1,09,248	1,15,000	5,752	...	1,92,000	1,93,000	10,994	...				
Rohilkhand and Kumaon	120	134	214	214	27,385	29,300	121	127	4,34,271	4,31,000	...	3,271	8,56,668	9,31,000	74,332	...				
Sangli	160	166	5	5	291	600	18	120	8,748	12,000	3,252	...	20,243	24,000	3,757	...				
Shoranur-Cochin	156	165	65	65	9,821	11,000	151	163	1,45,897	1,64,000	18,103	...	29,786	31,000	1,213	...				
Tanjore District Board	140	146	103	103	12,006	14,500	125	141	2,14,542	2,31,000	19,									

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 23rd October 1911.

From the 2nd December next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 25th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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		R s. p.
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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

C. T. LETTON,

Offg. Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Na. B. R. C. - 773.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first five months of 1911-1912 as compared with the corresponding period of 1910-1911.

[illegible]

ENGLAND.				INDIA.			
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO AUGUST.		WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO AUGUST.	
Preliminary Accounts, 1910-1911.	Budget, 1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Preliminary Accounts, 1910-1911.	Budget, 1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.
DISBURSEMENTS.							
Expenditure.							
Direct Demands on the Revenues				13,07,65,000	13,45,06,000	6,17,78,000	55,27,60,000
Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)				4,70,15,000	5,45,59,000	2,30,71,000	2,37,73,000
Post Office, Telegraph and Mint				3,97,87,000	4,52,11,000	1,61,17,000	1,63,16,000
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments				2,174,21,000	2,167,20,000	8,59,01,000	9,30,41,000
Miscellaneous Civil Charges				3,51,69,000	3,40,51,000	1,41,19,000	1,35,36,000
Famine Relief and Insurance				57,49,000	1,43,61,000	22,09,000	22,44,000
Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)				23,89,37,000	27,08,05,000	9,85,86,000	10,77,22,000
Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)				2,87,79,000	3,26,03,000	1,21,55,000	1,12,05,000
Other Public Works				6,58,48,000	8,13,21,000	2,24,21,000	3,01,12,000
Military Services				22,82,91,000	23,15,10,000	9,13,19,000	9,25,16,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL AND PROVINCIAL.				1,05,77,86,000	1,11,31,64,000	43,90,79,000	44,61,41,000
Add—Provincial Surpluses, that is, portion of allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year			
Deduct—Provincial Deficits, that is, portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from provincial balances			
TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE				1,05,77,86,000	1,11,31,64,000	43,90,79,000	44,61,41,000
Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.				6,41,83,000	8,68,18,000	78,75,000	2,10,09,000
Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works			
Capital Charge involved in redemption of Liabilities			
Capital of Railway Companies (net payments)				6,41,83,000	9,39,91,000	78,75,000	2,10,09,000
TOTAL			
Debt, Deposits, and Advances			
Permanent Debt (net discharged)			
Temporary do. (do.)			
Unfunded do. (do.)			
Deposits and Advances (net)				12,36,000	2,02,10,000	2,79,000	2,82,000
Loans and Advances by Imperial Government				1,12,75,000	1,45,27,000	54,15,000	61,58,000
Lo. do. by Provincial Governments			
Loans to Local Boards				36,46,000	31,73,85,000	3,79,17,000	1,27,97,000
Remittances (net)				34,86,72,000	...	1,56,79,000	1,27,48,400
Secretary of State's Bills paid			
Do. do. exchange			
Drafts on London (net)			
TOTAL				36,11,18,000	27,70,76,000	18,01,75,000	14,62,16,000
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS				1,48,02,87,000	1,49,34,91,000	60,13,79,000	61,33,66,000
Closing Balance				20,36,10,000	18,72,8,000	19,45,3,000	20,30,55,000
GRAND TOTAL				1,68,38,97,000	1,68,07,39,000	79,77,22,000	81,64,21,000

R. W. GILLAN,
Comptroller General.

The 27th October 1911.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 26th October 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2023-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 23rd October 1911:—

- No. 564 of 1911.—William Francis Wiles, engineer, Fred street, Ithaca, Brisbane, in the state of Queensland, commonwealth of Australia, Thomas Macleod, barrister-at-law, of Lutwyche Chambers, Adelaide street, in the said city, state and commonwealth, and Frederick William Wiles, accountant, Fred street, Ithaca, in the said city, state and commonwealth. *An improved aeroplane.*
- No. 565 of 1911.—Andrew Laing, engineer, of 15 Osborn road, Newcastle-on-Tyne, in the county of Northumberland, England. *Improvements in liquid fuel furnaces.*
- No. 566 of 1911.—Jehangir Sorabji Banaji, Assistant in The Manockji Petit Manufacturing Company, Limited, Tardeo, Bombay, India, of 3 Cumballa Hill, Bombay, India. *Improved high efficiency electric incandescent lamp and holder.*
- No. 567 of 1911.—John Isaac Solomon, engineer and pearl fishery expert, of New York city, United States of America, presently residing at the Royal Hotel, Rangoon, Burma. *Improvements in the methods of artificially causing the production of pearls.*
- No. 568 of 1911.—C. Ellis and E. F. Lowe, c/o Messrs. Mower and Co., 8 Sparkes street, Rangoon. *The Ellis-lowe plunger.*
- No. 569 of 1911.—Otis Angelo Mygatt, manufacturer, of 50 Church street, New York, United States of America. *Improvements in glassware.*
- No. 570 of 1911.—Sidney Adolph Horstmann, engineer, of 10 Norfolk Crescent, Bath, county of Somerset, England. *Spring wheels for road vehicles.*
- No. 571 of 1911.—Fred Crocker, railway draughtsman, of 63 Walbrook road, Derby, in the county of Derby, England. *Improvements in or relating to brake lever arrangements for railway and other vehicles.*
- No. 572 of 1911.—Joy Krishto Biswas, traffic inspector, Graham & Co., Calcutta 7, Hurry Ghose's street, Calcutta. *Joyrance domestic hand loom.*
- No. 573 of 1911.—William Joseph Johnston, forge manager, of 13 Victoria road, Broomhall Park, Sheffield, in the county of York, England. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of axles and the like.*

No. 2024-P.—The undermentioned designs have been registered, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma. These and other designs are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1 Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying:—

- No. 59-D of 1911.—The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, 56 Mosley street, Manchester, in the county of Lancashire, England.
A design for textile fabrics as follows:—

Medium size flower object in broad plain stripe having lace edging divided by plain stripe on solid ground and single roses dispersed.

No. 60-D of 1911.—The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, 56 Mosley street, Manchester, in the county of Lancashire, England.
A design for textile fabrics as follows:—

Broad and narrow Cashmere stripe on solid ground, the broad stripe being ornate with ring motives, the narrow stripe being single corolla varied in colour.

No. 61-D of 1911.—The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, 56 Mosley street, Manchester, in the county of Lancashire, England.
A design for textile fabrics as follows:—

Small flower object on two plain stripes having lace edging with solid ground.

No. 62-D of 1911.—Lakhpatri Gannoolal Sadh, printers, dyers and merchants, residing in Mohalla Sadhwara, Farruckabad, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. *A design for printed cotton, wool or silk consisting of buildings, animals, birds and trees in a floral border.*

No. 63-D of 1911.—Harry McAdam, manufacturer, trading as The Liverette Company, of Irene Buildings, Market street, Johannesburg, Transvaal, Union of South Africa. *A design relating to a box.*

No. 64-D of 1911.—Devi Datto Kanyal, teacher, Mahrageon, P. O. Bhowali, district Naini Tal. *A design for wooden pieces for building up specified characters, figures (Urdu, Nagri, English) and drawings.*

No. 2025-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying:—

No. 658 of 1910.—Asa Norman Whitney, Captain, Marine Engineer and ammunition manufacturer, of the Melbourne Club, Melbourne, in the commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in and relating to rifle ranges, targets and the like.* (Specification filed 10 October 1911.)

No. 114 of 1911.—Emily Kathleen Neame, of 57, Free School street, in the town of Calcutta, British India. *Improvements in combination or code locks.* (Specification filed 12 October 1911.)

No. 121 of 1911.—James Ernest Tatham, engineer, of 2, Margaret lane, Sydney, in the state of New South Wales, commonwealth of Australia. *Means for preventing the combustion of the films in cinematograph and other similar appliances.* (Specification filed 10 October 1911.)

No. 158 of 1911.—Emile Feuillet, engineer, of 46 Rue Fessart, Boulogne-sur-Seine, France. *An improved process for steeping or retting flax, hemp and the like.* (Specification filed 13 October 1911.)

No. 307 of 1911.—William Moir, consulting engineer, of 77 Hornby road, Bombay. *Improvements in hinges.* (Specification filed 9 October 1911.)

No. 308 of 1911.—William Moir, consulting engineer, of 77 Hornby road, Bombay. *Improvements in kerosine oil burners.* (Specification filed 9 October 1911.)

No. 361 of 1911.—Dinshawji Hirjibhoy Todiwalla, mechanical engineer, residing at Kamatipura, Byculla, Bombay. *Improvements in mills for grinding sugar.* (Specification filed 9 October 1911.)

No. 406 of 1911.—Harold Linter Cole, assistant secretary, Railway Board, c/o Messrs. King, King & Company, and at present residing in Simla. *An improved slide rule for calculating the tractive effort of steam locomotives.* (Specification filed 13 October 1911.)

No. 423 of 1911.—Siemens Brothers and Company, Limited, electrical engineers, of Caxton House, Westminster, S.W., London, England, and Francis Hird, electrical engineer, of 1, Ingleside Grove, Blackheath, in the county of London, England. *A method for separating spurious from genuine coins.* (Specification filed 9 October 1911.)

No. 459 of 1911.—Sydney Charles Caddy, manager, of Rook Hill House, Keynsham, near Bristol, county of Somerset, England.. *An improved skipping appliance and physical exercising device.* (Specification filed 12 October 1911.)

No. 460 of 1911.—Valentine Henry Mackinney, lighting engineer, of 24 The Parade, Golders Green, London, England, and Stephen Drummond Chalmers, optician, of 25 Cornwall road, Stroud Green, London, England. *New method of and apparatus for illuminating objects.* (Specification filed 12 October 1911.)

No. 2026-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each :—

No. 463 of 1902.—The Boardite Company, Limited. *Improvements in discs or centres for the wheels of railway and other carriages and wagons.* (From 29 January 1912 to 29 January 1913.)

No. 2 of 1904.—Augustus Henry Murray Driver, George Norman and The Birmingham Small Arms Company, Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the boring of the barrels and other parts of small arms and ordnance; also tubes and other analogous articles and in machinery tools and appliances to be employed in connection therewith.* (From 23 December 1911 to 23 December 1912.)

No. 230 of 1904.—William Graaff. *Improvements in fire extinguishers.* (From 23 December 1911 to 23 December 1912.)

No. 430 of 1904.—Charles Hodgson and Frank Henry Dutton. *Improvements in apparatus for working and locking railway points.* (From 29 November 1911 to 29 November 1912.)

No. 239 of 1906.—Frederick Wilfrid Scott Stokes. *Improvements in free roller sluices.* (From 12 October 1912 to 12 October 1913.)

No. 600 of 1906.—James Robinson Hatmaker. *Cacao, sugar and milk compound in dry, flaky form.* (From 8 July 1911 to 8 July 1912.)

No. 374 of 1907.—British Insulated and Helsby Cables, Limited. *Improvements in telegraph instruments.* (From 27 November 1911 to 27 November 1912.)

No. 422 of 1907.—Alfred Lines and Edwards St. George Kirke. *Improvements in appliances for preventing waste of water.* (From 26 November 1911 to 26 November 1912.)

No. 2027-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

No. 606 of 1906.—Thomas Mitchell and Joseph Hodgson. *Improvements in sights for rifles.* (Specification filed 15 July 1907.)

No. 283 of 1907.—Andre Gambin. *Improvements in and relating to propellers for vehicles that travel in a fluid.* (Specification filed 16 July 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of ₹50 for each of the above inventions.

No. 317 of 1905.—La Société Dite Peignages et Filatures de Bourre de Soie. *Improvements in and relating to preparing, spinning, doubling, twisting and the like process and apparatus therefor.* (Specification filed 20 July 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (b) After the expiration of the fourth year and before the expiration of the fifth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of ₹50 for the above invention.

No. 517 of 1904.—Frank Conrad and William Maple Bradshaw. *Improvements in alternating current wattmeters.* (Specification filed 17 July 1905.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (c) After the expiration of the fifth year and before the expiration of the sixth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of Rs 50 for the above invention.

No. 115 of 1904.—Joseph Charles Gelly. *Improvements relating to apparatus for raising water and other liquids.* (Specification filed 14 July 1904.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (d) After the expiration of the sixth year and before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of Rs 50 for the above invention.

No. 112 of 1898.—Samuel Cleland Davidson. *Improvements in the construction of trays or sieves of foraminous material for use in machines for drying tea or other substances.* (Specification filed 16 July 1898.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (j) After the expiration of the twelfth year and before the expiration of the thirteenth year from that date.

The sum of Rs 100 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price Rs 1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. Rs. a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(g) Quarterly index, January to March and April to June 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	Rs.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-5 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	Rs.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price Rs 3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price Rs 3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are —
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs-7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs-4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price Rs-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs-5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs-5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs-2-8.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

	POWDER.	
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 25th October 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd October 1911.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION			RESERVE.									
			COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).			
			In India.			In England.			In Transit between India and England.		TOTAL.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under Coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R
Calcutta .	1,28,64,300	20,15,29,720	3,23,53,457	1,23,30,060	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	26,13,45,433
Cawnpore .	..	3,34,15,405	3,92,59,477	23,74,710	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,16,34,187
Lahore .	..	4,02,54,230	4,26,80,728	1,01,19,540	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,28,00,2681
Bombay .	1,49,62,915	16,26,04,099	3,87,93,391	6,35,68,079	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,23,61,470
Karachi .	..	1,56,55,690	29,61,760	5,51,970	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35,13,730
Madras .	88,94,460	7,09,80,645	3,26,42,050	70,75,665	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,97,17,715
Rangoon .	..	3,43,43,075	5,21,12,472	27,82,775	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,48,75,247
3,67,21,675		55,87,82,855	24,10,23,335	9,87,82,799	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	55,62,48,050
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue		28,34,895	Deduct—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									
TOTAL CIRCULATION R		55,59,48,050	TOTAL RESERVE R									
			55,59,48,050									

Deduct—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 22nd October 1911.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 22nd October 1911 to 290 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 1ST JANUARY TO 31ST OCTOBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.															COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.				SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.						Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.			
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and un-current coins from Treasury, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasury or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.							TOTAL.		
Calcutta	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	90	11	43	3	147	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	200	...	61	3	264	18	18	33	...	...	

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . . 14

His Majesty's Mint ;
Calcutta, the 25th October 1911.

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1911 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1911-12.			Receipts in August 1911.	RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL TO 31ST AUGUST 1911.		
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Imperial.	Special.	Total.
I.—Land Revenue	...	R 22,60,000	R 22,60,000	R 2,29,147	R ...	R 10,37,006	R 10,37,006
II.—Opium	...	23,000	23,000	1,939	...	6,782	6,782
IV.—Stamps	...	5,22,000	5,22,000	52,791	...	2,50,146	2,50,146
V.—Excise	...	2,60,000	2,60,000	25,345	...	1,27,958	1,27,958
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	4,000	4,000	...	...	332	332
VII.—Customs
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	5,000	1,33,000	1,38,000	24,224	1,721	48,315	50,036
IX.—Forest	...	1,64,000	1,64,000	18,210	...	71,607	71,607
X.—Registration	...	42,000	42,000	4,582	...	18,165	18,165
XI.—Tribute from Native States
XII.—Interest	12,000	...	12,000	9	190	...	190
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	1,03,000	1,03,000	11,050	...	48,094	48,094
XVIB.—Ditto	...	21,000	21,000	2,300	...	9,363	9,363
XVII.—Police	...	81,000	81,000	1,944	...	25,858	25,858
XIX.—Education	...	1,000	1,000	24	...	238	238
XX.—Medical	...	1,000	1,000	13	...	229	229
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	54	...	70	70
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	...	16,000	16,000	1,278	...	8,281	8,281
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	12,000	12,000	2,521	...	7,445	7,445
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	1,25,000	1,25,000	4,924	...	31,423	31,423
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	4,00,000	4,00,000	8,00,000	66,797	63,264	63,264	1,26,528
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation
XXXI.—Civil Works	...	1,36,000	1,36,000	7,533	...	40,526	40,526
Add—Debt Accounts	4,17,000	43,04,000	47,21,000	4,54,705	65,175	17,95,102	18,60,277
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS	42,10,792	...	...	2,41,60,783
Opening Cash Balance	46,65,497	...	...	2,60,21,060
	(a) 19,84,263	...	...	(b) 9,82,606
GRAND TOTAL	66,49,760	...	...	2,70,03,666

(a) On 1st August 1911.

(b) On 1st April 1911.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

Office of the Accountant General, Punjab,
Lahore;
The 20th October 1911.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1911 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

EXPENDITURE.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1911-12.			Disbursement in August 1911.	DISBURSEMENT FROM 1ST APRIL 1911 TO 31ST AUGUST 1911.		
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Imperial.	Special.	Total.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	R 13,000	R 12,000	R 25,000	R 6,258	R 5,450	R 5,450	R 10,900
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	10,000	19,000	216	4,347	4,347	8,694
3.—Land Revenue	3,53,000	2,61,000	6,14,000	38,120	1,43,330	1,05,853	2,49,183
6.—Stamps	11,000	11,000	22,000	1,555	3,465	3,465	6,931
7.—Excise	7,000	8,000	15,000	880	2,302	2,303	4,605
10.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	...	1,000	106	234	234	468
11.—Forest	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	8,198	14,635	14,634	29,269
12.—Registration	5,000	5,000	10,000	849	2,227	2,227	4,454
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	294,000	1,59,000	4,53,000	25,733	90,435	33,939	1,24,374
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	3,79,000	1,88,000	5,67,000	49,160	1,52,446	78,982	2,31,428
19B.—Ditto —Jails	68,000	69,000	1,37,000	14,097	30,531	30,531	61,062
20.—Police	8,54,000	8,54,000	17,08,000	1,24,593	3,38,002	3,38,001	6,76,003
21.—Education	64,000	63,000	1,27,000	4,851	16,397	16,397	32,794
23.—Ecclesiastical	41,000	...	41,000	3,409	16,591	...	16,591
24.—Medical	1,23,000	1,07,000	2,30,000	9,091	26,444	18,766	45,210
25.—Political	16,80,000	15,04,000	31,84,000	1,90,650	5,75,386	5,12,448	10,87,834
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	45,000	45,000	90,000	6,456	21,351	13,587	34,938
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	59,000	...	59,000	3,756	27,790	...	27,790
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	62,000	62,000	1,24,000	10,674	28,359	28,358	56,717
30.—Stationery and Printing	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	6,331	13,573	13,573	27,146
32.—Miscellaneous	18,000	18,000	36,000	2,516	6,750	6,751	13,501
33.—Famine Relief . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36.—Reduction or avoidance of Debt . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	4,29,000	2,19,000	6,48,000	29,044	51,119	51,119	1,02,238
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	35,000	35,000	70,000	3,215	6,175	6,175	12,350
45.—Civil Works	10,48,000	10,47,000	20,95,000	87,624	1,09,840	1,09,839	2,19,679
Add—Debt Accounts	56,58,000	47,77,000	1,04,75,000	6,27,382	16,87,179	13,96,980	30,84,159
TOTAL EXPENDITURE . . . . .	...	...	...	41,30,779	...	...	2,20,27,908
Total	...	...	...	47,58,161	...	...	2,31,12,067
Balance on 31st August 1911 . . . . .	...	...	...	18,91,599	...	...	18,91,599
GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	...	...	...	66,49,760	...	...	2,70,03,666

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
 LAHORE;
 The 20th October 1911.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
 Accountant General, Punjab.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 24th October 1911.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	2,57,91,085	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,79,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	84,49,468	12	0
Public Deposits at Head Office 83,52,405 4 7				Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,60,01,809	7	3
Public Deposits at Branches 1,44,21,202 9 1				Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,07,97,147	12	8
	2,27,73,607	13	8	Bills discounted and purchased	3,78,80,248	2	11
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,36,35,679	7	8	Balances with other Banks	32,81,433	1	6
Bank Post Bills, etc.	13,26,141	5	9	Bullion	22,03,580	15	9
Sundries	13,67,181	11	11	Dead Stock	11,548	4	1
				Stamps	2,15,772	0	5
				Sundries			
					16,46,32,093	8	7
RUPES	23,70,02,610	7	0	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office 2,28,09,408 7 3			
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches 4,95,61,108 7 2			
					7,23,70,516	14	5
				RUPES	23,70,02,610	7	0

* Includes Sovs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Sovs., value Rs. 2,63,025 0 0

† Do. do. do. Rs. 4,51,252 8 0

Rs. 7,14,277 8 0

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 26th October 1911.H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 36 $\frac{3}{4}$.By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

NO. 222 OF 1910.

Re, Liladhar Sunderji Rai Sampat, Gangadas Motilal Sethna, Javerilal Purshotumrai Jhala and Balaji Ramchandra Dharadhar, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, residing at No. 199 Mody Street, Fort; No. 160 Kalbadevi road; No. 149 Khetwadi Main Road and No. 13 New Wady Lane respectively, all trading together in co-partnership under the name, style and firm of Liladhar & Co. adjudged Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 20th day of June 1910 against the abovenamed Insolvents has been this day annulled.

Dated this 18th day of October 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort Bombay; this 20th day of October 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in J. R. B. Branson, Esquire, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of Insolvents.
238 of 1911	29th September 1911.	M. Etheraja Pillay, clerk in the Government Telegraph office, Madras, residing at No. 1-8, Woods Road, Pudupankam, Madras.	29th September 1911.	30th November 1911.
239 of 1911	29th September 1911.	T. S. Narayanasawmy Chetty and T. S. Alagappa Chetty, unemployed, residing at No. 26, Arrack Godown Street, Royapettah, Madras.	3rd October 1911.	30th November 1911.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY OFFICE, MADRAS;
The 19th October 1911.

BANK OF BENGAL.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 24th October 1911.

In connection with the forthcoming Durbar a temporary Camp Office has been opened at the Durbar Camp, Delhi, under the charge of Mr. R. C. Cumberlege.

By order of the Directors,

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th October 1911.

No. 125.—The services of 4th class Assistant Surgeon A. C. Victor, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India, with effect from the 19th September 1911.

No. 126.—No. 1053, 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Khuda-bakhsh, I.S.M.D., is granted two months' privilege leave, with effect from the 18th September 1911.

No. 127.—The services of 3rd class Assistant Surgeon F. G. Whitbread, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India, with effect from the 17th September 1911.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 19th October 1911.

No. 5068-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 15, sub-section (1), of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the territories administered by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 987-I.B., dated the 12th May 1911, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the said Agent is pleased to impose, with effect from the 1st April 1912, a tax on persons practising any of the professions or arts or carrying on any of the trades, callings or occupations enumerated in the annexed schedule within the limits of the Cantonment of Quetta at the rates noted in the schedule, namely :—

Nature of tax.	Amount.			
	R	a.	p.	
1. Butchers	6	0	0	per annum.
2. Sellers of poultry, game or fish	6	0	0	" "
3. Sellers of eggs	2	0	0	" "
4. Purchasers of bones	6	0	0	" "
5. Persons keeping pigs for profit, per animal	1	0	0	" "
6. Dealers with the flesh of pigs which have been slaughtered in India	6	0	0	" "
7. Shoe makers and sellers of boots and shoes	2	0	0	" "
8. Sellers of leather	6	0	0	" "
9. Dairy men per buffalo or cow	3	0	0	" "
Do. goat	1	8	0	" "
10. Sellers of butter	3	0	0	" "
11. Makers of ghee or sellers of ghee	3	0	0	" "
12. Sellers of milk	3	0	0	" "
13. Makers or sellers of bread, biscuits and cake	50	0	0	" "
14. Sellers of fruit	3	0	0	" "
15. Sellers of vegetables	3	0	0	" "
16. Sellers of articles of food or drink for human consumption (other than the flesh of pigs, milk, butter, bread, biscuits, cake, fruit, vegetables, aerated or other potable water or ice) which are of a perishable nature	6	0	0	" "
17. Sellers of medicines and drugs	50	0	0	" "
18. Manufacturers and sellers of aerated water by wholesale	100	0	0	" "
19. Sellers of aerated water in retail	6	0	0	" "
20. Sellers of wheat, rice and other grains or flour used as human food	4	0	0	" "
21. Makers or sellers of sweetmeats	6	0	0	" "
22. Sellers of tobacco	1	0	0	" "
23. Sellers of betel	1	0	0	" "
24. Sellers of matches	1	0	0	" "
25. Washermen	3	0	0	" "
26. Dealers in hay, straw and bhoosa	100	0	0	" "
27. Dealers in wood and charcoal	6	0	0	" "
28. Dealers in other inflammable materials	6	0	0	" "
29. Dealers in fireworks	50	0	0	" "
30. Tinning men	1	0	0	" "
31. Dyers	6	0	0	" "
32. Electroplating men	1	0	0	" "
33. Tanners	6	0	0	" "
34. Hawkers in general	2	0	0	" "
35. Barbers	1	0	0	" "
36. Fortune tellers	6	0	0	" "
37. Brokers	20	0	0	" "
38. Sellers of pictures	1	0	0	" "
39. Sellers of cloth	1	0	0	" "
40. Sellers of stationery	1	0	0	" "
41. Sellers of silver wares	6	0	0	" "
42. Sellers of old clothes	10	0	0	" "
43. Letter writers	1	0	0	" "
44. Photographers	10	0	0	" "
45. Tailors	6	0	0	" "
46. Jugglers	2	0	0	" "

Provided that when the same person practises more than one trade or profession he shall pay the full rate fixed in the foregoing schedule on that one of his trades or professions on which the tax is highest and one half of the rate or rates fixed on his other trade or profession or trades or professions.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,

First Assistant.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 27th October 1911.

No. 585.—Mr. J. P. Barker, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, having, on return from leave, assumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 27th September 1911, the following reversion is made with effect from the same date :—

Mr. F. C. Pilcher, officiating Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, to revert to his substantive appointment of Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade :—

No. 586.—The following promotion is made with effect from the 28th September 1911 *vice* Mr. W. E. S. Swiney, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, seconded on transfer to the Burma Government.

Mr. W. J. B. Miller, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, to be Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COORG AND MYSORE RIFLES.

TRANSFER.

Bangalore, the 18th October 1911.

No. 59.—Lieutenant Edward Willey is transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 8th September 1911.

The 23rd October 1911.

No. 60.—Whereas by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 2252-I., dated the 7th August 1883, the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, was with certain modifications declared to apply to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, so far as regards marriages between persons, one of whom is a Native Christian subject of Mysore, and neither of whom is a Christian British subject.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 9 respectively of the Act, the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore is pleased—

- (a) to grant a license to Mr. Kohlhoff Gnanaprakasam of the Latter Rain Mission, Bangalore, to solemnise marriages within the territories included in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore ; and
- (b) to grant a license to the said Mr. Kohlhoff Gnanaprakasam authorizing him to grant certificates of marriage within the territories included in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore between Native Christians, one of whom is a Native Christian subject of Mysore, and neither of whom is a Christian subject of His Majesty.

No. 61.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 9 respectively of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872 as modified by Act II of 1891), and which have been delegated to him by the Governor General in Council under section 86 of the Act by Foreign Department Notification No. 3747-I., B., dated the 1st October 1897, the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore is pleased—

- (a) to grant a license to Mr. Kohlhoff Gnanaprakasam of the Latter Rain Mission, Bangalore, to solemnise marriages within the territories of Mysore including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore ; and

- (b) to grant a license to the said Mr. Kohlhoff Gnanaprakasam authorizing him to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the said territories.

The powers hereby conferred are to be exercised only so far as regards Christian subjects of His Majesty.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 17th October 1911.

No. 2167-C.—A.I.-II.—In accordance with the provisions of section 25 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation (V of 1886), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased to notify the election of Moulvi Saiyid Abdul Wahid as a Member of the Municipal Committee of Ajmer with effect from the 12th August 1911, *vice* Saiyid Hafiz Ghulam Muhammad, deceased.

By order,

W. H. J. WILKINSON,
First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General, Rajputana, and
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Notice No. 32.

Sealed tenders for the supply of the undermentioned articles from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913 and from 1st April 1913 to 31st March 1915 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 1st (Peshawar) Division, Peshawar, on Wednesday the 15th of November 1911.

For forms of "Tender" and "Schedules" (which are obtainable on payment at Re. 1 per set) and all further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Supplies required.	Where required.	Approximate require- ment.	Approximate require- ment.	Earnest money.
				Rs.
		1912-1913	1912-1915.	
Beef	at { Peshawar . . . Nowshera . . . Cherat . . . }	884,100 lbs.*	2,652,300 lbs.	1,510
Mutton	„ { Peshawar . . . Nowshera . . . Cherat . . . }	159,900 lbs.*	479,700 lbs.	550

* The above requirements are approximate and liable to modification.

C. H. BEVILLE, Lt.-Colonel,
for Dy. Asst. Director of Supplies, 1st (Peshawar) Division,

PESHAWAR,
The 12th October 1911.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Notice No. 48.

Tenders for the supply of the following articles for Karachi from 1st January 1912 to 31st December 1912 will be received and opened by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at Quetta, at 12 noon, on Monday the 6th November 1911:—

Articles.	Probable requirements.	Earnest money deposit.
	lbs.	Rs.
Hay or Kirbee dry, for consumption.	5,500,000	1,690
Bedding grass	490,000	

Note.—If the above are brought by rail Military Tariff rates will have to be paid by the contractor.

2. For forms of tenders on payment of rupee one per set and other particulars please apply to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, or the Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi.

Sd. H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA,
The 17th October 1911.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

Under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, the Indian Treasure Trove Act, it is hereby notified that on or about 24th July 1911 a treasure consisting of the under-noted coins and valued about Rs. 78-0-0 was found while digging a vacant site, by one Kaliyannagounden, son of Nanjappagounden of Pudu Velliyampalaiyam, hamlet of Kalingiyam, Gopichettipalaiyam Taluk, Coimbatore District.

All persons who have any claim to the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear in person or by an authorized agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office at Coimbatore on March 1st, 1912, in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

69 Rupees of the year 1840.
8 Rupees of the year 1835.
1 Rupee of the Muhammadan period.

78 Coins.

F. R. HEMINGWAY,
Acting Collector.

REPORTS OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The King's Shropshire Light Infantry, dated at Trimulgherry, this 20th day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—8737, Private, Charles Jones.	Parish and County in which born—St. George Bristol, Gloucestershire, England.
Age—23 years 3 months.	Date of desertion or absence—14th October 1911.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.	Place of desertion or absence—Poona.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey.	Marks—Large scar, right abdomen; scar, right forearm.
Trade—Striker.	On furlough.
Date of enlistment—31st December 1907.	Under 4 years' service.
Place of enlistment—Cardiff.	

E. B. LUARD, Major,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The King's Shropshire Light Infantry.

SURVEY OF INDIA.
MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE.

AGENTS FOR SALE OF MAPS.

LONDON.—Mr. Edward Stanford, 12, 13 and 14, Long Acre, London, W.C.

CALCUTTA.—Maps can be obtained from the office, 13, Wood Street, or from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., 5 and 6, Government Place, North; Messrs. Newman & Co., No. 4, Dalhousie Square; and the Secretary, School Book Society, No. 1, Wellington Square; Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh and Sons, 76, Lower Circular Road.

BOMBAY.—Messrs. Thacker & Co. and Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co.

LAHORE.—Messrs. Rai Sahib Munshi Gulab Singh and Sons.

MADRAS.—Messrs. Higginbotham & Co.

POONA.—Superintendent, Government Photo-zinco-graphic Department.

RANGOON.—Messrs. Myles, Standish & Co.

SIMLA.—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.

SRINAGAR.—Mrs. C. Winter, The Picture-Gallery.

A General Catalogue of maps corrected up to 1st February 1910 is available at Rs per copy.

All published maps are sold at the Survey of India Office, Calcutta, for cash with postage *prepaid*.

Agents cannot issue maps on the *Public Service except on cash payment*.

The following is a list of the more important "General" and other maps which are available :—

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	PRICE.		REMARKS.
					Un-coloured.	Coloured.	
GENERAL MAPS.							
India (with hills)	1908	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	R s. 9 0	R s. 12 0	4th Edition.
India (without hills)	1908	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	6 0	9 0	Ditto.
India (without hills), showing Railways with Stations.	1909	1"=32 M.	6	44×31	6 0	8 0	Corrected up to 31st December 1909.
India, Railway and Canal map of (without hills).	1904	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	6 0	8 0	Railways and Canals corrected to 31st March 1910; other details to 1904.
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M. O'C. TANDY, *Captain, R.E.*,
Officer in charge, Map Record and Issue Office.

SURVEY OF INDIA;
Calcutta, 9th October 1911.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 17th October 1911.

No. 1837-S. Ap.—M. Abdulla Khan, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 12th October 1911 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. S. R. Kothawala, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of M. Abdulla Khan, or until further orders.

The 20th October 1911.

No. 1866-S. Ap.—Mr. N. W. Vaughan, Postmaster, Bangalore, pay Rs. 400—500, is granted a further extension of privilege leave for fifteen days with effect from the 1st October 1911.

The 23rd October 1911.

No. 1879-S. Ap.—Mr. F. W. McCrea, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Burma, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 1 year and 9 months with effect from the 6th October 1911.

Mr. J. C. O'Loughlin, 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Rangoon, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. F. W. McCrea, or until further orders.

Mr. A. Gangatharam, Manager, Dead Letter Office, Rangoon, is appointed to officiate as 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Rangoon, from the 30th September 1911 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. J. C. O'Loughlin.

No. 1884-S. Ap.—Babu Pramatha Nath Basu, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for fifteen days with effect from the 7th October 1911.

No. 1892-S. Ap.—Mr. R. Greene, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 5th November 1911 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Bishen Singh, Inspector of post offices, Ferozepur Sub-division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. R. Greene, or until further orders.

The 24th October 1911.

No. 1928-S. Ap.—Babu Nagendra Nath Mukerji, Deputy Postmaster, Lucknow, pay Rs. 150—200, is appointed to act as Postmaster, Jhansi, pay Rs. 200—300, with effect from the 10th July 1911 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. L. F. B. D'Sa, on combined leave.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of the Post Office of India.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 18th October 1911.

No. 25-G.—Mr. W. S. McMillan, Assistant Superintendent, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate for three months, with effect from the 6th of November 1911, in continuation of the leave notified in this Department's Notification No. 17-G., dated the 1st of July 1911.

No. 26-G.—The following permanent and officiating promotions in the Upper Subordinate establishment (General Branch) of the Telegraph Department are sanctioned with effect from the 18th September 1911:—

Name.	From	To
J. P. O'Brien	Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, officiating.	Deputy Superintendent 1st class, permanent.
J. A. McCarthy	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, officiating.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Offg. Director-General of Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 26th October 1911.

No. 37-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 11th October to 24th October 1911:—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Banganapalli	Madras Presidency	18th October 1911 .	Opened.
Calcutta Grand Hotel . .	Bengal	15th April " .	Closed.
Chuadanga	Do.	13th October " .	Opened.
Coronation Durbar E. . .	Punjab	9th " " .	"
Manikwah	Baluchistan	16th " " .	"
Rambukkanna	Ceylon	12th " " .	"
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Champaner City	Champaner Shivrajpur Light Railway	1st February 1911 .	Opened.
Champaner Road	Ditto ditto	" " " .	"
Halol	Ditto ditto	" " " .	"
Raita Ghat	Eastern Bengal State Railway . .	20th October " .	"
Shivrajpur	Champaner Shivrajpur Light Railway	1st February " .	"

The following alteration in the name of a Government Telegraph office is notified:—
"Jubbulpore Ridge" instead of "Ridge, Jubbulpore."

C. N. GARNIER,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

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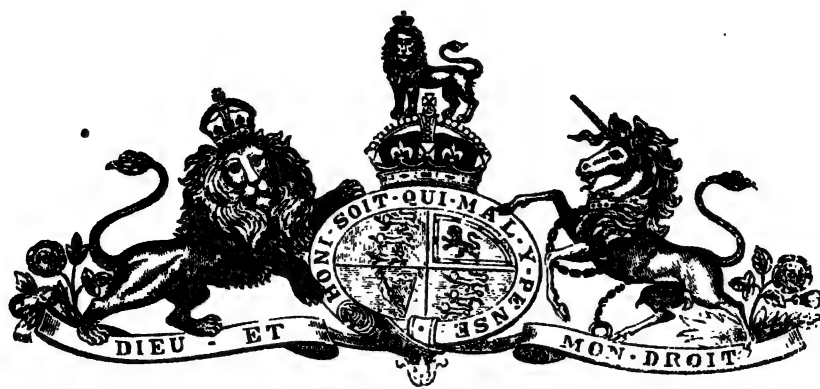
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Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs 1 per month.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review for June 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs 1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1911.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 114929 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1st May 1865 for Rs100 originally standing in the name of Khetter Mohun Paul, and last endorsed to Sris Chandra Paul, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person and interest on which was paid to the abovenamed Sris Chandra Paul up to half year ending 31st October 1905. Payment of the above note and interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against dealing with the abovementioned security.

[Republished.]

Name of advertiser—SRIS CHANDRA PAUL, Holder,
Residence—Chinsurah.

Estate R. G. S. Roberts, deceased.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Richard Gabbett Spiers Roberts who died on 10th June 1911 at Oakmount Crofts, Lea Park, Ilfracombe Devon, England, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 15th November next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON,

Administrator to Estate R. G. S. Roberts, deceased.

CALCUTTA ;
The 3rd October 1911.

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SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India

No. 43.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (Gúr)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BEAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Burma* —															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	60.38	38.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	49.28	30.77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and															
Amherst . . . . .	...	...	55.65	51.2	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	55.17	36.57	38.26	42.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	62.76	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	68.82	37.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—															
Honsada . . . . .	...	...	57.14	34.78	58.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	53.33	31.07	38.79	38.79	...	...	...	...	26.02	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	48.85	32.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	...	...	...	...
Arakan—															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam* —															
Eastern—															
Ohittagong . . . . .	...	...	36.25	33.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	41.25	38.75	35	35	...	...	20	17.5	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	35	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	47.5	45	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara	17.5	16.87	32.5	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	20	21.25	40	41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal* —															
Deltaic—															
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	40	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	47.5	48.75	38.75	32.5	...	...	28.75	22.5	...	25	...	32.5	...
Central—															
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	44.37	33.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack . . . . .	...	...	39.53	45.62	38.7	38.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—															
Patna . . . . .	...	...	28.12	35	27.5	30	...	...	16.25	20	17.5	...	19.37	...	17.5
Bihar, north—															
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	35	35	30	33.12	...	...	20	22.5	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	40	50	33.28	36.25	...	...	20.94	20	...	...	...	...	19.38
United Provinces—															
a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Benares	23.7	23.7	43.38	44.01	33.12	31.93	39.63	39.63	20.86	19.58	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Cawnpore	25.78	15.99	47.03	40	32.66	31.98	36.35	37.19	21.61	18.18	21.61	21.04	20.63	24.22	...
Jhansi . . . . .	...	...	47.03	44.37	32.97	30.78	...	...	28.91	20.47	24.53	15.21	...	...	...
Western—															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	50	45.62	29.69	31.41	33.28	35.94	22.81	18.28	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	47.08	47.08	53.33	53.33	32.03	30.78	35.94	36.15	24.22	18.18	22.86	21.61	33.08	24.22	...
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahanpur	25	19.37	...	...	29.37	30	...	...	20	15.62	25	24.37	22.5	21.87	...
b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow . . . . .	...	22.24	47.03	42.08	31.35	31.98	39.06	40	21.04	17.19	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad	24.37	...	47.5	42.5	30.94	31.87	...	...	19.37	20	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the price of common rice.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 28, 1911.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RACI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSBED		MUSTARD AND RAPESEED		DISTRICTS
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
															Burma—
															Tenasserim—
															Mergui
															Tavoy
															Moulmein and
															Amherst
															Pegu (deltaic)—
															Rangoon
															Maubin
															Bassein
															Pegu (inland)—
															Henzada
															Toungoo
															Upper Burma—
															Mandalay
															Pakokku
															Arakan—
															Akyab
															Eastern Bengal
															Assam—
															Eastern—
															Chittagong
															Dacca
															Central—
															Pabna
															Northern—
															Bangpur
															Brahmaputra
															Goalpara
															Gauhati
															Bengal—
															Deltaic—
															Midnapur
															Calcutta
															Central—
															Bardwan
															Orissa—
															Outtaok
															Bihar, south—
															Patna
															Bihar, north—
															Bhagalpur
															Musaffarpur
															United Provinces—
															(a) AGRA—
															Eastern—
															Benares
															Central—
															Cawnpore
															Jhansi
															Western—
															Meerut
															Agra
															Submontane, west—
															Shahjahanpur
															(b) OUDH—
															Southern—
															Lucknow
															Northern—
															Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	GRAMMUM (Tol or jinjal)		GRI		SUGAR, RAW (Gdr)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	492.31	581.82	...	...	18.29	17.16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	400	400	...	...	18.77	18.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	17.88	16.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	21.77	21.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	492.31	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Henzada . . . . .	...	...	533.33	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.81	22.61	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	457.14	533.33	...	...	20.33	20.32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	492.31	457.14	...	...	28.57	26.67	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	520	460	60	70	18.12	18.12	40	80	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	490	520	72.5	77.5	21.87	19.37	100	125	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	630	600	51.25	56.25	20	20	...	115	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	560	480	62.5	60	35	25	50	100	...	...	3.75	5
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	70	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	...	...	80	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 420 to 470 }	{ 420 to 450 }	96.25	77.5	20	17.5	{ 90 and 100 }	{ 107.5 and 115 }	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	63.75	65	470	450	50	65	18.12	15	65	85	...	...	15	16.25
<i>Central—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	480	420	60	75	20	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Outback	65	40.78	494.27	457.19	43.6	60.94	18.12	18.12	101.87	77.19	...	...	5	5
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna	73.75	60	400	410	40	60	20	20.62	20	20	...	...	3.12	...
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	500	400	50	60	22.5	20	77.5	80	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	492.34	457.5	50	57.19	22.19	20	160	200	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66.72	56.41	488.91	469.37	48.7	60.36	22.92	23.65	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	88.96	69.53	441.35	376.46	57.13	64.01	17.76	17.76	75	80	105	107.5	...	...
Jhansi	64.06	51.56	426.56	346.25	66.56	64.06	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	492.5	...	...	...	17.66	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . . . .	...	...	492.29	376.46	57.13	61.56	17.4	17.4	90	120	122.5	120	...	3.28
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur . . . . .	...	...	450	400	...	...	20	20	...	...	{ 110 and 120 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...
<i>(b) OUDH—</i>														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	445	400	...	66.67	21.04	20.94	...	...	110	100	3.12	3.12
<i>Northern—</i>														
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	450	380	52.5	52.5	20.24	20.68	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten mounds.)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
						9.3	10.29					3.5	3	Burma—
						14.1	14.1						8	Tenasserim—
						17.85	11.85					2	2	Mergui
														Tavoy
														Moulmein and Amherst
												1.75	1.69	Pegu (deltaic)—
							25.3						2.62	Bangoon
						14.19	11.43					1.75	1.69	Maubin
														Bassein
												1.81	1.75	Pegu (inland)—
												1.94	1.87	Henzada
														Toungoo
						28.83	24.43						2.81	Upper Burma—
												1.81		Mandalay
														Pakokku
												2.25	2.25	Arakan—
														Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and Assam—
												1.62	1.75	Eastern—
												1.5	2.09	Chittagong
														Dacca
11.25	15											2	2	Central—
														Pabna
10	8.75											2.19		Northern—
														Bangpur
												2.37	2.62	Brahmaputra—
												1.94	1.81	Goalpara
														Gauhati
														Bengal—
5	6.25											1.91	1.66	Deltaic—
11.25	12.5					18.75	22.5	23.75	18.75			1.73	2.12	Midnapur
5.62	4.37							27.5	30			2	2.19	Calcutta
5.62	5.62							6.25	6.25			1.44	2.06	Central—
														Bardwan
						5.62	7.5	17.5	20.62			1.62	2	Orissa—
														Cuttack
														Bihar, south—
														Patna
												1.69	1.78	Bihar, north—
												2	1.62	Bhagalpur
				5	10	15.94	22.19							Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
						7.97	7.29	25	26.15	50		2.62	2.62	(a) AGRA—
														Eastern—
														Benares
						8.91	6.15	30	17.76	75	70	1.81	2.11	Central—
												2.12	2.19	Cawnpore
														Jhansi
						11.41		20	21.09				2.44	Western—
9.27	10					9.53	5	21.04	21.04			2.19	2.5	Meerut
										80	80			Agra
						5	3.12	30	28.75	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	Submontane, west—
												2.12	2.16	Shahjahanpur
						8.75	6.56	20	17.81	40	40	2.19	2.75	(b) OUDH—
														Southern—
						5.62	5.62					1.75	1.87	Lucknow
														Northern—
														Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Rajputana—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Ajmer	26.67	126.67	...	...	35.78	29.63	...	...	29.58	17.5	29.58	20.99	32.66	25.88	...
Punjab—															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Ferozpur . . . . .	...	...	53.12	50	29.69	30.78	33.91	34.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Lahore	30.78	22.19	57.19	44.43	27.5	30.78	36.09	36.35	21.56	17.4	26.87	17.4	31.87	25	...
<i>South-eastern—</i>															
Delhi	29.63	28.59	59.27	44.43	33.33	31.41	40	37.19	23.54	19.06	25.78	22.86	31.98	24.22	...
<i>Submontane—</i>															
Amritsar	29.63	25	53.16	50	28.59	28.59	33.88	32.66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Rawalpindi	26.67	22.19	57.19	57.19	34.06	30.16	39.01	35.52	25	17.6	21.09	19.58	28.59	24.22	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	55	50	30	28.75	33.75	33.12	25	18.75	...	25	...	...	...
Multan	25.31	23.12	...	42.5	34.69	33.44	39.69	...	22.31	19.53	25	20	30	23.12	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	21.98	21.2	53.33	...	35.16	29.48	39.74	33.33	23.07	14.63	...	16.2	...	25	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	30	23.44	...	...	...	21.57	...	17.6	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	52.81	38.75	40	36.87	...	...	...	...	35.94	...	39.69	24.06	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	57.5	...	33.28	33.12	...	...	27.34	20.62	...	26.25	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	38.75 to 40.62	39.37 to 41.25	66.25	61.56	29.06	26.25	30	25	...	...	...
Bombay—															
<i>Deccan and Karnatak—</i>															
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	52.29	...	38.49	44.74	...	...	...	...	29.11	26.35	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25.2	21.09	30.58	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	56.87	...	...	42.66	...	...	...	...	33.23	...	40.26	27.76	...
<i>Khandesh and N.-E.</i>															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	53.18	49.84	39.06	41.35	...	...	...	...	31.51	17.55	34.74	21.67	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	46.61	...	...	...	...	...	33.07	...	39.43	19.69	...
<i>Gujarat—</i>															
Surat . . . . .	...	...	...	...	43.23	...	...	...	...	...	37.5	29.53	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	60	42.5	37.5	32.5	...	...	30	21.25	28.75	21.25	36.25	30	...
Central Provinces—															
<i>Western—</i>															
Nagpur . . . . .	...	...	36.5	32.62	33.37	27.5	44.5	33.37	...	...	28.25	19.5	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Jubbulpore . . . . .	...	...	34.75	33.37	30.75	30.75	40	38.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	33	32	31.5	30	39	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola . . . . .	...	...	38	39.75	32	33.75	...	...	...	...	27	20.87	...	...	...
Amratoti . . . . .	...	...	42.5	36.75	32	38.12	48	48	...	...	23	21.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
<i>South, central—</i>															
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.9	30.7	29.3	29.2	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3
<i>Central—</i>															
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.4	22.8	...	...	...
Cuddapah	31.7	32.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3	27.6	...	27	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>East Coast, central—</i>															
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.8
<i>East Coast, south—</i>															
Madras	29.5	30.6	45	53.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	23.4	26.4	42.2	48.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25.8
<i>Southern—</i>															
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.8	27.5	38.9	28.9	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	20	20	50	54	52.5	54	47.97	53.90	...	...	27	26	...	...	28
Bangalore	24	30	60	52	52	52	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	28

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice.

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jangli)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	82.08	67.08	457.13	346.72	54.69	57.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	18.59	8.02
Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur . . . . .	...	...	513.03	441.25	66.56	47.81	15.94	16.67	88.91	114.22	133.23	145.47	...	...
Central— Lahore	98.75	64.01	533.12	439.37	66.87	48.49	14.84	14.79	80	66.67	...	125.47	12.5	11.25
South-eastern— Delhi	94.11	69.58	533.33	412.92	64.01	51.67	17.4	17.4	80	80	152.4	133.23	12.23	...
Submontane— Amritsar	92.5	70	525	450	69.58	45.73	14.69	14.69	...	...	...	127.97	...	...
Northern Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	492.29	426.67	53.33	44.53	15.31	15.31	100	100	145.47	133.33	14.27	13.33
Western— Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	...	410	60	40	15	15	80	80	...	135	5	...
Multan . . . . .	...	70.62	490	432.5	60	42.81	15.94	15.94	...	137.03	...	144.37	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Pro- vince— Peshawar	80	64.01	468.02	412.92	...	53.33	15.36	17.34	...	72.71	...	139.11	3.85	3.85
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	70	...	...	...	43.75	13.75	13.96	...	...	...	160	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi . . . . .	...	...	520	420	...	33.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	487.5	413.75	55	43.12	...	...	58.75	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	{ 475 to 610 }	{ 450 to 480 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	87.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	485.99	473.7	85.21	...	...	...	150.88	154.37	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulla	90.99	76.04	560	...	83.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	92.29	...	...	408.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	460	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur	86.62	88.87	566.62	500	...	...	23.37	21.62	100	83.37	120	120	...	...
Central— Jubbulpore	72.75	66.62	420	370	...	...	23.5	23.87	88.87	114.25	114.25	106.62	...	...
Eastern— Raipur . . . . .	...	...	450	370	...	...	21	20	140	160	120	100	...	...
Berar— Akola . . . . .	...	...	400	405	...	...	20	20	95.25	95.25	...	92.75	...	...
Amraoti	77.25	77.25	460	430	...	...	19	18	150	110	...	...	8	8.5
Madras— South, central— Coimbatore	89.4	82.8	452.9	487.8	56.2	64	23.1	22.4	...	...	89.6	89.6	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	445.2	445.2	...	...	...	...	205.5	188.3	85.7	92.5	...	...
Central— Bellary . . . . .	...	77.3	571.5	539.7	67.4	79.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddalore . . . . .	...	...	460.5	460.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	94	65.9	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116.6	116.7	98.8	80.8	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore . . . . .	...	...	441.7	450	...	...	15.7	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	74.1	77.3	493.8	592.5	57.7	70.8	12.8	12.8	131.7	75.7	104.5	86.4	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	466.6	466.7	...	...	13.1	13.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	810.8	608.1	...	...	17.6	17.5	110.6	133.6	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	84.2	90	540.5	473	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore— Mysore	72	60	430	497.13	68.54	102.86	...	...	197.13*	197.13*	120	120	2.92	2.92
Bangalore	68	63	548.54	582.86	68.54	85.68	...	...	243.12*	240*	171.41	171.41	5.88	5.88

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		RHUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOWB BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
10-02	8-21	9-27	6-15	...	...	80-78	25-83	100	100	85	85	2-31	2-44	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	7-5	6-67	...	...	90	90	150	100	2-12	2-31	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	10	7-29	22-19	21-61	140	140	160	140	2-5	2-58	Central— Lahore
...	...	15-99	13-33	15-99	8-02	22-24	18-18	80	80	150	150	2-12	2-12	South-eastern— Delhi
...	8-91	8-02	17-4	14-79	120	125	...	...	2-19	2-5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	12-5	6-67	25	16-67	90	90	100	80	2-12	2-31	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	6-56	5	25	20-62	100	100	140	140	2-37	2-62	Western— Lyallpur
...	2-59	Multan
...	...	2-81	2-55	6-15	5-21	16-3	14-17	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2-5	2-75	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	2-56	2-87	Dera Ismael Khan
...	130	136-25	...	...	1-81	2-09	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	8-12	3-75	14-69	...	...	...	...	...	2-37	...	Shikarpur
...	7-81	10	29-69	25-05	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2-81	2-66	Quetta
...	2-25	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	2-06	2-16	Sholapur
...	25-73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Poona
...	30	28-59	...	...	...	...	1-81	2-03	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	1-84	2-28	Dhulia
...	2-38	Gujarat— Surat
...	22-5	20	...	...	...	...	1-66	2-34	Ahmadabad
...	50	50	90	90	1-87	1-87	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	26-62	27-5	60	60	70	70	1-62	1-75	Central— Jubbulpore
...	35	2-25	2	Eastern— Raipur
...	77	72	62	63	1-87	1-87	Berar— Akola
...	9	...	...	40	41	55	55	100	75	2-25	2-12	Amravati
...	...	5-2	4	...	...	109-5*	108-8*	...	...	50	50	1-47	2-25	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore
7-8	6-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	...	...	2-11	2-08	Salem
...	...	6-8	6-9	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	100	2-25	2-25	Central— Bellary
...	2	2	Cuddapah
...	2-25	2-5	Karnul
3-6	3-8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-73	1-68	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	14-2	14-2	28-5	26-5	100†	98-75†	...	...	1-56	1-79	East Coast, south— Madras
...	14-3	14-3	120†	120†	...	...	1-35	2-22	Tanjore
...	18-1	15-4	38-3	38-3	...	...	...	...	1-87	2-35	Trichinopoly
10-7	6-4	...	...	12-5	12-5	16-9	17	...	...	40	40	2	2	Southern— Madras
2-22	2-22	3-65	2-22	...	...	36-72	36-72	80	80	100	100	2-12	2-56	Mysore— Mysore
5-88	5-88	...	...	...	...	33-8	33-8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	1-75	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, October 27, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911 [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUN (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR JUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month				
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 5	6 5	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	6 2	7 3	6 13	7 13	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 5	7 4	6 3	7 2	...	...	...	...
Bangoon	8 14	8 14	...	...	6 10	7 4	6 13	7 2	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 1	7 5	6 6	7 12	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 1	7 7	5 13	7 6	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 8	6 7	6 6	7 3	...	...	...	...
Henzada	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 13	4 13	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Frome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 5	6 10	6 15	7 1	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 5	8 2	7 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 6	6 3	6 1	7 4	11 4	11 4	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	8 4	7 5	...	...	6 15	7 10	7 —	7 12	13 12	18 12	...	...
Bhamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 2	7 5	7 12	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 12	7 12	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	8 4	8 4	...	...	6 7	7 4	7 4	8 1	...	...	...	...
Kynakpyu	4 —	4 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	10 —	9 8	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 7	6 12	9 2	9 7	...	...	...	...
Dacca	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	16 —	16 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	9 8	9 12	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	12 12	12 12	26 4	26 4	6 —	6 —	10 14	10 14	...	...	...	...
Mulda	13 8	13 —	20 —	20 —	8 —	7 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 2	9 12	...	...	...	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	11 2	12 —	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Burma—												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 2	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar	8 14	8 4	...	...	8 8	8 6	11 5	11 11	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jaintia Hills	5 8	6 —	...	...	3 8	3 4	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Manipur	14 —	13 —	...	...	23 —	24 —	25 —	26 —	...	...	...	...
Nagá Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	18 —	19 —	...	...	5 —	4 8	12 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 4	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang	5 —	5 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 12	6 12	...	...	4 4	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas and stalks sold for one rupee)

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, ORHENA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHARDAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	14 --	14 --	Burma—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	11 10	11 10	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergni
...	9 12	10 11	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 11	13 11	Tavoy
...	8 --	8 --	16 --	16 --	6 15	6 15	14 --	14 --	Moulmein and
...	8 --	9 13	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Amherst
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...	14 --	14 --	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu
...	7 6	8 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	7 12	10 6	13 11	18 4	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	9 8	9 8	15 2	16 --	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Bassein
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	19 --	19 --	20 --	20 --	...	...	...	...	Tharawadi
...	4 --	4 --	...	...	...	...	...	...	Honzala
...	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...	...	...	Prome
...	Toangoo
...	Thayetmyo
...	Upper Burma—
...	Mandalay
...	Bhamo
...	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	Arakan—
...	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpyn
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	Assam—
...	Rantern—
...	Chittagong
...	Nonkhali
...	Backerganj
...	Maimensingh
...	Tippera
...	Dacca
...	Faridpur
...	Central—
...	Pabna
...	Rajshahi
...	Malda
...	Bogra
...	Northern—
...	Jalpaigari
...	Dinajpur
...	Rangpur
...	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	Hill tracts—
...	Khasi and Jaintia
...	Hills
...	Garo Hills
...	Mamipar
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Gaolpara
...	Kamrup
...	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—continued [The 1st of Oct]

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort	Common	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—												
<i>Dacca—</i>												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 15	10 12	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	10 5	9 15½	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh) .	11 4	12 12	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 14	9 2	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Bankura	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Hardwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Murelidabad	12 8	12 8	20 —	19 —	...	...	10 8	11 4	...	...	...	...
Saunthal Parganas . .	10 —	11 —	16 —	17 —	...	...	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Puri	10 8	10 3	...	...	...	...	10 8	16 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Balasore	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Sambalpur</i>	11 12	12 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>	12 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Singbhum	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	10 —	10 8	12 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Ráncoli	11 12	10 8	13 —	14 —	...	...	12 6	12 6	...	...	...	...
Paláman	15 3	14 14	10 4	18 9	...	...	11 —	11 4	...	...	...	...
Hasáribágh	11 4	11 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	14 3	12 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>												
Monghyr	14 3	13 —	18 14	19 —	...	...	12 3	12 5	17 2	20 8	...	...
Gaya	13 1	13 5	19 8	20 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Patna	14 —	14 —	22 —	22 —	...	...	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	10 5½	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, north—</i>												
Furnea	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Bhágálpur	12 —	12 8	18 12	18 12	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Darbhaaga	11 —	12 2	19 12	19 12	...	...	12 1	12 2	...	...	...	...
Musaárpur	12 —	13 —	19 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Báran	12 8	12 12	20 —	20 —	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Champáran	15 —	15 —	25 —	25 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirásapur	10 8	10 8	16 8	16 —	4 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 8	14 —
Benares	11 11	11 11	19 —	19 —	6 —	6 —	7 13	7 3	...	...	14 1½	14 1½
Ghásipur	12 12	12 12	18 15	20 3	6 1	6 1	11 —	10 8	13 5	18 10	15 1	14 12
Jáunpur	12 14	13 10	19 14	20 10	5 1	5 1	8 11	8 6	...	...	...	...
Aláhabad	10 12	10 12	18 —	18 —	5 12	5 13	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	15 —	15 —
<i>Central—</i>												
Bánda	12 —	12 —	18 8	18 8	4 —	3 12	7 14	7 14	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	11 8	11 4	17 —	16 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hamáirpur	11 8	11 6	15 8	15 8	5 14	5 14	6 12	6 12	19 8	19 6	16 9	16 9
Jálaun	12 8	12 —	16 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —
Cawnpore	11 12	12 —	18 —	17 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	13 —	13 —
Jhánsi	11 14	11 12	16 8	15 1½	6 4	6 —	8 4	8 —	16 1	16 15	15 —	15 —
Etárah	12 4	12 4	16 4	16 4	3 —	3 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Farákhábad	12 —	12 —	17 10	17 10	3 9	3 9	8 2	7 13	...	...	11 6	12 10
Mainpuri	13 8	13 —	16 8	18 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 8	12 —	12 —	14 —	15 —
Etah	13 8	13 8	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Meorut	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 8	3 —	3 —	7 —	6 13	...	...	...	...
Agra	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	12 —	12 —
Muttra	12 8	12 4	17 —	16 8	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 —
Aligárah	12 —	13 —	17 6	17 —	3 —	3 6	4 —	4 —	16 8	16 8	15 —	15 —
Bulandshahr	13 8	12 14½	19 —	19 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —
<i>Submontane, east—</i>												
Ballia	13 —	13 10½	20 13	20 1	6 8	6 8	10 11	9 11	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	13 8	14 8	20 8	20 8	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —
Gorákhpur	13 5	12 15	20 7	20 14	8 4	8 7	9 14	10 1	21 8	21 9	...	...
Bastí	13 8	13 8	24 —	24 8	6 12	6 8	11 —	8 8	...	...	...	...

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—continued [The Figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort	Previous half-month	Common	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur . . .	13 4	13 4	19 —	19 —	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Budaun . . .	13 2	12 6	17 4	17 4	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 4	10 —	10 —	14 2	14 8
Pilibit . . .	13 12	13 2	18 —	19 8	5 3	5 8	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Bareilly . . .	12 8	12 —	16 12	16 12	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Moradabad . . .	13 4	13 8	19 —	19 8	3 4	3 4	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 8	14 —	15 8
Bijnor . . .	12 8	12 8	19 —	19 —	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar . . .	13 8	13 3	17 10	18 2	10	6 10	7 2	7 2	15 6	16 8	11 —	11 —
Saharanpur . . .	12 9	12 4	17 8	21 4	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	13 13	13 13
Dehra-Dun . . .	11 8	11 6	20 8	20 8	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 5	14 8	14 8	14 —	14 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal . . .	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Almora . . .	9 12	9 12	13 —	13 —	2 12	2 12	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Garhwal . . .	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 4	3 4	5 8	5 4	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh . . .	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	4 8	4 8	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sultanpur . . .	13 12	13 8	20 8	22 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareilly . . .	12 2	11 12	16 —	16 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 4	16 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Unao . . .	12 2	11 14	17 2	17 4	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —
Lucknow . . .	12 8	12 —	18 8	18 —	4 —	3 12	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Hardoi . . .	13 13	13 —	19 —	20 —	8 8	4 —	7 —	7 —	20 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad . . .	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Barabanki . . .	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 —	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	15 —	16 —	15 —	15 —
Gonda . . .	18 2	13 2	19 8	19 8	7 12	7 12	8 2	8 2	15 4	15 4	16 4	16 4
Bahraich . . .	15 —	15 —	21 8	21 —	6 —	5 —	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Sitapur . . .	13 —	12 12	19 8	20 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	16 —	15 —
Kheri . . .	13 8	13 —	18 8	20 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partabgarh . . .	14 8	14 —	18 —	17 —	3 2	3 4	7 2	8 —	18 6	17 —	...	...
Banswara . . .	12 12	11 15	14 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 4	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur) . . .	12 8	12 8	15 10	15 10	6 10	6 10	7 2	7 2	13 10	13 10	...	...
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur) . . .	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	6 8	6 13	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Ajmer . . .	11 1	11 8	13 8	14 8	5 —	5 8	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 12	12 4	12 12
Kishangarh . . .	10 8	10 8	13 —	13 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	14 8	14 8	11 8	11 —
Bundi . . .	17 5	15 10	24 5	21 4	6 6	5 10	7 1	6 —	26 14	22 8	11 8	11 4
Kotah . . .	12 4	12 —	15 12	14 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	11 —	11 —
Jhalawar . . .	12 10	13 2	14 —	13 10	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	17 8	17 —	10 9	10 8
Tonk . . .	14 9	...	18 8	...	4 8	...	5 10	...	21 6	...	...	...
Jaipur . . .	12 1	12 1	15 11	15 7	5 4	5 4	6 —	6 —	14 6	14 10	12 13	13 1
Karauli . . .	12 8	12 8	14 11	14 6	6 4	6 4	7 3	6 14	...	...	13 7	13 7
Dholpur . . .	12 5	12 3	15 11	15 11	5 12	5 12	6 —	6 —	15 13	16 6	13 15	14 6
Bharatpur . . .	12 2	12 2	15 8	15 7	4 14	4 14	5 11	5 11	15 8	15 8	13 10	13 10
Alwar . . .	12 12	12 5	15 10	16 5	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 8
Deoli . . .	13 —	12 12	17 4	17 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	17 —	16 12	14 —	14 —
Nasirabad . . .	11 —	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	13 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Shahpura . . .	12 —	11 8	14 13	15 3	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 1	14 8	10 —	10 —
Western—												
Bikaner . . .	9 8	9 8	14 —	14 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	12 —	13 —	9 —	9 5
Jaisalmer . . .	9 —	8 —	...	...	5 14	5 4	7 2	7 —	10 3	9 —	9 8	8 8
Jodhpur . . .	10 8	10 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 14
Balmer . . .	11 1	11 —	13 9	14 4	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	11 6	11 13	11 11	11 14
Erinpura . . .	9 14	10 5	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 20	8 10	...	...	10 5	10 5
Sirohi . . .	10 7	11 1	14 8	14 12	...	...	5 1	6 —	13 —	17 —	11 12	14 4
Anand . . .	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Anadra . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anadra . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Abu . . .	9 10	9 7	12 8	12 8	4 12	4 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	9 15	10 12
Central India—												
Indore . . .	10 8	9 8	14 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	15 —	13 —	...	12 —
Nimach . . .	10 4	10 4	...	...	6 12	6 12	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Gwalior* . . .	...	11 4	...	...	...	5 8	...	6 8	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar . . .	11 —	10 12	14 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 —	12 —	11 12
Karnal . . .	13 —	13 —	...	19 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	14 —	...	...
Central—												
Lahore . . .	14 4	12 4	18 4	19 12	...	...	6 12	6 12	14 12	16 12	12 4	12 12
Gujranwala . . .	12 12	12 12	17 12	19 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	15 8	...	...
Guilrat . . .	12 8	11 8	16 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 4	...	...	13 —	...
Jhelam . . .	12 —	11 12	19 —	19 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	13 —	18 —

* Not reported yet

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—continued (The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	12 8	12 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	—	12 —	12 —	12 —
Delhi	11 8	11 8	16 8	16 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	15 —	14 8	12 —	12 —
Rohtak	12 —	12 —	18 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 8	15 —	13 8	13 —
Karnal	13 8	12 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	6 —	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	19 8	19 8	13 12	13 12
Ludhiana	13 —	12 8	13 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	15 4	14 —	14 —
Jalandhar	14 —	13 —	20 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	12 —	13 —
Hoshiarpur	14 —	13 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Gurdaspur	14 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 8	13 4	18 8	18 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	11 8	11 —
Sialkot	13 8	12 12	19 —	18 —	...	...	7 8	8 2	15 —	15 —	12 —	12 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 8	10 —	15 8	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	11 8	11 8	11 —	11 —
Kangra	12 4	12 8	19 8	19 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 12	11 8	16 —	18 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	17 —	14 —	13 —
Attock	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Shahpur	14 —	14 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	6 —	7 —	16 —	...	18 —	16 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 —	16 —	15 —	16 —
Lyallpur	13 —	13 —	15 8	15 —	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Multan	11 4	11 4	17 8	18 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	15 8	17 6	...	13 4
Montgomery	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	13 —
Musafargarh	12 8	11 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Dera Ghazi Khan* . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazara	10 2	10 —	13 4	13 4	3 3	3 3	6 2	5 15	...	...	11 —	11 —
Peshawar	11 —	11 —	17 —	18 —	4 9	4 9	7 3	7 2	...	...	14 —	14 —
Kohat	12 2	12 2	17 4	17 4	4 —	4 5	9 4	9 6	16 10	16 7	15 5	15 5
Bannu	18 2	17 4	30 —	30 5	3 7	3 7	7 13	7 13	23 12	25 —	17 8	18 12
Dera Ismael Khan	13 —	12 8	18 12	19 8	3 2	3 2	5 4	5 —	20 —	18 —	15 8	14 —
Tochi	15 —	15 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	15 12	17 —	25 —	25 —	9 8	8 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	12 4	13 —	16 —	16 —	3 8	3 8	5 8	5 8	14 —	13 —	...	...
Wano	10 1	10 —	12 2	12 2	2 13	2 13	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 8	6 —	6 8	6 8	10 —	11 —	8 —	9 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 12	7 8	7 8	10 —	9 —	10 —	9 —
Thar and Parkar (Umarkot)	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikarpur	12 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	11 —	12 —	10 —
Upper Sind Frontier	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Quetta	9 14 to 10 5	9 8 to 10 —	12 15	12 9	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	12 9	12 13	10 11	10 11
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 5	4 14	...	...	6 8	7 —	8 6	8 15	10 2	11 9	10 4	10 12
Ratnagiri	6 12	7 7	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	9 2	9 2	9 15	11 4
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 15	6 15	7 3	7 3	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 2	7 13	...	...	5 7	5 7	8 2	8 2	10 7	10 7	10 10	10 10
Thana	8 5	8 5	...	...	6 5	6 5	7 5	7 5	9 5	10 3	12 8	12 8
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	10 6	12 4	...	...	7 12	3 4	8 4	9 3	13 2	13 2	12 11	13 5
Belgaum	9 15	9 15	...	...	8 5	7 8	8 14	8 10	12 7	12 7	12 2	11 2
Satara	7 1	7 12	...	...	5 14	6 19	6 7	7 2	9 14	12 11	10 11	12 2
Sholapur	9 13	10 5	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 8	8 8	13 14	13 7	12 —	12 —
Bijapur	9 12	10 10	...	...	7 7	7 7	8 6	8 6	12 4	12 4	11 6	13 8
Poona	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 —	6 6	7 10	7 —	10 13	12 —	9 10	8 6
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	11 11	12 6	10 8	11 3
Nasik	9 3	9 14	...	...	6 —	6 12	6 11	8 3	...	...	9 8	10 3
Dhulia	8 15	8 15	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 15	6 15	11 7	11 7	10 3	10 3
Jalgaon	9 1	8 2	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 6	7 6	10 14	10 14	9 11	10 9
Gujarat—												
Surat	8 13	8 5	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 6	7 6	10 6	10 10	8 2	9 4
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	9 8	10 —
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	9 8	9 8
Baroda	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	9 —	10 —	8 8	9 —
Ahmadabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	9 8	9 —
Godhra	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	9 —	9 —
Disa	9 12	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 12	11 8	9 12	9 12
Kachhwar—												
Rajkot	9 —	9 —	...	...	4 4	4 8	5 —	5 8	10 —	10 —	8 8	8 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nizam	9 13	9 13	...	...	3 —	5 —	7 9	7 9	12 9	12 —	...	...
Hoshangabad	11 4	11 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	14 10	...	...
Betul	12 1	12 1	...	...	...	...	7 14	5 3	14 2	...	...	...
Ohindwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 10	6 10	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	...	...
Nagpur	11 7	11 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	13 13	11 8	...	...
Wardha	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 2	5 1	8 14	8 14	12 10	13 13	...	...

*Not reported.

MARWA OR RAGI (<i>Hesous coronata</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN. ITALIAN HILLER (<i>Sotaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNDAGA (<i>Cicer aristatum</i>)		MAISE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	
...	18 8	17 8	12 —	12 —	11 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	17 —	17 8	17 —	17 —	11 8	11 8	22 —	21 —	South-eastern—
...	20 —	19 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	20 —	19 —	...	...	12 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
19 8	19 8	16 —	16 —	17 4	17 4	19 8	19 8	12 —	12 —	27 —	27 —	Bohtak
...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 8	18 8	18 8	6 8	6 8	26 —	25 —	Karnal
...	...	10 —	11 —	17 —	17 —	18 —	16 8	...	...	27 —	27 —	Submontane—
...	16 8	16 —	17 —	16 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ambala
...	16 —	16 —	18 —	20 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	11 8	11 8	16 12	16 8	15 8	15 8	9 6	9 —	26 —	26 —	Jalandhar
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	14 10	13 4	15 —	12 8	8 4	7 8	18 —	17 8	Gurgaon
...	13 12	12 4	16 —	15 —	8 —	...	18 —	17 —	Gurgaon
...	...	13 —	13 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	14 —	8 8	8 8	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	17 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Simla
...	16 —	16 —	18 —	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	...	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 8	10 4	11 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Northern—
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 4	16 6	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Rawalpindi
...	14 —	14 —	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	13 —	12 14	13 8	11 4	...	...	20 —	20 —	Western—
...	...	14 —	14 —	15 —	15 —	11 —	11 —	8 13	8 13	25 —	25 —	Shahpur
...	15 12	15 6	12 12	12 12	...	...	25 8	25 8	Jhang
...	23 5	22 11	20 10	20 10	...	...	30 10	30 10	Lysallpur
...	20 12	19 6	20 —	20 —	9 13	9 13	27 —	27 —	Multan
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Montgomery
...	18 —	18 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Muzaffargarh
...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	6 —	...	19 —	19 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	11 6	11 6	...	...	...	...	N. W. Frontier Province—
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	25 —	25 —	Hazara
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	23 —	23 —	Peshawar
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	26 —	26 —	Kohat
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Bannu
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	12 1	12 1	10 8	10 2	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Tochi
15 6	15 6	...	...	10 7	8 9	...	...	9 8	9 3	19 11	19 11	Kurram
11 3	11 3	...	...	10 5	10 5	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Malakand
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 6	7 6	23 12	23 12	W

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1911—concluded (The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Central Provinces—												
<i>continued</i>												
<i>Central—</i>												
Narsinghpur	11 8	11 8	...	...	5 1	5 1	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Saugor	12 3	12 3	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	17 1	...	...
Damoh	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 2	7 2	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	14 2	13 14	...	...	10 2	8 —	14 3	10 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni	13 11	13 6	...	...	7 2	7 2	12 —	11 10	...	...	...	...
Balaghāt	12 8	12 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 6	10 2	...	...	...	...
Bhandāra	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Chānda	11 6	11 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	8 14	8 14	14 6	14 2	...	...
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Bilāspur	12 13	12 14	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Raipur	12 8	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	11 12	11 8	...	...	...	...
Drug	13 13	13 5	...	...	11 10	11 3	11 14	11 14	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	10 10	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 12	6 12	18 5	16 —	...	...
Akola	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 13	6 13	8 8	8 8	14 3	14 3	...	...
Amrāoti	11 9	11 9	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	16 —	16 —	...	...
Yotmal	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 3	4 3	8 11	9 14	16 —	16 —	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad*	7 4	7 14	11 11	11 3	3 7	3 7	6 14	7 2	12 2	12 9	14 9	14 15
Madras—												
<i>Malabar Coast—</i>												
Malabar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 15	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	9 4	...	...	...	...
<i>South, central—</i>												
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	12 9	12 9	13 11	13 11
Nilgiris . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	12 9	12 9	10 15	10 15
<i>Central—</i>												
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 4	14 4	...	...
Anantapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	9 6	17 3	18 3	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 8	14 12	14 2	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 4	15 5	14 12	...	...
<i>East Coast, north—</i>												
Ganjam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	8 4	...	...	...	...
Visagapatam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 14	5 14	...	...	15 13	14 14
Godāvari . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	8 —	11 7	14 3	...	...
<i>East Coast, central—</i>												
Kistna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 11	10 3	13 8	13 8	...	...
Guntur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 10	12 13	13 1	12 8	18 —
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 8	12 8	...	...
<i>East Coast, south—</i>												
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 14	8 1	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 11	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	...	...	12 5	12 5
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	9 4	...	...	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	12 3	12 9	12 5	13 11
<i>Southern—</i>												
Tinnevely . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	12 9	12 9	10 15	10 15
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 13	11 12	11 12	10 4	10 15
Mysore—												
Mysore	7 —	7 —	6 12	6 —	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 8	14 4	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 4	6 —	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kolar . . . . .	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	12 —	...	13 —
Tumkur	7 —	8 —	6 8	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hassan	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 12	7 12	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Shimoga	8 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	9 —	9 —	17 —	22 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Aden	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 9	5 13	7 —	7 —	11 12	10 14	12 12	11 12

* Including Bolaram

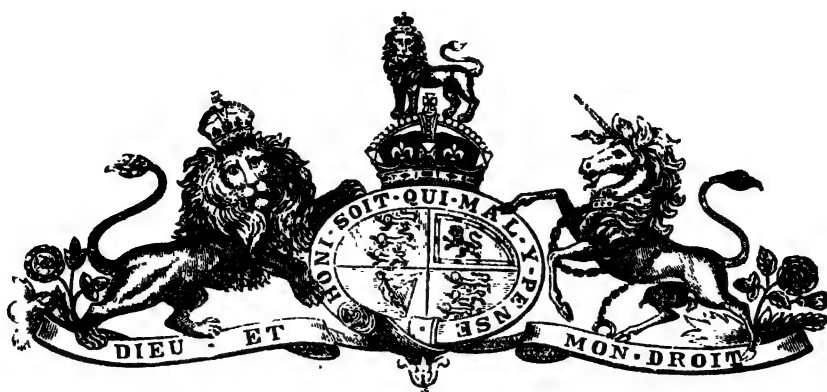
state the number of seers (of 50 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MAHUA OR RAGI (<i>Hibiscus</i> <i>corassae</i>)		KANCHI OR KAKUM, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Steris</i> <i>italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, KADALAY, OR SURAGA (<i>Oryza</i> <i>aristivum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANBAR DIL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	14 10	14 10	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	11 2	11 3	18 5	18 5	Central—
...	...	...	...	13 14	19 9	...	...	9 2	9 3	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	19 3	18 12	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	14 4	16 10	...	...	10 2	10 —	15 5	15 5	Mandla
...	...	...	...	15 6	15 6	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 6	18 6	Seoni
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	13 5	13 5	16 —	16 —	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	Bhandāra
...	...	...	...	16 8	17 —	...	...	13 8	14 —	14 8	14 8	Chānda
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 4	15 4	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	16 5	15 9	...	...	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	Bilāspur
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	9 13	9 13	15 —	15 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	14 2	14 1	...	...	12 10	12 10	18 —	18 —	Drug
...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	Berar—
17 4	16 5	...	...	11 7	11 10	...	...	16 8	17 6	14 —	14 —	Buldāna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akola
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amrāoti
16 4	16 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yotmal
14 7	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territories—
14 9	17 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
16 13	16 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
17 —	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar
13 14	13 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Canara
14 6	14 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central—
11 4	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
19 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nilgiris
18 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Salem
13 11	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bellary
15 9	17 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Anantapur
11 13	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
14 7	14 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnal
15 19	15 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, north—
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ganjam
18 5	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Visagapatnam
14 —	18 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 —	16 —	Godāvari
14 —	15 —	...	...	8 12	9 12	...	...	7 8	8 —	16 8	16 8	East Coast, central—
13 8	14 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	18 —	18 —	Kistna
14 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 12	9 —	18 —	18 —	Guntur
19 —	20 —	...	...	8 4	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Nellore
18 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	East Coast, south—
19 —	22 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Madras
18 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	Chingleput
21 —	22 —	...	...	16 —	16 8	...	...	8 4	8 —	18 —	18 —	N. Arcot
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 3	...	...	8 10	9 5	32 —	32 —	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kolar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tumkur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hasan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chitaldrug
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, October 27, 1911

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The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA ; FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1911.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd November 1911.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING-EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the said Order :

To be a Knight Grand Commander.

His Excellency Sir THOMAS DAVID GIBSON-CARMICHAEL, *Bart.*, K.C.M.G.,
Governor of the Presidency of Madras.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Eminent

Order of the Indian Empire.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 23rd October 1911.

From the 2nd December next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 25th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

C. T. LETTON,

Offg. Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 3rd November 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2039-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 30th October 1911 :—

- No. 574 of 1911.—Edwin Oscar Theoder Bloech, hide merchant, of Merchant street, Sofaer's Buildings, Rangoon, British Burma. *A baling press for hides and other materials.*
- No. 575 of 1911.—Jean Jacques Heilmann, engineer, of 5 Rue Richepance, Paris, France. *An improved direct acting explosion turbine.*
- No. 576 of 1911.—William Joseph Harding King, gentleman, of 25 York House, Kensington, London, England. *Improvements in barriers for checking wind and drifting sand.*
- No. 577 of 1911.—Thomas Bateman, engineer, of No. 3 Bishop's lane, Vepery, Madras, India. *Improvements in means for operating ventilating fans.*
- No. 578 of 1911.—Elahi Bakhsh, of the Polo Sports Work Company, Rawalpindi. *An improved non-breakable polo stick head.*
- No. 579 of 1911.—William Henry Wakfer, engineer, of 67 Whitworth road, South Norwood, in the county of Surrey, England, and Samuel Peck, gentleman, of Calbourne, Wallington, in the county of Surrey, England. *Improvements in and relating to files.*
- No. 580 of 1911.—Turbo Amalgamator and Extraction Company, Limited, manufacturers, of 65 London Wall, in the city of London, England. *Improvements in apparatus for the extraction of the precious metals from pulps and solutions.*
- No. 581 of 1911.—Dr. Paul Hoering, manufacturing chemist, of 5 Ahorn Strasse, Berlin, Germany. *A process for the manufacture of artificial wood.*
- No. 582 of 1911.—Dr. Paul Hoering, manufacturing chemist, of 5 Ahorn-Strasse, Berlin, Germany. *Process for the manufacture of a raw material for the purposes of cellulose and paper manufacture.*
- No. 583 of 1911.—Dr. Paul Hoering, manufacturing chemist, of 5 Ahorn-Strasse, Berlin, Germany. *Process and apparatus for the production of bars and boards of any desired shape and length by pressing a disintegrated material.*
- No. 584 of 1911.—Alfred William Southey, engineer, of 24 King's Cross Mansions, Tonbridge street, London, W.C., England. *Improvements in and relating to the production of gaseous fuel.*
- No. 585 of 1911.—Robert Francis Colborne, engineering draftsman, of Redmyre road, Strathfield, near Sydney, in the state of New South Wales, commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in combined lavatory and passenger compartment railway cars or carriages.*
- No. 586 of 1911.—James Alfonso Shields, mechanical engineer, of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, United States of America. *Process and apparatus for treating snap bolts.*
- No. 587 of 1911.—Basanti Charan Sinha, vakil, of Muzaffarpur, British India. *Making hygienic waterproofs.*

No. 2040-P.—The undermentioned designs have been registered, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma.

These and other designs are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1 Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

- No. 65-D of 1911.—Worman & Co., merchants, 2 Mangoe lane, Calcutta. *A design for woven borders consisting of spotted checks in different combinations of colours and widths.*
- No. 66-D of 1911.—Worman & Co., merchants, 2 Mangoe lane, Calcutta. *A design for woven borders consisting of flower and tooth and tooth in different combinations of colours and widths.*
- No. 67 of 1911.—Worman & Co., merchants, 2 Mangoe lane, Calcutta. *A design for woven borders consisting of double hooks with spots and zigzag line between in different combinations of colours and widths.*
- No. 68-D of 1911.—The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, 56 Mosley street, Manchester, England. *A design for textile fabrics as follows :—Object of lozenge with coral edging and a floral branch round three sides ; separated by objects of linked rings surrounded by spot work and the ground covered with crescents and spots.*
- No. 69-D of 1911.—The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, 56 Mosley street, Manchester, England. *A design for textile fabrics as follows :—Object of linked rings surrounded by graduated spot work joined by vertical elliptic shaded stripe edged with spot work ; this stripe separated by a floral trail vertical stripe.*
- No. 70-D of 1911.—The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, 56 Mosley street, Manchester, England. *A design for textile fabrics as follows :—Balls surrounded by coral edging set at regular intervals and separated by vertical ogee trail of plume like florettes and small floral sprigs.*

No. 2041-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

- No. 630 of 1909.—The Electric Renovator Manufacturing Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, United States of America, and having its principal offices and place of business at Farmer's Bank Building, Pittsburg, Allegheny, county of Pennsylvania, U. S. A. *Improvements in pneumatic renovating machines.* (Specification filed 1 September 1911.)
- No. 574 of 1910.—Mir Nazir Ahmad, naib tahsildar, Gujranwala Settlement. *A ploughing machine.* (Specification filed 17 October 1911.)
- No. 79 of 1911.—Charles George Henry Danby, carriage and wagon Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, and Francis Fouzel Le Feuvre, employé in the East Indian Railway Carriage and Wagon Workshops, Lillooah. *A new or improved seat for railway passengers' couches.* (Specification filed 23 September 1911.)
- No. 129 of 1911.—Guy Wilfred Wyles, signal engineer, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, Bombay, British India, Saxby and Farmer, Limited, of 53, Victoria street, Westminster, London, S. W., England, and Saxby and Farmer (India), Limited, of the same address. *Improved plain or reinforced concrete blocks for carrying cranks, point rod rollers, compensators, wheel or railway point and signal connections and the like.* (Specification filed 30 August 1911.)
- No. 142 of 1911.—George Foreman, mechanical engineer, and William McLellan, general mill overseer, of Kankinara, British India. *A rove stopping motion for spinning frames.* (Specification filed 23 October 1911.)

- No. 148 of 1911.—Kirk & Co., manufacturers, of Empire Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, British India. *Improvements in pickers for looms or the like.* (Specification filed 20 October 1911.)
- No. 198 of 1911.—Joseph Hall, consulting engineer and architect, of 28, Esplanade, Bombay, British India. *Improvements in pipes, water mains and the like made of reinforced concrete.* (Specification filed 20 October 1911.)
- No. 253 of 1911.—Lewis John Sylvester Evans, civil engineer, residing at "Miran-della," Rajpur district, Dehra Dun. *Extinguishing fires in tanks used for the storage of petroleum, oil, and all other inflammable liquids.* (Specification filed 20 October 1911.)
- No. 310 of 1911.—William Edward Evans, consulting engineer, of 27 Chancery lane, London, W.C., England. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of zeolites or hydrated alumino silicates.* (Specification filed 23 October 1911.)
- No. 311 of 1911.—William Edward Evans, consulting engineer, of 27 Chancery lane, London, W.C., England. *Improvements in and relating to the softening of water.* (Specification filed 23 October 1911.)
- No. 345 of 1911.—George Robert Gregory, engineer, and William Brown, engineer, both of 17, Victoria street, in the city of Westminster, England. *Improvements in and connected with liquid fuel burning devices for steam boiler furnaces and the like.* (Specification filed 20 October 1911.)
- No. 393 of 1911.—Professor Dr. Albert Lang, of 7 Weberstrasse, Karlsruhe, i/B. *Process for the manufacture of shot cases.* (Specification filed 25 October 1911.)
- No. 397 of 1911.—Trumble Refining Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of Arizona, United States of America, domiciled at Kingman, in the state of Arizona, in the United States of America. *Process and apparatus for the evaporation of liquid.* (Specification filed 20 October 1911.)
- No. 432 of 1911.—Edward William Potter, engineer, of St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong, Bengal, India. *An improved automatic picking motion for use in the process of weaving cloth in a handloom.* (Specification filed 17 October 1911.)
- No. 452 of 1911.—William Henry Morgan, manufacturer, of Alliance, Stark county, in the state of Ohio, United States of America. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of railroad ties from steel rails.* (Specification filed 18 October 1911.)
- No. 453 of 1911.—Albert Edward Young, engineer, of 134 Hereford street, Christchurch, in the province of Canterbury, and dominion of New Zealand. *Means for folding and wrapping newspapers and the like.* (Specification filed 18 October 1911.)
- No. 468 of 1911.—Isaac Shone, Civil engineer, of 47 Victoria street, Westminster, London, S.W., England. *Improvements in and connected with sewerage systems.* (Specification filed 25 October 1911.)
- No. 482 of 1911.—William Henry Morgan, manufacturer, of Alliance, Stark county, Ohio, United States of America. *Improvements in metal ties.* (Specification filed 18 October 1911.)
- No. 495 of 1911.—John Levick, Junior, manufacturer, of 6 Robert road, Handsworth, Birmingham, England. *Improvements in or relating to railway-carriage and analogous commodoes.* (Specification filed 19 October 1911.)
- No. 496 of 1911.—James John Shedlock, engineer, of Little Bentley, in the county of Essex, England. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of artificial fuel.* (Specification filed 19 October 1911.)
- No. 497 of 1911.—Arthur Shepherd, bobbin manufacturer, of 4 Cunliffe Terrace, in the city of Bradford, England. *Improvements in bobbins for spinning and analogous purposes.* (Specification filed 19 October 1911.)

No. 2042-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each :—

- No. 376 of 1898.—F. R. Jones. *Improvements in vertical sugarcane mills.* (From 23 November 1911 to 23 November 1912.)

- No. 94 of 1899.—G. M. Vidwans. *Box latrine*. (From 6 November 1911 to 6 November 1912.)
- No. 104 of 1899.—A. Kitson. *Improvements in and relating to vapour burning apparatus*. (From 30 October 1911 to 30 October 1912.)
- No. 415 of 1899.—Newellite Glass Tile Company. *Improved treatment of glass for coating purposes as a backing for slabs, tiles, facing plates and the like*. (From 23 May 1912 to 23 May 1913.)
- No. 134 of 1900.—E. G. Achieson. *Improvements in the manufacture of graphite*. (From 13 November 1911 to 13 November 1912.)
- No. 32 of 1903.—G. H. Sheffield and J. D. Twinberrow. *Improvements in the construction of railway freight wagons and in the bogies employed therewith*. (From 13 January 1912 to 13 January 1913.)
- No. 177 of 1904.—J. Hodgkinson. *Improved apparatus for ginning and similarly treating, cotton, wool and other fibrous materials*. (From 2 December 1911 to 2 December 1912.)
- No. 282 of 1904.—F. W. Sargent. *Brake shoe*. (From 5 October 1911 to 5 October 1912.)
- No. 441 of 1905.—W. G. Wheatley. *Improvements in lever locking frames for railway signalling*. (From 12 December 1911 to 12 December 1912.)
- No. 390 of 1906.—W. Tice. *Improvements in sanitary carts for nightsoil and the like*. (From 31 October 1911 to 31 October 1912.)
- No. 394 of 1906.—W. Tice. *Improvements in latrines and the like for use by natives*. (From 31 October 1911 to 31 October 1912.)
- No. 423 of 1907.—P. E. G. Cumberland. *Improved method of preventing the corrosion and decomposition of metals immersed in or in contact with water*. (From 22 November 1911 to 22 November 1912.)
- No. 447 of 1907.—S. G. Brown. *Improvements in or relating to submarine cable telegraphy*. (From 13 December 1911 to 13 December 1912.)

No. 2043-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act, the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

- No. 433 of 1906.—G. W. Sutton. *Means of simultaneously discharging material from and scraping clean the inside of the revolving basket of a centrifugal machine*. (Specification filed 23 July 1907.)
- No. 614 of 1906.—G. Westinghouse. *Improvements in draft gear for vehicles*. (Specification filed 26 July 1907.)
- No. 465 of 1906.—G. R. Bonnard and G. H. Mackillop. *Improvements in apparatus for pulverising, crushing, stamping, and other operations, performed by a weight, or weights, which is, or are, lifted and then allowed to fall*. (Specification filed 23 July 1907.)
- No. 302 of 1907.—D. Mulcahy. *Improvements in sash fasteners*. (Specification filed 26 July 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of Rs 50 for each of the above inventions.

- No. 108 of 1902.—S. Carlson. *Improvements in petroleum lamps*. (Specification filed 22 July 1902.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (f) After the expiration of the eighth year and before the expiration of the ninth year from that date.

The sum of Rs 100 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price R1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. R. a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(g) Quarterly index, January to March and April to June 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

	POWDER.	
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery. R. a. p.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery. R. a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 6 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	Rs
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	Rs
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.**NOTICES.**

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price Rs 3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price Rs 3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Notice No. 48.

Tenders for the supply of the following articles for Karachi from 1st January 1912 to 31st December 1912 will be received and opened by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at Quetta, at 12 noon, on Monday the 6th November 1911:—

Articles.	Probable requirements.	Earnest money deposit.
Hay or Kirbee dry, for consumption.	lbs. 5,500,000	Rs. 1,600
Bedding grass	490,000	

Note.—If the above are brought by rail Military Tariff rates will have to be paid by the contractor.

2. For forms of tenders on payment of rupee one per set and other particulars please apply to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, or the Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi.

(Sd.) H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA,
The 17th October 1911.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Notice No. 32.

Sealed tenders for the supply of the undermentioned articles from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1912 and from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1915 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 1st (Peshawar) Division, Peshawar, on Wednesday the 15th of November 1911.

For forms of "Tender" and "Schedules" (which are obtainable on payment at Re. 1 per set) and all further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Supplies required.	Where required.	Approximate requirement.	Approximate requirement.	Earnest money.
		1912-1913.	1912-1915.	Rs.
Beef at	{ Peshawar . . . Nowshera . . . Cherat . . .	884,100 lbs.*	2,652,300 lbs.*	1,510
Mutton "	{ Peshawar . . . Nowshera . . . Cherat . . .	159,900 lbs.*	479,700 lbs.	550

* The above requirements are approximate and liable to modification.

C. H. BEVILLE, Lt.-Colonel,
for Dy. Asstt. Director of Supplies, 1st (Peshawar) Division.

PESHAWAR,
The 12th October 1911.

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES—REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Allahabad, the 25th October 1911.

No. 1954—I-134-1910.—The agreement printed below which has been entered into by the company known as the North India Mission of the American Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, in accordance with the provisions of part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, is hereby published for general information under section 42 of the said Act:—

An agreement entered into this eighteenth day of October 1911 between the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereafter called the Secretary of State) of the one part and the North India Mission of the American Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, a company registered under the Indian Companies Act, 1882, of the other part.

Whereas the aforesaid company has made an application to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, (hereafter called the Local Government) to acquire for the purposes of the said company under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 three plots of land situated west of the East Indian Railway line near the bridge-head to the south of the Jamna river amounting to 200.36 acres as detailed and described in the schedule annexed hereto and more particularly delineated on the map or plan* hereto annexed and whereas the aforesaid Local Government is satisfied that the said company is a company within the meaning of section 3(e) of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 and whereas the aforesaid Local Government after making and holding such enquiry as is required and prescribed by law is satisfied that the acquisition of the aforesaid land required by the said company is needed for experimental work in connection with an agricultural college and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public and whereas under section 41 of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 the said company is required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State regarding the matter specified in the aforesaid section.

It is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—that the said company—

- (1) will pay to the Local Government or such person or persons as the said Local Government may appoint in this behalf all such sum or sums of money as shall be awarded under the provisions of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as compensation to any person or persons who may be found on enquiry held under the provision of the said Act to be interested in the land hereinbefore mentioned as required by the said company ;
- (2) that the said company will pay to the Local Government from its funds all such other charges as may be incidental to the acquisition of the aforesaid land under the provisions of the said Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 ;
- (3) that upon the said company having made all the payments incidental to the acquisition of the aforesaid land as mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs 1 and 2 of this agreement, the Local Government will forthwith, in consideration of the repayment of the compensation money and cost of acquisition aforesaid, convey and grant to the said company all the aforesaid plots of land containing by admeasurement 200.36 acres and described and shown in the schedule and plan* annexed hereto free from all encumbrances and occupancy or other rights ;
- (4) that the said company will perpetually hold and enjoy the aforesaid plot and use the said land for the purposes hereby agreed upon, subject to the following provisos :—
- (5) that the said company, within one year of the conveyance to it of the aforesaid land, will use it for the purposes of establishing a properly organised and equipped agricultural department in connection with their present college known as the Allahabad Christian College and that they will not divert the aforesaid land to any other use, without the previous permission of Government ;
- (6) that the said company will allow the public to have full right and liberty to utilize the said land subject to rules framed by the said company for the said agricultural department ;
- (7) that in case land suitable for a municipal sewage or sullage farm cannot be secured except on the west side of the East Indian Railway line the said company will allow the municipal board, Allahabad, to resume so much of the land hereby conveyed for the purposes aforesaid as may be required for municipal sullage and sewage farm purposes, on such terms as may be agreed upon whenever this contingency may arise ;
- (8) that the said company shall not erect buildings of any sort on the area amounting approximately to 52 acres of land which is included within the area to be acquired and also lies within the defence zone of the bridge-head, but will use such land solely for ordinary agricultural purposes and comply with any rules that have been or may at any time be framed regulating the use of such land ;

In witness whereof the parties have set their hands the day and year first above written.

Witnesses : { A. N. ELIAS.
E. M. MOWATT.

ARTHUR H. EWING,
Principal, Allahabad Christian College, and
Attorney of the North India Mission of the
Presbyterian Church in the United
States of America.

Witnesses : { G. C. DEVA.
PRAYAGINARAIN.

J. W. HOSE,
Chief Secretary to Government, United Provinces.

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Nos. of fields.	Area.	Rent.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis. blaw.	R a. p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
90	2 16 0 (1'58 acre)	Rent-free.	Shaikh Abdul-lah,	Government . .	2 16 0	Shaikh Nasir-ud-din and Masih-ud-din.	Jarbandhan Singh, being in possession and Nasir-ud-din being sub-tenant on rent of Rs-11-0.
91	0 15 0 (42)	3 4 3	Babu Gauri Shanker.	Musammat Jaudha Kunwary.	0 15 0	Shaikh Rahmat-ullah.	.
92	2 13 0 (1'50)	...	Abdullah .	Masih-ud-din . .	2 13 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.	
93	1 2 0 (0'62)	6 4 1	Mohsin Ali .	Musammat Bibi. Gomti	1 2 0	Imam-ud-din . .	Rahmat-ullah in possession.
94	3 10 0 (1'97)	...	Abdullah .	Masih-ud-din . .	3 10 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.	
95	0 5 0 (1'14)	0 10 8	Ai .	Musammat Bibi. Gomti	0 5 0	Musammat Nanki, Samad and Rahmat.	
96	1 8 0 (1'79)	3 13 6		Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	1 8 0	Qasim.	
97	1 10 0 (1'84)	5 1 2	Abdullah .	Masih-ud-din . .	1 10 0	Abul Hasan, mortgagor and Sadullah mortgagee.	
98	5 13 0 (3'19)	...	Ditto . .	Ditto . . .	5 13 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.	
99	1 19 0 (1'10)	1 15 9	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	1 19 0	Sultan Hasan . .	
100	4 17 0 (2'74)	10 10 11	Ditto .	Ditto . .	4 17 0	Chhedhi . . .	
101	3 15 0 (2'11)	3 13 0	Ditto .	Ditto . .	3 15 0	Sultan Hasan . .	
102	2 16 0 (1'58)	6 2 8	Ditto .	Ditto . .	2 16 0	Chhedhi . . .	
103	3 10 0 (1'97)	8 6 8	Ditto .	Ditto . .	3 10 0	Baldi. mortgagor, and Sabbain, mortgagee.	
104	1 13 0 (1'93)	3 12 6	Ditto .	Ditto . .	1 13 0	Jan Muhammad.	
105	4 19 0 (2'80)	13 9 7	Ditto .	Ditto . .	4 19 0	Qasim.	
106	2 10 0 (1'41)	8 4 0	Mohsin Ali .	Musammat Bibi. Gomti	2 10 0	Abul. Hasan, mortgagor, and Sadullah, mortgagee.	
107	0 19 0 (54)	2 3 0	Abdullah .	Masih-ud-din . .	0 19 0	Musammat Zahura, wife of Ilahi Bakhsh, mortgagor, and Nasir-ud-din, mortgagee.	
108	2 10 0 (1'41)	5 4 2	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	2 1 0	C di.	
			Abdullah .	Masih-ud-din . .	0 9 0	Do.	
109	2 0 0 (1'13)	6 3 10	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	2 0 0	Qasim.	
110	2 10 0 (1'41)	6 13 9	Ditto .	Ditto . .	2 10 0	Do.	
111	0 9 0 (25)	1 2 3	Ditto .	Ditto . .	0 9 0	Ghani Khan.	
			Ditto .	Ditto . .	0 2 15	Wazir Ali.	
112	1 13 0 (1'93)	6 2 11	Mohsin Ali .	Musammat Bibi. Gomti	1 10 5	Do.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Nos. of fields.	Area.	Rent.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis. bisw.	R a. p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
113.	1 9 0 (81)	3 3 6	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 1 9 0	Sheo Dayal and Behari.	
114	4 15 0 (269)	4 14 3	Ditto	Ditto	4 1 0	Sultan Hasan.	
115	1 11 0 (87)	...	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	0 19 0	Kadim (old fallow).	
			Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	0 12 0	Ditto.	
116	0 6 0 (17)	...	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 0 6 0	Rasta (footpath).	
117	1 10 0 (84)	...	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	1 10 0	Bagh (grove) of Sadullah.	
118	0 14 0 (39)	2 9 3	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	Gomti 0 14 0	Musammat Aisha Bibi and Wazir Ali.	
119	2 11 0 (144)	6 2 2	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 2 11 0	Baldi, mortgagor, and Subhani, mortgagee.	
120	0 9 0 (25)	...	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	0 9 0	Khudkasht of Sheikh Masih-ud-din.	
121	5 1 0 (285)	...	Ditto	Ditto	5 1 0	Bagh (grove) of Masih-ud-din.	
122	2 11 0 (145)	6 15 11	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 2 11 0	Qasim.	
123	2 0 0 (112)	10 0 8	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	Gomti 1 0 0	Imam-ud-din.	
			Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 1 0 0	Rahmat-ullah.	
124	3 0 0 (169)	3 3 9	Ditto	Ditto	3 0 0	Qasim.	
125	2 19 0 (167)	8 1 7	Ditto	Ditto	2 19 0	Do.	
126	4 16 0 (271)	29 12 6	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	Gomti 2 8 0	Imam-ud-din.	Rahmat-ullah, Subtenant in possession.
			Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 2 8 0	Rahmat-ullah.	
127	7 3 0 (404)	Nankar	Abdullah	Musammat Saira Bibi, (Nankar holder).	3 7 0	Khudkasht of Musammat Saira Bibi.	
				Masih-ud-din	3 16 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.	
128	8 11 0 (482)	...	Ditto	Ditto	8 11 0	Ditto.	
130	2 6 0 (130)	Rent-free	Ditto	Government	2 6 0	Shaikh Nasir-ud-din and Masih-ud-din.	Jarbandhan Singh in possession, Nasir-ud-din, subtenant, on rent of Rs 7-15-0.
131	3 15 0 (211)	...	Ditto	Shaikh Masih-ud-din	3 15 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.	
132	1 15 0 (98)	8 12 7	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 0 17 10	Rahmat-ullah.	
			Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	Gomti 0 17 10	Imam-ud-din	Rahmat-ullah, subtenant, in possession.
133	8 6 0 (468)	35 3 1	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 8 6 0	Musammats Masum Bibi and Rasum Bibi.	
134	1 1 10 (60)	4 10 11	Ditto	Ditto	1 1 10	Rahmat-ullah.	
139	3 7 0 (189)	8 5 10	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	3 7 0	Musammat Nanki, Samad and Rahmat.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No. of fields.	Area.	Bound.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis. bisw.	R° a p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
140	2 17 0 (1.61)	8 14 3	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	2 17 0	Qasim.	
142	2 15 0 (1.55)	6 9 10	Ditto	Ditto	2 15 0	Baldi, mortgagor, and Sukhani, mortgagee.	
143	7 1 0 (3.98)	26 11 8	Abdullah	Sheikh Masih-ud-din	7 1 0	Sukhani.	
144	3 13 0 (2.06)	8 12 5	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	3 13 0	Baldi, mortgagor, and Sukhani, mortgagee.	
145	0 1 0 (.03)	0 3 0	Abdullah	Sheikh Masih-ud-din	0 1 0	Subhani.	
147	1 16 0 (1.01)	10 3 10	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Gonti Bibi	1 16 0	Imam-ud-din.	
148	3 3 0 (1.77)	8 11 1	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	3 3 0	Shah Muhammad.	
149	1 13 0 (.93)	7 0 0	Ditto	Ditto	1 13 0	Musammate Masum Bibi and Rasum Bibi.	
150	0 10 0 (.28)	1 11 6	Abdullah	Shaikh Masih-ud din	1 10 0	Shah Muhammad.	
245	1 6 0 (.73)	2 15 8	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	1 6 0	Jan Muhammad.	
250	2 7 13 (1.34)	6 4 0	Ditto	Ditto	1 1 7 1 6 6	Musammat Maryam Bibi. Ditto.	In cultivation of Musammat Saira Bibi.
249	4 1 0 (2.29)	8 8 4	Abdullah	Masih ud-din	4 0 0	Ali Hasan.	
251	0 2 0 (.06)	0 1 7	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	0 2 0	Sultan Hasan.	
252	2 15 0 (1.55)	6 8 10	Ditto	Ditto	2 15 0	Shro Dayal and Behari.	
253	1 16 0 (1.02)	4 9 0	Ditto	Ditto	1 16 0	Ghani Khan.	
254	0 16 0 (.45)	...	Ditto	Ditto	0 16 0	} Rasta (footpath).	
255	0 12 0 (.34)	...	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	0 12 0		
290	0 17 0 (.48)	3 11 2	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	0 17 0	Rahmat-ullah.	
291	0 5 0 (.14)	0 4 0	Mohsin Ali	Masih-ud-din	0 5 0	Musammat Rasulan Bibi.	
292	3 11 0 (2.00)	12 12 0	Ditto	Musammat Gonti Bibi	3 11 0	Imam-ud-din.	
293	1 15 0 (.98)	...	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	1 15 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.	
294	1 10 0 (1.10)	4 9 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	0 10 0	} Jan Muhammad.	
			Mohsin Ali	Musammat Gonti Bibi	1 9 0		
295	7 4 0 (4.06)	17 4 0	Ditto	Ditto	7 4 0	Shah Muhammad.	
296	2 5 0 (1.27)	2 4 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	2 5 0	Musammat Delasia.	
297	2 7 0 (1.33)	6 7 2	Ditto	Ditto	2 7 0	Qasim.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No. of fields.	Area,	Rent.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis bisw.	R. a. p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
298	6 5 0 (3'53)	Nankar	Abdullah	Dildar Hasan (Nankar holder).	1 8 0	Khudkasht of Dildar Hasan.	
		Ditto	Ditto	Sadullah (Nankar holder).	1 7 3	Sadullah's khudkasht.	
		Ditto	Ditto	Musammat Said-un-nisa (Nankar holder).	1 13 0	Khudkasht of Musammat Said-un-nisa.	
		5 14 9	Ditto	Masih-ud-din	1 16 15	Ratibay, Qudrat-ullah and Ehsan.	
299	3 19 0 (2'23)	6 7 6	Ditto	Ditto	1 1 0	Masih-ud-din and Nasir-ud-din.	
		Nankar	...	Sadullah (Nankar holder).	1 0 0	Khudkasht of Sadullah.	
		Ditto	...	Musammat Said-un-nisa (Nankar holder).	0 18 0	Khudkasht of Said-un-nisa.	
		Ditto	...	Dildar Hasan (Nankar holder).	1 0 0	Khudkasht of Dildar Hasan.	
300	3 7 0 (1'89)	10 11 6	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	3 7 0	Ratibay, Qudrat-ullah and Ehsan.	
301	5 17 0 (3'30)	15 5 9	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	5 17 0	Musammats Maryam, Sakina Bibi and Saira Bibi.	
302	8 13 0 (4'85)	9 5 6	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	2 18 0	Ratibay, Qudrat-ullah and Ehsan.	
				Ditto	1 8 10	Nasir-ud-din, mortgagor of the share of Musammat Zahura.	
		Nankar	Ditto	Musammat Said-un-nisa (Nankar holder).	1 3 10	Khudkasht of Musammat Said-un-nisa.	
		Ditto	Ditto	Dildar Hasan (Nankar holder).	3 3 0	Khudkasht of Dildar Hasan.	
303	2 8 0 (1'36)	5 4 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	2 8 0	Shao Dayal and Behari.	
304	1 2 0 (62)	2 15 0	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	1 2 0	Musammats Maryam Bibi, Sakina Bibi and Saira Bibi.	
305	2 19 0 (1'67)	6 8 0	Ditto	Ditto	2 19 0	Shaikh Ratibay, Qudrat-ullah and Ehsan.	
306	2 19 0 (1'67)	6 8 3	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	2 19 0	Chheda.	
307	2 5 0 (1'27)	5 8 0	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi. Gomti	2 5 0	Ali Raza.	
308	2 16 0 (1'58)	9 2 10	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	2 16 0	Muhammad Hasan.	
309	0 17 0 (48)	2 9 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	0 17 0	Kallu and Musai.	
310	3 6 0 (1'86)	7 15 3	Ditto	Ditto	3 6 0	Shah Muhammad.	
311	0 8 0 (23)	1 2 0	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi. Gomti	0 8 0	Sultan Hasan.	
312	0 19 0 (34)	3 8 0	Ditto	Ditto	0 19 0	Wazir Ali.	
313	1 2 0 (62)	2 0 0	Ditto	Ditto	1 2 0	Muhammad Hasan.	
14	0 15 0 (42)	1 12 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	0 15 0	Ali Raza.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Nos. of fields.	Area.	Rent.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis. bisw.	R a p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
315	0 4 0 (11)	...	Abdullah	Masih-uddin	0 4 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din	
316	2 17 0 (161)	7 3 9	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	2 17 0	Ghani Khan.	
317	0 16 0 (45)	1 8 10	Ditto	Ditto	0 16 0	Sheo Dayal.	
318	0 8 0 (23)	0 15 4	Ditto	Ditto	0 8 0	Baldi, mortgagor, and Subhani, mortgagee.	
319	1 6 0 (73)	5 8 3	Ditto	Ditto	1 6 0	Musammats Masum Bibi and Rasum Bibi.	
320	0 11 0 (31)	1 3 4	Ditto	Ditto	0 11 0	Chhedi.	
321	1 0 0 (56)	3 11 0	Mohsin Ali	Mu-ammat Gomti Bibi	1 0 0	Wazir Ali.	
322	1 1 0 (59)	Nankar	Abdullah	Mu ammat Zainab Bibi.	1 1 0	} Khudkasht of Musammat Zainab Bibi.	
323	2 6 0 (130)	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	2 6 0		
			Mohsin Ali	Musammat Gomti Bibi	1 17 0	Sultan Hasan.	
324	2 5 0 (127)	5 14 8	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	0 8 0	Chhedi.	
325	2 0 0 (113)	...	Ditto	Ditto	2 0 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din	
326	0 9 0 (25)	0 15 11	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	0 9 0	Chhedi.	
327	5 12 0 (316)	16 7 0	Abdullah	Masih-ud din	5 12 0	} Ghani Khan.	
328	4 14 0 (265)	11 14 8	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	4 14 0		
329	3 4 0 (180)	13 14 11	Ditto	Ditto	3 4 0	Rahmat-ullah.	
330	0 19 0 (59)	3 5 3	Ditto	Ditto	0 19 0	Mahgu, Matar and Ramphal.	
331	1 14 0 (95)	4 4 11	Ditto	Ditto	1 14 0	Ghani Khan.	
332	1 19 0 (110)	5 2 0	Ditto	Ditto	1 19 0	Musammats Maryam, Sakina and Saira Bibi.	
333	3 17 0 (218)	3 14 7	Ditto	Ditto	3 17 0	} Sultan Hasan.	
334	1 10 0 (84)	1 8 5	Ditto	Ditto	1 10 0		
335	4 4 0 (236)	Nankar	Abdullah	Musammat Saira Bibi (Nankar holder).	4 4 0	Khudkasht of Musammat Saira Bibi.	
336	2 7 0 (133)	10 3 8	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	2 7 0	Rahmat-ullah.	
337	3 14 0 (209)	9 2 3	Ditto	Ditto	3 14 0	Shah Muhammad.	
338	5 12 0 (316)	24 12 7	Ditto	Ditto	5 12 0	} Wazir Ali.	
339	0 3 0 (08)	0 8 0	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	0 3 0		
340	0 1 0 (03)	0 3 6	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar. Jaudha	0 1 0		
341	0 5 0 (14)	1 1 8	Ditto	Ditto	0 5 0		
342	0 5 0 (14)	1 1 8	Ditto	Ditto	0 5 0		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Nos. of fields.	Area.	Rent.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis. bisw.	R a. p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
343	0 6 0 (17)	1 0 0	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	0 6 0	Wazir Ali.	
344	0 8 0 (23)	1 3 0	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	0 8 0	Shah Muhammad.	
345	0 6 0 (17)	1 0 0 Nankar.	Abdullah	Musammat Saira Bibi (Nankar holder).	0 6 0		
346	0 10 0 (28)	2 2 10	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	0 10 0	Rahmat-ullah.	
347	0 5 0 (14)	1 1 5	Ditto	Ditto	0 5 0		
348	1 16 0 (111)	Nankar	Abdullah	Musammat Said-un-nisa Bibi.	1 16 0	Khudkasht of Musammat Said-un-nisa Bibi.	
349	4 9 0 (239)	5 0 5	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	4 9 0	Sultan Hasan.	
350	4 0 0 (226)	8 6 8	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	4 0 0	Ali Hasan.	
351	3 15 0 (213)	3 13 0	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha	3 15 0	Sultan Hasan.	
352	1 2 0 (62)	3 8 9	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din	1 2 0	Wazir Ali.	
353	0 19 0 (54)	2 8 0	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	0 19 0	Musammats Maryam, Sakina and Saira Bibi.	
354	2 6 0 (130)	4 6 0	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Gomti Bibi.	2 6 0	Shaikh Subhani.	
355	1 5 0 (70)	2 0 0	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	1 5 0	Musammat Munni.	
356	6 7 0 (358)	14 6 5	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Gomti Bibi.	2 4 10	Musammat Aisha Bibi and Wazir Ali.	
...	...	...	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	2 9 0	Shaikh Muhammad.	
...	...	...	Ditto	Ditto	0 5 0	Sheo Dayal.	
...	...	Nankar	Abdullah	Musammat Saira Bibi (Nankar holder).	1 8 10	Khudkasht of Musammat Saira Bibi.	
357	1 8 0 (79)	1 6 10	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	1 8 0	Sultau Hasan.	
358	1 15 0 (98)	10 15 6	Abdullah	Musammat Said-un-nisa (Nankar holder).	0 15 0	Nasir-ud-din and Masih-ud-din.	
				Shaikh Sadulla (Nankar holder).	1 0 0	Pitambar.	
359	0 18 0 (52)	3 14 8	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Jaudha Kunwar.	0 18 0	Rahmat-ullah.	
360	1 4 0 (68)	3 10 6	Abdullah	Dildar Hasan (Nankar holder).	1 0 0	Nasir-ud-din and Masih-ud-din.	
				Musammat Said-un-nisa (Nankar holder).	0 4 0		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No. of fields.	Area.	Rent.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis. bisw.	R a. p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
361	0 11 0 (31)	3 2 1	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	Gomti	0 11 0	Imam-ud-din.
362	1 17 0 (1'4)	4 8 9	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha	1 3 0	Sheo Dayal, Pasi.
			Ditto	Ditto		0 14 0	Sheikh Qasim.
363	1 0 0 (56)	...	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din		1 0 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.
Total of uparwar.	324 3 3 (183'16)	711 1 7	...	...	324 3 3		
KACHHAR.							
23	0 16 0 (46)	4 3 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha	0 16 0	Baldi, mortgagor, and Subhani mortgagee.
24	0 14 0 (39)	3 8 0	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din		0 14 0	Subhani.
25	0 16 0 (46)	4 0 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha	0 16 0	Jan Muhammad, mortgagor, and Sabhani, mortgagee.
26	1 12 0 (90)	8 0 0	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din		1 2 0	Ebad-ullah.
			Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha	0 10 0	Ghani Khan.
		5 0 0	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din		0 6 10	Ratibay, Qudrat-ullah and Eshan.
		...	Ditto	Ditto		0 1 15	Nasir-ud-din and Masih-ud-din.
27	1 0 0 (56)	Nankar	Ditto	Sadullah (Nankar holder).	(Nankar)	0 1 15	Shaikh Usman.
		Ditto	Ditto	Musammat Bibi (Nankar holder).	(Nankar)	0 1 15	
		Ditto	Ditto	Dildar Hasan (Nankar holder).		0 5 0	
		Ditto	Ditto	Musammat Said-un-nisa (Nankar holder).		0 3 5	
28	0 6 0 (17)	1 8 0	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	Gomti	0 6 0	Imam-ud-din.
29	0 18 0 (51)	4 8 0	Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha	0 18 0	Musammats Maryam, Sakina and Saira Bibi.
30	3 6 0 (1'85)	16 8 0	Ditto	Ditto		2 9 10	Musammats Masum Bibi and Rasum Bibi.
			Abdullah	Masih-ud-din		0 16 10	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.
31	3 11 0 (1'98)	17 12 0	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Bibi.	Gomti	1 15 10	Imam-ud-din.
			Gauri Shankar.	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha	1 15 10	Rahmat-ullah.
32	1 10 0 (84)	...	Abdullah	Masih-ud-din		1 10 0	Khudkasht of Masih-ud-din.
33	2 9 0 (1'39)	12 4 0	Ditto	Government		2 9 0	Nasir-ud-din and Masih-ud-din.
							Jarbandhan Singh, in possession, and Nasir-ud-din, sub-tenant.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Nos. of fields.	Acrea.	Rent.	Name of mahal.	Name of zamindar.	Detail of area.	Name of cultivator.	REMARKS.
	Big. bis. bisw.	R a. p.			Big. bis. bisw.		
135	3 17 0 (2'20)	14 7 0	Gauri Sankar . Abdullah .	Musammat Kunwar . Masih-ud-din .	Jaudha 0 19 5	Musammats Masum Bibi and Rasum Bibi. Khud- kasht of Masid-ud-din.	
136	1 4 0 (68)	6 0 0	Gauri Shankar	Musammat Kunwar.	Jaudha 1 4 0	Musammats Maryam Bibi, Sakina Bibi and Saira Bibi.	
137	0 8 0 (23)	2 0 0	Mohsin Ali	Musammat Gomti Bibi	0 8 0	Imam-ud-din.	
138		7 12 0	Abdullah .	Masih-ud-din .	0 10 10	Masih-ud-din, mortgagee of Musammat Zahura's share.	
		...	Ditto .	Ditto .	0 2 10	Sadallah.	
	1 11 0 (86)	...	Ditto .	Ditto .	0 2 10	Masih-ud-din and Nasir- ud-din.	
		...	Ditto .	Ditto .	0 10 10	Ratibay, Qudrat-ullah and Ehsan.	
		Nankar	Ditto .	Dildar Hasan (Nankar holder).	0 2 10	} Usman.	
		Ditto	Ditto .	Musammat Said-un- nisa.	0 2 10		
151	1 15 0 (98)	8 12 0	Ditto .	Masih-ud-din .	1 3 10	Ebad Ullah.	
			Gauri Shankar .	Musammat Kunwar .	Jaudha 0 11 10	Ghani Khan.	
152	1 3 0 (65)	5 12 0	Ditto .	Ditto .	1 3 0	Jan Muhammad, mort- gagor, and Nasir-ud-din, mortgagee.	
153	1 16 0 (1'02)	9 0 0	Ditto .	Ditto .	1 16 0	Subhani.	
154	1 18 0 (1'07)	5 12 3	Ditto .	Ditto .	1 18 0	Baldi, mortgagor, and Subhani, mortgagee.	
Total of Ka- chhar.	30 10 0 (17'20)	136 10 3	...	...	30 10 0	...	
GRAND TOTAL.	354 13 3 (200'36 acres).	847 11 10	...	...	354 13 3	...	

NOTE.—The figures in brackets show the areas in acres.

F. W. BROWNRIGG,
Commissioner.

The 14th July 1911.

ARTHUR H. EWING,
Principal, Allahabad Christian College.

The 20th September 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 74 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Po Hmi, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by (a) Maung Po Hmi, trader of No. 108 Strand Road, Rangoon, on the 25th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Po Hmi.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 26th day of October 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 75 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Ba, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba, Broker of No. 1, William Street, Rangoon, on the 26th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 26th day of October 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 76 OF 1911.

In the matter of Albert Howard Dickerson, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Albert Howard Dickerson, Assistant in the firm of Messrs. Watson & Son, Rangoon, on the 26th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Albert Howard Dickerson.

RANGOON ;

The 26th day of October 1911.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

BANK OF BENGAL.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 28th October 1911.

The Directors have made the following change in the Bank's European Establishment :—

Mr. S. B. Moultrie to act as Agent, Allahabad, *vice* Mr. F. J. Robins, transferred to Delhi.

By order of the Directors,

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 27th October 1911.

No. 128.—The services of No. 1233, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sampuran Singh, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Inspector General, Imperial Service Troops, with effect from the 22nd August 1911.

The 30th October 1911.

No. 129.—The services of 2nd Class Assistant Surgeon A. G. Brown, I.S.M.D., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Medical Store Keeper to Government, Calcutta, with effect from the 28th July 1911.

No. 130.—The services of No. 1390, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Culpankam Virasami Rajagopal Pillai, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India, with effect from the 30th September 1911.

No. 131.—2nd Class Assistant Surgeon P. T. Duckworth, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is granted 45 days' privilege leave, with effect from the 1st November 1911, or date from which he may avail himself of the same.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 30th October 1911.

No. 587.—Lieutenant A. A. Chase, R.E., Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 3 months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd November 1911 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Mussoorie, the 26th October 1911.

No. 13.—Mr. H. C. W. Stotesbury, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 25 days under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st November 1911 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

W. J. BYTHELL, Col., R.E.,
Superintendent, Northern Circle.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Agra, the 16th October 1911.

No. 212.—Mr. Muhammad Ibrahim, Probationary Assistant Superintendent, at present officiating as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, in succession to Mr. E. G. Winn, on leave, is appointed to be Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from the 5th September 1911, in succession to Mr. W. F. Hicks, Superintendent, retired.

The 17th October 1911.

No. 214.—Mr. A. M. S. Carter, Superintendent of the Ghazipur Circle, Lower Division, Internal Branch, is granted furlough for 5 months and 3 days in continuation of the leave sanctioned by Notification No. 124, dated 20th July 1911.

S. R. ARTHUR,
Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 27th October 1911.

No. 62.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for the opening of a footpath to connect Veerapillay Street with L. No. 3 Street.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.	V. N. Senapathy Mudaliar.	Part of shop No. 25, L. No. 3 Street. (Tiled roof.)	104 Square feet.	Sonnari Khadis Patcha's house.	Senapathy Mudaliar's house.	Senapathy Mudaliar's house.	L. No. 3 Street.	
	V. N. Senapathy Mudaliar.	Part of house No. 6, L. No. 4 Street. (Open space and red tiled verandah.)	248 Square feet.	Sonnari Khadis Patcha's house.	Abdul Gaffoor's house.	Part of Senapathy Mudaliar's house.	Premises No. 25, L. No. 3 Street.	
	N. Abdul Gaffoor Saib.	Part of house No. 13A, and B., L. No. 5 Street. (Open space and a small portion of tiled house.)	289 Square feet.	Abdul Gaffoor's house.	L. No. 5 Street.	Part of Abdul Gaffoor's house.	Senapathy Mudaliar's house.	
	Asha Bee.	Part of house No. 378, Old Poor House Road. (Part of the house)	353 Square feet.	Part of Asha Bee's house.	Old Poor House Road.	Ally Saib's house.	L. No. 5 Street and Giddamma's house.	

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 11th October 1911.

No. 2714-15.—Under the explanation to Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (XXVI of 1881), the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner hereby declares that Thursday, the 7th December 1911, the date appointed for the State Entry into Delhi of Their Imperial Majesties the King-Emperor and the Queen-Empress, and Tuesday, the 12th December 1911, the date appointed for the Imperial Durbar at Delhi, shall be Public holidays in Baluchistan Agency Territories and in British Baluchistan.

The 23rd October 1911.

No. 5119-R.—Consequent on the retirement of Khan Sahib Sheikh Abdur Rahman, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd grade, from the public service M. Gulzar Khan, a Tahsildar of the 2nd grade and officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner, 6th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Duki, is appointed to be a substantive Extra Assistant Commissioner, 6th grade, with effect from the 3rd May 1911.

The 25th October 1911.

No. 5182-R.—Consequent on the addition of an appointment to the sanctioned cadre of Extra Assistant Commissioner in Baluchistan Mr. B. C. Fernandes, officiating Superintendent of the office of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan, is appointed as an Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th grade, and posted as Registrar of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General's office, with effect from the 21st May 1911.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,
First Assistant.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act V of 1878 notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that on the 8th May 1911 while digging the foundation of a house formerly belonging to one Pandurang Mahadu and now belonging to one Adam Haji Hasan and situate in Mangalwadi at Mahim Bazar Road, Bombay, Rupees (35) thirty-five were found in a chatty by two labourers named Dewaji Sonu and Krishna Hira. All persons claiming the said treasure are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Bombay at his office in the Durbar Room of the Town Hall, Bombay, on Thursday the 15th November 1911 at 12 noon when the Collector will proceed to hold an enquiry in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

G. WALES,
Collector of Bombay.

BOMBAY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 17th May 1911.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

No. 3400-Rev.—Under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, the Indian Treasure Trove Act, it is hereby notified that on or about the 7th January 1911 a treasure consisting of the undermentioned coins current during the Muhammadan period and valued at Rs64-8-0 was found while demolishing the old house belonging to Kaliyannagounden, son of Sunianathu Velappagounden of Pudupalaiyam, Gobichottipalaiyam taluk, Coimbatore District, and digging the foundation for a new house.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office at Coimbatore on Monday, the 22nd March 1912, in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

	Value.
	Rs. a. p.
Whole rupees 27	27 0 0
Half rupees 63	31 8 0
Quarter rupees 22	5 8 0
1/4th rupee 4	0 8 0
	<hr/>
	64 8 0

(Illegible)

for Acting Collector.

The 23rd October 1911.

REPORTS OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, the King's Regiment, dated at Lahore Cantonment, this 30th day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—9461, Private, E. S. Gardiner.

Age—27 years 2 months.

Height—5 feet 4½ inches.

Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, hazel.

Trade—Boilermaker.

Date of enlistment—5th March 1906.

Place of enlistment—Liverpool.

Parish and County in which born—Newport, Monmouth.

Date of desertion or absence—26th October 1911.

Place of desertion or absence—Fort, Lahore.

Marks—Scar left eyebrow; burn scar inside right shin.

B. C. CARTER, Major,

Commanding 2nd Battalion, the King's Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Leicestershire Regiment, dated at Madras, this 30th day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—8434, Private, Mathew Washington.

Age—19 years 1 month.

Height—5 feet 9 inches.

Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, brown.

Trade—Musician.

Date of enlistment—24th August 1908.

Place of enlistment—York.

Parish and County in which born—Foss Islands, York, Yorkshire.

Date of desertion or absence—22nd October 1911.

Place of desertion or absence—Madras.

Marks—Large scar, front left knee; two small scars back left hand; two round scars back of neck; large round scar 2 inches inside left shoulder blade.

Under 4 years' service.

L. C. SHERER, Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding 2nd Battalion, Leicestershire Regiment.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October 1911.

No. 1920-S.-Ap.—Mr. R. N. Vear, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 27 days combined with furlough out of India for 3 months and 4 days with effect from the 1st October 1911.

Babu Jnanendra Nath Datta, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. R. N. Vear, or until further orders.

The 26th October 1911.

No. 1943-S.-Ap.—Mr. Krishnaji Damodar Tembe, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for 8 days with effect from the 4th October 1911.

No. 1947-S.-Ap.—Mr. V. W. Coombes, Postmaster, Baroda, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 24th October 1911 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 27th October 1911.

No. 1951-S.-Ap.—Mr. C. Amos, Postmaster, Tuticorin, pay R200—300, is granted an extension of privilege leave for eleven days, with effect from the 20th September 1911.

No. 1955-S.-Ap.—Mr. J. J. F. Rodrigues, Postmaster, Lahore, pay R600—800, is granted an extension of privilege leave for thirteen days, with effect from the 25th September 1911.

No. 1963-S.-Ap.—Mr. Braj Bhushan Lal, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 25th October 1911.

Mr. H. F. P. Dwyer, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Braj Bhushan Lal or until further orders.

The 31st October 1911.

No. 1996-S.-Ap.—The following appointments in the grades of postmasters are made with effect from the 10th October 1911 :—

Mr. V. Narayanasawmy Mudaliar, Postmaster, Tanjore, pay R200—300, to be Postmaster, Madura, pay R300—400 ;

Mr. H. T. Bedford, Postmaster, Chittagong, pay R300—400, to continue to act as Postmaster, Rawalpindi, pay R400—500, *vice* Mr. N. M. Cama ;

Mr. J. S. Goss, Postmaster, Naini Tal, pay R200—300, to act as Postmaster, Chittagong, pay R300—400, *vice* Mr. H. T. Bedford ;

Pandit Amba Datt Tewari, officiating Deputy Postmaster, Naini Tal, pay R100, to act as Postmaster, Naini Tal, pay R200—300, *vice* Mr. J. S. Goss.

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of the Post Office of India.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 23RD TO 31ST OCTOBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																	COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.				SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.				BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.						Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.			
	Pur- chased Silver.	Withdrawn and un- current coins from Trea- suries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Trea- suries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and uncur- rent coins.	TOTAL.										
Calcutta	...	7	...	7	2	...	2	...	90	11	44	7	152	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	200	...	65	1	266	29	23	39	...	...	...	

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . . 63

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HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ;
Calcutta, the 3rd November 1911.

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 3rd November 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st October 1911.

RESERVE.										REMARKS.	
COIN AND BULLION.					SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).						
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.					TOTAL.						
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		Silver Bullion under coinage.†	In England.		In Transit between India and England.			Held in India.	Held in England.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Calcutta	1,52,78,795	20,77,29,465	3,01,76,911	1,94,54,220	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...	2	2	2	2
Cawnpore.	...	3,21,38,180	3,91,74,468	96,52,650	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b)
Lahore	...	3,72,87,810	4,26,35,298	1,71,51,975	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b)
Bombay	1,56,38,430	16,79,82,475	3,89,97,896	5,39,98,949	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b)
Karachi	...	1,55,84,940	29,67,040	5,38,215	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b)
Madras	82,11,490	7,11,97,405	3,44,03,425	61,14,390	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b)
Rangoon	...	3,48,39,440	5,29,98,817	26,08,545	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b)
3,01,28,715		52,69,31,000	24,13,53,855	10,95,18,944	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...	...	...	9,00,99,946	4,00,00,000
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue		...	Deduct—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another								
TOTAL CIRCULATION R.		56,60,59,715	TOTAL RESERVE R.								
			56,60,59,715								
</											

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Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (9a.)

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Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11 with a review of the progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

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- Area and yield of certain principal crops in India—rice, wheat, cotton, oilseeds, jute, indigo, sugarcane—for various periods from 1896-97 to 1910-11.** Thirteenth issue. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. (2a.)
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DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Progress Report of the Imperial Forest College, Dehra Dun, for 1909-10. Foolscap. Paper cover. 14a. or 1s. 3d. (2a.)

Review of Forest Administration in British India for the year 1908-09 with a quinquennial Summary. Foolscap. Board. R5 or 9s. (6a.)

Annual Report of the Board of Scientific Advice for India for the year 1909-10. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Proceedings of the Fifth Conference of Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societies with appendices, January 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 10 or 1s. (4a.)

Memorandum on Teak plantations in Burma Forest Bulletin No. 2, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 10a. (2a.)

Note on the relative strength of Natural and Plantation grown teak in Burma Forest Bulletin No. 3, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

The Indian Forest Memoirs on some important insect Pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya, with Notes on some insects, Predaceous and Parasitic, upon them. Vol II. Forest Zoology Series. Part I. Super Royal. Board. R4-10 or 7s. (6a.)

Forest Flora of the Sewalik and Jaunsar Forest Divisions of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, being a revised and enlarged edition of the Forest Flora of the School Circle, North-Western Provinces with analyses. Royal 16mo. Cloth. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Progress Report of the Forest Administration in Baluchistan for 1909-1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 8a. or 2s. 3d. (1a.)

The Blue Pine Tomicus Bark-Borer. Forest Bulletin No. 5, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. (1a.)

List of Officers in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, Government of India, and in the Departments under its administrative control. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

A Glossary of Technical terms for use in Indian Forestry compiled by A. M. F. Caccia and revised by R. S. Troup. Forest Bulletin No. 4, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 6a. or 7d. (1a.)

Classified List of Forest Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services in the Bengal, Madras and Bombay Presidencies on 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

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Bridging the River Ravi near site of boat bridge at Lahore. (H. C. Granville, Superintending Engineer, P. W. Dept.) Technical Paper. No. 24. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

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 Army Regulations, India, Vol. V, Supply and Transport. Royal 8vo. Cloth. 10a. or 1s. (2a.)
 Postal Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)
 Report on the Examination held in India, November 1910. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 4a. or 1s. 11d. (3a.)
 Cavalry Training Indian Supplement. Instructions in Sword, Practice for Indian Cavalry, 1911. Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)
 List of Light-houses and Light Vessels in British India including those in the Gulf of Aden as existing on the 30th June 1911. 30th issue. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

- Administration Report on Railways in India for the calendar year 1910. Foolscap. Limp. R2 or 2s. 8d. (8a.)
 History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2 3a. or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

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- Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1909-10. Foolscap. Limp cover. R1 5a. or 2s. (3a.)
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 Records of Fort St. George. Despatches from England, 1670-1677. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (4a.)
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 Report of the Civil Veterinary Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. 3p. or 8½d. (2a.)
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 Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

**LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE
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SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

- Journal and Proceedings**, Vol. 5, Nos. 2 to 11, at R2 each.
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 Par Mr. M. A. Graval, at R2.
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 By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.
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 Language* at R3.
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 at R4.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 1 to 10 at R2 each.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Extra No., 1910, *Divan-i-Babur Padishah*, at
 R2.
Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10. *Notes on some Monuments in Afghanistan*. By Mr. H. H.
 Hayden, at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11. *On the Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the
 Rainfall*. By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.
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Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. *The Journal of Major James Rennell*. By Mr. T. H. D.
 LaTouche, at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. *Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier*. By
 Messrs. A. Rose and J. Coggin Brown, at R3.
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 de Koros. Edited by Drs. E. Denison-Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana, at
 R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

- Rasarnavam**, Fasc. 2. By Dr. P. C. Roy, at R1-4.
Grihya Sangraha. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at As. 10.
Gobhila Paricista, Part I. By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at R1-14.
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 As. 10.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 7. By Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur, at R1.
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 As. 10 each.
Upamitibhavaprapanca Katha. Fasc. 2 and 13. By Prof. Dr. Hermann Jacobi, at
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Tadhkira-Khushnaveshan. By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, Lecturer in Arabic and
 Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at R1.
Maasir-i-Rahimi. Pt. 1, Fasc. 1. By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, Lecturer in Arabic
 and Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at R2 each.

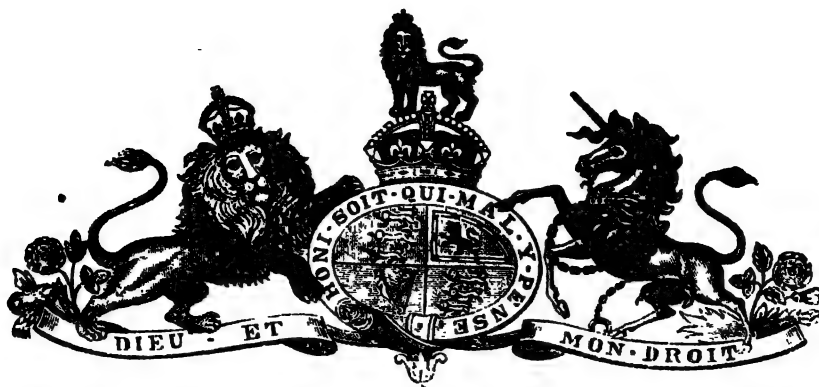
Marhama-i-Ilali L. Mu-Dila. Fasc. 1. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1 each.
Persian and Turki Divans of Bayram Khan Khan Khannan. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross,
at R1.
Mabani-i-Lughat. By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1-8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.

Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review for June 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1911.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 114929 of the $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. loan of 1st May 1865 for Rs100 originally standing in the name of Khetter Mohun Paul, and last endorsed to Sris Chandra Paul, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person and interest on which was paid to the abovenamed Sris Chandra Paul up to half year ending 31st October 1905. Payment of the above note and interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against dealing with the abovementioned security.

[Republished.]

Name of advertiser—SRIS CHANDRA PAUL, Holder,
Residence—Chinsurah.

IN THE COURT OF L. DURGA PERSHAD, MUNSIFF, II CLASS, MUKTSAR, DISTRICT
FEROZEPORE, PUNJAB.

SUIT NO. 581 OF 1911.

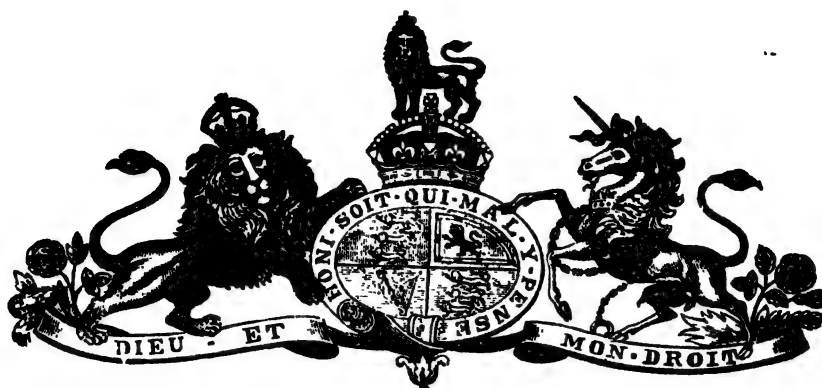
(1) Bansidhar, son of Shib Bansi Das, (2) Seri Nawas, adopted son of
Khetsi Das, Proprietors of the firm known as Khetsi Das Gardhan
Das at Giddarbha, Tehsil Muktsar, through Piare Lal and Banse
Lal, their agents *Plaintiffs,*
against

(1) Seri Nawas, (2) Ram Sahai, sons of Hardhian Das, caste Bania, of
Sultanganj, at present residing at Calcutta *Defendants.*
Claim for recovery of Rs1-13 on account of principal and interest on the basis of
Book account.

Whereas the Defendants do not present themselves in the Court to answer the above
claim and are evading service of summonses, it is hereby notified that if they will not
present themselves in the court on 30th November 1911, either personally or through an
authorized agent or a pleader, *ex parte* proceedings will be taken against them.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 30th day of October 1911.

ISHWAR SINGH,
Munsiff, II class, Muktsar.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India

No. 44.}

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE, LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in August 1911, and from 1st January to 31st August 1911 and in the corresponding period of 1910

Whence exported	COTTON, raw										Whence exported
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL		
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
Imports in August											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River—
E. B. and Assam	884	8,279	...	...	...	...	...	...	884	8,279	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	1,232	930	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,232	930	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,666	174	856	720	...	...	...	...	2,522	894	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	273	...	89	342	68	881	...	...	430	1,223	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	35	2,341	...	...	35	2,341	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	...	...	10,738	2,142	...	...	...	...	10,738	2,142	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	...	...	73,322	9,908	...	...	2,599	1,148	75,921	11,056	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	11,443	41	913	1,447	...	...	...	...	12,356	1,488	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	...	...	13,425	6,653	...	...	14,185	8,930	27,610	15,583	Nizam's Territory
Madras	...	...	4,741	2,305	...	...	67,371	78,448	72,112	80,753	Madras
Mysore	...	...	2,732	685	...	...	684	718	3,416	1,403	Mysore
TOTAL	15,498	9,424	106,816	24,202	103	3,222	84,839	89,244	207,256	126,092	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
E. B. and Assam	3,424	9,067	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,424	9,067	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	...	85	445	2,250	...	...	...	...	445	2,335	Bengal
Bombay	9,430	937	...	...	161	85	1,600	332	11,191	1,354	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	451	7,721	...	...	...	...	451	7,721	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	4,683	2,287	3,687	5,265	...	...	...	...	8,370	7,552	Madras
Burma	1,928	105	50	...	...	...	...	...	1,984	105	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	75,888	46,449	...	...	...	...	75,888	46,449	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	39	1,040	767	4,900	...	...	4	9	810	5,949	Foreign countries
TOTAL	19,504	13,521	81,294	66,585	161	85	1,604	341	102,563	80,532	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	35,002	22,945	188,110	90,787	264	3,307	86,443	89,585	309,819	206,624	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of August											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River—
E. B. and Assam	44,015	177,210	...	...	...	...	...	...	44,015	177,210	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	27,251	23,191	14	...	...	...	...	7	27,265	23,198	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	91,167	56,010	145,246	97,965	1,085	2,038	...	2	237,498	156,015	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	31,209	11,673	104,224	69,558	449,123	314,400	...	...	584,616	395,631	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	322,372	438,932	...	...	322,372	438,932	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	16,072	9,476	776,274	604,502	...	...	234	...	795,510	615,695	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	670	2,177	3,188,153	2,411,423	...	...	24,867	7,445	3,213,690	2,421,045	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	160,419	65,375	2,006,260	1,353,681	...	...	...	...	2,166,679	1,419,056	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	705	712	609,399	331,885	...	...	76,523	71,309	687,627	403,900	Nizam's Territory
Madras	940	1,515	39,535	19,178	...	...	495,005	908,130	538,480	928,423	Madras
Mysore	...	12	10,982	15,425	...	...	9,104	18,967	20,246	34,404	Mysore
TOTAL	372,508	347,351	6,880,087	4,903,617	775,810	757,087	608,893	1,005,860	8,637,298	7,013,915	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
E. B. and Assam	73,566	70,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	73,566	70,700	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	22	96	7,531	14,326	...	...	6,530	...	14,083	14,422	Bengal
Bombay	31,495	22,648	12,781	9,086	348	976	67,584	67,903	112,208	100,613	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	20	1,656	89,429	186,667	1	...	...	...	89,450	188,323	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	21,609	21,688	15,070	18,962	...	...	...	1	36,679	40,651	Madras
Burma	4,984	21,629	56	23	...	...	...	179	5,040	21,831	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	115	1,326,687	1,112,356	...	...	...	...	1,326,687	1,112,475	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	119	3,590	12,314	54,016	...	...	8	89	12,441	57,701	Foreign countries
TOTAL	131,815	142,128	1,463,868	1,395,436	349	980	74,122	68,172	1,670,154	1,606,716	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	504,323	489,479	8,343,955	6,299,053	776,159	758,067	683,015	1,074,032	10,307,452	8,620,631	TOTAL IMPORTS

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the ports of Madras, Pondicherry (exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara.

Whence exported	WHEAT								RICE (INCLUD			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Imports in August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	3,708	7,348	...	...	...	...	3,708	7,348	29,608	73,252	...	...
Bengal	84,311	211,383	...	...	...	...	84,311	211,383	500,323	581,178	...	...
U. P. of Agra and												
Oudh	391,436	214,252	13,121	11,372	9,184	17,440	413,741	241,073	19	1,429	...	...
Panjab	...	1,237	77,594	43,458	2,644,616	1,088,698	2,722,210	1,133,393	127	94	70	6,857
Sind and Br. Balu-												
chistan	...	...	...	246	110,230	69,916	110,230	70,162	...	...	79,761	74,095
Raj. and C. India	...	...	91,538	22,011	1,900	3,370	95,438	25,381	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	69,010	70,060	...	...	69,010	70,060	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and												
Berar	9,439	41,434	141,640	154,559	...	...	154,079	195,993	2	3	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	68	7,415	...	...	68	7,445	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	488,894	475,654	397,971	315,163	2,765,930	1,179,433	3,652,795	1,970,250	530,079	656,031	79,831	80,952
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,768	32,442	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	30	3	...	376	340
Sind and Br. Balu-												
chistan	...	...	49,058	14,223	...	...	49,058	14,223	...	...	421	933
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	196,207	12,342	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in												
India	...	...	42,650	11,253	94	...	42,744	11,253	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	...	4,619	...	...	...	4,619	548	54	...	...
TOTAL	3	...	91,708	30,095	94	30	91,805	30,135	198,526	44,838	797	1,273
TOTAL IMPORTS	488,897	475,654	489,679	345,258	2,766,024	1,179,463	3,744,600	2,000,375	728,605	700,869	80,628	82,225
Imports to end of August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	25,754	30,595	...	...	...	...	25,754	30,595	1,339,073	1,630,049	...	...
Bengal	412,891	823,882	29	9	...	...	412,930	823,891	5,416,428	7,003,302	...	...
U. P. of Agra and												
Cudh	3,362,276	4,127,059	378,463	463,311	528,876	2,618,421	4,260,630	7,204,793	1,173	2,792	...	13
Panjab	45,846	10,087	583,655	347,770	12,553,478	13,063,771	13,182,979	13,427,628	677	1,151	2,086	19,029
Sind and Br. Balu-												
chistan	...	...	...	391	442,019	519,881	442,019	520,272	...	98	720,846	815,240
Raj. and C. India	2,024	2,585	246,896	587,240	30,270	50,859	2,70,190	610,784	4	119	...	1
Bombay	145	1	202,141	606,270	...	...	202,286	606,271	92	291	...	...
Cent. Provs. and												
Berar	282,813	646,442	733,570	2,189,479	...	...	1,016,383	2,835,921	5,213	3,937	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,540	11,934	...	...	1,540	11,934	1	10	...	...
Madras	...	...	71	158	...	...	71	158	640	694	...	...
Mysore	...	...	36	16	...	...	36	16	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	1,333	...	1,333	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,131,749	5,646,651	2,146,406	4,206,678	13,555,976	16,252,934	19,834,131	26,106,263	6,763,306	8,642,443	722,932	834,283
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	110	112	...	...	...	...	131,459	161,026	140	...
Bombay	...	13	10,766	193	562	1,242	11,328	1,448	89	199	3,878	3,023
Sind and Br. Balu-												
chistan	...	...	382,171	40,553	98	...	382,260	40,553	...	...	39,184	34,001
Madras	...	...	46	257	...	...	46	257	...	...	2	...
Burma	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1,527,320	79,141	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in												
India	...	...	210,193	91,134	2,888	19,981	213,081	111,115	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	133	...	1,504	5,175	143	169	1,780	5,344	781	221	...	...
TOTAL	136	13	604,790	137,424	3,691	21,392	608,617	158,829	1,659,693	240,587	43,204	37,024
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,131,885	5,646,654	2,751,196	4,344,102	13,559,667	16,274,326	20,442,748	26,265,092	8,422,999	8,883,030	766,136	871,307

† One maund of paddy is

ING PADDY)†				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
Imports in August												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
...	...	20,608	73,252	18,932	18,378	...	...	...	...	18,922	18,378
3,528	5,817	503,851	586,995	377,744	487,473	...	...	...	...	377,744	487,473
...	...	19	1,489	164,960	250,608	3,618	27,119	1,320	506	169,898	278,233	
4	...	201	6,951	2,707	40	37,554	73,344	32,305	128,853	72,626	202,237	
...	...	79,761	74,093	...	...	...	...	24,131	30,468	24,134	30,468
...	...	...	...	...	8	17,944	4,680	1,268	2,616	19,212	7,304
15	42	15	42	44	...	30,506	32,287	...	...	30,550	32,287
...	...	2	3	4,663	5,811	27,257	62,950	...	...	31,925	68,761
97	369	97	369	234	...	862	5,889	...	...	1,096	5,889
210,108	250,402	210,108	250,417	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	1,606	29	1,606	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	
213,781	258,236	823,691	995,219	569,289	762,318	117,741	206,269	59,087	162,443	746,117	1,131,030	
...	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries TOTAL
35,756	25,669	37,524	58,111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
151	105	530	445	5	...	1,156	...	269	229	1,430	229	
5,654	13,491	6,075	14,424	...	...	5,577	4,757	17	...	5,594	4,757
15	23,319	15	23,319	4,299	2,432	...	...	...	...	4,299	2,432
365,111	120,483	561,318	132,825	1,265	431	1,233	1,627	...	...	2,493	2,058
1	...	1	...	...	...	898	4,529	...	...	898	4,529
530	64	1,078	118	36	129	529	520	8	...	573	649	
407,218	183,121	606,541	229,232	5,605	2,992	9,393	11,433	294	229	15,202	14,654	
620,999	441,357	1,430,232	1,224,451	574,894	765,310	127,134	217,702	59,381	162,672	761,409	1,145,664	
Imports to end of August												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
...	...	1,339,073	1,630,049	123,179	85,974	...	...	...	...	123,179	85,974
122,904	364,430	5,539,332	7,307,732	2,413,591	2,406,515	3	...	...	...	2,413,504	2,406,515
27,972	10	29,150	2,815	909,550	1,679,255	168,407	269,268	8,539	8,009	1,085,586	1,956,532	
13	...	2,776	20,180	34,001	5,939	451,768	419,232	530,790	752,886	1,016,549	1,178,059	
...	...	720,846	815,345	...	...	...	...	276,831	310,541	270,881	310,543
...	...	4	120	5,680	13,098	248,313	191,080	42,361	296,354	296,354	255,054	
676	359	768	650	1,059	1,059	492,387	458,664	87	...	493,533	460,323	
156	12	5,369	3,949	57,985	62,347	296,550	469,416	...	...	354,535	531,763
1,599	1,893	1,600	1,903	1,206	...	8,452	13,057	...	...	9,658	13,057
895,354	2,036,681	895,994	2,037,375	2,136	69	...	158	...	...	2,136	227
417	3,967	417	3,967	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	
1,049,091	2,407,359	8,535,329	11,884,085	3,548,387	4,254,856	1,665,970	1,820,877	858,648	1,122,314	6,073,005	7,198,047	
...	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries TOTAL
4,238	...	4,282	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
417,000	673,095	548,599	834,121	1,610	...	...	9	...	497	1,610	...
204,505	121,923	208,472	125,145	16	3,103	15,578	16,067	3,895	4,723	19,489	23,893	
107,114	108,779	146,298	142,780	550	...	49,428	28,848	145	77	50,123	28,925	
54,593	185,673	54,505	185,673	34,919	15,496	23	3,953	...	133	34,979	19,584	
5,072,489	1,910,995	6,599,809	1,990,136	22,751	11,308	1,510	2,751	...	...	24,201	14,059
19,649	5,306	19,649	5,306	...	...	52,893	49,351	5,338	3,288	58,231	52,639
3,800	251	4,581	472	2,331	349	7,556	2,000	230	31	10,117	2,380	
5,883,298	3,006,022	7,586,195	3,283,633	62,177	30,236	126,988	102,981	9,645	8,749	198,810	141,986	
6,932,389	5,413,381	16,121,524	15,167,718	3,610,564	4,285,112	1,792,958	1,923,858	868,293	1,131,063	6,271,815	7,340,633	

taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	LINSSEED						RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Imports in August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	2,956	1,384	...	...	2,956	1,384	49,254	11,105	...	...	49,254	11,105
Bengal	197,645	189,297	...	...	197,645	189,297	37,767	62,583	...	295	37,767	62,878
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	99,786	75,850	13,072	16,603	112,858	92,453	69,181	148,105	105,568	11,798	174,749	159,903
Panjab	...	...	4,176	3,368	4,176	3,368	27,172	41,102	1,269	...	28,441	41,102
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	296	554	15,078	12,206	16,274	12,760	18,197	27,188	19,208	4,660	37,405	31,848
Bombay	...	...	4,983	2,677	4,983	2,677	...	...	26,008	19,651	26,008	19,651
Cent. Provs. and Berar	6,112	1,186	33,589	15,836	39,701	17,022	264	2,477	1,429	672	1,693	3,149
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,844	5,604	1,844	5,604	...	...	324	...	324	...
Madras	...	...	334	18	334	18	237	2,435	...	...	237	2,435
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	306,795	268,271	73,976	56,312	380,771	324,583	202,772	294,995	153,806	37,076	355,875	332,071
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	135	168	...	...	135	168	...	...	73	4,860	73	4,860
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	285	...	...	...	285	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,658	...	...	...	1,663
Burma	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	550	5,402	550	5,402	...	...	12	122	12	122
Foreign countries	...	...	1,962	1,460	1,962	1,460	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	135	168	2,512	6,871	2,647	7,039	285	1,668	85	4,983	370	6,651
TOTAL IMPORTS	306,930	268,439	76,488	63,183	383,418	331,622	202,357	296,663	153,891	42,059	356,248	338,722
Imports to end of August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	132,700	149,664	...	...	132,700	149,664	725,091	180,080	...	...	725,091	180,080
Bengal	2,639,661	2,868,395	2,232	489	2,641,893	2,868,884	827,105	540,846	...	1,252	827,311	542,098
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,455,555	1,718,315	532,735	928,055	1,979,280	2,647,270	982,051	1,325,117	1,240,371	123,530	2,222,442	1,948,647
Panjab	...	1,912	26,013	27,504	26,013	29,416	127,914	490,210	153,205	6,244	281,119	496,454
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	25,241	93,527	448,510	881,681	473,751	978,208	53,284	140,557	119,138	143,717	172,122	284,274
Bombay	8	...	280,133	593,275	280,141	593,275	...	3,297	279,531	258,855	279,531	262,152
Cent. Provs. and Berar	93,400	209,144	641,524	1,300,158	734,974	1,500,302	15,125	78,223	56,885	95,066	72,010	173,289
Nizam's Territory	...	...	344,316	896,608	344,316	896,608	...	...	596	4,721	596	4,721
Madras	...	...	3,850	29,813	3,850	29,813	3,741	12,430	...	...	3,741	12,430
Mysore	...	...	99	7	99	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,337,565	5,040,957	2,279,432	4,661,490	6,616,997	9,702,147	2,734,311	2,770,760	1,850,032	1,133,385	4,584,343	3,904,145
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	148	...	...	...	148	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	135	347	...	...	135	347	...	...	2,224	4,860	2,224	4,860
Bombay	...	...	...	16	...	16	4,516	114	17	68	4,533	182
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	812	194	812	194	496	...	3,334	8,460	3,830	8,460
Madras	...	...	...	1	...	1	530	7,314	...	22	530	7,336
Burma	...	...	...	427	...	427	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	39,228	153,810	39,228	153,810	...	...	1,872	1,529	1,872	1,529
Foreign countries	...	6	2,571	1,918	2,571	1,924	...	...	...	10	...	10
TOTAL	135	501	42,611	156,366	42,746	156,867	5,542	7,428	7,447	14,949	12,089	22,377
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,337,700	5,041,458	2,322,043	4,817,856	6,659,743	9,859,314	2,739,853	2,778,188	1,857,479	1,148,334	4,597,332	3,926,522

JUTE						TEA						Whence exported
Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		
1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
Imports in August												
1,453,762	2,360,871	273,968	134,116	1,727,730	2,494,987	241,360	254,125	85,630	101,830	326,990	356,155	By Rail and River—
148,020	351,126	...	...	148,020	351,126	16,693	19,735	...	4	16,693	19,739	E. B. and Assam
...	141	...	...	...	141	160	106	...	...	160	106	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	...	66	107	...	...	66	107	U. P. of Agra and
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Oudh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Panjab
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Balu-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	chistan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Raj. & C. India
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cent. Provs. and
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Berar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
1,601,782	2,712,138	273,968	134,116	1,875,750	2,846,254	258,279	274,273	85,630	101,834	343,909	376,107	TOTAL
...	...	...	43	...	43	1,252	1,408	...	...	1,252	1,408	By Sea—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	E. B. and Assam
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Balu-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	chistan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Burma
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	India
8	...	...	...	8	...	14	133	...	...	14	133	Foreign countries
8	...	...	43	8	43	1,285	1,541	...	...	1,285	1,541	TOTAL
1,601,790	2,712,138	273,968	134,159	1,875,758	2,846,297	259,564	275,814	85,630	101,834	345,194	377,648	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of August												
5,214,912	5,759,482	423,053	323,654	5,637,965	6,083,136	685,215	757,868	231,811	250,661	917,056	1,008,522	By Rail and River—
1,360,291	1,563,786	...	...	1,360,291	1,563,786	92,585	71,195	1,284	22	93,869	71,217	E. B. and Assam
18,883	81,456	...	...	18,883	81,456	924	1,377	...	...	924	1,377	Bengal
...	1,470	...	...	...	1,470	903	685	...	...	903	685	U. P. of Agra and
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Oudh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Panjab
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Balu-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	chistan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Raj. & C. India
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cent. Provs. and
276	4,317	...	...	276	4,317	50	4	...	...	50	4	Berar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
6,594,362	7,410,511	423,053	323,654	7,017,415	7,734,165	779,802	831,190	233,103	250,683	1,012,905	1,081,873	TOTAL
354	13,520	...	43	354	13,563	2,258	3,059	...	...	2,258	3,059	By Sea—
64,068	37,612	...	...	64,076	37,612	41	...	...	...	...	...	E. B. and Assam
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Balu-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	chistan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Burma
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	India
114	139	...	...	114	139	170	435	...	...	170	435	Foreign countries
64,536	51,271	8	43	64,544	51,314	2,542	3,645	60	...	2,602	3,645	TOTAL
6,658,898	7,461,782	423,061	323,697	7,081,959	7,785,479	782,344	834,835	233,163	250,683	1,015,507	1,085,518	TOTAL IMPORTS

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 44. }

SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd November 1911.

No. 35.—In pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (1) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Jagirdars and Zamindars of Sind have elected the Hon'ble Mr. Gulam Muhammad Walad Khan Bahadur Wali Muhammad Bhurgri, Barrister-at-Law, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* the Hon'ble Mir Allahbuksh Khan Talpur, deceased.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 1st November, 1911.

No. 1672.—IN exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 878 (XI of 1873), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, namely:—

1. In Schedule I—

(a) In clause (4), after the word "Myook", the words "every gazetted officer of the Provincial service of the Survey of India or of the Geological Survey" shall be inserted.

(b) For clause (20), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

<p>(20) The undermentioned persons belonging to the Bhavnagar State Imperial Service Lancers while temporarily residing or travelling in British India—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kot Daffedar Hanubhai Ranchodji. 2. Daffedar Mangalsinh Sheoprasad. 3. Daffedar Kasalsinh Muluhha. 4. Farrier Jehangirkhan Chhotukhan. 5. Farrier Ismail Govind. 6. Farrier Shekh Abdulkhan Shekh Husen. 7. Sowar Ramprasad Matadin. 8. Sowar Kirpalsinh Radluesinh. 9. Sowar Jetubhai Kala. 10. Sowar Nathubhai Madarsinh. 	<p>The sword's of honour presented to them by his Highness the Thakorsahib of Bhavnagar in recognition of their services in South Africa during the late War.</p>	<p>.....</p>	<p>Those contained in section 15.</p>
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(c) In clause (21), after the words "regimental employ", the words "every officer of the Native Indian Land Forces holding a commission from His Majesty the King-Emperor" shall be inserted, and the following shall be added to the clause, namely:—

"*Explanation.* The term "commission" as used in this clause does not include a commission conferring honorary rank".

2. In Schedule II—

(a) In the second and third columns of the entry relating to "British India", after clause (c) of the entry relating to "Toy Cannon, etc.", the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"Sights for rifles imported for the use of, or for sale to the persons enumerated in clause (21) of Schedule I, or non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the British or Indian Army on a written permit from the Officer Commanding the regiment to which they belong." } All.

(b) From clause (c) of the entry relating to "the province of Eastern Bengal and Assam", the words "and the Cachar" shall be omitted.

MEDICAL.

The 31st October, 1911.

No. 1082.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel B. B. Grayfoot, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.**NOTIFICATIONS.****ECCLESIASTICAL.**

Simla, the 3rd November, 1911.

No. 490.—The Reverend Ormonde Winstanley Birch has been appointed a chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to fill an existing vacancy.

SANITARY.

The 3rd November, 1911.

No. 2062.—The services of Captain W. S. Nealor, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment on plague duty.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.**NOTIFICATION.****CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.**

Simla, the 2nd November, 1911.

No. 2509—80-8.—Mr. H. E. Cross M.R.C.V.S., D.V.H., A. Sc. (Dunelm), Assistant Bacteriologist, Imperial Bacteriological Laboratory, Muktesar, is confirmed in the Indian Civil Veterinary Department, with effect from the 15th August 1911.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 3rd November, 1911.

No. 38.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification Nos. 31 and 34, dated the 13th September and 5th October 1911, respectively, the services of Mr. V. Stainton, Executive Engineer, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, Public Works Department, with effect from the 2nd November 1911.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 3rd November 1911.

No. 38-I.E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING-EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the said Order :

To be a Knight Grand Commander.

His Excellency Sir THOMAS DAVID GIBSON-CARMICHAEL, *Bart.*, K.C.M.G.,
Governor of the Presidency of Madras.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

*Secretary to the Most Eminent
Order of the Indian Empire.*

Simla, the 31st October, 1911.

No. 2044-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1478-G., dated the 4th August, 1911, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Monsieur Lucien Combe as Vice-Consul for Belgium at Bombay, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 3052-Est.-A.—Major A. H. Buist, Queen's Own Corps of Guides, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 1st October, 1911, and until further orders.

The 1st November, 1911.

No. 3057-Est.-A.—Captain R. J. W. Heale, a Political Assistant, is posted as Assistant Commissioner and Commandant, Border Military Police, Bannu, with effect from the 12th October, 1911.

The 2nd November, 1911.

No. 2077-G—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. E. F. B. Wyatt as Vice-Consul for Norway at Karachi.

No. 2080-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. A. Gardiner as Vice-Consul for Norway at Cocanada.

No. 3068-Est.-A.—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Pinhey, C.S.I., C.I.E., an officiating Resident of the 1st class and Resident, Hyderabad, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 26th October, 1911.

No. 3072-Est.-A.—The Hon'ble Mr. M. F. O'Dwyer, C.S.I., an officiating Resident of the 1st class, and Agent to the Governor General in Central India, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 23rd August, 1911.

The 3rd November, 1911.

No. 2392-I-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the First Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2477-I-B., dated the 16th December, 1910, applying certain Acts to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, as amended by the like Notification No. 2514-I-B., dated the 21st December, 1910, namely :

After entry No. 67-A., the following shall be added, namely :—

" 67-B.—The Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904)."

No. 2094-G.—In continuation of the Notification in the Foreign Department, No. 1884-G., dated the 6th October, 1911, the following Proclamation by His Majesty the King which appeared in the *London Gazette* Extraordinary of the 3rd October, 1911, is republished for general information and guidance :—

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE, R. 1.

WHEREAS we are happily at Peace with all Sovereigns, Powers and States :

And whereas a State of War unhappily exists between His Majesty The King of Italy, and His Imperial Majesty The Sultan of Turkey, and between their respective Subjects, and others inhabiting within their Countries, Territories or Dominions :

And whereas We are on terms of Friendship and amicable intercourse with each of these Powers, and with their several subjects, and others inhabiting within their Countries, Territories, or Dominions :

And whereas great Numbers of Our Loyal Subjects reside and carry on Commerce, and possess Property and Establishments, and enjoy various Rights and Privileges, within the Dominions of each of the aforesaid Powers, protected by the Faith of Treaties between Us and each of the aforesaid Powers :

And whereas We, being desirous of preserving to Our Subjects the Blessings of Peace, which they now happily enjoy, are firmly purposed and determined to maintain a strict and impartial Neutrality in the said State of War unhappily existing between the aforesaid Powers :

We, therefore, have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation :

And We do hereby strictly charge and command all Our loving Subjects to govern themselves accordingly, and to observe a strict neutrality in and during the aforesaid War, and to abstain from violating or contravening either the Laws and Statutes of the Realm in this behalf, or the Law of Nations in relation thereto, as they will answer to the contrary at their peril:

And whereas in and by a certain Statute made and passed in a Session of Parliament holden in the 33rd and 34th year of the reign of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Regulate the conduct of Her Majesty's Subjects during the existence of Hostilities between Foreign States with which Her Majesty is at Peace," it is, among other things, declared and enacted as follows:—

"This Act shall extend to all the Dominions of Her Majesty, including the adjacent territorial Waters.

Illegal Enlistment.

"If any Person, without the License of Her Majesty, being a British Subject, within or without Her Majesty's Dominions, accepts or agrees to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Foreign State at Peace with Her Majesty, and in this Act referred to as a friendly State, or whether a British Subject or not, within Her Majesty's Dominions, induces any other Person to accept or agree to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any such Foreign State as aforesaid,—

"He shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the Offender is convicted; and Imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without Hard Labour.

"If any Person without the License of Her Majesty, being a British Subject, quits or goes on board any Ship with a view of quitting Her Majesty's Dominions, with intent to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with a friendly State, or, whether a British Subject or not, within Her Majesty's Dominions, induces any other Person to quit or to go on board any Ship with a view of quitting Her Majesty's Dominions with the like intent,—

"He shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the Offender is convicted; and Imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without Hard Labour.

"If any Person induces any other Person to quit Her Majesty's Dominions or to embark on any Ship within Her Majesty's Dominions under a Misrepresentation or false Representation of the Service in which such Person is to be engaged, with the intent or in order that such Person may accept or agree to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with a friendly State,—

"He shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the Offender is convicted; and Imprisonment, if awarded, may be with or without Hard Labour.

"If the Master or Owner of any Ship, without the License of Her Majesty, knowingly either takes on board, or engages to take on board, or has on board such Ship within Her Majesty's Dominions any of the following Persons, in this Act referred to as illegally enlisted Persons, that is to say,—

"(1) Any Person who, being a British Subject within or without the Dominions of Her Majesty, has, without the License of Her Majesty, accepted or agreed to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any friendly State:

"(2) Any Person, being a British Subject, who, without the License of Her Majesty, is about to quit Her Majesty's Dominions with intent to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with a friendly State:

"(3) Any Person who has been induced to embark under a Misrepresentation or false Representation of the service in which such Person is to be engaged, with the intent or in order that such Person may accept or agree to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with a friendly State:

"Such Master or Owner shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and the following Consequences shall ensue; that is to say,—

"(1) The Offender shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of such punishments at the discretion of the Court before which the Offender is convicted; and Imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without Hard Labour: and

" (2) Such Ship shall be detained until the Trial and Conviction or Acquittal of the Master or Owner, and until all Penalties inflicted on the Master or Owner have been paid, or the Master or Owner has given Security for the Payment of such Penalties to the Satisfaction of Two Justices of the Peace, or other Magistrate or Magistrates having the Authority of Two Justices of the Peace : and

" (3) All illegally enlisted Persons shall immediately on the Discovery of the Offence be taken on Shore, and shall not be allowed to return to the Ship.

Illegal Shipbuilding and Illegal Expeditions.

" If any Person within Her Majesty's Dominions, without the License of Her Majesty, does any of the following Acts ; that is to say,—

" (1) Builds or agrees to build, or causes to be built any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any friendly State : or

" (2) Issues or delivers any Commission for any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any friendly State : or

" (3) Equips any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any friendly State : or

" (4) Despatches, or causes or allows to be despatched, any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any friendly State :

" Such Person shall be deemed to have committed an Offence against this Act, and the following Consequences shall ensue :

" (1) The Offender shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the Offender is convicted ; and Imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without Hard Labour.

" (2) The Ship in respect of which any such Offence is committed, and her Equipment shall be forfeited to Her Majesty :

" Provided that a Person building, causing to be built, or equipping a Ship in any of the cases aforesaid, in pursuance of a contract made before the commencement of such War as aforesaid, shall not be liable to any of the Penalties imposed by this Section in respect of such building or equipping if he satisfies the conditions following ; (that is to say),—

" (1) If forthwith upon a Proclamation of Neutrality being issued by Her Majesty he gives Notice to the Secretary of State that he is so building, causing to be built, or equipping such Ship, and furnishes such Particulars of the Contract and of any matters relating to, or done, or to be done under the Contract as may be required by the Secretary of State :

" (2) If he gives such security, and takes and permits to be taken such other measures, if any, as the Secretary of State may prescribe for ensuring that such Ship shall not be despatched, delivered, or removed without the License of Her Majesty until the termination of such War as aforesaid.

" Where any ship is built by order of or on behalf of any Foreign State when at War with a friendly State, or is delivered to or to the order of such Foreign State, or any person who to the Knowledge of the Person building is an Agent of such Foreign State, or is paid for by such Foreign State, or such Agent, and is employed in the Military or Naval Service of such Foreign State, such Ship shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been built with a view to being so employed, and the Burden shall lie on the Builder of such Ship of proving that he did not know that the Ship was intended to be so employed in the Military or Naval Service of such Foreign State.

" If any Person within the Dominions of Her Majesty, and without the License of Her Majesty,—

" By adding to the number of the Guns, or by changing those on board for other Guns, or by the addition of any Equipment for War, increases or augments, or procures to be increased or augmented, or is knowingly concerned in increasing or augmenting the warlike Force of any Ship which at the time of her being within the Dominions of Her Majesty was a Ship in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any friendly State,—

" Such Person shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the Offender is convicted ; and Imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without Hard Labour.

"If any Person within the limits of Her Majesty's Dominions, and without the License of Her Majesty,—

"Prepares or fits out any Naval or Military Expedition to proceed against the Dominions of any friendly State, the following Consequences shall ensue:

"(1) Every Person engaged in such preparation or fitting out, or assisting therein, or employed in any capacity in such Expedition, shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the Offender is convicted; and Imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without Hard Labour.

"(2) All Ships, and their Equipments, and all Arms and Munitions of War, used in or forming part of such Expedition, shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

"Any person who aids, abets, counsels, or procures the Commission of any Offence against this Act shall be liable to be tried and punished as a principal Offender."

And whereas by the said Act it is further provided that Ships built, commissioned, equipped or despatched in contravention of the said Act, may be condemned and forfeited by Judgment of the Court of Admiralty; and that if the Secretary of State or Chief Executive Authority is satisfied that there is a reasonable and probable cause for believing that a Ship within Our Dominions has been or is being built, commissioned, or equipped, contrary to the said Act, and is about to be taken beyond the limits of such Dominions, or that a Ship is about to be despatched contrary to the Act, such Secretary of State or Chief Executive Authority shall have power to issue a warrant authorizing the seizure and search of such Ship and her detention until she has been either condemned or released by Process of Law. And whereas certain powers of seizure and detention are conferred by the said Act on certain Local Authorities;

Now, in order that none of Our Subjects may unwarily render themselves liable to the Penalties imposed by the said Statute, We do hereby strictly command that no Person or Persons whatsoever do commit any Act, Matter, or Thing whatsoever contrary to the Provisions of the said Statute, upon pain of the several Penalties by the said Statute imposed and of Our high Displeasure.

And We do hereby further warn and admonish all Our loving Subjects, and all Persons whatsoever entitled to Our Protection, to observe towards each of the aforesaid Powers, their Subjects, and Territories, and towards all Belligerents whatsoever with whom We are at Peace, the Duties of Neutrality; and to respect, in all and each of them, the Exercise of Belligerent Rights.

And We hereby further warn all Our loving Subjects, and all Persons whatsoever entitled to Our Protection, that if any of them shall presume, in contempt of this Our Royal Proclamation, to do any acts in derogation of their Duty as Subjects of a Neutral Power in a War between other Powers, or in violation or contravention of the Law of Nations in that behalf, all Persons so offending will rightfully incur and be justly liable to the Penalties denounced by such Law.

And We do hereby give Notice that all Our Subjects and Persons entitled to Our Protection who may misconduct themselves in the Premises will do so at their peril, and of their own wrong; and that they will in no wise obtain any Protection from Us against such Penalties as aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Balmoral*, this third day of October, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and in the Second year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 28th October, 1911.

No. 6635-F.E.—Mr. V. C. Scott O'Connor is posted as Deputy Auditor General, with effect from the date of his return from leave.

The 31st October, 1911.

No. 6695-F.E.—With effect from the 20th October 1911,

Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Cordue, R.E., has been posted to Calcutta as Mint Master,

Captain G. H. Willis, R.E., has reverted to his substantive appointment as Deputy Mint Master, and

Captain H. J. K. Wallis, I.A., to his special duty in the Bombay Mint.

Simla, the 3rd November, 1911.

No. 678-F.E.—The following reversions and promotions in the Indian Finance Department are notified:—

With effect from the 3rd August 1911,

Mr. B. W. Kissan, I.C.S., to revert to class II of the General List.

With effect from the 28th July 1911,

Mr. A. H. Wollaston, Examiner, class I, temporary, to officiate in class I of the Public Works List,

Mr. R. Srinivasa Ayyar, Examiner, class II, temporary (old scale), to officiate in class II (old scale) of the Public Works List, and

Mr. C. Muirhead to officiate in class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 16th August 1911,

Mr. K. Balarama Ayyar to officiate in class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 5th September 1911,

Mr. B. W. Kissan, I.C.S., to officiate in class I of the General List.

With effect from the 14th September 1911,

Rai N. G. Basu Bahadur, C.I.E., is confirmed provisionally in class I of the General List.

Mr. H. N. Heseltine is appointed sub. *pro tem* in class I of the General List, and

Mr. L. J. W. Worgan is appointed to officiate in class I of the General List.

With effect from the 4th September 1911,

Mr. A. H. Wollaston is confirmed in class I of Examiners,

Mr. C. S. B. Sinclair is confirmed in class II (old scale) of Examiners, and

Mr. S. M. L. Bean is confirmed in class I (old scale) of Deputy Examiners.

No. 6782-F.E.—Mr. B. A. Harris has been posted to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, with effect from the 11th October 1911.

No. 6783-F.E.—Mr. V. S. Sundaram, Assistant Accountant General, Burma, has been granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 16th October 1911.

Mr. A. Aukim, Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Accountant General, Burma, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office with effect from the same date and until further orders.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

OPIMUM.

Simla, the 3rd November, 1911.

No. 6785-F.E.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Opium Act, 1878 (1 of 1878), and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 2930-A, dated 6th May 1904, the Governor

General in Council is pleased to notify that till further orders all opium imported into the Presidency of Bombay, in respect of which the right of exportation by sea from the Port of Bombay has been purchased in accordance with the rules notified in the Notification by the Government of Bombay, No. M-400, dated 2nd November 1911, shall be subject to the following duty upon each chest weighing 140 lbs. net avoirdupois weight, *vis*:

When covered by a pass granted at Ajmer in accordance with rule 16 of the Rules made under section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (1 of 1878), published by the Government of Bombay in their Notification No. 4472-A., dated 5th June 1885 ... Rs. 1,225

When covered by such a pass granted elsewhere „ 1,200

No. 6786-F.E.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Opium Act, 1878 (1 of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that opium imported into the Presidency of Bombay from the territory of His Highness the Gaikwar for exportation by sea from the Port of Bombay during the calendar year 1912 shall be subject, in addition to the rate of pass duty notified under section 6 of the Opium Act, to duty at such rate for each chest as may be certified by the Collector of Customs, Bombay, to be the average rate per chest at which bids for the right of export of Malwa opium have been accepted by him at the auctions already held during the calendar year in which any opium is imported from Baroda territory into the Bombay Presidency for exportation by sea.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 3rd November, 1911.

No. 1488-Accts.—Captain S. G. V. Ellis, I. A., Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted one year's leave out of India on private affairs, from the 2nd November 1911, or from the date thereafter on which he may avail himself of it, under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army. Pension service 13th year commenced, 20th May 1911.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 4th November, 1911.

No. 8112-6.—Mr. H. E. Chappel, Director, 3rd class, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India extraordinary leave without pay for seven days, with effect from the 23rd of September 1911 in continuation of the leave notified in this Department's Notification No. 1613-217, dated the 4th of March 1911.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 4th November, 1911.

No. 8131-142.—Mr. G. H. Tipper, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed as Palæontologist, Geological Survey of India, with effect from the forenoon of the 14th October 1911, *vice* Mr. E. Vredenburg.

No. 8132—142.—Mr. J. Coggin Brown, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed Curator of the Geological Survey Museum, with effect from the forenoon of the 14th October 1911, *vice* Mr. G. H. Tipper.

No. 8203—139.—In supersession of Notification No. 7186—139 (Geology and Minerals), dated the 30th September 1911, Mr. E. Vredenburg, Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for one month and thirteen days combined with study leave for four months and twenty-nine days, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th October 1911.

No. 8206—139.—Mr. G. H. Tipper, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed, until further orders, to officiate as Superintendent, with effect from the forenoon of the 14th October 1911, *vice* Mr. E. Vredenburg, on leave.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 3rd November 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 894.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 26th October 1911:—

To be Aide-de-Camp.

Lieutenant F. A. Nicolson, 15th (King's) Hussars, *vice* Captain W. W. Muir, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs, reverted to Extra Aide-de-Camp.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 895.—The services of Captain W. L. Meade, 95th Russell's Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad for employment as an Officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate; with effect from the 3rd July 1911.

COMMANDS.

No. 896.—Major-General A. Wilson, C.B., British Service, to be a Brigade Commander, *vice* Major-General H. B. B. Watkis, C.B., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 22nd October 1911.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 897.—The following extract is published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 13th October 1911, page 7466.

* * * * *

India Office,

October 13, 1911.

The KING has approved of the following promotions of Officers of the Indian Army:—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 12th August 1911.

James Ranwell, 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Dated 22nd August 1911.

Francis Lloyd Dyer, 93rd Burma Infantry.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned Officers to the Indian Army:—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Charles Wilfred Hext, from the Devonshire Regiment. Dated 18th August 1911, but to rank from 5th January 1910. Captain Hext's rank as Lieutenant is antedated to 5th April 1903.

Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Arthur FitzGerald, from the Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment). Dated 13th August 1911. Lieutenant FitzGerald's rank as Lieutenant is antedated to 21st September 1907.

Lieutenant Oscar Brown, by exchange from the Northamptonshire Regiment. Dated 7th September 1911. Lieutenant Brown's rank as Lieutenant is postdated to 19th December 1910.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned Officers of the Indian Army and Indian Subordinate Medical Department:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Brevet Colonel Alexander MacWhirter Renny. Dated 11th September 1911.

Brevet Colonel Harry John Bremner. Dated 1st October 1911.

Major Frederic Nuthall Burton. Dated 10th October 1911.

Major John Rattray Nuttall. Dated 11th October 1911.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant David Waller. Dated 16th July 1911.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 398.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

24th September 1911.

Alexander James Douglas Thomson, Civil Employ.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 899.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, S. Solomon, to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 1206, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon J. E. D'Cruiz, to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar,

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, M. T. N. Rajagopal Nayudu, deceased; with effect from the 15th September 1911.

Barrack Department, Punjab-Bengal.

No. 900.—Sergeant Frank Lewis Tilley, Barrack Sergeant, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation of establishment; with effect from the 19th October 1911.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 901.—The following promotions are made :—

15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).

Kote-Dafadar Muhammad Afzal Khan to be Jemadar, to fill an existing vacancy ; with effect from the 29th June 1911.

35th Scinde Horse.

Kote-Dafadar Mall Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Abdul Hakim Khan, seconded ; with effect from the 9th September 1911.

36th Jacob's Horse.

Kote-Dafadar Sultan Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Jahan Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st April 1911.

13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

Subadar Agar Singh to be Subadar-Major and Jemadar Ramdhan Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Ramabalamb Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th September 1911.

Havildar Rohtan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Harnam Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

47th Sikhs.

Havildar Uttam Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sultana Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 3rd October 1911.

Jemadar Harnam Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Baryam Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Uttam Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th October 1911.

108th Infantry.

Jemadar Bahadur Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Saheb Dad to be Jemadar, *vice* Abdul Rahman Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

120th Rajputana Infantry.

Jemadar Sri Bahadur Singh to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Tej Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sohanpal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

86th Carnatic Infantry.

No. 902.—In Army Department Notification No. 763, dated the 8th September 1911, for "Fakhr-ud-din," read "Saiyid-Fakhr-ud-din".

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 903.—The following appointment is made in the Reserve of the Supply and Transport Corps :—

To be Ressaïdar.

Malak Bar Khurdar of the Mianwali District.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 904.—No. 1347, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rangasāmi Brahaspati is permitted to resign the service ; with effect from the 15th November 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.

No. 905.—Lieutenant Robert Francis Greer to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 14th September 1911.

Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 906.—Lieutenant Thomas William Wrench to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 2nd September 1911.

Second Lieutenant Frank Jackson to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 2nd September 1911.

Second Lieutenant Alexander Hepburn McLean, Supernumerary List, to be Lieutenant, *vice* T. W. Wrench, promoted. Dated 2nd September 1911.

Neville William Synnott, to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 2nd September 1911.

Aidan Oswald Evans to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 2nd September 1911.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 907.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers:—

*United Provinces Horse.**2nd (Northern) Regiment.*

Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) the Hon'ble John Alexander Broun, C.S.I., A.D.C.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

Major Robert William Rudall Pennington.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 908.—The following draft of certain rules, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), is published as required by section 25, sub-section (1) of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor-General in Council on or after the 4th December 1911.

Any objection or suggestion, which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid, will be considered by the Governor-General in Council.

This notification supersedes the notification of the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 865, dated the 10th September 1909, so far as the draft rules in the said notification bearing the corresponding numbers are concerned :—

Draft Rules.

In the draft Cantonment Code, which was published with the notification of the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 865, dated the 10th September 1909, the following modifications shall be made, namely :—

For the *Explanation* to Section 264, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" *Explanation.*—Form A in Schedule VI shall be applicable to leases of land applied for by a railway company, or for the purpose of erecting a hospital, school or other public building. Form B shall be applicable in cases of extensions of existing sites ; or where it is desired to regularise existing grants ; or in other exceptional cases where the grant of leases for a term of years is not suitable ; Form C shall be applicable to leases of land situate in a bazaar ; and Form D shall be applicable to all other leases of land under this Chapter "

SCHEDULE VI.—Form A.—In the fourth clause, after the word “occupy” the words “and enjoy” shall be omitted.

In the first sentence of Condition III of the Annexure to Form A, after the word “state” the words “of ruin” shall be omitted.

After the Annexure to Form A, the following form of lease shall be inserted as Form B :—

FORM B.

(See Section 264, Cantonment Code, 1911.)

FORM OF LEASE FOR AN INDEFINITE TERM TO BE EXECUTED IN CASES OF EXTENSIONS OF EXISTING SITES; OR WHERE IT IS DESIRED TO REGULARISE EXISTING GRANTS; OR IN OTHER EXCEPTIONAL CASES WHERE THE GRANT OF LEASES IN FORMS A, C AND D IS NOT SUITABLE.

This Indenture, made the

day of

, BETWEEN THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL

(hereinafter called the Secretary of State which expression where the context so admits shall include his successors in office and assigns), of the one part, and

son of

of

(hereinafter called the Lessee which expression where the context so admits shall include his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns), of the other part.

WHEREAS the Lessee has applied for permission to occupy, for the purpose of a building-site, the land belonging to the Government in the Cantonment which is delineated in the site-plan hereto appended, and has submitted with his application the particulars and documents required by sections 261 and 262 of the Cantonment Code, 1911;

AND WHEREAS the said application has received the sanction of the Officer Commanding the

Division;

NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH as follows:

1. The Secretary of State doth hereby grant unto the Lessee liberty and license to enter into and upon the piece or parcel of land delineated in the site-plan hereto appended, and to occupy the same as a site for the erection of buildings, and henceforth to hold and enjoy the same and any buildings erected by him thereon,* subject to the conditions set forth in the annexure hereto.

2. The Lessee doth hereby covenant with the Secretary of State that the Lessee shall and will duly [†pay the said rent in the manner provided in the annexure hereto and] observe all and every the conditions hereinbefore referred to and on his part to be observed.

‡ In Witness whereof the said parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the

Officer Commanding the Division, acting in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council,

in the presence of

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named

Signature of Lessee

in the presence of

Signature of Witness

* Fill in as the case may be, “free of rent but”, or “subject to the payment of the yearly rent of rupees and.”

† The words in brackets to be omitted, if the land is rent-free.

‡ When the parties execute on separate dates, omit the words “the day and the year first above written” and add the dates below the signatures. The last of such dates will be entered in the commencement as the day of making the indenture.

NOTE.—Copies of this form can be obtained gratis on application to the Cantonment Magistrate.

ANNEXURE TO FORM B.

CONDITIONS.

In these conditions—

- (a) "house" means the house erected on the land occupied by the Lessee, and includes the land and buildings appurtenant to the house; and, if any question arises whether any land or building is appurtenant to the house, it shall be decided by the Cantonment Magistrate, whose decision thereon shall, subject to revision by the District Magistrate, be final:
- (b) the expression "repairs" to a house shall be deemed to include such repairs as are usually made in the neighbourhood to buildings of the same class as that to which the house belongs, but does not include additions, improvements or alterations except in so far as they are necessary to carry out such repairs as aforesaid or have been made with the Lessee's consent:
- (c) "military officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer of the army on military duty in the cantonment, and includes a chaplain, a cantonment magistrate and any person in army departmental employment whom the General Officer of the Command may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a military officer: and
- (d) "civil officer" means a gazetted civil officer of the Government, and includes any other person in the service of the Government, not being a military officer, whom the Local Government may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a civil officer.

CONDITION I.—The buildings to be erected on the land shall be commenced within six months from the execution of the lease, and shall be completed within the period specified in the note indorsed on the site-plan annexed hereto or within such further period (if any) as the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the Cantonment Code, 1911, may, by order in writing, allow.

CONDITION II.—(1) The said buildings shall be erected in accordance with the particulars specified in the Lessee's application under sections 261 and 262 of the said Cantonment Code and the plans and documents accompanying the same and the site-plan appended hereto or where a proposed building, alteration or addition is not in accordance therewith then in accordance with such further or other particulars as may be permitted in writing by the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the said Code.

(2) Any such permission may be given subject to any conditions which may be agreed upon between such authority and the Lessee.

CONDITION III.—The land shall not be used for any purpose other than those specified in the Lessee's application under section 261, clause (d), of the Cantonment Code, 1911; nor shall the buildings erected on the land be permitted to fall into such a state as absolutely to prevent their being used for the purposes so specified:

Provided always that if the said buildings or any part thereof shall at any time be destroyed by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God or shall be so injured thereby as to render them unfit for the purposes above specified then and in such case the Lessee shall within six calendar months from such destruction or injury as aforesaid commence to rebuild the same and shall reinstate the same fit for use for the purposes aforesaid within such period not exceeding two years after the same shall have been so destroyed as aforesaid as to the Officer Commanding the Division shall seem fit. Provided nevertheless that in no such case shall the Lessee be required to reinstate the same fit for use as aforesaid within a shorter period than twelve calendar months from the date of such destruction or injury.

CONDITION III-A.*—The Lessee shall pay the said yearly rent of rupees by equal monthly instalments of rupees and the said instalments shall be paid on the 15th day of every month, during the continuance of this demise for the month immediately preceding.

*This clause to be struck out if the land is rent-free.

CONDITION IV.—(1) Whenever the Lessee intends to transfer, by sale, gift, mortgage, or exchange, his interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, or in any part of the land or buildings, he or the intended transferee shall give the Cantonment Magistrate one month's notice in writing before the transfer is completed.

(2) The Officer Commanding the Division shall have power, within the said period of one month, and with the concurrence of the Local Government, to impose, by order in writing, his veto on any such transfer; and, if in any case the cantonment authority considers it desirable that the said power of veto should be exercised, it shall report the case to such Officer Commanding the Division without delay.

(3) If notice of any such transfer is not given as aforesaid, or if any such transfer is made after the same has been vetoed, the transfer shall be void.

CONDITION V.—Every person on whom the Lessee's interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, may devolve, by transfer, by succession or by operation of law, shall send to the cantonment authority, within one month from the date of such devolution, a report in writing of the fact, together with such particulars as may be required by that authority for entry in the register maintained under section 271 or section 272, as the case may be, of the Cantonment Code, 1911.

CONDITION VI.—The Government reserves a right, subject to the conditions hereinafter contained, to appropriate the house at any time for occupation by any military officer or civil officer.

CONDITION VII.—If the Lessee lets the house to any person other than a military officer or (if the house has been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers) a civil officer, possession of the house shall not be given until—

(a) such person has executed a stamped agreement undertaking to vacate the house whenever required so to do in pursuance of a notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X without claiming any compensation, and has registered such agreement under the law for the time being in force relating to the registration of documents, and

(b) the Lessee has forwarded an attested copy of such agreement to the cantonment authority.

CONDITION VIII.—Whenever the cantonment authority considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised on behalf of any military officer, it may, if the house is not already occupied by a military officer, and if it has not been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers, by notice in writing—

(a) require the Lessee to let the house to the military officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

CONDITION IX.—If the house is occupied by a departmental military officer and the cantonment authority considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of a regimental officer, or *vice versa*, it may, by notice in writing, require the officer in occupation to vacate the house; and may, if necessary, by further notice in writing, require the Lessee to accept the change of tenancy.

CONDITION X.—(1) The cantonment authority may, at any time, with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, given with the concurrence of the Local Government, set apart the house for occupation by civil officers.

(2) If the house has been so set apart, the arrangement shall not be revoked without the concurrence of the Local Government.

(3) If, while the house is so set apart, the cantonment authority at any time considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of any civil officer, it may, if the house is not already occupied by a civil officer, by notice in writing—

(a) require the Lessee to let the house to the civil officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

CONDITION XI.—(1) Whenever a military officer or a civil officer considers that a Procedure to be observed before appropriating notice should be issued in his behalf under Condition VIII. Condition IX or Condition X, he may request (in the case of a regimental officer) the Commanding Officer of his regiment, or (in the case of a departmental military officer) the local head of his department, or (in the case of a civil officer) the District Magistrate, to make an application to that effect to the cantonment authority.

(2) On receipt of any such application the cantonment authority shall inquire into the case, and it shall not issue the notice unless it is satisfied—

- (a) that the officer ought to reside in the cantonment, and
- (b) that the circumstances are such as to require its intervention, and
- (c) that the rent offered by the officer for the house is reasonable, and
- (d) if the house is vacant, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer, and
- (e) if the house is occupied, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer, and that there is no vacant house in the cantonment which is suitable for his residence.

Explanation.—In considering whether a house is suitable for the residence of an officer, regard shall be had to (i) the locality in which his duties chiefly lie and (ii) his rank.

CONDITION XII.—(1) The house shall not be occupied for the purposes of a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school, or by a railway administration without the previous written sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, given with the concurrence of the Local Government.

(2) Before application is made for such sanction, the Commanding Officer of the cantonment shall certify whether or not in his opinion the number of houses in the cantonment, as compared with the strength of the existing or probable garrison, renders it likely that such occupation as aforesaid would—

- (a) cause any difficulty in obtaining accommodation in the cantonment, or in the part of the cantonment in which the house is situate, for military officers or civil officers, or
- (b) necessitate the acquisition of land at some future time for the extension of the cantonment.

House not to be appropriated for military or civil officer if it is occupied, with sanction as a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school, or by a railway administration or is otherwise appropriated by the Government.

CONDITION XIII.—No notice shall be issued under Condition VIII or Condition X if the house—

- (a) is occupied, with the sanction required by Condition XII, as a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school, and has been so occupied continuously during the three years immediately preceding the time when the occasion for issuing the notice arises, or
- (b) is occupied, with the sanction aforesaid, by a railway administration, or
- (c) is appropriated by the Local Government, with the concurrence of the Officer Commanding the Division, or by the Governor General in Council, for use as a public office or for any other purpose.

CONDITION XIV.—Every notice to the Lessee issued under Condition VIII, Condition IX or Condition X, shall state the amount of monthly rent which the proposed tenant offers to pay for the house.

CONDITION XV.—(1) If the house is unoccupied, any notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X may require the Lessee to give possession of the same to the proposed tenant within four days from the service of the notice.

(2) If the house is occupied, no such notice as aforesaid shall require its vacation in less than thirty days from the service of the notice.

CONDITION XVI.—(1) Subject to the terms of any agreement in writing between the Terms of tenancy applicable to military and Lessee and a military officer or a civil officer, and to the terms of this condition, every lease of the house to such an officer shall be deemed to be a lease from month to month, terminable—

(a) without notice, in the case of the departure of the officer from the cantonment on duty or under medical certificate, or in the case of a committee of arbitration deciding that the house has become unfit for occupation, or

(b) by one month's notice in writing to the Lessee in any other case.

(2) A notice under clause (1) of this condition must be signed by or on behalf of the officer concerned; and the Cantonment Magistrate shall, if the officer so desires, cause it to be served on the Lessee free of charge.

(3) When a military officer or a civil officer has in pursuance of clause (1) of this condition, given up his occupation of the house without notice, and has occupied the house during a portion only of the calendar month in which his occupation ceased, he shall be liable to pay as rent for that portion a sum bearing the same proportion to the monthly rent as the said portion bears to the whole month:

Provided that the sum shall not, in any case, be less than one-fourth of the monthly rent.

CONDITION XVII.—If any tenant of the house, being a military officer or a civil officer, sub-lets the same without the consent of the Lessee, the sub-lease shall be voidable at the option of the Lessee.

CONDITION XVIII.—(1) If the Lessee considers that any rent offered by a proposed tenant and stated in a notice in accordance with Condition XIV is insufficient, he may, within a period of fifteen days from the service of such notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment to a committee of arbitration.

(2) If the Lessee does not make such a requisition within the said period, he shall be deemed to have accepted the rent so offered.

(3) After such acceptance or the decision of a committee of arbitration, the amount of such rent shall not be called in question by either party except in the circumstances mentioned in clause (a) of Condition XXI.

CONDITION XIX.—(1) If the Lessee fails to execute any repairs to the house which any tenant, being a military or civil officer, may consider necessary, the cantonment authority may, at the request of the tenant, and if it is satisfied that such repairs or any of them are necessary, by notice in writing, require the Lessee to execute such repairs or such of them as it may consider necessary, within a period, not less than fifteen days, to be specified in the notice.

(2) If the Lessee objects to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of this condition, he may, within fifteen days from the service of the notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment to a committee of arbitration.

CONDITION XX.—If any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, considers that his lease should be terminable without notice in consequence of the house having become unfit for occupation, he may apply to the Commanding Officer of the cantonment to refer the matter to a committee of arbitration.

CONDITION XXI.—If the Lessee and any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, disagree—
Power of either Lessee or tenant to apply for reference to arbitration on other questions.

(a) as to any change in the rent of the house which is proposed in consequence of dilapidations or additions to buildings or for any other similar reason, or

(b) on any matter relating to rent or repairs, other than a matter referred to in clause (a) of this Condition or in Condition XVIII, Condition XIX or Condition XX,

either the Lessee or the tenant may apply to the Commanding Officer of the cantonment to refer the matter to a committee of arbitration.

CONDITION XXII.—Whenever any matter is referred to a committee of arbitration in pursuance of Condition XVIII, Condition XIX, Condition XX or Condition XXI, the Committee shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Cantonment Code, 1911, and the Lessee and his tenant shall be bound by the decision of the committee.

CONDITION XXIII.—If the Lessee fails to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of Condition XIX and has not, within fifteen days from the service of such notice, required that the matter be referred to a committee of arbitration, or

If any committee of arbitration constituted under Chapter XX of the Cantonment Code, 1911, decides that repairs are necessary, and the extent to which they are necessary, and the Lessee fails to execute such repairs within a period to be specified in a notice issued by the cantonment authority in that behalf,

the tenant of the house may himself cause the repairs specified in the notice to be executed at rates not exceeding those paid in the cantonment by the Military Works Department or the Public Works Department, and may deduct the cost thereof from the rent, or otherwise recover it from the Lessee.

CONDITION XXIV.—(1) If the Lessee does not commence or complete, as required by Condition I, the buildings to be erected on the land, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require him to remove all or any buildings or materials which he may have erected or collected thereon; and, if he fails to comply with such notice, the cantonment authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal to be effected and recover the cost from him, and may also cancel the lease.

(2) If the Lessee erects any building or makes any alteration or addition otherwise than as allowed by or under Condition II, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require him to remove the building or to alter the same to its satisfaction; and, if he fails to comply with such notice, the cantonment authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal or alteration to be effected and recover the cost from him.

CONDITION XXV.—(1) So long as the Lessee shall * [duly pay the said rent of rupees and] observe the conditions hereinbefore specified and on his part to be observed, he may, subject to Condition XXVII, hold the land for ever without interruption by the Secretary of State.

(2) If the Lessee shall † [fail to pay the said rent of rupees , for twenty-one days after the same shall have become due or shall], in the event of the said buildings being destroyed or injured, by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, fail to commence rebuilding the same as provided in Condition III hereof within six months of such destruction or injury, and to reinstate the same fit for use as provided in the said Condition III hereof, and within such period as therein provided, or shall break any of the conditions hereinbefore specified, other than Condition I or Condition II, and on his part to be observed, the Local Government may, after giving one month's notice in writing, resume the land or any portion thereof and may, on such resumption, declare all or any part of the right and interest of the Lessee, in the buildings erected on the land to be forfeited.

CONDITION XXVI.—The Lessee shall not be entitled to compensation for any loss incurred by reason of anything done in pursuance of Condition XXIV or Condition XXV, clause (2).

CONDITION XXVII.—The Local Government may resume the land or any portion thereof at any time after giving one month's notice in writing, and on payment of compensation for such buildings standing on the land or portion thereof as shall have been erected under proper authority. If there shall be any dispute as to the amount of such compensation, the same shall be referred to a committee of arbitration which shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Cantonment Code, 1911, and the Lessee shall be bound by the decision of the committee of arbitration.

SCHEDULE VI.—Lease Form B, for the words "Form B" the words "Form C" shall be substituted, and in the heading after the word "lease" the words "for a term of years" shall be substituted.

In paragraph 1, after the word "occupy" the words "and enjoy" shall be omitted.

In Condition III of the Annexure, the words "of ruin" shall be omitted.

Lease Form C, for the words "Form C" the words "Form D" shall be substituted, and in the heading for the words "and B" the words "B and C" shall be substituted.

In Condition III of the Annexure, the words "of ruin" shall be omitted.

In Condition XII (1) of the Annexure, and the marginal note thereto, before the word "bank", the word "hospital" shall be inserted.

In Condition XIII (a) of the Annexure and the marginal note thereto, before the word "bank", the word "hospital" shall be inserted.

JUDICIAL.

No. 909.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1, sub-section (2) of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the 1st January 1912, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

No. 910.—In pursuance of section 2, sub-section (1), clause (c), and of section 22, sub-section (1) of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to specify the following places to be frontier posts for the purposes of the said sections :—

1st (Peshawar) Division.

Shab-kadr.

Abazai.

Jamrud.

• Dargai.

Malakand.

Chakdara.

Chitral.

Drosh.

Mada Glash.

4th (Quetta) Division.

Sibi.

The Fort of Pishin.

Fort Sandeman.

New Chaman.

Murgha.

Mir Ali Khel.

Gumbaz.

Manzai.

Robat.

8th (Lucknow) Division.

Baksa Duar.

Sadiya.

Manipur.

Kohima.

Gantok.

Gyantse.

Yatung.

Derajat Brigade.

Jandola.

Zam.

Drazinda.

Tank Post.

Jatta.

Kohat Brigade.

Fort Lockhart.

Hangu.

Thal.

No. 911.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 113 of the Indian Army Act 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following Rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the said Act :—

All notifications issued under the Indian Articles of War (Act V of 1869) are cancelled, with effect from the date on which the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), is brought into force.

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INDIAN ARMY ACT RULES.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. These rules may be cited as the "Indian Army Act Rules."

Short title.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

Definitions.

(A) "Proper military authority," when used in relation to any power, duty, act or matter, means such military authority as, in pursuance of the Regulations of the Army or the custom of the service, exercises or performs that power or duty or is concerned with that act or matter.

(B) "The Act" means the Indian Army Act, 1911.

3. Any report or application directed by these rules to be made to a superior authority or proper military authority, shall be made in writing through the proper channel, unless the authority, on account of military exigencies or otherwise, dispenses with the writing.

Forms in Appen-
dices.

4. (A) The forms set forth in the appendices to these rules, with such variations as the circumstances of each case require, may be used for the respective purposes therein mentioned, and if used shall be sufficient, but a deviation from such forms will not, by reason only of such deviation, render any charge, warrant, order, proceedings or other document invalid.

(B) An omission of any such form will not, by reason only of such omission, render any act or thing invalid.

(C) The notes to, and instructions in, the forms will be considered as instructions which it is expedient to follow in all cases to which such notes and instructions apply but shall not have the force of rules.

Exercise of power
vested in holder of
military office.

5. Any power or jurisdiction given to, and any act or thing to be done by, to, or before any person holding any military office may be exercised by, or done by, to, or before any other person for the time being authorised in that behalf according to the custom of the service.

Cases unprovided
for.

6. In any case not provided for by these rules such course will be adopted as appears best calculated to do justice.

CHAPTER II.

ENROLMENT AND ATTESTATION.

Enrolling officers.

7. (A) The following officers shall be "enrolling officers" for the purposes of section 8 of the Act :—

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| (i) All recruiting officers. | } | As regards all persons. |
| (ii) All assistant recruiting officers. | | |
| (iii) The officer commanding a station. | | |
| (iv) The officer commanding a corps. | | |
| (v) The officer commanding the depôt of a corps. | } | As regards persons enrolled in that corps. |
| (vi) The officer commanding a battery. | | |
| (vii) The officer commanding a company of artillery. | } | As regards persons enrolled in an artillery corps. |
| (viii) The officer commanding an artillery ammunition column. | | |
| (ix) The officer commanding an artillery depôt. | | |
| (x) The officer commanding a reserve centre. | | |
| (xi) The officer commanding a transport corps or cadre. | } | As regards persons enrolled in the reserve. |
| (xii) The officer in charge supplies or transport of a station. | | |
| (xiii) The officer commanding a combatant unit to which transport is permanently attached. | | |
| (xiv) The principal medical officer of a division or brigade. | } | As regards persons enrolled in the Army Hospital or Army Bearer Corps. |
| (xv) The senior medical officer of a station. | | |
| (xvi) The staff officer, medical mobilisation stores, of a division. | } | As regards persons enrolled in the reserve of the Army Bearer Corps. |
| (xvii) The officer (other than a departmental officer with honorary rank) in charge of any ordnance establishment. | | |

As regards persons enrolled in the Ordnance Department.

- | | |
|--|---|
| (xviii) The officer in charge of any division or branch of any other department. | As regards persons enrolled in that department. |
| (xix) The adjutant of a railway volunteer corps. | As regards persons enrolled in the reserve of a military railway company. |
| (xx) The officer in charge of a fort armament establishment. | As regards persons enrolled in an artillery corps as fort armament lascars. |
| (xxi) The officer in charge of a coast-defence establishment. | As regards persons enrolled in the Indian Coast Artillery. |
| (xxii) The officer commanding a British cavalry or infantry unit. | As regards persons enrolled in the corps of followers, British cavalry or infantry. |

(B) On a person being enrolled the enrolling officer shall forward his enrolment paper to the officer having the custody of the Long Roll of the corps or department for which he has been enrolled, or, if more than one Long Roll is maintained in such corps or department, to the officer having the custody of one of such Long Rolls, and that officer shall, on receiving such paper, cause his name to be entered in the Long Roll.

8. All combatants, and the following enrolled persons other than combatants, shall, when reported fit for duty, be attested as provided in section 12 of the Act :— Persons to be attested.

- (i) Reservists of Military Railway Companies (Traffic and Locomotive Section).
- (ii) Mule, Bullock and Camel Drivers serving in the standing transport of the Supply and Transport Corps, and persons of the same classes serving in units of that corps raised on mobilisation who may be selected for non-commissioned rank.
- (iii) Transport Veterinary Dafadars.
- (iv) Lascars of the Ordnance Department employed in Arsenal and Depôts.
- (v) Men of the Army Bearer Corps.

Provided that a lascar of the Ordnance Department employed in an Arsenal or Depôt shall not be attested until he has completed a period of probation of six months.

9. (A) The oath or affirmation to be taken on attestation will be in one of the following forms or in such other form to the same purport as the attesting officer ascertains to be in accordance with the religion of the person to be attested, or otherwise binding on his conscience. Oath or affirmation to be taken on attestation.

Form of oath.

I _____ do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty the King-Emperor, His heirs and successors, and that I will, as in duty bound, honestly and faithfully serve in His Majesty's Indian Forces and go wherever I may be ordered by land or sea, and that I will observe and obey all commands of any officer set over me even to the peril of my life. So help me God.

The second person may, when necessary, be substituted for the first in this form of oath, and the words "So help me God" omitted or varied.

Form of affirmation.

I _____ solemnly affirm in the presence of Almighty God that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty the King-Emperor, His heirs and successors, and that I will, as in duty bound, honestly and faithfully serve in His Majesty's Indian Forces and go wherever I may be ordered by land or sea, and that I will observe and obey all commands of any officer set over me even to the peril of my life.

(B) The oath or affirmation prescribed in this rule shall, whenever practicable, be administered by the commanding officer of the person to be attested (or in the presence of the said officer by a person empowered by him to administer it) in the manner described in section 12 of the Act. If it is not so administered, it may be administered by a magistrate or such officer as is hereinafter indicated; that is to say,—

A recruiting officer or assistant recruiting officer;

The officer commanding a station;

The adjutant of a railway volunteer corps (as regards reservists of military railway companies only).

CHAPTER III.

DISMISSAL AND DISCHARGE.

Discharge not to be delayed. 10. Every person enrolled under the Act shall, when entitled under the conditions of his enrolment to be discharged, be so discharged with all convenient speed.

Discharge certificates. 11. (A) Every native officer or warrant officer who is dismissed or discharged shall be furnished by his commanding officer with a certificate setting forth, in respect of such native officer or warrant officer, the same matters as are required to be set forth in a certificate furnished under section 17 of the Act to a person enrolled thereunder who is dismissed or discharged. A certificate furnished under the provisions of this rule or of section 17 of the Act, as the case may be, is hereinafter called a "discharge certificate."

(B) The dismissal of a person subject to the Act, whose dismissal otherwise than by sentence of a court-martial is duly authorized, or the discharge of a person so subject whose discharge is duly authorized, shall be carried out by the commanding officer of such person with all convenient speed, but subject to the provisions of Rule 12; and shall take effect from the date on which a discharge certificate is furnished to such person, or from such subsequent date as may be specified in that certificate.

(C) A discharge certificate may be furnished either by personal delivery thereof by or on behalf of the commanding officer to the person dismissed or discharged or by its transmission by post to such person. If so transmitted, such certificate shall, for the purposes of this rule, be deemed to have been furnished on the date on which, having been properly addressed and prepaid, it was posted by registered post.

Dismissal of convict. 12. The commanding officer of a person sentenced to transportation or to rigorous imprisonment for a term exceeding three months shall, in accordance with section 15 of the Act, authorize his dismissal as follows :—

(A) In the case of a court-martial sentence he shall authorize the dismissal as soon as possible after the sentence is promulgated.

(B) In the case of a sentence by a criminal court against which no appeal has been preferred, he shall authorize the dismissal as soon as possible after the expiry of the period within which the person under sentence could have preferred an appeal against his sentence. If such an appeal has been preferred, and has not resulted either in the acquittal of such person or in his sentence being reduced to three months' rigorous imprisonment or less, he shall authorize the dismissal as soon as possible after the disposal of such appeal.

(C) If proceedings which may legally result in the reduction of the sentence of a criminal court (otherwise than on appeal) are pending in any other court, the commanding officer of the person under sentence may postpone his dismissal until the result of such proceedings is known, and shall then authorize the dismissal as soon as possible.

Provided that—

If a charge for an offence under the Act is pending against a person who is liable to dismissal under this rule, the commanding officer of such person may postpone his dismissal for such period, not exceeding three months, as will admit of his trial by court-martial on such charge, or of its being otherwise disposed of by the proper military authority, and shall, on the expiry of such period, authorize the dismissal as soon as possible, unless such person has been already dismissed by sentence of a court-martial which has tried him on the aforesaid charge.

Authorities empowered to authorize discharge.

13. Instructions as to the authorities empowered to authorize the discharge of persons subject to the Act, and the procedure to be observed in each case, are contained in the following table. In this table "Commanding Officer" means the officer commanding the corps or department to which the person to be discharged belongs. It also includes, as regards persons under their command, the officers specified in items (iii), (v) to (xiv), (xvii), (xviii), and (xx) to (xxii) of Rule 7 (A). Any power conferred by this rule on any authority may be exercised by any higher authority.

TABLE.

Class.	Cause of discharge.	Competent authority to authorize discharge.	Special instructions.
Native officers (other than native officers of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department).	(i) At his own request, on transfer to the pension establishment.	Commanding officer	Discharge should be carried out within two months of application unless war is imminent or existing.
	(ii) On resignation of his commission	Governor-General in Council.	.....
	(iii) Having been found medically unfit for further service.	Commanding officer	To be carried out only on the recommendation of an Invaliding Board.
	(iv) On transfer to the pension establishment, otherwise than at his own request, or under item (iii).	Governor-General in Council.	.....
	(v) With gratuity, otherwise than at his own request, or under item (iii).	Ditto.	.....
	(vi) His services being no longer required.	Ditto.	.....
Indian Subordinate Medical Department.	(vii) At his own request, on transfer to the pension establishment.	Director General of the Indian Medical Service.	.....
	(viii) On resignation of his commission or warrant.	Native officers—as in (i). Warrant officers—Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.	.....
	(ix) Having been found medically unfit for further service.	Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.	To be carried out only on the recommendation of an Invaliding Board.
	(x) On transfer to the pension establishment, otherwise than at his own request, or under item (ix).	Native officers—as in (iv). Warrant officers—Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.	.....
	(xi) His services being no longer required.	Native officers—as in (vi). Warrant officers—Brigade Commander.	The Brigade Commander, or higher authority, will, save in exceptional circumstances, exercise this power only in consultation with the Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.
	(xii) At his own request, on transfer to the pension establishment.	Commanding officer	To be carried out in accordance with the conditions of his enrolment and with section 18 of the Act and Rule 10.
Persons enrolled under the Act who have been attested.	(xiii) At his own request, on fulfilling the conditions of his enrolment.	Ditto	To be carried out in accordance with the conditions of his enrolment and with section 18 of the Act and Rule 10.

Class.	Cause of discharge.	Competent authority to authorize discharge.	Special instructions.
Persons enrolled under the Act who have been attested.	(xiv) Having been found medically unfit for further service.	Commanding Officer	To be carried out only on the recommendation of an Invaliding Board.
	(xv) Having re-entered the service after being dismissed or discharged, without, at the time of such re-entry, stating the fact of his previous dismissal or discharge, or showing his certificate of dismissal or discharge.	Ditto	.....
	(xvi) Not being a good rider ...	Ditto	Only applicable to persons enrolled as combatants in a mounted corps and whose duties require them to be mounted. Liability to discharge under this item ceases on completion of three years' service from date of enrolment.
	(xvii) On transfer to the pension establishment, or with gratuity, otherwise than at his own request, or under item (xiv).	Brigade Commander	.....
	(xviii) His services being no longer required.	Ditto	.....
Persons enrolled under the Act but not attested.	(xix) All classes of discharge ...	Commanding officer	Recruits who are considered unlikely to become efficient soldiers will be dealt with under this item.

CHAPTER IV.

INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES AND TRIAL BY COURT-MARTIAL.

SECTION I.—INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES AND REMAND FOR TRIAL.

Power of Commanding Officer.

Duty of commanding officer as to investigation of charge for offence.

14. Every commanding officer shall take care that a person under his command, when charged with an offence, is not detained in custody for more than forty-eight hours after the committal of such person into custody is reported to him, without the charge being investigated, unless investigation within that period seems to him impracticable with due regard to the public service. Every case of a person being detained in custody beyond a period of forty-eight hours, and the reason thereof, shall be reported by the commanding officer to the general or other officer to whom application would be made to convene a general or district court-martial for the trial of the person charged.

Provided that Sunday, Good Friday and Christmas day shall be excluded in reckoning the periods of forty-eight hours specified in this rule.

Disposal of the charge or adjournment for taking down the summary of evidence.

15. (A) Every charge against a person subject to the Act shall be heard in the presence of the accused. The accused shall have full liberty to cross-examine any witness against him, and to call any witnesses and make any statement in his defence.

(B) The commanding officer shall dismiss a charge brought before him if in his opinion the evidence does not show that some offence under the Act has been committed, and may do so if, in his discretion, he thinks the charge ought not to be proceeded with.

(C) At the conclusion of the hearing of a charge, if the commanding officer is of opinion that the charge ought to be proceeded with, he shall, without unnecessary delay, either—

- (1) dispose of the case summarily; or
- (2) refer the case to the proper superior military authority; or
- (3) adjourn the case for the purpose of having the evidence reduced to writing; or
- (4) if the accused is under the rank of warrant officer, order his trial by summary court-martial.

Provided that the commanding officer shall not order trial by summary court-martial without reference to the officer empowered to convene a district court-martial for the trial of the alleged offender unless either—

- (i) the offence is one which he can try by summary court-martial without reference to that officer; or
- (ii) he considers that there is grave reason for immediate action and such reference cannot be made without detriment to discipline.

(D) Where the case is adjourned for the purpose of having the evidence reduced to writing, at the adjourned hearing the evidence of the witnesses who were present and gave evidence before the commanding officer, whether against or for the accused, shall be taken down in writing in the presence and hearing of the accused before the commanding officer or such officer as he directs.

(E) The accused may put questions in cross-examination to any witness, and the questions with the answers shall be added in writing to the evidence taken down.

(F) The evidence of each witness when taken down, as provided in (D) and (E), shall be read over to him, and shall be signed by him, or, if he cannot write his name, shall be attested by his mark and witnessed. Any statement of the accused material to his defence shall be added in writing and read over to him.

(G) The evidence of the witnesses and the statement (if any) of the accused shall be recorded in the English language. If the witness or accused, as the case may be, does not understand English, the evidence or statement, as recorded, shall be interpreted to him in a language which he understands.

16. (A) The evidence and statement (if any) taken down in writing in pursuance of Rule 15 (in these rules referred to as the summary of evidence) shall be considered by the commanding officer, who thereupon shall either— Remand of accused.

- (1) remand the accused for trial by court-martial; or
- (2) refer the case to the proper superior military authority; or
- (3) if he thinks it desirable, rehear the case and dispose of it summarily.

(B) If the accused is remanded for trial by court-martial, the commanding officer shall without unnecessary delay either assemble a summary court-martial (after referring to the officer empowered to convene a district court-martial when such reference is necessary) or apply to the proper military authority to convene a court-martial, as the case requires.

(C) The summary of evidence, or a true copy thereof, shall be laid before the court-martial before which the accused is tried on the assembly of the court.

17. When the commanding officer has once awarded punishment for an offence, he cannot afterwards increase the punishment for that offence. Summary award of punishment by commanding officer.

Framing Charges.

18. (A) A charge-sheet shall contain the whole issue or issues to be tried by a court-martial at one time. Charge-sheet and charge.

(B) A charge means an accusation contained in a charge-sheet, that a person amenable to military law has been guilty of an offence.

(C) A charge-sheet may contain one charge or several charges.

19. Every charge-sheet shall begin with the name and description of the person charged, and state, in the case of an officer, his rank, name, and corps or department (if any), and in the case of a warrant officer, non-commissioned officer, Commencement of charge-sheet.

soldier or other enrolled person, his number, rank, name, and corps or department (if any). When the accused person does not belong to the regular forces the charge-sheet shall show by the description of him, or directly by an express averment, that he is amenable to Indian military law in respect of the offence charged.

Contents of charge.

20. (A) Each charge shall state one offence only, and in no case shall an offence be described in the alternative in the same charge.

(B) Each charge shall be divided into two parts—

(1) The statement of the *offence*; and

(2) the statement of the *particulars* of the act, neglect, or omission constituting the offence.

(C) The offence shall be stated, if not a civil offence, in the words of the Act, and if a civil offence, in such words as sufficiently describe that offence, but not necessarily in technical words.

(D) The *particulars* shall state such circumstances respecting the alleged offence as will enable the accused to know what act, neglect, or omission is intended to be proved against him as constituting the offence.

(E) The *particulars* in one charge may be framed wholly or partly by a reference to the particulars in another charge, and in that case so much of the latter particulars as is so referred to shall be deemed to form part of the first mentioned charge as well as of the other charge.

(F) Where it is intended to prove any facts in respect of which any deduction from pay and allowances can be awarded as a consequence of the offence charged the *particulars* shall state those facts, and the sum of the loss or damage it is intended to charge.

Validity of charge-sheet.

21. (A) A charge-sheet shall not be invalid by reason only of any mistake in the name or description of the person charged, if he does not object to the charge-sheet during the trial, and it is not shown that injustice has been done to the person charged.

(B) In the construction of a charge-sheet or charge there shall be presumed in favour of supporting the same every proposition which may reasonably be presumed to be impliedly included, though not expressed therein.

Preparation for defence by accused person.

Opportunity for accused to prepare defence.

22. An accused person for whose trial a court-martial has been ordered to assemble shall be afforded proper opportunity of preparing his defence, and shall be allowed free communication with his witnesses, and with any friend or legal adviser whom he may wish to consult.

Warning of accused for trial.

23. (A) The accused before he is arraigned shall be informed by an officer of every charge on which he is to be tried; and also that, on his giving the names of witnesses whom he desires to call in his defence, reasonable steps will be taken for procuring their attendance, and those steps shall be taken accordingly.

The interval between his being so informed of the charges against him and his arraignment must be such as to allow him to have his witnesses present, and to consider his defence.

(B) The officer at the time of so informing the accused shall give him a copy of the charge-sheet and a vernacular translation of the same, and shall, if necessary, read and explain to him the charges brought against him.

(C) If he desires it, a list of the names, rank and corps (if any) of the officers who are to form the court, and where officers in waiting are named, also of these officers, will, in courts-martial other than summary courts-martial, be given to the accused.

(D) If it appears to the court that the accused is liable to be prejudiced at his trial by any non-compliance with this rule, the court shall take steps and, if necessary, adjourn to avoid the accused being so prejudiced.

Joint trial of several accused persons.

24. Any number of accused persons may be tried together for an offence charged to have been committed by them collectively, but in such case notice of the intention to try the accused persons together shall be given to each of the accused at the time of his being informed of the charge, and any accused person may claim, either by notice to the authority convening the court, or, when arraigned before the court, by notice to the court, to be tried separately, on the ground that the evidence of one or more of the other accused persons proposed to be tried together with him will be material to his defence; the convening authority or court, if satisfied that the evidence will be material, and if the nature of the charge admits of it, shall allow the claim, and such accused person shall be tried separately.

Exception from Rules.

25. Where it appears to the officer convening a court-martial, or to the senior officer on the spot, that military exigencies or the necessities of discipline, render it impossible or inexpedient to observe any of the Rules 15 (D), (E), (F), (G), 16, 22 and 23, he may, by order under his hand, make a declaration to that effect, specifying the nature of such exigencies or necessities, and thereupon the trial or other proceeding shall be as valid as if the rule mentioned in such declaration had not been contained herein; and the declaration may be made with respect to any or all of the rules above in this rule mentioned in the case of the same court-martial.

Suspension of rules on the ground of military exigencies or the necessities of discipline.

Provided that the accused shall have full opportunity of making his defence, and shall be afforded every facility for preparing it which is practicable, having due regard to the said exigencies or necessities.

Alternative Procedure.

26. When an accused person is remanded for trial by general or district court-martial the procedure before and during trial shall be that ordered in section 2 of the Chapter, and when an accused person is remanded for trial by summary court-martial that ordered in section 3 of this Chapter, section 4 is equally applicable to all trials by general, district and summary courts-martial.

Alternative Procedure.

SECTION 2.—GENERAL AND DISTRICT COURTS-MARTIAL.

Convening the Court.

27. (A) An officer before convening a general or district court-martial shall first satisfy himself that the charges to be tried by the court are for offences within the meaning of the Act, and that the evidence justifies a trial on those charges, and if not so satisfied, shall order the release of the accused, or refer the case to superior authority.

Convening of general and district courts-martial.

(B) He shall also satisfy himself that the case is a proper one to be tried by the description of court-martial he proposes to convene.

(C) The officer convening a court-martial shall appoint or detail the officers to form the court, and may also appoint or detail such waiting officers as he thinks expedient. He may also, where he considers the services of an interpreter to be necessary, appoint or detail an interpreter to the court.

(D) The officer convening a court-martial shall send to the senior member of a court composed of British officers and to the judge-advocate or superintending officer of any other court, the original charge-sheet on which the accused is to be tried, the summary of evidence, and the order for the assembly of the court-martial.

28. (A) If, before the accused is arraigned, the full number of officers detailed are not available to serve, by reason of non-eligibility, disqualification, challenge or otherwise, the court shall ordinarily adjourn for the purpose of fresh members being appointed; but if the court are of opinion that in the interests of justice, and for the good of the service, it is inexpedient so to adjourn, they may, if not reduced in number below the legal minimum, proceed, recording their reasons for so doing.

Adjournment for insufficient number of officers.

(B) If the court adjourns for the purpose of the appointment of fresh members, whether under these rules or otherwise, the convening officer may, if he thinks fit, convene another court.

29. (A) An officer is not eligible for serving on a court-martial if he is not subject to military law.

Ineligibility and disqualification of officers for court-martial.

(B) An officer is disqualified for serving on a general or district court-martial if he—

- (i) is the officer who convened the court; or
- (ii) is the prosecutor or a witness for the prosecution; or
- (iii) investigated the charges before trial, or took down the summary of evidence or was a member of a court of inquiry respecting the matters on which the charges against the accused are founded, or was the squadron or double-company commander who made preliminary inquiry into the case; or
- (iv) is the commanding officer of the accused, or of the corps to which the accused belongs; or
- (v) has a personal interest in the case.

30. A general court-martial shall be composed, as far as possible, of officers of different corps or departments, and in no case exclusively of officers of the corps or department to which the accused belongs.

Composition of court-martial.

Procedure at Trial—Constitution of Court.

Inquiry by court as to legal constitution.

31. (A) On the court assembling, the order convening the court shall be read, and also the names, rank, and corps of the officers appointed to serve on the court; and it shall be the first duty of the court to satisfy themselves that the court is legally constituted (that is to say)—

- (i) that, so far as the court can ascertain, the court has been convened in accordance with the Act, and these rules;
- (ii) that the court consists of a number of officers not less than the legal minimum, and, save as mentioned in Rule 28, not less than the number detailed;
- (iii) that each of the officers so assembled is eligible and not disqualified for serving on that court-martial;
- (iv) that a superintending officer has, when necessary, been appointed.

(B) The court shall, further, if it is a general or district court-martial to which a judge-advocate has been appointed, ascertain that the judge-advocate is duly appointed, and is not disqualified for acting at that court-martial.

(C) The court, if not satisfied on the above matters, shall report their opinion to the convening authority, and may adjourn for that purpose.

Inquiry by court as to amenability of accused and validity of charge.

32. (A) The court, when satisfied on the above matters, shall satisfy themselves in respect of each charge about to be brought before them—

- (i) that it appears to be laid against a person amenable to military law, and to the jurisdiction of the court; and
- (ii) that each charge discloses an offence under the Act, and is framed in accordance with these rules, and is so explicit as to enable the accused readily to understand what he has to answer.

(B) The court, if not satisfied on the above matters, shall report their opinion to the convening authority and may adjourn for that purpose.

Procedure at Trial—Challenge and Swearing.

Appearance of prosecutor and accused.

33 When the court have satisfied themselves as to the above facts, the prosecutor, who must be a person subject to military law, shall take his place, and the court shall cause the accused to be brought before the court.

Proceedings for challenges of members of court.

34. The names of the president and members of the court shall then be read over to the accused and he shall be asked, as required by section 80 of the Act, whether he objects to be tried by any officer sitting on the court. Any such objections shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of section 80 of the Act; provided that—

- (i) The accused shall state the names of all the officers to whom he objects before any objection is disposed of.
- (ii) The accused may call any person to give evidence in support of his objection.
- (iii) If more than one officer is objected to, the objection to each officer shall be disposed of separately, and the objection to the lowest in rank shall be disposed of first; and on an objection to an officer, all the other officers present shall vote on the disposal of such objection, notwithstanding that objections have been made to any of those officers.
- (iv) When an objection to an officer is allowed that officer shall forthwith retire, and take no further part in the proceedings.
- (v) When an officer objected to retires, and there are any officers in waiting, the vacancy shall be forthwith filled by one of the officers in waiting being directed to serve in lieu of the retiring officer. If there is no officer in waiting available, the court shall proceed as directed by Rule 28.
- (vi) The eligibility, absence of disqualification and freedom from objection of an officer filling a vacancy shall be ascertained by the court, as in the case of other officers appointed to serve on the court.

Swearing or affirming of members.

35. As soon as the court is constituted with the proper number of officers who are not objected to, or the objections to whom have been overruled, an oath or affirmation shall be administered to every member in one of the following forms or in such other form to the same purport as the court ascertains to be according to his religion or otherwise binding on his conscience.

Form of oath.

"You do swear that you will duly administer justice, according to the Indian Army Act, without partiality, favour or affection; and if any doubt shall arise, then, according

to your conscience, the best of your understanding, and the custom of war in the like cases; and that you will not divulge the sentence of this court-martial until it shall be published by authority; and, further, that you will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial, in due course of law. So help you God."

The first person may, when necessary, be substituted for the second in this form of oath and the words "So help you God" omitted or varied.

Form of affirmation.

"I solemnly affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I will duly administer justice, according to the Indian Army Act, without partiality, favour or affection; and if any doubt shall arise, then, according to my conscience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of war in the like case; and that I will not divulge the sentence of this court-martial until it shall be published by authority; and, further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial, in due course of law."

36. After the members of the court are all sworn or have made affirmation, an oath or affirmation shall be administered to the following persons or such of them as are present at the court-martial, in such of the following forms as shall be appropriate, or in such other form to the same purport as the court ascertains to be according to the religion or otherwise binding on the conscience of the person to be sworn or affirmed:—

Swearing or affirming of judge-advocate and other officers.

(A) *Judge-advocate or superintending officer.*

Form of oath.

"You do swear that you will not, upon any account whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular members of this court-martial unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial, in due course of law; and that you will not, unless it be necessary for the due discharge of your official duties, divulge the sentence of this court-martial until it shall be published by authority. So help you God."

The first person may, when necessary, be substituted for the second in this form of oath, and in all other forms prescribed in this rule, and the words "So help you God" omitted or varied.

Form of affirmation.

"I solemnly affirm in the presence of Almighty God that I will not, upon any account whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court-martial unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial in due course of law; and that I will not, unless it be necessary for the due discharge of my official duties, divulge the sentence of this court-martial until it shall be published by authority."

(B) *Officer attending for the purpose of instruction.*

Form of oath.

"You do swear that you will not divulge the sentence of this court-martial until it shall be published by authority; and, further, that you will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court-martial unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial, in due course of law. So help you God."

Form of affirmation.

"I solemnly affirm in the presence of Almighty God that I will not divulge the sentence of this court-martial until it shall be published by authority; and, further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial, in due course of law."

(C) *Shorthand writer.*

Form of oath.

"You do swear that you will truly take down to the best of your power the evidence to be given before this court-martial, and such other matters as you may be required, and

will, when required, deliver to the court a true transcript of the same. So help you God."

Form of affirmation.

"I solemnly affirm in the presence of Almighty God that I will truly take down to the best of my power the evidence to be given before this court-martial, and such other matters as I may be required, and will, when required, deliver to the court a true transcript of the same."

(D) Interpreter.

Form of oath.

"You do swear that you will faithfully interpret and translate, as you shall be required to do, touching the matter before this court-martial; and that you will not divulge the sentence until it shall be published by authority; and further, that you will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court-martial unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial, in due course of law. So help you God."

Form of affirmation.

"I solemnly affirm in the presence of Almighty God that I will faithfully interpret and translate, as I shall be required to do, touching the matter before this court-martial; and that I will not divulge the sentence until it shall be published by authority; and further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of this court-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof by a court of justice or a court-martial, in due course of law."

Persons to administer oaths and affirmations.

37. All oaths and affirmations shall be administered by a member of the court, the judge-advocate, the superintending officer or some other person empowered by the court to administer such oath or affirmation.

Prosecution, Defence and Summing-up.

Arraignment of accused.

38. (A) After the members of the court and other persons are sworn or affirmed as above mentioned, the accused shall be arraigned on the charges against him.

(B) The charges upon which the accused is arraigned shall be read and, if necessary, translated to him, and he shall be required to plead separately to each charge.

Objection by accused to charge.

39. The accused, when required to plead to any charge, may object to the charge on the ground that it does not disclose an offence under the Act, or is not in accordance with these rules.

Amendment of charge.

40. (A) At any time during the trial, if it appears to the court that there is any mistake in the name or description of the accused in the charge-sheet, the court may amend the charge-sheet so as to correct that mistake.

(B) If on the trial of any charge it appears to the court at any time before they have begun to examine the witnesses, that in the interests of justice any addition to, omission from, or alteration in, the charge is required, they may report their opinion to the convening authority, and may adjourn, and the convening authority may either direct a new trial to be commenced, or amend the charge, and order the trial to proceed with such amended charge after due notice to the accused.

Special plea to the jurisdiction.

41. (A) The accused, before pleading to a charge, may offer a special plea to the general jurisdiction of the court; and if he does so, and the court consider that anything stated in such plea shews that the court have not jurisdiction, they shall receive any evidence offered in support, together with any evidence offered by the prosecutor in disproof or qualification thereof, and any address by the accused and reply by the prosecutor in reference thereto.

(B) If the court overrule the special plea, they shall proceed with the trial.

(C) If the court allow the special plea, they shall record their decision and the reasons for it, and report it to the convening authority and adjourn; such decision shall not require any confirmation, and the convening authority shall either forthwith convene another court for the trial of the accused, or order the accused to be released.

(D) If the court are in doubt as to the validity of the plea, they may refer the matter to the convening authority, and may adjourn for that purpose, or may record a special decision with respect to such plea, and proceed with the trial.

42. (A) If no special plea to the general jurisdiction of the court is offered, or if such plea being offered, is overruled, the accused person's plea—"Guilty" or "Not guilty" (or if he refuses to plead, or does not plead intelligibly either one or the other, a plea of "Not guilty")—shall be recorded on each charge. General plea.
"Guilty" or "Not guilty."

(B) If an accused person pleads "Guilty," that plea shall be recorded as the finding of the court; but before it is recorded, the officer conducting the proceedings, on behalf of the court, shall ascertain that the accused understands the nature of the charge to which he has pleaded guilty, and shall inform him of the general effect of that plea, and in particular of the meaning of the charge to which he has pleaded guilty, and of the difference in procedure which will be made by the plea of guilty, and shall advise him to withdraw that plea if it appears from the summary of evidence that the accused ought to plead not guilty.

43. (A) The accused, at the time of his general plea of "Guilty" or "Not guilty" to a charge for an offence, may offer a plea in bar of trial on the ground that— Plea in bar.

- (1) he has been previously convicted or acquitted of the offence by a competent criminal court or by a court-martial or has been dealt with summarily under section 20 or 22 of the Act for the offence; or
- (2) the offence has been pardoned or condoned by competent military authority; or
- (3) the time which has elapsed between the commission of the offence and the beginning of the trial is more than three years, and the limit of time for trial is not extended under section 67 of the Act.

(B) If he offers such plea in bar, the court shall record it as well as his general plea, and if they consider that any fact or facts stated by him are sufficient to support the plea in bar they shall receive any evidence offered, and hear any address made by the accused and the prosecutor in reference to the plea.

(C) If the court find that the plea in bar is proved they shall record their finding, and notify it to the confirming authority, and shall either adjourn, or if there is any other charge against the accused, whether in the same or in a different charge-sheet, which is not affected by the plea in bar, may proceed to the trial of the accused on that charge.

(D) If the finding that a plea in bar is proved is not confirmed, the court may be re-assembled by the confirming authority, and proceed as if the plea had been found not proved.

(E) If the court find that the plea in bar is not proved, they shall proceed with the trial, and the said finding shall be subject to confirmation like any other finding of the court.

44. (A) Upon the record of the plea of "Guilty," if there are other charges in the same charge-sheet to which the plea is "Not guilty," the trial shall first proceed with respect to those other charges, and, after the finding on those charges, shall proceed with the charges on which a plea of "Guilty" has been entered; but if they are alternative charges, the court may either proceed with respect to all the charges as if the accused had not pleaded "Guilty" to any charge, or may, instead of trying him, record a finding of "Not guilty," on each alternative charge to which the prisoner has not pleaded "Guilty." Procedure after plea of "Guilty."

(B) After the record of the plea of "Guilty" on a charge (if the trial does not proceed on any other charges) the court shall receive any statement which the accused desires to make in reference to the charge, and shall read the summary of evidence, and annex it to the proceedings, or if there is no such summary, shall take and record sufficient evidence to enable them to determine the sentence, and the confirming officer to know all the circumstances connected with the offence. This evidence will be taken in like manner as is directed by these Rules in the case of a plea of "Not guilty."

(C) After evidence has been so taken, or the summary of evidence has been read, as the case may be, the accused may make a statement in mitigation of punishment, and may call witnesses as to his character.

(D) If from the statement of the accused or from the summary of evidence, or otherwise, it appears to the court that the accused did not understand the effect of his plea of "Guilty," the court shall alter the record and enter a plea of "Not guilty," and proceed with the trial accordingly.

(E) If a plea of "Guilty" is recorded, and the trial proceeds with respect to other charges in the same charge-sheet, the proceedings under (B) and (C) shall take place when the finding on the other charges in the same charge-sheet are recorded.

(F) When the accused at any court-martial states anything in mitigation of punishment which, in the opinion of the court, requires to be proved, and would, if proved, affect the amount of punishment, the court may permit the accused to call witnesses to prove the same.

Withdrawal of plea of "Not guilty."

45. The accused may if he thinks fit, at any time during the trial, withdraw his plea of "Not guilty," and plead "Guilty," and in such case the court will at once, subject to a compliance with Rule 42 (B), record a plea and finding of "Guilty," and shall, so far as is necessary, proceed in manner directed by Rule 44.

Plea "Not guilty" and case for the prosecution.

46. After the plea of "Not guilty" to any charge is recorded, the trial shall proceed as follows :—

(A) The prosecutor may, if he desires, make an opening address.

(B) The evidence for the prosecution shall then be taken.

(C) If it should be necessary for the prosecutor to give evidence for the prosecution on the facts of the case, he shall give it after the delivery of his address, and he must be sworn and give his evidence in detail.

(D) He may be cross-examined by the accused and afterwards may make any statement which might be made by a witness on re-examination.

Close of case for the prosecution and procedure for defence where accused does not call witnesses.

47. (1) At the close of the evidence for the prosecution, the accused shall be asked if he intends to call any witnesses to the facts of the case.

(2) If the accused does not state that he intends to call witnesses to the facts of the case the procedure shall be as follows :—

(A) The prosecutor may address the court a second time for the purpose of summing-up the evidence for the prosecution.

(B) The accused shall be asked if he has anything to say in his defence and may address the court in his defence.

(C) The accused may call witnesses as to his character.

(D) The prosecutor may produce, in reply to the witnesses as to character, proof of former convictions, and entries in the defaulter's book, but he may not again address the court.

Defence where accused calls witnesses.

48. If the accused states that he intends to call witnesses to the facts of the case, the procedure shall be as follows :—

(A) The accused shall be asked if he has anything to say in his defence, and may address the court in his defence.

(B) The accused may call his witnesses, including witnesses as to character.

(C) The prosecutor may, in special cases, with the permission of the court, call witnesses in reply.

(D) After the evidence of all the witnesses for the defence has been taken, the accused may again address the court, and the time at which such second address is allowed is in these rules referred to as the time for the second address of the accused.

(E) The prosecutor shall be entitled to address the court in reply.

Summing-up by judge-advocate.

49. (A) The judge-advocate, if any, shall, unless both he and the court think a summing-up unnecessary, sum-up in open court the whole case.

(B) After the judge-advocate has spoken, no other address shall be allowed.

Finding and Sentence.

Consideration of finding.

50. (A) The court shall deliberate on their finding in closed court.

(B) The opinion of each member of the court shall be taken separately on each charge.

Form and record of finding.

51. (A) The finding on every charge shall be recorded, and, except as mentioned in these rules, shall be recorded simply as a finding of "Guilty," or of "Not guilty," or of "Not guilty and honourably acquit him of the same."

(B) Where the court are of opinion as regards any charge that the facts which they find to be proved in evidence differ materially from the facts alleged in the statement of particulars in the charge, but are nevertheless sufficient to prove the offence stated in the charge, and that the difference is not so material as to have prejudiced the accused in his defence, they may, instead of a finding of "Not guilty," record a special finding.

(C) The special finding may find the accused guilty on a charge, subject to the statement of exceptions or variations specified therein.

(D) Where the court are of opinion as regards any charge that the facts proved do not disclose an offence under the Act, the court shall acquit the accused of that charge.

(E) If the court doubt as regards any charge whether the facts proved show the accused to be guilty or not of an offence under the Act, they may, before recording a finding on that charge, refer to the confirming authority for an opinion, and, if necessary, adjourn for that purpose.

(F) Where there are alternative charges, and the facts proved appear to the court not to constitute the offence mentioned in any of those alternative charges, the court shall record a finding of "Not guilty" on that charge; but if the court think that the facts so proved constitute one of the offences stated in two or more of the alternative charges, but doubt which of those offences the facts do at law constitute, then they may, either before recording a finding on those charges refer to the confirming authority for an opinion, and, if necessary, adjourn for the purpose, or, they may record a special finding, stating the facts which they find to be proved, and stating that they doubt whether those facts constitute in law the offence in such one or another of the alternative charges as are specified in the finding.

52. If the finding on all the charges is "Not guilty" the president shall date and sign the finding and such signature shall authenticate the whole of the proceedings, and the proceedings upon being signed by the judge advocate or superintending officer, if any, shall be at once transmitted for confirmation. Procedure on acquittal.

53. (A) If the finding on any charge is "Guilty." then, for the guidance of the court in determining their sentence, and of the confirming authority in considering the sentence, the court, before deliberating on their sentence, may take evidence of and record the general character, age, service, rank, and any recognised acts of gallantry or distinguished conduct of the accused, any previous convictions of the accused either by a court-martial or a criminal court, any previous punishments awarded to him by an officer exercising authority under section 20 of the Act, the length of time he has been in arrest or in confinement on any previous sentence, and any military decoration, or military reward, of which he may be in possession or to which he is entitled, and which the court can sentence him to forfeit. Procedure on conviction.

(B) Evidence on the above matters may be given by a witness verifying a statement which contains a summary of the entries in the regimental or departmental books respecting the accused and identifying the accused as the person referred to in that summary.

(C) The accused may cross-examine any such witness, and may call witnesses to rebut such evidence; and if the accused so requests, the regimental or departmental books, or a duly certified copy of the material entries therein, shall be produced; and if the accused alleges that the summary is in any respect not in accordance with the regimental or departmental books, or such certified copy, as the case may be, the court shall compare the summary with those books or copy, and if they find it is not in accordance therewith, shall cause the summary to be corrected accordingly.

(D) When all the evidence on the above matters has been given the accused may address the court thereon.

54. The court shall award one sentence in respect of all the offences of which the accused is found guilty, and such sentence shall be deemed to be awarded in respect of the offence in each charge in respect of which it can be legally given, and not to be awarded in respect of any offence in a charge in respect of which it cannot be legally given. Sentence.

55. (A) If the court make a recommendation to mercy, they shall give their reasons for their recommendation. Recommendation to mercy.

(B) The number of opinions by which a recommendation to mercy mentioned in this rule, or any question relative thereto, is adopted or rejected, may be entered in the proceedings.

56. Upon the court awarding the sentence, the president shall date and sign the sentence and such signature shall authenticate the whole of the proceedings, and the proceedings upon being signed by the judge-advocate or superintending officer, if any, shall be at once transmitted for confirmation. Signing and transmission of proceedings.

Confirmation and revision.

57. (A) Where the finding or sentence is sent back for revision under section 100 of the Act the court shall re-assemble in closed court, but if the court is directed to take fresh evidence on revision, such evidence must be taken in open court and in the presence of the accused. Revision.

(B) Where the finding is sent back for revision and the court do not adhere to their former finding, they shall revoke the finding and sentence, and record a new finding, and if such new finding involves a sentence, pass sentence afresh.

(C) Where the sentence alone is sent back for revision, the court shall not revise the finding.

(D) After revision, the president shall date and sign the decision of the court, and the proceedings, upon being signed by the judge-advocate or superintending officer, if any, shall be at once transmitted for confirmation.

58. The charge, finding, sentence, and confirmation of a court-martial shall be promulgated in such manner as the confirming authority may direct; and if no direction is given, according to the custom of the service. Promulgation.

Mitigation of sentence on partial confirmation.

59. (A) Where a sentence has been awarded by a court-martial in respect of offences in several charges, and the confirming authority confirms the finding on some but not on all of such charges, that authority shall take into consideration the fact of such non-confirmation, and shall, if it seems just, mitigate, remit, or commute the punishment awarded according as seems just, having regard to the offences in the charges the findings on which are confirmed.

(B) Where a sentence has been awarded by a court-martial in respect of offences in several charges and has been confirmed, and any one of such charges or the finding thereon is found to be invalid, the authority having power to mitigate, remit, or commute the punishment awarded by the sentence shall take into consideration the fact of such invalidity, and if it seems just, mitigate, remit, or commute the punishment awarded according as seems just, having regard to the offences in the charges which with the findings thereon are not invalid, and the punishment as so modified shall be as valid as if it had been originally awarded only in respect of those offences.

Confirmation of finding on alternative charges.

60. (A) Where a special finding has been recorded in relation to alternative charges under Rule 51 (F) and the confirming authority is of opinion that the facts found by the special finding constitute in law the offence charged by any of the alternative charges, that authority may confirm the finding, and in that case shall declare that the finding amounts to a finding of guilty on that charge; but if it is afterwards declared by any authority having power to remit or commute the punishment awarded that the said facts constitute in law the offence charged in one of the other alternative charges, then the confirming authority, or such other authority as aforesaid, may declare that the finding amounts to a finding of guilty on that alternative charge; and the finding shall be a valid finding of guilty on the charge specified in that behalf in the declaration made on confirmation, or, in case of a subsequent declaration, in that subsequent declaration.

(B) The sentence awarded in the case of any such special finding may likewise be confirmed, subject to this proviso, that if the offence in one of the alternative charges involves a higher punishment, or is otherwise graver, than the offence in the charge of which the accused is found to be guilty under the terms of any declaration mentioned in (A), the authority making the declaration, or some other authority having power to mitigate, remit, or commute the punishment awarded, shall mitigate, remit, or commute the punishment according as seems just, having regard to the last-mentioned offence; and the punishment as so modified shall be as valid as if it had been originally awarded in respect of the last-mentioned offence.

Confirmation notwithstanding informality in, or excess of, punishment.

61. (A) If the sentence of a court-martial is informally expressed, the confirming authority may, in confirming the sentence, vary the form so that it shall be properly expressed; and if the punishment awarded by the sentence is in excess of the punishment authorised by law, the confirming authority may vary the sentence so that the punishment shall not be in excess of the punishment authorised by law; and the confirming authority may confirm the finding and the sentence, as so varied, of the court-martial.

Member or prosecutor not to confirm proceedings.

62. A member of a court-martial, or an officer who has acted as prosecutor at a court-martial, shall not confirm the finding or sentence of that court-martial, and where such member or prosecutor becomes confirming officer, he shall refer the finding and sentence of the court-martial to a superior authority competent to confirm the findings and sentences of the like description of courts-martial.

Proceedings of General and District Courts-Martial.

Seating of members.

63. The members of a court-martial shall take their seats according to their army rank.

Conduct of proceedings.

64. (A) In the case of a court-martial composed of British officers, the president shall conduct the proceedings.

(B) In the case of a court-martial composed of native officers, the judge-advocate, if there is one, shall conduct the proceedings. If there is no judge-advocate, the superintending officer shall conduct them.

Responsibility of officer conducting the proceedings.

65. (A) The officer conducting the proceedings is responsible for the trial being conducted in proper order, and in accordance with the Act, and will take care that everything is conducted in a manner befitting a court of justice.

(B) It is the duty of the officer conducting the proceedings to see that justice is administered, that the accused has a fair trial, and that he does not suffer any disadvantage in consequence of his position as a person under trial, or of his ignorance, or of his incapacity to examine or cross-examine witnesses, or otherwise.

Power of court over address of prosecutor and accused.

66. (A) It is the duty of the prosecutor to assist the court in the administration of justice, to behave impartially, to bring the whole of the transaction before the court, and not to take any unfair advantage of, or suppress any evidence in favour of, the accused.

(B) The court may stop the prosecutor in referring to any matter not relevant to the charge then before the court, or any matter which the court is not investigating, and it is the duty of the court to restrain any undue violence of language or want of fairness or moderation on the part of the prosecutor.

(C) The court shall allow great latitude to the accused in making his defence; he must abstain from any remarks contemptuous or disrespectful towards the court, and from coarse and insulting language towards others, but he may for the purposes of his defence impeach the evidence and the motives of the witnesses and prosecutor, and charge other persons with blame and even criminality, subject, if he does so, to any liability to further proceedings to which he would otherwise be subject. The court may caution the accused as to the irrelevance of his defence, but shall not, unless in special cases, stop his defence solely on ground of such irrelevance.

67. Where two or more accused persons are tried together and any evidence is tendered by any one or more of them, the evidence and addresses on the part of all the accused persons shall be taken before the prosecutor replies, and the prosecutor shall make one address only in reply as regards all the accused persons. Procedure on trial of accused persons together.

68. (A) When the convening officer directs any charges against an accused person to be inserted in different charge-sheets, the accused shall be arraigned and until after the finding tried, upon each charge-sheet separately, and accordingly the procedure in Rules 38 to 51, both inclusive, shall, until after the finding, be followed in respect of each charge-sheet, as if it contained the whole of the charges against the accused. Separate charge-sheets.

(B) The trials upon the several charge-sheets shall be in such order as the convening officer directs.

(C) When the court have tried the accused upon all the charge-sheets they shall, in the case of the finding being "Not guilty" on all the charges, proceed as directed by Rule 52, and, in case of the finding on any one or more of the charges being "Guilty," proceed as directed by Rules 44 and 53 to 56, both inclusive, in like manner in each case as if all the charges in the different charge-sheets had been contained in one charge-sheet, and the sentence passed shall be of the same effect as if all the charges had been contained in one charge-sheet.

(D) If the convening officer directs that, in the event of the conviction of an accused person upon a charge in any charge-sheet, he need not be tried upon the subsequent charge-sheets, the court in such event may, without trying the accused upon any of the subsequent charge-sheets, proceed as before directed by (C).

(E) Where a charge-sheet contains more than one charge, the accused may, before pleading, claim to be tried separately in respect of any charge or charges in that charge-sheet, on the ground that he will be embarrassed in his defence if he is not so tried separately; and in such case the court, unless they think his claim unreasonable, shall arraign and try the accused in like manner as if the convening officer had inserted the said charge or charges in different charge-sheets.

(F) If the accused pleads "Guilty" to a charge in a charge-sheet, and the trial does not proceed [as mentioned in Rule 44 (A)] with respect to the other charges in that charge-sheet, the court shall, subject to the directions of the convening officer, proceed to try the accused on the charges in the next charge-sheet before they proceed as directed by Rule 44 (B) and (C).

69. (A) When a court-martial sits in closed court on any deliberation amongst the members or otherwise, no person shall be present except the members of the court, the judge-advocate, or superintending officer, any officers under instruction, and, if an interpreter has been appointed and the court consider his presence necessary, the interpreter; and the court may either retire, or may cause the place where they sit to be cleared of all other persons not entitled to be present. Sitting in closed court.

(B) Except as above mentioned, all the proceedings, including the view of any place, shall be in open court and in the presence of the accused.

70. (A) When a court is once assembled and the accused has been arraigned, the court shall continue the trial from day to day and sit for a reasonable period on every day unless it appears to the court that an adjournment is necessary for the ends of justice, or that such continuance is impracticable. Continuity of trial and adjournment of court.

(B) A court may adjourn from time to time, and from place to place, and may, when necessary, view any place.

(C) A court-martial, in the absence either of a judge-advocate or superintending officer (if such has been appointed for that court-martial), shall not proceed, and, if necessary, shall adjourn.

(D) The senior officer on the spot may also, for military exigencies, adjourn or prolong the adjournment of the court.

(E) If the time to which an adjournment is made is not specified, the adjournment shall be until further orders from the proper military authority; and, if the place to which an adjournment is made is not specified, the adjournment shall be to the same place or to such place as may be specified in further orders from the proper military authority.

Proceedings on death or illness of accused.

71. In case of the death of the accused, or of such illness of the accused as renders it impossible to continue the trial, the court shall ascertain the fact of the death or illness by evidence, and record the same, and adjourn, and transmit the proceedings to the convening authority.

Death, retirement or absence of president.

72. (A) In the case of the death, retirement on challenge or unavoidable absence of the president, the next senior officer shall take the place of the president and the trial shall proceed: if the court is still composed of not less than the smallest number of officers of which it is required by law to consist.

(B) A member of a court who has been absent while any part of the evidence on the trial of an accused person is taken, shall take no further part in the trial by that court of that person, but the court will not be affected unless it is reduced below the legal minimum.

(C) An officer shall not be added to a court-martial after the accused has been arraigned.

Taking of opinions of members of court.

73. (A) Every member of a court must give his opinion on every question which the court has to decide, and must give his opinion as to the sentence, notwithstanding that he has given his opinion in favour of acquittal.

(B) The opinions of the members of the court shall be taken in succession, beginning with the junior in rank.

Procedure on incidental question.

74. If any question should arise incidentally during the trial, the person, whether prosecutor or accused, requesting the opinion of the court, is to speak first: the other person is then to answer, and the first person is to be allowed to reply.

Swearing of court to try several accused persons.

75. (A) A court may be sworn or affirmed at the time to try any number of accused persons then present before it, whether those persons are to be tried together or separately, and each accused person shall have power to object to the members of the court, and shall be asked separately whether he objects to any member.

(B) In the case of several accused persons to be tried separately, the court, upon one of those persons objecting to a member, may, according as they think fit, proceed to determine that objection or postpone the case of that person and swear or affirm the members of the court for the trial of the others alone.

(C) In the case of several accused persons to be tried separately, the court, when sworn or affirmed, shall proceed with one case, postponing the other cases and taking them afterwards in succession.

Swearing of interpreter and shorthand writer.

76. (A) At any time during the trial an impartial person may, if the court think it necessary, and shall, if either the prosecutor or the accused request it on any reasonable ground, be sworn or affirmed to act as interpreter.

(B) An impartial person may at any time of the trial, if the court think it desirable, be sworn or affirmed to act as a shorthand writer.

(C) Before a person is sworn or affirmed as interpreter or shorthand writer, the accused shall be informed of the person who is proposed to be sworn or affirmed and may object to the person as not being impartial; and the court, if they think that the objection is reasonable, shall not swear or affirm that person as interpreter or shorthand writer.

Evidence, when to be translated.

77. When any evidence is given in a language which any of the officers composing the court, the judge-advocate the superintending officer, the prosecutor or the accused does not understand, that evidence shall be interpreted to such officer or person in a language which he does understand. If an interpreter in such language has been appointed by the convening officer, and duly sworn or affirmed, the evidence shall be interpreted by him. If no such interpreter has been appointed and sworn or affirmed, an impartial person shall be sworn or affirmed by the court as required by Rule 76. When documents are put in for the purpose of formal proof, it shall be in the discretion of the court to cause as much to be interpreted as appears necessary.

Record in proceedings of transactions of court martial.

78. (A) At a court-martial the judge-advocate, or, if there is none, the president or superintending officer, shall record, or cause to be recorded, in the English language, all transactions of that court, and shall be responsible for the accuracy of the record (in these rules referred to as the proceedings); and if the judge-advocate is called as a witness by the accused, the president (if the court is composed of British officers) shall be responsible for the accuracy of the record in the proceedings of the evidence of the judge-advocate.

(B) If the court is composed of native officers and the judge-advocate or superintending officer is called as a witness by the accused, the interpreter shall be responsible for the

accuracy of the record in the proceedings of the evidence of the judge-advocate or superintending officer. If no interpreter has previously been appointed, or if the interpreter is unable to record the proceedings in the English language, an interpreter shall be appointed for this purpose by the Court.

(C) The evidence shall be taken down in a narrative form in as nearly as possible the words used; but in any case where the prosecutor, the accused person, the judge-advocate, or the court considers it material, the question and answer shall be taken down *verbatim*.

(D) Any question which has been objected to, and the tender of any evidence which has been objected to, shall, if the prosecutor or accused so requests, or the court think fit, be entered with the grounds of the objection, and the decision of the court thereon.

(E) Where any address by, or on behalf of, the prosecutor or person under accusation, is not in writing, it shall not be necessary to record the same in the proceedings further or otherwise than the court think proper, except that—

(1) the court shall in every case make such record of the defence made by the accused as will enable the confirming officer to judge of the reply made by, or on behalf of, the accused to each charge against him; and

(2) the court shall also record any particular matters in the address by, or on behalf of, the prosecutor or accused person, which the prosecutor or accused person, as the case may be, requires.

(F) The court shall not enter in the proceedings any comment, or anything not before the court, or any report of any fact not forming part of the trial; but if any such comment or report seems to the court necessary, the court may forward it to the proper military authority in a separate document, signed by the president.

79. The proceedings shall be deemed to be in the custody of the judge-advocate (if Custody and inspection of proceedings. any), or, if there is none, of the president or superintending officer, but may with proper precautions for their safety be inspected by the members of the court, the prosecutor and accused, respectively, at all reasonable times before the court is closed to consider the finding.

80. The proceedings shall be at once sent by the person having the custody thereof Transmission of proceedings after finding. to such person as may be directed by the order convening the court, or, in default of any such direction, to the confirming officer.

Friend of Accused and Counsel.

81. (A) At any general or district court-martial, an accused person may have a person Accused may have a person to assist him on trial. to assist him during the trial, whether a legal adviser or any other person.

(B) A person so assisting him may advise him on all points, and suggest the questions to be put to witnesses; and, if an officer subject to military law, shall have the same rights and duties as counsel have under these rules, and the right of the accused shall be limited in like manner.

82. (A) Subject to these rules, counsel shall be allowed to appear on behalf of the prosecutor and accused at general and district courts-martial if the Commander-in-Chief in India or the convening officer declares that it is expedient to allow the appearance of Counsel allowed in certain general and district courts-martial. counsel thereat, and such declaration may be made as regards all general and district courts-martial held in any particular place, or as regards any particular general or district court-martial, and may be made subject to such reservation as to cases on active service, or otherwise, as seems expedient.

(B) Save as provided in Rule 81, the rules with respect to counsel shall apply only to the courts-martial at which counsel are, under this rule, allowed to appear.

83. (A) Where an accused person gives notice of his intention to have counsel to Requirements for appearance of counsel. assist him during the trial, either on the day on which he is informed of the charge or at any time not being less than seven days before the trial, or such shorter time before the trial as in the opinion of the court would have enabled the prosecutor to obtain, if he had thought fit, counsel to assist him during the trial, and would have enabled the authority appointing a judge-advocate to appoint counsel to act as judge-advocate at the trial, or where such notice as mentioned in (B) is given to the accused on the part of the prosecution, counsel may appear at the court-martial to assist the accused.

(B) If the convening officer so directs, counsel may appear on behalf of the prosecutor, but in that case, unless the notice in (A) has been given by the accused, notice of the direction for counsel to appear shall be given to the accused at such time (not in any case less than seven days) before the trial, as would, in the opinion of the court, have enabled the accused to obtain counsel to assist him at the trial.

(C) The counsel, who appears before a court-martial on behalf of the prosecutor or accused, shall have the same right as the prosecutor or accused for whom he appears, to call, and orally examine, cross-examine, and re-examine witnesses, to make an objection

or statement, to address the court, to put in any plea, and to inspect the proceedings, and shall have the right otherwise to act in the course of the trial in the place of the person on whose behalf he appears, and he shall comply with these rules as if he were that person; and in such case that person shall not have the right himself to do any of the above matters except as regards the statement allowed by Rule 88 or except so far as the court permit him so to do.

(D) When counsel appears on behalf of the prosecutor, the prosecutor, if called as a witness, may be examined and re-examined as any other witness, and Rule 46 (C) and (D) shall not apply.

Counsel for prosecution.

84. The counsel appearing on behalf of the prosecutor shall have the same duty as the prosecutor, and is subject to be stopped and restrained by the court in the manner provided by Rule 66 (B).

Counsel for accused.

85. The counsel appearing on behalf of the accused has the like rights and is under the like obligations as are specified in Rule 66 (C) in the case of the accused.

General rules as to counsel.

86. Counsel, whether for the prosecution or for the accused, shall conform strictly to these rules and to the rules of criminal courts in India relating to the examination, cross-examination, and re-examination of witnesses, and relating to the duties of counsel.

Qualifications of counsel.

87. (A) Neither the prosecutor nor the accused has any right to object to any counsel if properly qualified.

(B) Counsel shall be deemed properly qualified if he is a legal practitioner authorised to practise with right of audience in a Court of Sessions in British India, or if, in any part of His Majesty's dominions other than British India, he is recognised by the convening officer as having in that part rights and duties similar to those of such a legal practitioner in British India and as being subject to punishment or disability for a breach of professional rules.

Statement by accused defended by counsel or officer.

88. (A) An accused person assisted by counsel, or by an officer subject to military law, may, if he thinks fit, at the close of the case for the prosecution and before the address by such counsel or officer, make a statement giving his own account of the subject of the charges against him.

The statement may be made either orally or in writing, but the accused making the statement shall not be sworn, and no question can be put to him by the court or by any other person.

(B) If the accused make such a statement, the procedure shall, so far as possible, be the same as if the accused had called witnesses to the facts of the case.

Judge-Advocate.

Disqualification of judge-advocate.

89. An officer who is disqualified for sitting on a court-martial, and any other person who would have been so disqualified had he been an officer, shall be disqualified for acting as judge-advocate at that court-martial.

Substitute on death, illness or absence of judge-advocate.

90. If the judge-advocate dies, or from illness or from any cause whatever is unable to attend, the court shall adjourn, and the president shall report the circumstance to the convening authority; and a person not disqualified to be judge-advocate may be appointed by that authority, who shall be sworn, or affirmed, and act as judge-advocate for the residue of the trial, or until the judge-advocate returns.

Powers and duties of judge-advocate.

91. The powers and duties of a judge-advocate are as follows:—

(A) The prosecutor and the accused, respectively, are at all times, after the judge-advocate is named to act on the court, entitled to his opinion on any question of law relative to the charge or trial, whether he is in or out of court, subject, when he is in court, to the permission of the court.

(B) At a court-martial he represents the judge-advocate general.

(C) He is responsible for informing the court of any informality or irregularity in the proceedings. Whether consulted or not, he shall inform the convening officer and the court of any informality or defect in the charge, or in the constitution of the court, and shall give his advice on any matter before the court.

(D) Any information or advice given to the court on any matter before the court shall, if he or the court desire it, be entered in the proceedings.

(E) At the conclusion of the case he shall, unless both he and the court consider it unnecessary, sum up the evidence and give his opinion upon the legal bearing of the case before the court proceed to deliberate upon their finding.

(F) The court, in following the opinion of the judge-advocate on a legal point, may record that they have decided in consequence of that opinion.

(G) The judge-advocate has, equally with the officer conducting the proceedings, the duty of taking care that the accused does not suffer any disadvantage in consequence of his position as such, or of his ignorance or incapacity to examine or cross-examine witnesses or otherwise, and may, for that purpose, with the permission of the court, call witnesses and put questions to witnesses, which appear to him necessary or desirable to elicit the truth.

(H) In fulfilling his duties the judge-advocate must be careful to maintain an entirely impartial position.

SECTION 3.—SUMMARY COURTS-MARTIAL.

92. The officer holding the trial, hereinafter called the Court, shall record, or cause to be recorded, in the English language, the transactions of every summary court-martial. Proceedings.

93. When any evidence is given in a language which the Court or the accused does not understand, that evidence shall be interpreted to the Court or accused as the case may be in a language which it or he does understand. The Court shall, for this purpose, either appoint an interpreter, or shall itself take the oath or affirmation prescribed for an interpreter at a summary court-martial. When documents are put in for the purpose of formal proof, it shall be in the discretion of the Court to cause as much to be interpreted as appears necessary. Evidence, when to be translated.

94. When the Court, the interpreter (if any), and the officers attending the trial are assembled, the accused shall be brought before the Court, and the oaths or affirmations prescribed in Rule 95 taken by the persons therein mentioned. Assembly.

95. (A) The Court shall make oath or affirmation in one of the following forms or in such other form to the same purport as may be according to its religion or otherwise binding on its conscience. Swearing or affirming of court and interpreter.

Form of Oath.

" I do swear that I will duly administer justice, according to the Indian Army Act, without partiality, favour or affection, and if any doubt shall arise, then, according to my conscience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of war in the like cases. So help me God."

The words " So help me God " may, when necessary, be omitted or varied.

Form of Affirmation.

" I solemnly affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I will duly administer justice, "—etc.,— as in the form of oath but omitting the words " So help me God. "

(B) After which the Court or some person empowered by it, shall administer to the interpreter (if any) an oath or affirmation in one of the following forms, or in such other form to the same purport as the court ascertains to be according to his religion or otherwise binding on his conscience.

Form of Oath.

" You do swear that you will faithfully interpret and translate, as you shall be required to do touching the matter before this court-martial. So help you God. "

The first person may, when necessary, be substituted for the second in this form of oath, and the words " So help you God " omitted or varied.

Form of Affirmation.

" I solemnly affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I will faithfully interpret and translate, as I shall be required to do, touching the matter before this court-martial. "

(C) After the oaths and affirmations have been administered all witnesses will withdraw from the court.

96. (A) A summary court-martial may be sworn or affirmed at the time to try any number of accused persons then present before it whether those persons are to be tried together or separately. Swearing of court to try several accused persons.

(B) In the case of several accused persons to be tried separately, the court, when sworn or affirmed, shall proceed with one case postponing the other cases and taking them afterwards in succession.

97. (A) After the Court and interpreter (if any) are sworn or affirmed as above mentioned, the accused shall be arraigned on the charges against him. Arraignment of accused.

- (B) The charges on which the accused is arraigned shall be read and, if necessary, translated to him, and he shall be required to plead separately to each charge.
- Objection by accused to charge.** 98. The accused, when required to plead to any charge, may object to the charge on the ground that it does not disclose an offence under the Act, or is not in accordance with these rules.
- Amendment of charge.** 99. (A) At any time during the trial, if it appears to the court that there is any mistake in the name or description of the accused in the charge-sheet, it may amend the charge-sheet so as to correct that mistake.
- (B) If on the trial of any charge it appears to the court at any time before it has begun to examine the witnesses, that in the interests of justice any addition to, omission from, or alteration in, the charge is required, it may amend such charge and may, after due notice to the accused, and with the sanction of the officer empowered to convene a district court-martial for the trial of the accused if the amended charge requires such sanction, proceed with the trial on such amended charge.
- Special pleas.** 100. If a special plea to the general jurisdiction of the court, or a plea in bar of trial, is offered by the accused the procedure laid down for general and district courts-martial when disposing of such pleas shall, so far as may be applicable, be followed, but no finding by a summary court-martial on either of such pleas shall require confirmation.
- General plea of guilty or not guilty.** 101. (A) The accused person's plea—"Guilty" or "Not guilty" (or if he refuses to plead, or does not plead intelligibly either one or the other, a plea of "Not guilty")—shall be recorded on each charge.
- (B) If an accused person pleads "Guilty," that plea shall be recorded as the finding of the Court; but before it is recorded, the Court shall ascertain that the accused understands the nature of the charge to which he has pleaded guilty and shall inform him of the general effect of that plea, and in particular of the meaning of the charge to which he has pleaded guilty, and of the difference in procedure which will be made by the plea of guilty, and shall advise him to withdraw that plea if it appears from the summary of evidence (if any) or otherwise, that the accused ought to plead not guilty.
- Procedure after plea of "Guilty."** 102. (A) Upon the record of the plea of "Guilty," if there are other charges in the same charge-sheet to which the plea is "Not guilty," the trial shall first proceed with respect to those other charges, and, after the finding on those charges, shall proceed with the charges on which a plea of "Guilty" has been entered; but if they are alternative charges, the Court may either proceed with respect to all the charges as if the accused had not pleaded "Guilty" to any charge, or may, instead of trying him, record a finding of "Not guilty," on each alternative charge to which the accused has not pleaded "Guilty."
- (B) After the record of the plea of "Guilty" on a charge (if the trial does not proceed on any other charges) the Court shall read the summary of evidence, and annex it to the proceedings, or if there is no such summary, shall take and record sufficient evidence to enable it to determine the sentence, and the reviewing officer to know all the circumstances connected with the offence. This evidence shall be taken in like manner as is directed by these Rules in the case of a plea of "Not guilty."
- (C) After such evidence has been taken, or the summary of evidence has been read, as the case may be, the accused may address the court in reference to the charge and in mitigation of punishment and may call witnesses as to his character.
- (D) If from the statement of the accused, or from the summary of evidence, or otherwise, it appears to the Court that the accused did not understand the effect of his plea of "Guilty," the Court shall alter the record and enter a plea of "Not guilty," and proceed with the trial accordingly.
- (E) If a plea of "Guilty" is recorded, and the trial proceeds with respect to other charges in the same charge-sheet, the proceedings under (B) and (C) shall take place when the findings on the other charges in the same charge-sheet are recorded.
- (F) When the accused states anything in mitigation of punishment which in the opinion of the Court requires to be proved, and would, if proved, affect the amount of punishment, the Court may permit the accused to call witnesses to prove the same.
- Withdrawal of plea of "Not guilty."** 103. The accused may, if he thinks fit, at any time during the trial, withdraw his plea of "Not guilty," and plead "Guilty," and in such case the court shall at once, subject to a compliance with Rule 101 (B), record a plea and finding of "Guilty," and shall, so far as is necessary, proceed in manner directed by Rule 102.
- Procedure after plea of "Not guilty."** 104. After the plea of "Not guilty" to any charge is recorded, the evidence for the prosecution will be taken. At the close of the evidence for the prosecution the accused shall be asked if he has anything to say in his defence, and may address the Court in his defence, or may defer such address until he has called his witnesses.
- The accused may then call his witnesses, including also witnesses to character,

105. The Court may, if it thinks it necessary in the interests of justice, call witnesses in reply to the defence. Witnesses in reply to defence.

106. After all the evidence, both for prosecution and defence, has been heard, the Verdict. Court shall give its opinion as to whether the accused is guilty or not guilty of the charges.

107. (A) The finding on every charge shall be recorded, and except as mentioned in Finding. these rules, shall be recorded simply as a finding of "Guilty" or of "Not guilty" or of "Not guilty and honourably acquit him of the same".

(B) When the Court is of opinion as regards any charge that the facts found to be proved in evidence differ materially from the facts alleged in the statement of particulars in the charge, but are nevertheless sufficient to prove the offence stated in the charge, and that the difference is not so material as to have prejudiced the accused in his defence, it may, instead of a finding of "Not guilty," record a special finding.

(C) The special finding may find the accused guilty on a charge, subject to the statement of exceptions or variations specified therein.

(D) When the Court is of opinion that the facts proved do not disclose an offence under the Act the Court will acquit the prisoner on that charge.

108. If the finding on each of the charges in a charge-sheet is "Not guilty," the Court Procedure on shall date and sign the proceedings, the findings will be announced in open court, and the accused will be released in respect of those charges.

109. (A) If the finding on any charge is "Guilty," the Court may record of its own Procedure on finding knowledge, or take evidence of and record, the general character, age, service, rank, and of "Guilty", any recognised acts of gallantry or distinguished conduct of the accused, any previous convictions of the accused either by a court-martial, or a criminal court, any previous punishments awarded to him by an officer exercising authority under section 20 of the Act, the length of time he has been in arrest or in confinement on any previous sentence, and any military decoration, or military reward of which he may be in possession or to which he is entitled, and which the court can sentence him to forfeit.

(B) If the Court does not record the matters mentioned in this rule of its own knowledge, evidence on these matters may be taken in the manner directed in Rule 53 for similar evidence at general and district courts-martial.

110. The Court shall award one sentence in respect of all the offences of which the Sentence. accused is found guilty.

111. The Court shall date and sign the sentence and such signature shall authenticate Signing of the whole of the proceedings. proceedings.

112. When the charges at a trial by summary court-martial are contained in different Charges in different charge-sheets, the procedure laid down for general and district courts-martial when trying charge-sheets. charges contained in different charge-sheets, shall, so far as may be applicable, be followed.

113. (A) The officer holding the trial may clear the court to consider the evidence or Clearing the court. to consult with the officers attending the trial.

(B) Except as above mentioned, all the proceedings, including the view of any place, shall be in open court and in the presence of the accused.

114. A summary court-martial may adjourn from time to time, and from place to place, Adjournment. and may, when necessary, view any place.

115. In any summary court-martial an accused person may have a person to assist Friend of accused. him during the trial, whether a legal adviser or any other person. A person so assisting him may advise him on all points and suggest the questions to be put up to witnesses, but shall not examine or cross-examine witnesses or address the Court.

116. An explanatory memorandum is to be attached to the proceedings when a Memorandum to summary court-martial tries, without reference, an offence which should not ordinarily be be attached to so tried. proceedings.

117. The sentence of a summary court-martial shall (except as provided in Rule 118) Promulgation. be promulgated, in the manner usual in the service, at the earliest opportunity after it has been pronounced and shall be carried out without delay after promulgation.

118. When the officer holding the trial has less than five years' service, the sentence Promulgation to of a summary court-martial shall not (except on active service) be promulgated or carried be deferred in out until approved by superior authority as provided in section 101 of the Act. certain circumstances.

119. The proceedings of a summary court-martial shall, immediately on promulgation, Review of be forwarded (through the deputy judge-advocate-general of the army in which the trial is proceedings. held) to the officer authorised to deal with them in pursuance of section 102 of the Act. After review by him they will be returned to the accused person's corps for preservation in accordance with Rule 132.

SECTION 4.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Witnesses and Evidence.

Calling of all
prosecutor's
witnesses.

120. The prosecutor or, in the case of trials by summary court-martial, the Court is not bound to call all the witnesses whose evidence is in the summary of evidence or whom the accused has been informed they intend to call, but they should ordinarily call such of them as the accused desires, in order that he may cross-examine them, and shall, for this reason, so far as practicable, secure the attendance of all such witnesses.

Calling of
witness whose
evidence is not
contained in
summary.

121. If the prosecutor or (in the case of a summary court-martial) the Court intends to call a witness whose evidence is not contained in any summary given to the accused, notice of the intention shall be given to the accused a reasonable time before the witness is called; and if such witness is called without such notice having been given, the court shall, if the accused so desire it, either adjourn after taking the evidence of the witness, or allow the cross-examination of such witness to be postponed, and the court shall inform the accused of his right to demand such adjournment or postponement.

List of witnesses
of accused.

122. The accused shall not be required to give to the prosecutor or Court a list of the witnesses whom he intends to call, but it shall rest with the accused alone to secure the attendance of any witness whose evidence is not contained in the summary, and for whose attendance the accused has not requested steps to be taken as provided by Rule 23 (A).

Procuring
attendance of
witnesses.

123. (A) In the case of trials by general or district court-martial, the convening officer, or, after the assembly of the court, the president, shall take proper steps to procure the attendance of the witnesses whom the prosecutor or accused desires to call, and whose attendance can reasonably be procured, but the person requiring the attendance of a witness may be required to undertake to defray the cost (if any) of his attendance.

(B) The Court shall, in the case of trials by summary court-martial, take proper steps to procure the attendance of the witnesses whom the accused desires to call and whose attendance can reasonably be procured, but the accused may be required to undertake to defray the cost (if any) of their attendance.

Procedure when
essential witness
is absent.

124. If such proper steps as mentioned in the preceding rule have not been taken as to any witness, or if any witness whose attendance could not be reasonably procured before the assembly of the court is essential to the prosecution or defence, the court shall,—

- (a) take steps to procure the issue of a commission for the examination of such witness; or
- (b) if it is a general or district court-martial, adjourn and report the circumstances to the convening officer; or
- (c) if it is a summary court-martial, adjourn to enable the witness to attend, or adopt such other course as appears to the officer holding the trial best calculated to do justice.

Withdrawal of
witnesses from
court.

125. During the trial a witness, other than the prosecutor, shall not, except by special leave of the court, be permitted to be present in court while not under examination, and if, while he is under examination, a discussion arises as to the allowance of a question or the sufficiency of his answers, or otherwise as to his evidence, he may be directed to withdraw.

Oath or affirmation
to be administered
to witnesses.

126. An oath or affirmation shall be administered to every witness, before he gives his evidence by a member of the court, the judge-advocate, the superintending officer or some other person empowered by the court, in one of the following forms or in such other form to the same purport as the court ascertains to be according to the religion or otherwise binding on the conscience of the witnesses.

Form of Oath.

"You do swear that what you shall state shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. So help you God."

The first person may, when necessary, be substituted for the second in this form of oath, and the words "So help you God" omitted or varied.

Form of Affirmation.

"I solemnly affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that what I shall state shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

127. (A) Every question may be put to a witness orally by the officer holding the trial, the prosecutor, accused, or judge-advocate, and the witness will forthwith reply, unless an objection is made by the court, judge-advocate, prosecutor, or accused, in which case he shall not reply until the objection is disposed of. The witness shall address his reply to the court. Mode of questioning witness.

(B) The evidence of a witness as taken down shall be read to him after he has given all his evidence and before he leaves the court, and shall, if necessary, be corrected.

(C) If the witness denies the correctness of any part of the evidence when the same is read over to him, the court may instead of correcting the evidence, record the objection made to it by the witness.

(D) If the evidence is not given in English and the witness does not understand that language the evidence as recorded shall be interpreted to him in the language in which it was given, or in a language which he understands.

128. (A) At any time before the time for the second address of the accused (or at a summary court-martial at any time before the finding of the court), the officer holding the trial, the judge-advocate and any member of the court may, subject to the provisions of this rule, address any question to a witness. Questions to witnesses by court or judge-advocate.

(B) At a general or district court-martial such questions shall only be addressed to witnesses with the permission of the court and through the officer conducting the proceedings.

(C) Upon any such question being answered, the officer holding the trial or conducting the proceedings shall also put to the witness any question relative to that answer which he may be requested to put by the prosecutor or the accused, and which the court deems reasonable.

129. (A) At the request of the prosecutor or accused person a witness may, by leave of the court, be re-called at any time before the time for the second address of the accused (or at a summary court martial at any time before the finding of the court), for the purpose of having any question put to him through the officer holding the trial or conducting the proceedings. Re-calling of witnesses and calling of witnesses in reply.

(B) A witness may, in special cases, be allowed by the court to be called or re-called by the prosecutor, before the time for the second address of the accused, for the purpose of rebutting any material statement made by a witness for the defence upon his examination by the accused on any new matter which the prosecutor could not reasonably have foreseen.

(C) Where the accused has called witnesses to character, the prosecutor, before the time for the second address of the accused, may call or re-call witnesses for the purpose of proving a previous conviction or entries in the defaulters' book against the accused.

(D) The court may call or re-call any witness at any time before the finding, if it considers that it is necessary for the ends of justice.

Addresses.

130. All addresses by the prosecutor and the accused and the summing up of the judge-advocate may either be given orally or be in writing, and, if in writing, shall be read in open court. Addresses may be in writing.

Insanity.

131. (A) Where the court find either that the accused is unfit, by reason of insanity, to take his trial, or that he committed the offence with which he is charged, but was insane at the time of the commission thereof, the president or officer holding the trial shall date and sign the finding. Provisions as to finding of insanity, and custody of insane person.

(B) In the case of a general or district court-martial the proceedings, upon being also signed by the judge-advocate, if any, shall be at once transmitted for confirmation. If such finding is not confirmed, the accused may be tried by the same or another court-martial for the offence with which he was originally charged.

(C) Where such a finding of a general or district court-martial is confirmed, and in all cases of such a finding by a summary court-martial, then, until the directions of the Governor General in Council as to the disposal of the accused are known, or in the case of an accused person unfit to take his trial, until any earlier time at which the accused is fit to take his trial, the accused shall be confined in such manner as may, in the opinion of the proper military authority, be best calculated to keep him securely without unnecessary harshness, as he is not to be considered as a criminal but as a person labouring under a disease.

Preservation of Proceedings.

Preservation of
proceedings.

132. (A) The proceedings of a court-martial (other than summary court-martial) shall, after promulgation, be forwarded, as circumstances require, to the office of the Judge-Advocate-General in India, and there preserved for not less, in the case of a general court-martial, than seven years, and in the case of any other court-martial, than three years.

(B) The proceedings of a summary court-martial shall be preserved for not less than three years, with the records of the corps or department to which the accused belonged.

Right of person
tried to copies of
proceedings.

133. Every person tried by a court-martial shall be entitled on demand, at any time after the confirmation of the finding and sentence, when such confirmation is required, and before the proceedings are destroyed, to obtain from the officer or person having the custody of the proceedings, a copy thereof, including the proceedings upon revision, if any, upon payment for the same of seven annas for the first two hundred words, and half that rate for each subsequent two hundred words, or part thereof.

Loss of
proceedings.

134. (A) If the original proceedings of a court-martial, or any part thereof, are lost, a copy thereof, if any, certified by the president, the judge-advocate, the superintending officer or the officer holding the trial, may be accepted in lieu of the original.

(B) If there is no such copy, and sufficient evidence of the charge, finding, sentence, and transactions of the court can be procured, that evidence may, with the assent of the accused, be accepted in lieu of the original proceedings, or part thereof lost.

(C) In any case above in this rule mentioned, the finding and sentence, if requiring confirmation, may be confirmed, and shall be as valid as if the original proceedings, or part thereof, had not been lost.

(D) If, in a case where confirmation of a finding or finding and sentence, is required, the proceedings, or part thereof, were lost before confirmation, and there is no such copy or evidence, or the accused refuses such assent, as above mentioned the accused may be tried again, and on the issue of an order convening the court for the trial, the finding and sentence of the previous court, of which the proceedings were so lost, shall be null.

Irregular Procedure when no injustice is done.

Validity of irregu-
lar procedure in cer-
tain cases.

135. Whenever it appears that a court-martial had jurisdiction to try any person and that that person was charged with some offence or offences under the Act, and was shown by legal evidence to have been guilty of the offence or one of the offences charged, the finding in respect of the offence or offences of which he is so shown to be guilty, and the sentence may (if confirmation is necessary) be confirmed, and shall, if so confirmed, and in all cases where confirmation is not necessary, be valid, notwithstanding any deviation from these rules, or any defect or objection, technical or other, unless it appears that any injustice has been done to the offender; but nothing in this rule shall relieve an officer from any responsibility for any wilful or negligent disregard of any of these rules.

Offences of Witnesses and others.

Offences of wit-
nesses and others.

136. When any court-martial is of opinion that there is ground for inquiring into any offence specified in section 38 of the Act and committed before it or brought under its notice in the course of its proceedings, or into any act done before it or brought under its notice in the course of its proceedings which would, if done by a person subject to the Act, have constituted such an offence, such court-martial may proceed as follows, that is to say—

(A) If the person who appears to have committed the offence is subject to the Act, the court may bring his conduct to the notice of the proper military authority, and may also order him to be placed in military custody with a view to his punishment by an officer exercising authority under section 20 of the Act or to his trial by court-martial.

(B) If the person who appears to have done the act is subject to the Army Act, the court may bring his conduct to the notice of the proper military authority.

(C) If the person who appears to have done the act is subject neither to the Act nor to the Army Act, the court, after making any preliminary inquiry that may be necessary, may send the case to the nearest magistrate of the first class for inquiry or trial in accordance with section 476 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

SECTION 5.—SUMMARY GENERAL COURTS-MARTIAL.

The foregoing rules in this Chapter shall not, save as hereinafter mentioned, apply to summary general courts-martial, which shall be subject to the following rules:—

Convening the
court and record of
proceedings.

137. The court may be convened and the proceedings of the court recorded in accordance with the form in the third appendix to these rules, with such variations as the circumstances of each case may require.

138. The statement of an offence may be made briefly in any language sufficient to describe or disclose an offence under the Act. Charge.

139. The court may be sworn at the same time to try any number of accused persons then present before it, but, except so far as accused persons are tried together for an offence committed collectively, the trial of each accused person will be separate. Trial of several accused persons.

140. (A) The names of the president and members of the court shall be read over to the accused who shall thereupon be asked if he objects to be tried by any of these officers. Challenges.

(B) Any objection will be decided as provided for in section 80 of the Act—the vacancies being filled from among the waiting members (if any) or by fresh members being appointed by the convening officer.

141. (A) As soon as the court is constituted with the proper number of officers who are not objected to, or the objections to whom have been overruled, an oath or affirmation shall be administered to every member in such of the forms laid down in Rule 35 as shall be appropriate, or in such other form to the same purport as the court ascertain to be according to his religion or otherwise binding on his conscience. Swearing or affirming the court.

(B) If an interpreter or superintending officer has been appointed, the appropriate oath or affirmation, as laid down in Rule 36, shall be administered to him.

(C) All oaths and affirmations shall be administered by a member of the court or by some person empowered by the court to do so.

142. When the court are sworn or affirmed, the president shall state to the accused then to be tried, the offence with which he is charged, with, if necessary, an explanation giving him full information of the act or omission with which he is charged, and shall ask the accused whether he is guilty or not of the offence. Arraignment.

143. If a special plea to the general jurisdiction is offered by the accused, and is considered by the court to be proved, the court shall report the same to the convening officer. Plea to jurisdiction.

144. (A) The witnesses for the prosecution will be called and the accused shall be allowed to cross-examine them and to call any available witnesses for his defence. Evidence.

(B) An oath or affirmation as laid down in Rule 126 shall be administered to every witness, before he gives his evidence, by one of the persons specified in that rule.

145. The accused shall be asked what he has to say in his defence, and shall be allowed to make his defence. Defence.

146. The evidence for the prosecution and defence need not be recorded in writing, but the convening officer may, in respect of any trial, specially order that such evidence, together with the statement of the accused person in his defence, shall be so recorded. Evidence need not be recorded.

147. The court shall then be closed to consider its finding. If the finding on any charge is "guilty" the court may receive any evidence as to previous convictions and character which is available. The court shall then deliberate in closed court as to its sentence. Finding and sentence.

148. (A) If the proceedings do not require confirmation, the result shall be announced in open court and the sentence carried into effect as soon as possible. Proceedings after sentence or finding.

(B) If the proceedings require confirmation they shall be transmitted without delay to the confirming officer and the sentence (if any) carried out as soon as possible after his confirmation has been received.

149. (A) A summary general court-martial may adjourn from time to time and from place to place and may when necessary view any place. Adjournment.

(B) The proceedings shall be held in open court, in the presence of the accused, except on any deliberation among the members, when the court may be closed.

150. The foregoing rules—59 (Mitigation of sentence on partial confirmation), 61 (Confirmation notwithstanding informality in or excess of punishment), 80 (Transmission of proceedings after finding), 132 (Preservation of proceedings), 133 (Right of person tried to copies of proceedings), 134 (Loss of proceedings), and 135 (Validity of irregular procedure in certain cases)—shall, so far as practicable, apply as if a summary general court-martial were a district court-martial. Application of rules.

151. Any statement in an order convening a summary general court-martial as to the opinion of the convening officer shall be conclusive evidence of that opinion, but this rule shall not prejudice the proof at any time of any such opinion when not so stated. Evidence of opinion of convening officer.

SECTION 6.—EXECUTION OF SENTENCES.

152. A warrant for the committal of a person sentenced by a court-martial to a civil prison under the provisions of section 107 of the Act, shall be in one of the forms given Committal warrants.

in the fourth Appendix to these Rules. Such warrant shall be signed by the commanding officer of the prisoner or by a staff officer of the division, brigade or station.

Warrants under section 109 of the Act. 153. Any warrant issued under the provisions of section 109 of the Act shall be in one of the forms given in the fourth Appendix to these Rules, and shall be signed by the officer making the order in pursuance of which such warrant is issued, or by his staff officer.

Sentence of dismissal or suspension. 154. (A) A sentence of dismissal awarded by a court-martial shall take effect from the date on which a discharge certificate is furnished to the person under sentence. Such certificate shall be so furnished with all convenient speed :

Provided that when dismissal is combined with simple imprisonment, or with rigorous imprisonment which is carried out in military custody, or with corporal punishment, the certificate shall not be furnished until the completion of the imprisonment or the infliction of the corporal punishment unless such imprisonment or corporal punishment is remitted by competent authority.

(B) A sentence of suspension awarded by a court-martial shall, if no confirmation is necessary, take effect from the date on which it is signed by the president ; if confirmation is necessary, such sentence shall take effect from the date on which, having been duly confirmed, it is communicated to the offender.

"Regulation cat". 155. The "regulation cat," referred to in sections 24 and 111 of the Act, shall consist of nine whip-cord lashes secured to a wooden handle. Each lash shall be twenty-four inches in length and as nearly as possible one quarter of an inch in circumference, three knots being tied on each lash at about one and a half, three and a quarter and five inches from its end. The handle shall not exceed eighteen and a half inches in length and its diameter shall in no place exceed seven eighths of an inch.

CHAPTER V.

COURTS OF INQUIRY.

Losses or thefts of arms.

Court of inquiry when rifles, etc., are lost or stolen. 156. (A) Whenever any rifle, carbine or bolt forming part of the equipment of a half-squadron, battery, company or other similar unit is lost or stolen, a court of inquiry shall be assembled, under the orders of the officer commanding the army, division or independent brigade, to investigate the circumstances under which the loss or theft occurred.

(B) The officer who assembled the court shall direct it to record an opinion as to the circumstances of the loss or theft.

Collective fine may be imposed. 157. (A) The officer commanding the army, division or independent brigade shall then record his opinion on the circumstances of the loss or theft, and may impose a collective fine, not exceeding five hundred rupees for each rifle or carbine lost or stolen and twenty-five rupees for each bolt lost or stolen, on the native officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of such unit, or upon so many of them as he considers should be held responsible for the occurrence.

(B) Such fine will be assessed as a percentage on the pay of the individuals on whom it falls.

Regulations for courts of inquiry other than courts of inquiry held under section 126 of the Act.

Courts of inquiry. 158. (A) A court of inquiry is an assembly of officers directed to collect evidence, and, if so required, to report with regard to any matter which may be referred to them.

(B) A court of inquiry may be assembled by the officer in command of any body of troops, whether belonging to one or more corps.

(C) The court may be composed of any number of officers of any rank, and of any branch or department of the service, according to the nature of the investigation.

(D) The court shall be guided by the written instructions of the authority who assembled the court. The instructions shall be full and specific, and shall state the general character of the information required. They shall also state whether a report is required or not.

(E) Previous notice should be given of the time and place of the meeting of a court of inquiry, and of all adjournments of the court, to all persons concerned in the inquiry.

(F) Whenever any inquiry affects the character or military reputation of a person subject to military law, full opportunity must be afforded to such person of being present throughout the inquiry, and of making any statement, and of giving any evidence he may wish to make or give, and of cross-examining any witness whose evidence, in his opinion,

affects his character or military reputation, and producing any witnesses in defence of his character or military reputation.

(G) It is the duty of a court of inquiry to put such questions to a witness as they think desirable for testing the truth or accuracy of any evidence he has given, and otherwise for eliciting the truth.

(H) When a court of inquiry is held on recovered prisoners of war, and in any other case in which the officer who assembled the court has so directed, the evidence shall be taken on oath or affirmation, in which case the court shall administer the same oath or affirmation to witnesses as if the court were a court-martial.

The officer who assembled the court shall, when the court is held on a returned prisoner of war, direct the court to record their opinion whether the person concerned was taken prisoner through his own wilful neglect of duty, whether he served with or under, or aided, the enemy, and whether he returned, as soon as possible, to the service. The officer who assembled the court shall also record his own opinion on these points. In other cases the court shall give no opinion on the conduct of any person unless so directed by the officer who assembled the court.

(I) The members of the court shall not themselves be sworn or affirmed, but when the court is a court of inquiry on recovered prisoners of war the members shall make the following declaration:—

I, A.B., do declare upon my honour that I will duly and impartially inquire into and give my opinion as to the circumstances in which ——— became a prisoner of war, according to the true spirit and meaning of the Regulations of the Army; and I do further declare, upon my honour, that I will not on any account, or at any time, disclose or discover my own vote or opinion, or that of any particular member of the court, unless required to do so by competent authority.

(J) The court may be re-assembled as often as the officer who assembled the court may direct, for the purpose of examining additional witnesses, or further examining any witness, or recording further information.

(K) The whole of the proceedings of a court of inquiry shall be forwarded by the president to the officer who assembled the court.

(L) The proceedings of a court of inquiry, or any confession, statement, or answer to a question made or given at a court of inquiry, shall not be admissible in evidence against a person subject to military law, nor shall any evidence respecting the proceedings of the court be given against any such person except upon the trial of such person for wilfully giving false evidence before that court.

(M) Any person subject to the Act who is tried by court-martial in respect of any matter or thing which has been reported on by a court of inquiry, and, unless the Commander-in-Chief in India sees reason to order otherwise, any person so subject whose character or military reputation is, in the opinion of the said Commander-in-Chief, affected by anything in the evidence before, or in the report of a court of inquiry, shall be entitled to a copy of the proceedings of the court, including any report made by the court, on payment at the rate laid down in Rule 133 for copies of the proceedings of courts-martial.

Regulations for courts of inquiry under section 126 of the Act for the purpose of determining the illegal absence of persons subject to that Act.

159. (A) A court of inquiry under section 126 of the Act shall, when assembled, require the attendance of such witnesses as they think sufficient to prove the absence and other facts specified as matters of inquiry in that section.

Courts of inquiry as to illegal absence under s. 126 of the Act.

(B) They shall take down the evidence given them in writing, and at the end of the proceedings shall make a declaration of the conclusions at which they have arrived in respect of the facts they are assembled to inquire into.

(C) The commanding officer of the absent person shall enter in the court-martial book of the corps or department a record of the declaration of the court, and the original proceedings will be destroyed.

(D) The court of inquiry shall examine all witnesses who may be desirous of coming forward on behalf of the absentee, and shall put such questions to them as may be desirable for testing the truth or accuracy of any evidence they have given, and otherwise for eliciting the truth, and the court in making their declaration shall give due weight to the evidence of all such witnesses.

(E) A court of inquiry shall administer the same oath or affirmation to the witnesses as if the court were a court-martial, but the members of such court shall not themselves be sworn or affirmed.

CHAPTER VI.

PREScribed OFFICERS, AUTHORITIES AND OTHER MATTERS.

Prescribed officers under s. 6 of the Act. 160. All powers which may, under the Act and these rules, be exercised by the officer commanding a division shall, as regards persons subject to the said Act who may be serving under his orders, be exercised by each of the following officers, that is to say :—

- The officer commanding in North China.
- The officer commanding in South China.
- The officer commanding in Ceylon.
- The officer commanding in the Straits Settlements.
- The officer commanding in Egypt.

Provided that, if any warrant officer or attested person is dismissed or if his discharge is authorized by any of the aforesaid officers, his dismissal or discharge shall not take effect until it has been approved by the Governor-General in Council or by the Commander-in-Chief in India.

"Corps" prescribed under s. 7 (g) of the Act. 161. (A) Each of the following separate bodies of persons subject to the Act shall be a "corps" for the purposes of Chapter II and section 30 (c) of the said Act and of Chapters II and III of these Rules :—

- (i) Each bodyguard.
- (ii) Each regiment of Indian cavalry.
- (iii) The Queen's Own Corps of Guides.
- (iv) The "Horse and Field Artillery;" comprising the native personnel of the Royal Horse and Field Artillery.
- (v) The "Garrison Artillery (Mountain);" comprising the native personnel of the Royal Garrison Artillery (Mountain Division).
- (vi) The "Garrison Artillery (Heavy);" comprising the native personnel of the Royal Garrison Artillery (Heavy Batteries).
- (vii) The Indian Coast Artillery.
- (viii) The Corps of Followers—Royal Garrison Artillery (Coast and Inland).
- (ix) The "Indian Artillery;" comprising the Indian Mountain batteries and the Frontier Garrison Artillery.
- (x) Each corps of sappers and miners.
- (xi) Each military railway company.
- (xii) Each signal company.
- (xiii) Each regiment or, where the regiment consists of two or more battalions, each battalion of Indian infantry.
- (xiv) The Supply and Transport Corps.
- (xv) The Army Hospital Corps.
- (xvi) The Army Bearer Corps.
- (xvii) The Corps of Followers—British Cavalry.
- (xviii) The Corps of Followers—British Infantry.

(xix) Any other separate body of persons subject to the Act employed on any service and not attached to any of the above corps or to any department.

(B) Every British or Indian unit in which a court-martial book is maintained shall be a "corps" for the purposes of section 126 of the Act and Rule 159.

(C) For the purposes of every other provision of the said Act and rules each of the following separate bodies shall be a "corps":—

- (i) Each regiment of British cavalry, battalion of British infantry, and brigade, group or similar body of British artillery.
- (ii) Each bodyguard.
- (iii) Each regiment of Indian cavalry.
- (iv) The Queen's Own Corps of Guides.
- (v) Each group, or ungrouped battery, of Indian artillery.
- (vi) Each corps of sappers and miners.
- (vii) Each military railway company.
- (viii) Each signal company.
- (ix) Each regiment or, where the regiment consists of two or more battalions, each battalion of Indian infantry.
- (x) Each reserve centre.
- (xi) Each transport corps or cadre.
- (xii) Each company of the Army Hospital Corps.
- (xiii) Each company of the Army Bearer Corps.
- (xiv) Any separate body of persons subject to the Act which is a "corps" under the provisions of clause (A) (xix) of this rule.

162. The authorities empowered to reduce a non-commissioned officer to a lower grade or to the ranks shall, on active service, include the officer commanding the forces in field. Prescribed officer under s. 19 of the Act.

163. Any penal deduction from the pay and allowances of a person subject to the Act, made under Chapter VII thereof, may be remitted as hereinafter provided :— Prescribed authorities under s. 52 of the Act.

(A) Any penal deduction from the pay and allowances of any such person may be remitted by the Governor-General in Council.

(B) The commanding officer of any such person who has been absent without leave for a period not exceeding five days may, unless the person is convicted by a court-martial on a charge for such absence, remit the forfeiture of pay and allowances to which that absence renders him liable.

(C) A forfeiture of pay and allowances incurred by any such person owing to his absence as a prisoner of war may (unless it shall have been proved before a court of inquiry that he was taken prisoner through his own wilful neglect of duty, or that he served with or under, or aided, the enemy, or that he did not, as soon as possible, return to the service) be remitted by the Commander-in-Chief in India, by the officer commanding an army, division or independent brigade, or by the officer commanding the forces in the field.

164. The prescribed military authority for the purpose of section 69 and 70 of the Act shall be the officer commanding the army, division, brigade or station in which the accused person is serving. Prescribed authorities under s. 69 and 70 of the Act.

Provided that, in cases falling under section 41 or 42 of the Act, in which death has resulted, the prescribed military authority shall be the officer commanding the army, division or independent brigade in which the accused person is serving, and no lower authority.

Prescribed persons
under ss. 114 and
115 of the Act.

165. (A) The prescribed person for the purposes of section 114 of the Act shall be,—

As regards estates remaining in the hands of commanding officers in the area of the Northern Army. The Comptroller, India Treasuries.

As regards estates remaining in the hands of commanding officers in the area of the Southern Army. The Accountant-General, Bombay or Madras, as the case may be.

(B) The prescribed person for the purposes of section 115 of the Act shall be the person referred to in paragraph (A) of this rule, and, so long as the commanding officer has under the Act the control of the property of the deceased person or lunatic or of the proceeds of the sale of such property, shall also include such commanding officer.

FORMS OF ENROLMENT.

Form No. I.

COMBATANTS.

ENROLMENT OF

No. _____ Name _____ as a Combatant in the _____ Corps.

Questions to be put before Enrolment.

1. What is your name? ... 1.
2. What is your father's name? ... 2.

You are warned that if after enrolment it is found that you have given a wilfully false answer to any of the following six questions you will be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act.

- | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|----------|--------------|-------|
| 3. What is your religion, class and tribe ? | ... | ... | 3. | 3. Village | ..... |
| 4. What is your Village, Thana, ^{Pergunnah} Tehsil and District ? | ... | ... | 4. | 4. Thana | ..... |
| | | | | 4. Pergunnah | ..... |
| | | | | 4. Tehsil | ..... |
| | | | | 4. District | ..... |
| 5. Have you ever been imprisoned by the Civil Power ? | ... | ... | 5. | 5. .... | ..... |
| 6. Do you now belong to His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? | ... | ... | 6. | 6. .... | ..... |
| 7. Have you ever served in His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? If so, state in which and the cause of discharge (b) | ... | ... | 7. | 7. .... | ..... |
| 8. Have you truly stated the whole, if any, of your former service ? | ... | ... | 8. | 8. .... | ..... |
| 9. Are you willing to be enrolled in the (c) ? | ... | ... | 9. | 9. .... | ..... |
| 10. Are you willing to go wherever ordered by land or sea, and allow no caste usages to interfere with your military duty ? | ... | ... | 10. | 10. .... | ..... |
| 11. Are you willing to be permanently transferred, at any time when necessity arises, to any corps of the group to which the corps in which you are then serving belongs ? (d) | ... | ... | 11. | 11. .... | ..... |
| 12. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated ? | ... | ... | 12. | 12. .... | ..... |
| 13. Are you willing to serve until discharged in accordance with the following conditions provided His Majesty shall so long require your services ? (e) | ... | ... | 13. | 13. .... | ..... |

(i) When you have served $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{five}}$ years* from the date of

attestation you will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing, or the squadron, battery or company to which you belong is ten per cent. below strength. Provided that in the event of your deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

(ii) You will be entitled to your discharge at any time unless war is imminent or existing: provided that, if you are discharged at your own request before having served two years in the reserve, you will, before being so discharged, be required to refund the amount expended on your passage when you were enrolled in the reserve.

I _____ do solemnly declare that the above answers made
by me to the above questions are true and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements made.

Signature of Recruit.

Signature of Witness

CERTIFICATE OF ENROLLING OFFICER.

The conditions of the service for which he is now enrolled were read and explained to the above-named person by me (in my presence).

After having cautioned him that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions, Nos. 3 to 8, he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act, I put these questions to him and his answer to each question has been duly

When a Recruit is enrolled for service in a special class (e.g., bandamen, schoolmaster, etc., see note*) or when, as in the Queen's Own Corps of Guides or the Indian Artillery, two or more classes of combatants exist in the same corps, the class for which enrolled will be entered here. In all other cases this space will be left blank.

a Bandmen, trumpeters, drummers, buglers, artificers, armourers, muchis and engine-drivers will be enrolled for ten years. Schoolmasters, clerks, farmers and tailor will be enrolled for five years. All others will be enrolled for three years.
+ To be completed when the enrolled person is attested. 1. A. A., section 12 and rules 8 and 9.
‡ For use when a person enrolled for an active establishment is transferred, with his own consent, to the reserve.
§ For use when a person serving in the reserve is transferred, with his own consent, to the colours.
¶ For use when a person is transferred to a class having different conditions as to discharge from that in which he was enrolled, or when, on being trained in special duties he undertakes to serve for a longer period than that for which he was enrolled.

Signed in my presence at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19____
Signature of Commanding Officer _____

I agree to serve _____ years from this date before being entitled to my discharge.
Signature _____

VARIAION OF CONDITIONS AS TO DISCHARGE.

Signed in my presence at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19____
Signature of Commanding Officer _____

On being transferred to the colours, I consent to the conditions as to discharge accepted by me on my enrolment in the reserve being cancelled and the following substituted for them :
When I have served three years from this date I will be entitled to receive my discharge : within two months from the date of applying for it unless war is imminent or existing or the squadron, battery or company to which I belong is ten per cent. below strength. Provided that in the event of my deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

TRANSFER TO THE COLOURS (FROM RESERVE);

Signed in my presence at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19____
Signature of Commanding Officer _____

On being transferred to the Reserve I consent to the conditions as to discharge accepted by me on my enrolment being cancelled and the following substituted for them :
I will be entitled to my discharge at any time unless war is imminent or existing : provided that, if I am discharged at my own request before having served two years in the reserve, I will, before being so discharged, refund the cost of the passage to my home granted to me when I was transferred to the reserve.

TRANSFER TO THE RESERVE.

Certified that the above-named person took the prescribed oath affirmation before me at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19____
Signature of Attesting Officer _____

Form No. II.

NON-COMBATANTS.

(Ordnance Department.)

ENROLMENT OF

No. _____ **Name** _____ as a Non-Combatant (**(a)** _____) in
the Indian Ordnance Department.

Questions to be put before Enrolment.

1. What is your name ? 1.
2. What is your father's name ? 2.

You are warned that if after enrolment it is found that you have given a wilfully false answer to any of the following six questions you will be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act.

3. What is your religion, class, and tribe ? 3.
4. What is your village, Thana, Pergunnah, and District ? 4. { (Village)
Thana
(Pergunnah)
Tehsil
(District)
5. Have you ever been imprisoned by the Civil Power ? 5.
6. Do you now belong to His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? 6.
7. Have you ever served in His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? If so, state in which and the cause of discharge, (b) 7.
8. Have you truly stated the whole, & any, of your former service ? 8.
9. Are you willing to be enrolled in the Indian Ordnance Department ? 9.
10. Are you willing to go wherever ordered by land or sea, and to allow no caste usages to interfere with the duties for which you are enrolled ? 10.
11. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated ? 11.
12. Are you willing to serve until discharged in accordance with the following conditions, provided that His Majesty shall so long require your services ? (c) 12.

(i) When you have served three years from this date you will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing, or the establishment to which you belong is ten per cent below strength. Provided that in the event of your deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

(ii) You will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing.

I, _____ do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements made.

Signature of Person Enrolled _____

Signature of Witness _____

CERTIFICATE OF ENROLLING OFFICER.

The conditions of the service for which he is now enrolled were read and explained to the above-named person by me (in my presence).

After having cautioned him that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions, Nos. 3 to 8, he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act, I put these questions to him and his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to.

I am satisfied that he understands the questions put to him and consents to the conditions of service.

Signed at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 _____

Signature of Enrolling Officer _____

ATTESTING.

(Lascars employed in arsenals and depôts only—See I. A. A., section 12 and rules 8 and 9.)

(a) Here enter class in which enrolled, e.g., arsenal lascar, factory lascar or artificer.
(b) If so the person should be asked to produce his discharge certificate.
(c) Condition (ii) will be erased in the case of lascars enrolled for service in arsenals and depôts; condition (i) will be erased in all other cases.

ATTESTATION.†

Certified that the above-named person took the prescribed $\frac{\text{oath}}{\text{affirmation}}$ before me at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19

Signature of Attesting Officer

TRANSFER TO THE RESERVE.‡

On being transferred to the Reserve, I consent to the conditions as to discharge accepted by me on my enrolment being cancelled and the following substituted for them.

When I have served $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{five}} \frac{\text{six}}{\text{six}}$ years‡ in the Reserve from this date I will be entitled to my discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing. Provided that in the event of my deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

Signature

Signed in my presence at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 .

Signature of Commanding Officer

TRANSFER TO THE ACTIVE LIST (FROM RESERVE).§

On being transferred to the Active List I consent to the conditions as to discharge accepted by me on my $\frac{\text{transfer to}}{\text{enrolment in}}$ the Reserve* being cancelled and the following substituted for them.

When I have served $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{six}} \frac{\text{twelve}}{\text{twelve}}$ years from this date I will be entitled to receive my discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing or the unit to which I belong is ten per cent. below strength. Provided that in the event of my deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

Signature

Signed in my presence at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 .

Signature of Commanding Officer

VARIATION OF CONDITIONS AS TO DISCHARGE.¶

I agree to serve _____ years from this date before being entitled to my discharge.

Signature

Signed in my presence at _____ the _____ day of _____ 19 .

Signature of Commanding Officer

* The periods of enrolment in the Supply and Transport Corps are as follows:—

ACTIVE LIST.

Men for service in Burma and Transport Veterinary Dafadars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 years.
Artificers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 years.
All others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 years.

RESERVE.

Transport Veterinary Dafadars	...	...	...	m	...	...	...	...	5 years.
Artificers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 years.
All others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 years.

† To be completed if the enrolled person is attested. For classes to be attested—see Rule 8.

‡ For use when a person enrolled for an active establishment is transferred, with his own consent, to the Reserve. The period for which he undertakes to serve will be that which is mentioned in note* for reservists of his own class.

§ For use when a person serving in the reserve is transferred, with his own consent, to the Active List.

¶ For use when a person is transferred to a class having different conditions as to discharge from that in which he was enrolled, or when, on being trained in special duties, he undertakes to serve for a longer period than that for which he was enrolled.

Form No. III.

NON-COMBATANTS.

(Supply and Transport Corps.)

ENROLMENT OF

No. _____ *Name* _____ as a Non-Combatant (*(a)* _____) in the Supply
and Transport Corps.

Questions to be put before Enrolment.

- [illegible]

You are warned that if after enrolment it is found that you have given a wilfully false answer to any of the following six questions you will be liable to be punished as provided, in the Indian Army Act,

- | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----------------------|-------|
| 3. What is your religion, class, and tribe ? | ... | ... | 3. Village | ..... |
| 4. What is your Village, Thana, ^{Pergunnah} Tehsil and District ? | ... | ... | 4. { Thana..... | ..... |
| | | | 4. { Pergunnah..... | ..... |
| | | | 4. { Tehsil..... | ..... |
| | | | 4. { District..... | ..... |
| 5. Have you ever been imprisoned by the Civil Power ? | ... | ... | 5. .... | ..... |
| 6. Do you now belong to His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? | ... | ... | 6. .... | ..... |
| 7. Have you ever served in His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? If so, state in which and the cause of discharge (b) | ... | ... | 7. .... | ..... |
| 8. Have you truly stated the whole, if any, of your former service ? | ... | ... | 8. .... | ..... |
| 9. Are you willing to be enrolled in the Supply and Transport Corps ? | ... | ... | 9. ³..... | ..... |
| 10. Are you willing to go wherever ordered by land or sea and to allow no caste usages to interfere with the duties for which you are enrolled ? | ... | ... | 10..... | ..... |
| 11. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated ? | ... | ... | 11..... | ..... |
| 12. Are you willing to serve until discharged in accordance with the following conditions, provided that His Majesty shall so long require your services ? (c) (d) | ... | ... | 12..... | ..... |

(d) When you have served $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{six}}$ years* from this date

you will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing, or the unit to which you belong is ten per cent below strength. Provided that in the event of your deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

(ii) When you have served three years from this date you will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing, or the establishment of Transport Veterinary Dafadars in the Division or Independent Brigade in which you are serving is ten per cent below strength. Provided that in the event of your deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

(iii) When you have served $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{five}}$ years,* in the Reserve

from this date you will be entitled to receive your discharge, within two months of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing. Provided that in the event of your deserting service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

I, _____ do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements made.

Signature of Person Enrolled.

Signature of Witnesses.

CERTIFICATE OF ENROLLING OFFICER.

Form No. IV.

NON-COMBATANTS.

Army Bearer Corps and Army Hospital Corps.

ENROLMENT OF

No. _____ Name _____ as a Non-Combatant ((a) _____) in
the Army Bearer
Army Hospital Corps.

Questions to be put before Enrolment.

1. What is your name ? 1.
2. What is your father's name ? 2.

You are warned that if after enrolment it is found that you have given a wilfully false answer to any of the following six questions you will be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act.

3. What is your religion, class, and tribe ? 3.
4. What is your Village Thana Pergunnah and District ? 4. { (Village)
Thana
(Pergunnah)
Tehsil
(District)
5. Have you ever been imprisoned by the Civil Power ? 5.
6. Do you now belong to His Majesty's Forces the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? 6.
7. Have you ever served in His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State ? If so, state in which and the cause of discharge (b) 7.
8. Have you truly stated the whole, if any, of your former service ? 8.
9. Are you willing to be enrolled in the Army Bearer Army Hospital Corps ? 9.
10. Are you willing to go wherever ordered by land or sea and to allow no caste usages to interfere with the duties for which you are enrolled ? 10.
11. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated ? 11.
12. Are you willing to serve until discharged in accordance with the following conditions, provided that His Majesty shall so long require your services ? (c) 12.

(i) When you have served three years from this date you will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing, exceptional sickness prevailing, or the company to which you belong is ten per cent below strength. Provided that in the event of your deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

(ii) When you have served three years in the Reserve from this date you will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing. Provided that in the event of your deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

I _____ do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements made.

Signature of Person Enrolled _____

Signature of Witnesses _____

CERTIFICATE OF ENROLLING OFFICER.

The conditions of the service for which he is now enrolled were read and explained to the above-named person by me (in my presence).

After having cautioned him that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions, ^{Para. 3 to 8} he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act, I put these questions to him and his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to.

I am satisfied that he fully understands the questions put to him and consents to the conditions of service.

(a) Enter class in which enrolled, e.g., bearer, ward servant, etc.
(b) If so, the person should be asked to produce his discharge certificate.
(c) Condition (ii) will be erased in the case of persons enrolled in the Army Bearer Corps (Active List) and in the Army Hospital Corps, condition (i) will be erased in the case of persons enrolled in the Army Bearer Corps (Reserve).

Certified that the above-named person took the prescribed ^{oath}_{affirmation} before me at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 .

Signature of Attesting Officer _____

TRANSFER TO THE RESERVE (ARMY BEARER CORPS).

On being transferred to the Reserve, I consent to the conditions as to discharge accepted by me on my enrolment being cancelled and the following substituted for them.

When I have served three years in the Reserve from this date I will be entitled to dy discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing. Provided that in the event of my eserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

Signature _____

Signed in my presence at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 .

Signature of Commanding Officer _____

TRANSFER TO ACTIVE LIST FROM RESERVE (ARMY BEARER CORPS).

On being transferred to the Active List I consent to the conditions as to discharge accepted by me on my ^{transfer to}_{enrolment in} the Reserve being cancelled and the following substituted for them.

When I have served three years from this date I will be entitled to receive my discharge within two months from the date of applying for it, unless war is imminent or existing, exceptional sickness prevalling, or the company to which I belong is ten per cent below strength. Provided that in the event of my deserting, service between date of desertion and date of apprehension or surrender shall not reckon as service towards discharge.

Signature _____

Signed in my presence at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 .

Signature of Commanding Officer _____

Form No. V.

NON-COMBATANTS.

(Regimental and Miscellaneous.)

ENROLMENT OF

No. _____ Name _____ as a Non-Combatant (a) _____
in the _____ Corps.
Department.

Questions to be put before Enrolment.

1. What is your name? 1.
2. What is your father's name? 2.

You are warned that if after enrolment it is found that you have given a wilfully false answer to any of the following six questions you will be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act.

3. What is your religion, class and tribe? 3.
4. What is your Village, Thana Pergunnah and District? 4.
5. Have you ever been imprisoned by the Civil Power? 5.
6. Do you now belong to His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State? 6.
7. Have you ever served in His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State? If so, state in which and the cause of discharge (b). 7.
8. Have you truly stated the whole, if any, of your former service? 8.
9. Are you willing to be enrolled in the (c)? 9.
10. Are you willing to go wherever ordered by land or sea, and to allow no caste usages to interfere with the duties for which you are enrolled? 10.
11. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated? 11.
12. Are you willing to be transferred on mobilisation to serve with the Supply and Transport Corps as a driver for the period of such mobilisation and subsequent operations, if any (d)? 12.

ry regiments, and those of Government mules attached to silladar regiments.
olments.

14. Are you willing to serve until discharged in accordance with the following conditions, provided that His Majesty shall so long require your services? ...

You will be entitled to receive your discharge within two months from the date of applying for it at any time unless war is imminent or existing:

Provided that, if you have served for less than three years you must, before being discharged, refund the amount expended on your passage when you were enrolled (f).

I do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements made.

Signature of Person Enrolled

Signature of Witness

CERTIFICATE OF ENROLLING OFFICER.

The condition of the service for which he is now enrolled were read and explained to the above-named person by me (in my presence).

After having cautioned him that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions, Nos. 3 to 8, he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army A. I. I put these questions to him and his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to.

I am satisfied that he fully understands the questions put to him and consents to the conditions of service.

Signed at this day of 19

Signature of Enrolling Officer

- (a) Enter class in which enrolled, e.g., traffic reservist, syce, bhisti, etc.
- (b) If so the person should be asked to produce his discharge certificate.
- (c) Enter corps or department in which enrolled
- (d) Only for the following classes:—syces of British units, Indian mountain batteries, non-silladar ca
- (e) Only for reservists of military railway companies, traffic and locomotive section.
- (f) This proviso is only applicable to regimental followers and will be erased in the case of all other

Note.—When followers are enrolled for service with British units (except mountain batteries) the Enrolling Officer will inform them that they will not ordinarily be moved away from their stations, but may be so moved should necessity arise.

ATTESTATION.

(For classes to be attested—see Rule 8).

Certified that the above-named person took the prescribed oath before me at this day of 19

Signature of Attesting Officer

SECOND APPENDIX.

FORMS OF CHARGES.

PART I.*Commencement of Charge Sheet.*

The accused [*number, rank, name, corps*] or

The accused [*name*] being a person subject to Indian Military Law [as an officer, as a warrant officer, as a non-commissioned officer] under the provisions of section 2 (1) (c) [and section 3 (1)] of the Indian Army Act.

is charged with—

MUTINY AND INSUBORDINATION.

SECTION 27.

- (a) { Beginning
Exciting
Causing
Joining in } a mutiny.
- (b) Being present at a mutiny and not using his utmost endeavours to suppress the same.
- (c) { Knowing
Having reason to believe in } the existence of { a mutiny,
an intention to mutiny,
a conspiracy against the State, } and failing to give information thereof without delay to his commanding or other superior officer.
- (d) { Using
Attempting to use } criminal force to { his superior
officer } { knowing
having reason to believe } him to be such.
- (e) Committing an assault on
- (f) Disobeying the lawful command of his superior officer.

SECTION 28.

- (a) Being grossly { insubordinate
insolent } to his superior officer in the execution of his office.
- (b) Refusing to { superin-
tend
assist in } the making { field work
[other mili-
tary work] } ordered to { in quarters.
be made } in the field.
- (c) (1) Impeding { a provost-marshal.
an assistant provost-marshal.
an officer
a non-commissioned officer } legally exercising authority { under
on behalf of } a provostmarshal.
- (2) Refusing when called on to assist in the execution of his duty { a provost-marshal.
an assistant provost-marshal.
an officer
a non-commissioned officer } legally exercising authority { under
on behalf of } a provostmarshal.
- (3) a person

DESERTION, FRAUDULENT ENROLMENT AND ABSENCE WITHOUT LEAVE.

SECTION 29.

- (1) Deserting the service.
- (2) Attempting to desert the service.

SECTION 30.

- (a) (1) Knowingly harbouring a deserter.
- (2) { Knowing
Having reason to believe } that { a person has deserted,
a deserter has been harboured
by another person, } and { failing to give information thereof without delay to his own or some other superior officer.
failing to use his utmost endeavours to cause such deserter to be apprehended. }
- (b) { Knowing
Having reason to believe } a person to be a { procuring
deserter and } attempting to procure { the enrolment of such person. }
- (c) Without having first obtained a regular discharge from his { corps
department } enrolling himself in { the same
another } { corps.
department. }
- (d) (1) Absenting himself without leave.
- (2) Without sufficient cause overstaying leave granted to him.
- (e) Having received information from { corps
proper authority that the } portion of a { to which he belongs has been ordered on active service and failing without sufficient cause to rejoin from leave without delay. }
- (f) Without sufficient cause failing to appear at the time fixed at { parade
the place } appointed for { exercise.
duty. }
- (g) Quitting { parade
the line of march } without sufficient cause.
without leave from his superior officer.
- (h) In time of peace quitting his { guard,
picquet,
patrol, } without being regularly relieved.
without leave.
- (i) Being found, without proper authority two miles or upwards from camp.
- (j) Absenting himself without proper authority from his { cantonments
lines } after tatoo.
camp after retreat beating.

DISGRACEFUL CONDUCT.

SECTION 31.

- (a) Dishonestly { misappropriating
converting to his own use } { money,
provisions,
forage,
arms,
clothing,
ammunition,
tools,
instruments,
equipments,
military stores, } the property of Government entrusted to him.

- (b) Dishonestly { receiving
estly { retaining } { money,
provisions,
forage,
arms,
clothing,
ammuni-
tion,
tools,
instruments,
equipments,
military
stores, } the property of Government { knowing
having
reason to
believe } { the same
to have
been dis-
honestly } { misappro-
priated
converted
to his own
use } by a person to whom { it was
they
were } entrusted.
- (c) Wilfully { destroying
injuring } Government property entrusted to him.
- (d) Committing theft in respect of the property of { Government.
a military { mess,
band,
institution.
a person { subject to the military law.
serving with
attached to } the army.
- (e) Dishonestly { receiving
retaining } { knowing
having
reason to
believe } { it to be
stolen,
the pro-
perty of } Government.
a military { mess,
band,
institution.
a person { subject to military law.
serving
with
attached to } the army.
- (f) Such an offence as is mentioned in clause (f) of section thirty-one of the Indian Army Act. { with intent to } { defraud.
cause wrongful gain to a person.
cause wrongful loss to a person.
- (g) (1) Malingering.
(2) { Feigning } disease, } in himself
Producing } infirmity, }
(3) Intentionally { delaying his cure.
aggravating his } { disease.
infirmity.
- (h) Voluntarily causing hurt to { himself
a person } with intent to render { himself
that person } unfit for service.
- (i) (1) Committing an offence of { a cruel
an indecent } kind.
an unnatural }
(2) Attempting to commit an offence of { a cruel
an indecent } kind and doing an act toward its commission.
an unnatural }

INTOXICATION.

SECTION 32.

Intoxication.

OFFENCES IN RELATION TO PERSONS IN CUSTODY.

SECTION 33.

- { Releasing without proper authority
Negligently suffering to escape } { a State prisoner
an enemy
a person taken in arms against the State } placed under his charge.

SECTION 34.

- (a) When in command of a { guard,
picquet,
patrol, } refusing to receive a { prisoner
person } duly committed to his charge.
- (b) { Releasing without proper authority
Negligently suffering to escape } { a prisoner
a person } placed under his charge.
- (c) When in military custody leaving such custody before being set at liberty by proper authority.

OFFENCES IN RELATION TO PROPERTY.

SECTION 35.

- (a) (1) Committing extortion.
(2) Exacting, without proper authority { carriage
portage
provisions } from a person.
- (b) In time of peace, { committing house-breaking for the purpose of plundering.
plundering { a field.
destroying { a garden.
damaging { other property. }
- (c) { Designedly
Through neglect } { killing
injuring
making away with
ill-treating
losing } { his horse.
an animal used in the public service.

- (d) { Making away with
Being concerned in making
away with } his { arms.
ammunition.
equipments.
instruments.
tools.
clothing.
regimental necessaries.
- (e) Losing by neglect his { arms.
ammunition.
equipments.
instruments.
tools.
clothing.
regimental necessaries.
- (f) wilfully injuring { property belonging to { Government.
a military { mess,
a person { band,
{ institution.
{ subject to military law.
{ serving with { the army.
{ attached to }
- (g) { Selling
Pawning
Destroying
Defacing } a medal
a decoration } granted to him.

OFFENCES IN RELATION TO FALSE DOCUMENTS AND STATEMENTS.

SECTION 36.

- (a) Making a false accusation against a person subject to military law knowing such accusation to be false.
- (b) In making a complaint under section 117 of the Indian Army Act { knowingly making a false statement affecting the character of person subject to military law.
knowingly and wilfully suppressing a material fact.
- (c) { Obtaining
Attempting to obtain } for himself for a person { a pension
an allowance
an advantage
a privilege } by a false statement which he { knew
believed } to be false.
{ making } a false entry in a { book.
record.
by making a document containing a false statement.
by omitting to make a { true entry.
document containing a true statement.
- (d) { Knowingly furnishing a false
Omitting
Refusing } through { design culpable
neglect } to { make } a { return } of { the number
the state
money
arms
ammunition
clothing
equipments
stores
[other property] } of the men { command.
under his { charge.
the men { com-
mand.
under his { charge.
the Government.
a person in { the
army.

SECTION 37.

Making a wilfully false answer to a question set forth in the prescribed form of enrolment which was put to him by the enrolling officer before whom he appeared for the purpose of being enrolled.

OFFENCES IN RELATION TO COURTS-MARTIAL.

SECTION 38.

- (a) When duly summoned to attend as a witness before a court-martial { Intentionally omitting to attend.
refusing to { be sworn.
make affirmation.
answer a question.
produce { a book
deliver { a docu-
up { ment
[other thing] } which he has { been duly
warned and { produce.
called upon { deliver up.
to }
- (b) (1) Intentionally { offering an insult
causing { an interruption
a disturbance } to a court-martial whilst sitting.
- (2) { Using a { menacing
disrespectful { word
sign
gesture } in the presence of a court-martial whilst sitting.
Being { in subordinate
violent }
- (c) Having been duly { sworn
affirmed } before { a court-martial
a military court competent
to administer an oath or
affirmation } making a { knew
false state-
ment which { believed
did not believe to be true.

MISCELLANEOUS MILITARY OFFENCES.

SECTION 39.

- (a) Behaving in a manner unbecoming the position and character of { an officer.
a warrant officer.
- (b) { Striking { a person subject to the Indian Army Act being his { rank.
ill-treating subordinate in position.
- (c) When in command { at a post, { receiving a complaint { beaten maltreated { a person, } and failing to have due
on the march, that a person under his command has oppressed distressed { a fair, reparation made to
disturbed { a fair, the injured person or
committed { a market, to report the case to
a riot, the proper authority.
a trespass,
- (d) By defiling a place of { intentionally { insulting the } of a person.
worship, wounding the religious feel-
[Otherwise] ings
- (e) Attempting to commit suicide and doing an act towards the commission of the same.
- (f) Being below the rank of { sword } without proper { in { camp.
warrant officer and car- bludgeon authority about cantonments.
rying when off duty a { other offensive } going to a town.
weapon } returning from a bazar.
a town.
a bazar.
- (g) { Accepting } for himself { a gratification { motive { for procuring { the enrolment of a person.
Obtaining [for any other person] as a reward for absence
Agreeing to accept an advantage
Attempting to obtain an indulgence } for a person in the service.
- (h) Neglecting to obey { general } orders.
garrison
[other]
- (i) { An act } prejudicial to good order and military discipline.
An omission

ABETMENT.

SECTION 40.

Abetment within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code of an offence punishable under the Indian Army Act.

CIVIL OFFENCES.

SECTION 41.

- { In a place beyond } { Committing a civil offence, that is to say, (state the offence as described
When on active service in } British India { in the Indian Penal Code or other law in force in British India.)

SECTION 42.

- (1) { Committing } { an offence punishable under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, that
Attempting to commit is to say, (state the offence as described in the Code).
Abetting the commission of
- (2) { Committing } { murder } against a person subject to military law.
Attempting to commit culpable homicide
Abetting the commission of
- (3) { Voluntarily causing } { hurt } against a person subject to military law.
Attempting to voluntarily cause grievous hurt
Abetting the voluntarily causing of

Charges for other offences referred to in section 42 will be similarly framed, the offence being stated as described in the Indian Penal Code (sections 324, 326 to 335, or 506) and the words "against a person subject to military law" added.

ILLUSTRATION OF CHARGE.

NOTE.—The following is an illustration of a complete charge sheet, with statement of offence and particulars, as it would be placed before a district court-martial:—

Charge-sheet.

The accused No. 240, Sepoy Ali Baksh, —th Punjabi, is charged with—

First charge Section 27 (e)

Disobeying the lawful command of his superior officer.

in that he at Allahabad, on the 28th January 1911, disobeyed the lawful command of his superior officer, Jemadar Futteh Khan of the same regiment to turn out for Commanding Officer's parade, by not turning out.

Second charge, Section 28 (a).

Being grossly insubordinate to his superior officer in the execution of his office,

in that he at Allahabad, on the 28th January 1911, when confined by Jemadar Futteh Khan of the same regiment on the first charge, said to him "I am a better man than you and will not go to the guard-room by your order" or words to that effect.

A. B.,

Commanding—th Punjabis.

Allahabad,

31st January 1911.

* To be tried by a district court-martial

X. Y.,

Commanding Allahabad Brigade (or Staff Officer, who should sign for Officer Commanding Allahabad Brigade.)

Allahabad,

1st February 1911.

* When sanction is accorded for the trial of grave offences by summary court-martial (I. A. A. section 74, proviso) a similar entry should be made on the charge-sheet.

THIRD APPENDIX.

FORMS AS TO COURTS-MARTIAL.

FORMS FOR ASSEMBLY OF COURTS-MARTIAL.

No. 1.—General and District.

Form of order for the Assembly of a General [or District] Court-Martial under the Indian Army Act.

Orders by

Commanding the

(Place Date).

The detail of officers as mentioned below will assemble at _____ on the _____ day of _____ for the purpose of trying _____ by a _____ court-martial the accused person (persons) named in the margin [and such other person or persons as may be brought before them].

[Seven officers are not, due regard being had to the public service, available.]

The senior officer to sit as President.

MEMBERS.

WAITING MEMBERS.

JUDGE-ADVOCATE [or Superintending Officer].

is appointed Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer.]

[INTERPRETER.

is appointed interpreter].

The accused will be warned, and all witnesses duly required to attend.

The proceedings (of which only one copy is required) will be forwarded to

Signed this

day of

A. B.

Note—

These members and the waiting members may be mentioned by name, or the number and ranks and the mode of appointment may alone be named.

No. 2.—Summary General.

[See combined form for assembly and proceedings, below.]

No. 3.—Declaration for Suspension of Rules.

Form of Declaration of Military Exigencies or the Necessities of Discipline under Rule 25.

* [or the necessities of discipline] In my opinion [* military exigencies, namely (state them)] render it [† impossible] to observe the provisions of rules‡ on the trial of by
 † [or inexpedient] of
 ‡ State the rule or rules which cannot be observed.
 (See Rule 25.) Signed at this day of court-martial assembled pursuant to the order of the

A. B.

[Instruction.—This declaration must be signed by the officer whose opinion is given, and will be annexed to the proceedings. It should not be included in the Convening Order but should be a separate document.]

FORMS OF PROCEEDINGS OF COURTS-MARTIAL.

Form of Proceedings of a General (or District) Court-Martial (including some of the incidents which may occur to vary the ordinary course of procedure, with instructions for the guidance of the Court).

PROCEEDINGS OF A COURT-MARTIAL, held at _____ on the _____ day of _____
 19 _____, by order of _____
 , dated the _____ day of _____ 19 _____.

PRESIDENT.

Rank.	Name.	Regiment.
_____	_____	_____

MEMBERS.

Rank.	Name.	Regiment.
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

_____, Judge-Advocate, [or Superintending Officer],

[_____, Interpreter,]

Trial of* _____

Here insert No., Rank, Name and Regiment, and appointment* (if any). at _____ o'clock the trial commences.

(1) The order convening the Court is read [orally translated], and [a copy thereof] is marked _____ signed by the president [judge-advocate or superintending officer], and attached to the proceedings.

The charge-sheet and the summary of evidence are laid before the Court.

[Instruction.—All documents relating to the Court, or the matters before it, which are intended to form part of the proceedings (such as an order respecting military exigencies, or a letter answering any question referred to the convening officer) at whatever period of the trial they are received should be read in open Court, marked so as to identify them, signed by the president (judge-advocate or superintending officer, and attached to the proceedings.)

The Court satisfy themselves as provided by Rules 31 and 32.

† Here state Rank and Name and Regiment (if any). (2)† appears as prosecutor, and takes his place.

The above-named, the accused, is brought before the Court.

VARIATION.

appears as counsel for the prosecutor.

appears to assist [or as counsel for] the accused.

The names of the president and members of the Court are read over in the hearing of the accused, and they severally answer to their names.

Do you object to be tried by me as president, or by any of the officers whose name you have heard read over?

Question by the President to the accused. Answer by accused.

No.

[Instruction.—The questions are to be numbered throughout consecutively in a single series. The letters Q. and A. in the margin may stand for Question and Answer respectively.]

VARIATIONS.

CHALLENGING OFFICERS.

Answer.—I object to

Question to accused.—Do you object to any other person?

(This question must be repeated until all the objections are ascertained.)

Answer.—

Question to accused.—What is your objection to (the junior officer objected to)?

Answer by accused.—

The accused in support of his objection to
to call etc., etc.,
questioned by the accused.

, requests permission
is called into Court, and is

The Court is closed to consider the objection.

Decision.—The Court disallow the objection.

The Court is re-opened, and the above decision is made known to the accused.

or,

Decision.—The Court allow the objection.

The Court is re-opened, and the above decision is made known to the accused.

retires.

Fresh Member.—*

takes his place as a member of the Court.

*Insert Rank, Name and Regiment.

He appears to the Court to be eligible and not disqualified to serve on this court-martial.

Question to accused.—Do you object to be tried by (the fresh member)?

Answer.—

(If he objects, the objection will be dealt with in the same manner as the former objection.)

Question to the accused.—What is your objection to (the junior of the officers objected to)?

(This objection will be dealt with in the same manner as the former objection.)

The Court adjourn for the purpose of fresh members being appointed.

or,

The Court is of the opinion that, in the interests of justice and for the good of the service, it is inexpedient to adjourn for the purpose of fresh members being appointed, because [here state the reasons].

At o'clock on the Court resumed their proceedings, and an order appointing fresh officers is read, marked and attached to the proceedings.

The Court satisfy themselves with respect to such fresh officers as provided by Rule 31.

[Instruction.—*The procedure as to challenging fresh officers, and the procedure, if any objection is allowed, will be the same as above.*]

The president and members of the Court, as constituted after the above proceedings are as follows :—

PRESIDENT.

Rank	Name.	Regiment.
_____	_____	_____

MEMBERS.

Rank.	Name.	Regiment.
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

The president, members, and judge-advocate [superintending officer] are duly sworn [or affirmed] (also any officer under instruction).

[Instruction.—(1) *The witnesses if in Court, other than the prosecutor, should be ordered out of the Court at this stage of the proceedings.*

(2) *Also any interpreter and short-hand writer should be now sworn.*]

Question to the accused.

Do you object to _____ as interpreter ?

[Instruction.—*In case of objection the same procedure will be followed as in the case of an objection to a member of the Court.*]

Do you object to _____ as short-hand writer ?

[Instruction.—*In case of objection the same procedure will be followed as in the case of an objection to a member of the Court.*]

CHARGE-SHEET.

Charge-sheet.

(3) The charge-sheet is signed by the president, [judge-advocate or superintending officer] marked _____ and annexed to the proceedings.

The accused is arraigned upon each charge in the above-mentioned charge-sheet.

Question to the accused.

Are you guilty or not guilty of the [first] charge against you, which you have heard read ?

A.

[Instruction.—*When there is more than one charge the foregoing question will be asked after each charge is read, the number of the charge being stated.*]

[Instruction.]—*If the accused pleads guilty to any charge, the provisions of Rule 42 (B) must be complied with and the fact that they have been complied with must be recorded*]

VARIATIONS.

The accused objects to the charge.

Question to the accused.

What is your objection ?

Decision.

The Court is closed to consider their decision.

The Court disallow the objection [or, the Court allow the objection, and agree to report to the convening officer.]

The Court is re-opened, and the above decision is read to the accused.

The Court proceed to the trial [or adjourn].

Plea to jurisdiction.

The accused pleads to the general jurisdiction of the Court.

Question to the accused.

What are the grounds of your plea ?

Do you wish to produce any evidence in support of your plea?

Q.

A.

Witness is examined on oath [or affirmation].

[Instruction.—*The examination, etc., of the witnesses called by the accused and Witnesses. of any witnesses called by the prosecutor in reply, will proceed as directed below in paragraphs (5) and (6). The prosecutor will be entitled to reply after all the evidence is given.*]

The Court is closed to consider their decision.

The Court allow [or overrule] the plea [or, resolve to refer the point to the Decision. convening authority, or decide specially that],

The Court is re-opened, and the above decision is read to the accused.

The Court proceed to the trial [or adjourn].

VARIATION.

Accused, besides the plea of guilty [or, not guilty], offers a plea in bar of trial.

Plea in bar of trial.

What are the grounds of your plea?

Question to the accused.

A.

Q.

Do you wish to produce any evidence in support of your plea?

A.

Witness examined on oath [or affirmation].

[Instruction.—*The examination, etc., of the witnesses called by the accused, Witnesses. and of any witnesses called by the prosecutor in reply, will proceed as directed below in paragraphs (5) and (6). The prosecutor will be entitled to reply after all the evidence is given.*]

The Court is closed to consider their decision.

The Court allow the plea and resolve to adjourn [or to proceed to the trial on Decision. another charge] [or the Court overrule the plea].

The Court is re-opened, and the above decision is read to the accused.

The Court adjourn [or proceed with the trial on another charge] [or proceed with the trial].

As the accused does not plead intelligibly [or refuses to plead to the above charge, or Refusal to plead. does not plead guilty to the above charge] the Court enter a plea of "Not guilty."

PROCEEDINGS ON PLEA OF GUILTY.

(4) The accused [number, rank, name] is found guilty of the charge [all the charges]

is found guilty of the charge, and is found not guilty of the charge.

[Instruction.—*If the trial proceeds upon any charge to which there is a plea of not guilty, the Court will not proceed upon the record of the plea of guilty until after the finding on those other charges; and in that case the Court will be re-opened and the charge on which the record is guilty must be read to the accused again.*]

The accused may in accordance with rule 44(B) make any statement he wishes in reference to the charge.

The summary of evidence is read, [orally translated] marked, signed by the president [judge-advocate or superintending officer], and attached to the proceedings.

[Instruction.—*If there is no summary of evidence, sufficient evidence to enable the Court to determine the sentence and to enable the confirming officer to know all the circumstances connected with the case will be taken as in paragraph (5). No address will be allowed.*]

VARIATION.

The Court being satisfied from the statement of the accused [or the summary of evidence, or otherwise], that the accused did not understand the effect of the plea of "guilty" alters the record and enters a plea of "not guilty."

[Instruction.—*The Court will then proceed in respect of this charge as in paragraph (5).*]

Question to the
accused.

A.

Do you wish to make any statement in mitigation of punishment?

No or

The accused in mitigation of punishment says [*or if the statement is in writing, hand in a written statement, which is read [orally translated], marked signed by the president, [judge-advocate or superintending officer] and attached to the proceedings.*

[Instruction.—*If the statement of accused is not in writing, and is delivered by himself, the material portions should be taken down in the first person, and as nearly as possible in his own words.*

If the statement is not in writing and not delivered by the accused himself the material portions should be recorded.

In either case any matter which is requested by or on behalf of the accused to be recorded should be recorded, and care must be taken, whether a request is made or not, to record every point brought forward in mitigation of punishment.]

VARIATION.

The Court give permission to the accused to call witnesses to prove his above statement that [*here specify the statement which is to be proved.*]

[Instruction.—(1) *The examination, &c., of witnesses called in pursuance of this permission will proceed in the same manner as under paragraph (6).*

(2) *The procedure as to sentence, recommendation to mercy, and confirmation will be as in paragraphs (11) and (13).]*

Evidence as to
character.

Question to the
accused.

A.

Do you wish to call any witnesses as to character?

Yes. [No.]

[Instruction.—(1) *The examination, &c., of witnesses as to character will proceed as in paragraph (6).*

(2) *Evidence as to character and particulars of service will be taken as in paragraph (11).]*

PROCEEDINGS ON PLEA OF NOT GUILTY.

(5) [*If the prosecutor makes an address.*] The prosecutor makes the following address, [*or, if the address is written, hands in a written address, which is read, (orally translated) marked* , signed by the president, (judge-advocate or superintending officer) and attached to the proceedings].

[Instruction.—*Where the address of the prosecutor is not in writing, the Court should record so much as appears to them material, and so much as the prosecutor requires to be recorded.*]

The prosecutor proceeds to call witnesses.

* being duly sworn [affirmed] is examined by the prosecutor.

First witness for
prosecution.

**Here insert his
number, rank, name,
and regiment, and
appointment (if any)
or other description.*

Cross-examined by the Accused.

Re-examined by the Prosecutor.

Examined by the Court.

His evidence is read to the witness.

[Instruction.—*The fact that Rule 127 (B), (C), (D) have been complied with should be recorded.*]

The witness withdraws.

VARIATIONS.

The accused declines to cross-examine this witness.

[Instruction.—*In every case where the accused does not cross-examine a witness for the prosecution this statement is to be made, in order that it may appear on the face of the proceedings that he has had the opportunity given him of cross-examination.*]

The Court, at the request of the accused, allow the cross-examination of the witness to be postponed.

The accused [or the prosecutor] objects to the following question :—

The Court is closed to consider their decision.

The Court overrule [or allow] the objection, and the Court is re-opened and the decision announced.

The witness, on his evidence being read to him, makes the following explanation or alteration :—

Examined by the prosecutor as to the above explanation or alteration.

Examined by the accused as to the above explanation or alteration.

The prosecutor and accused decline to examine him respecting the above explanation or alteration.

being duly sworn, (affirmed) is examined by the prosecutor.

Second witness for prosecution.

[The examination, etc., of this and every other witness proceeds as in the case of the first witness.]

At o'clock the Court adjourn until o'clock on the

Adjournment.

On the of 19, at o'clock, the Court re-assemble, pursuant to adjournment, present the same members as on the of

Second day.

VARIATION.

[Instructions.—(1) *If a member is absent, and his absence will reduce the Court below the legal minimum and it appears to the members present that the absent member cannot attend within a reasonable time, the president or senior member present will thereupon report the case to the convening officer.*

(2) *If the judge-advocate or superintending officer is absent, and cannot attend within a reasonable time, the Court will adjourn, and the president will thereupon report the case to the convening authority. (See Rule 90.)*

[Rank—Name—Regiment] being absent.

Absent member.

[The absence is accounted for.]

A medical certificate [or letter, or as the case may be], is produced, read, marked, and attached to the proceedings:

The Court adjourn until

or,

There being present [not less than the legal minimum] members, the trial is proceeded with.

An order bearing date appointing , to act as Judge-Advocate in the place of , who , is read, marked , signed by the president [judge-advocate] and attached to the proceedings, and the new Judge-Advocate duly sworn affirmed.

New Judge-Advocate.

The trial is proceeded with.

[Instructions.—(1) *If the Court, in consequence of the adjournment having been prolonged by the senior officer on the spot, or otherwise, do not meet on the day to which they previously adjourned, or if the adjournment was until further orders, the words*

"pursuant to adjournment" will be omitted from the above form, and the cause of their meeting at the above time will be entered in the proceedings.

(2) If the place of meeting has been altered by orders or otherwise, the place of meeting and the reason for meeting at that place will be entered in the proceedings.]

Examination (cross-examination) of _____ continued.

The prosecution is closed.

DEFENCE.

Question to the accused.

Do you intend to call any witness in your defence?

A.

Yes. [No].

Q.

Is he a witness as to character only?

A.

VARIATION.

[If the accused is defended by counsel or by an officer having the rights of counsel.]

Do you wish to make any statement in addition to the address made by your counsel [or _____] ?

(6) [Instructions (1).—If the accused calls no witnesses to the facts of the case, adopt this and omit (7).]

(2) [If the accused is defended by counsel or an officer having the rights of counsel and does not wish to make a statement in addition to the address of such counsel or officer, adopt this and omit (7).]

The prosecutor addresses the Court upon the evidence for the prosecution as follows [or, if the address is written, hands in a written address, which is read (orally translated) marked _____, signed by the president (judge-advocate or superintending officer) and attached to the proceedings.]

[Instruction.—Where the address of the prosecutor is not in writing the Court should record so much as appears to them material and so much as the prosecutor requires to be recorded.]

Question to the accused.

Have you any thing to say in your defence?

VARIATION.

The Court at the request of the accused, adjourn until _____ to enable him to prepare his defence.

The accused in his defence says _____ [or hands in a written address, which is read (orally translated) marked _____, signed by the president (judge-advocate or superintending officer) and attached to the proceedings].

[Instruction.—If the address of the accused is not in writing and is delivered by himself, the material portions should be taken down in the first person, and as nearly as possible in his own words.

If the address is not in writing and not delivered by the accused himself, the material portions should be recorded.

In either case any matter which is requested by or on behalf of the accused to be recorded should be recorded, and care must be taken; whether a request is made or not, to record every point brought forward in the defence or in mitigation of punishment.]

The accused calls the following witnesses as to character * _____ is duly sworn (affirmed).

First witness as to character.

* Here insert his number, rank, name and regiment and appointment (if any), or other description.

Examined by the Accused.

Cross-examined by the Prosecutor.

Re-examined by the Accused.

Examined by the Court.

His evidence is read to the witness.

[Instruction.—*The fact that Rule 127 (B), (C), (D) have been complied with should be recorded.*]

The witness withdraws.

VARIATION.

The prosecutor declines to cross-examine this witness.

The witness, on his evidence being read to him, makes the following explanation or alteration.

Examined by the accused as to the above explanation, or alteration.

Examined by the prosecutor as to the above explanation or alteration.

The accused and prosecutor decline to examine him respecting the above explanation or alteration.

(7) [Instruction.—*If the accused calls witnesses to the facts of the case or if an accused person, being defended by counsel, or by an officer having the rights of counsel, wishes to make a statement in addition to the address by such counsel or officer, then omit paragraph (6), and adopt (7).*]

Have you anything to say in your defence ?

VARIATION.

Question of accused.

The Court, at the request of the accused, adjourn until to enable him to prepare his defence.

The accused in his defence says [or if his address is in writing, hands in a written address, which is read [orally translated] marked , signed by the president [judge-advocate or superintending officer] and attached to the proceedings.

[Instructions.—(1) *If the defence of the accused is not in writing and is delivered by himself, the material portions should be taken down in the first person, and as nearly as possible in his own words.*

(2) *If the address is not in writing and is not delivered by the accused himself, the material portions should be recorded.*

(3) *In either case, any matter which is requested by or on behalf of the accused to be recorded should be recorded, and care must be taken, whether a request is made or not, to record every point brought forward in the defence or in mitigation of punishment.*]

*

is duly sworn [affirmed].

Examined by the Accused.

* Here insert his number, rank, name and regiment, and appointment (if any) or other description.

Cross-examined by the Prosecutor.

Re-examined by the Accused.

Examined by the Court.

His evidence is read to the witness.

[Instruction.—*The fact that Rule 127 (B), (C), (D) have been complied with should be recorded.*]

The witness withdraws.

VARIATIONS.

The prosecutor declines to cross-examine this witness.

The witness, on his evidence being read to him, makes the following explanation or alteration.

Examined by the accused as to the above explanation or alteration.

Examined by the prosecutor as to the above explanation or alteration.

The accused and prosecutor decline to examine him respecting such explanation or alteration.

[*Where the accused is defended by counsel or an officer having the rights of counsel.*]
The accused makes the following statement in addition to the address by his counsel
[or].

The prosecutor [by leave of the Court] calls witnesses in reply.

The accused makes the following address [*or, if the address is in writing, hands in a written address, which is read (orally translated) marked , signed by the president, (judge-advocate or superintending officer) and attached to the proceedings.*]

The prosecutor makes the following reply [*or, if the reply is in writing, hands in a written reply, which is read (orally translated) marked , signed by the president (judge-advocate or superintending officer) and attached to the proceedings*];

or,

The prosecutor declines to make a reply.

[Instruction.—*Where the reply of the prosecutor is not in writing, the Court should record so much as appears to them material, and so much as the prosecutor requires to be recorded.*]

If the address of the accused is not in writing and is delivered by himself, the material portions should be taken down in the first person, and as nearly as possible in his own words.

If the address is not in writing and not delivered by the accused himself, the material portions should be recorded.

In either case, any matter which is requested by or on behalf of the accused to be recorded should be recorded, and care must be taken whether a request is made or not to record every point brought forward in the defence or in mitigation of punishment.]

VARIATION.

The Court, at the request of the accused, adjourn until to enable the accused to prepare his address.

The Court, at the request of the prosecutor, adjourn until to enable the prosecutor to prepare his reply.

SUMMING UP.

(8). The Judge-Advocate hands in a written summing up, which is read [orally translated] marked [signed by the president], and attached to the proceedings.

VARIATIONS.

The Judge-Advocate and the Court think a summing up unnecessary.

or,

The Court, at the request of the Judge-Advocate, adjourn until to enable him to prepare his summing up.

FINDING.

(9). The Court is closed for the consideration of the finding.

Finding. Not guilty.

The Court find that the accused (*No.—Rank—Name—Regiment*) is not guilty of the charge [and honourably acquit him of the same], but is guilty of the

or,

is guilty of the charge [all the charges] ;

Guilty.

or,

is guilty of the words [or with

charge, and guilty of the charge with the exception of the exception that]

or,

is not guilty of desertion, but is guilty of absence without leave from the to the , being a period of days ;

[Instruction.—Any special finding allowed by section 86 of the Indian Army Act may be expressed in this form.]

or,

find that the accused did [*Here set out such particulars in any charge as the Court find to be proved*], but the Court doubt whether such facts constitute in law the offence stated in the charge, or in the charge, or in the charge, and therefore they find him guilty of the offence in such one of those charges as the facts in law constitute ;

Special findings.

or,

adjourn for the purpose of consulting the convening [or as the case may be, confirming officer ;

On re-assembly on the day of , and reading the opinion of , which is marked and annexed to the proceedings, find that the accused, etc.

PROCEEDINGS ON ACQUITTAL OF ALL THE CHARGES.

(10). The Court find that the accused (*No.—Rank—Name—Regiment*) is not guilty of the charge [or all the charges] ;

Acquittal.

or,

is not guilty of the charge [or all the charges] and honourably acquit him of the same. Signed at , this day of ,

(Signature)

(Signature)

Judge-Advocate.

President.

[or Superintending officer.]

VARIATION.

insanity.

The Court find that the accused [No.—Rank—Name—Regiment] is, by reason of insanity, unfit to take his trial;

or,

is guilty of the charge or charges but was insane at the time of the commission of the offences specified in those charges.

Signed at this day of

(Signature)

(Signature)

Judge-Advocate.

President.

[or Superintending officer.]

Confirmed,

At this day of

(Signature of Confirming Authority.)

PROCEEDINGS ON CONVICTION.

*Before sentence.**Evidence of character, etc.*

(11). The Court being reopened the accused is again brought before it. _____ is duly sworn [or affirmed].

Question.—What record have you to produce in proof of former convictions against the accused and of his character?

Answer by witness.—I produce a statement certified under the hand of the officer having custody of the regimental [or other official] records.

The statement is read, [orally translated], marked _____, signed by the president [Judge-Advocate, or superintending officer], and attached to the proceedings.

Q.—Is the accused the person named in the statement you have heard read?

A. _____

Q.—Have you compared the contents of the above statement with the regimental [or other official] record?

A. _____

Q.—Are they true extracts from the regimental [or other official] records and is the statement of entries in the defaulter sheet a fair and true summary of those entries?

A. _____

Cross-examined by the Accused.

Re-examined.

or,

The accused declines to cross-examine this witness.

[Instruction.—Any further question will be put and any evidence produced which the Court require as to any point respecting the character and service of the accused on which the Court desire to have information for the purpose of their sentence.

At the request of the accused, or by the direction of the Court, the regimental or other official books or a certified copy of the material entries therein, must be produced for the purpose of comparison with the statement.

The accused is entitled to call the attention of the Court to any entries in the regimental or other official books, or in the certified copy above-mentioned, and to show that they are inconsistent with the statement.

When all the evidence on the above matters has been given the accused may address the Court thereon.]

Question to accused.

Do you wish to address the Court?

Answer.

The Court is closed for the consideration of the sentence.

SENTENCE.

The Court sentence the accused (*No.—Rank—Name—Regiment*).

- (a) to suffer death by being hanged by the neck until he be dead [*or to suffer death by being shot to death*]. *Sentence. Death.*
- (b) to suffer transportation for the term of _____ years [*or for life*]. *Transportation —years.*
- (c) to suffer rigorous [*simple*] imprisonment for _____ years [*months or days*] of which _____ shall be in solitary confinement. *Rigorous (simple) imprisonment (and solitary confinement).*
- (d) to be dismissed from the service. *Dismissal.*
- (e) to be suspended from rank pay and allowances for a period of _____. *Suspension.*
- (f) to be reduced to a lower grade [*or class*] of warrant officer that is to say Reduction. to _____ *Reduction.*
- or*
- to be reduced to the rank of _____ [*or to the ranks*].
- (g) to take rank and precedence as if his appointment to the rank [*grade or class*] of _____ bore date *Forfeiture seniority.*
- (h) to forfeit _____ past service for the purpose of _____; *Forfeiture.*
or
 to forfeit _____ good conduct [*service*] badges with the pay attached thereto; *or*
 to forfeit the (*state medal, clasp and decoration, or any of them, which is to be forfeited*) with any annuity or gratuity attached thereto; *or*
 to forfeit all arrears of pay and allowances and other public money due to him at the time of his dismissal; *or*
 to be put under stoppages of pay and allowance until he has made good the value of the following articles, *vis.* _____ [*or until he shall have made good the sum of _____ in respect of _____ (state the circumstances in respect of which the same is awarded)*]. *Stoppages.*
- (i) to suffer a corporal punishment of _____ lashes. *Corporal punishment —lashes.*

RECOMMENDATION TO MERCY.

The Court recommend the accused to mercy on the ground that

SIGNATURE.

Signed at _____, this _____ day of _____ 19 ____.

(Signature)

Judge-Advocate.

[*or* Superintending officer].

(Signature)

President.

REVISION.

(12). At _____, on the _____ day of _____, at _____ o'clock, Revision.
 the Court re-assemble by order of _____ for the purpose of re-considering their

Present, the same members as on the

VARIATION.

[Instruction.—If a member is absent and the absence will reduce the Court below the required minimum, and it appears to the members present that such absent member

cannot attend within a reasonable time, the president, or, in his absence, the senior member present shall thereupon report the case to the convening officer.]

Absent member.

[Rank, name, regiment] being absent.

[The absence is accounted for.]

A medical certificate [or letter, or as the case may be] is produced, read, marked and attached to the proceedings.

There being present [not less than the required minimum] members the Court proceeds.

The letter [order or memorandum] directing the re-assembly of the Court for the revision, and giving the reasons of the confirming authority for requiring a revision of the finding [finding and sentence] [or sentence] is read, marked, signed by the president [judge advocate or superintending officer] and attached to the proceedings.

[Instruction.—If the confirming authority so orders, additional evidence may be taken on Revision, such evidence will be taken as in paragraphs (5) and (6).]

Revised finding.

The Court having attentively considered the observations of the confirming authority, and the whole of the proceedings:

a. do now revoke their finding and sentence, and find and sentence the accused to,

or,

Sentence.

b. do now revoke their sentence, and now sentence the accused, etc., etc.,

or,

c. do now respectfully adhere to their sentence [or finding and sentence].

Signed at , this day of 19 .

(Signature)

(Signature)

Judge-Advocate.

President.

[or Superintending officer.]

CONFIRMATION.

Confirmation.

(13). Confirmed,

or,

Confirmed. I direct that the sentence of rigorous imprisonment shall be carried out by confinement in military custody,

or,

I vary the sentence so that it shall be as follows , and confirm the finding and the sentence as so varied,

or,

I confirm the finding and sentence of the Court, but mitigate [remit, or, commute],

or,

[Where it is necessary to confirm the special finding on several alternative charges.]

I confirm the finding on and charges, and I confirm the special finding relating to the and charges, and declare that that finding amounts to a finding of guilty on the charge, and of not guilty on the and charges.

I confirm the sentence but mitigate [remit, or commute];

or,

[Where the confirming officer desires partly to reserve his confirmation,]

I confirm the finding of the Court on the and charges and reserve for confirmation by superior authority the finding on the and charges, and the sentence;

or,

I confirm the findings of the Court, but reserve the sentence for confirmation by superior authority;

or,

I confirm the findings of the Court, and the sentence of the Court as to _____, and reserve the sentence so far as it _____ for confirmation by superior authority ;

or,

[Where the finding is not confirmed,]

Not confirmed [the reasons for non-confirmation may be stated.]

Signed at _____, this _____ day of _____ 19 .

(Signature of Confirming Authority.)

[Instruction.—Any remarks of the confirming authority should be separate from and form no part of the proceedings.]

[Where the declaration respecting a special finding on alternative charges is added subsequently to the confirmation (Rule 60).]

I declare that the special finding relating to the _____ and _____ charges amounts to a finding of guilty on the _____ charge, and of not guilty on the _____ and _____ charges.

Signed at _____, this _____ day of _____ 19 .

(Signature of Authority.)

Form of Proceedings of a Summary Court-martial.

Proceedings of a Summary Court-martial held at _____

on the _____ day of _____ 19

by _____

Commanding the _____ for the trial of all such accused persons as he may duly have brought before him.

PRESENT.

Commanding the _____

Attending the Trial.

[Interpreter.

_____.]

(1) The officers assemble at the _____

and the trial commences at _____ o' clock _____ M.

The accused No. _____, _____ of the _____

is brought (" called " if a non-commissioned officer) into Court,

_____, the Court is duly sworn [affirmed].

[_____ is duly sworn (affirmed) as interpreter.]

All witnesses are directed to withdraw from the Court.

The charge-sheet is read, [translated,] and explained to the accused, marked _____, signed by the Court and attached to the proceedings.

[Instruction.—The sanction of superior authority for trial by summary Court-martial should be entered, with the date and signature of the staff officer, at the foot of the charge-sheet, when such sanction is necessary.]

ARRAIGNMENT.

By the Court.—How say you _____ are you guilty, or not guilty, of the _____ charge preferred against you ? Question.
To accused.

A. _____

Question.

Are you guilty or not guilty of the _____ charge ?

A. _____

[Instruction.—If the accused pleads "Guilty" adopt (2) and omit (3), (4) and (5), if he pleads "Not Guilty" adopt (3) and (4) or (5) and omit (2) ; if he pleads "Guilty" to some charge or charges and "Not Guilty" to others (not alternative) adopt (3), (4) or (5), and (2).]

PROCEEDINGS ON PLEA OF GUILTY,

(2) The accused [number rank name
regiment] is found guilty of the charge [all the charges]

is found guilty of the _____ charge, and is found not guilty of the _____ charge.

[Instruction.—If the trial proceeds upon any charge to which there is a plea of not guilty, the Court will not proceed upon the record of the plea of guilty until after the finding on those other charges ; and in that case the charge on which the record is guilty must be read to the accused again.]

The summary of evidence is read [translated], explained, marked _____, signed by the Court and attached to the proceedings.

[Instruction.—If there is no summary of evidence sufficient evidence to enable the Court to determine the sentence and to enable the reviewing officer to know all the circumstances connected with the case will be taken as in paragraph (3). No address will be allowed.]

VARIATION.

The Court being satisfied from the statement of the accused [or the summary of evidence, or otherwise] that the accused did not understand the effect of the plea of "guilty" alters the record and enters a plea of "not guilty."

[Instruction.—The Court will then proceed in respect of this charge as in paragraph (3).]

Question to accused.

Do you wish to make any statement in reference to the charge or in mitigation of punishment ?

A. No or

The accused says _____

Question to accused.

Do you wish to call any witnesses as to character ?

A. Yes [No].

[Instruction.—(1) The examination of witnesses as to character will proceed as in paragraph (3).

(2)—Evidence as to character and particulars of service will be taken as in paragraph (6).]

PROCEEDINGS ON PLEA OF NOT GUILTY.

PROSECUTION.

Prosecution 1st witness.

Religion to be recorded (Hindu, Musalman, Sikh).
Sikhs should be sworn.

(3) _____

being sworn (affirmed) is examined by the Court.

Q.

A.

Cross-examined by the accused.

Re-examined by the Court.

His evidence is read to the witness.

[Instruction.—The fact that Rule 127 (B), (C), (D) have been complied with should be recorded.]

The witness withdraws.

VARIATIONS.

The accused declines to cross-examine this witness.

[Instruction.—*In every case where the accused does not cross-examine a witness for the prosecution this statement is to be made, in order that it may appear on the face of the proceedings that he has had the opportunity given him of cross-examination.*]

The Court, at the request of the accused, allow the cross-examination of the witness to be postponed.

The Prosecution is closed.

Do you intend to call any witnesses in your defence?

Question to accused.

Yes.

A.

DEFENCE.

The accused is called upon for his defence and states—

Defence.

being duly

Defence.
1st witness.

sworn (affirmed) is examined by the accused.

Cross-examined by the Court.

Re-examined by the accused.

His evidence is read to the witness.

[Instruction.—*The fact that Rule 127 (B), (C), (D) have been complied with should be recorded.*]

The Defence is closed.

REPLY.

, being duly

Reply.
1st witness.

sworn (affirmed) is examined by the Court.

Q.

A.

VERDICT OF THE COURT.

(4) I am of opinion on the evidence before me that the accused No. _____, of the _____, is not guilty of the charge [or all the charges,] [and honourably acquit him of the same,]

Finding.
Not guilty,

The verdict is read out and the accused released. He is to return to his duty.

Signed at _____ this _____ day of _____.

19 .

Commanding the _____ holding the trial.

The trial closes at _____ o'clock _____ M.

(5) I am of opinion on the evidence before me that the accused No. _____ of the _____ is not guilty of the charge [and honourably acquit him of the same] but is guilty of the

Guilty.

is guilty of the charge [all the charges,]

or

PROCEEDINGS BEFORE SENTENCE.

(6) The following Minutes by the Court are read and explained.

[Instruction.—If the Court does not record the accused person's convictions and character of its own knowledge, evidence as to these matters will be taken as in paragraph (11) of the Form of Proceedings for a General or District Court-martial.]

It is within my own knowledge, from the records of the _____ that the accused has _____ been previously convicted by Court-martial or Criminal Court (see Certificate annexed).

That the following is a fair and true summary of the entries in his defaulter sheet exclusive of convictions by a Court-martial or a Criminal Court.

Within last 12 months

since Enrolment.

For _____ times _____ times

For _____ times _____ times

That he is at present undergoing _____ sentence.

That, irrespectively of this trial, his general character has been _____

That his age is _____

his service is _____

and his rank is _____

that he has been in arrest [confinement] for _____ days.

That he is in possession of the following military decorations and rewards :—

[Any recognised acts of gallantry or distinguished conduct should also be entered here.]

SENTENCE BY THE COURT.

Sentence.

Taking all these matters into consideration, I now sentence the accused No. _____

_____ of the _____

Rigorous (simple)
imprisonment
and solitary con-
finement.

(a) to suffer rigorous [simple] imprisonment for _____ [of which _____ shall be in solitary confinement] [and I direct that the sentence of rigorous imprisonment shall be carried out by confinement in military custody].

Dismissal.

(b) to be dismissed from the service.

Reduction.

(c) to be reduced to the rank of _____ [or to the ranks].

Forfeiture of seni-
ority.

(d) to take rank and precedence as if his appointment to the rank of _____ bore date _____.

Forfeitures.

(e) to forfeit _____ past service for the purpose of _____; or
to forfeit _____ good conduct [service] badges, with the pay attached thereto; or

to forfeit the (state medal, clasp and decoration, or any of them, which is to be forfeited) with any annuity or gratuity attached thereto; or

to forfeit all arrears of pay and allowances and other public money due to him at the time of his dismissal; or

Stoppages.

(f) to be put under stoppages of pay and allowances until he has made good the value of the following articles, viz., _____ [or until he shall have made good the sum of _____ in respect of _____ (state the circumstances in respect of which the same is awarded)].

Corporal punish-
ment _____ lashes.

(g) to suffer a corporal punishment of _____ lashes.

Signed at _____, this _____ day of 19 _____.

Commanding the _____
holding the trial.

The trial closes at

_____ o'clock—M.

REMARKS BY REVIEWING OFFICER.

(Indian Army Act, section 102.)

FORM OF SUMMONS.

Form of Summons to a Witness summoned under section 84 of the Indian Army Act.

To

Whereas a Court-martial has been ordered to assemble at
 on the day of 19 , for the trial of
 of the regiment I do hereby summon and require you A.
 B. to attend, as a witness, the sitting of the said Court at
 on the day of at o'clock in the fore-
 noon [and to bring with you the documents hereinafter mentioned, namely,],
 and so to attend from day to day until you shall be duly discharged, whereof you shall fail
 at your peril.

Given under my hand at on the day of 19 .

(Signature).

Convening Officer [or Judge-Advocate or President
 of the Court or Commanding Officer of the Accused.]

FORM FOR ASSEMBLY AND PROCEEDINGS OF A SUMMARY GENERAL COURT-MARTIAL.

A.—ORDER CONVENING THE COURT.

At (place) this day of 19 .

**(1) Beginning of Form in cases falling under clause (a) of section 62 of the Indian Army Act.*

Whereas it appears to me an officer empowered in this behalf by an order
 of the Governor General in Council that the person named in the annexed schedule, and being sub-
 Commander-in-Chief in India persons ject to Indian Military Law, has committed the offence in the said schedule mentioned ;
have offences

**(2) Beginning of Form in cases falling under clause (b) of section 62 of Indian Army Act.*

Whereas it appears to me the
 officer empowered in this behalf by the officer commanding the forces in the field on active service that the person
 named in the annexed schedule and being subject to Indian Military law, has committed
 the Offence in the said schedule mentioned ;
Offences

**(3) Beginning of Form in cases falling under clause (c) of section 62 of the Indian Army Act.*

Whereas it appears to me an officer now in command of
 , being a detached portion of His Majesty's Troops upon
 active service that the person named in the annexed schedule, and being subject to Indian
 Military law has committed the offence in the said schedule mentioned ; and whereas I am of
 that the said offence should be tried by an ordinary general court-martial ;
offences

(4) End of form applicable to all cases.

I hereby convene a summary general court-martial to try the said person and to consist
 of, persons

(Ranks, names and corps of members).

[Here enter the special order (if any) under Rule 146 and any order under section 98 (1) of the Indian Army Act.]

(Signature of convening officer.)

B.—CERTIFICATE OF PRESIDENT AS TO PROCEEDINGS.

I certify that the above Court assembled on the _____ day of _____ 19 ,
and duly tried the ^{person}_{persons} named in the said schedule, and that the plea, finding and sentence
in the case of ^{such}_{each such} person were as stated in the third and fourth columns of that schedule.

Signed at (place) _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 .

(Signature of President.)

* Only one of these will be used, the two which are inapplicable being struck out.

C.—CONFIRMATION.

[In cases in which confirmation is required by section 98 of the Indian Army Act.]

I have dealt with the ^{finding}_{findings} and ^{sentence}_{sentences} in the manner stated in the last column of the
said schedule, and, subject to what I have there stated I hereby confirm the above ^{finding}_{findings}
and ^{sentence}_{sentences}.

Signed at (place) this _____ day of _____ 19 .

(Signature of confirming officers.)

SCHEDULE.

Date _____ 19 .

Name of alleged offender*	Offence charged.	Plea.	Finding, and if convicted sentence.†	How dealt with by confirming officer.‡
1	2	3	4	5
Ram Bux (Bannia) . . .	Theft of Government property.	Guilty . . .	Guilty. Rigorous imprisonment for _____	Confirmed. I remit— A _____ B _____.
262, Sepoy Jhanda Sing, — Regiment.	Breaking into house for plunder.	Not Guilty . . .	Guilty. Corporal punishment 25 lashes.	
564, Sowar Hussan Khan, — Regiment.	Sleeping on post in time of war.	Not Guilty . . .	Guilty. Death. Recommended to mercy.	Confirmed, but commuted to Corporal punishment 30 lashes. A _____ B _____
Person accompanying force (name unknown), white jacket and trousers, scar on right cheek.	Impeding provost-marshal	Not guilty . . .	Not Guilty . . .	Confirmed. A _____ B _____.
Sepoy in uniform of _____ Regiment (name unknown)	Civil offence, Rape . . .	Not Guilty . . .	Guilty. Transportation for life.	Confirmed. A _____ B _____.

A _____ B _____
Convening Officer.

C _____ D _____
President.

E _____ F _____
Superintending Officer (if any).

* If the name of the person charged is unknown, he may be described as unknown, with such addition as will identify him.

† Recommendation to mercy to be inserted in this column.

‡ If confirmation is not required this column should be left blank. See Indian Army Act, Section 98.

FOURTH APPENDIX.

WARRANTS UNDER SECTIONS 107 AND 109 OF THE INDIAN ARMY ACT.

Form A.

Warrant of commitment for use when a prisoner is sentenced to transportation (Indian Army Act, section 107).

To the Superintendent of the (a) Prison.

Whereas at a (b) Court-Martial, held at on the day of , 19 (Number, Rank, Name) of the Regiment was convicted of (the offence to be briefly stated here, as "desertion", "corresponding with the enemy", "disobedience of lawful command" or as the case may be).

And whereas the said (b) Court-Martial, on the day of , 19 passed the following sentence upon the said (Name); that is to say.

(Sentence to be entered in full, but without signature).

And whereas the said sentence has been duly confirmed by (c) as required by law (d).

This is to require and authorise you to receive the said (Name) into your custody in the said prison as by law is required, together with this warrant, until he shall be delivered over by you with the said warrant to the proper authority and custody for the purpose of undergoing the aforesaid sentence of transportation. The aforesaid sentence has effect from the (e).

Given under my hand at this the day of , 19 .
Signature (f).

- (a) Enter name of civil prison.
- (b) General or Summary General.
- (c) Name and description of confirming authority.
- (d) Add if necessary "with a remission of "
- (e) Enter date on which the original sentence was signed.
- (f) Signature of Commanding Officer of Prisoner or other prescribed officer—See Rule 152.

FORM B.

Warrant of commitment for use when a prisoner is sentenced to rigorous imprisonment which is to be undergone in a civil prison (Indian Army Act, section 107).

To the Superintendent of the (a) Prison,

Whereas at a (b) Court-Martial, held at on the day of , 19 (Number, Rank, Name) of the Regiment was duly convicted of (the offence to be briefly stated here, as "desertion", "theft", "receiving stolen goods", "fraud," "disobedience of lawful command" or as the case may be).

And whereas the said (b) Court-Martial, on the day of , 19 passed the following sentence upon the said (Name); that is to say:—

(Sentence to be entered in full, but without signature).

And whereas the said sentence.

(c) has been duly confirmed by (d) as required by law (e)
is by law valid without confirmation.

This is to require and authorise you to receive the said (Name) into your custody together with this warrant, and there carry the aforesaid sentence of Rigorous Imprisonment into execution according to law. The sentence has effect from the (f)

Given under my hand at this the day of , 19 .
Signature (g).

- (a) Enter name of civil prison.
- (b) General, District, Summary General or Summary.
- (c) Strike out in applicable words.
- (d) Name and description of confirming authority.
- (e) Add if necessary "with a remission of "
- (f) Enter date on which the original sentence was signed.
- (g) Signature of Commanding Officer of prisoner or other prescribed officer—See Rule 152.

FORM C.

Warrant for use when a prisoner is pardoned or his trial set aside, or when the whole sentence, or the unexpired portion thereof, is remitted (Indian Army Act, section 109).

To the Superintendent

of the (a) Prison,

Whereas (Number, Rank, Name) (late) of the _____ Regiment is confined in the
(a) _____ prison under a warrant issued by (b) _____ in pursuance
of a sentence of (c) _____ passed upon him by a (d) _____ Court-Martial
held at _____ on _____; and whereas (e) _____ has, in the exercise of
the powers conferred upon him by the Indian Army Act, passed the following order regard-
ing the aforesaid sentence, that is to say,—

(f) _____

This is to require and authorize you to forthwith discharge the said (Name) from your custody unless he is liable to be detained for some other cause; and for your so discharging him this shall be your sufficient warrant.

Given under my hand at _____ this the _____ day of _____ 19____,
Signature (g) _____

(a) Enter name of Civil prison.

(b) Enter name or designation of officer who signed original warrant.

(c) Enter original sentence (if this was reduced by the Confirming Officer or other Superior authority the sentence should be entered thus—

"2 years' rigorous imprisonment reduced by Confirming Officer to 1 year").

(d) General, District, Summary General or Summary.

(e) Name and designation of authority pardoning prisoner, mitigating sentence, or setting aside trial.

(f) Order to be set out in full.

(g) Signature of prescribed officer see Rule 153.

FORM D.

Warrant for use when a sentence of transportation is reduced by superior authority to one of a shorter period of the same. (Indian Army Act, section 109).

To the Superintendent

of the (a) Prison,

Whereas (Number, Rank, Name) (late) of the _____ Regiment is confined
in the (a) _____ prison under a warrant issued by (b) _____ in pursuance
of a sentence of (c) _____ passed upon him by a (d) _____ Court-Martial
held at _____ on _____, and whereas (e) _____ has in the exercise of the powers
conferred upon him by the Indian Army Act, passed the following order regarding the
aforesaid sentence; that is to say:—

(f) _____

This is to require and authorize you to keep the said (Name) in your custody, together with this warrant, in the said prison as by law is required until he shall be delivered over by you with the said warrant to the proper Authority and custody for the purpose of his undergoing the punishment of transportation under the said order. And this is further to require and authorise you to return to me the original warrant of commitment in lieu

whereof this warrant is issued. The period of such transportation will reckon from the (g).

Given under my hand at this the day of

19

Signature (h)

-
- (a) Enter name of civil prison.
 (b) Enter name or designation of officer who signed original warrant.
 (c) Enter original sentence (if this was reduced by the Confirming Officer or other Superior authority the sentence should be entered thus :—
 "2 years' rigorous imprisonment reduced by Confirming Officer to 1 year").
 (d) General, or Summary General.
 (e) Name and designation of authority varying the sentence.
 (f) Order to be set out in full.
 (g) Enter date on which original sentence was signed.
 (h) Signature of prescribed officer, see Rule 153.

FORM E.

Warrant for use when a sentence of rigorous imprisonment is reduced by superior authority or when one of transportation is reduced to one of rigorous imprisonment. (Indian Army Act, section 109).

To the Superintendent

of the (a) Prison,

Whereas (Number, Rank, Name) (late) of the Regiment is confined in the (a) prison under a warrant issued by (b) in pursuance of a sentence of (c) passed upon him by a (d) Court-Martial held at on , and whereas (e) has, in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Indian Army Act, passed the following order regarding the aforesaid sentence ; that is to say —

(f) _____

This is to require and authorize you to keep the said (Name) in your custody, together with this warrant, and there to carry into execution the punishment of Rigorous Imprisonment under the said order according to law. And this is further to require and authorise you to return to me the original warrant of commitment in lieu whereof this warrant is issued. The period of such Rigorous Imprisonment will reckon from the (g)

Given under my hand at this the day of

19

Signature (h)

-
- (a) Enter name of civil prison.
 (b) Enter name or designation of officer who signed original warrant.
 (c) Enter original sentence (if this was reduced by the Confirming Officer or other Superior authority the sentence should be entered thus :—
 "2 years' rigorous imprisonment reduced by Confirming Officer to 1 year").
 (d) General, District, Summary General or Summary.
 (e) Name and designation of authority varying the sentence.
 (f) Order to be set out in full.
 (g) Enter date on which original sentence was signed.
 (h) Signature of prescribed officer, see Rule 153.

FORM F.

Warrant for use when prisoner is to be delivered into military custody. (Indian Army Act, section 109).

To the Superintendent of the (a)

Prison,

Whereas (Number, Rank, Name) (late) of the _____ Regiment is confined in the (a) _____ prison under a warrant issued by (b) _____ in pursuance of a sentence of (c) _____ passed upon him by a (d) _____ Court-Martial held at _____ on _____ and whereas (e) _____ has in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Indian Army Act passed the following order regarding the aforesaid sentence, that is to say :—

(f) _____

This is to require and authorised you to forthwith deliver the said (Name) to the officer or non-commissioned officer bringing this warrant.

Given under my hand at _____ this the _____ day of _____ 19 _____

Signature (g).

(a) Enter name of civil prison.

(b) Enter name or designation of officer who signed original warrant.

(c) Enter original sentence (if this was reduced by the Confirming Officer or other Superior authority the sentences should be entered thus—

"2 years' rigorous imprisonment reduced by Confirming Officer to 1 year").

(d) General District, Summary General or Summary.

(e) Name and designation of authority issuing order.

(f) Order to be set out in full.

(g) Signature of prescribed officer, see Rule 153.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd November 1911.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 18th and 31st October 1911 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Indian Medical Service.	Major Campbell Dykes, M.B., F.R.C.S.	20th October 1911.	Ghazipur	...	.....
1st Battalion, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment).	Lieutenant Colonel John Henry Arthur Boyce.	23rd October 1911.	Lucknow	...	.....
17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).	Lieutenant Lionel Harold Wilcox.	24th October 1911.	Manipur	...	.....

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 3rd November 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 76.—The following appointment is made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 1st September 1911 :—

To be an Assistant Engineer.

John Edmund Moloney.

LEAVE.

No. 77.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Sub-Lieutenant G. T. D. Wells, Royal Indian Marine,—four months (medical certificate).

PROMOTIONS.

No. 78.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 9th October 1911 :—

To be Lieutenant.

Sub-Lieutenant Richard Hart Garstin.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 79.—Commander E. J. Beaumont, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to retire from the service ; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 2nd November, 1911.

No. 286.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a survey being undertaken by the North Western State Railway Administration for a line of railway on the 2' 6" gauge from Pezu to Tank, a distance of about 22 miles.

2. This survey will be known as the Pezu Tank Railway Survey.

No. 287.—With reference to Notification No. 35, dated the 7th February 1911, Mr. P. C. Young is confirmed in the appointment of Assistant Secretary, Railway Board, with effect from the 5th October 1911.

The 3rd November, 1911.

No. 288.—In the first column of the Schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department No. 262, dated the 28th September 1911, specifying the additional taxes payable by the Administration of the Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, for the first item thereof, *substitute* " Lucknow Municipality " for " Allahabad Municipality ".

No. 289.—Mr. L. E. Brock, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western State Railway, in Class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is promoted to Class III, grade 2, of that establishment, with effect from the 14th October 1911.

No. 290.—Mr. A. Cooper, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, North Western State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 8th October 1911.

No. 291.—In Railway Board Notification No. 285, dated the 27th October 1911, for "16th and 21st September 1910" read "16th and 21st September 1911".

No. 292.—Mr. G. Richards, Executive Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India furlough for ten months, in extension of the leave granted him in Railway Board Notification No. 96, dated the 24th March 1911.

No. 293.—Mr. A. Rowland, Officiating Engineer-in-Chief, North Western State Railway; on relief by Mr. R. C. Dyson, reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Engineer-in-Chief of that line, with effect from the 20th October 1911.

No. 294.—With reference to Notification No. 293, dated 3rd November 1911, Major C. W. Wilkinson, R. E., on relief by Mr. Rowland of the office of Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, North Western State Railway, reverted to his substantive rank of Executive Engineer, with effect from the 20th October 1911.

No. 295.—In the Schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department No. 220, dated the 24th August 1911, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain Local Authorities by the Administration of the Bengal and North Western Railway, *delete* the following entries :—

" Chupra Kacheri Municipality	...	...	...	House and latrine taxes".
" Revilganj ghat Municipality	...	...	...	House tax".
" Laheria Sarai do.	...	...	...	House and latrine taxes".
" Samastipur do.	...	...	...	Holding tax on land".
" Gonda Municipality	...	...	...	Conservancy tax".

and *after* the entries " Chupra do.", Revilganj Municipality" and " Darbhanga do." *insert* respectively,

" (including Chupra Kacheri)" ;

" (including Revilganj ghat)" and

" (including Laheria Sarai)".

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 2nd November 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 28th October 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	6	4
		Ahmedabad District	9	...
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	5	4
		Kaira District	16	7
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	2	2
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	9	8
		Mahi Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwandi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	2	2
	Central	Satara District	212	124
		East Khandesh District	99	65
		West Khandesh District	8	3
		Poona City	41	33
		Poona District	41	32
		Nasik District	296	236
		Ahmednagar District	136	93
		Sholapur District	114	72
		Sholapur Town	1	1
	Southern	Panvel Port	4	3
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	3	3
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	2	2
		Belgaum District	1,070	708
		Hubli Town	50	46
		Dharwar District	2,549	1,814
		Kanara District	23	16
		Bijapur District	1,087	796
		Bijapur Agency	14	12
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	3	3
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	1
		Porbander Port	1	1
		Kathiawar Agency	158 (a)	138 (a)
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	447	275
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	168 (a)	140 (a)
		Satara Agency	30	17
		Savanur State	89	72
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	23	19
		TOTAL	6,717	4,752
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	24	18
		North Arcot District	3 (e)	3 (e)
		South Arcot District	7	2
		Bellary Town	1 (c)	1 (c)
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	724 (g)	532 (f)
		Mangalore Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Chittoor District	4	3
		Coimbatore Town	48	46
		Coimbatore District	11 (d)	7 (e)
		Cuddapah District . . . . .	...	...
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		Malabar District	1 (c)	1 (c)
		The Nilgiris District	5	3
		Salem District	30	22
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		Sandur State	2	...
		TOTAL	860	638

(a) For two weeks.

(e) Three imported.

(c) One imported.

(f) Nine imported.

(d) Two imported.

(g) Twelve imported.

N.B.—The number of deaths in the Bellary district during the week ending 21st October 1911 was 483 and not 494 as shown in the statement for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Presidency	Calcutta	1	1
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District	1	1
	Patna	Gaya District	4	4
		Patna District	12	4
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga District . . . . .	...	...
		Saran District	89	46
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	7	7
		Bhagalpur Town	1	1
		Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District	1	...
	TOTAL .		116	64
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	2 (a)	2 (a)
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etah District	10	7
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly District . . . . .	...	...
		Bijnor District	9	6

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	2	2
		Fatehpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad City	2	2
		Allahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares City . . . . .	...	...
		Benares District	22	21
		Ballia District	62	62
		Ghazipur District	36	29
		Jaunpur District	2	1
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	40	28
		Basti District	11	7
		Gorakhpur District	23	28
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	1	1
		Lucknow District	4 (a)	4 (a)
		Unao District . . . . .	...	...
		Rae Bareilly District	9	4
		Sitapur District	22	10
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	18	10
		Bahraich District	22	22
		Sultanpur District	2	1
		Gonda District . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District . . . . .	...	...
PUNJAB	TOTAL		309	247
	Delhi	Gurgaon District . . . . .	...	...
	Jullundur	Jullundara District . . . . .	...	...

(a) For two weeks.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District	2	2
		Sialkot District	2	2
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District	3	3
		Rawalpindi District	41	34
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	3	2
	TOTAL .		51	48
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	6	6
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome District . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	4	3
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya District . . . . .	...	...
		Manbin District . . . . .	...	...
		Fyapon District . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas-serim	Henzada District . . . . .	...	...
		Toungoo District . . . . .	...	...
		Thaton District . . . . .	...	...
	Moulmein	Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	5	4
		Myitkyina District . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	3	3
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	1	1
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		19	17
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	1	1
		Nagpur District	104	80
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat Town	2	1
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha District	25	16
		Bhandara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara District	56	38
		Chanda District	7	6
		Chanda Town . . . . .	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	1	1
		Jubbulpore District	10	6
		Saugor Town . . . . .	...	...
		Damoh District	3	3
		Mandla Town	15	14
	Nerbudda	Mandla District	94	68
		Hoshangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshangabad Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nimar District	60	61
		Narsingpur Town	2	...
	Chhattis-gahr	Narsingpur District	63	41
		Chhindwara Town	2	2
		Chhindwara District	15	7
		Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Akola Town . . . . .	...	...
	Berar	Akola District	8	5
		Buldana District	2	2
		Amraoti District	29	29
		Yotmal District	3	3
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	518	387
COORG	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	55	30
		Bangalore City	7	3
		Bangalore District	124	116
		Mysore City	32	21
		Mysore District	38	36
		Hassan District	68	60
		Kadur District	62	52
		Kolar District	95	76
		Kolar Gold Fields	4	4
		Tumkur District	133	85
		Shimoga District	137	88
		Chitaldroog District	92	60
		TOTAL	817	640

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	155	194
		Baichur District	236	182
		Aurangabad District	2	6
		Nizamabad District. . . . .	...	...
		Gulbarga District . . . . .	...	...
		Bidar District . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani District	19	16
		Atrafbalda District. . . . .	...	...
		Nander District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad city and suburba	234	196
		Bir District	10	6
		TOTAL		656 (a)	600 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	108	81
		Indore Residency	24	16
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Rutlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	6	7
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	12	9
		Neemuch Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State	3	2
		Bagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	133	104
		Sehore Agency Limits	14	40
		Bhopal State	818	798
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa State	9	5
Morar Cantonment		
Sitawan State		
Schawal State		
TOTAL		1,127 (b)	1,062 (b)	

(a) From 16th to 22nd October 1911.

(b) Figures for the week ending 21st October 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City.	17	17
		Mewar State . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhara . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	17 (a)	17 (a)
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
BALU- CHISTAN	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	11,237	8,467

(a) Figures for the week ending 27th October 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
28th October 1911.

Burma.—The rainfall was practically general. It was light in Arakan and moderate to heavy elsewhere. Reaping of hill side and autumn rice, gathering of groundnuts and plucking of cotton are in progress. Cultivation of miscellaneous crops continues. Replanting in flooded tracts in Bassein has been completed but in Maubin it has been retarded owing to further floods. Prospects in Upper Burma have improved considerably by the recent rains but more rain is still required in Thayetmyo and Myingyan where late crops are suffering for want of it. The price of unhusked rice continues to be abnormal. It has fallen at four centres and has risen at two.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was cool and pleasant. No rain fell in Eastern Bengal. Only a few light showers were received in the Assam district. Sowing of spring crops has advanced considerably but the area cropped will probably be less than usual owing to the late rains. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly. Cattle disease prevails in Cachar, Goalpara and Kamrup.

Bengal.—Light rain fell in Cooch Behar, Darjeeling and in parts of Nadia. There was no rain in the rest of the Province. Preparation of lands for spring crops is going on. Sowings continue. Winter paddy is doing well. More rain is needed for winter rice in Cuttack. Some damage has been done by insects in Midnapur and Balasore. The price of common rice has risen in Birbhum, the Sonthal Parganas, Ranchi and in all the districts of the Presidency division, except the 24 Parganas, and has fallen in Bankura, Saran, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Balasore, Angul and Sambalpur. Cattle disease is reported from Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Angul, Puri, Sambalpur, Ranchi, Palamau and Manbhum. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Light rain fell in several districts but was not enough to cause material damage to the ripening of crops or delay sowings. Picking of cotton, harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in full swing. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects are favourable. Sporadic cattle disease continues in twenty-one districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. Supplies of fodder and water are ample. There is no marked change in prices.

Punjab.—Heavy rain was received in Dera Ghazi Khan and light to moderate elsewhere. Rain has benefited standing crops slightly. The condition of standing irrigated crops is generally fair and that of unirrigated crops poor. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. Considerable damage to standing crops by grasshoppers is reported in parts of Sialkot. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in the central Punjab districts and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts. Water is insufficient in parts of Jhelum and Mianwali. Canal water is deficient in Montgomery.

North-West Frontier Province.—Prospects of the spring harvest throughout the Province have been greatly improved by rain, varying in quantity from 26 cents in Hazara to 1 inch 35 cents in Dera Ismail Khan. The condition of standing crops has improved slightly in some cases but on the whole the position as regards autumn crops is unchanged. Sowings of spring crops are going on in most parts. Sowing of gram is nearly finished in the Bannu district. Harvesting of autumn crops and pressing of sugarcane are in progress in the Peshawar district. The outturn is reported to be slightly below the average. The water-supply is generally sufficient except in the Maira Circle in the Charsadda tahsil. Fodder is available at present except in Dera Ismail Khan and *daman* unirrigated tracts of the Peshawar district. There were floods in the Kurram and Tochi rivers in the Bannu district. The Paharpur canal has stopped but there was some irrigation from hill torrents in Dera Ismail Khan. The condition of cattle is good throughout the Province. The public health is generally good. Prices of food grains are nearly stationary. Prices:—wheat $11\frac{1}{4}$ to 17 , gram $15\frac{1}{4}$ to 25 , maize $14\frac{1}{4}$ to $25\frac{1}{4}$, and *bajra* $16\frac{1}{4}$ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair except in the Mirpur tahsil. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Basohi tahsil. Fodder is sufficient except in the Samba, Ranbirsinghpura, Mirpur and Bhimber tahsils.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell once during the week. Otherwise the weather was bright and beneficial to crops. Zamindars are busy in harvesting and collecting *shali*. Prices are slightly cheaper. Zamindars are engaged in sowing *til* crop. The condition of autumn crops is good except in *karewa* fields. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The rainfall in cents was :—Jaisalmer 23 in one district and 50 in six districts Jodhpur slight to 100, Jaipur 21, Alwar 35 in two districts, Karauli 24 and 46. Light showers were reported in Sirohi, Kishangarh, Bharatpur and Ajmer. The rain has been useful in Jaisalmer. Some damage to cotton from hail is reported in the tahsil of Ajmer-Merwara. The condition of crops is unsatisfactory in Shahpura where spring sowings also have been restricted owing to deficiency of the water supply. The cultivated area has been restricted in Merwara and the hilly tracts of Mewar but on the whole prospects are fair to good. Cattle are suffering in Shahpura for want of grazing. Cattle emigration continues in Jodhpur, Jaisalmer and Merwara. Nowhere, however, is there complaint of insufficiency of dry grass at present except in parts of Jaipur. Prices have risen by 1 to 2 seers in Sirohi, Mewar, Partabgarh and Kishangarh.

Central India.—Slight showers fell in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand. The weather is cloudy and unsettled and not favourable to the ripening of crops. Crops are in good condition everywhere except in parts of Indore and Bhopawar. They are very poor in Kuksi and large parts of the Barwani, Jobat and Jhabua States. Pasturage is deficient in the same tracts but is sufficient elsewhere. The water-supply is generally low outside Bundelkhand and Baghelkhand. Sowings of spring crops are progressing satisfactorily. Prices continue fairly easy and steady in Gwalior, Bhopal, Malwa, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar and are fluctuating at Indore, Mehidpur and Nimawar districts.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and occasionally cloudy. The mornings and nights are cool. During the week Nimar and Chhindwara received 5 and 18 cents of rain, respectively. Cutting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in rapid progress everywhere. Picking of cotton is in progress. The condition of standing crops is generally good. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient except in Akola and Buldana where fodder is getting scarce and dear. Cattle are doing well. Prices are stationary.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week. Prospects are generally good. Fodder and water are adequate. Prices :—*Kodon* rose by 4 seers per rupee in Kawardha.

Bombay.—The rain during the week was moderate in parts of Ratnagiri and Kolhapur, slight in Karachi, Larkana the Upper Sindh Frontier, Cutch and Savantvadi, and *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain in parts of Broach, Surat, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Bijapur and Rewa Kantha; have failed in parts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals, Baroda and Kolhapur and are fair elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind and Poona. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in parts of Karachi, the Upper Sindh Frontier, Ahmedabad, Surat, East Khandesh, Nasik, Satara, Kathiawar, Cutch and Kolhapur, but has been retarded in parts of Poona, Belgaum and Dharwar. Cotton is withering in Ahmedabad and Broach. Cotton picking continues in Thar and Parkar, Khandesh, Nasik and Ahmedabad. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, the Deccan, Belgaum and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but is deficient in parts of Ahmedabad, Sholapur and Satara. The drinking water-supply is inadequate in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad and Kathiawar. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Ahmedabad, Broach, Surat, West Khandesh, Poona, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kathiawar. Prices have risen in parts of Sukkur, Colaba, Poona, Sholapur, Satara and Belgaum, have fallen in Karachi, Ratnagiri and East Khandesh and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 20 to 44 per cent, in Gujarat 22 to 27 per cent, in the Konkan 18 to 36 per cent, in the Deccan 28 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 27 to 40 per cent less than the normal.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in raising fodder where possible, in collecting grass and in digging temporary and deepening old wells. Stocks are sufficient. *Bajra* sells from 8½ to 10 and maize from 10½ to 12 seers per rupee. The number of persons on works is rising. There were 9,404 persons on relief works and 2,625 on gratuitous relief on the last day of the week ending 28th October 1911. In the Native States of Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha there were 699 persons on test works.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. Autumn crops are being harvested in many parts. Crops are fair except in Aurangabad, Bir and parts of the Nizamabad, Raichur, Medak and Nalgonda districts where they are expected to be poor. The early rice crop is

being irrigated in parts and its condition is fair to good for the present. The area under the crop is limited and injury is being caused owing to inadequate rainfall and the insufficient tank water supply. Spring sowings continue but have been suspended in parts of the Raichur and Nalgonda districts for want of sufficient moisture. Cattle disease prevails in sixteen talukas and fodder scarcity in eight. Prices: wheat 7½, coarse rice 6½ and *juar* 13 seers per rupee, showing a rise of ½ seer each in the price of coarse rice and *juar*. White *juar* is selling at 11 seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in the districts is 9 seers in Aurangabad and Bir and the lowest 26 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—No rain fell during the week. Prices of food grains are steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition but more rain is needed. Prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall *nil*. The condition of the rice crop is good. Picking of cardamom continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was good in Tanjore and Ramnad, light to fair in Nellore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Malabar, South Arcot and Tinnevely and *nil* elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Kistna, Guntur, Nellore, Trichinopoly, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Cuddapah. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Kurnool, Bellary, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura and the Nilgiris. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease. The early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers and coffee in parts of the Nilgiris has been affected by bug. Harvests continue with outturn fair to normal generally. Pasture is scanty in parts of Bellary, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura, but is improving in Ramnad and is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Godavari, Chittoor and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in sixteen districts, has fallen in three and has risen in six. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in nine districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in five. *Cholam* is stationary in six districts, has fallen in five and has risen in four. *Cumbu* is stationary in six districts, has fallen in four and has risen in seven. Variations are small. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair and are improving in Vizagapatam, Anantapur and Ramnad, but more rain is required in parts of Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura and the Nilgiris. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient except in Ramnad where they are dwindling.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	8,780	2,435	11,215	9,404	2,625	12,029	+814

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 2nd November 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The disturbance which appeared in northern India on the 25th gave nearly general rain in the North-West Frontier Province and the Punjab on the 26th, and on the following day rainfall spread into the west United Provinces, east Rajputana and east Central India. Light falls due to the disturbance continued along the northwest Himalayas until the 29th. Rainfall in the Peninsula was light and restricted to the southern districts, but showed a tendency to increase towards the end of the week.

2. On the 26th temperature was somewhat above normal over the greater portion of the inland districts of India. The depression in the northwest caused a very large fall there on the 27th, but its effects had practically disappeared by the 29th. Weather was hotter than usual in the northwest of the Peninsula during practically the whole of the week.

3. *Burma*.—Rainfall was local on the 28th and 29th, but ceased altogether on the 30th.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Practically no rain was reported.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Light rainfall occurred in the west United Provinces and Central India East on the 27th, and along the hills on the 28th. Scattered falls were reported at intervals during the rest of the week.

Northwest India.—Rainfall was nearly general in the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province on the 26th, but quickly diminished, and from the 29th onwards only scattered falls were reported.

The Peninsula.—Falls of rain were few and light, but shewed a tendency to increase towards the end of the week.

4. The most important falls reported were :—

October 26th. Ludhiana 1·17", Sialkot 0·58", Murree 0·54", Cherat 0·78", Parachinar 0·82", Dera Ismail Khan 1·35" and Multan 0·56".

„ 28th. Murree 0·54" and Rawalpindi 1·06".

„ 29th. Thayetmyo 1·93", Yamethin 1·16", Toungoo 0·82" and Madras 0·73".

„ 31st. Kotah 0·47", Cochin 0·51" and Trivandrum 0·81".

November 1st. Indore 0·45", Mangalore 0·53", Madras 1·51", Cuddapah 0·52" and Nellore 1·00".

5. Rainfall during the week was above normal in the United Provinces West and Central India; but was below normal in Burma, northeast India, Gujarat, Berar, the Central Provinces and the whole of the Peninsula. The Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province and Rajputana, areas where normally no rain is received, reported well distributed but light rainfall. During the period 28th April to 2nd November rainfall was in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; normal or about normal in Burma, the United Provinces East, Baluchistan, Central India East, the Central Provinces East and Mysore; in large defect in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Rajputana West and Gujarat; and in slight to moderate defect elsewhere.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 2ND NOVEMBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 2ND NOVEMBER 1911.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0'1	2'3	-2'2	87'9	97'6	- 9'7	- 10	- 8
Lower Burma	0'7	1'3	-0'6	145'2	139'1	+ 6'1	+ 4	+ 5
Upper Burma	0'5	1'2	-0'7	42'0	40'3	+ 1'7	+ 4	+ 6
Assam	0	0'4	-0'4	91'2	77'5	+ 13'7	+ 18	+ 18
Eastern Bengal	0	0'7	-0'7	91'5	78'7	+ 12'8	+ 16	+ 17
Bengal	0	0'6	-0'6	46'3	56'5	- 10'2	- 18	- 17
Orissa	0	0'8	-0'8	45'9	57'6	- 11'7	- 20	- 19
Chota Nagpur	0	0'4	-0'4	53'8	49'2	+ 4'6	+ 9	+ 10
Bihar	0	0'1	-0'1	55'3	50'2	+ 5'1	+ 10	+ 10
United Provinces, East	0'1	0'1	0	37'6	39'3	- 1'7	- 4	- 4
United Provinces, West	0'2	0'1	+0'1	27'8	39'1	- 11'3	- 29	- 29
Punjab, East and North	0'6	0	+0'6	11'6	21'4	- 9'8	- 46	- 49
Punjab, South-west	0'2	0	+0'2	4'4	8'1	- 3'7	- 46	- 48
Kashmir	0'2	0	+0'2	5'4	8'8	- 3'4	- 39	- 41
N.-W. Frontier Province	0'9	0	+0'9	2'7	5'8	- 3'1	- 53	- 69
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0'9	0'9	0	0	0
Sind	0	0	0	0	4'8	- 4'8	- 100	- 100
Rajputana, West	0'2	0	+0'2	3'9	11'3	- 7'4	- 65	- 67
Rajputana, East	0'2	0	+0'2	11'6	22'0	- 10'4	- 47	- 48
Gujarat	0	0'1	-0'1	6'9	23'5	- 16'6	- 71	- 71
Central India, West	0'3	0'1	+0'2	20'1	29'6	- 9'5	- 32	- 33
Central India, East	0'2	0'1	+0'1	39'5	41'1	- 1'6	- 4	- 4
Berar	0	0'1	-0'1	18'9	31'1	- 12'2	- 39	- 39
Central Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	36'6	44'5	- 7'9	- 18	- 18
Central Provinces, East	0	0'3	-0'3	44'6	47'7	- 3'1	- 6	- 6
Konkan	0	0'5	-0'5	70'0	96'4	- 26'4	- 27	- 27
Bombay Deccan	0	0'4	-0'4	20'1	26'8	- 6'7	- 25	- 24
Hyderabad, North	0	0'3	-0'3	24'8	32'7	- 7'9	- 24	- 23
Hyderabad, South	0'1	0'6	-0'5	20'3	29'8	- 9'5	- 32	- 31
Mysore	0	0'9	-0'9	24'8	26'1	- 1'3	- 5	- 2
Malabar	0'8	2'1	-1'3	83'7	94'2	- 10'5	- 11	- 10
Madras, South-east	0'5	2'4	-1'9	16'9	22'6	- 5'7	- 25	- 19
Madras Deccan	0'2	0'9	-0'7	16'7	22'9	- 6'2	- 27	- 25
Madras Coast, North	0'2	2'2	-2'0	24'4	31'1	- 6'7	- 22	- 16

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 21st October 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	<i>Districts.</i>				BOMBAY.					
1	Panch Mahala.	922½	190,900	8,780		2,361	2,435	11,215	....	....
	<i>Native States—</i>									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	525	.....
2	Bawa Kantha	(Not known)	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	67	.....

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Circular No. 27-F.-267-3.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FORESTS.)

Simla, the 23rd October 1911.

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

Regulations as to the appointment of Probationers, 1912.

1. *Appointments.*—The Secretary of State for India in Council will, in the summer of 1912, make *not less than five appointments* of Probationers for the Indian Forest Service, provided that so many candidates are considered to be in all respects qualified.

In making these appointments, he will act with the advice of a Selection Committee.

2. *Applications for Appointment.*—Applications for appointment must be made on a printed form to be obtained from the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W., and to be returned to him not later than *Monday the 1st July 1912*. Candidates must be prepared, if called upon, to attend at the India Office, at their own expense, for a personal interview with the Selection Committee within three weeks from that date.

3. *Age Limit.*—Candidates must be not less than 19 but under 23 years of age on the 1st July 1912.

Notice is hereby given that the age limits for the recruitment of 1913 and following years will be 19 and 22 years on the 1st January of the year in which the selection is made.

4. *Nationality, etc.*—Every candidate must be a natural-born British subject. He must be unmarried, and if he marries before he reaches India he will forfeit his appointment. He must be of good physique, and must produce evidence of character to satisfy the Secretary of State for India in Council that he is suited for the Indian Forest Service.

5. *Qualifications.*—Candidates must be able to show that in addition to having received a good general education they have passed with honours in a public examination for a degree in some branch of Natural Science held by a University in Great Britain or Ireland. A good general education should be understood to include, at the least, a fair knowledge of English Composition, Mathematics up to and including Plane Trigonometry, and either German or French. The production of school certificates granted by the examining authorities of Universities, or of certificates that a candidate has passed the Matriculation Examination of a University, in the subjects named, or of other certificates held by the Secretary of State in Council to be equivalent, will be taken to show that a candidate satisfied the requirements of this clause.

6. Should there be more candidates considered to be qualified in every respect than vacancies to be filled, the Secretary of State reserves the right to require them to pass a competitive examination conducted by the Civil Service Commissioners, on the results of which their final selection would depend. Particulars of this examination, which would be held in August, will be found in Appendix I.

7. *Medical Examination.*—Selected candidates will be required to undergo a strict examination by a Medical Board at the India Office, at which particular stress will be laid on good vision and hearing, and to satisfy the Secretary of State for India that they are physically fit for service in the Indian Forest Department (see Appendix V).

Candidates who do not satisfy the Secretary of State for India that they are physically fit for appointment to the Indian Forest Service will not be admitted to the competitive examination mentioned in Regulation 6.

8. *Period of Probation.*—The ordinary period of probation will be two years. During that time probationers will be required to pass through the Forestry course at one of the Universities named in the margin,* becoming members of that University if not so already; to obtain the Degree or Diploma in Forestry which it grants; to acquire some knowledge of Hindustani; and to satisfy such other tests of proficiency as may be deemed necessary. The case of students who have already obtained such degree or diploma at any of the above-named Universities will be specially considered in each case.

* Oxford, Cambridge, Edinburgh.

During the vacations the probationers will, under the direction and supervision of the Director of Indian Forest Studies appointed by the Secretary of State for India in Council, receive practical instruction in such British and Continental forests as may be selected for the purpose.

9. *Charges.*—The probationers will be required to defray all expenses of lodging, board, tuition, and excursions, while at the University, and on practical instruction in Britain and on the Continent, with the exception of fees payable to local forest officers in Britain and on the Continent.

10. *Allowances.*—The Secretary of State for India in Council will make payments to each probationer at the rate of 120*l.* annually, not exceeding a total of 240*l.* (besides the fees to local officers mentioned above). These payments will ordinarily be made on the following dates in each year:—

					£.
On the 1st December	...	...	...	...	30
On the 1st March	...	...	...	...	30
On the 1st June	...	...	...	...	60

The cases of probationers whose probation does not extend over the full two years will be specially considered.

The grant of the allowances is subject to the following conditions:—

(a) that the progress of the probationer in his studies is satisfactory;

(b) that the probationer gives security to refund the payments in case he fails to join the Indian Forest Service at the end of the period of probation.

11. *Conduct.*—Every probationer will be required to conduct himself during the period of probation in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State, and to give evidence of satisfactory progress in his studies in such a manner as may be required, failing which, or in the event of serious misconduct, he will be liable to have his name removed from the list of probationers.

12. *Appointment and Seniority.*—Probationers who obtain a Degree or Diploma in Forestry, and are of sound constitution and free from physical defects which would render them unsuitable for employment in the Indian Forest Service, will be appointed Assistant Conservators in the Indian Forest Department. Their position in the Provincial Forest Lists will be determined by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the Report of the Director of Indian Forest Studies; but in making selections for the post of Conservator, officers joining the service in the same year are reckoned as equal in seniority unless the Secretary of State for India in Council shall for special reasons have directed otherwise in any particular case or cases.

They will be allowed at the end of the period of probation to state their preference in respect to the Provinces to which they desire to be allotted ; but the distribution will be made to the several Provinces according to the needs of the public service, at the discretion of the Secretary of State for India. Officers are, however, at all times liable to be transferred from one Province to another at the pleasure of the Government of India.

13. *Riding*.—Every probationer, before proceeding to India, will be required to satisfy the Secretary of State, in such manner as may be determined, of his ability to ride.

14. *Articles of Agreement*.—Within a month of his nomination as Assistant Conservator, each nominee must sign articles of agreement describing the terms and conditions of his appointment ; he must embark for India when required to do so by the Secretary of State, and must engage his own passage. Failure to embark at the stated time will, in the absence of satisfactory explanation, lead to forfeiture of appointment.

15. *Salary*.—An Assistant Conservator of Forests will draw pay at the rate of Rs. 380 a month (equivalent to 304½ a year, when the rupee is at 1s. 4d.) from the date of his reporting his arrival in India.

16. *Promotion, Leave, Pension, and Provident Fund*.—Promotion, leave, and pension will be governed by the Regulations laid down by the Government of India, and applicable to Forest officers, such regulations being subject to any modifications or alterations which may be made in them from time to time by the Government of India, and their interpretation in case of any doubt arising being left to that Government. A copy of the existing regulations can be seen on application at the India Office.

Certain information regarding appointments in the upper controlling staff of the Indian Forest Service, the pay of which has been recently improved, will be found in Appendix II ; a summary of information regarding Leave is contained in Appendix III ; and regarding Pensions and the Provident Fund in Appendix IV.

INDIA OFFICE,
29th August 1911.

APPENDIX I.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

In the event of the Civil Service Commissioners being requested by the Secretary of State for India in Council to hold an examination in any year of candidates nominated by him to compete for appointment as probationers for the above Service, the following will be the subjects in which such candidates will be examined :—

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| 1. English Composition. | 4. Physics. |
| 2. German or French. | 5. Geology. |
| 3. Chemistry. | 6. Botany. |
| | 7. Zoology. |

Not more than two of the subjects numbered 4 to 7 may be offered.

Candidates must pass to the satisfaction of the Civil Service Commissioners in the first three subjects.

In the subjects numbered 3 to 7, only marks showing real attainment will be counted towards the order of merit, so that a candidate who has a thorough knowledge of one of the optional subjects may obtain on that subject alone as many marks as a candidate who offers two of the optional subjects on a lower standard.

SYLLABUS.

Languages.—The examination in German and French will include translation, composition, and conversation.

Sciences.—The standard of the examination in Chemistry, Physics, Geology, Botany, and Zoology will be that of the Honours Schools of the Universities.

APPENDIX II.

LIST OF APPOINTMENTS OPEN TO MEMBERS OF THE IMPERIAL BRANCH OF THE INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

NOTE.—This list is liable to alteration at any time.

Appointment.	Rs.	Salary.
1 Inspector-General of Forests ...	2,650	a month.
*1 Assistant Inspector-General of Forests	—	
2 Chief Conservators (Burma and Central Provinces).	2,150	"
20 Conservators, in three grades ...	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1,900 \\ 1,700 \\ 1,500 \end{array} \right.$	$\left. \begin{array}{l} " \\ " \\ " \end{array} \right\}$ respectively.
184 Deputy and Assistant Conservators ...	† Rs. 380 a month, rising by annual increments of Rs. 40 a month to Rs. 700 a month; thereafter, by annual increments of Rs. 50 a month to Rs. 1,250 a month, in the twentieth year of service.	
5 Foreign Service appointments ...		
†6 Officers employed at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun.		

The appointments of Conservator and Deputy and Assistant Conservator are allotted to the various provinces as follows:—Burma, 65; Madras, 28; Bombay, 27; Central Provinces, 24; Bengal, 11; United Provinces, 19; Punjab, 12; and Eastern Bengal and Assam, 18.

* The officer holding this appointment draws in addition to the pay of his grade a minimum local allowance of Rs. 200 a month.

† Until he has passed the prescribed Departmental examinations, an Assistant Conservator may not draw pay at a higher rate than Rs. 400 a month. On passing the examinations he will resume drawing pay under the time scale at the rate to which his length of service entitles him.

‡ These draw a local allowance of Rs. 150 a month in addition to their grade pay, with the exception of the Principal of the College, in whose case the allowance is at the rate of Rs. 200 a month.

NOTE.—Under the improved scale of salary shown above, no Exchange Compensation Allowance is granted.

APPENDIX III.

(See paragraph 16 of the Regulations.)

LEAVE.

1. The following is a summary of the principal regulations relating to the leave admissible to officers appointed to the Indian Forest Service by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom.

Long leave.

2. Furlough and special leave with allowances (*see* paragraph 6) are admissible to an aggregate maximum amount of six years during an officer's service. The amount of furlough "earned" is one-fourth of an officer's active service, and the amount "due" is that amount less any enjoyed.

3. Furlough without medical certificate can, if due, be generally taken after eight years' active service, and again after intervals of not less than three years' continuous service. It is limited to two years at a time.

4. Furlough on medical certificate may be granted (a) to an officer who has rendered three years' continuous service, for not more than two years, but capable of extension up to three years; and (b) to an officer who has not rendered three years' continuous service, up to one year in any case, and up to such longer

period, if any (but not exceeding two years in all), as the officer may have furlough "due" to him.

5. The allowances admissible during furlough are:—

- (1) During the first two years of furlough without medical certificate and during so much of furlough with medical certificate as may be "due"—half average salary, subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.
- (2) After the expiration of the period for which the foregoing allowances are admissible—one quarter of average salary, subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.

6. Special leave may be granted at any time for not more than six months, with intervals of six years' service; allowances, calculated as during furlough, are given during the first six months only, whether taken in one or more instalments.

Short leave.

7. Privilege leave is a holiday which may be granted to the extent of one-eleventh part of the time that an officer has been on duty without interruption; and it may be accumulated up to three months, earned by 33 months' duty. During privilege leave, the officer retains a lien on his appointment, and receives the salary which he would have received if on duty. An interval of not less than six months must elapse between two periods of absence on privilege leave.

Privilege leave may be prefixed to furlough, special leave, or extraordinary leave without allowances. The whole period of leave thus taken in combination is known as combined leave. Combined leave may not be granted for a period of less duration than six months, nor, except on medical certificate, may it be extended beyond two years.

8. Subsidiary leave in India for a minimum of 10 days, usually with half average salary, is granted to an officer proceeding on or returning from leave out of India, or on retirement, to enable him to reach the port of embarkation or to rejoin his appointment. It is admissible only at the end and not at the beginning of combined leave.

9. Short leave is also granted to enable officers to appear at examinations, etc.

10. Extraordinary leave without allowances may be granted in case of necessity, and, except in certain specified cases, only when no other kind of leave is by rule admissible. It may be granted in continuation of other leave.

General Rules.

11. Leave of absence, whether on furlough or on privilege leave, can never be claimed as of right, and is given or refused at the discretion of Government.

12. After five years' continuous absence from duty, an officer is considered to be out of the employment of Government.

13. When leave allowances other than privilege leave pay are paid at the Home Treasury, or in a Colony where the standard of currency is gold, rupees are converted into sterling at the rate of exchange fixed for the time being for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Imperial and Indian Treasuries, unless any other rate has been exceptionally authorised. But for the present the rate of conversion is subject to a minimum of 1s. 6d. to the rupee. Privilege Leave pay when issued from the Home Treasury (this is only admissible when privilege leave is combined with other leave) is converted at 1s. 4d. to the rupee.

APPENDIX IV.

(See paragraph 16 of the Regulations.)

PENSIONS AND PROVIDENT FUND.

1. The following is a summary of the principal pension rules applicable to officers of the Indian Forest Service appointed by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom.

An officer of the Indian Forest Service is eligible for a pension on voluntary retirement after completing 20 years' qualifying service or attaining the age of 55 years. If at an earlier date he is compelled to retire from the service through ill-health, not occasioned by irregular or intemperate habits, he becomes eligible for an invalid pension or a gratuity according to the length of his service.

The amount of pension or gratuity is regulated as follows :—

After a service of less than 10 years, an invalid gratuity not exceeding one month's emoluments for each completed year of service.

After a service of not less than 10 years an invalid pension not exceeding the following amounts :—

Years of completed service.					Maximum limits of pension.
					Rs.
10	...	...	0	...	1,000 a year.
11	...	...	...	...	1,400 "
12	...	...	...	...	1,800 "
13	...	...	...	...	2,200 "
14	...	...	...	...	2,600 "
15	...	...	...	...	3,000 "
16	...	...	...	...
17	...	...	...	...
18	...	...	...	...
19	...	...	...	...

After a service of not less than 20 years, a retiring pension not exceeding the following amounts :—

Scale of pension.

Years of completed service.		Sixtieths of average emoluments.	Maximum limit of pension.
			Rs.
20 to 24	...	30	4,000 a year.
25 and above	...		5,000 "

Officers who have shown special energy and efficiency during an effective service of three years as Inspector-General of Forests or Conservator may, at the discretion of the Government of India, be allowed an additional pension of Rs. 1,000 a year, subject to the condition that the officer must not retire voluntarily before the completion of a total qualifying service of 28 years.

Subject to certain prescribed conditions, rupee pensions are now issued to pensioners residing in countries where the Indian rupee is not legal tender at the rate of exchange of 1s. 9d. the rupee.

2. A General Provident Fund has also been established on the following basis:—

- (a) The contribution is compulsory up to $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent on salaries, with voluntary contributions of not more than a further $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Subscriptions on leave of any kind are optional; other forms of life insurance will, if they fulfil certain conditions, be accepted in lieu of such contribution.
- (b) Compound interest on such payments is annually credited by Government to each officer subscribing, the rate being at present 4 per cent per annum.
- (c) The sum which will thus accumulate to the credit of an officer to be his absolute property, to be handed over to him unconditionally on quitting the service; or, in the event of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives.

APPENDIX V.

GENERAL PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS.

Note.—These Regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the Secretary of State reserves to himself an absolute discretion to reject as unfit any candidate whom he may consider, after hearing the opinion of his medical advisers, to be physically disqualified for the public service; and that his discretion is in no respect limited by these Regulations.

1. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with efficient performance of duty.

2. In the examination of candidates the Medical Board will apply the following table of correlation of age, height, and chest girth:—

Age.	Height without shoes.	CHEST.	
		Girth when expanded.	Range of expansion.
19 to 20	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
	62½ and under 65	35	2
	65. " 68	35	2
	68. " 70	35½	2
	70. " 72	36	2
21 and upwards	72 and upwards	36½	2½
	62½ and under 65	35	2
	65 " 68	35½	2
	68. " 70	36	2
	70 " 72	36½	2½
	72 and upwards	37	2½

3. *Measurement of Height.*—The candidate will be placed against the standard with his feet together, and the weight thrown on the heels, and not on the toes or outside of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity, and with the heels, calves, buttocks, and shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be

depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be noted in parts of an inch to eighths. No fixed limit of height is imposed.

4. *Measurement of Chest.*—The candidate will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his hands above his head. The tape will be carefully adjusted round the chest, the posterior upper edge touching the inferior angles of the shoulder blades, and its anterior lower edge the upper part of the nipples. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to empty his chest of air as much as possible. This is best done by continuous whistling with the lips as long as sound can be produced. The tape is carefully gathered in during the process, and when the minimum measurement is reached it is recorded. The candidate will then be directed to inflate his chest to its utmost capacity. This maximum measurement will likewise be noted. The girth with the chest fully expanded and the range of expansion between the minimum and the maximum will then be recorded.

5. The hearing must be good.
6. The speech without impediment.
7. The teeth in good order, *i.e.*, decayed or broken teeth must be properly stopped or crowned, and deficient teeth replaced by artificial teeth where necessary for effective mastication.
8. The chest must be well formed, the lungs and heart sound.
9. Rupture, hydrocele, varicocele, varicose veins in a severe degree, or other condition likely to cause inefficiency will disqualify a candidate, unless such condition is cured by operation.
10. The limbs, feet, and toes must be well formed and developed, with free and perfect motion of all the joints.
11. A candidate must have no congenital malformation or defect likely to interfere with efficiency.
12. A candidate must not be the subject of chronic skin disease.
13. Evidence of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution will disqualify.
14. Candidates may, not more than two years before they are qualified to compete for an appointment, undergo a preliminary examination by the Medical Board, which meets at the India Office every Tuesday, under the following conditions:—

- (a) Applications must be addressed to the Under-Secretary of State, India Office, Whitehall, London, accompanied by a fee of two guineas and a statement of the candidate's age.
- (b) Candidates must pay their travelling expenses.
- (c) Candidates considered to be unfit by the Medical Board at this preliminary examination are not bound to accept its opinion, but may, *at their own risk*, continue their studies, with the knowledge that they will have to submit themselves for a final medical examination by the Medical Board, prior to their appointment.
- (d) On the other hand, it must be distinctly understood that the preliminary examination by the Medical Board is held solely for the candidate's information, and that, if after that examination he is reported to be apparently fit, he has not on that account any claim to be accepted as physically fit when he presents himself for the final Medical Examination, upon which alone his acceptance or rejection will depend. Candidates may be considered fit for the Service at the preliminary examination, but may be found at the final examination to be unfit, either on account of some physical defect which did not exist or passed undetected at the preliminary examination, or for other reasons.

REGULATIONS AS TO THE STANDARD OF VISION FOR THE INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

1. If myopia in one or both eyes exists, a candidate may be passed, provided the ametropia does not exceed 2.5 D, and if with correcting glasses, not exceeding 2.5 D, the acuteness of vision in one eye equals $\frac{6}{8}$ and in the other $\frac{6}{8}$, there being normal range of accommodation with the glasses.

2. Myopic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate for service, provided the lens or the combined spherical and cylindrical lenses required to correct the error of refraction do not exceed—2.5 D; the acuteness of vision in one eye, when corrected, being equal to $\frac{6}{8}$, and in the other eye $\frac{6}{8}$, together with normal range of accommodation with the correcting glasses, there being no evidence of progressive disease in the choroid or retina.

3. A candidate having total hypermetropia not exceeding 4 D is not disqualified, provided the sight in one eye (when under the influence of atropine) equals $\frac{6}{8}$, and in the other eye equals $\frac{6}{8}$, with + 4 D or any lower power.

4. Hypermetropic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate for the service, provided the lens or combined lenses required to cover the error of refraction do not exceed 4 D, and that the sight of one eye equals $\frac{6}{8}$, and of the other $\frac{6}{8}$, with or without such lens or lenses.

5. A candidate having a defect of vision arising from nebula of the cornea is disqualified if the sight of one eye be less than $\frac{6}{15}$. In such a case the better eye must be emmetropic. Defects of vision arising from pathological or other changes in the deeper structures of either eye, which are not referred to in the above rules, may exclude a candidate for admission into the service.

6. Squint, or any morbid condition, subject to the risk of aggravation or recurrence, in either eye, may cause the rejection of a candidate. The existence of imperfection of colour sense will be noted on the candidate's papers.

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Regulations be forwarded, for information,

1. The Secretary to the Government of Madras, Revenue Department.
2. " Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Revenue Department.
3. " Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.
4. " Chief Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces.
5. " " Punjab.
6. " Revenue Secretary to the Government of Burma.
7. " Financial Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
8. " Honourable the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces
9. " Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
10. " " Ajmer.
11. " Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.
12. " Honourable the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General in the North-West Frontier Province.
13. " Superintendent of Port Blair.

tion, to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin, the Inspector General of Forests, and the Comptroller, India Treasuries. Also that the Regulations be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

*For Office use
only.*

No.

Ackd.

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT AS PROBATIONER, 1912.

No person will be considered as a Candidate from whom the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W., shall not have received, on or before Monday the 1st July 1912 at latest, an application on this form.

If Candidates who fill up and return the Application Form do not receive an acknowledgment of it within four complete days, they should communicate with the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department.

INDIA OFFICE,

August 1911.

1	Name in full.
2	Address. <i>(Any alteration to be notified to the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W.)</i>
3	Date and place of Birth. <i>(In the event of the Candidate's selection, he will be required to produce a Birth Certificate or other satisfactory evidence of age.)</i>
4	Profession or occupation, and nationality of Father.

5	<p>The names of any near relatives who have been or are now, in the service of the Indian Government, and the appointments at present, or immediately before retirement or decease, held by them.</p>																
6	<p>All Institutions where educated, with dates, distinguishing whether or not the Candidate was in residence at such Institutions.</p> <table border="0"><tr><td>From</td><td>to</td></tr><tr><td>at</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>From</td><td>to</td></tr><tr><td>at</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>From</td><td>to</td></tr><tr><td>at</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>From</td><td>to</td></tr><tr><td>at</td><td></td></tr></table>	From	to	at		From	to	at		From	to	at		From	to	at	
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7	<p>Whether trained at the public expense in any Training College in England and Wales.</p>																

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|---|--|
| 8 | The Candidate should insert here full information with regard to his qualifications, under paragraph 5 of the Regulations. |
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|---|---|
| 9 | Whether married or single (<i>see</i> paragraph 4 of Regulations). |
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|----|--|
| 10 | Names and Addresses of three persons (of whom at least one should be connected with the Institution at which the Candidate has last studied) who will testify, if applied to, as to conduct and character during the last four years. (<i>References will not be accepted from persons who are related to or have no personal knowledge of the Candidate.</i>) |
|----|--|
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11	Whether the Candidate has previously applied, either in England or in India, for an appointment under the Government of India.
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*Signature of Candidate*_____

*Date*_____1912.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 45.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 6th November, 1911.

No. 36.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation I. B (a) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. William Henry Hoare Vincent, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 10th November, 1911.

No. 1779.—Sir J. O. Miller, K.C.S.I., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 23rd September 1911.

MEDICAL.

The 10th November, 1911.

No. 1124.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Duer, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), is granted privilege leave for thirty-six days with effect from the 20th December 1911 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1125.—Captain C. A. Gill, I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel C. Duer, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S.

POLICE.

The 7th November, 1911.

No. 1466.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-sections (1) and (2) of the Police Act, 1888 (III of 1888), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department no. 921, dated the 10th July 1908, namely:

After the words "The Barsi Light Railway" the words "The Bombay Harbour Branch of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway" shall be added.

The 9th November, 1911.

No. 1482.—The services of Captain C. B. D. Strettell, 23rd Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police.

The 10th November, 1911.

No. 1485.—The services of Captains J. S. S. Moir, 26th Light Cavalry, and V. P. B. Williams, 4th Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 9th November, 1911.

No. 498.—The services of the undermentioned chaplains are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department:

The Ven'ble L. Klugh, Archdeacon of Lucknow.

The Revd. B. W. Holman.

The Revd. K. G. Foster.

ARCHÆOLOGY.

The 10th November, 1911.

No. 437.—In supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Education, No. 270, dated the 26th July 1911, Mr. Devdatta Ramkishna Bhandarkar is appointed to be Superintendent, Archæological Survey, Western Circle, substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 16th August 1911, the date on which he assumed charge of his duties. Mr. Bhandarkar will be on probation until further orders.

The 10th November, 1911.

No. 501.—The services of the Reverend A. Cant, Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland, Bombay, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department.

No. 504.—The services of the Ven'ble G. E. Nicolls, Archdeacon of Lahore, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department.

SANITARY.

The 7th November, 1911.

No. 2083—Major S. P. James, M.D., I.M.S., is placed on special duty in connection with the investigation of yellow fever in its endemic area in Central America, with effect from the 23rd October 1911.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 6th November, 1911.

No. 1153—185—11.—Mr. A. J. Grove, B.Sc., M.Sc., is appointed to be Supernumerary Entomologist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture in India with effect from the 27th October 1911.

E. D. MACLAGAN.

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th November, 1911.

No. 2444-I-B.—Erratum. In the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2054-I.B., dated the 22nd September, 1911, for the words and figures "27th May, 1911", the words and figures "27th May, 1910" shall be substituted.

No. 3107-Est.-A.—Captain W. H. I. Shakespear, Political Agent, Koweit, is granted privilege leave for three-and-a-half months, with effect from the 14th October, 1911.

No. 3110-Est.-A.—The furlough granted in Notifications Nos. 2357-Est.-A., dated the 14th July, 1909, and 1419-Est.-A., dated the 28th April, 1910, to 3rd class Assistant Surgeon W. H. K. Brumby, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is extended up to the 26th October, 1910, inclusive.

No. 3113-Est.-A.—Captain C. W. Prescott, a Political Assistant, is posted as Assistant Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, with effect from the 23rd October, 1911.

The 9th November, 1911.

No. 2166-G.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. J. H. Fyfe as Acting Consul for Belgium at Karachi, during the absence of Mr. R. H. Ireland.

No. 3122-Est.-A.—Mr. F. P. Rennie, a Political Agent, is posted, on return from leave, as Deputy Commissioner, Kohat district, with effect from the 26th October, 1911.

No. 3123-Est.-A.—Captain C. G. Crosthwaite, a Political Assistant, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 26th October, 1911.

No. 3133-Est.-A.—Captain C. H. Gabriel, a Political Assistant, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 2nd November, 1911.

The 10th November, 1911.

No. 3145-*Est.-A*.—Mr. J. S. Donald, C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd class, and Resident in Waziristan, was granted privilege leave from the 11th September to the 20th October, 1911, inclusive.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 7th November, 1911.

No. 6831-*F.E.*—The services of Mr. G. E. Soames, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, with effect from the 4th November 1911.

No. 6858-*F.E. (Simla)*.—Mr. A. S. B. Bayley, Assistant Accountant General, United Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 15th August 1911.

Mr. W. H. J. Lett, Accountant, 1st Grade, in the office of the Accountant General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office with effect from the same date and until further orders.

The 10th November, 1911.

No. 6911-*F.E. (Simla)*.—Mr. L. E. Pritchard is with effect from the 9th November 1911 granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-two days and furlough for one year nine months and nine days in continuation.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 10th November, 1911.

No. 1538-*Accts.*—Major R. H. B. Anderson, I.A., Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for sixty days from the 1st November 1911.

No. 1539-*Accts.*—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:

From the 31st October 1911, consequent on the return of Captain R. H. S. Whitchurch from leave out of India.

Mr. E. Sterling, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent (provisional).

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SALT.

Simla, the 11th November, 1911.

No. 8342-9.—The services of Mr. S. R. Arthur, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 4th November 1911.

CUSTOMS.

The 11th November, 1911.

No. 8374-101.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India of any copy of the publication entitled "Star of the East", published by the Rama Krishna Vedanta Mission in Melbourne, Australia.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th November 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.**PERSONAL STAFF.**

No. 912.—The Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 8th October 1911 :—

To be Extra Aide-de-Camp.

Second Lieutenant The Hon'ble E. C. Hardinge, 15th (The King's) Hussars.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 913.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel H. G. B. Raitt, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

COMMANDS.

No. 914.—Brigadier-General G. A. Cookson, C.B., Indian Army, Colonel-on-the-Staff, to be a Brigade Commander and to retain the rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed, *vice* Major-General J. L. Keir, C.B., British Service. Dated 16th October 1911.

No. 915.—Colonel D. G. L. Shaw, Indian Army, to be a Colonel-on-the-Staff, *vice* Brigadier-General G. A. Cookson, C.B., Indian Army, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 16th October 1911.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.**CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.**

No. 916.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Field, Indian Army, is granted privilege leave for two months and fifteen days, with furlough out of India in continuation for nine months and sixteen days; with effect from the 27th October 1911.

PROMOTIONS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 917.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

26th September 1911.

Frederick Charles Livingston Waller, Commandant, 42nd Deoli Regiment.

22nd October 1911.

David Clapham Adrian Andrew, Commandant, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Frederic George Lucas, D.S.O., Commandant, 2nd Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 918.—The undermentioned 4th Class Assistant Surgeon, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 8th October 1911:—

Gerald Walter Ottmann.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 919.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 1st November 1911:—

Joseph Henry Arnold Donnelland.

Charles Thompson.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 920.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 15th October 1911:—

No. 853, (Supernumerary 1st Class) Bhaiya Lal (E).

No. 1006, Saiyid Muhammad Ejaz (E).

(E) Passed in English.

Madras Establishment.

No. 921.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the dates specified:—

No. 1394, Solomon Vincent Moses,—11th October 1911.

No. 1396, R. M. Tandavarayan Pillai,—15th October 1911.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 922.—Lieutenant Perceval Ivor Renorden Sandilands, 108th Infantry, is permitted to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 1st January 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 923.—No. 1358, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon A. Samuel is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 1st December 1911.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 924.—No. 290, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ram-chandra Vasdeo Tamankar is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 1st December 1911.

No. 925.—No. 372, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Anthony Vincent D'Aranjo is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 30th November 1911.

RETIREMENTS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 926.—Colonel Herbert James, C.B., Supply and Transport Corps, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 12th November 1911.

No. 927.—Lieutenant-Colonel James Harry Christie, Supernumerary List, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 30th October 1911.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 928.—Commissary and Honorary Captain Edwin James Tydeman, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 929.—The undermentioned departmental officer, with honorary rank, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the date specified:—

Commissary and Honorary Captain Thomas Yarnold Macey,—5th November 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.**APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.***Assam Valley Light Horse.*

No. 930.—Second Lieutenant Hugh Warburton Davies resigns his commission. Dated 3rd October 1911.

United Provinces Horse, and (Northern) Regiment.

No. 931.—Captain and Quarter Master Philip Litchfield is granted the honorary rank of Major.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 932.—Charles William Carson to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* J. H. Phelps, promoted. Dated 15th October 1911.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 933.—Captain (Honorary Major) Charles Rimmington Scott, V.D., to be Major, *vice* J. M. Templer, V.D., resigned. Dated 1st July 1911.

Lieutenant Francis Graham Arnold to be Captain, *vice* C. R. Scott, V.D., promoted. Dated 1st July 1911.

Second Lieutenant William Arthur Smith to be Lieutenant, *vice* W. A. Radice, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 15th June 1911.

Second Lieutenant Duncan George Morison Mearns to be Lieutenant, *vice* F. G. Arnold, promoted. Dated 1st July 1911.

Arthur Havard Montriou Campion to be Second Lieutenant, supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption. Dated 1st September 1911.

Herbert Baber Saxby to be Second Lieutenant, supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption. Dated 1st September 1911.

Thomas Cooper to be Second Lieutenant, supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption. Dated 1st September 1911.

Agra Volunteer Rifles.

No. 934.—Captain Thomas Francis O'Donnell resigns his commission. Dated 18th September 1911.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Armine Wodehouse resigns his commission. Dated 18th September 1911.

and (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 935.—Geoffrey Dodleston Hope to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 8th September 1911.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 936.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers:—

United Provinces Horse, and (Northern) Regiment.

Captain (Quarter Master) Philip Litchfield.

and (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Stewart Cooper.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 10th November 1911.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 1st and 7th November 1911:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Supply and Transport Corps.	Captain Leopold Henry Vivian Forster.	31st October 1911.	Secunderabad.	...	Was Commandant, 31st Mule Corps.
Army Veterinary Corps.	Captain Brian Hill Lane	5th November 1911.	Meerut	...	Was in charge of Station Veterinary Hospital, Nowshera.
Unattached List, Indian Army, attached to 1st Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment.	Second Lieutenant Thomas Chambers de la Poer Beresford-Peirse.	5th November 1911.	Karachi	...	...
Ordnance Department, Northern Army.	Conductor Thomas Charles Hauley.	29th October 1911.	England	...	Was Assistant Overseer, Rawalpindi.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 18th October and 7th November 1911.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
Percy Arthur Stillwell.*	Lieutenant	77th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.	31st July 1911.	Intestate ...	Rs. a. p. 243 15 1	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bengal.

* *Next-of-kin*—Father—Mr. Edward Ernest Stillwell.
Address—25, Barbican, London.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th November 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 80.—The following appointments have been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 10th August 1911 :—

To be Sub-Lieutenants.

Lancelot Sanderson.

Rupert Laurie Hayward.

No. 81.—Chief Engineer J. Lush, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed Inspector of Machinery, Kidderpore Dockyard, *vice* Chief Engineer D. J. Taylor, Royal Indian Marine ; with effect from the 23rd October 1911.

No. 82.—The services of Engineer C. F. Laslett, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chittagong, for employment as Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor, *vice* Chief Engineer J. Lush, Royal Indian Marine ; with effect from the 21st October 1911.

No. 83.—The services of Engineer A. A. MacDonald, Royal Indian Marine, 3rd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor under the Government of Bengal, will continue to be at the disposal of that Government for employment as 2nd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor, *vice* Engineer C. F. Laslett, Royal Indian Marine ; with effect from the 18th October 1911.

No. 84.—The services of Engineer W. G. Horley, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, for employment as 3rd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor, *vice* Engineer A. A. MacDonald, Royal Indian Marine ; with effect from the 18th October 1911.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 85.—The following promotions are made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 23rd October 1911 :—

To be Lieutenants.

Sub-Lieutenant Guy Engledue.

Sub-Lieutenant Albane Rahere Castleton Poyntz.

Sub-Lieutenant Herbert Ludlow Davis.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.**(RAILWAY BOARD.)**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th November, 1911.

No. 296.—Mr. F. W. Allum, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, posted to the North Western State Railway.

The 9th November, 1911.

No. 297.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the following surveys being undertaken by the agency of Messrs. Killick Nixon and Company of Bombay for lines of railway on the 2' 6" gauge with a view to the earth-work thereon being utilised as a famine relief work :—

(i) from Kapadvanj on the Nadiad-Kapadvanj Railway to Meghraj, a distance of about 47 miles, and

(ii) from Lunavada on the proposed Godhra-Lunavada Railway, *via* Sunth and Rampur, to Jhalod, a distance of about 37 miles.

These surveys will be known, respectively, as the Kapadvanj-Meghraj Railway Survey and the Lunavada-Jhalod Railway Survey.

The 10th November, 1911.

No. 298.—Mr. J. Woodside, Superintending Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India furlough for six months, in extension of the combined leave granted to him in Railway Board Notification No. 8, dated the 13th January 1911.

No. 299.—The undermentioned gentlemen, appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Assistant Traffic Superintendents in class III, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, are posted to the railways noted against their names :—

Mr. Warren Kirkham Guest-Williams	...	...	Eastern Bengal State Railway.
Mr. Basil Moody	...	...	North Western State Railway.
Mr. Caryl Henry Courthope-Munroe	...	...	Eastern Bengal State Railway.
Mr. Alfred Peveril LeMesurier Sinkinson	...	...	North Western State Railway.
Mr. Ivan Terence St. Clair Pringle	...	...	Eastern Bengal State Railway.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 9th November 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 4th November 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	6	6
		Ahmedabad District	15	3
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	4	3
		Kaira District	20	11
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	1	1
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	12	7
		Mahi Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan Port	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Thana Port . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	12	10
	Central	Satara District	278	163
		East Khandesh District	74	45
		West Khandesh District	32	11
		Poona City	62	39
		Poona District	30	14
		Nasik District	317	306
		Ahmednagar District	99	60
		Sholapur District	174	115
	Southern	Sholapur Town	3	2
		Panvel Port	1	...
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	4	2
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	3	2
		Belgaum District	907	629
		Hubli Town	33	18
		Dharwar District	2,764	1,933
		Kanara District	33	10
		Bijapur District	1,138	744
		Bijapur Agency	11	8
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	1
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	46	42
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	438	324
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	22	20
		Satara Agency	55	37
		Savanur State	74	72
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	52	40
		TOTAL	6,782	4,694
	...	Anantapur District	20 (a)	20 (a)
		North Arcot District	2 (b)	1 (a)
		South Arcot District	8	11
		Bellary Town	6 (b)	4 (b)
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	811 (f)	624 (c)
		Mangalore Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Chittoor District	1 (a)	...
		Coimbatore Town	69	40
		Coimbatore District	29 (d)	21 (c)
		Cuddapah District . . . . .	...	...
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		Malabar District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris District	10 (a)	6
		Salem District	30	27
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		Sandur State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	986	754

(a) One imported.

(b) Two imported.

(c) Three imported.

(d) Four imported.

(e) Five imported.

(f) Six imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Presidency	Calcutta	6	6
	Burdwan	Howrah Town	1	1
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
		Gaya District . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Patna District	11	11
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga District . . . . .	...	...
		Saran District	59	64
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	13	10
		Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District . . . . .	...	1
	TOTAL		90	68
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	33	14
		Saharanpur District	7	5
		Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etah District	7	2
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly District . . . . .	...	...
		Bijnor District	3	3

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	1	1
		Fatehpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad City	2	1
		Allahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares City	3	3
		Benares District	21	18
		Ballia District	150	150
		Ghazipur District	24	28
		Jaunpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	89	65
		Basti District	10	10
		Gorakhpur District	83	28
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	3	3
		Lucknow District	17	17
		Unao District	34	22
		Rae Bareilly District	5	7
		Sitapur District	84	15
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	19	14
		Bahraich District	18	18
		Sultanpur District	3	2
		Gonda District	3	2
		Para Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Para Banki District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		589	428
PUNJAB	Delhi	Gurgaon District . . . . .	...	...
	Jullundur	Ludhiana District . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot District . . . . .	...	...
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	52	30
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	3	1
		Jind State	5	2
	TOTAL		60	33
BURMA	Pegu	Bangoon Town	2	2
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome District . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya District . . . . .	...	...
		Manbin District . . . . .	...	...
		Pyapon District . . . . .	...	...
	Tenasserim	Henzada District . . . . .	...	...
		Toungoo District	1	1
		Thaton District . . . . .	...	...
	Mawlaik	Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
		Myitkyina District . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District . . . . .	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		3	3
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.*	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nagpur District	102	62
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha District	19	12
		Bhandara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara District	41	20
		Chanda District	5	4
		Chanda Town . . . . .	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	1	1
		Jubbulpore District	30	26
		Saugor Town . . . . .	...	...
		Damoh District	10	6
		Mandla Town	17	12
	Nerbudda	Mandla District	106	63
		Hoshangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshangabad Town . . . . .	...	1
		Nimar District	36	34
		Narsingpur Town	4	5
	Chhattisgarh	Narsingpur District	63	57
		Chhindwara Town	7	5
		Chhindwara District	35	21
	Berar	Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Akola Town	1	1
		Akola District	12	6
		Buldana District	10	8
		Amraoti Town	1	...
		Amraoti District	31	31
		Yeotmal District	3	...
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	534	375
GOORG	...	Goorg	7	2
		TOTAL	7	2
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	51	41
		Bangalore City	15	6
		Bangalore District	141	129
		Mysore City	33	26
		Mysore District	24	15
		Hassan District	68	45
		Kadur District	20	13
		Kolar District	61	47
		Kolar Gold Fields	4	2
		Tumkur District	114	81
		Shimoga District	62	50
		Chitaldroog District	121	74
		TOTAL	714	582

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 11, 1911. 1847

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	50	35
		Baichur District	397	358
		Aurangabad District	4	3
		Nizamabad District. . . . .	...	...
		Gulbarga District	7	6
		Bidar District . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani District	9	29
		Atrafialda District. . . . .	...	...
		Nander District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	332	305
		Bir District	20	33
		Adilabad District	1	1
		TOTAL .	820 (a)	770 (a)
		Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	94	60
		Indore Residency	81	13
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Rutlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	13	5
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	3	3
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	5	4
		Noemuch Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State . . . . .	...	...
		Dagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	128	94
		Sehore Agency Limits . . . . .	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment.	14	10
		Bhopal State	489	483
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa State	32	16
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitaman State . . . . .	...	...
		Sohawal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	798 (b)	688 (b)

(a) From 23rd to 29th October 1911.

(b) Figures for the week ending 28th October, 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	6	6
		Mewar State	5	3
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur	23	16
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State . . . . .	...	...
		Baawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL		33 (a)	25 (a)
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL
BALU- CHISTAN	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL
GRAND TOTAL			11,396	8,367

(a) Figures for the week ending 3rd November 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Nos. 1715—1725.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 2nd November 1911.

RESOLUTION.

The orders issued in the Home Department Resolution no. 817-825, dated the 6th July 1910, as amended by Home Department Resolution no. 1409-1417, dated the 23rd September 1910, provided for the recruitment of candidates for the first division of the Secretariat staff through the Home Department of the Government of India, in accordance with the rules published with those Resolutions. Experience of the working of that system has shown that there is no advantage either to the Departments concerned or to the candidates themselves in concentrating this duty in one Department of the Government of India, nor for the maintenance of uniform rules for recruitment for all the Departments.

2. The Governor General in Council is accordingly pleased to direct, in supersession of the Resolutions and rules referred to above, that for the future candidates for employment in the Government of India Secretariats shall apply direct to the head of the Department in which they wish to serve. Further, that each Department shall be at liberty to frame such rules for recruitment in its office, as circumstances may warrant. The main conditions in the rules for the first division shall be that in the case of Europeans the candidate must ordinarily have passed the Oxford or Cambridge Senior Local or the High School Examination or Matriculation Examination of a University, or such other examinations not inferior to these as may from time to time be notified by the Governor General in Council, and in the case of Indians that the candidate must ordinarily have a University Degree. In both classes the candidates must ordinarily not be less than 18 nor more than 25 years of age.

3. No special conditions have, up to the present, been laid down for appointments in the second division, but it is left to the Departments to frame rules for that division if they deem fit to do so.

4. The scales of pay in the Secretariat offices are, with some exceptions, as follows:—

Superintendents—

					Rs.
1st grade	...	...	...	...	700
2nd „	...	...	...	...	600
3rd „	...	...	...	...	500

First Division.

Secretariat Assistants—

					Rs.
1st grade	...	...	...	...	400
2nd „	...	...	...	...	350
3rd „	...	...	...	...	300
4th „	...	...	...	...	250
5th „	...	...	...	...	200
6th „	...	...	...	...	170
7th „	...	...	...	...	140

Second Division.

Clerks—

					Rs.
1st grade	...	...	...	...	200
2nd „	...	...	...	...	180
3rd „	...	...	...	...	160
4th „	...	...	...	...	140
5th „	...	...	...	...	120

Efficiency bar—

6th grade	...	...	...	...	100
7th „	...	...	...	...	90
8th „	...	...	...	...	80
9th „	...	...	...	...	70
10th „	...	...	...	...	60
Probationers	...	...	...	...	50

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

Legislative Department.
 Foreign Department.
 Finance Department.
 Public Works Department.
 Army Department.
 Finance (Military Finance) Department.
 Railway Department.
 Department of Education.
 Department of Revenue and Agriculture.
 Department of Commerce and Industry.

Ordered also that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the Departments of the Government of India noted in the margin for information and guidance.

A. EARLE,
 Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 9th November 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A depression affected northwest India during the week. Rainfall was reported from west Persia on the 3rd, and by next day a trough of low pressure was shown extending from the Persian Gulf into northwest India. From the 4th to the 6th rain fell in Baluchistan, but the area of low pressure remained practically unchanged in position, and rainfall failed to spread eastwards. A rise of pressure in Persia and Baluchistan caused the disappearance on the 7th of the low pressure conditions in those regions, and the residual area of low pressure in Sind and Rajputana became a definite depression and began to move eastwards. Rain fell on the 7th in the North-West Frontier Province and the north Punjab, and snowfall occurred in Kashmir. Precipitation continued on the 8th in Kashmir and spread eastwards along the Punjab Himalayas into the west of the United Provinces. On the morning of the 9th the depression was lying over Central India, and skies had partially cleared in the plains of northwest India. On this day, also, there appeared signs of further unsettled weather in west Persia.

These disturbances are of the winter type and are making their appearance unusually early, but as they are following each other in very rapid succession they show a want of development, and the precipitation given by them is comparatively light.

2. Rainfall occurred in the south of the Peninsula during the first part of the week, and a few falls were reported from south Burma. Weather was dry in almost all other parts of the country.

3. Temperature fell in the rear of the depression in northwest India, and some low day temperatures were recorded in Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province. Night temperature however was affected to only a small extent.

4. *Burma*.—Only a few light falls of rain occurred, chiefly in the south.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—The only rainfall reported was from the upper Brahmaputra valley on the 4th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rain fell along the Himalayas as far east as Bahraich on the 8th; weather was dry elsewhere.

Northwest India.—The depression from Persia gave precipitation in Baluchistan on the 4th, 5th and 6th, and in the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and Kashmir on the 7th and 8th.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall occurred in the south of the Peninsula during the first part of the week, but decreased as the week advanced, and practically no rain was reported on the 7th, 8th and 9th.

5. The most important falls reported were :—

November 2nd. Port Blair 1·31", Nellore 2·46", Ootacamund 0·93" and Tinnevely 0·72".

" 3rd. Sibsagar 1·45", Pamban 1·46", Negapatam 1·24" and Cuddalore 1·87".

" 4th. Dalbandin 1·00", Tinnevely 1·72" and Negapatam 1·86".

" 5th. Pamban 2·04" and Cochin 0·75".

" 6th. Quetta 0·69" and Kalat 0·36".

" 7th. Parachinar 0·32".

" 8th. Cherat 0·33", Murree 0·61", Rawalpindi 0·41", Lahore 0·46", Ludhiana 0·32" and Bareilly 0·43".

6. The precipitation of the week was above normal in Assam, Kashmir, the east and north Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan. The unusual character of the rainfall recorded in northwest India is shown by the fact that the normal rainfall of the week for the last three of these areas is *nil*. The deficiency in rainfall in the rest of India exceeded half an inch in the case of Burma, Orissa, Mysore and the Madras Presidency.

During the period 28th April to 9th November rainfall was in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar, and in large excess in Baluchistan. It was in largest defect in Sind, Gujarat and Rajputana.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 9TH NOVEMBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 9TH NOVEMBER 1911.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1'3	2'5	-1'2	89'2	100'1	-10'9	- 11	- 10
Lower Burma	0'2	1'1	-0'9	145'4	140'2	+ 5'2	+ 4	+ 4
Upper Burma	0	0'7	-0'7	42'0	41'0	+ 1'0	+ 2	+ 4
Assam	0'3	0'2	+0'1	91'5	77'7	+ 13'8	+ 18	+ 18
Eastern Bengal	0	0'4	-0'4	91'5	79'1	+ 12'4	+ 16	+ 16
Bengal	0	0'4	-0'4	46'3	56'9	-10'6	- 19	- 18
Orissa	0	0'6	-0'6	45'9	58'2	-12'3	- 21	- 20
Chota Nagpur	0	0'1	-0'1	53'8	49'3	+ 4'5	+ 9	+ 9
Bihar	0	0'1	-0'1	55'3	50'3	+ 5'0	+ 10	+ 10
United Provinces, East	0	0'1	-0'1	37'6	39'4	- 1'8	- 5	- 4
United Provinces, West	0'1	0'1	0	27'9	39'2	-11'3	- 29	- 29
Punjab, East and North	0'3	0	+0'3	11'9	21'4	- 9'5	- 44	- 46
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	4'4	8'1	- 3'7	- 46	- 46
Kashmir	0'2	0'1	+0'1	5'6	8'9	- 3'3	- 37	- 39
N.-W. Frontier Province	0'1	0	+0'1	2'8	5'8	- 3'0	- 52	- 53
Baluchistan	0'6	0	+0'6	1'5	0'9	+ 0'6	+ 67	0
Sind	0	0	0	0	4'8	- 4'8	-100	-100
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	3'9	11'3	- 7'4	- 65	- 65
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	11'6	22'0	-10'4	- 47	- 47
Gujarat	0	0	0	6'9	23'5	-16'6	- 71	- 71
Central India, West	0	0	0	20'1	29'6	- 9'5	- 32	- 32
Central India, East	0	0'1	-0'1	39'5	41'2	- 1'7	- 4	- 4
Berar	0	0'2	-0'2	18'9	31'3	-12'4	- 40	- 39
Central Provinces, West	0	0'2	-0'2	36'9	44'7	- 7'8	- 17	- 17
Central Provinces, East	0	0'2	-0'2	44'6	47'9	- 3'3	- 7	- 6
Konkan	0	0'5	-0'5	70'0	96'9	-26'9	- 28	- 27
Bombay Deccan	0	0'4	-0'4	20'1	27'2	- 7'1	- 26	- 25
Hyderabad, North	0	0'2	-0'2	24'8	32'9	- 8'1	- 25	- 24
Hyderabad, South	0	0'3	-0'3	20'3	30'1	- 9'8	- 33	- 32
Mysore	0	1'0	-1'0	24'8	27'1	- 2'3	- 8	- 5
Malabar	0'5	1'8	-1'3	84'2	96'0	-11'8	- 12	- 11
Madras, South-east	1'6	2'3	-0'7	18'5	24'9	- 6'4	- 26	- 25
Madras Deccan	0	0'8	-0'8	16'7	23'7	- 7'0	- 30	- 27
Madras Coast, North	0'5	2'1	-1'6	24'9	33'2	- 8'3	- 25	- 22

J. H. FIELD,

Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

SINLA ;

The 9th November 1911.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
4th November 1911.

Burma.—Most districts report light or moderate rainfall. Sowing of island crops has begun. Reaping of autumn rice and harvesting of cotton and groundnut are proceeding normally. In Lower Burma the winter rice crop is in good condition but in Upper Burma prospects are poor in unirrigated tracts. There are no important variations in the price of unhusked rice which remains abnormal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was fine and dry with very little rain in parts of Assam. Sowing of spring crops is progressing rapidly. The tea season is nearly over. Prospects of standing crops are generally good. The average price of common rice fell by $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Cattle disease prevails in Cachar, the Naga and Garo Hills, Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang and Nowgong.

Bengal.—Very light showers fell in parts of Saran and Champaran. There was no rain in the rest of the Province. More rain is wanted for winter rice in Cuttack and in parts of Balasore. Sowings of spring crops continue. Harvesting of the early winter paddy has commenced in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. The standing winter paddy is doing well. Some damage has been done by insects in parts of Midnapur and Balasore. The price of common rice has risen in Champaran, Darbhanga, Angul, Ranchi and Palamau and has fallen in Burdwan, Midnapore, Nadia, Jessore, Bhagalpur, the Sonthal Pargannas, Hazaribagh and Manbhum. Cattle disease is reported from Champaran, Monghyr, Angul, Puri, Sambalpur, Ranchi, and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—The week was practically rainless throughout the Provinces except that Azamgarh, Gonda and Jhansi each received about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of rain. The condition of standing crops is informally good. Prospects are favourable. Sporadic cattle disease continues in seventeen districts. Supplies of fodder and water are sufficient everywhere. The condition of agricultural stock is good. Cutting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. There is no marked change in prices.

Punjab.—There is no marked change as compared with the previous week. Light rain fell in parts of Attock. The condition of standing irrigated crops is generally fair and that of unirrigated crops poor. Autumn crops are being harvested. The outturn is generally average or below average. Sowings of spring crops continue. Cotton is being damaged by aphids in parts of Gujranwala. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in the central Punjab districts and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts. Water is insufficient in parts of Jhelum and Mianwali. Canal water is deficient in Montgomery.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week except 3 cents at Abbottabad in Hazara. There is no change in the condition of standing crops. Sowings of spring and harvesting of autumn crops are in progress. Pressing of sugarcane continues in the Peshawar district. The outturn is reported to be slightly below the average. The condition as regards the water-supply and fodder is unchanged. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur Canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Cattle are generally in good condition throughout the Province. The public health is generally good. Prices of food grains are stationary. Prices:—wheat $11\frac{1}{4}$ to $17\frac{1}{4}$, gram $15\frac{1}{4}$ to 25, maize $14\frac{1}{4}$ to $25\frac{1}{4}$, and bajra $16\frac{1}{4}$ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell twice during the week and was beneficial to spring crops. Otherwise the weather was bright. Zamindars are busy in harvesting and collecting autumn crops and sowing spring crops. Prices are falling slightly. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The rainfall in cents was:—Jodhpur 52 in one district and slight in six districts, the hilly tracts of Mewar 68, Bundi 45, Kotah 43 and Jhalawar 41. Light showers fell in Udaipur, Jaipur, Karauli, Ajmer and Merwara. Bikaner had between 72 cents and 2.33 inches in four districts and Marwar had 1 to 2 inches in one district during the week ending 28th October 1911. The previous week's rainfall in Jaisalmer was confined to eastern districts where the condition of standing crops is now reported to be fair. More rain is still needed also in the hilly tracts of Mewar, Shahpura and the

Merwara district where prospects of spring harvest are unsatisfactory. Sowings have suffered from excessive heat in Dungarpur. Cattle disease prevails in one district of Mewar. Pasture is scarce in Shahpura and parts of Jodhpur, Jaipur and Merwara. 1,353 people and 4,891 cattle emigrated from Jodhpur, 180 cattle from Merwara and 100 cattle from Jaisalmer. Dry grass is generally sufficient for the present. Prices have risen by $1\frac{1}{2}$ seers in the hilly tracts of Mewar and slightly in Mewar, Marwar, Partabgarh and Kishangarh.

Central India.—The rainfall averaged $\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in Bhopal, and about $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch in Malwa and Bhopawar respectively. The showers have facilitated sowings of spring crops which continue everywhere. Picking of cotton is proceeding and autumn crops are being reaped. The outturn will be poor in parts of Indore and the greater portion of Bhopawar, but promises to be good elsewhere. Fodder is abundant except in parts of Indore and Bhopawar. Prices continue high in Baghelkhand but are almost steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be clear and is getting cooler. Nimar, Seoni and Chhindwara had a sprinkling of rain during the week. Harvesting of autumn crops, picking of cotton and sowing of spring crops continue. Prospects are generally good. Fodder and water are adequate. Prices are almost steady.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects are favourable. Reaping and sowing are being pushed on. Fodder and water are ample. Prices:—wheat fell by 4 seers per rupee in Bastar.

Bombay.—During the week the rainfall was slight in parts of the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Kanara, Ahmednagar, Satara, Dharwar, Kathiawar and Mahi Kantha and nil elsewhere. Standing crops are suffering for want of moisture in Broach, Surat, Ahmednagar, Poona and Dharwar, have failed in parts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals, Kathiawar, Palanpur and Kolhapur and are fair elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind and Kaira. Spring sowings are in progress in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Surat, East Khandesh, Nasik, Satara, Kathiawar, Baroda, Palanpur and Kolhapur, but have been retarded in parts of Poona, Belgaum and Dharwar. Cotton is withering in parts of Ahmedabad, Broach and Kathiawar. Picking of cotton continues in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Khandesh, Nasik and Ahmednagar. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan, Belgaum and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition except in parts of Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Ahmednagar and Kathiawar where it is deteriorating and is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. The drinking water-supply is inadequate in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kathiawar and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Gujarat, West Khandesh, Poona, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kathiawar. Prices have risen in parts of Kaira, Sholapur, Bijapur and Belgaum, have fallen in Thar and Parkar and Ahmedabad and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 20 to 44 per cent, in Gujarat 19 to 47 per cent, in the Konkan 18 to 36 per cent, in the Deccan 28 to 45 per cent and in the Kanatak 40 to 42 per cent less than the normal.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals. No wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in raising fodder crops where possible and in digging temporary wells. Grain stocks are sufficient. Bajri sells from $8\frac{1}{2}$ to 9 and maize from $10\frac{1}{2}$ to 12 seers per rupee. The number of persons on works is rising. The average daily number for week ending 4th November was:—13,018 on relief works and 3,097 on gratuitous relief. There were 1,040 persons on test works in the Native State of Kathiawar and Palanpur and 18 persons in poor houses in Kathiawar.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week except a few isolated showers in parts of the Raichur district. After the close of the week Raichur had 10 cents. Autumn crop is being harvested. It is bad to unsatisfactory in Aurangabad, Bir and in parts of the Nizamabad, Raichur, Bidar, Medak and Nalgonda districts and is fair in other parts. The early rice crop is being irrigated in places. Though it is fair it has suffered owing to the inadequate water supply in parts of the Nander, Gulbarga, Medak, Nizamabad and Warangal districts. Sowing of spring crop is progressing in parts. It is suffering in the Aurangabad district and is fair elsewhere except in parts where it is weak and is greatly in need of rain. Cattle disease prevails in seventeen talukas and fodder scarcity in twenty. Water scarcity is reported in some parts especially in the Medak district. Prices:—Wheat $7\frac{1}{2}$, coarse rice $6\frac{1}{2}$ and *Juar* 13 seers per rupee. White *Juar* is selling at 11 seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in the districts is 9 seers in Bir and the lowest 26 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices of food grains have risen slightly in Kolar and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. Crops are generally in good condition but more rain is needed in parts of the State. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 21 cents. The condition of the rice crop is good. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was heavy in Madras and Nellore, good in Tinnevely, Chingleput, the Nilgiris, Tanjore, South Arcot, North Arcot and Chittoor, *nil* in Ganjam, the Vizagapatam Agency, Kistna and Bellary and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Kistna, Guntur, Nellore, South Arcot and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Cuddapah. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Vizagapatam Coonoor, Bellary, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad and the Nilgiris. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease. The early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers. Coffee in parts of the Nilgiris has been affected by bug. Harvests continue except in Ramnad with outturn fair to normal generally. Pasture is scanty in parts of Bellary, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura, and is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Godavari, Chittoor and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in eleven districts, has fallen in three and has risen in eleven. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in eleven districts, has fallen in seven and has risen in five. *Cholam* is stationary in four districts, has fallen in five and has risen in six. *Cumbu* is stationary in two districts, has fallen in seven and has risen in eight. Variations are small. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair and improving or have improved in Vizagapatam, Anantapur and Ramnad, but more rain is required in parts of Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad and the Nilgiris. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	9,404	2,625	12,029	13,018	3,097	16,115	+4,086

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

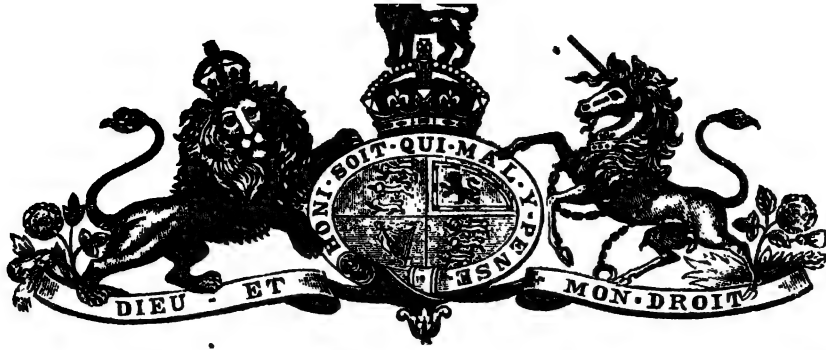
For the week ending 28th October 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	<i>Districts.</i>				BOMBAY.					
1	Panch Mahals.	922½	190,990	2,404	124	2,520	2,644	12,048	...	...
	<i>Native States—</i>									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	...	...	...	...	...	650	...
2	Bewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	141	...

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA ; SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1911.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

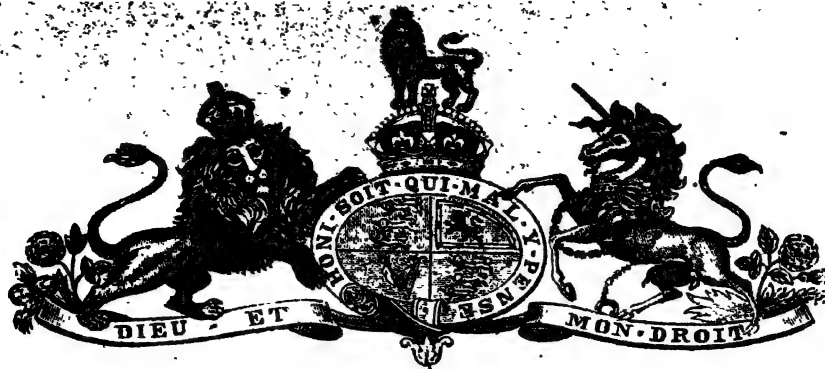
No. 2276-G.

Simla, the 25th November, 1911.

With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. C. E. L. KAPPELHOFF as Consul for Austria-Hungary at Aden, *vice* Mr. V. ESCHER, retired.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 23rd October 1911.

From the 2nd December next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 25th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*,

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 9th November 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2756-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 6th November 1911 :—

- No. 588 of 1911.—Arthur Augustus Cantor, district locomotive superintendent, Burma Railways Company, Limited, Rangoon, Lower Burma. *A protector and carrier for any type of block token instrument.*
- No. 589 of 1911.—Clement Allsop, of C. Allsop & Co., Engineers, Rawalpindi. *Twin water wheels, of the Persian wheel pattern, worked from a centre wheel by which water is drawn up from opposite directions and the balance in weight preserved.*
- No. 590 of 1911.—Clement Ciccolini, engineer, of 14 Rue Tronchet, Paris, in the republic of France. *A machine for mechanically tilling the soil.*
- No. 591 of 1911.—John Greenhalgh & Sons, Limited, machinists, of Vulcan Ironworks, Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, England. *An improved machine for the purpose of opening cotton, wool, cotton waste, and other fibrous material.*
- No. 592 of 1911.—Reginald Muirhead Esq., Sub Divisional Officer, Signals, Bengal Nagpur Railway. *Improvements in block signalling instruments for single line railways.*
- No. 593 of 1911.—George Duhern, engineer, residing at No. 7 Convent road, Entally, in the town of Calcutta. *A bottle mouth antiseptic seal for glass ball stoppered aerated water bottles.*
- No. 594 of 1911.—K. Thulasi Dass, bangle merchant, of No. 6 Vinayaga Mudaly street, Sowcarpet, Madras, now residing at No. 358, 125th street, Kandawglay, Rangoon. *A water lift.*
- No. 595 of 1911.—Samuel Cleland Davidson, merchant, of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland. *Improvements in tea leaf rolling machinery.*
- No. 596 of 1911.—James Murphy, engineer, 69 Gal'oway road, Shepherds Bush, London, W., England. *Improvements in and relating to bottle blowing machines.*
- No. 597 of 1911.—Kuchler-Gesellschaft für Hygienische Milchversorgung m.b.H. of Marsstrasse 25, Munich, Germany. *Improvements in milk cans.*
- No. 598 of 1911.—Kuchler-Gesellschaft für Hygienische Milchversorgung m.b.H. of Marsstrasse 25, Munich, Germany. *Improvements in apparatus for retailing milk.*
- No. 599 of 1911.—Samual Milne, engineer, of 3 Tantallon Place, Grange, Edinburgh. *Improved method of and means for treating bamboo preparatory to making it into pulp.*
- No. 600 of 1911.—Robert Riley, textile machinist, James Henry Ashworth, Herbert Foden, Frederick William Steele and Leonard Percy Steele, gentlemen, all of 3 Ormerod street, Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, England. *Improvements in ring spinning, doubling, and twisting machines.*
- No. 601 of 1911.—Frederick John Turner Bell, late a mechanic and pattern maker and late of 23 Thornton Terrace, Bolton road, Bury, in the county of Lancaster, England, but now director of a Company residing at 155 Ainsworth road, Bury, aforesaid, Hardy Cecil

Bell, late a mechanic and late of 23 Thornton Terrace, Bolton road, Bury, in the county of Lancaster, England, but now Director of a Company and residing at St. Leonard's Mount, Padiham, in the county of Lancaster, England, and John Blandwood, managing director, of the Elton Cop Dyeing Company, Limited, of Elton, Bury, in the county of Lancaster, England. *Improvements in sewing machines.*

No. 602 of 1911.—Robert Thomson, architect, and William Affleck Thomson, student, both residing at 164 Nithsdale road Pollok-shields, in the city and county of Glasgow, Scotland. *Improvements in ferro-concrete floors.*

No. 603 of 1911.—Robert Thomson, architect, and William Affleck Thomson, student, both residing at 164 Nithsdale road, Pollok-shields, in the city and county of Glasgow, Scotland. *Improvements in the reinforcement of columns, ferroconcrete pillars and the like.*

No. 604 of 1911.—Rodolphe Berthon and Maurice Audibert, engineer and manufacturer, respectively, both of 7 Avenue Victor Hugo, Villeurbanne, France. *Device for taking cinematographic views and projections in colours.*

No. 605 of 1911.—Hugh William Gabbett-Fairfax, gentleman, of 79 Palace Chambers, Bridge street, in the city of Westminster, England. *An improved depericarping or decorticating machine.*

No. 606 of 1911.—Archibald Allan Crawford, engineer, of 9 Meadows street, Bombay. *Bearings to vestical-spindle electro-motors for driving fans.*

No. 2057-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying:—

No. 481 of 1911.—Richard Morris Jones, engineer, of 11 Parsons Green Lane, Fulham, London. *Improvements in differential axle-devices.* (Specification filed 25 October 1911.)

No. 489 of 1911.—Francis Annett, engine-driver, Bengal Nagpur Railway, of Jharsuguda, in the Sambalpur district of the Orissa division of Bengal, British India. *Supplying feed water to the boilers of steam pumps direct from the pump.* (Specification filed 28 October 1911.)

No. 507 of 1911.—Alfred Ernest Terry, manufacturer, of Novelty Works, Redditch, in the county of Worcester, England. *Improvements in or relating to devices for detachably securing articles in position.* (Specification filed 26 October 1911.)

No. 508 of 1911.—William Marsden Richards, accountant, of Alliance Chambers, Horsefair street, Leicester, England. *Improvements in or relating to nasal inhalers.* (Specification filed 30 October 1911.)

No. 2058-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each:—

No. 478 of 1901.—C. N. E. Walke. *Varnish for boilers.* (From 11 November 1911 to 11 November 1912.)

No. 438 of 1904.—Venesta Limited. *Improvement in or connected with collapsible or other boxes or cases.* (From 8 December 1911 to 8 December 1912.)

No. 220 of 1905.—D. D. Raju. *Oil extracting machine.* (From 2 November 1911 to 2 November 1912.)

No. 240 of 1905.—New Inverted Incandescent Gas Lamp Company. *Improvements in or connected with incandescence gas lamps.* (From 19 December 1911 to 19 December 1912.)

No. 362 of 1905.—The Toledo Glass Company. *Improvements in glass shaping machines.* (From 21 February 1912 to 21 February 1913.)

No. 435 of 1907.—Burn & Co. *Speedy extraction of jute from the jute stick.* (From 20 December 1911 to 20 December 1912.)

No. 462 of 1907.—Burn & Co. *Improvement to fibre decorticating machines for preventing fibre from wrapping around the rollers in the machine by means of water spray.* (From 20 December 1911 to 20 December 1912.)

No. 1 of 1908.—L. H. Rogers and A. Meyers. *Improved composition for preventing leakage of air through punctures in pneumatic tyres.* (From 5 August 1912 to 5 August 1913.)

No. 2059-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act, the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

No. 548 of 1906.—T. C. X. A. Berget. *Improved means for regulating the temperature in vehicles.* (Specification filed 30 July 1907.)

No. 549 of 1906.—T. C. X. A. Berget. *Improved means for regulating the temperature in vehicles.* (Specification filed 30 July 1907.)

No. 50 of 1907.—C. F. Kaisser. *Improvements in apparatus for torrefying threads and textile fabrics.* (Specification filed 29 July 1907.)

No. 71 of 1907.—H. Lentz and the Societe Francaise de Constructions Mecaniques, Anciens Etablissements Cail. *Improvements in valves for explosion motors.* (Specification filed 29 July 1907.)

No. 243 of 1907.—H. E. Brown. *Improvements in or relating to brake mechanism for railway and other vehicles.* (Specification filed 30 July 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of ₹50 for each of the above inventions.

No. 501 of 1905.—R. W. Stuart. *Improved apparatus for carburetting air and producing a combustible gas for lighting and heat producing purposes, and means for burning the same.* (Specification filed 1 August 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (b) After the expiration of the fourth year and before the expiration of the fifth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of ₹50 for the above invention.

No. 290 of 1904.—E. Z. Taylor. *Improvements in printing machines.* (Specification filed 3 August 1904.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (d) After the expiration of the sixth year and before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of ₹50 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. All communications relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual (Price Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. Rs.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(g) Quarterly index, January to March and April to June 1911	0 8

II. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	Rs.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	3-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	Rs.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tns.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tns.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price Rs 3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price Rs 3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 9th November 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th November 1911.

RESERVE.														
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION			COIN AND BULLION.								SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS.
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
			R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R		
1,18,88,500	19,58,57,500	20,77,46,000	2,70,36,632	1,92,37,185	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	26,27,35,733	(a) Nominal value— Rs. 10,20,51,500 (b) Nominal value— Rs. 4,69,36,871
..	3,33,34,255	3,33,34,255	3,79,36,767	92,91,480	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,72,28,247	
..	4,02,82,300	4,02,82,300	4,11,41,468	1,60,88,205	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,72,29,673	
1,15,81,195	15,25,04,865	16,40,86,060	3,72,02,851	5,42,38,019	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,14,40,870	
..	1,54,53,225	1,54,53,225	29,01,650	5,23,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34,47,500	
72,49,590	6,40,71,615	7,13,21,305	3,45,19,405	61,99,365	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,07,18,770	
..	3,36,14,565	3,36,14,565	5,47,74,167	25,10,010	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,72,84,177	
3,07,19,385	53,51,18,325	56,58,37,710	23,53,12,940	10,80,87,464	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	..	..	..	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	56,00,62,320	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			Deduct—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another										..	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R.			TOTAL RESERVE R.										56,00,62,320	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th November 1911.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 7th November 1911 to 290 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enforced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st October 1911.

PARTICULARS.	5½ PER CENT. LOANS						4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL	
	5½ PER CENT. OF 1860-97.	of 1843-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Total.	of 1835-35.	of 1835-36.	of 1843-43.	of 1844-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	Total.		TRANSFER OF LOAN OF 1879, 4½ PER CENT. PORTION.	Total.
Balance of 15th October 1911.	40,92,900	1,34,18,600	7,52,28,700	1,84,74,200	96,45,600	21,61,800	11,79,28,900	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	28,500	12,21,00,833
<i>Add—</i>																
Amount of transferred London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Convention under Notification No. 6201A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to 1911.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Madras up to 15th October 1911.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Bombay up to 14th October 1911.	...	...	...	500	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
Amount enforced at Calcutta between 16th and 31st October 1911.	...	...	...	...	...	15,000	15,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
<i>Debit—</i>																
Amount written off in the London Registers.	40,92,900	1,34,18,600	7,52,28,800	1,84,74,700	96,45,600	21,76,800	11,79,44,500	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	28,500	12,21,16,433
Balance on 31st October 1911.	40,92,900	1,34,18,600	7,50,07,300	1,84,06,200	96,45,600	21,21,800	11,77,19,500	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	28,500	12,21,18,91,433

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st Aug. 1911 Enforced from India 12,169 lakhs, re-transferred from London

1st Sept. 1911	1 lakh	ditto	12,169 lakhs.
16th " " 15th Sept. "	"	ditto	6 lakhs.
1st Oct. " " 30th " "	"	ditto	3 "
16th " " 15th Oct. "	"	ditto	3 "
16th " " 31st " "	"	ditto	2 "
			12,303 lakhs

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 2nd November 1911.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 7th November 1911.

LIABILITIES.			
	<i>R</i>	<i>a.</i>	<i>p.</i>
Capital paid up . . .	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund . . .	1,79,00,000	0	0
<i>R</i> <i>a.</i> <i>p.</i>			
Public Deposits at Head Office . . .	78,88,545	8	6
Public Deposits at Branches . . .	1,38,73,383	6	9
	2,17,61,928	15	3
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches . . .	17,41,27,016	11	5
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .	12,65,375	12	7
Sundries . . .	15,72,152	8	5
RUPES	33,66,26,473	15	8

ASSETS.			
	<i>R</i>	<i>a.</i>	<i>p.</i>
Government Securities . . .	2,47,66,495	0	0
Other authorized Investments	84,12,229	4	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,55,20,178	11	10
Accounts of Credit on Govern- ment and other authorized Securities . . .	5,16,94,113	0	11
Bills discounted and purchased	3,78,16,238	5	10
Balances with other Banks	23,17,267	10	0
Bullion . . .	..	
Dead Stock . . .	22,04,006	8	5
Stamps . . .	11,026	5	0
Sundries . . .	1,81,569	12	7
	16,29,23,124	10	7
<i>R</i> <i>a.</i> <i>p.</i>			
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office * . . .	2,33,93,690	11	4
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches . . .	5,03,09,658	9	9
	7,37,03,349	5	1
RUPES	33,66,26,473	15	8

* Includes Sovs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Sovs., value	R88,92,465	o	o
† Do. do. do.	R5,62,440	o	o

R94.54,905 0 0

By order of the Directors.

BANK OF BENGAL ;
Calcutta, the 9th November 1911.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 37.08.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

										POWDER.					
										<i>Wholesale rate</i>		<i>Retail rate</i>			
										For 6 lbs. or more in one <i>delivery.</i>		For any quantity below <i>6 lbs. in one delivery.</i>			
										<i>R. a. p.</i>		<i>R. a. p.</i>			
16-oz. tins	5	0	0	6	0	0
8 "	"	2	8	0	3	0	0
4 "	"	1	4	0	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 1ST TO 7TH NOVEMBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																				
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.						COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERN- MENT.			
	Pur- chased Silver.	Withdrawn and un- current coins from 1 rea- sures, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treas- uries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and uncur- rent coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coin- age.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined for and paid over.	Closing balance.	
Calcutta	90	11	47	4	152	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	200	...	66	1	257	57	26	69	...	...	...	...

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . . 61

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ;
Calcutta, the 10th November 1911.

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
448—1911	Lina Clara Underwood, wife of C. H. F. Underwood.	European	No. 4, Watson's Annexe	Unemployed	16th	October	1911	16th	October	1911
450—1911	Mugonlal Khoosaldas Vania	Hindu	Girgaum	Lately servant in the employ of Purshotum Bhugwan and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
449—1911	Herbert Charles Partridge	Eurasian	No. 7, Clare Road, Byculla	Lately clerk in the employ of Mr. Witterbury, Contractor, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	17th	"	"
451—1911	Laloobhai Mohanlal and Manilal Hindu	Hindu	.....	Lately trading in the name of Mohanlal Acharatlal as Jewellers at Girgaum and Ahmedabad.	18th	"	"	18th	"	"
452—1911	Luxumon Raghunath Dhuru	"	Mahim Agar Bazar	Plumber	"	"	"	"	"	"
453—1911	Atmaram Krishnaji Patel	"	Mahim Moree Road	Sub-Inspector in the Bombay Municipal Waterworks.	"	"	"	"	"	"
454—1911	Ismail Abdul Karim Memon	Mahomedan	No. 21, Moorgi Molla	Lately hawker in cloth, etc., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
455—1911	Abdul Rahmon, Haji Jacob Mistry	"	No. 26, New Nagpada	Carpenter	19th	"	"	19th	"	"
456—1911	Chotalal Moolchand Sha	Hindu	Tamba Kanta	Carrying on business under the name and firm of Moolchand Ranchordas as yarn and copper merchant.	20th	"	"	20th	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*concl'd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
457—1911	Abdulhusein Dawoodi Vora.	Mahomedan	Full Gully . . .	Lately dealer in old iron and iron pipes and now servant in the employ of Mahomedali Huseinali.	20th	October	1911	21st	October	1911
458—1911	Jiwa Pirmad Athania . . .	"	Morland Road, Byculla . . .	Hack Victoria Driver.	21st	"	"	"	"	"
459—1911	Morarji Moolji Thucker . . .	Hindu . . .	No. 380-84, Holy Chukla . . .	Lately speculator in cotton and now unemployed.	25th	"	"	25th	"	"
460—1911	Leo William Ribeyro . . .	Eurasian . . .	No. 51-53, Mody Street, Fort . . .	Temporary clerk in the Prothonotary and Registrar's Office, High Court, Bombay.	26th	"	"	27th	"	"
463—1911	Dadamiya Abdula Kazi . . .	Mahomedan . . .	Dongri . . .	Inspector in the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company.	30th	"	"	30th	"	"
464—1911	Shamrao Raghunath Dhume . . .	Hindu . . .	No. 7, Kandewadi . . .	Clerk in the Sub-Registrar's Office.	"	"	"	"	"	"
461—1911	Karimbhoy Ramji Khoja . . .	Mahomedan . . .	Duncan Road . . .	Formerly carrying on business as grocer and now unemployed.	27th	"	"	"	"	"
462—1911	Aderji Hormusji Darooowala . . .	Parsee . . .	Jacob Circle . . .	Fitter in the Lord Reay Mills . . .	"	"	"	"	"	"
465—1911	Bachubhai alias Damodhar Roognathji Bhut.	Hindu . . .	Bhuleshwar . . .	Lately painter in the service of the Kathiawadi Theatrical Company and now Photo Enlarger.	31st	"	"	31st	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 1st day of November 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 74 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Po Hmi, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by (a) Maung Po Hmi, trader of No. 108 Strand Road, Rangoon, on the 25th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Po Hmi.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

RANGOON ;

The 26th day of October 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 75 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Ba, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba, Broker of No. 1, William Street, Rangoon, on the 26th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

RANGOON ;

The 26th day of October 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 76 OF 1911.

In the matter of Albert Howard Dickerson, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Albert Howard Dickerson, Assistant in the firm of Messrs. Watson & Son, Rangoon, on the 26th day of October 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Albert Howard Dickerson.

RANGOON ;

The 26th day of October 1911.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 77 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ko Hpo, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ko Hpo, merchant of No. 71, Canal Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of November 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ko Hpo.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

RANGOON ;

The 2nd day of November 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in J. R. B. Branson, Esquire, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of Insolvents.
253 of 1911	16th October 1911.	Gulli Kumarasawmy of the firm of Galli Veerasawmi, residing at No. 80, Wallajah Road, Triplicane, Madras.	17th October 1911.	30th November 1911.
258 of 1911	26th October 1911.	Wandivash Thiruvengada Mudaly, unemployed, residing at No. 5 Baker, Thiruvengada, Mudaly Street, Choolay, Madras.	26th October 1911.	15th December 1911.
259 of 1911	27th October 1911.	A. Abdul Razack Sahib, merchant, residing at Codambakam High Road.	27th October 1911.	15th December 1911.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY OFFICE, MADRAS;
The 3rd November 1911.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 28th October 1911.

No. 33.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 23rd October 1911 :—

Chief Engineer D. J. Taylor, R. I. M. 25 days.

No. 34.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 22nd October 1911.

Sub-Lieutenant G. Engledue, R. I. M. 12 months.

B. H. JONES,
for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 9th November 1911.

No. 588.—Mr. T. F. Kitchen, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, is granted leave on medical certificate for 3 months, under Article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 4th October 1911.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

SURVEY OF INDIA—EASTERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Shillong, the 6th November 1911.

No. 10.—Mr. H. C. H. Cooper, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 4th grade, Survey of India, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month in continuation of the privilege leave for 2 months granted in this office Notification No. 9, dated 8th August 1911, under articles 246 and 260, Civil Service Regulations.

G. B. HODGSON, Bt.-Col., I.A.,
Superintendent, Eastern Circle.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 6th November 1911.

No. 132.—The one month's privilege leave granted to No. 975, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Dhani Ram, I.S.M.D., and notified in this office Notification No. 69, dated the 23rd June 1911, is extended by three days.

No. 133.—The services of 3rd class Assistant Surgeon C. J. Lincoln, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India, on expiry of the leave granted to him in this office Notification No. 121, dated the 3rd October 1911.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgeon-General,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Camp Ajmer, the 5th November 1911.

No.-2469-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872 as modified by Act II of 1891), which have been delegated to him by the Governor-General of India in Council under Section 86 of the said Act, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana is pleased to grant license to the Revd. David C. Wilkie, an ordained Missionary of the United Free Church of Scotland, stationed at Jaipur, to solemnise marriages within the territories of the Native States under the Rajputana Agency, and to grant a license to the said Revd. David C. Wilkie authorizing him to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the said territories:

Provided that the powers conferred by this notification shall be exercised only in the case of Christian subjects of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor of India.

By order,

W. H. J. WILKINSON,
First Assistant to the Agent, Governor-General, Rajputana.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Central India Agency, Indore, the 4th November 1911.

No. 2997-D.—The services of Major R. L. Morris, Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties as Cantonment Magistrate, Mhow.

By order,

G. D. OGILVIE,
for First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General
in Central India.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 31st October 1911.

No. 1217.—Pandit Brij Jiwan Lal was appointed to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Merwara, from the 21st May 1911 to the 6th August 1911, both days inclusive, in addition to his own duties of the office of Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

Camp Ajmer, the 31st October 1911.

No. 2422-C-31.—In supersession of his Notification No. 1087-C, dated the 1st April 1911, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased under proviso (b) to Section 18 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation V of 1886 to reappoint Mr. C. W. Waddington, C.I.E., M.V.O., to be Chairman of the Ajmer Municipal Committee with effect from the 2nd August 1911.

The 5th November 1911.

No. 2472-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6 and 9, respectively of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872 as amended by Act II of 1891), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased (a) to grant a license to the Revd. David C. Wilkie, an ordained Missionary of the United Free Church of Scotland, stationed at Jaipur to solemnise marriages within the districts of Ajmer and Merwara and (b) to grant a license to the said Revd. David C. Wilkie authorizing him to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the limits of the said districts.

By order,

W. H. J. WILKINSON,

First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General, Rajputana, and
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE NO. 49.

Sealed tenders for the supply of the following articles required from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913, will be received and opened by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at 12 noon on the dates and at places noted against each. Tenders presented elsewhere will be considered as liable to be informal :—

Articles.	Station where required.	Probable requirement.	Earnest money deposit.	DATE AND PLACE OF OPENING OF TENDERS.	
				Date.	Place.
		lbs.	Rs.		
Meat, fresh.	Quetta	{ 1,200,000 }	3,220	13th December 1911.	Quetta.
		{ 211,000 }			
	Karachi	{ 400,000 }	1,000	18th December 1911.	Karachi.
		{ 75,000 }			
	Hyderabad	{ 200,000 }	500	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
		{ 40,000 }			
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Karachi	450,000	350	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Hyderabad	200,000	190	18th December 1911.	Ditto.

2. For forms of tender on payment of rupee one per set and other particulars please apply to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division, Quetta, or the Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA :

The 30th October 1911.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE No. C—11-8122.

Sealed tenders for the supply of beef and mutton for British Troops at Cawnpore, Lucknow, Fyzabad, Allahabad, Benares and Dinapore from 1st April 1912 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, Lucknow, up to 12 noon on Monday the 4th December 1911.

Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedules are obtainable on application in writing to the above officer up to 29th November 1911, on payment of one rupee for each set of tender forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

H. J. THACKER, Major,
For Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport,
8th (Lucknow) Division.

LUCKNOW :

The 1st November 1911.

CURRENCY NOTE.

The following Currency Note of the Calcutta Circle is stated to have been destroyed and payment of its value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number ; any other person claiming a right to it, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Note wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	Number of Notes.	Value. ₹	Name of Claimant.
H 123 of 1911-12.	VA 93 72078	100	Juman Bepari, Dhubri Bazar, Dhubri.

M. SUBRAHMANYA,
Assistant Comptroller General, in charge
Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,

CALCUTTA :

The 3rd November 1911.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 2nd November 1911.

No. 27.—The special leave granted to Mr. J. P. Williams, Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, in this office Notification No. 13, dated 12th May 1911, is commuted to furlough on Medical Certificate and extended by 2 months, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

ODDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lucknow, the 2nd November 1911.

No. 18.—Mr. F. E. Goodall, Store Keeper, Class III, Grade I, is granted an extension of 6 months' leave on Medical Certificate, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to the leave granted by Notification No. 7 of 1911.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,
Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, the Connaught Rangers, dated at Ferozepore, this 30th day of October 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—9793, Private, Horace Austin.	Trade—Salesman.
Age—22 years 6 months.	Date of enlistment—1st September 1909.
Height—5 feet 8 inches.	Date of desertion or absence—23rd October 1911.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, brown; eyes, dark.	Place of desertion or absence—Ferozepore.
	Marks—Nil.
	Under 3 years' service.

C. E. HACK, Capt., for Lieut.-Col.,
Commanding 1st Battalion, the Connaught Rangers.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th November 1911.

No. 2037-S-*Ap*.—Syed Akbar Hussain, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted a further extension of privilege leave for 10 days, with effect from the 8th October 1911.

The 6th November 1911.

No. 2047-S-*Ap*.—Lala Jia Lal, Postmaster, Ludhiana, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 24th October 1911.

No. 2050-S-*Ap*.—Bawa Teja Singh, Superintendent, office of the Postmaster-General, Punjab and North-West Frontier, pay R200—300, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Ambala, pay R300—400, with effect from the 24th October 1911, and until further orders, *vice* Mr. S. H. Glackan.

The 8th November 1911.

No. 2073-S-*Ap*.—Mr. A. Chater, Postmaster, Bankipore, pay R150—200, and officiating Postmaster, Alipore, pay R200—300, is appointed Postmaster, Burdwan, pay R200—300, with effect from the 1st November 1911, *vice* Babu Karuna Sindhu Sen, Postmaster, Burdwan, retired.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of the Post Office of India.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TRANSFER.

Lahore, the 4th November 1911.

No. 3300-E. I. F.—Mr. F. A. Farquharson, Assistant Engineer, from the 3rd Division, Lower Jhelum Canal, to the Lower Swat River Canal Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 16th October 1911, on return from privilege leave.

RETURN FROM LEAVE AND POSTING.

The 4th November 1911.

No. 3303-E. I. F.—With reference to Irrigation Branch Notification No. 1384 E. I. F., dated 18th March 1911, Mr. R. A. Routh, Assistant Engineer, having landed at Bombay on the afternoon of 11th October 1911, on return from combined leave, joined the Swabi Division, Upper Swat River Canal, to which he is posted on the forenoon of the 18th October 1911.

W. E. T. BENNETT,

Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

TRANSFER.

Bangalore, the 6th November 1911.

No. 63.—Second Lieutenant Claude Alfred Meiklejohn is transferred to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the 1st August 1911.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 2nd November 1911.

No. 5374-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 65 of the Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896) and with effect from the 1st April 1912 the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan is pleased to substitute the following for condition No. 6 of License Form No. III published with this office Notification No. 496-R, dated the 27th January 1911 :—

"6. For purposes of sale the licensees shall use brass or copper measures of half a dram and one dram (forty-eight of the latter of which are equivalent to an Imperial gallon 8 to a reputed quart bottle and 4 to a pint bottle) ; and unless exempted by the Deputy Commissioner brass or copper measures of two, four and eight drams also. No other measures shall be kept in the shop for the above purpose. The copper measures shall always be kept properly tinned. For the purpose of stock-taking and gauging the licensee shall maintain a two gallon measure, but the Deputy Commissioner may, in the case of small shops, exempt the licensee from the operation of this requirement. Measures shall be tested and stamped as the Deputy Commissioner may require from time to time. If any bottles or pints are kept in the shop they should not be less than eight or four drams in capacity respectively. The maximum selling rates for plain and flavoured spirit shall be as follows :—

	FOR SPIRIT OF 18° U. P.		FOR SPIRIT OF 20° U. P.	
	Plain.	Flavoured.	Plain.	Flavoured.
$\frac{1}{2}$ dram
dram
2 drams
*4 drams
*8 drams

* One anna extra to be charged if the spirit is supplied in bottle.

The 5th November 1911.

No. 5445-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 74 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (11 of 1899), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with his Notification No. 406, dated the 16th January 1899 :—

(2) For rule VI, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

VI. Subject to Rules VII and VIII every licensed vendor, who purchases stamps of the kinds authorised by his license from an *ex-officio* vendor by payment of ready money shall receive the same at the following rates of discount :—

Description of stamps.	RATES OF DISCOUNT.					
	At places where stamps are sold by Government.			At other places.		
	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Class (1)	4	11	0	6	4	0
Class (2) . . . . .	...			...
Class (3)—Adhesive stamps of value exceeding one anna but not exceeding 8 annas each	4	11	0	6	4	0
Exceeding 8 annas but not exceeding R5 each	2	9	8	3	2	0
Exceeding R5 but not exceeding R50 each	1	9	0	1	9	0
Class (4)	4	11	0	6	4	0

Add the following as a new rule XVIII :—

The *ex-officio* vendors, *i.e.*, Treasurers in all Sub-Treasuries shall keep under single lock a supply of stamps sufficient for the probable demand of one month.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,
Secretary.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 7th November 1911.

No. 38-T.—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Resolution No. 9640—9643—133, dated 21st October 1908, the following promotion in the Traffic Branch Subordinate establishment is sanctioned for the period noted :—

Name.	PROMOTED.		DATE OF PROMOTION.	
	From	To	From	To
Mr. A. McGhee	Telegraph Master.	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	19th August 1911.	18th September 1911.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Offg. Director-General of Telegraphs.

The 10th November 1911.

No. 39-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period of 25th October to 7th November 1911 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Ballia Kutchery . . .	United Provinces	26th October 1911 .	Opened.
Balodh	Central Provinces	1st November 1911 .	"
Bikna Thori	Bengal	1st " " .	"
Choya-Saidan Shah . . .	Punjab	1st " " .	"
Coronation Durbar B. . .	Do.	23rd October " .	"
Coronation Durbar D. . .	Do.	31st " " .	"
Coronation Durbar K. . .	Do.	2nd November 1911 .	"
Janakmukh	Eastern Bengal and Assam . . .	29th October " .	"
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Damnagar	Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagod-Porbander Railway	1st October 1911 .	Opened.
Liliya	Ditto ditto	" " " .	"
Pagachong	Assam-Bengal Railway	" " " .	"
Panch Talvada Road . . .	Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagod-Porbander Railway	" " " .	"
Parlu	Jodhpur Bikaner Railway	" " " .	"
Talsahar	Assam-Bengal Railway	" " " .	"

The following alterations in the names of the Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

- " Alur-Hangal " instead of " Alur, Dharwar."
- " Bina " instead of " Bina-Etawah."
- " Mahwa " instead of " Mahwa, Jaipur."
- " Pali " instead of " Pali-Marwar."
- " Raipur " instead of " Raipur, Central Provinces."
- " Ratangarh " instead of " Ratangarh, Bikaner."
- " Tirupatur, Ramnad " instead of Tirupatur, Madura."

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

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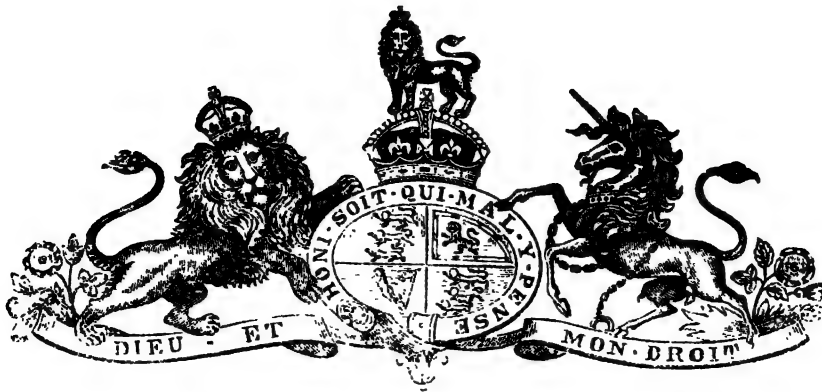
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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1911.

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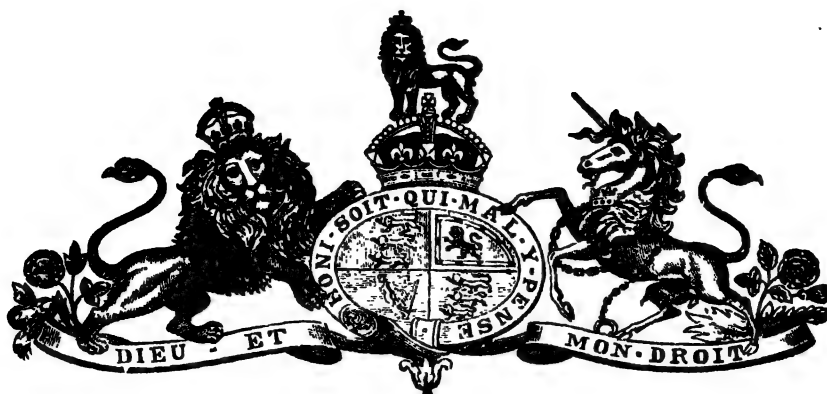
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The Gazette of India

No. 45.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1911.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1911 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
Burma*															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	60.38	38.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	49.23	30.77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Monlewin and . . . . .	...	...	55.65	51.2	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amlerst . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	58.72	37.21	39.26	44.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbin . . . . .	...	...	62.75	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	68.82	37.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu inland—</i>															
Hrusada . . . . .	...	...	57.14	34.78	56.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Manlalay . . . . .	...	...	49.61	31.22	38.79	38.79	...	...	...	...	24.52	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	48.85	32.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam*															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	40	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	42.5	40	35	35	...	...	20	17.5	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	40	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	50	52.5	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara	15	18.75	33.75	36.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	19.37	21.25	38.75	41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*															
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	40	35.94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	47.5	46.25	38.75	35	...	...	27.5	22.5	...	27.5	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	42.5	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . . . .	...	...	39.53	45.62	33.7	38.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . . . .	...	...	28.75	28.12	26.25	24.37	...	...	16.87	15	20	21.87	20	...	18.12
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	35	34.37	30	33.12	...	...	20.62	20	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	40	50	33.28	33.28	...	...	20.94	20	...	...	...	...	13.33
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares	22.24	22.03	46.87	42.4	32.4	31.15	39.63	38.59	22.24	19.58	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	25	16.67	44.43	39.01	30.78	31.98	34.79	37.19	23.54	18.59	22.19	20.52	25.78	22.86	...
Jhansi . . . . .	...	...	46.72	47.03	32.03	32.66	...	...	21.25	16.46	22.5	16.46	...	24.22	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	47.03	45.62	29.69	30.16	33.28	34.84	23.59	17.81	...	19.06	...	19.06	...
Agra	47.08	47.08	53.33	53.33	30.78	32.03	38.54	37.19	24.22	20.26	22.86	31.61	30.78	24.22	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur	20	18.75	...	...	29.37	29.37	...	...	21.25	15.94	20	24.37	23.75	21.87	...
(b) OUDH—															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow	21.04	19.06	42.08	36.35	31.35	31.98	40	40	22.24	15.36	...	21.04	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad	47.5	20	23.75	42.5	30.31	31.98	...	...	20	18.12	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the price of common rice.

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RASI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPHSEED		DISTRICTS
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
															Burma—
...	57.14	57.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tenasserim—
...	Mergui
...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	Monleim and
...	38.79	27.47	45.71	43.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amherst
...	25	31.22	50	50	51.61	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	47.06	35.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	Manbin
...	Bassein
...	40	45.07	54.24	50.39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Henada
...	Toungoo
...	25	15.61	36.16	23.7	45.07	51.61	65.98	71.11	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	34.41	21.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	44.44	44.44	57.14	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	27.5	27.5	50	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	55	Assam—
...	31.25	30	43.75	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	23.75	24.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	65	60	54.37	Dacca
...	Central—
...	35	40	35	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	50	Pabna
...	Northern—
...	61.25	47.5	Rangpur
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	110	90	56.25	50	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	100	{ 75 and 80 18.75 }	{ 60 and 65 55 }	Deltaic—
...	...	37.5	27.5	23.75	35	35	2	27.5	...	...	87.5	70	...	...	Midnapur
...	Calcutta
...	25	27.5	34.37	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	50	Central—
...	Bardwan
...	30.47	32.13	27.66	24.32	25	27.08	...	...	...	...	62.5	60.94	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
19.37	16.87	15.62	18.12	19.37	26.56	26.25	20	...	...	...	90	100	60	50	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	20.62	18.12	21.25	20.62	32.5	32.5	20	26.25	...	...	90	100	{ 50 and 60 }	{ 45 and 50 }	Bihar, north—
20	17.5	20	20.94	22.19	35	33.25	20	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
...	Muzaffarpur
...	...	16.3	21.41	21.93	29.74	28.96	...	...	...	...	86.25	72.19	53.03	53.8	United Provinces—
...	(a) AGRA—
...	15.99	13.8	22.19	21.61	26.67	27.55	...	...	21.61	...	80	82.03	57.13	43.23	Eastern—
...	21.25	14.17	22.03	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68.91	...	...	Benares
...	22.61	19.06	28.12	20.47	30.78	26.56	26.56	31.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
...	...	20.52	22.86	22.19	34.79	30.78	...	50	23.54	...	...	80	59.27	47.08	Cawnpore
...	17.5	16.67	20	21.56	22.5	24.37	30	32.5	23.75	24.37	...	...	...	...	Jhansi
...	Western—
...	18.18	15.36	21.04	21.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	72.71	80	72.71	50	Meerut
...	...	15.47	19.37	21.87	27.5	26.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SEAMUM (Tal or jinjika)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gdri)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Burma—														
<i>Tanasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	16.91	17.16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	581.52	533.33	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	400	400	...	...	18.77	18.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (Galtai)—</i>														
Bangoon . . . . .	...	...	581.82	492.31	...	...	17.88	16.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbin . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	21.77	21.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	492.31	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Henzada . . . . .	...	...	533.33	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.81	22.61	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Manialay . . . . .	...	...	457.14	533.33	...	...	20.32	20.32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	581.82	561.82	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	492.31	457.14	...	...	28.57	26.67	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	500	460	65	70	18.12	17.5	50	80	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	500	500	75	77.5	22.5	19.37	100	130	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	650	620	50	56.25	20.62	20	...	115	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	560	480	62.5	60	35	25	50.1	100	...	...	3.75	5
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Gaolpara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	72.5	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	...	...	80	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 420 to 470 }	{ 420 to 450 }	100	75	20	17.5	{ 90 and 100 }	{ 107.5 and 115 }	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	63.75	70	480	480	50	60	18.12	15	65	85	...	...	15	15
<i>Central—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	480	400	60	75	18.75	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	65	40.73	434.27	457.19	43.8	60.94	18.12	18.12	101.87	77.19	...	...	5	5
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna	90	68.12	425	400	42.5	50	20.62	20	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	490	420	52.5	60	22.5	19.37	70	70	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	457.5	457.5	50	66.56	22.19	19.06	160	200	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRICULTURE—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Banarès	66.72	56.41	438.91	451.25	46.2	60.36	22.92	23.65	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	88.85	69.53	426.67	376.46	57.13	64.01	17.76	17.76	75	80	102.5	106.25	...	...
Jhansi	62.66	55	400	320	46.56	66.56	20	19.69	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	426.87	...	...	...	17.34	17.34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	94.11	66.67	426.67	376.46	57.13	61.56	17.4	17.4	100	120	132.5	130	2.24	5.73
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur . . . . .	...	...	440	390	...	...	20	20	...	...	{ 120 and 130 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...
(b) OTHER—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	440	380	...	66.67	20.94	20.94	...	...	100	95	2.5	2.5
<i>Northern—</i>														
Nyasabad . . . . .	...	...	450	355	48.12	51.25	20.94	20.94	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ton metric)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA		BEAN		SHRUB. PER SCORE		PLOWH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
						10-84	10-29					3-5	3	Burma—
						14-1	14-1						3	Tenasserim—
						11-85	11-85					2	2	Mergui
														Tavor
														Moulmein and
														Amherst
												1-75	1-69	Pegu (<i>deltic</i>)—
							25-3						2-62	Rangoon
						14-19	11-43					1-75	1-69	Manbin
														Bassein
												1-81	1-75	Pegu (<i>inland</i>)—
												1-94	1-87	Hensada
														Toungoo
						28-83	24-43						2-81	Upper Burma—
												1-81		Mandalay
														Pakokku
												2-25	2-25	Araikan—
														Akyab
												1-78	1-75	Eastern Bengal and
														Assam—
												1-62	1-94	Eastern—
														Chittagong
														Dacca
11-25	15											2	2	Central—
														Fabna
10	8-75											2-19		Northern—
														Rangpur
												2-25	2-5	Brahmaputra—
												1-87	1-81	Goalpara
														Gauhati
														Bengal—
5	6-25											1-81	1-62	<i>Deltic</i> —
12-5	12-5			18-75	22-5	23-75	18-75					1-73	2-12	Midnapur
														Calcutta
5	5					27-5	30					2	2-12	Central—
														Bardwan
5-62	5-62					6-25	6-25					2	2-06	Orissa—
														Cuttack
				5-62	7-5	18-75	20-62					1-87	2	Bihar, south—
														Patna
												1-81	1-58	Bihar, north—
				5	10	15-94	20					1-94	1-62	Bhagalpur
														Muzaffarpur
				7-97	7-29	25	28-65					2-75	2-62	United Provinces—
														(a) AGRA—
														Eastern—
				10	7-24	19-06	18-18	75	70			1-81	1-87	Banaras
												2-12	2-19	Central—
														Oawnpore
														Jhānsi
				11-41		20	21-09						2-44	Western—
														Meerut
9-37				7-97	5-31	21-04	21-04		80	80	80	2-19	2-37	Agra
				5	3-12	30	28-28	{ 60 and 65 }	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	2-25	2-16	Submontane, west—
														Shahjahanpur
				6-87	6-25	20	20	40	40			2-25	2-75	(b) OUDH—
														Southern—
														Lucknow
				5-62	6-25		20			35	35	1-75	1-75	Northern—
														Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
Rajputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer*	..	26.67	...	..	...	20.63	...	..	..	17.24	...	19.16	...	26.67	...
Punjab—															
Southern— Ferozpur	26.56	...	53.12	50.26	...	30.62	33.33	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Central— Lahore	25	22.19	57.19	44.43	30.78	29.63	33.91	34.74	22.19	17.03	25	17.03	28.59	25.83	..
South-eastern— Delhi	29.63	28.59	59.27	40.09	31.98	31.98	41.04	37.19	23.54	19.53	25.78	19.53	31.98	24.22	..
Submontane— Amritsar	28.59	22.24	56.25	44.43	30	27.6	...	30.83	18.75	...	...	...	33.28	...	..
Northern— Rawalpindi	28.59	20	57.19	57.19	33.33	29.63	38.12	34.74	23.49	17.19	21.09	16.67	29.63	23.49	..
Western— Lyallpur	...	...	55	50	30	28.75	33.75	33.12	25	17.5	...	...	...	...	..
Multan	25.31	20.94	...	40	32.81	32.19	36.25	37.5	23.75	17.19	23.75	18.75	28.12	22.19	..
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	23.59	21.2	51.2	49.22	33.85	29.48	38.33	33.33	22.08	14.48	...	...	26.67	...	..
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	29.37	23.59	...	...	...	21.09	...	16.87	...	...	..
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi	...	...	51.25	38.75	38.75	38.12	...	..	...	...	30	22.5	36.25	23.75	..
Shikarpur	...	...	...	48.12	33.28	31.41	...	...	27.81	18.12	28.75	...	...	23.75	..
Quetta	...	...	...	...	37.5	39.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
					to 40	to 42.5	66.25	61.56	28.44	26.87	23.37	27.5	...	...	..
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar	...	...	...	...	...	44.74	...	...	...	...	25.1	...	...	...	..
Sholapur	...	...	47.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	27.03	23.38	...	32.66	21.61	..
Poona	...	...	54.9	46.41	48.02	...	...	...	...	36.82	...	...	40.26	27.76	..
Khandesh and N.E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar	...	...	...	48.75	42.55	36.77	...	...	...	32.55	...	...	36.46	...	..
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	38.7	...	...	...	...	15.42	...	40	21.82	..
Gujarat—															
Surat	...	18.32	...	...	40.36	43.96	...	...	...	37.13	27.45	44.69	31.72	...	..
Ahmadabad	...	...	60	46.25	37.5	31.25	...	...	27.5	20	27.5	20	36.25	28.75	...
Central Provinces†—															
Western— Nagpur	...	...	36.5	32.62	33.37	27.5	40	33.37	...	...	25	19.5	...	...	..
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	34.75	30.75	30.75	30.75	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	32	31	31.5	30	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Berar—															
Akola	...	...	38	39.75	32	33.75	...	...	...	...	27	20.87	...	...	...
Amrathi	...	...	42.5	36.75	32	38.12	48	48	...	...	21	21.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.9	30.7	29.3	29.2	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3
Central—															
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.4	22.8	...	...	...
Cuddapah	31.7	32.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3	26	...	23	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.8
East Coast, south—															
Madras	30.3	30.6	46	53.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	31.7	26.4	51.6	48.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25.3
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.8	30	38.9	34.3	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	22	20	52	54	19	54	44.01	58.96	...	...	25	23	...	...	25
Bangalore	24	20	60	52	32	52	167.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	28

* Not reported yet.

†The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice.

(The figures show prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ANAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LIVERED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
															Rajputana—
		...	16.72	...	18.12	...	...	61.72	...	...	...	145.47	...	...	Eastern— Ajmer
															Panjab—
...	...	...	21.56	18.75	...	...	...	...	34.79	34.06	...	72.66	...	...	Southern— Ferozpur
...	23.44	31.04	22.19	19.53	38.12	32.66	30.62	30.78	31.87	26.67	80	64.01	61.56	43.28	Central— Lahore
	24.22	20.52	21.77	19.53	33.33	29.63	...	...	...	25	94.11	...	61.56	43.23	South-eastern— Delhi
	25	...	...	18.8	40	...	...	...	30.94	27.81	...	...	65	45	Submontane— Amritsar
...	24.22	19.53	23.49	21.3	50	57.13	...	...	28.59	38.07	76.15	80	61.56	44.43	Northern— Rawalpindi
	...	19.06	23.75 24.37	30 19.69	...	...	...	...	32.5 30.62	25.44 26.09	...	...	...	50	Western— Lyallpur Multan
															N.-W. Frontier Pro- vince—
...	27.6	18.7	26.09 19.22	23.07 19.06	42.97	31.35	...	...	...	...	101.56	77.08	...	...	Peshawar Dera Ismael Khan
...			30 23.75	26.87 21.56	...	...	...	...	30.62	...	...	...	60	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
	37.5	32.5			60	47.5	46.25	47.5	...	...					Karachi Shikarpur
															Quetta
															Bombay—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	...	...	30.26	27.5	...	33.12	...	...	...	26.3	...	84.63	88.18	...	Dharwar Sholapur Poona
			...	27.6 28.38	...	...	...	55	...	...	20.83	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	...	...	27.5	24.37	45	36.25	...	...	...	29.06	27.5	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
			...	25.25	23.12	28.63	30.62	...	...	20	17.5	103.37	93	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	...	...	23.5	20	36.37	33.37	40	40	26.62	23.5	84.25	84.25	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
		...	22.5	21	28	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	...	...	26 26	26 26.5	32 26	32.25 29.75	...	...	22 20	20 16.5	80.75	76.75	...	...	Berar— Akola Amraoti
...	...	...	40.8	51.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
26.3	...	...	...	...	27.3	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	...	...	36.9	37	25.2	...	...	...	23.1	23	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
29.7	...	...	...	...	30.6	30.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	...	...	36.5	35.5	...	...	48.1	48	29.4	32.3	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichino poly
25.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	61.8	65.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
24 30	...	...	25 23	26 23	49 50	53 60	68.59 68.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer . . . . .	...	67-08	...	400	...	57-13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8-02
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur . . . . .	...	...	500	440	66-87	47-81	14-22	16-67	88-91	114-37	160	145	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	88-75	61-56	495-62	412-86	66-87	42-08	14-84	14-79	80	66-67	...	114-27	12-5	11-41
South-eastern—														
Delhi	94-11	66-67	513-23	412-92	69-58	51-61	17-4	17-4	80	80	152-4	133-33	13-33	...
Submontane—														
Amritsar	80	70	520	440	63-75	44-43	14-37	15	...	55	...	140	...	10
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	492-29	426-67	57-13	44-53	15-31	15-31	100	100	145-47	145-42	14-9	10
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	515	412-5	60	37-5	15	15	80	80	...	125	5	...
Multan . . . . .	...	70	...	395	57-5	42-5	16-25	15-94	...	...	161-25	148-25	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar	106-67	63-38	457-13	425-42	77-08	56-61	15-36	17-13	...	72-71	164-11	...	3-85	5-21
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	49-06	13-75	13-96	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	517-5	...	...	...	...	...	60	63-75	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	467-5	390	56-25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	510 to 650	440 to 480	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	32-81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	89-84	...	...	150-88	157-92	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	498-23	414-01	83-02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khundesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	350	...	81-67	...	...	...	114-69	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	89-9	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat	92-29	77-81	486-46	421-61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	440	360	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	86-62	86-87	533-37	500	...	...	23-37	21-62	91-62	83-37	120	120	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	80	69-5	400	360	...	...	23-5	22-87	88-87	114-25	114-25	106-62	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	420	360	...	...	21	20	140	150	125	100	...	...
Berar—														
Akola . . . . .	...	...	400	405	...	...	20	20	95-25	95-25	...	92-75	...	...
Amratoti	77-25	77-25	460	430	...	...	19	18	150	110	87-5	...	...	8-5
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	39-4	82-7	452-9	487-8	56-2	64	23-1	22-4	...	...	89-6	89-6	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	41-9	445-1	...	...	...	...	188-4	188-3	85-7	85-6	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . . . .	...	77-3	571-5	476-2	67-4	75-4	...	...	...	...	98-9	65-9	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	460-5	460-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	98-8	80-8	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116-6	116-7	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	383-3	...	...	15-7	15-7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74-1	77-3	493-8	592-5	57-7	72-4	12-5	12-8	131-7	75-7	102-9	98-7	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	466-6	466-7	...	...	13-1	13-1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	743-2	608-1	...	...	17-6	17-5	113-1	133-6	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	84-2	81-4	540-5	473	...	...	...	...	106-8	106-8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	76	60	480	497-13	68-54	102-86	...	...	197-13	197-13	120	120	2-92	2-92
Bangalore	68	63	548-54	582-86	68-54	85-68	...	...	248-12	240-1	171-41	171-41	5-88	5-88

*Not reported yet

Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BEAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
..	5.21	...	6.15	...	...	...	25.83	...	100	...	85	...	2.44	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	10	6.25	...	...	90	90	150	100	2.37	2.31	Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	9.22	7.29	21.09	21.04	140	140	160	140	2.59	2.53	Central— Lahore
...	...	15.99	13.88	15.99	6.61	22.24	18.18	80	80	150	150	2.12	1.81	South-eastern— Delhi
...	8.91	8.02	...	15.1	110	125	...	...	2.5	2.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	16.67	8.91	23.49	16.67	90	90	100	80	2.12	2.31	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	8.12	5	25	20.62	100	100	140	140	2.37	2.62	Western— Lyallpur
...	5	...	25	...	90	...	120	2.56	2.59	Multan
...	...	2.81	3.38	6.15	5.21	16.3	14.79	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2.5	2.75	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	2.56	2.87	Dera Ismael Khan
...	130	125	...	110	2	2.06	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	7.5	...	14.69	17.81	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2.25	2.37	Shikarpur
...	7.81	10	30.62	26.25	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2.81	2.66	Quetta
...	2.25	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	2.05	2	Sholapur
...	25.73	...	...	...	...	...	1.91	2.16	Poona
...	Khandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	30	27.13	...	...	...	...	2.03	2	Dhulia
...	Gujarat— Surat
...	22.5	17.5	...	...	...	...	2.31	2.33	Ahmadabad
...	2.34	2.31	
...	50	50	90	90	1.87	1.87	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	26.62	27.5	60	60	70	70	1.62	1.75	Central— Jabalpur
...	35	2.25	2	Eastern— Raipur
...	77	72	62	63	1.87	1.87	Berar— Akola
...	9	...	2	38	41	55	55	100	80	2.25	2.12	Amraoti
...	Madras— South central— Coimbatore
6.4	6.4	3.2	4	12	11.9	109.5*	108.8*	...	...	50	50	2.13	2.25	Salem
...	80†	80†	...	...	2.11	2	Central— Bellary
...	...	6.8	6.9	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	100	2.25	2.25	Cuddapah
...	2.06	2	Karnul
...	2.25	2.5	East Coast, central— Nellore
8.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.7	1.4	East Coast, south— Madras
...	14.2	14.2	33.5	26.5	98.9†	98.75†	...	...	1.79	1.79	
...	13.8	12.4	130†	130†	...	...	1.66	2.22	Tanjore
...	18.1	18	36.7	38.3	...	...	...	...	2.32	2.9	Trichinopoly
10.7	6.4	...	...	12.5	12.5	16.9	17	...	...	40	40	2	2	Southern— Madura
2.92	2.92	2.92	2.92	...	...	36.72	36.72	80	80	100	100	2.12	2.56	Mysore— Mysore
5.88	5.88	...	...	...	...	33.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 10, 1911

B

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1911 [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoidesum</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 5	6 5	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	6 13	6 13	...	...	6 2	6 2	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . .	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 5	6 8	6 3	...	...	...	...
Bangoon . . .	8 14	8 14	...	...	6 10	6 10	6 10	6 13	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	...	...	6 1	6 1	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	...	...	6 1	6 1	5 13	5 13	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . .	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 7	6 6	...	...	...	...
Heusada . . .	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 13	4 13	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Frome . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	5 5	6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 5	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . .	...	...	...	...	5 10	5 6	6 11	6 1	...	11 4	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay . . .	8 14	8 4	...	...	6 12	6 15	6 13	7 —	14 15	13 12	...	...
Bhamo . . .	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 12	7 12	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	16 —	18 —	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway . . .	3 4	3 4	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpya . . .	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	6 —	4 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 12	...	...	...	...
Baokerganj . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . .	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . .	...	...	...	...	6 14	8 7	8 15	9 2	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 4	9 8	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . .	15 —	16 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	9 10	9 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Pabna . . .	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 —	10 —	11 2	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi . . .	12 12	12 12	24 —	26 4	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 14	...	...	...	...
Malda . . .	13 8	13 8	20 —	20 —	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . .	12 —	9 12	...	...	...	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Jalpaiguri . . .	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	8 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 2	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . .	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Burma—												
Sylhet . . .	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 —	8 12	10 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar . . .	9 2	8 14	...	...	8 8	8 8	10 10	11 5	...	...	...	...
<i>Hill tracts—</i>												
Khási and Jaintia Hills . . .	6 —	5 8	...	...	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Garó Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	2 8	3 8	6 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur . . .	12 —	14 —	...	...	22 —	23 —	24 —	25 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 —	11 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>												
Goalpara . . .	18 —	18 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	11 8	12 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp . . .	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . .	...	...	...	...	6 8	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Sibságar . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur . . .	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 —	4 4	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittucks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KARUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Burma—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	11 10	11 10	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergui
...	9 8	9 12	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 11	13 11	Tavoy
...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Monlmein and
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Amherst
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 15	7 15	17 14	17 14	Pegu
...	7 14	7 6	...	...	7 2	7 2	17 2	17 2	Rangoon
...	7 12	7 12	13 11	13 11	8 3	8 3	17 13	17 13	Manbin
...	9 14	9 8	15 2	15 2	...	...	14 3	14 3	Bassein
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Pegu (inland)—
...	17 —	19 —	18 —	20 —	...	...	18 10	18 10	Tharawadi
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	14 —	14 —	Henzada
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 9	4 10	17 12	17 12	Prome
...	9 —	9 10	16 —	16 —	Tonngoo
...	18 10	18 10	Thayetmyo
...	14 —	14 —	Upper Burma—
...	14 —	14 —	Mandalay
...	17 12	17 12	Bhamo
...	16 —	16 —	Pakokku
...	14 3	14 3	Meiktila
...	18 —	18 —	Arakan—
...	13 —	13 —	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpada
...	Akyab
...	14 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	21 —	22 8	Eastern Bengal and
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Assam—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	18 —	Eastern—
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Chittagong
...	16 —	16 —	Noakhali
...	16 —	16 —	Backerganj
...	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	16 —	16 —	Dacca
...	16 —	16 —	Faridpur
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	19 —	18 8	Central—
...	18 —	19 2	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 12	15 12	Pabna
...	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Rajshahi
...	16 8	15 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	19 —	19 8	Malda
...	Bogra
...	10 —	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 —	18 —	Northern—
...	16 —	15 8	...	...	10 —	9 10	16 —	16 —	Jalpaiguri
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	13 —	12	Dinajpur
...	Rangpur
...	11 —	11 7	...	...	11 —	9 11	18 —	18 4	Burma—
...	11 10	11 7	...	...	9 11	9 6	16 —	16 13	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 —	Hill tracts—
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Khási and Jaintia
...	4 —	4 —	14 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	12 —	14 —	Hills
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Garo Hills
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Manipur
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Naga Hills
...	12 8	11 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	16 —	16 —	Lushai Hills
...	9 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Brahmaputra—
...	9 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	16 —	13 —	Goalpara
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	Kámrúp
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Bengal—												
<i>Dacca—</i>												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 15	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 --	10 --	...	...	...	...	10 5	10 5	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	10 --	10 --	13 8	13 --	...	...	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	11 4	11 4	20 --	20 --	...	...	8 8	8 14	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 --	8 --	11 8	11 8	...	...	9 7	9 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Bankura	11 --	10 8	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 --	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	13 --	12 8	18 --	20 --	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	11 --	10 --	16 --	16 --	...	...	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling	8 --	8 --	10 --	10 --	...	...	7 --	7 --	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Puri	10 13	10 8	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Balasore	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	11 --	10 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>												
Sambalpur	12 --	{ 11 12 to 12 -- }	...	...	...	...	13 --	12 --	...	...	...	...
Singbhum	11 --	10 --	...	...	...	...	10 --	9 --	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	10 8	10 --	12 --	12 --	...	...	11 --	9 8	...	...	20 --	...
Ránoli	11 8	11 12	13 8	13 --	...	...	10 --	10 --	...	...	...	...
Paláman	15 12	15 3	23 10	20 4	...	...	12 6	12 6	...	...	...	...
<i>Hazáribágh</i>												
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	14 3	14 3	20 --	18 14	...	...	13 4	14 3	...	...	...	...
Gaya	12 13	13 1	20 8	19 8	...	...	11 12	12 3	16 6	17 2	...	...
Patna	14 --	14 --	24 --	22 --	...	...	14 --	13 --	20 --	...	20 --	...
Shahabad												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	15 --	14 --	...	20 --	...	...	10 8	11 --	...	...	...	...
Bhágálpur	12 --	12 --	18 --	18 12	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	13 3	11 --	22 --	19 12	...	...	12 --	12 1	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	12 --	12 --	19 --	19 --	...	...	10 --	10 --	...	...	...	...
Saran	13 --	12 8	20 --	20 --	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Champáran	14 8	15 --	28 --	25 --	...	...	12 8	11 --	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirzapur	10 8	10 8	16 --	16 8	4 8	4 --	10 8	8 --	...	...	13 --	12 8
Benares* . . . . .	...	11 11	...	19 --	...	6 --	...	7 13	...	...	14 14	14 14
Ghazipur	12 10	12 12	17 9	18 15	6 11	6 1	10 12	11 --	20 13	13 5	15 9	15 1
Jaunpur* . . . . .	...	12 14	...	19 14	...	5 1	...	8 11	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	10 12	10 12	17 --	18 --	5 12	5 12	9 --	9 --	18 --	18 --	15 --	15 --
<i>Central—</i>												
Bánda	11 10	12 --	17 8	18 8	4 --	4 --	7 14	7 14	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	11 --	11 8	16 --	17 --	6 --	6 --	7 --	7 --	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	11 8	11 8	15 8	15 8	5 14	5 14	6 12	6 12	19 7	19 8	16 9	16 9
Jalaun	12 12	12 8	16 --	16 --	5 --	5 --	7 --	7 --	...	16 --	15 --	15 --
Cawnpore	12 8	11 12	16 8	18 --	...	...	8 4	8 --	17 8	18 --	15 --	13 --
Jhau	12 4	11 14	18 9	16 8	6 1	6 4	8 5	8 4	17 8	16 1	15 5	13 --
Etárah	12 4	12 4	16 4	16 4	3 --	3 --	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Farukhabad	12 5	12 --	17 --	17 10	3 9	3 9	8 2	8 2	...	...	13 --	11 6
Mainpuri	13 8	13 8	16 8	16 8	5 --	5 --	8 --	8 --	...	12 --	14 --	14 --
Etah	13 --	13 8	18 --	18 --	4 --	4 --	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut	13 4	13 --	16 12	17 --	3 8	3 --	8 --	7 --	17 --	...	...	...
Agra	12 8	12 --	16 --	16 --	7 --	7 --	8 --	8 --	17 --	17 --	12 8	12 --
Muttra	12 8	12 8	17 --	17 --	5 --	5 --	8 --	8 --	14 --	14 --	14 --	14 --
Aligarh	13 --	12 --	17 4	17 6	3 8	3 --	4 --	4 --	16 8	16 8	15 --	15 --
Budaunshahr	13 8	13 8	19 --	19 --	3 --	3 --	8 --	8 --	14 --	14 --	12 --	12 --
<i>Simontane, east—</i>												
Ballia	13 10	13 --	20 13	20 13	6 8	6 8	11 1	10 11	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	12 8	13 8	18 8	19 8	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	14 --	14 --	17 --	17 --
Gorakhpur	13 8	13 8	18 15	20 7	8 2	8 4	11 11	9 14	20 12	21 8	...	...
Bar	14 --	13 8	21 8	24 --	6 --	6 12	13 12	11 --	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet.

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort	Common	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur	13 8	13 4	18 8	19 —	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Budaun	13 2	13 2	17 4	17 4	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 4	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 2
Pilibit	12 4	13 12	19 —	18 —	5 3	5 3	9 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Bareilly	12 6	12 8	16 8	16 12	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Moradabad	13 6	13 4	18 4	19 —	3 4	3 4	7 4	7 8	15 —	15 —	15 4	14 —
Bijnor	12 8	12 8	19 —	19 —	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	13 3	13 3	17 1	17 10	6 10	6 10	7 2	7 2	15 6	15 6	11 —	11 —
Saharanpur	12 12	12 9	17 —	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 —	14 14	16 —	14 14	13 13
Dehra-Dun	11 8	11 8	19 —	20 8	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 —	15 —	14 8	14 —	14 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Almora	9 12	9 12	13 —	13 —	2 12	2 12	7 8	6 4	...	...	...	...
Garhwal	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 4	3 4	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh	12 8	13 —	16 —	17 —	4 8	4 8	8 4	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sultanpur	13 8	13 12	19 8	20 8	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareilly	11 12	12 2	16 —	16 —	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 8	16 —	16 —	16 —	14 —
Unao	12 2	12 2	16 4	17 2	6 —	6 —	8 8	8 —	14 —	14 —	16 —	12 —
Lucknow	13 8	12 8	18 —	18 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Hardoi	13 8	13 13	18 —	19 —	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad	12 8	12 8	19 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Barabanki	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —
Gonda	13 12	13 2	20 8	19 8	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 2	16 4	15 4	15 8	16 4
Bahraich	14 12	15 —	19 —	21 8	7 —	6 —	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Sitapur	12 12	13 —	18 —	19 8	4 —	4 —	8 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Kheri	13 8	13 8	19 —	18 8	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 —	17 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Partabgarh	16 —	14 8	17 —	18 —	3 4	3 2	7 —	7 2	22 —	18 6	...	...
Banewara	13 —	12 12	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	11 6	12 8	14 6	15 10	6 10	6 10	7 7	7 2	15 —	13 10	9 7	...
<i>Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)</i>												
Ajmer*	10 —	11 1	...	13 8	...	5 —	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kishangarh	10 —	10 8	13 —	13 —	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bundi	16 7	17 5	22 12	24 5	5 1	6 6	6 15	7 1	25 5	26 14	11 8	11 8
Kotah	13 —	12 4	15 —	15 12	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 12	15 —	11 —	11 —
Jhalawar	13 4	12 10	15 9	14 —	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 8	11 —	10 9
Tonk*	...	14 9	...	18 8	...	4 8	...	5 10	...	21 6	...	...
Jasipur*	...	12 1	...	15 11	...	5 4	...	6 —	...	14 6	...	12 13
Karauli	12 13	12 8	15 —	14 11	6 4	6 4	6 14	7 3	...	...	13 12	13 7
Dholpur	12 9	12 5	15 12	15 11	5 12	5 12	6 —	6 —	15 9	15 13	13 14	13 15
Bharatpur	12 8	12 2	15 12	15 8	4 14	4 14	...	5 11	15 8	15 8	13 10	13 10
Alwar	12 12	12 12	16 5	15 10	5 12	5 12	7 10	8 —	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 8
Deoli	13 —	13 —	17 4	17 4	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	17 2	17 —	15 —	14 —
Nasirabad	11 —	11 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	13 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Shahpura	12 12	12 —	14 13	14 13	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 1	10 —	10 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner	9 8	9 8	14 —	14 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	13 —	12 —	9 —	9 —
Jaisalmer	8 14	9 —	...	...	5 10	5 14	7 5	7 2	9 12	10 3	8 14	9 8
Jodhpur	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balmer	11 1	11 1	13 9	13 9	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	14 12	11 6	11 6	11 11
Erinpura	10 2	9 14	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	8 10	...	...	10 5	10 5
Sirohi	11 —	11 —	14 8	14 8	...	...	5 1	5 1	13 —	13 —	11 12	11 12
Anadra	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Abu	9 14	9 10	12 8	12 8	4 12	4 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	10 13	9 15
Central India—												
Indore	11 4	10 8	17 —	14 —	5 —	4 8	7 —	6 —	18 —	15 —	13 —	...
Nimach	10 8	10 4	...	...	6 12	6 12	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Gwalior*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar	...	11 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	14 —	13 8	11 8	12 —
Ferozpur	14 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore	12 12	14 4	17 12	18 4	...	...	6 12	6 12	15 12	14 12	13 12	12 4
Gujranwala	12 12	12 12	17 12	17 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Gurmat	12 8	12 8	19 —	19 —	...	...	6 12	6 —	...	...	...	...
Jhelum	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	13 —	13 —

* Not reported yet.

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—continued (The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (Pennisetum typhoidesum)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Panjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	12 8	12 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Delhi	12 8	11 8	16 8	16 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	15 —	15 —	12 —	12 —
Rohtak	12 —	12 —	16 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 8	14 8	13 —	13 8
Karnal	13 —	13 8	17 —	17 8	...	...	6 —	...	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 12	12 8	17 8	17 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	16 8	19 8	13 12	13 12
Ludhiana	13 8	13 —	20 —	18 —	...	...	...	...	17 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Jalandhar	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	12 —	12 —
Hoshiarpur	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	13 —
Gurdaspur	14 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 4	13 8	19 —	18 8	...	...	7 8	7 —	18 —	17 —	12 —	11 8
Sialkot	13 8	13 8	18 —	19 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	15 —	14 —	12 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 12	10 8	16 8	15 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	10 8	11 —
Kangra	12 8	12 4	19 8	19 8	...	...	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	12 —	11 12	17 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	19 —	13 8	14 —
Attock	12 8	12 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Shahpur	14 —	14 —	16 —	18 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	15 8	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	16 —	15 —
Lyallpur	11 8	13 —	15 8	15 8	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Multan	12 —	11 4	16 4	17 8	...	...	8 4	8 6	16 4	15 8	13 12	...
Montgomery	12 12	12 4	17 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	13 —
Muzaffargarh	12 8	12 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Dera Ghazi Khan* . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazara	10 2	10 2	13 4	13 4	3 3	3 3	6 6	6 2	...	...	11 —	11 —
Peshawar	11 —	11 —	18 —	17 —	4 9	4 9	7 8	7 3	...	...	11 —	14 —
Kohat	12 6	12 2	17 4	17 4	4 —	4 —	9 4	9 4	16 10	16 10	15 5	15 5
Bannu	17 3	18 2	28 12	30 —	3 7	3 7	9 6	7 13	25 —	23 12	17 8	17 8
Dera Ismael Khan	13 2	13 —	18 12	18 12	3 2	3 2	5 8	5 4	20 —	20 —	16 4	15 8
Tochi	15 —	15 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	15 12	15 12	25 —	25 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	12 —	12 4	17 —	16 —	3 4	3 8	5 8	5 8	14 —	14 —	...	...
Wano	10 1	10 1	12 2	12 2	2 13	2 13	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 —	5 8	7 —	6 8	11 —	10 —	9 8	8 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkar (Umarkot)	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	9 —	9 8	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikarpur	12 —	12 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	7 8	7 —	13 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Upper Sind Frontier	10 8	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	11 —	14 —	11 —
Quetta	10 — to 10 11	9 14 to 10 5	13 3	12 15	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	12 13	12 9	11 1	10 11
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 5	7 5	...	...	6 —	6 8	7 14	8 6	9 10	10 2	10 4	10 4
Katnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	9 12	9 2	8 10	9 15
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 15	6 12	7 3	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 13	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	8 2	8 2	10 7	10 7	9 15	10 10
Thanna	7 3	8 5	...	...	6 5	6 5	7 5	7 5	9 5	9 5	12 8	12 8
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	10 6	10 6	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 4	8 4	13 2	13 2	12 11	12 11
Belgaum	10 8	9 15	...	...	8 1	8 5	8 9	8 14	12 15	12 7	11 6	12 2
Satara	7 1	7 1	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 7	9 14	9 14	10 —	10 11
Sholapur	9 13	9 13	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 8	8 8	13 7	13 14	12 —	12 —
Bijapur	9 12	9 12	...	...	7 7	7 7	8 7	8 6	12 4	12 4	...	11 6
Poona	7 8	8 12	...	...	6 6	7 —	7 10	7 10	9 10	10 13	8 6	9 10
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	6 10	5 14	7 —	6 10	11 11	11 11	10 8	10 8
Nasik	9 14	9 3	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	9 8	9 8
Dhulia	8 15	8 15	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 15	6 15	11 7	11 7	10 3	10 3
Jalgaon	9 1	9 1	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 6	7 6	10 14	10 14	9 11	9 11
Gujarat—												
Surat	9 4	8 13	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 10	7 6	10 10	10 6	8 13	8 9
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	9 8	9 8
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	9 8	9 8
Baroda	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	8 8	8 8
Ahmadabad	10 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	9 8
Godhra	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	9 —	9 —
Disa	9 12	9 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 12	10 12	9 12	9 12
Kathawar—												
Rajkot	10 —	9 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	5 8	5 —	10 —	10 —	9 —	8 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 2	9 13	...	...	4 6	5 —	7 2	7 9	16 8	12 9	...	...
Hoshangabad	11 4	11 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	14 10	...	...	...
Betal	12 1	12 1	...	...	...	...	5 14	7 14	15 14	14 2	...	...
Ghondwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 10	6 10	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	...	...
Nagpur	11 7	11 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	14 15	13 13	...	...
Wardha	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 8	8 14	14 15	12 10	...	...

*Not reported.

State the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Flouinea coraciina</i>)		KANONI OR KA KUN, IT ALAN MILLAY (<i>Betar italica</i>)		GRAM, ORHENA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANBAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	
...	18 8	18 6	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	18 —	17 —	16 —	17 —	11 8	11 8	22 —	22 —	South-eastern —
...	20 —	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	20 —	20 —	...	...	13 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
19 8	19 8	15 8	16 —	17 8	17 4	19 8	19 8	12 —	12 —	27 —	27 —	Rohtak
...	...	11 —	10 —	19 —	18 —	20 —	18 8	6 8	6 8	25 8	26 —	Karnal
...	...	10 —	10 —	17 8	17 —	19 8	18 —	...	...	27 —	27 —	Sulimantana—
...	17 —	16 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	23 —	24 —	Ambala
...	17 —	16 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	12 4	11 8	17 8	16 12	16 —	15 8	10 —	9 8	26 —	26 —	Jalandhar
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	15 —	14 10	16 8	15 —	9 —	8 4	18 —	18 —	Gurdaspur
...	13 8	12 12	15 —	16 —	8 8	8 —	18 —	18 —	Amritsar
...	...	13 —	13 —	17 —	16 —	16 8	16 —	8 —	8 8	24 —	26 —	Sialkot
...	15 8	15 —	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	16 —	17 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Sinla
17 8	17 —	...	...	15 12	16 —	...	18 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	16 —	17 —	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Northern —
...	...	13 —	12 8	16 —	16 —	12 8	10 4	...	...	23 —	23 8	Rawalpindi
...	16 12	16 4	13 —	13 —	8 8	8 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 8	16 —	13 —	14 —	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Western —
...	Shalpur
...	13 —	13 —	12 8	13 8	...	...	20 —	20 —	Jhang
...	...	14 —	14 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	11 —	9 2	8 13	25 —	25 —	Lyallpur
...	16 8	15 12	13 6	12 12	...	...	25 8	25 8	Multan
...	22 13	23 5	18 2	20 10	...	...	30 19	30 10	Montgomery
...	20 5	20 12	20 —	20 —	9 2	9 12	27 —	27 —	Muzaffargarh
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	18 —	18 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	13 —	13 —	...	20 —	6 —	6 —	19 —	19 —	Hazara
...	11 6	11 6	...	...	...	...	Peshawar
...	11 8	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Kohat
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	23 —	23 —	Bannu
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	26 —	26 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	15 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Tochi
...	14 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kurram
...	12 9	12 1	10 —	10 8	6 2	6 —	16 —	16 —	Malakand
...	Wano
14 7	15 6	...	...	10 7	10 7	...	...	3 9	9 8	19 11	19 11	Sind and Baluchistan —
11 3	11 3	...	...	11 —	10 5	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Karachi
7 14	7 14	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 6	7 6	23 12	23 12	Hyderabad
12 8	12 8	...	...	10 —	10 10	...	...	8 15	8 15	18 14	18 14	Thar and Parkar
...	11 2	12 10	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	(Unmarkot)
...	10 15	10 15	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 10	20 10	Shikarpur
16 3	18 4	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	9 8	10 —	19 13	19 13	Upper Sind Frontier
...	11 8	11 8	...	...	10 14	10 14	19 —	19 —	Quetta
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	11 3	11 3	18 12	18 12	Bombay—
...	11 12	11 12	...	...	8 12	11 6	19 10	19 10	Konkan—
...	12 2	12 2	...	...	8 10	8 10	16 14	16 14	Karwar
...	12 12	12 12	...	...	11 3	10 8	15 1	15 1	Ratnagiri
13 1	11 14	...	...	12 11	12 11	...	...	11 13	11 13	23 5	23 5	Alibag
...	12 10	12 10	...	...	9 10	9 10	15 11	17 2	Bombay
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	16 6	17 14	Thanna
...	10 10	10 3	...	...	9 4	9 11	26 13	26 13	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Dharwar
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 8	25 8	25 8	Belgaum
11 8	11 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	21 —	21 —	Satara
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	26 8	26 8	Solapur
11 —	11 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	25 —	25 —	Bijapur
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	25 —	25 —	Poona
...	11 8	10 —	...	...	8 —	6 8	80 —	80 —	Khamlesh and N.-E.
...	12 9	12 9	...	...	9 11	10 7	14 8	14 8	Deccan —
...	15 6	15 6	...	...	14 6	14 6	16 —	16 —	Amnadinagar
...	14 2	14 2	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 7	15 7	Nasik
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	13 6	13 6	16 —	16 —	Dhulia
...	15 7	15 7	...	...	13 7	13 7	16 —	16 —	Jalgaon
...	13 6	13 6	...	...	15 7	14 7	17 —	17 —	Gujarat—
...	Surat
...	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Amnabad
...	Golhra
...	Dasa
...	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nimar
...	Hoshangabad
...	Betul
...	Gumdwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—concluded (The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		KAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Central Provinces— continued												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	12 —	11 8	...	...	5 1	5 1	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . .	12 13	12 3	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	18 5	16 —	...	...
Damoh . . .	14 11	13 —	...	...	7 12	7 2	9 2	7 12	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	14 2	14 2	...	...	10 2	10 2	14 3	14 3	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	14 3	13 11	...	...	7 2	7 2	12 13	12 —	...	...	...	...
Balaghat . . .	12 8	12 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bhandara . . .	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 10	16 —	...	...
Chanda . . .	11 6	11 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	8 14	8 14	14 6	14 6	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilaspur . . .	14 3	12 13	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 3	12 13	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 —	11 12	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	14 14	13 13	...	...	11 10	11 10	11 14	11 14	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana . . .	10 10	10 10	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 12	6 12	15 —	18 5	...	...
Akola . . .	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 13	6 13	8 8	8 8	14 3	14 3	...	...
Amratoti . . .	11 9	11 9	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	17 —	16 —	...	...
Yeotmal . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 3	4 3	8 11	8 11	18 5	16 —	...	...
Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad*	7 —	7 4	10 13	11 11	3 7	3 7	7 2	6 14	11 14	12 2	14 6	14 9
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 8	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	12 15	12 9	12 5	13 11
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	12 9	12 9	10 15	10 15
Central—												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 13	14 4	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 13	16 10	17 3	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	14 12	14 12	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	15 5	15 5	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 2	...	...	...	...
Visagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	5 14	...	...	14 14	15 13
Godavari . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 13	10 3	11 7	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna† . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 11	...	13 8	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	12 13	12 13	12 —	12 8
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras												
Chingleput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 14	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	9 6	...	...	12 5	12 5
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 4	...	...	10 15	12 5
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	8 4	12 12	12 3	13 —	12 5
Southern—												
Tinnevelly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 13	13 5	12 9	11 5	10 15
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 7	11 12	11 12	10 15	10 4
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	8 —	7 —	7 —	6 12	6 8	6 8	7 8	8 —	16 —	14 4	...	...
Bangalore . . .	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 4	5 4	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar . . .	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Tuinkur . . .	8 —	7 —	7 —	6 8	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Hassan . . .	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	7 —	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur . . .	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	7 12	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	...	...
Shimoga . . .	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	...	...
Chitaldrug . . .	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Coorg—												
Coorg . . .	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Aden . . .	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	12 7	11 12	12 7	12 12

*Including Bolaram

†Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MAHUA OR BAGI (Eleusine coracana)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (Setaria italica)		GRAM, CHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAT, OR SUNAGA (Cicer aristinum)		MAIZE (Zea Mays)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
				18 —	18 —			14 10	14 10	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>
				16 —	16 —			11 2	11 2	18 5	18 5	Central—
				13 14	13 14			9 2	9 2	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
				16 —	16 —			10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Saugor
				25 1	25 —			12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	Damoh
				19 3	19 3			12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
				14 4	14 4			10 2	10 2	15 5	15 5	Mandla
				15 6	15 6			12 8	12 8	18 6	18 6	Seoni
				13 5	13 5			13 5	13 5	16 —	16 —	Bálághát
												Bhan lara
												Chánda
				16 —	16 —			14 3	14 3	12 13	14 3	Eastern—
				16 8	16 8			13 8	13 8	16 —	14 8	Biláspur
				18 —	18 —			12 —	12 —	15 4	15 4	Raipur
												Drug
				16 5	16 5			12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	Berar—
				13 5	13 5			9 13	9 13	15 —	15 —	Buliana
				14 2	14 2			14 12	12 10	18 —	18 —	Akola
				14 5	14 3			16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	Amráoti
												Yeotmal
15 6	17 4			11 9	11 7			16 5	16 8	14 —	14 —	Nizam's Territories—
												Secunderabad
												Madras—
										17 3	19 10	Malabar Coast—
										19 8	19 8	Malabar
16 4	16 4											S. Canara
14 1	14 7									18 6	18 6	South, central—
14 9	14 9									16 —	16 —	Coimbatore
16 13	16 13									21 12	17 15	Nilgiris
17 —	17 —											Salem
										19 15	19 15	Central—
14 14	13 14									19 7	19 7	Bollary
14 6	14 6									21 1	21 2	Anantapur
11 3	11 4									18 12	17 15	Cuddapah
												Karnal
	18 12									24 —	24 —	East Coast, north—
13 14	15 14									20 —	20 —	Ganjam
13 —	13 11									24 —	24 —	Visagapatam
12 10	12 10											Godavari
14 1	15 9											East Coast, central—
11 13	11 13											Kistna
14 1	14 7									25 8	25 8	Guntur
14 13	15 9									26 3	26 3	Nellore
13 5	14 1									26 12	27 3	East Coast, south—
12 9	13 5									26 —	26 —	Madras
										23 11	22 10	Chingleput
										23 3	23 3	N. Arcot
												S. Arcot
										23 7	23 7	Tanjore
										20 9	20 9	Trichinopoly
										28 13	28 13	Southern—
										23 13	23 13	Tinnevely
												Madura
												Mysore—
16 —	14 —			8 —	8 8			8 —	8 8	16 —	16 —	Mysore
14 —	14 —			8 12	8 12			7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	Bangalore
13 12	13 8			9 —	9 —			8 8	8 8	18 —	18 —	Kolar
15 —	14 —			8 —	9 —			9 —	8 12	18 —	18 —	Tumkur
20 —	19 —			8 —	8 4			8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Hassan
18 —	18 —			9 8	10 8			8 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Kadur
19 —	19 —			9 —	9 —			9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Shimoga
18 —	18 —			9 —	9 —			10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	Chitaldrug
18 8	21 —			15 —	16 —			8 4	8 4	18 —	18 —	Coorg—
				11 3	11 3			9 5	8 10	32 —	32 —	Coorg
												Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 10, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	IN THE SEVEN MONTHS, APRIL TO OCTOBER, OF									
	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
<i>Special Import Duties</i>										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	1,84	1,70	2,32	2,08	2,13	2,93	2,84	2,76	2,81	2,62
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,27	1,47	1,59	1,54	1,66	1,61	2,83	2,80	4,46	4,40
Spirits and liqueurs	38,52	42,21	42,23	44,64	40,59	52,35	52,95	52,70	60,05	60,29
Wines	2,09	2,02	1,86	2,04	1,93	2,11	2,10	2,03	2,09	2,98
Opium and its alkaloids*	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	4	6
Petroleum	31,68	25,45	26,59	22,81	20,07	26,43	30,63	26,91	30,98	43,10
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	24,50	21,40	24,27	17,02	25,10	30,35	43,34	33,46	1,08,75	64,71
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	15,65	1,96	9	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	3,17	13	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco (a)	98	1,15	1,42	1,74	1,64	2,13	1,96	2,56	16,75	14,83
<i>General Import Duties</i>										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	7,06	7,64	8,72	9,85	10,17	12,76	14,12	12,68	13,26	13,51
Sugar (ordinary duties)	1,66	15,35	17,09	17,30	28,88	24,70	27,63	33,05	35,65	34,53
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	5,50	6,54	5,99	6,11	6,57	8,27	7,42	7,98	9,29	9,20
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	31,46	27,35	31,57	35,87	37,95	39,52	31,54	33,96	32,58	37,72
" white	9,72	11,15	15,79	16,17	13,92	21,95	17,64	12,90	17,83	21,43
" coloured	12,96	16,18	18,56	18,64	18,97	21,89	22,69	15,80	23,28	25,37
Other goods	1,31	2,20	3,18	3,48	3,81	3,96	4,02	3,71	4,96	5,16
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	17,55	17,51	21,11	17,52	18,89	22,65	28,84	24,43	28,86	28,88
Oil (excluding petroleum)	97	54	52	64	1,27	1,63	89	71	82	66
Manufactured articles	33,99	39,56	47,06	47,46	46,94	55,14	58,05	51,84	64,11	70,98
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	4,99	5,08	5,86	6,39	6,19	8,00	9,84	8,24	8,48	8,40
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,59,83	2,47,01	2,75,90	2,71,83	2,86,71	3,38,50	3,59,36	3,28,54	4,65,96	4,48,83
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	9,34	10,69	11,35	13,69	13,71	16,12	16,45	17,86	18,74	21,86
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	61,50	58,25	66,97	61,15	51,53	50,47	36,31	44,04	59,81	65,02
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	4,81	5,46	5,91	4,50	5,28	5,90	5,13	5,90	5,67	6,54
GRAND TOTAL	3,35,48	3,21,41	3,60,13	3,51,47	3,57,23	4,11,08	4,17,25	3,96,34	5,50,18	5,42,25
<i>Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports</i>										
Bengal	97,49	87,20	99,65	1,00,26	1,02,10	1,27,36	1,15,11	1,13,94	1,44,06	1,56,34
Imports	7,69	7,64	9,87	12,39	6,48	4,62	2,69	5,95	10,12	11,78
Exports	—	—	—	—	31	39	52	54	67	75
Eastern Bengal and Assam	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	—	1
Imports	99,36	94,20	1,04,68	1,11,56	1,06,57	1,25,81	1,34,81	1,22,05	2,10,65	1,71,08
Exports	2,11	1,25	1,37	96	94	89	1,17	1,74	1,11	76
Sind	24,24	19,03	21,80	22,91	27,66	27,48	35,82	31,17	40,46	44,06
Imports	70	55	92	74	2,06	2,26	94	1,35	1,05	1,02
Exports	21,17	23,31	23,50	22,01	22,81	26,42	33,20	28,57	33,13	36,87
Madras	4,11	5,83	4,64	2,83	4,77	6,99	6,27	3,79	3,45	4,81
Imports	17,57	23,15	26,27	25,06	27,20	31,14	39,90	32,27	36,99	39,73
Exports	40,59	42,98	50,17	44,23	37,28	35,71	25,22	31,18	44,08	46,64

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."

(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "General Import Duties"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence
J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 6, 1911



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 23rd October 1911.

From the 2nd December next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 25th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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J. J. MEIKLE.

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 16th November 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2079-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 13th November 1911 :—

- No. 607 of 1911.—Cecil Watson, associate member of the institute of civil engineers, of Roslin, Grove Park, London, England. *Improvements in buffing and draft gear for railway and other rolling stock.*
- No. 608 of 1911.—Cecil Watson, associate member of the institute of civil engineers of Roslin, Grove Park, London, England. *Improvements in buffing and draft gear for railway and other rolling stock.*
- No. 609 of 1911.—Herbert Alfred Humphrey, consulting engineer, of 38 Victoria street, Westminster, in the county of London, England. *Improvements in methods of and apparatus for raising or forcing liquids.*
- No. 610 of 1911.—Charles Ernest Player, medical practitioner, of Birkenhead, Auckland, in the dominion of New Zealand. *A cooling screen.*
- No. 611 of 1911.—Hans Gunther Reinstein, manufacturer, of 6 Manteuffelstrasse, Hanover, Germany. *Paste board furniture.*
- No. 612 of 1911.—Alexander Burroughs Strange, member of the Institute of civil engineers, Chief engineer of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Broad Gauge Section, Madras, British India. *A new or improved stake and carrier for wires actuating railway signals and the like.*
- No. 613 of 1911.—Major J. M. Wikeley of the 17th Cavalry, Indian Army, at present recruiting officer for Punjabi Musalmans, Rawalpindi, Punjab. *An improved camp oven.*
- No. 614 of 1911.—Francis Touzel Lefevre, acting deputy carriage and wagon superintendent. E. I. Railway, Lillooah. *Improvements in draw bar guide plates for railway wagon couplings.*
- No. 615 of 1911.—Boaventura Pereira, compounder, Charity Dispensary, De Lima street, Mazagaon, Bombay. *An aerated aperient water.*
- No. 616 of 1911.—Wilford Arthur Peloquin Cosserat, district engineer, Signal, Bengal Nagpur Railway, Garden Reach, Calcutta, British India. *Improvements in railway point locks.*
- No. 617 of 1911.—Juan Forseck, engineer, Mexico, D. F. *Improvements in machines for treating vegetable fibres.*
- No. 618 of 1911.—Martin Max Forkert, miller, of 35 Worthdamm, Hamburg, Germany. *Improvements in and relating to oscillating sieves.*
- No. 619 of 1911.—Robert Stock, manufacturer, of 48-49 Kopernickerstrasse, Berlin S. O. 16, Germany. *Improvements in or relating to ploughs.*
- No. 620 of 1911.—Fred Bedford, and Charles Edward Williams, seed crusher, both of Sleaford, in the county of Lincoln, England. *Improvements in and connected with the catalytic reduction of organic substances.*
- No. 621 of 1911.—James Tarbotton Armstrong, engineer, of 11 Southampton Row, London, W. C., and James Merdan, engineer, of Walters Ash, Hughenden, Buckinghamshire, England. *An improved process and apparatus for the solidification of hydrocarbon oils.*
- No. 622 of 1911.—Daniel Kemp West, engineer, of 23 St. Mary Axe, London, England. *Improvements in cotton gins.*

- No. 623 of 1911.—Pierre Ferra, consulting engineer, formerly of 3 Rue Charpeny now of 101 Route de Strasbourg, Caluire-et-Cuire, near Lyon, France. *A new compound applicable as a heat insulating material and for other purposes.*
- No. 624 of 1911.—Norbert Ceipek, factory manager, of 16 Kolschitzkygasse, Vienna, IV, Austria. *Improvements in the manufacture of a safety explosive.*
- No. 625 of 1911.—Norbert Ceipek, factory manager, of 16 Kolschitzkygasse, Vienna, IV, Austria. *Improvements in the manufacture of a safety explosive.*
- No. 626 of 1911.—Jons Lauritz Nilsson, lawyer, of Humlegardsgatan 29, Stockholm, Sweden. *Improvements in or relating to refrigerating devices.*
- No. 627 of 1911.—Maurice Boucherie, engineer, of 5 Rue Richepance, Paris, France. *Improvements in processes for the preservation of textile fabrics and yarns and in rendering the same impermeable and fire-proof.*

No. 2080-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

- No. 180 of 1911.—Frank Henry Maynard, district engineer, District Board, Gaya Bengal. *A husking and pounding machine.* (Specification filed 9 October 1911.)
- No. 303 of 1911.—Alexander Hendry and Malcolm Allan Hendry, both belting manufacturers, of 252 Main street, Bridgeton, Glasgow, Scotland. *Improvements in and relating to machinery driving belts.* (Specification filed 2 November 1911.)
- No. 407 of 1911.—Harold Linter Cole, assistant secretary, Railway Board, c/o Messrs. King, King & Company, and at present residing in Simla. *An improved slide rule for estimating the boiler power of steam locomotives.* (Specification filed 6 November 1911.)

No. 2081-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each :—

- No. 333 of 1898.—J. Pettigrew. *Improvements in hinges or like mechanism for controlling the action of fall-down doors.* (From 26 November 1911 to 26 November 1912.)
- No. 345 of 1899.—F. W. Hornish and A. C. Clark. *Improvement in mechanical boiler cleaners.* (From 17 November 1911 to 17 November 1912.)
- No. 203 of 1903.—T. M. Thom. *Improvements in the manufacture of artificial marble, dolomite and other stones.* (From 22 December 1911 to 22 December 1912.)
- No. 276 of 1905.—A. Kitson. *Improvements in incandescence vapour lamps.* (From 14 November 1911 to 14 November 1912.)
- No. 325 of 1905.—J. Holden. *Improvements in stays for steam and other boilers.* (From 14 February 1912 to 14 February 1913.)
- No. 327 of 1906.—A. A. Crawford. *Improvements in electric supply plant for railway carriages.* (From 2 November 1911 to 2 November 1912.)
- No. 503 of 1906.—G. H. Pearson. *Improvements in apparatus for facilitating the removal of deposit in locomotive boilers.* (From 20 November 1911 to 20 November 1912.)
- No. 526 of 1906.—K. A. Brauning. *Improvements in and connected with magazine firearms.* (From 29 November 1911 to 29 November 1912.)
- No. 281 of 1907.—W. H. Featherstone. *Improvements in and relating to the actuation of fire main valves and the like.* (From 18 December 1911 to 18 December 1912.)

- No. 558 of 1907.—R. G. Kennedy. *Improvement in devices for controlling a supply of water for irrigation and other purposes.* (From 14 January 1912 to 14 January 1913.)

No. 2082-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act, the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

- No. 599 of 1906.—Hibberd Prepayment Machine Syndicate Ltd. *An improved coin-freed machine.* (Specification filed 9 August 1907.)
- No. 7 of 1907.—J. Hines and T. Coleman. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for distributing liquids on roads.* (Specification filed 10 August 1907.)
- No. 8 of 1907.—Major N. Faichnie. *Improvements in and relating to water bottles for use in the army or the like.* (Specification filed 9 August 1907.)
- No. 9 of 1907.—F. Bailey and F. H. Jackson. *Improvements in clutching devices adapted for use in communicating rotary motion and in controlling the transmission thereof.* (Specification filed 9 August 1907.)
- No. 18 of 1907.—H. Braby. *Improvements in and relating to atomizers or burners for liquid fuel.* (Specification filed 9 August 1907.)
- No. 32 of 1907.—W. Lindsay, S. MacKenzie and J. Arthur. *Improvements in bobbin drivers for roving frames.* (Specification filed 9 August 1907.)
- No. 33 of 1907.—A. E. Hodgson. *Improvements in seats and bodies of motor cars and other carriages.* (Specification filed 10 August 1907.)
- No. 34 of 1907.—M. L. Krimer. *A depilatory or hair removing preparation.* (Specification filed 9 August 1907.)
- No. 41 of 1907.—J. Blair. *Improvements in tea chests.* (Specification filed 8 August 1907.)
- No. 318 of 1907.—M. C. Mehta and The Sayajee Loom Works Limited. *Improvements in take-up motions for looms.* (Specification filed 10 August 1907.)
- No. 327 of 1907.—E. Ludgisen. *Improvements in and connected with tills.* (Specification filed 9 August 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of Rs 50 for each of the above inventions.

- No. 18 of 1904.—M. Moore and T. J. Heskett. *An improved process of and apparatus for treating ferruginous ore for the manufacture of iron and steel therefrom.* (Specification filed 10 August 1904.)
- No. 62 of 1904.—J. T. Blackett. *An improved boring machine for use in coal or ironstone mines or the like places.* (Specification filed 8 August 1904.)
- No. 151 of 1904.—G. Kirkegaard and F. Jebsen. *Bottle stoppers.* (Specification filed 8 August 1904.)
- No. 293 of 1904.—P. S. Swan. *Improvements in electric motors for ceiling fans.* (Specification filed 6 August 1904.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (d) After the expiration of the sixth year and before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of Rs 50 for each of the above inventions.

- No. 6 of 1903.—P. C. Hewitt. *Improvements in the method of and means for obtaining unidirectional current from a single-phase or poly-phase alternating current source.* (Specification filed 10 August 1903.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (e) After the expiration of the seventh year and before the expiration of the eighth year from that date—

The sum of Rs50 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual. (Price Rs1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price.
	Rs. a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(g) Quarterly index, January to March and April to June 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	3-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-5 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price Rs 3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price Rs 3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical trades).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE No. 49.

Sealed tenders for the supply of the following articles required from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913, will be received and opened by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at 12 noon on the dates and at places noted against each. Tenders presented elsewhere will be considered as liable to be informal:—

Articles.	Station where required.	Probable requirement.	Earnest money deposit.	DATE AND PLACE OF OPENING OF TENDERS.	
				Date.	Place.
		lbs.	Rs.		
Meat, fresh.	Quetta	{ 1,200,000	3,220	13th December 1911.	Quetta.
		{ 211,000			
	Karachi	{ 400,000	1,000	18th December 1911.	Karachi.
		{ 75,000			
	Hyderabad	{ 200,000	500	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
		{ 40,000			
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Karachi	450,000	350	15th December 1911.	Ditto.
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Hyderabad	200,000	190	18th December 1911.	Ditto.

2. For forms of tender on payment of rupee one per set and other particulars please apply to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division, Quetta, or the Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA:
The 30th October 1911.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE NO. C—11-8122.

Sealed tenders for the supply of beef and mutton for British Troops at Cawnpore, Lucknow, Fyzabad, Allahabad, Benares and Dinapore from 1st April 1912 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, Lucknow, up to 12 noon on Monday the 4th December 1911.

Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedules are obtainable on application in writing to the above officer up to 29th November 1911, on payment of one rupee for each set of tender forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

H. J. THACKER, Major,
For Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport,
8th (Lucknow) Division.

LUCKNOW :
The 1st November 1911.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

		POWDER.	
		Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
16-oz. tins		5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "		2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "		1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that an order has been made by this Court adjudging the person hereunder mentioned Insolvent and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvent in J. R. B. Branson, Esquire, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvent, or who have any of his estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee :—

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvents.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of the Insolvents
233 of 1911	21st September 1911.	Shaik Mahomed Sahib, piece goods merchant, residing at No. 1-20, Subadar Hussain Street, Triplicane, Madras.	21st September 1911.	30th November 1911.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY OFFICE, MADRAS;
The 13th November 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 77 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ko Hpo, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ko Hpo, merchant of No. 71, Canal Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of November 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ko Hpo.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

RANGOON ;

The 2nd day of November 1911.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 14th November 1911.

No. 589.—Under rule 6 of the Rules for the constitution of the new Provincial Service, the following candidates are appointed as probationers with effect from the 1st November 1911:—

Mr. Duni Chand Puri.

,, Nurani Sivarama Harihara Iyer.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,

Offg. Surveyor General of India.

SURVEY OF INDIA—SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 11th November 1911.

No. 16.—Mr. C. O. Picard, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for three months under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 17th October 1911.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Bt.-Colonel, R.E.,

Superintendent, Southern Circle.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 11th November 1911.

No. 682-R. J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 94(1) of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896, as in force in the Agency territories by virtue of Foreign Department Notification No. 1603 I. B., dated the 28th July 1911, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to confer upon K. S. Sirdar Mir Ahmad Khan, officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner and City Magistrate, Quetta, the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes in respect of suits not exceeding Rs500 (five hundred) in value to be exercised by him within the local limits of the District and town of Quetta.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,

Secretary.

11 B

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 8th November 1911.

No. 3081.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed tests in Pushtu by Higher Standard at an examination held at Quetta on the 30th and 31st October 1911:—

- (1) School Master J. E. Marwood, R.G.A.
- (2) Lieutenant I. N. Clayton, R.G.A.
- (3) Lieutenant E. T. Tudor-Todd, 121st Pioneers.
- (4) Captain E. L. Maxwell, 11th Lancers.
- (5) Lieutenant J. O. Nicolls, 58th Rifles F. F.
- (6) Mr. H. G. R. Adie, Superintendent and Registrar, Revenue and Judicial Commissioner's Office in Baluchistan.
- (7) Major K. K. Knapp, No. 7 Mountain Battery, R.G.A.
- (8) Lieutenant T. A. S. Swinburne, Royal Engineers.
- (9) Captain R. F. White, 1st Battalion, Essex Regiment.
- (10) Lieutenant H. V. Lewis, 129th Balochis.
- (11) Captain H. G. Sealy, 130th Balochis.
- (12) Major A. L. Longhurst, 2-7th Gurkha Rifles.
- (13) Captain A. D. S. Arbuthnot, Royal Engineers.
- (14) Major W. S. Grey, Assistant Political Agent, Loralai.
- (15) Major N. M. C. Stevens, 121st Pioneers.
- (16) Lieutenant H. G. Turner, 106th Hazara Pioneers.
- (17) Captain F. E. Baldwin, 121st Pioneers.
- (18) Major P. Barclay, 122nd Infantry.
- (19) Major A. Melville, 122nd Infantry.
- (20) Officiating Sub-Conductor J. H. Snowdon, I. O. D.

By order,
S. WATERFIELD,
First Assistant.

LOWER GANGES BRIDGE.

NOTIFICATION.

Paksey, the 9th November 1911.

No. 9.—Mr. E. G. Rodwell, Assistant Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India leave on Medical Certificate for 2 months in continuation of the combined leave for 6 months sanctioned in Engineer-in-Chief's Notification No. 3, dated the 10th May 1911.

R. R. GALES,
Engineer-in-Chief,
Lower Ganges Bridge.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Scaled tenders for the supply of miscellaneous stores, *i.e.*, Timber, Kerosine Oil, Tin Ingot and other stores, from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913, will be received by the Superintendent, Ammunition Factory, Dum-Dum, up to 4 P. M. of 24th November 1911 for consideration of the Director of Ordnance Factories who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

2. Forms of "Tender" and "Schedule" of the stores for the supply of which tenders are invited are obtainable on payment of Rs per set on application in writing, and samples and specifications of the article to be supplied can be inspected at the factory, and all further information obtained any day (Sundays and holidays excepted) between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. by all who have purchased the forms.

3. Deposit of earnest money at 2 per cent. on the value of stores tendered for must accompany tenders.

M. WALKER, Lieut.-Colonel, R.A.,
Superintendent.

AMMUNITION FACTORY OFFICE;
Dum-Dum, 16th November 1911.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Dhanbaid, 13th November 1911.

An examination for first and second class coal mine managers' certificates of competency under the rules applying to coal mines will be held at the office of the Mines Department at Dhanbaid on the 21st and 22nd February 1912.

Only persons who have had practical experience in coal mines are eligible to sit for the examination. Necessary instructions will be supplied to intending candidates on application to the undersigned and on their stating their experience.

Applications received after the 10th February 1912 will not be considered.

G. F. ADAMS,
Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FORESTS.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 13th November 1911.

No. 1274-244-4.—Mr. J. D. Maitland-Kirwan, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bombay Presidency, and Instructor at the Forest College, Dehra Dun, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 9 months, with effect from the afternoon of 31st October 1911.

From the same date Mr. A. Rodger, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Burma, and Forest Economist, is appointed to be Instructor at the Forest College in addition to his own duties until further orders.

S. CARR,
for Offg. Inspector General of Forests.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

The following graves in the Golaghat Cemetery are in a state of disrepair. The friends or relatives of the deceased if any are requested to restore them within three months.

Grave No. 1 of Mr. Sinclair, died 28th February 1902.
 " " 25 of Mr. F. C. Rober, died on 8th November 1884.
 " " 50 of Mrs. Portchard, unknown.

H. G. M. VICKERS,
for Deputy Commissioner, Sibsagar.

SIBSAGAR ;
The 2nd September 1911.

**THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 11th November 1911.

No. 685-R. J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (b) of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that M. Juma Khan, Native Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General, and Munsiff, Khojak Pass, shall have jurisdiction in original suits of value not exceeding one thousand rupees.

No. 688-R. J.—Under the provisions of section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner in British Baluchistan is pleased to appoint M. Juma Khan, Native Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General, Khojak Pass, to be a Magistrate of the 1st class within the local limits of the Chaman Sub-Division.

By order,
S. WATERFIELD,
Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 9th November 1911.

No. 28.—Mr. J. Scruby, Assistant Engineer, is granted under paragraph 391, State Railway Open Line Code, Volume II, language leave for three months with effect from 1st December 1911 or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

The 11th November 1911.

No. 29.—Mr. J. K. Robertson, Covenanted Temporary Engineer, is granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India two days' extraordinary leave without pay, for 16th and 17th June 1911 in extension of the privilege leave already granted to him.

The 15th November 1911.

No. 31.—Mr. J. H. Murray, Deputy Traffic Superintendent, is granted, under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 12 months (privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for 9 months) with effect from the forenoon of the 11th December 1911, or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 9th November 1911.

No. 39.—Mr. E. A. C. Lister, Executive Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of furlough for 1 month and 7 days in continuation of combined leave for 6 months and 7 days sanctioned to him in Manager's Notification No. 23, dated 9th May 1911.

The 13th November 1911.

No. 40.—Mr. C. N. Parker, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 2 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of leave on medical certificate for 3 months in continuation of the combined leave for 6 months granted to him in Manager's Notification No. 26, dated 23rd May 1911.

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North Western Railway.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th November 1911.

No. 2083-S. Ap.—Mr. S. Allsop, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for two months and two days with effect from the 1st December 1911, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Baidya Nath Banerji, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. S. Allsop, or until further orders.

The 9th November 1911.

No. 2098-S. Ap.—Mr. N. W. Vaughan, Postmaster, Bangalore, pay Rs400—500, is granted a further extension of privilege leave for 30 days with effect from the 16th October 1911.

The 10th November 1911.

No. 2103-S.-Ap.—Mr. W. C. Dennehy, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 19th October 1911.

Maung Tin Gale, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. C. Dennehy, or until further orders.

The 14th November 1911.

No. 2122-S.-Ap.—Mr. F. M. Morley, Postmaster, Hyderabad, pay Rs. 200—300, is appointed Postmaster, Peshawar, pay Rs. 300—400, with effect from the 1st November 1911.

No. 2125-S.-Ap.—The following promotions and transfer in the grades of postmasters are made with effect from the 3rd November 1911, *vice* Mr. W. S. McLeavy, Postmaster Cawnpore, pay Rs. 500—600, deceased:—

Mr. W. G. Bason, Postmaster, Allahabad, pay Rs. 400—500, and officiating Postmaster, Cawnpore, to be Postmaster, Cawnpore ;

Mr. H. M. Richardson, Postmaster, Ambala, pay Rs. 300—400, and officiating Deputy Postmaster, Bombay, to be Deputy Postmaster, Bombay, pay Rs. 400—500 ;

Bawa Teja Singh, Superintendent, Office of the Postmaster-General, Punjab and North-West Frontier, pay Rs. 200—300, and officiating Postmaster, Ambala, to be Postmaster, Ambala.

No. 2139-S.-Ap.—Babu Kshetrapada Banerji, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for one month and eight days with effect from the 16th November 1911 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Nalini Kanta Roy, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Eastern Bengal and Assam, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Babu Kshetrapada Banerji, or until further orders.

No. 2144-S.-Ap.—Mr. N. M. Cama, Postmaster, Rawalpindi, pay Rs. 400—500, is granted privilege leave for 3 months, with effect from the 1st November 1911.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of the Post Office of India.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 9th November 1911.

Manner of addressing articles intended for delivery in the Camp post offices of Their Imperial Majesties the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress.

Special post offices will be attached to the camps of Their Imperial Majesties the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress throughout the period of Their Tour in India.

Postal articles intended to be delivered from these post offices should be addressed "King-Emperor's Camp, India," *without the addition of the name of any post-town*, except during the period from the 16th to 29th December, when articles intended for delivery to Her Majesty the Queen-Empress or for any member of Her Majesty's Suite should be addressed to the "Queen-Empress's Camp, India," *without the addition of the name of any post-town*.

Articles addressed to a post-town will be sent to that post-town.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of the Post Office of India.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 14th November 1911.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities . .	2,16,39,310	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,79,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	83,14,221	4	0
Public Deposits	R	a.	p.	Loans on Government and			
at Head				other authorized Securities	3,53,36,692	0	1
Office	79,16,880	8	8	Accounts of Credit on Govern-			
				ment and other authorized			
				Securities	4,90,95,201	7	0
Public Deposits				Bills discounted and purchased	3,83,54,615	14	8
at Branches	1,30,69,400	7	2	Balances with other Banks .	24,39,190	12	10
				Bullion			
Other Deposits at Head Office				Dead Stock	21,95,060	14	11
and Branches	17,19,68,724	3	11	Stamps	11,776	6	4
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .	16,47,506	12	4	Sundries	62,058	12	10
Sundries	15,57,037	9	10				
					15,74,48,127	8	8
				Cash and	R	a.	p.
				Currency			
				Notes at			
				Head			
				Office * 2,75,13,661	4	11	
				Cash and			
				Currency			
				Notes at			
				Branches† 4,90,97,760	12	4	
RUPRES	23,40,59,549	9	11				
				RUPRES	23,40,59,549	9	11

* Includes Sovs. & † Sovs., value R3,39,660 0 0
† Do. do do. R4,98,990 0 0

R8,38,650 0 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 16th November 1911.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 39'05.

**NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
IRRIGATION BRANCH.**

NOTIFICATION.**TRANSFER AND TAKING OVER CHARGE.**

Lahore, the 11th November 1911.

No. 3528-*E.I.F.*—Mr. W. H. Mills, Executive Engineer, from the 1st Division, Upper Jhelum Canal, which he left on the afternoon of the 19th October 1911, to the Swabi Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he joined on the forenoon of the 28th *idem*.

Mr. Mills took over executive charge of the Swabi Division, Upper Swat River Canal, on the forenoon of the 28th October 1911, from Mr. S. Walker, Executive Engineer.

W. E. T. BENNETT,
Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

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Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government, North-West Frontier Province, for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2a. 3p. or 2½d. (1a.)

Report on the Sanitary Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 5s. or 5d. (1a.)

Report on the Administration of the Registration Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the years 1908, 1909, 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6a. or 6d. (1a.)

Annual Report of Dispensaries in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 8d. (2a.)

Administration Report of the Jails of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 10a. or 10d. (2a.)

Brief Note on Income Tax Operations with North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 6a. or 6d. (1a.)

Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 12a. or 1s. (1a.)

Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. 6a. or 6d. (2a.)

Report on the External Land Trade of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 4a. or 4s. 4d. (3a.)

Report on Vaccination in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 5a. or 5d. (2a.)

Annual Report of the Archaeological Survey of India, Frontier Circle, for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 9a. or 9d. (2a.)

Report of the Civil Veterinary Department of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. 3p. or 8½d. (2a.)

Report on the Excise Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 10a. 6p. or 10½d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—

Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 57, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. 5, Nos. 2 to 11, at R2 each.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10, Cerrhipedes Opercules de l'Indian Museum de Calcutta. Par Mr. M. A. Gruval, at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11, Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the Rainfall. By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. V. Extra No. 1909. Grammar of the Kanawari Language at R3.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. V. Extra No. 2, 1909. Maithili Grammar, Part 1, at R4.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 1 to 10 at R2 each.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Extra No., 1910, Divan-i-Babur Padishah, at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 10. Notes on some Monuments in Afghanistan. By Mr. H. H. Hayden, at R1.

- Memoirs, Vol. 2, No. 11.** On the Correlations of Areas of Matured Crops and the Rainfall. By Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., at R2-8.
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1.** Ramacarita. By Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, M.A., at R2.
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2.** An alchemical compilation of the Thirteenth Century A. D. By Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3.** The Journal of Major James Rennell. By Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche, at R4.
- Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4.** Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier. By Messrs. A. Rose and J. Coggin Brown, at R3.
- Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1.** Sanskrit-Tibetan-English Vocabulary. By Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Drs. E. Denison-Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana, at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

- Rasarnavam, Fasc. 2.** By Dr. P. C. Roy, at R1-4.
- Grihya Sangraha.** By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at As. 10.
- Gobhila Paricista, Part I.** By M. M. Chandra Kanta Tarkalankar, at R1-14.
- Baudhayana Srauta Sutra, Vol. 2, Fasc. 3.** By Dr. W. Caland, at As. 10.
- Suryya Siddhanta, Fasc. 1.** By M. M. Sudhakara Dvivedi, at R1-4.
- Caturvarga Cintamani, Vol. 4, Fasc. 9.** By Pandit Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusana, at As. 10.
- Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I, Fasc. 7.** By Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur, at R1.
- Mohabhasyapradipodyata, Vol. 3, Fasc. 10.** By Pandit Bahuvallava Shastri, at As. 10.
- Muntakhab-al-Labab, Part 3, Fasc. 1.** By Major T. W. Haig, I.A., at R1.
- Tattva Cintamani Didhiti Prokas, Fasc. 1-2.** By M. M. Guru Charan Tarkadarsanatirtha, at As. 10 each.
- Syainika Sastra.** By Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, at R1.
- Tattva Cintamani Didhiti Vivriti, Fasc. 1.** By M. M. Kamakhyanatha Tarkavagisa, at As. 10.
- Sundaranandam Kavyam.** By M. M. Haraprasad Shastri, at R1.
- Tirthacintamani, Fasc. 1.** By Pandit Kamala Krishna Smrititirtha, at As. 10.
- Nyayasarah.** By M. M. Satish Chandra Vidyabhusana, at R2.
- Six Buddhist Nyaya Tracts.** By M. M. Haraprasad Shastri, at As. 10.
- Mohabhasyapradipodyata, Vol. 4, Fasc. 1.** By Pandit Bahuvallava Shastri, at R1-4 each.
- Rasarnavam, Fasc. 3.** By Dr. P. C. Roy, at R1-4.
- Yoga Sastra, Fasc. 3.** By Sri Vijaya Dharma Suri, at R1-4.
- Vidhana Parijata, Vol. 2, Fasc. 4.** By Pandit Taraprasanna Vidyaratna, at R1-4.
- Catapatha Brahmana, Vol. 7, Fasc. 4-5.** By Acharya Satyavrata Samsrami, at As. 10 each.
- Upamitibhavaprapanca Katha, Fasc. 2 and 13.** By Prof. Dr. Hermann Jacobi, at As. 10 each.
- Tadhkira-Khushnaveshan.** By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, Lecturer in Arabic and Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at R1.
- Maasir-i-Rahimi, Pt. 1, Fasc. 1.** By Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, Lecturer in Arabic and Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta, at R2 each.
- Marhama-i-Ilali L. Mu-Dila, Fasc. 1.** By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1 each.
- Persian and Turki Divans of Bayram Khan Khan Khannan.** By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1.
- Mabani-i-Lughat.** By Dr. E. Denison-Ross, at R1-8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.

Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review for June 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1911.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory notes Nos. 124850 and 124851 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to Kaliram Chowdry, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates, in favour of Rohini Kumar Chowdry and Giris Chandra Chowdry, Harendra Kumar Chowdry, Bhabendra Nath Chowdry, Purna Chandra Chowdry, Troloikya Nath Chowdry, the minors certificate-holders of the estate of Kaliram Chowdry. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of Advertisers—ROHINI KUMAR CHOWDRY AND

SRIMATI PADMABATI CHOWDRY—Guardian of minors :—

GIRIS CHANDRA CHOWDRY.

HARENDRA KUMAR CHOWDRY.

BHABENDRA NATH CHOWDRY.

PURNA CHANDRA CHOWDRY.

TROLOIKYA NATH CHOWDRY.

Residence.—Bharalupar, Gauhati, Assam.

JAILS.*The 14th November, 1911.*

No. 381.—The services of Captain A. W. Howlett, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces for employment in the Jail Department.

A. EARLE,*Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.**ECCLESIASTICAL.***Simla, the 17th November, 1911.*

No. 530.—The services of the undermentioned chaplains are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department :

The Revd. W. F. H. Garstin.

The Revd. G. D. Barne.

The Revd. E. O. Jervis.

No. 532.—The Revd Sydney Alfred Bill has been appointed to be a chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Lucknow) Ecclesiastical Establishment to fill an existing vacancy.

L. PORTER,*Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.**FORESTS.***Simla, the 13th November, 1911.*

No. 1091—198-5-F.—Dr. A. D. Imms of the Indian Educational Service, is appointed to be Forest Zoologist at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, on probation for one year, with effect from the forenoon of 30th October 1911, the date on which he relieved Mr. R. S. Hole, Forest Botanist, of the additional charge of that post.

E. D. MACLAGAN,*Secretary to the Government of India.*

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.*Simla, the 16th November, 1911.*

No. 39.—The services of Lieutenant C. H. R. Chesney, R.E., Assistant Engineer, Punjab, are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

W. B. GORDON,*Secretary to the Government of India.*

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th November, 1911.

No. 3167-Est.-A.—The following list of officers exercising political functions under the control of Local Governments who are entitled to wear the uniform prescribed under the orders contained in the Notification by the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 3580 (Public), dated the 6th September 1911, is published for general information :—

Officers and appointments.	Uniform to be worn.
MADRAS.	
1. Resident in Travancore and Cochin	Third class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
2. Assistant Resident in Travancore and Cochin	Fifth class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
BOMBAY.	
1. Agent for Sardars of the Deccan	} Third class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
2. (a) Members of the Indian Civil Service, other than the Agent to the Governor in Kathiawar, serving temporarily in the Bombay Political Department, if serving as Political Agents.	
(b) Political Agent, Rewa Kantha	
3. Members of the Indian Civil Service serving temporarily in the Bombay Political Department, if serving as Political Assistants.	} Fifth class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
Assistant Commissioner in Sind	
<p><i>Note 1.</i>—Officers who are not on the permanent graded list of the Bombay Political Department and who are appointed as Special Political Agents in charge of 1st class Native States in Bombay when under management, or during a minority, may wear the 3rd class uniform, and those so appointed in charge of 2nd class States, 5th class uniform.</p> <p>2.—The possession of civil uniform by any of the above-mentioned officers is optional.</p>	
BENGAL.	
Political Agent, Orissa Feudatory States	Third class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.

Officers and appointments.	Uniform to be worn.
PUNJAB.	
1. Political Agent, Phulkian States and Bahawalpur ...	Third class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
2. Deputy Commissioner, Simla, and Superintendent, Hill States.	
3. Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
BURMA.	
1. Deputy Commissioner, Bhamo, Myitkyina, Upper Chindwin, Ruby Mines, Mandalay and Salween Districts, and Deputy Commissioner of the Hill District of Arakan.	Third class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
2. Superintendent and Political Officer, Southern Shan States, and Superintendent, Northern Shan States.	
3. Superintendent, Chin Hills	
4. *Assistant Superintendents in the Shan States ...	Fifth class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	
1. Political Agent, Manipur	Third class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	
1. Political Agent, Chhattisgarh Feudatory States ...	Third class as shown in the "Description of civil uniform" appended.

* Uniform is not obligatory in the case of Assistant Superintendents who are not Assistant Commissioners.

Description of Civil Uniform.

FULL DRESS.

(Extract from the publication entitled "*Dress worn at Court*", Edition 1908.)

Coat for 1st and 2nd classes.—Blue cloth, single-breasted, stand collar. The collar and gauntlet cuffs are of black velvet, and the pocket flaps of blue cloth. Nine buttons up the front showing between the two embroidered edges (which are made to hook), two at the waist behind, and two at the bottom of the back skirts. White silk linings. A white collar may be worn inside the collar of the coat.

Gold oak-leaf embroidery on the fronts as follows :—

1st class, not more than 5 inches wide and the 2nd class not more than 4 inches wide at the base of each front, but to broaden across the chest according to figure.

The embroidery on the cuffs should not exceed the following widths :—1st class, 5 inches ; 2nd class, 4 inches. The 1st class has a purl edging and the 2nd a saw edge.

The collar, pocket flaps, back, skirts, and back-skirts are also embroidered.

Buttons.—Gilt, mounted, the Royal Arms with supporters.

Coat for 3rd, 4th and 5th class.—The coat described below under *Levée Dress*.

Hat.—1st class. Black beaver cocked hat, black silk cockade. Treble gold bullion loop with tassels and hangers. White ostrich feather border.

2nd class, as above, with double gold bullion loop, plain gold tassels without hangers.

3rd, 4th and 5th classes as above, with plaited gold bullion loop and *black* ostrich feather border. No tassels.

Breeches.—White kerseymere with three covered buttons and gilt buckles at the knees.

Hose.—White silk.

Shoes.—Black patent leather with gilt buckles.

Sword.—Of Regulation pattern with black scabbard and gilt mountings.

Sword Knot.—Gold lace strap with bullion tassel.

Sword Belt.—White web, with white cloth frog.

Gloves.—Kid, white.

LEVÉE DRESS.

(Extract from the same publication.)

Coat.—Blue cloth, single-breasted, stand collar. The collar and gauntlet cuffs are of black velvet, and pocket flaps of blue cloth. Nine buttons up the front (to button), and two at the waist behind, and two at the bottom of the back skirts. Black silk linings and a black silk stock at the front of the neck. A white collar may be worn inside the coat.

Buttons.—Gilt, mounted, the Royal Arms (without supporters) surmounted by the Imperial Crown.

The 1st and 2nd classes have gold embroidery on the collar, cuffs, pocket flaps, and between the buttons at the waist behind, as on the full dress coat.

The 3rd and 4th classes have embroidery with a saw edge on the collar, cuffs, back, and pocket flaps. The embroidery on the cuffs of the 3rd class is 3 inches wide, and on the cuffs of the 4th class 2 inches wide. The 5th class has an edging of purl embroidery on the collar, cuffs, and pocket flaps only.

Trousers.—Blue cloth, with gold oak-leaf lace on the side seams.

The width of lace as follows :—

1st and 2nd classes, $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

3rd and 4th classes, 2 inches.

5th class, 1 inch.

Boots.—Plain, military, patent leather.

Hat.—

Sword.—

Sword Knot.—

Sword Belt.—White web, with blue cloth frog.

Gloves.—Kid, white.

} The same as for full dress.

For Mourning.—A black *crépe* band $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches wide, worn above the elbow on the left arm.

NOTE.—(i) On certain ceremonial occasions in England Full Dress is sometimes worn with trousers, viz., at Royal Weddings and when His Majesty opens Parliament. It may similarly be so worn in India when specially ordered, e.g., at Durbars, etc.

The two classes of uniform should be worn on the following occasions respectively :—

Full Dress.—State Balls and Drawing Rooms, and all State ceremonies in the evening at which ladies are present.

Levée Dress.—State dinners, Levées, and Official arrivals and departures.

(ii) The hat described under Full Dress should not be worn in the day time; but the helmet described under Undress below.

UNDRESS—(*Morning*).

Coat.—Blue cloth (frock) with black silk lining; black velvet collar and cuffs, and gilt mounted buttons of Royal Arms (without supporters) surmounted by the Imperial Crown; 3 buttons on each side of coat, 4 on cuffs, 2 at waist behind, none at bottom of back skirts.

Waistcoat.—White marsala, single-breasted, with 5 or 6 small buttons as above.

Hat.—Helmet, white Wolseley regulation, with white top button, and white silk puggree with gold fringe: gilt chin-chain, lined with white leather, with rose-hook fixed on first seam of crown from centre of back on right side about 3 inches from centre of top button, according to sealed pattern.

Trousers.—Blue cloth, or white, according to circumstances, with gold oak-leaf lace one inch wide, straps and gilt swan-necked spurs.

Sword.—Mameluke pattern. Brass scabbard.

Sword Belt.—One and-a-half inches wide. Lining of red Morocco leather. Sling Russia leather one inch wide on red Morocco leather, covered with gold oak-leaf lace.

Forage Cap.—As for staff officers in the Army, blue cloth with gold embroidered peak on black patent leather, and band of gold oak-leaf lace $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches wide round the cap. The cap to be fitted with a removable white piqué cover, which should always be worn.

Great Coat and Cape.—Blue milled cloth; double-breasted, two rows of gilt buttons down front, six in each row; stand and fall collar of black velvet, four inches deep with fly to cover band of cape. Loose round cuffs six inches deep, pockets at sides with flaps. Two openings at side-seams, with pointed flap 11 inches long, and three gilt buttons. Sword slit on left side. Opening behind about 25 inches long, and a gusset extending to bottom with a tab and button to close it when worn on foot. Cloth back strap with gilt buckle, 2 inches wide, to confine the coat at waist. Cape of same cloth as coat. Four small gilt buttons down front to fasten at neck with small strap and buckle; lined black.

Boots.—Plain Wellington.

Spurs.—Box, brass, swan-necked.

Gloves.—White dogskin.

NOTE.—The helmet described above should be worn with Full Dress and Levée Dress in the day time and not the hat described under Full Dress.

Officers, who provide themselves with undress uniform, need not, unless they so desire, also provide themselves with the great coat and cape described in these Regulations.

MESS DRESS.

Coat.—Blue cloth evening coat, black lining; velvet collar and cuffs; facings plain black silk; buttons as in morning undress, 3 on each side of coat, 2 at waist behind, 4 on cuffs, none at bottom of back skirts.

Waistcoat.—White marsala, single-breasted, without collar, with 3 or 4 small buttons as above.

Trousers.—Plain black cloth.

HOT WEATHER UNIFORM.

Patrol coat.—White cotton drill, stand and fall collar fastened with one hook and eye; 5 gilt medium buttons down front, 2 patch breast pockets with

box plait, one inch wide in centre and pointed flaps with small gilt button in each. Sleeves plain with pointed cuffs 5 inches high at point and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches behind.

Rank will be designated by shoulder cords and number of buttons on cuffs as follows:—

Shoulder cords.—Of gold wire Lancer shoulder strap cord, on each shoulder.

For Lieutenant-Governors and Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General:—4 cords twisted.

For officers entitled to wear 3rd class uniform—2 cords twisted.

For officers entitled to wear 5th class uniform—2 „ straight.

Buttons on cuffs.—For Lieutenant-Governors and Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General—4 buttons.

For officers entitled to wear 3rd class uniform—3 buttons.

„ „ „ „ „ 5th „ „ —2 buttons.

Trousers.—White cotton drill over-alls with black leather foot straps.

Buttons.—Lieutenant-Governors and Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General will wear gilt mounted buttons with the Royal Arms, with supporters. The buttons to be worn with the other two classes of uniform should be gilt mounted bearing the Royal Arms without supporters, surmounted by the Imperial Crown.

Helmet, boots, spurs, forage cap, sword and sword belt.—As for undress. Belt to be worn under the coat.

NOTE.—This uniform will be worn in substitution either for the full dress or undress uniform during such periods of the year as the local Government may prescribe. Local Governments are authorised to declare that officers need not provide themselves with it unless an occasion arises when they will require it. When the uniform is worn as full dress, medals and decorations will be worn. When it is worn as undress, ribbons only will be worn. No separate mess dress is prescribed for the hot weather.

Notification No. 1596-Est. A., dated the 14th May 1909, is hereby cancelled.

No. 3174-Est.-A:—Captain J. L. R. Weir, Political Department, Government of India, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Officer in Sikkim, with effect from the 9th November, 1911.

The 16th November, 1911.

No. 3195-Est.-A.—Captain R. McCarrison, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for two months and nine days, combined with furlough for one year, 1 month and twenty-one days, with effect from the 20th October, 1911, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 3196-Est.-A.—Captain G. D. Franklin, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted on return from leave, as Agency Surgeon, Gilgit, with effect from the 20th October, 1911.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 9th November, 1911.

No. 6865-F.E. (Calcutta).—Mr. W. H. Michael, I.C.S., has been posted as Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from the 21st October 1911.

Mr. L. E. Pritchard has been placed temporarily on special duty, with effect from the 21st October 1911, and until further orders.

No. 6866-F.E. (Calcutta).—Mr. K. C. Biswas, Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for one month and fourteen days, with effect from the 9th October 1911.

Mr. D'Caccia, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 9th October 1911, and until further orders.

The 13th November, 1911.

No. 6885-F.E. (Calcutta).—The furlough for fifteen months granted to Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Cordue, R.E., in continuation of privilege leave for three months in the Notification in this Department No. 2045-F.O. & A., dated 22nd April, 1910, is extended by three days.

The 15th November, 1911.

No. 6939-F.E. (Simla).—The following reversions in the classes of Superintendents in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat are notified :

With effect from the 15th October 1911,

Mr. Muhammad Hassan Khan to revert to Class III, and

Mr. G. W. C. Brady to revert to his substantive appointment of Secretariat Assistant.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 17th November, 1911.

No. 1579-Accts.—Lieutenant-Colonel T. H. Henderson, I.A., Controller of Military Accounts, is granted leave out of India for eight months on medical certificate, under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army; the leave to have effect in India from the 7th November 1911 and the specified period to count from the date of embarkation. Pension service 28th year commenced, 6th February 1911.

No. 1580-Accts.—Major C. N. Baker, I. A., Military Accountant, 1st class, Military Accounts Department, is appointed to officiate as a Controller of Military Accounts, with effect from the 7th November 1911 *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel T. H. Henderson granted leave.

No. 1581-Accts.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 2nd November 1911, in consequence of the absence on deputation of Mr. H. E. W. O'Brien, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

Mr. C. Rozier, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

J. B. BRUNYATÉ,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

[SALT.]

Simla, the 15th November 1911.

No. 8595—1.—It having been decided that appointments of Superintendents in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department shall be gazetted by the Government of India in Part I of the Gazette of India instead of by the Commissioner in Part II, as has been the practice hitherto, the following appointments are notified :—

No.	Name.	Date of appointment as Superintendent.	Post.	Date of posting to present appointment.	REMARKS.
1	Albert Maxwell Septimus Carter	1st September 1885 ...	Ghaziপুর, Lower Division, Internal Branch.	14th June 1909.	
2	Percy Horace Vere ...	1st March 1894 ...	Didwana ...	23rd October 1911.	
3	Clayton Stewart Haygarth ...	1st March 1897 ...	Didwana ...	16th January 1911.	
4	Lakhmir Singh, M.A. ...	6th March 1897 ...	Central Office ...	5th July 1907 ...	Personal Assistant to Commissioner.
5	Frederick David Reid ...	17th November 1903 ...	Mayo Mine at Khewrah, Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division.	12th November 1907.	
6	George William Carey Lisle ...	1st August 1898 ...	Japog, Sambhar Lake Division ...	Not yet joined ...	On combined leave.
7	Ernest Donald Beaton ...	21st November 1900 ...	Muzaffarpur, Lower Division, Internal Branch.	15th April 1910.	
8	Charles Reade Hunter ...	1st April 1897 ...	Sambhar ...	26th November 1908.	
9	Donald Durham ...	1st May 1897 ...	Sambhar ...	18th July 1903.	
10	Edwin George Winn ...	1st August 1898 ...	Gudha, Sambhar Lake Division ...	18th December 1909.	
11	Evelyn Dudley Wilson ...	9th February 1901 ...	Warthganj Depôt at Khewrah, Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division.	16th November 1909.	
12	Archibald Duncan Campbell Mc-Iver.	4th May 1902 ...	Sambhar ...	6th August 1907.	
13	Sheo Prasad, Rai Sahib ...	1st March 1905 ...	Gudha, Sambhar Lake Division ...	Not yet joined.	
14	Ernest St. Clair Louis Chopin ...	13th April 1904 ...	Warthganj Depôt at Khewrah, Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division.	23rd June 1908.	
15	Duncan Melville Smith ...	7th November 1904 ...	Kalabagh, Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division.	15th July 1910.	
16	Arthur George Oscar Howard ...	1st January 1905 ...	Nawa, Sambhar Lake Division ...	28th July 1910.	
17	Alexander English ...	16th October 1905 ...	Monghyr, Lower Division, Internal Branch.	14th September 1908.	

No.	Name.	Date of appointment as Superintendent.	Post.	Date of posting to present appointment.	REMARKS.
18	Edward Dampier Bennett ...	1st March 1906 ...	Nurpur, Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division.	16th May 1909.	
19	Albert Meredyth Young ...	29th March 1906 ...	Bahadur Khel, Kohat Mines Division.	19th July 1906.	
20	Charles Angus Mackintosh Beatson ...	25th April 1906 ...	Jatta, Kohat Mines Division ...	18th April 1910.	
21	Hugh Alexander Hind Scott ...	1st November 1907 ...	Malgin, Kohat Mines Division ...	12th October 1909.	
22	Patrick Thomas Watling ...	1st July 1908 ...	Didwana ...	10th August 1909.	
23	Muhammad Kazim Husain ...	23rd June 1908 ...	Sambhar ...	30th April 1908.	
24	Hugh O'Donnell ...	5th May 1909 ...	Sambhar ...	26th April 1911.	
25	Edmund McCurley ...	14th October 1909 ...	Sultanpur Salt Works ...	6th March 1911.	
26	Henry Hastings Bryan ...	9th December 1909 ...	Agra ...	4th November 1910.	
27	Sri Krishan Munshi ..	13th April 1910 ...	Lucknow ...	19th August 1910.	
28	James Bollo ...	7th January 1911 ...	Mayo Mine at Khewrah, Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division.	18th April 1910.	
29	Harnam Singh ...	5th September 1911 ...	Rajanpur (Dra Ghazi Khan), Upper Division, Internal Branch.	1st September 1903.	
30	Albert Victor Nash ...	6th May 1910 ...	Mayo Mine at Khewrah, Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division.	Not yet joined ...	Officiating.

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th November 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 937.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 3rd November 1911:—

To be Honorary Surgeon.

Brevet-Colonel R. H. Firth, R.A.M.C., *vice* Colonel R. H. Forman, M.B., R.A.M.C., retired.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 938.—Major A. A. Gibbs, Indian Medical Service, to be a Medical Storekeeper to Government, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. O'Gorman, Indian Medical Service, vacated; with effect from the date of assuming charge.

COMMANDS.

No. 939.—Brigadier-General H. D'U. Keary, C.B., D.S.O., A.D.C., Colonel-on-the-Staff, to be a Brigade-Commander and to retain the rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed *vice* Major-General C. G. M. Fasken, C.B., Indian Army. Dated 14th November 1911.

No. 940.—Colonel C. T. Robinson, Royal Artillery, Assistant Adjutant General, Army Head Quarters, to be Divisional Artillery Commander, 7th (Meerut) Division, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 11th October 1911.

No. 941.—Colonel F. E. Johnson, D.S.O., Royal Artillery, Assistant Quarter Master General, and (Rawal Pindi) Division, to be a Divisional Artillery Commander, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 13th October 1911.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 942.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

12th October 1911.

Arundel Sinclair Begbie, Commandant, 8th Rajputs.

13th November 1911.

Arthur Hely Bolton, Commandant, 113th Infantry.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

22nd October 1911.

Richard Charles Clarke, 95th Russell's Infantry.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 943.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, Niyáz Husain (E), to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 648, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Thákur Singh (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar,

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Hira Nand, superannuated; with effect from the 15th October 1911.

(E) Passed in English.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 944.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain George Frederick Silvester, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Eastern Bengal State Railway, to be Commissary,

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Samuel Cocksedge, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor Cecil Collins, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, and

Sub-Conductor Thomas Charlie Hall, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor,

vice Commissary and Honorary Captain Edwin James Tydeman, retired; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Southern Army.

No. 945 —Sub-Conductor William Edward Hart to be Conductor and Store-Sergeant William Tomlin to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* John Quinn, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 6th August 1911.

No. 946 —Conductor Frederick William Kaye, supernumerary on reversion to Arsenal duty to be absorbed, *vice* Edwin John Bennett, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 5th October 1911.

No. 947.—Store-Sergeant Thomas Denton, Army Head Quarter Assistant, Office of the Director-General of Ordnance in India, *seconded*, to be Sub-Conductor, *seconded*, and Store-Sergeant Thomas Marner to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Frederick Johnson, deceased; with effect from the 8th October 1911.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 948.—The following promotions are made :—

18th King George's Own Lancers.

Dafadar Kartar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bahadur Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st July 1911.

36th Jacob's Horse.

Kote-Dafadar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Bagga Singh, promoted; with effect from the 1st June 1911.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

54th Camel Corps.

No. 949.—Kote-Dafadar Jai Ram, appointed Ressaidar on probation, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 14th October 1910.

REWARDS.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 950.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Government of India are pleased to confer a Good Service Pension of £100 per annum on the undermentioned officer :—

FROM THE 11TH JULY 1911 IN THE ROOM OF LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR E. H. H. COLLEN, G.C.I.E., C.B., DECEASED.

Major-General Sir A. W. L. Bayly, K.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., Indian Army.

This officer will relinquish the Good Service Pension of £50 per annum conferred on him in Army Department Notification No. 461, dated the 2nd June 1911, from the date of succeeding to the above pension.

No. 951 —With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Government of India are pleased to confer a Good Service Pension of £50 per annum, relinquished by Major-General Sir A. W. L. Bayly, K.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., Indian Army, from the 11th July 1911, on the undermentioned officer :—

Major-General W. duG. Gray, C.B., Indian Army.

Commissions.

Sub-Lieutenant—10th September 1875.

Lieutenant—10th September 1875.

Captain—10th September 1886.
 Brevet Major—1st September 1891.
 Major—10th September 1895.
 Lieutenant-Colonel—10th September 1901.
 Brevet Colonel—5th June 1902.
 Substantive Colonel—18th July 1904.
 Major-General—1st December 1906.

Appointments.

Officiating Wing Officer, 23rd Madras Infantry—12th December 1876 to 26th January 1878.
 Wing Officer and Quarter Master, 11th Madras Infantry—21st January 1878 to 22nd July 1882.
 Wing Officer Quarter Master and Adjutant, 4th Punjab Infantry—23rd July 1882 to 14th April 1888.
 Officiating Wing Commander and Officiating 2nd-in-Command, 4th Punjab Infantry—15th April 1888 to 20th October 1888.
 Wing Officer, 4th Punjab Infantry—21st October 1888 to 24th July 1889.
 Officiating Wing Commander, 4th Punjab Infantry—25th July 1889 to 30th August 1889.
 On special duty—31st August 1889 to 14th March 1890.
 Wing Officer, 4th Punjab Infantry—15th March 1890 to 31st March 1890.
 Attaché, Adjutant General's and Quarter Master General's Offices—1st April 1890 to 13th November 1890.
 Brigade Major, 2nd Infantry Brigade, Peshawar Force—14th November 1890 to 5th December 1890.
 Wing Officer, 4th Punjab Infantry—6th December 1890 to 7th January 1891.
 Brigade Major, 2nd Column, Miranzai Field Force—8th January 1891 to 1st March 1891.
 Wing Officer and Wing Commander, 4th Punjab Infantry—2nd March 1891 to 9th April 1891.
 Brigade Major, 2nd Column, Miranzai Field Force—10th April 1891 to 8th June 1891.
 Brigade Major, Samana Garrison—9th June 1891 to 20th April 1892.
 Wing Commander, 4th Punjab Infantry—21st April 1892 to 13th November 1892.
 Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Rawal Pindi District—14th November 1892 to 27th April 1893.
 Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Nerbudda District—28th April 1893 to 26th December 1894.
 2nd-in-Command, 4th Punjab Infantry—27th December 1894 to 28th February 1895.
 Officiating Commandant, 1st Punjab Infantry—1st March 1895 to 19th November 1895.
 Commandant, 1st Punjab Infantry—20th November 1895 to 10th June 1897.
 Commanding Tochi Valley Troops—11th June 1897 to 12th July 1897.
 Commandant, 1st Punjab Infantry—13th July 1897 to 31st December 1902.
 Commandant, 55th Coke's Rifles—1st January 1903 to 14th March 1904.
 Officiating Colonel-on-the-Staff, Commanding Bannu and Tochi—15th March 1904 to 17th July 1904.
 Colonel-on-the-Staff, Commanding Multan Brigade—18th July 1904 to 23rd April 1905.

Colonel-on-the-Staff, Commanding Jullunder Brigade—24th April 1905 to 27th October 1905.

Colonel-on-the-Staff, Commanding Multan Brigade—28th October 1905 to 15th April 1906.

Commanding Jhelum Brigade—11th April 1906 to 13th November 1907.

Commanding Kohat Brigade—14th November 1907 to 4th December 1908.

Inspector General of Volunteers in India—5th December 1908.

War Services and Rewards.

Afghanistan, 1879-80.—Medal.

N. W. Frontier of India, Hazara, 1888—Action of Kotkai. Despatches, G. G. O. 1022 of 1888—Medal with clasp.

(1st and 2nd) Miransai, 1891.—Despatches, G. G. O. No. 632 of 1891.—Clasp. Brevet of Major.

Waziristan, 1894-95.—Clasp.

N. W. Frontier of India, 1897-98.—Tochi.—Medal with clasp.

N. W. Frontier of India, Waziristan, 1901-02.—Despatches, G. G. O. No. 611 of 1902. Clasp. Brevet of Colonel.

Companion of the Order of the Bath, 24th June 1904.

DISMISSALS AND REMOVALS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 952.—The services of No. 1267, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bhagwan Das, are dispensed with; with effect from the 1st December 1911.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 953.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified :—

Conductor James Sowman, India Miscellaneous List,—6th October 1911.

Sub-Conductor John Peterson, India Miscellaneous List,—31st October 1911.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 954.—No. 1031, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Uttam Singh is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 10th December 1911.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 955.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Locke Elliot, K.C.B., D.S.O.,—3rd October 1911.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Samuel Price Davies,—31st October 1911.

No. 956.—Colonel Claude Cambridge Tennant, Supply and Transport Corps, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 2nd December 1911.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 957.—Lieutenant-Colonel Dirom Grev Crawford, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 5th December 1911.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, MADRAS.

No. 958.—The undermentioned departmental officer, with honorary rank, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the date specified :—

Commissary and Honorary Captain William Rule,—2nd October 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Behar Light Horse.

No. 959.—Captain (Honorary Major) Herbert Charles Hume-Spry V. D., Supernumerary List, resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 18th September 1911.

Assam Valley Light Horse.

No. 960.—Second Lieutenant Lionel William Middleton resigns his commission. Dated 6th October 1911.

United Provinces Horse, 2nd (Northern) Regiment.

No. 961.—David Landale Johnston to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* W. F. Martin, promoted. Dated 17th August 1911.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 962.—John Drummond Sandes, M.B., (Captain, Indian Medical Service), to be Lieutenant, *vice* F. H. Stewart, resigned. Dated 1st April 1911.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles.

No. 963.—William David McLaren to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 24th October 1911.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

No. 964.—Captain Arthur Robert Sharp, V.D., Supernumerary List, is granted the honorary rank of Major. Dated 17th November 1911.

Agra Volunteer Rifles.

No. 965.—Lieutenant Philip Fielder Holland resigns his commission. Dated 16th October 1911.

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 966.—Captain Kenneth Burnett resigns his commission. Dated 17th October 1911.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 967.—Thomas Clapton to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* V. N. Upton, deceased. Dated 4th October 1911.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.

No. 968.—Lieutenant Arthur Congreve Miller resigns his commission. Dated 29th September 1911.

Thomas William Keys Hider to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* A. C. Miller, resigned. Dated 29th September 1911.

Kolar Gold Fields Rifle Volunteers.

No. 969.—Second Lieutenant Frederick Charles Castle to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 15th September 1911.

Second Lieutenant Harry Chynowith Richards to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 15th September 1911.

Second Lieutenant Albert Edward Hammill to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 15th September 1911.

William John Trythall to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* F. C. Castle, promoted. Dated 15th September 1911.

John Stephens to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* H. C. Richards, promoted. Dated 15th September 1911.

Reginald Henry Rendall to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* C. A. Meiklejohn, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 15th September 1911.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 970.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Royal Warrant dated the 6th September 1911, regarding promotion to the Commissioned grades in the Indian Subordinate Medical Department:—

G

GEORGE R.I.

Whereas we have deemed it expedient to alter the rank and designation of the senior officers of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department,

Our will and pleasure is that Our Warrant of 12th March 1894 be hereby cancelled, and the Commissioned grades in the Indian Subordinate Medical Department shall hereafter be as follows:—

I. Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

II. Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain.

III. Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Major.

Promotions to the grade of Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant or Captain shall be made according to the Regulations governing such promotion.

Promotion to the grade of Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Major shall not ordinarily be made until after 15 years' service in the Commissioned grade.

Senior Assistant Surgeons shall enjoy the precedence and other advantages attaching to their honorary military rank.

They shall have authority, under the medical officers, to command members of their own department, hospital attendants, patients in military hospitals, and such warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men as may be attached thereto (without their own officers) for hospital duty.

Given at our Court at Balmoral this twenty-sixth day of September 1911 in the second year of Our Reign.

CREWE.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 17th November 1911.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 8th and 14th November 1911 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
62nd Punjabis	Lieutenant-Colonel James William Dwyer.	3rd November 1911.	Benares	...	Was Commandant, 62nd Punjabis, also Commanding at Benares.
84th Punjabis	Lieutenant Arthur Harrison Oliver.	5th November 1911.	Rawal Pindi	...	.....

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 8th and 14th November 1911.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.	
John Orpwood*	3rd Class Assistant Surgeon.	Indian Subordinate Medical Department.	27th August 1911.	Intestate	178 7 7	16th January 1912.
Albert Gilbert†	Conductor	Supply and Transport Corps. (Late) Bengal—Punjab List.	6th August 1911.	Intestate	585 4 2	16th January 1912.

* *Widow.*—Mrs. Beryl Gertrude Orpwood.

Children.—(1) Eldon James Orpwood.

(2) Basil Sterling Orpwood.

Address.—C/o Mr. J. S. Mullen, P. W. D., Trichinopoly.

† *Widow.*—Mrs. Eilza Gilbert.

Children.—(1) Kathleen Mary Gilbert.

(2) Muriel Edith Gilbert.

Mother.—Mrs. J. Gilbert.

Address.—Mill Lane, St. Neots, Huntingdon.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th November 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 86.—The following appointment has been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 24th September 1911:—

To be Assistant Engineer.

Walter Richardson.

LEAVE.

No. 87.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Commander C. G. Sinclair, Royal Indian Marine,—till the 13th June 1912 (medical certificate).

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 88.—Lieutenant P. N. Illingworth, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 26th October 1911.

No. 89.—Lieutenant V. C. Bowles, Royal Indian Marine, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

No. 90.—Assistant Engineer A. K. Venables, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 14th October 1911.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th November, 1911.

No. 300.—With reference to Railway Board's Notifications Nos. 137, dated the 10th May 1911, and 170, dated the 13th June 1911, Mr. P. B. McGowan, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western State Railway, in Class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, continued to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent with temporary rank in Class II, grade 4, of that establishment, with effect from the 11th April 1911. Mr. McGowan will continue to so officiate until further orders.

The 17th November, 1911.

No. 301.—Mr. W. A. E. Hanby, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Engineer-in-Chief of that line with the temporary rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, with effect from the 30th October, 1911.

No. 302.—Mr. G. R. Byron, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, on probation, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in Class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permitted to resign the service of Government, with effect from the 3rd November 1911.

No. 303.—Mr. H. J. Blasdale, Officiating Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Works Manager and Honorary Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 27th September 1911.

No. 304.—Mr. H. F. Lockwood, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in Class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as District Traffic Superintendent in Class II of that establishment, with effect from the 12th October 1911, and until further orders.

No. 305.—The following draft rules which the Railway Board propose to make for railways administered by the Government, in exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and by section 47 (1) (c) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Railway Board on or after the 28th February 1912.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Railway Board.

DRAFT RULES.

I—CARRIAGE OF OFFENSIVE GOODS.

1. The following goods shall be deemed to be offensive goods for the purposes of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, namely :—

IX of 1890.

- (1) Corpses,
- (2) Carcases of dead animals,
- (3) Bones,
- (4) Municipal or street sweepings or refuse,
- (5) Manures of any kind,
- (6) Rags, other than Oily Rags,
- (7) Any decayed animal or vegetable matter.

2. Consignments of offensive goods will only be accepted for conveyance by rail, subject to the following conditions, namely :—

- (1) that the loading, unloading and handling of the offensive goods is done by the consignors and consignees or their servants;
- (2) that freight is prepaid by the consignor.

II—CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS.

1. In addition to explosives, as defined in section 4 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, the following goods shall be deemed to be dangerous goods for the purposes of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 :

IX of 1890.

I.—Inflammable Liquids—

- (a) Liquids the vapour of which is inflammable at less than 76° Fahr.
- (b) Liquids the vapour of which is inflammable at 76° Fahr. and higher temperatures.

VIII of 1899.

Proviso. In ascertaining the inflammability of petroleum for the purposes of this rule, regard shall be had to the proviso to section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.

II.—Dangerous, Corrosive and Poisonous Chemicals.

III.—Miscellaneous dangerous articles.

IV of 1884.

2. The transport by rail of explosives, as defined in section 4 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, is regulated by rules made by the Government of India under that Act. Nothing in these rules applies to such explosives.

3. No dangerous goods, other than those specified in Schedule I hereto annexed, shall be accepted for conveyance by rail.

4. There is no restriction as to the maximum quantity of dangerous goods which may be despatched by goods train but such goods shall be loaded in iron-covered vehicles and not with other goods in the same wagon.

5. Dangerous goods specified in Schedule I shall only be accepted for conveyance by rail or be conveyed by rail, subject to rules 7 to 21 and in accordance with the conditions set forth in Schedule I against each specified class of goods.

6. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, a railway administration may notify that it will not convey by rail for the public any particular class or classes of the dangerous goods specified in Schedule I. After the issue of such a notice no dangerous goods of the class or classes specified therein shall be accepted for conveyance or despatch on any railway of the said railway administration.

7. Dangerous goods shall be carefully handled and shall not be loaded with articles of food or other goods liable to be damaged by the escape of the contents of the package. They shall not be stored in any of the railway administration's enclosed sheds or warehouses.

8. Only one kind of dangerous goods and no other kind of goods shall be put into one case, except that different articles of Class A other than "Amyl Alcohol or Fusel Oil" may be packed together.

9. Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article it contains.

10. No consignment of dangerous goods shall be accepted for conveyance by rail, unless previous notice of the intention to send such consignment has been given as prescribed in rule 11, and unless the officer in charge of the station from which it is proposed to despatch the consignment has intimated, in writing, that the consignment can be received.

11. The notice required by rule 10 shall be addressed to the officer in charge of the station from which the goods are to be despatched and it shall be sent at least 14 hours before the consignment is sent upon such railway, unless a shorter period is prescribed by any railway administration concerned. It shall contain a statement of the following particulars, namely:—

- (1) The name and quantity of the dangerous goods in the consignment;
- (2) The name and address of the consignor;
- (3) the name and address of the consignee;
- (4) a declaration that the goods are packed in accordance with the directions contained in Schedule I.

12. No consignment of dangerous goods shall be despatched by rail unless the consignor has executed—

- (1) a consignment note on the form set forth in Schedule II of these rules, and
- (2) if the goods are booked at owner's risk, a risk note in Form D or in Form G, as set forth in Schedule III of these rules.

13. No consignment of compressed gases shall be accepted for conveyance by rail unless the consignor also furnishes a certificate in the form set forth in Schedule IV of these rules.

14. All consignments of dangerous goods, which are not removed by the consignee from the railway station during the first 12 hours of daylight after arrival, may be returned by the railway administration concerned to the consignor at his risk and expense.

15. The loading, unloading and handling of all dangerous goods shall be done by consignors and consignees or their servants.

16. All handling of dangerous goods shall be done by daylight, provided that dangerous goods carried in passenger, mixed, tranship or road van trains may be handled at any time of the day or night.

17. The freight on all consignments of dangerous goods shall be prepaid.

18. It shall be the duty of every officer in charge of a station to cause every package of dangerous goods, which it is proposed to despatch by rail or which has been received at any station for transshipment or delivery to the consignee, to be stored at a safe distance from the station buildings, either in a covered vehicle or completely covered with tarpaulin or such other suitable material, so that it may not be exposed to the sun, and if necessary, to be protected by a police guard.

19. Every railway servant despatching any consignment of dangerous goods by rail shall certify on the invoice that the consignor has complied with rule 12, and, where the consignment consists of compressed gases, that the certificate required by rule 13 has been furnished by the consignor.

20. The carriage of dangerous goods in the same vehicle with explosives or ordinary merchandise is prohibited.

21. A "Dangerous" label, *i.e.*, a white label with a red cross on it, shall be affixed to both sides of every vehicle in which dangerous goods are stored for delivery or transit and such vehicle shall always be kept locked and sealed.

22. In times of great public emergency, the quantities prescribed in column 5 of Schedule I may, in the case of Government consignments, be exceeded and vehicles containing dangerous goods, the property of Government, may, at the special request, in writing, of the local military authorities, or of the Director-General of Ordnance in India, or of the Directors under his control, or of the Assistant Director of Stores or of the Senior Ordnance Officer (including a Superintendent of Factories), be attached to mixed or passenger trains, it being left to the railway authorities to arrange for the safest method of despatch. All such certificates shall be submitted subsequently to the Agent or Manager of the railway, by the railway official concerned, for information.

23. The application of these rules to goods tendered or delivered for carriage by order or on behalf of Government or to any goods which any officer, soldier, sailor or police-officer or person enrolled as a volunteer under the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869, may take with him on a railway in the course of his employment or duty as such, shall be subject to the limitations imposed by section 59, sub-section (5) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

IX of 1869.

IX of 1890.

24. No person shall smoke or take or leave any naked light, unprotected lamp or inflammable article near any vehicles containing dangerous goods, or near any place where such goods are stored or are being loaded, unloaded or handled. Any person committing a breach of this rule shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

25. Any person despatching dangerous goods—

(1) in contravention of any of the above rules, or

(2) otherwise than in accordance with the rules set forth in Schedule I, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.		Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
	General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.	By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods train are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS.				
CLASS A.				
<i>Liquids the vapour of which is inflammable at less than 76° Fahr. (subject to the proviso in section 2(b) of the Indian Petroleum Act of 1899).</i>				
Methyl Alcohol ...	Must be well secured in stone-ware jars or glass-stoppered bottles standing upright in cases with sloping covers, or in metal vessels made of tin or copper, provided with screw stoppers, or corked with caps, covering their mouths, soldered on.	The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds.		
Bisulphide of Carbon ...				
Chloroform ...				
Collodion ...				
Ether ...				
Ethyl Alcohol or Absolute Alcohol.	In the case of boxes containing these liquids the inside packing must be of straw, raff, or saw-dust, mixed with coal, wood ashes, chalk or sand.			
Amyl Alcohol or Fusel Oil ...	Must be securely packed in strong tins or in bottles corked and sealed which must be enclosed in wooden boxes. If bottles are used they must be packed in straw or saw-dust.			
Benzine or Benzole ...	(i) In drums or receptacles of not more than forty gallons capacity.	None of these articles shall be accepted unless sender produces a license, provided that a license shall not be required for quantities not exceeding three gallons if placed in separate glass, stoneware or metal vessels, each of which contains not more than a pint and is securely stoppered, and if these vessels are securely packed in other receptacles. In the case of all "Kerosine Oil" and all "Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils," senders to declare the flashing point on the consignment note and the railway staff to enter the same on the railway receipt and invoice.	Must be despatched in through vehicles to destination or to junction at break of gauge.	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train in drums or receptacles of not more than four gallons capacity up to a limit of twelve gallons in one train.
Benzoline or Gasoline ...	(ii) The drums or receptacles containing the goods must be made of gas-tight tinned or galvanized sheet iron, steel or lead plate, and fitted with well made filling holes and well fitting screw plugs, or with screw cap or other cap with metal air-tight undercap and they must be packed in strong wooden cases, the thickness of the wood to be not less than half an inch; provided that wood cases shall not be necessary when the drums or receptacles are made of tinned or galvanized sheet iron or steel and have the following thickness of metal:—			
Kerosine oil, dangerous, i.e., having a flash point below 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899	Not less than			
Motor Car Spirit ...	(1) When the capacity does not exceed 3 gallons . . . 27 B. W. G.			
Motor Spirit ...	(2) When the capacity exceeds 3 gallons but does not exceed 4 gallons . . . 25 B. W. G.			
Naphtha, Mineral ...	(3) When the capacity exceeds 4 but does not exceed 8 gallons . . . 20 B. W. G.			
Petrol.				
Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils, dangerous, i.e., having a flash point below 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.		Tanks of motor cars and motor cycles, when tendered for carriage, should be examined to see that they are empty, thoroughly clean and free from vapour.		The drums or receptacles must be carried in the rear brake-van which should be well ventilated. They must be placed as far as possible from other packages in the brake-van.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
	General packing regulations.		By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS—contd. CLASS A.—contd.	<p>(4) When the capacity exceeds 8 but does not exceed 20 gallons . . . 16 B. W. G.</p> <p>(5) When the capacity exceeds 20 but does not exceed 30 gallons . . . 14 B. W. G.</p> <p>(6) When the capacity exceeds 30 but does not exceed 40 gallons . . . 12 B. W. G.</p> <p>(iii) The drums or receptacles must be so substantially constructed and secured as not to be liable, except under circumstances of gross negligence or extraordinary accident, to be broken or become defective, leaky or insecure in transit.</p> <p>(iv) The nature of the contents, and also the words "highly inflammable" must be distinctly marked on the drums or receptacles.</p>	<p>The chief danger to be apprehended is from leakage, as the vapour of these goods is heavier than air and is inflammable. The vapour is also explosive when mixed with certain proportions of air in a confined space.</p> <p>Wagons containing these inflammable liquids should not be placed next to the engine, but should be separated therefrom by at least three wagons not loaded with explosives or other stuff of an inflammable nature.</p> <p>A certificate must be entered on the consignment note by consignor to the effect that an airspace of at least one-tenth of its capacity was left in each drum or receptacle at time of filling.</p> <p>Drums or receptacles in a damaged condition must not be accepted and the staff must always ascertain that the screw plugs or caps of empty drums or receptacles are securely fastened.</p>		
Rubber Solution composed of Rubber and Naphtha.	<p>Must be packed in iron drums, or iron cans, strongly made and securely closed so as to prevent leakage, or</p> <p>in hermetically sealed tins or air-tight collapsible tubes packed in sawdust in cases, or</p> <p>in air-tight tins packed in sawdust in a wooden box as an inner package, or air-tight collapsible tubes packed in sawdust in stout card-board boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1lb. of Rubber Solution, and to be packed in an outer package made of wood, with sides not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, and ends $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 10lbs. of Rubber Solution, or</p> <p>in air tight collapsible tubes, each containing not more than 1 fluid</p>	<p>The conditions specified above as regards the production of a license by the sender and the declaration of the flashing point on the consignment note and its entry on the railway receipt and invoice apply to this article also, and each package before delivery to the railway administration must have a label attached, printed in conspicuous characters, bearing the words "Highly Inflammable," and stating the names and addresses of consignor and consignee.</p>		

Description of goods.	General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
			By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS—contd. CLASS A.—concl'd. <p>ounce of Rubber Solution, packed in sawdust, in stout cardboard boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1lb. of Rubber Solution and to be packed in an outer package made of wood with sides not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, and ends $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 30lbs. of Rubber Solution.</p> <p>CLASS B. <i>Liquids the vapour of which is inflammable at 76° Fahr. and higher temperatures (subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act of 1899.)</i></p> <p>Kerosine oil, non-dangerous, i.e., having a flash point at or above 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.</p> <p>Paraffin</p> <p>Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils, non-dangerous, i.e., having a flash point at or above 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899</p> <p>Bangoon oil</p> <p>Naphtha, Wood or Wood Spirit.</p> <p>Oil of Turpentine</p> <p>Spirits of Turpentine</p> <p>Terebine Oil</p> <p>Terebinth</p> <p>Varnish</p> <p>Spirit, Methylated</p> <p>Spirit of Wine</p>	<p>The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.</p> <p>When not loaded in tank wagons specially constructed for the carriage of dangerous goods, must be securely packed, to prevent leakage, in strong tins or in bottles corked and sealed, and such tins or bottles should be enclosed in wooden cases.</p> <p>If without outer wooden cases, a layer of <i>durma</i> matting or other suitable dunnage must be placed on the floor of the wagon and between each tier of tins.</p> <p>When bottles are used, they must be packed in straw or saw-dust.</p> <p>Must be packed in stoneware jars or glass-stoppered bottles or in vessels of tin or copper provided with screw stoppers or corked with caps, covering their mouths, soldered on.</p> <p>Must be packed either in iron or steel drums or tins properly soldered or in corked or capsuled bottles, the bottles or tins being securely packed in wooden cases.</p> <p>Must be packed either in corked and capsuled bottles or in corked and capped drums securely packed or in strongly made casks, securely closed so as to prevent all possibility of leakage.</p>	<p>In the case of all "Kerosine oils" and all "Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils," senders to declare the flashing point on the consignment note and the railway staff to enter the same on the railway receipt and invoice.</p> <p>"Kerosine oil, non-dangerous," "Paraffin" and "Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils, non-dangerous," in quantities exceeding 500 gallons must not be accepted unless sender produces a special or general license.</p> <p>The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds.</p>	<p>.....</p>	<p>...</p>

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.		Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
	General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.	By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS—<i>concl.</i> CLASS B.—<i>csnold.</i> Rubber Solution composed of Rubber and Naphtha.	In casks, iron drums, or iron cans, strongly made and securely closed so as to prevent leakage. In hermetically sealed tins or air-tight collapsible tubes packed in saw-dust in cases. In air-tight tins packed in saw-dust in a wooden box as an inner package, or air-tight collapsible tubes, packed in saw-dust, in stout cardboard boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1 lb. of Rubber Solution, and to be packed in an outer package made of wood, with sides not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, and ends $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 10 lbs. of Rubber Solution, or in air-tight collapsible tubes, each containing not more than 1 fluid ounce of Rubber Solution, packed in saw-dust, in stout cardboard boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1 lb. of Rubber Solution, and to be packed in an outer package made of wood with sides not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, and ends $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 30 lbs. of Rubber Solution.	Senders to declare the flashing point on the consignment note and the railway staff to enter the same on the railway receipt and invoice. Each package before delivery to the railway administration must have a label attached, printed in conspicuous characters, bearing the word "Inflammable," and stating the names and addresses of consignor and consignee.	.....	...
II.—DANGEROUS, CORROSIVE AND POISONOUS CHEMICALS. Acid, Fluoric or Hydrofluoric... Acid, Hydrochloric or Muriatic or Spirits of Salts. Acid, Nitric or Aquafortis ...	Must be put into leaden or gutta-percha bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers; the inside packing of the cases must be of straw, chaff or saw-dust mixed with coal, wood-ashes, chalk, sand, or dry earth. Must be well secured in stone-ware jars, or glass-stoppered bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers; the inside packing of these cases must be of ashes, free from cinders, or of chalk, sand or dry earth.	.....	.....	...

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorised officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.		Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
	General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.	By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
II.—DANGEROUS, CORROSIVE AND POISONOUS CHEMICALS—contd.				
Acid, Acetic ...	Must be well secured in stone-ware jars, or glass-stoppered bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers; the inside packing of these cases must be of straw, chaff, or saw-dust mixed with coal, wood-ashes, chalk or sand.	The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds. Bottles containing "Bromine," "Hydrochloric Acid," "Nitric Acid," or "Ammonia in Solution" must be only three-fourths full to allow for expansion of vapour.	...	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train, one case only.
Acid, Carbolic ...				
Acid, Cresylic ...				
Amorphous Phosphorus ...				
Bromine ...				
Chloride of Sulphur ...				
Muriate or Chloride of Zinc ...				
Perchloride of Iron ...	Must be put into metal bottles with caps soldered on, standing upright in cases with sloping covers. The inside packing must be of straw, chaff, or saw-dust mixed with coal, wood-ashes, chalk or sand.			
Phosphorus ...				
Ammonia in Solution ...				
Acid, Phosphoric ...	In casks ...	.....	.....	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train one case only. Ditto.
Acid, Sulphurous (solution) ...				
Acid, Sulphuric, or Oil of Vitriol, or Vitriol.	(i) Must be well secured in stone-ware jars or glass-stoppered bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers and the inside packing of these cases must be of ashes, free from cinders, or of chalk, sand, or dry earth. In the case of Sulphuric Acid, diluted with not less than twice its volume of water, of a specific gravity of 1.250, the inside packing of the cases containing such acid may be straw, or refuse cheap enough for packing, such as grass, wood shavings, etc., instead of ashes free from cinders, or chalk, sand, or dry earth. (ii) May also be packed in hermetically sealed cisterns made of lead weighing 5 lbs. per square foot, enclosed in wooden cases made of one inch thick boards bound with half-inch hoop iron, the sides of the case being so constructed that the grain runs horizontally on two sides and vertically on the other two. (iii) Must not be put into jars with cork or wooden stoppers. (iv) Acid, Sulphuric, Concentrated, i.e., of a specific gravity not less than 1.84, which must be certified in writing by the consignor, may be packed in strong hermetically sealed iron or steel drums which must be in good condition and free from rust.	The weight of each case, when packed in accordance with clause (i) of column (2), must not exceed 2½ maunds; but when packed in accordance with clause (ii), the net weight of the acid must not exceed 112 lbs. When packed in accordance with clause (iv), the weight of each package must not exceed 5 maunds.		
Arsenic ...	Must be packed in cases, casks, or iron drums, and must not be carried in bags.	All packages must be marked in conspicuous characters with the word "Poison."	.....	May be despatched by mixed or passenger train in any quantity at any time, if desired, even if there are goods trains running.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.		Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
	General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.	By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
II.—DANGEROUS, CORROSIVE AND POISONOUS CHEMICALS—<i>concl'd.</i>				
Bisulphite of Lime Solution, saturated with Sulphur Dioxide Gas.	Must be packed in casks in less than 4-ton loads, and in glass bottles (not carboys) packed in cases or hampers.	.....	.....	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train, one case only.
Chlorate of Barium ...	Must be packed in iron drums or in paper-lined casks, of sufficient strength not to allow any of their contents to escape through wear and tear of transport. Chlorate of Potash may also be carried in jars or bottles packed in cases.	.....	.....	Ditto.
Chlorate of Potash ...				
Chlorate of Soda ...				
Nitrate of Barium ...	Must be packed in cases, casks, or iron drums, and must not be carried in bags.	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nitrate of Lead ...				
Nitrate of Iron ...				
Nitrate of Potash, Nitre, or Saltpetre [other than manures].	Must be packed in bags or casks.			
Nitrate of Soda [other than manures].	Must be packed in bags or casks or in tins packed in cases.			
Muriate of Tin or Tin liquor	Must be packed in casks or iron drums.	.....	.....	Ditto.
Potassium ...	Must be packed in iron drums hermetically sealed.			
Sodium ...	Must be packed in iron drums packed in strong wooden cases, or in approved air-tight and water-tight iron drums, packed in strong wooden cases; also in approved steel cases, each containing not more than 3 cwt. of sodium, closed with air-tight locked lever-lids.	.....	.....	Ditto.
Tri-nitro-tolual ...	Must be packed in staunch and substantial barrels or in cases constructed of wood not less than one inch in thickness.	All packages must be marked in conspicuous characters with the word "Poison."		
III.—MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS ARTICLES.				
Carbide of Calcium ...	Must be packed in hermetically closed metal drums or cases sufficiently strong to remain in that condition through ordinary wear and tear of transport, so that the Carbide of Calcium cannot be affected by air or moisture. There must be no copper in the composition of any drum or case containing the Carbide of Calcium. The label on each hermetically closed metal drum or case must bear in conspicuous characters the words "Carbide of	No drum or case must contain a quantity exceeding 224 lbs. of Carbide of Calcium. Carbide of Calcium, while in the possession of a railway for transport, must not be stored in any railway goods shed, but must be stacked in the open under water-proof sheets and so placed as to prevent its getting wet. If any Carbide of Calcium is wetted while in the possession of a railway	Vehicles used for the carriage of "Carbide of Calcium" must be thoroughly ventilated and rendered impervious to rain.	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train, subject to a limit of 450 lbs. per train.

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	General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.	By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
III.—MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS ARTICLES. —contd.	<p>Calcium," "Dangerous if not kept dry" and with the following caution :— "The contents of this drum (or case) are liable if brought into contact with moisture, to give off a highly inflammable gas." The name and address of the sender should also be labelled on each drum or case.</p>	<p>for transport, it shall be destroyed by immersion in at least twenty times its bulk of water. NOTE.—The fact of Carbide of Calcium having become wet will be indicated by the outward appearance of the drum or case and probably by a disagreeable odour showing a leakage of gas.</p>
Compressed Air ...	(a) These gases must be packed in cylinders.	<p>"Compressed or Liquefied Carbonic Acid Gas," "Compressed Air," "Compressed Oxygen," and "Compressed Hydrogen" may be allowed, as exceptions to the other compressed gases, to be carried in the rear brake-van of mixed or passenger trains, subject to a limit of two cylinders per van.</p>
Compressed Oxygen ...	(b) Cylinders must be made of wrought iron or mild steel of the best quality and must comply in every other respect with the recommendations made by the Departmental Committee on compressed gas cylinders appointed by the Secretary of State for the Home Department in England in 1895, and must not exceed 8 feet in length and 10 inches in diameter.			
Compressed or Liquefied Carbonic Acid Gas (Carbon Dioxide).	<p>Special attention is directed to the extract from the recommendations of the Departmental Committee, printed as Schedule V to these rules.*</p> <p>(c) Cylinders must be separately and securely packed in a strong wooden case, or in a covering made of closely plaited 1 inch (circumference) hemp or coir, except that—</p> <p>(i) Several small cylinders not exceeding 24 inches in length and 4 inches in diameter may be packed in one box, provided that each cylinder is contained in a separate compartment or is separately encased in closely plaited 1 inch (circumference) hemp or coir. Each box must not contain more than 25 small cylinders and the gross weight of each box and contents must not exceed 3½ maunds.</p> <p>(ii) Small cylinders not exceeding 12 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter containing Nitrous Oxide may be packed in wicker-work baskets containing two such cylinders in separate compartments.</p> <p>(d) Cylinders containing Compressed Air, Coal Gas, Hydrogen, or Oxygen, must not be charged to a greater pressure than 1,800 lbs. per square inch.</p>			
Compressed Coal Gas ...				
Compressed Hydrogen ..				
Compressed Ammonia Gas or Liquefied Anhydrous Ammonia.				
Compressed or Liquefied Nitrous Oxide.				
Compressed or Liquefied Sulphurous Acid Gas (Sulphur Dioxide).				

* NOTE.—This rule, so far as it relates to "Carbonic Acid Gas," will be held in abeyance up to 24th February 1913 to allow of light gas cylinders which do not altogether comply with the tests here specified, being used under certain conditions.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.		Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations.		Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.
	General packing regulations.		By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]		By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2		3	4	5
III—MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS ARTICLES. — <i>concl'd.</i>	(e) No cylinder may contain per pound of water capacity, more than $\frac{2}{3}$ lb. of carbon dioxide (carbonic acid gas); $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of anhydrous ammonia; $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of nitrous oxide; or $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs of sulphur dioxide (sulphurous acid gas), respectively. (f) Cylinders must be carefully handled, and must not be placed near a fire, or exposed to other source of heat.				
Matches, safety	(1) Must be packed in strong dust-tight wooden cases having a metal lining.	.....	.....	.....
Matches, non-safety	(2) The outer wooden cases used for the carriage of matches shall be of the following thickness of wood if gross weight of case with contents does not exceed 4 maunds in weight, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick throughout; if gross weight of case with contents exceeds 4 maunds, $\frac{7}{8}$ inch thick throughout. (3) "Matches, safety," may, however, be carried in the tins in which they are imported, provided that such tins are strong enough as outer packages, that they do not exceed a limit in size of 2' x 1' x 1' weighing approximately 13½ seers and do not contain more than 120 packets of "matches, safety."			
NOTE.—Matches which ignite by simple friction and Bengal lights (Pyrotechnic matches) which, while not ordinarily igniting by simple friction, are capable of doing so under chemical decomposition and are liable to spontaneous combustion should be considered as coming within the class "matches, non-safety," while those which require to be rubbed on the prepared surface of the box which contains them to be ignited should be considered as coming within the class "matches, safety."					
Oily Bagging			
" Canvas	In tarpaulin bags, bales, hampers, parcels or cases.			
" Covers				
" Paper	In air-tight and damp-proof cases, and in bales.			
" Rags				
" Waste	In thoroughly sound cases			

Particulars of Weighment.

No. of Article.	Description.	WEIGHT.		Checked by.....Date.....
		Maunds.	Seers.	
				Weighed by.....
				Loaded by.....
				Invoiced by.....
				Receipt No.
				Invoice No.
				Wagon No.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNORS.

The Administration Company hereby gives public notice :—

1. That the Railway Administration Company will not be accountable for any articles unless the same are booked and a receipt for them given by their clerk or agent, and that when the articles are so accepted for conveyance, the responsibility of the Railway for the loss, destruction or deterioration of the articles is subject to the provisions of section 72 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890.

2. That the railway receipt given by the Railway Administration Company for the articles delivered for conveyance must be given up at destination by the consignee to the Railway Administration Company, otherwise the Railway may refuse to deliver, and that the signature of the consignee or his agent in the delivery book at destination shall be evidence of complete delivery.

If the consignee does not himself attend to take delivery, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes it made and if the receipt is not produced, the delivery of the goods may, at the discretion of the Railway Administration Company, be withheld until the person entitled in its opinion to receive them has given an indemnity to the satisfaction of the Railway Administration Company.

3. That all claims against the Railway Administration Company for loss or damage to goods must be made to the clerk in charge of the station to which they have been booked before delivery is taken, and that a written statement of the description and contents of the articles missing, or of the damage received, must be sent forthwith to the Traffic Superintendent of the district in which the forwarding or receiving station is situated: otherwise, the Railway Administration Company will be freed from responsibility.

4. That by section 77 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that a person shall not be entitled to a refund of an over-charge in respect of animals or goods carried by railway, or to compensation for the loss, destruction or deterioration of animals or goods delivered to be so carried, unless his claim to the refund or compensation has been preferred in writing by him or on his behalf to the Railway Administration Company within six months from the date of the delivery of the animals or goods for carriage by railway.

5. That the Railway Administration Company have the right of re-measurement, re-weighment, re-classification and re-calculation of rates, terminals and other charges at the place of destination, and of collecting, before the goods are delivered, any amount that may have been omitted or under-charged.

6. That subject to any exceptions from time to time notified by the Railway Administration Company, the freight on dangerous, explosive and combustible articles must be prepaid, and that by section 55 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that if a person fails to pay on demand made by or on behalf of a Railway Administration Company any rate, terminal or other charge due from him in respect of any animals or goods, the Railway Administration Company may detain the whole or any of the animals or goods, or, if they have been removed from the railway, any other animals or goods of such person then being in or thereafter coming into its possession.

7. That all goods left on the Railway Administration's Company's premises are liable to wharfage and demurrage charges as per goods tariff, and these charges will also be levied on goods left on hand, pending payment of freight and charges due on them.

8. That goods booked to stations on the Administration's Company's Railway or Railways worked by the Administration's Company's Railway are carried subject to the rules and conditions printed from time to time in the Railway Administration's Company's goods tariff; and goods booked to or over a foreign Railway are subject to the rules and regulations and to wharfage and other charges in force on such Railway.

9. That by section 106 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that if a person requested under section 58 to give an account with respect to any goods, gives an account which is materially false, he and, if he is not the owner of the goods, the owner also, shall be punished with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every maund or part of a maund of the goods, and the fine shall be in addition to any rate or other charge to which the goods may be liable.

10. That by section 107 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that if, in contravention of section 59, a person takes with him any dangerous or offensive goods upon a railway, or tenders or delivers any such goods for carriage upon a railway, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees and shall also be responsible for any loss, injury or damage which may be caused by reason of such goods having been so brought upon the railway.

—————Head Quarter Office

Date —————

—————
Printed name and designation of

Railway Officer.

SCHEDULE III._____
Railway.**RISK NOTE, FORM D.**

[Approved by the Governor-General in Council under section 72 (2) (b) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890.]

(To be used when the Sender elects to despatch at a "special reduced" or "Owner's risk" rate dangerous, explosive or combustible articles for which an alternative "Ordinary" or "Risk acceptance" rate is quoted in the Tariff.)

STATION._____
19 .

Whereas the consignment of _____

tendered by $\frac{me}{we}$, as per Forwarding Order No. _____ of this date, for despatch by the Railway Administration or their transport agents or carriers to _____ station, and for which $\frac{I}{we}$ have received Railway Receipt No. _____ of same date, is charged at a special reduced rate instead of at the ordinary tariff rate chargeable for such consignment, $\frac{I}{we}$, the undersigned, do, in consideration of such lower charge, agree and undertake to hold the said Railway Administration and all other Railway Administrations working in connection therewith, and also all other transport agents or carriers employed by them, respectively, over whose Railways or by or through whose transport agency or agencies the said goods may be carried in transit from _____ station to _____ station, harmless and free from all responsibility for any loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, the said consignment from any cause whatever except for the loss of a complete consignment or of one or more complete packages forming part of a consignment due either to the wilful neglect of the Railway Administration or to theft by or to the wilful neglect of its servants, transport agents or carriers employed by them before, during and after transit over the said Railway or other Railway lines working in connection therewith, or by any other transport agency or agencies employed by them, respectively, for carriage of the whole or any part of the said consignment, provided the term "wilful neglect" be not held to include fire, robbery from a running train or any other unforeseen event or accident.

$\frac{I}{we}$ further agree to accept responsibility for any consequences to the property of the aforesaid Railway Administration (s) and of their transport agents and carriers or to the property of other persons that may be in the course of conveyance, which may be caused by the explosion of, or otherwise, by the said consignment, and that all risk and responsibility whether to the Railway Administration (s) or their transport agents and carriers, to their servants or to others, remain solely and entirely with $\frac{me}{we}$.

WITNESS.

(Signature) _____

Signature of sender _____

(Residence) _____

Rank or { Father's name _____
Caste _____ Age _____**WITNESS.**

(Signature) _____

Profession _____

(Residence) _____

Residence _____

NOTE.—The above form is, for the convenience of the public, translated into the vernacular on the reverse, but the form in English is the authoritative form, and the Railway Administration accepts no responsibility for the correctness of the vernacular translation.

SCHEDULE III—concl'd.**RISK NOTE, FORM G.**_____
Railway.

[*Approved by the Governor-General in Council under section 72 (2) (b) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890.*]

(To be used as an alternative to Risk Note, Form D, in the case of dangerous, explosive or combustible articles, for which an alternative "Ordinary" or "Risk acceptance" rate is quoted in the Tariff, when the sender desires to enter into a general agreement instead of executing a separate Risk Note for each consignment.)

STATION._____
19 .

Whereas all consignments of _____

_____ for which the Railway Administration quotes both Owner's risk or special reduced rates and Railway risk or ordinary rates are (unless $\frac{1}{w_s}$ shall have entered into a special contract in relation to any particular consignment) despatched by $\frac{m_s}{u_s}$ at $\frac{m_r}{u_r}$ own risk and are charged for by the said Railway Administration at special reduced or Owner's risk rates, instead of at ordinary tariff or Railway risk rates, $\frac{1}{w_s}$, the undersigned, in consideration of such consignments being charged for at the special reduced or Owner's risk rates, do hereby agree and undertake to hold the said Railway Administration and all other Railway Administrations working in connection therewith, and also other transport agents or carriers employed by them, respectively, over whose Railways or by or through whose transport agency, or agencies the said consignments of _____ may be carried in transit from _____ station to _____ station, harmless and free from all responsibility for any loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, all or any such consignments from any cause whatever, except for the loss of a complete consignment or of one or more complete packages forming part of a consignment due either to the wilful neglect of the Railway Administration or to theft by or to the wilful neglect of its servants, transport agents or carriers employed by them before during and after transit over the said Railway or other Railway lines working in connection therewith, or by any other transport agency or agencies employed by them, respectively, for the carriage of the whole or any part of the said consignments, provided the term "wilful neglect" be not held to include fire, robbery from a running train or any other unforeseen event or accident

$\frac{1}{w_s}$ further agree to accept responsibility for any consequences to the property of the aforesaid Railway Administration(s) and of their transport agents and carriers, or to the property of other persons that may be in the course of conveyance, which may be caused by the explosion of, or otherwise, by all or any of the said consignments, and that all risk and responsibility whether to the Railway Administration(s) or their transport agents and carriers, to their servants or to others, remain solely and entirely with $\frac{m_s}{u_s}$.

Signature of sender _____

(Address) _____

WITNESS.

(Signature) _____

(Address) _____

WITNESS.

(Signature) _____

(Address) _____

NOTE.—The above form is, for the convenience of the public, translated into the vernacular on the reverse, but the form in English is the authoritative form, and the Railway Administration accepts no responsibility for the correctness of the vernacular translation.

SCHEDULE IV.**CERTIFICATE FOR COMPRESSED GASES.**

Certified that the ^{cylinder}~~cylinders~~ containing _____ tendered by ^{me}~~us~~ as per Forwarding Order No. _____ of this date to the _____ Railway for despatch to _____ Station ^{has}~~have~~ been packed and tested in accordance, and that the ^{cylinder complies}~~cylinders comply~~ in every other respect, with the rules promulgated in Chapter IV of the General Rules for working open lines of railway.

Signature of ^{sender}~~senders~~ _____

SCHEDULE V.

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON COMPRESSED GAS CYLINDERS APPOINTED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT IN ENGLAND IN 1895.

I.—CYLINDERS OF COMPRESSED GAS (OXYGEN, HYDROGEN, OR COAL GAS).

(a) *Lap-welded wrought iron*.—Greatest working pressure, 120 atmospheres, or 1,800 lbs. per square inch.

Stress due to working pressure not to exceed $6\frac{1}{2}$ tons per square inch.

Proof pressure in hydraulic test, after annealing, 224 atmospheres, or 3,360 lbs. per square inch.

Permanent stretch in hydraulic test not to exceed 10 per cent of the elastic stretch.

One cylinder in 50 to be subjected to a statical bending test, and to stand crushing nearly flat between two rounded knife edges without cracking.

(b) *Lap-welded or seamless steel*.—Greatest working pressure, 120 atmospheres, or 1,800 lbs. per square inch.

Stress due to working pressure not to exceed $7\frac{1}{2}$ tons per square inch in lap-welded, or 8 tons per square inch in seamless cylinders.

Carbon in steel not to exceed 0.25 per cent, or iron to be less than 99 per cent.

Tenacity of steel not to be less than 26 or more than 33 tons per square inch. Ultimate elongation not less than 1.2 inches in 8 inches. Test bar to be cut from finished annealed cylinder.

Proof pressure in hydraulic test, after annealing, 224 atmospheres, or 3,360 lbs. per square inch.

Permanent stretch shown by water jacket not to exceed 10 per cent of elastic stretch.

One cylinder in 50 to be subjected to a statical bending test and to stand crushing nearly flat between rounded knife edges without cracking.

Regulations applicable to all cylinders.

Cylinders to be marked with a rotation number, a manufacturer's or owner's mark, an annealing mark with date, a test mark with date. The marks to be permanent and easily visible.

Testing to be repeated at least every two years, and annealing at least every four years.

A record to be kept of all tests.

Cylinders which fail in testing to be destroyed or rendered useless.

Hydrogen and coal gas cylinders to have left-handed threads for attaching connections, and to be painted red.

The compressing apparatus to have two pressure gauges and an automatic arrangement for preventing overcharging. The compressing apparatus for oxygen to be wholly distinct and unconnected with the compressing apparatus for hydrogen and coal gas.

Cylinders not to be refilled till they have been emptied.

If cylinders are sent out unpacked, the valve fittings should be protected by a steel cap.

A minimum weight to be fixed for each size of cylinder in accordance with its required thickness. Cylinders of less weight to be rejected.

II.—CYLINDERS FOR CARBONIC ACID.

Greatest working pressure to be reckoned as 120 atmospheres.

Cylinders to be of lap-welded wrought iron, lap-welded steel or seamless steel. Stresses, tests, and conditions as to repetition of tests to be the same as for oxygen cylinders.

The marking to be the same with the addition of the weight of the cylinder empty, and the greatest permissible weight of carbonic acid it may contain.

No cylinder to contain more than $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of carbonic acid per pound of water capacity, if for this country (*i.e.*, *England*), or $\frac{2}{3}$ lb. per pound of water capacity, if for the tropics.

If cylinders are sent out unpacked, the valve fittings should be protected by a steel cap.

A notice should be affixed to the cylinder that it contains carbonic acid, and that it should be kept cool and not exposed to the sun or the heat of a stove.

III.—CYLINDERS FOR AMMONIA.

Greatest working pressure to be reckoned as 1,000 lbs. per square inch.

Hydraulic test pressure 1,500 lbs. per square inch.

Greatest working stress 7 tons per square inch for steel, and 6 tons per square inch for wrought iron.

In other respects the material, tests, and rule for repetition of tests to be the same as for oxygen cylinders.

The marking to be similar to that for oxygen cylinders, but the weight of cylinder empty and the greatest permissible weight of ammonia it may contain to be added.

Ammonia cylinders should not contain more than 0.5 lb. per pound of water capacity.

If cylinders are sent out unpacked, the valve fittings should be protected by a steel cap.

A notice should be affixed to the cylinder that it contains ammonia, and that it should be kept cool and not exposed to the sun or the heat of a stove.

IV.—CYLINDER FITTINGS.

No oil or similar lubricant to be used for cylinder valves, pressure gauges, regulators, or other fittings.

Pressure gauges to have a check to prevent a sudden inrush of gas.

Pressure gauges for hydrogen and coal gas to have left-handed screws, and to be painted red.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

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SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 46. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 16th November 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. During the week two further depressions of the winter type moved eastwards through Persia and entered India. The first began to affect Baluchistan on the 10th and moved across the whole breadth of northern India, disappearing in the upper Assam valley on the 14th. It gave more or less rain along the whole of its track. The second appeared in west Persia on the 12th and entered south Baluchistan on the 14th. On the 16th it had moved into northwest India and had given light rainfall in Baluchistan and Sind. Some snowfall was reported during the week from Kashmir and the western Himalayas.

2. High temperatures prevailed in the central parts of the country and the north of the Peninsula throughout the week. They extended also over Sind and Gujarat during the first half of the week and over the southwestern parts of northeast India during the latter half. The passage of the first depression across northern India was followed by low temperatures which persisted until the 16th in the northwest and in the submontane plains. In Upper Burma weather was somewhat cooler than usual throughout the week.

3. *Burma.*—A few light falls of rain were reported.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Numerous showers occurred on the 13th but on other days only scattered falls were reported.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—A few falls occurred in the United Provinces on the 11th and 12th.

Northwest India.—The first depression gave fairly general rainfall on the 10th and 11th over Baluchistan and the northern parts of the division, and the second gave very light falls in Baluchistan and Sind.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in the extreme southeast until the 11th, but then became lighter and less general.

4. The most important amounts reported were as follows :—

November 9th. Negapatam 1·75".

" 10th. Chaman 0·48", Kalat 0·92", Parachinar 0·70", Dera Ismail Khan 0·86", Negapatam 0·86" and Cuddalore 1·31".

" 11th. Mukteswar 0·48", Dehra Dun 0·42", Roorkee 0·48", Cherat 1·40", Murree 1·96", Srinagar 0·73", Simla 0·88", Rawalpindi 1·50", Sialkot 0·77", Ludhiana 0·59", Ambala 0·42", Khushab 0·49", Cuddalore 1·59", Negapatam 2·47" and Madura 0·84".

" 12th. Berhampore 0·44" and Benares 0·68".

" 13th. Dibrugarh 0·40", Sibsagar 0·55", Gauhati 0·77" and Narayanganj 0·95".

" 15th. Trivandrum 0·52", Tinnevely 0·97", Pamban 0·85" and Negapatam 1·18".

5. The amount of precipitation during the week was above normal over the greater part of Northwest India and in the United Provinces, Chota Nagpur and Eastern Bengal and Assam; below normal in Burma, Berar, the Central Provinces and the Peninsula; and normal elsewhere.

During the period 28th April to 16th November it was in large excess in Baluchistan; in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; normal or nearly normal in Burma, the United Provinces East, Central India East, the Central Provinces East; and in defect elsewhere. The defect was largest in Sind, Rajputana West and Gujarat.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 16TH NOVEMBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 16TH NOVEMBER 1911.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0'6	2'4	-1'8	89'8	102'5	-12'7	- 12	- 11
Lower Burma	0	0'7	-0'7	145'4	140'9	+ 4'5	+ 3	+ 4
Upper Burma	0	0'5	-0'5	42'0	41'5	+ 0'5	+ 1	+ 2
Assam	0'8	0'2	+0'6	92'3	77'9	+14'4	+ 18	+ 18
Eastern Bengal	0'2	0'1	+0'1	91'7	79'2	+12'5	+ 16	+ 16
Bengal	0'2	0'2	0	46'5	57'1	-10'6	- 19	- 19
Orissa	0	0'2	-0'2	45'9	58'4	-12'5	- 21	- 21
Chota Nagpur	0'3	0	+0'3	54'1	49'3	+ 4'8	+ 10	+ 9
Bihar	0	0	0	55'3	50'3	+ 5'0	+ 10	+ 10
United Provinces, East	0'2	0	+0'2	37'8	39'4	- 1'6	- 4	- 5
United Provinces, West	0'3	0	+0'3	28'2	39'2	-11'0	- 28	- 29
Punjab, East and North	0'5	0	+0'5	12'4	21'4	- 9'0	- 42	- 44
Punjab, South-west	0'3	0	+0'3	4'7	8'1	- 3'4	- 42	- 46
Kashmir	0'6	0'1	+0'5	6'2	9'0	- 2'8	- 31	- 37
N.-W. Frontier Province	0'7	0	+0'7	3'5	5'8	- 2'3	- 40	- 52
Baluchistan	0'6	0	+0'6	2'1	0'9	+ 1'2	+133	+ 67
Sind	0'1	0	+0'1	0'1	4'8	- 4'7	- 98	-100
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	3'9	11'3	- 7'4	- 65	- 65
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	11'6	22'0	-10'4	- 47	- 47
Gujarat	0	0	0	6'9	23'5	-16'6	- 71	- 71
Central India, West	0	0	0	20'1	29'6	- 9'5	- 32	- 32
Central India, East	0	0	0	39'5	41'2	- 1'7	- 4	- 4
Berar	0	0'1	-0'1	18'9	31'4	-12'5	- 40	- 40
Central Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	36'9	44'8	- 7'9	- 18	- 17
Central Provinces, East	0	0'1	-0'1	44'6	48'0	- 3'4	- 7	- 7
Konkan	0	0'2	-0'2	70'0	97'1	-27'1	- 28	- 28
Bombay Deccan	0	0'2	-0'2	20'1	27'4	- 7'3	- 27	- 26
Hyderabad, North	0	0'1	-0'1	24'8	33'0	- 8'2	- 25	- 25
Hyderabad, South	0	0'1	-0'1	20'3	30'2	- 9'9	- 33	- 33
Mysore	0	0'6	-0'6	24'8	27'7	- 2'9	- 10	- 8
Malabar	0'5	1'3	-0'8	84'7	97'3	-12'6	- 13	- 12
Madras, South-east	1'8	2'0	-0'2	20'3	26'9	- 6'6	- 25	- 26
Madras Deccan	0	0'3	-0'3	16'7	24'0	- 7'3	- 30	- 30
Madras Coast, North	0	0'9	-0'9	24'9	34'1	- 9'2	- 27	- 25

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
11th November 1911.

Burma.—There was little rain during the week. Reaping of the autumn rice crops, harvesting of cotton and groundnut and sowing of the miscellaneous island crops are proceeding normally. The winter rice crop is in good condition except in the flooded areas which were replanted late and in unirrigated tracts in the dry zone of Upper Burma. The price of unhusked rice has fallen slightly at Rangoon but remains abnormal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was cool, clear and occasionally cloudy. Heavy rain fell at Dacca on the 13th instant and light showers in most districts. Sowing of spring crops is still going on and harvesting of winter rice has commenced in places. A further fall of $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent is reported in the average price of common rice. Cattle disease prevails in Malda, Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang, Nowgong and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—Light showers fell in Birbhum, Nadia, Murshidabad, Khulna, Gaya, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Darjeeling, Hazaribagh and Ranchi. There was no rain in the rest of the Province. More rain is wanted in parts of Cuttack and Balasore. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. Harvesting of the early winter paddy is continuing in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. Prospects of the winter paddy are good so far. Some damage by insects is reported from Midnapore and Sambalpur. The price of common rice has risen in Bankura and Balasore and has fallen in Burdwan, Birbhum, Hbwarah, Nadia, Gaya, Shahabad, Champaran, Bhagalpur, the Sonthal Parganas, Angul, Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Palamau and Singhbhum. Cattle disease is reported from Midnapore, Nadia, Champaran, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is adequate except in parts of Nadia and Murshidabad where fodder is reported to be insufficient.

United Provinces.—The Himalayan submontane and the Upper Doab districts report slight rain, nowhere exceeding 27 cents. Standing crops continue to do well. Prospects are favourable. The condition of agricultural stock is generally good. Cattle disease is prevalent in five districts and is sporadic in ten. Fodder and water are sufficient everywhere. Prices are mostly stationary.

Punjab.—Light to moderate rain has fallen in all districts. The condition of standing autumn crops on irrigated area is generally fair and on unirrigated area poor, except in the Delhi division where it is fair. Autumn crops are being harvested. The outturn is generally average to below average. Sowings of spring crops continue. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in Jullundur, Sialkot and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rain varying from 45 cents in Peshawar to 2 inches and 27 cents in Hamira fell throughout the Province. It was beneficial for spring sowings and standing crops. Sowings of spring crops and harvesting of autumn crops are in progress. Sowings of gram have been finished in Marwat and those of gram and wheat are approaching completion in the Bannu Tahsil. The water-supply is generally sufficient throughout the Province. The condition as regards fodder is still unchanged. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur Canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The condition of cattle is good throughout the Province. Prices of food grains are nearly stationary. Prices:—Wheat $11\frac{1}{8}$ to 17, gram $15\frac{1}{8}$ to 25, maize $14\frac{1}{8}$ to $25\frac{1}{8}$ and bajra $14\frac{1}{8}$ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The weather was cloudy. It rained several times. The rain was beneficial to the sowings of spring crops. Zamindars are mostly collecting the autumn crops. Prices are slightly cheaper than those of the last week. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week with the exception of some showers in two places in Bharatpur. Spring sowings continue and prospects are reported to be fair to good generally. In Shahpura, however, also in the hilly tracts of Mewar and in parts of Merwara the condition is unsatisfactory owing to the partial failure of the last monsoon and consequent deficiency of the water-supply. In Jaisalmer agricultural operations are

confined in eastern districts. Sowings have suffered by excessive heat in Dungarpur. Scarcity of grazing is felt in Shahpura. Pasturage also is scarce in Jaipur and is diminishing in parts of Jodhpur and Merwara. The condition of cattle is generally good, except that cattle disease is prevalent in a few villages in Jhalawar and Merwara; 125 persons and 2,164 cattle emigrated from Jodhpur and 938 persons and 1,707 cattle from Merwara. Prices have risen by 1 to 2½ seers in Banswara, Partabgarh and Bundi and have fallen by ½ to 1½ seers in Merwar, Kishengarh and Bharatpur.

Central India.—A few showers fell in Gwalior and Malwa. No rain fell elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. The outturn of cotton and all food grains except maize is generally above average. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Gwalior, Bundelkhand and Indore. Fodder is insufficient in some parts of Indore, is scarce in greater parts of Bhopawar but is abundant elsewhere. Prices are easy with a downward tendency.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and cool. Reaping of autumn and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Picking of cotton continues. The condition of standing crops is generally good and prospects are favourable. Fodder and water are ample. Prices:—Gram sells cheaper by 3 seers per rupee in Wardha.

Feudatory States.—Prospects are generally good. Reaping and sowing continue. Fodder and water are adequate. Prices:—Rice fell by 4 seers per rupee in Kankar and Bastar.

Bombay.—Standing crops are suffering for want of moisture in parts of Broach, Surat, Ahmednagar, Poona, Dharwar and Rewa Kantha, have failed in parts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals and Kolhapur and are fair elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Surat, East Khandesh, Nasik, Baroda, Palanpur and Cutch but has been retarded in parts of Poona, Belgaum and Rewa Kantha. Picking of cotton continues in parts of Thar and Parkar, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Broach, and the Deccan. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, the Deccan, Belgaum, the Gujarat Native States and Kolhapur. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition except in parts of Thar and Parkar and Ahmednagar where it is deteriorating and is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. The drinking water-supply is inadequate in parts of Larkana, and Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Nasik, Kathiawar, Cutch and Kolhapur. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Gujarat, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, the Karnatak, Kathiawar and Kolhapur. Prices have risen in parts of Karachi, Sukkur, Ratnagiri, Satara and the Karnatak have fallen in Larkana and East Khandesh and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 25 to 41 per cent, in Gujarat 19 to 47 per cent, in the Konkan 18 to 36 per cent, in the Deccan 29 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 36 to 44 per cent less than the normal.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in raising fodder crops where possible, in digging temporary wells and in deepening old ones. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells from 8½ to 9 and maize from 10½ to 11½ seers per rupee. The number of persons on relief for week ending 11th November was:—16,973 on relief works and 3,772 on gratuitous relief. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha there were 1,263 persons on test work and 71 persons on gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. The autumn crop is being harvested. Its condition is bad to unsatisfactory in Aurangabad, Bir and in parts of the Nizamabad, Raichur, Bidar, Medak and Nalgonda districts, but is fair in other parts. The early rice crop is being irrigated in places in Nander. The cotton crop is abundant and its harvesting has begun in parts. Sowing of spring crop continues in parts. It is being weeded in places and has been damaged by insects in parts of the Parbhani district and by rats in parts of the Raichur district. Its future depends on the late rains. Cattle disease prevails in sixteen talukas and fodder scarcity in twenty-two. Water scarcity is reported in parts, especially in the Medak district, for which Government has sanctioned Rs. 30,000 for sinking wells and clearing silt. Prices:—Wheat 7½, coarse rice 6½ and *juar* 13 seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at 11 seers in Hyderabad city. The highest price in the districts is 9 seers in Aurangabad and Bir and the lowest 24 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—Slight rain fell during the week in Bangalore and Kolar and *nil* elsewhere. Prices of food grains have risen in parts of the State. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition but more rain is needed generally throughout the State. Prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall *nil*. The conditions of the rice crop are good. Picking of cardamom continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was good in Tanjore and South Arcot, light to fair in Nellore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely and the Nilgiris and *nil* elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Kistna, Guntur, Nellore, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Cuddapah and Malabar. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Vizagapatam, the Deccan, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura and Ramnad. Paddy in parts of Kurnool has withered. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease. The early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers. Coffee in part of the Nilgiris has been affected by bug. Harvests continue except in Ramnad. The outturn is fair to normal generally. Pasture is scanty in parts of Bellary, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura and sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Vizagapatam, Godaveri, and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in two and has risen in fifteen. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in seven and has risen in eleven. *Cholam* is stationary in two districts, has fallen in one and has risen in twelve. *Cumbu* is stationary in two districts, has fallen in four and has risen in eleven. The rise is noticeable in the price of *cholam*, in Vizagapatam and Ramnad, in that of *cumbu* in Vizagapatam and in that of *ragi* in Trichinopoly. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair though more rain is urgently wanted in Vizagapatam, the Deccan, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad and Malabar. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	13,018	3,097	16,115	16,973	3,772	20,745	+ 4,630

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 16th November 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 11th November 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	7	6
		Ahmedabad District	4	1
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Rawa Kantha Agency	7	2
		Kaira District	7	3
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	3	2
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	10	8
		Mahi Kantha Agency	6	6
		Bhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan Port	1 (a)	...
		Thana Port . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Thana District	4	3
		Satara District	212	131
		East Khandesh District	53	27
		West Khandesh District	12	10
		Poona City	46	38
		Poona District	84	48
		Nasik District	240	177
		Ahmednagar District	139	87
	Southern	Sholapur District	172	118
		Sholapur Town	3	3
		Panvel Port	5	4
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	4	1
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Bolgaum District	847	525
		Hubli Town	49	47
		Dharwar District	1,854	1,297
		Kanara District	25	13
		Bijapur District	1,352	1,062
		Bijapur Agency	6	8
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

(a) Imported.

NOTE.—In the return for the week ending 4th November read 9 instead of 8 deaths against the Bijapur Agency.

Presidency or Provinces.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	5	5
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	37	20
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	457	314
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	29	17
		Satara Agency	67	47
		Savanur State	53	41
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	28	26
		TOTAL	5,828	4,107
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	10 (r)	7 (b)
		North Arcot District	3	0
		South Arcot District	2 (a)	2 (a)
		Bellary Town	8 (a)	6 (a)
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	686 (u)	560 (f)
		Mangalore Town and Port	1	0
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	45	30
		Coimbatore District	25 (e)	17 (d)
		Cuddapah District . . . . .	...	...
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		Malabar District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris District	6 (b)	5 (a)
		Salem District	30	16
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		Sandur State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	796	643

(a) One imported.
(e) Five imported.(b) Two imported.
(f) Six imported.(c) Three imported.
(g) Nine imported.

(d) Four imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Presidency	Calcutta	6	6
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	28	22
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga District	1	1
		Saran District	63	55
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	1	1
		Monghyr District	40	30
		Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District	7	7
	TOTAL		148	122
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	35	22
		Saharanpur District	15	13
		Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	4	4
		Etah District	7	5
	Rohilkhand	Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Bareilly District . . . . .	...	...
		Bijnor District	2	2

NOTE.—The number of cases and deaths in the Muzaffarpur district during the week ending 21st October 1911 were 3—3

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	9	9
		Fatehpur District	10	2
		Allahabad City	7	6
		Allahabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhansi City	13	5
	Benares	Benares City	2	2
		Benares District	31	27
		Ballia District	138	138
		Ghazipur District	33	25
		Jaunpur District	6	6
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	83	58
		Basti District	5	4
		Gorakhpur District	62	26
	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District	15	15
		Unao District	25	22
		Rae Bareilly District	31	16
		Sitapur District	56	37
		Hardoi District	1	1
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	26	26
		Bahraich District	30	20
		Sultampur District	1	1
		Partabgarh District	11	10
		Gonda District . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	658	508
PUNJAB	Delhi	Gurgaon District	16	16
		Jullundur District	1	1
	Jullundur	Ludhiana District . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Provinces.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
PUNJAB	Lahore	Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District	6	4	
		Gurdaspur District	3	2	
		Sialkot District	1	1	
	Rawal- pindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	79	55	
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL			106	79
	BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	8	8
			Hanthawaddy District
			Pegu District
			Tharrawaddy District	2	2
Prome District . . . . .			...	...
Irrawaddy		Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya District . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin District . . . . .	...	...
		Pyapon District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District . . . . .	...	...
Toung- serim		Toungoo District	2	2	
		Thaton District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
Magwe		Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
Mandalay		Mandalay Town	1	...	
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
		Myitkyina District . . . . .	...	...
Sagaing		Shwebo District . . . . .	...	...
Meiktila		Yamothin District	2	2	
Chittagong		Nonkhali District . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL			15	11	
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Bajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	1	1
		Nagpur District	58	38
		Balaghat District	1	1
		Balaghat Town	1	...
		Wardha District	21	14
		Bhandara District	54	33
		Chanda District . . . . .	...	5
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	20	17
		Saugor Town	1	...
		Damoh District	8	6
		Mandla Town	10	6
	Nerbudda	Mandla District	118	69
		Nimar District	16	15
		Narsingpur Town	8	6
		Narsingpur District	100	69
		Chhindwara Town	11	13
	Berar	Chhindwara District	35	20
		Akola District	17	10
		Buldana District	1	2
		Amraoti District	73	64
		Yotmal District	1	...
		Nandgaon State	29	19
		TOTAL	587	407
COORG	...	Coorg	5	2
		TOTAL	5	2
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	46	31
		Bangalore City	10	9
		Bangalore District	88	89
		Mysore City	35	20
		Mysore District	31	23
		Hasan District	87	48
		Kadur District	40	32
		Kolar District	70	59
		Kolar Gold Fields	9	5
		Tumkur District	88	61
		Shimoga District	85	27
		Chitaldroog District	58	47
		TOTAL	606	460

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 18, 1911. 1873

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	29	27
		Balehur District	153	134
		Aurangabad District	4	2
		Nizamabad District.	1	1
		Gulbarga District . . . . .	...	...
		Bidar District . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani District	26	22
		Atrafbalda District. . . . .	...	...
		Nander District	1	1
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	494	452
		Bir District	22	19
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Medak District	25	25
		TOTAL .	755 (a)	683 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	84	61
		Indore Residency	16	15
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Rutlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	19	14
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch) . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch) . . . . .	...	4
		Neemuch Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State	8	3
		Bagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	117	90
		Sehore Agency Limits . . . . .	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment.	6	5
		Bhopal State	398	329
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa State	11	14
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitamar State . . . . .	...	...
		Sobawal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	659 (b)	595 (b)

(a) From 30th October to 5th November 1911.

(b) Figures for the week ending 4th November 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	15	15
		Mewar State . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	1 (a)	...
		Jaipur . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	35	28
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abn Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer Town	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
KASHMIR	...	TOTAL	52 (h)	39 (h)
		Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
BALU- CHISTAN	...	TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	10,213	7,659

(a) Imported. (b) Figures for the week ending 10th November 1911.

H. SHARP,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

Nos. 1810-1816.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 15th November 1911.

RESOLUTION.

THE undermentioned gentlemen have recently been appointed in England to the Indian Civil Service (Bengal Presidency) in the order specified below :—

Thomas Berridge Horwood	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
● Roger Gordon McDowall	...	...	Burma.
Cyril Walter Gurner	...	...	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
Thomas Clough	...	...	Bengal. ●
Herbert Ellis Horsfield	...	...	Bengal.
Herbert Patrick Victor Townend	...	...	Bengal.
Kenneth Samuel Fitze	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Henry Montague Prichard	...	...	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
Theodore Bendysh Watson Bishop	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Charles Francis Waterfall	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Edmund Richard John Ratcliffe Cousias	...	...	Bengal.
Maurice Thorp	...	...	Bengal.
William Vivian Hoey	...	...	Burma.
Christopher Gimson	...	...	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
Archibald Corrie Macnabb	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Charles Lindsay Wallace	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Tom Lister	...	...	Burma.

Martin Cameron Comrie	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
William Johnston	...	...	Bengal.
Henry George Blomfield	...	...	Bengal.
Leslie Stuart White	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Francis William Scott	...	...	Burma.
Allan Macleod	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Eric Cecil Ansorge	...	...	Bengal.
William Arthur Cunningham Lothian	...	...	Bengal.
Herbert Minson	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
James Alexander Ross	...	...	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
Francis Cyril Barclay	...	...	Burma.
Graham Linsell Vivian	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Louis Reginald Fawcus	...	...	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
Alexander Edward Hilton Killick	...	...	Burma.
Norman George Armstrong Edgley	...	...	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
Francis Falconer Madan	...	..	Bengal.
Reginald Charles Richardson	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Theodore John Chichester Acton	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Robert Harold Crump	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Robert Langdon Yorke	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Waris Ameer-Ali	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
George Cunningham	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Arthur Abbey Patterson	...	...	Bengal.
Arthur Lascelles Hoyle	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Charles Vane Salisbury	...	..	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Donald Stuart Fraser	...	..	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
John Langshaw Merriman	...	...	Bengal.
George Balfour Wilson	...	...	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.

2. The Governor General in Council has been pleased to attach the above-mentioned gentlemen to the Provinces shown below against their names :—

Mr. T. Clough	Bengal.
„ H. E. Horsfield	...	...
„ H. P. V. Townend	...	...
„ E. R. J. R. Cousins	...	...
„ M. Thorp	...	...
„ W. Johnston	...	...
„ H. G. Blomfield	...	...
„ E. C. Ansorge	...	...
„ W. A. C. Lothian	...	...
„ F. F. Madan	...	...
„ A. A. Patterson	...	...
„ J. L. Merriman	
Mr. C. W. Gurner	Eastern Bengal and Assam.
„ H. M. Prichard	...	...
„ C. Gimson	...	...
„ J. A. Ross	...	...
„ L. R. Fawcus	...	...
„ N. G. A. Edgley	...	...
„ D. S. Fraser	
Mr. T. B. Horwood	United Provinces.
„ T. B. W. Bishop	...	...
„ C. L. Wallace	...	...
„ L. S. White	...	...
„ H. Minson	...	...
„ G. L. Vivian	...	...
„ T. J. C. Acton	...	...
„ R. L. Yorke	...	...
„ W. Ameer-Ali	
Mr. A. C. Macnabb	Punjab.
„ R. H. Crump	...	...
„ G. Cunningham	...	...
„ C. V. Salusbury	...	...
„ G. B. Wilson	

Mr. K. S. Fitze	} Central Provinces.
„ C. F. Waterfall	...	...	...
„ M. C. Comrie	...	...	...
„ A. Macleod	...	...	...
„ R. C. Richardson	...	...	...
„ A. L. Hoyle	...	...	...
Mr. R. G. McDowall	} Burma.
„ W. V. Hoey	...	...	...
„ T. Lister	...	...	...
„ F. W. Scott	...	...	...
„ F. C. Barclay	...	...	...
„ A. E. H. Killick	...	...	...

3. The Governor General in Council is further pleased to direct that the gentlemen posted to Bengal shall, on arrival at Calcutta, report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal. The officers posted to Eastern Bengal and Assam should telegraph from Calcutta to the Chief Secretary to the Government of that province at Ramna (Dacca) for orders as to their destination, in the event of their not finding instructions awaiting their arrival. Gentlemen who land at Bombay should inquire of the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay whether any orders are awaiting them from the Government of the province to which they have been posted. The officers posted to Burma should proceed to Rangoon and report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of that province.

4. The officers posted to the United Provinces should report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces, Allahabad. Those posted to the Punjab should telegraph from Bombay to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, Lahore, for orders as to their destination, in the event of their not finding instructions awaiting their arrival. The officers posted to the Central Provinces should report by telegraph from Bombay their arrival to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of those provinces at Nagpur, by whom they will be instructed to which portion of the province to proceed.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam, the United Provinces, the Punjab and Burma, and to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, for information and guidance. Also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, and that a copy be forwarded to each of the gentlemen named therein.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2128-G.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 4th November 1911.

RESOLUTION.

In May 1911, the Government of India informed His Majesty's Secretary of State that they were willing that the adherence of India to the Convention framed at the International Motor Vehicle Conference at Paris in 1903, and ratified by His Majesty's Government in March 1910, should be notified subject to the following reservation :—

"That the International Convention with respect to travel by motor vehicles will be applicable to India, excluding the territories of any native Prince or Chief in India under the suzerainty of the British Government."

2. Intimation has now been received that His Majesty's Ambassador at Paris notified to the Government of the French Republic on the 15th July 1911 the accession of India to the International Convention respecting facilities for motor vehicles, subject to the reservation mentioned above.

ORDER.—Ordered that the resolution, with a translation of the International Convention respecting facilities for motor vehicles signed at Paris on 11th October 1909, be published for general information in the "Supplement to the Gazette of India".

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Govt. of India.

INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION WITH RESPECT TO TRAVEL BY MOTOR VEHICLES.

The undersigned, being Plenipotentiaries of the Governments enumerated below, have met at Paris from the 5th to the 11th of October, 1909, with a view to facilitating international travel by motor vehicles as much as possible and have drawn up the following convention.

ARTICLE THE 1ST.

Conditions to be fulfilled by motor vehicles before they may be granted permission to use the Public Highway.

Every motor vehicle, to be granted an international permit to use the public highway, must either have been passed as suitable for use on the road after examination by competent authority or by a body authorized thereby, or be of a type approved in the same way.

The examination should be conducted with special reference to the following points :—

1. The engines should be reliable in working and so constructed as to render the risk of fire or explosion, as far as possible, *nil*; not to frighten riding or draught animals by their noise, to cause no danger to other traffic, and to cause no serious discomfort to passers-by by their exhaust gases or steam.

2. The motor vehicle should be provided with the following apparatus :—

(a) Strong steering gear, which permits of turns being made quickly and accurately.

(b) Two sets of brakes working independently of each other, and sufficiently effective. At least one of these should be applicable instantaneously, and should act directly on the wheels, or on drums in immediate connection with them.

(c) Mechanism which will prevent any backward movement, even on steep slopes, should one of the sets of brakes not fulfil this condition.

Every motor vehicle weighing more than 6·9 cwt. should be furnished with mechanism enabling the driver to back his car by the engine from the driver's seat.

3. The different parts of the controlling gear should be so arranged that the driver can manipulate them accurately without taking his eyes off the road.

4. All motor vehicles should have plates showing the firm which built the chassis, and the manufacturers' number of the chassis, the horse-power of the motor or the number and bore of the cylinders, and the weight of the car empty.

ARTICLE THE 2ND.

Conditions to be fulfilled by drivers of motor vehicles.

The driver of a motor vehicle should have qualifications which give a sufficient guarantee for the safety of the public.

As far as international travel is concerned, no person may drive a motor vehicle who has not been issued with a permit to that effect by a competent authority or by a body authorized thereby, after having proved his fitness for the same.

No permit may be granted to a person of less than 18 years of age.

ARTICLE THE 3RD.

In order to ensure for the purposes of international travel that the conditions laid down in Articles 1 and 2 have been fulfilled, international road travel certificates will be issued in accordance with the form and the instructions annexed. (Appendices A and B.)

Certificates will be valid for one year from the date of issue. The manuscript remarks contained in them will always be written in Roman or running English hand.

International road travel certificates issued by the authorities of one of the contracting states or by a body authorized thereby with the countersign of the authority will give free permission to travel in the territory of all other contracting states, and will be recognized as valid without fresh examination.

Recognition of international road travel certificates may be withheld:

1. If it is evident that the conditions on which they have been issued in accordance with the principles laid down in Articles 1 and 2 have not been fulfilled.
2. If the owner or driver of the car is of a nationality other than that of any of the contracting states.

ARTICLE THE 4TH.

Arrangement of registered numbers on motor vehicles.

No motor vehicle will be allowed to pass from one country to another unless it has a distinguishing plate fixed to it behind, with letters showing its nationality, in addition to a number-plate as used in its own country.

The dimensions of this plate, and the letters and their dimensions, are laid down in a table annexed to this convention (Appendix C).

ARTICLE THE 5TH.

Warning apparatus.

Every motor vehicle must be provided with a deep-toned horn for sounding a warning. Outside thickly populated districts other warning apparatus, which conforms to the regulations and customs of the country, may be used as well.

Every motor vehicle must be provided, after dusk, with two lamps in front, and a light behind, the latter should make the signs on the plates legible. The road should be lighted up for a sufficient distance in front, but the use of dazzling lights is forbidden in urban districts.

ARTICLE THE 6TH.

Special provisions applicable to motor cycles.

The conditions of this convention are applicable to motor tricycles and motor bicycles with the following modifications:—

- (1) Neither mechanism for preventing running backwards [see Article 1, paragraph 2 (c)], nor reversing gear are required.
- (2) The lighting may be reduced to one lamp, placed in front of the motor cycle.
- (3) As far as applies to motor cycles, the distinguishing plate showing their country will only measure 7.1 inches long by 4.73 inches high; the letters will be 3.15 inches high and .4 inch thick.
- (4) The horn of motor cycles will have a high pitched tone.

ARTICLE THE 7TH.

Vehicles crossing and passing.

When crossing or passing other vehicles, drivers of motor vehicles must conform strictly to the customs of the neighbourhood where they are.

ARTICLE THE 8TH.

The erection of indicating plates on the Public Highway.

Each contracting state engages to see to the utmost of its power that only the signs described in the table annexed to this convention (Appendix D) are erected to point out dangerous places.

This system is subject to modification by the Governments of contracting states if all agree thereto.

A sign warning drivers of the proximity of a custom-house and ordering them to stop, and also another sign for toll or octroi houses may be added to this system of signs.

Governments will also ensure that the following principles are observed:—

1. It is generally unnecessary to point out obstructions which are situated in thickly built districts, by means of plates.

2. Plates should be erected about 275 yards from the obstructions which they are meant to point out, unless the character of their surroundings render this impracticable. When the distance of a sign from its obstruction is considerably more or less than 275 yards, special arrangements will be made.

3. Indicating plates should be erected perpendicularly to the road.

ARTICLE THE 9TH.

General Provisions.

The driver of a motor vehicle travelling in any country is bound to conform to the laws and regulations, relating to the use of the Public Highway, in force in the said country.

An extract from these laws and regulations may be handed over to the motorist on entering the country, by the office where customs formalities take place.

ARTICLE THE 10TH.

(a) This convention will be ratified and ratifications will be deposited on March 1st, 1910.

(b) Ratifications will be deposited in the archives of the French Republic.

(c) That the ratifications have been deposited shall be proved by an official document signed by the representatives of the Powers taking part in the deposit and by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the French Republic.

(d) Powers who are unable to deposit their ratifications on March 1st, 1910, may do so by means of a written notification addressed to the Government of the French Republic, accompanied by the document of ratification.

(e) A certified copy of the official document relating to the first deposit of the ratifications, of the notifications mentioned in the preceding paragraph and of the documents of ratification which accompany them, will at once, under the orders of the French Government, be sent, through the diplomatic channel, to the Powers which have signed this convention. In cases provided for by the preceding paragraph, the said Government will inform them at the same time on what date it received the notification.

ARTICLE THE 11TH.

(a) This convention only applies to the home territories of the contracting states.

(b) If a contracting state wishes it brought into force in its colonies, possessions or protectorates, it will expressly declare its intention in the actual document of ratification, or in a special notification addressed in writing to the French Government, which notification shall be deposited in the archives of the French Government. If the notifying state adopts the latter procedure, the said Government shall at once forward to all the other contracting states a certified copy of the notification, pointing out the date on which it received the same.

ARTICLE THE 12TH.

(a) Powers not signatory to this convention may abide by it.

(b) The Power wishing to abide thereby will notify its intention in writing to the French Government, forwarding to it the act of adherence, which will be deposited in the archives of the said Government.

(c) This Government will at once forward to all the other contracting Powers a certified copy of the notification and of the act of adherence, pointing out the date on which it received the notification.

ARTICLE THE 13TH.

This convention shall take effect, as far as concerns the Powers which take part in the first deposit of ratifications, from the 1st of May 1910, and as regards Powers which ratify it later or which abide thereby, and also as regards colonies, possessions or protectorates not mentioned in the documents of ratification, from the 1st of May following the year in which the notifications mentioned in article the 10th, paragraph (d); article the 11th, paragraph (b); and article the 12th, paragraph (b), are received by the French Government.

ARTICLE THE 14TH.

If one of the contracting Powers wishes to cease to adhere to this convention, it shall notify the fact in writing to the French Government which shall immediately forward a certified copy of the notification to all the other Powers, informing them of the date on which it was received. Non-adherence to the convention will only take effect as regards the Power which gave notice thereof, and one year after the notification reaches the Government of France.

ARTICLE THE 15TH.

States represented at the said conference may sign this convention up till the 15th of November 1909.

Given at Paris, on the eleventh day of the month of October, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine, in a single document, of which a certified copy will be made over to each of the signatory Governments.

For Great Britain :

FRANCIS BERTIE.

For Germany :

LANCKEN.

DAMMANN.

ECKARDT.

For Austria and Hungary :

R. KHEVENHULLER,

Ambassador of Austria Hungary.

For Belgium :

LAGASSE DE LOCHT.

For Bulgaria :

M. DE LA FARGUE.

For Spain :

F. DE ALBACETE.

NORBERTO GONZALEZ AURIOL.

For France :

FERNAND GAVARRY.

WORMS DE ROMILLY.

M. DELANNEY.

WALCKENAER.

HENNEQUIN.

MAHIEN.

DE DION.

H. DEFERT.

For Greece :

N. P. DELYANNI.

For Italy :

ALOYSI.

POMPEO BODRERO.

RUINI.

For Monaco :

E. GUGLIEMINETTI.

For Montenegro :

BRUNET.

For the Netherlands :

D. VAN ASBECK.

For Portugal :

JOAO VERISSIMO MENDES GUERREIRO.

For Roumania :

C. M. MITLINEU.

For Russia :

A. NELIDOW.

For Servia :

MIL. R. VESNITCH.

Appendix A.

TRAVEL BY MOTOR CAR.

INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF 1909.

International Certificate for temporary foreign travel.

This pass is valid in all contracting states* for one year only from the date of issue.
Issue of pass.

Place
Date



Signature of authority, or Signature of body authorized by authority
with countersign of the latter.

* These States are as follows:

.....
.....

French Republic.

Particulars regarding the vehicle.

Owner of vehicle { Surname
Christian name
Address
Description of vehicle (car, tricycle, etc.)
Name of maker
Particulars of model of chassis
Serial number of model, or maker's number, of chassis
Motor { Number of cylinders
Horse-power of motor, or bore of cylinders
Body { Shape
Colour
Total number of seats
Weight of vehicle empty (in kilogrammes)
Registration number on identity plates

Particulars regarding the driver or drivers.

Surname
Christian name
Where born
Date of birth
Address
Surname
Christian name
Where born
Date of birth
Address

Kingdom of

Particulars regarding the vehicle.



Owner of Vehicle { Surname
Christian name
Address

Description of vehicle (car, tricycle, etc.)
 Name of maker
 Particulars of model of chassis
 Serial number of model, or maker's number, of chassis
 Motor { Number of cylinders
 { Horse-power of motor, or bore of cylinders
 { Shape
 Body { Colour
 { Total number of seats
 Weight of vehicle empty (in kilogrammes)
 Registration number on identity plates

Particulars regarding the driver or drivers.

Surname
 Christian name
 Where born
 Date of birth
 Address
 Surname
 Christian name
 Where born
 Date of birth
 Address

Kingdom of.......**

<p style="text-align: center;">Visa on entering**</p> <p>Place _____</p> <p>Date _____</p> <p>_____ of customs.</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	<p style="text-align: center;">Visa on leaving**</p> <p>Place _____</p> <p>Date _____</p> <p>_____ of customs.</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>
---	--

Debarment of a driver.

Mr.
 (Christian and surnames)
 Authorised above by the authority of
 (name of country) is debarred from
 the privilege of driving a motor
 vehicle in the territory of** in con-
 sequence of



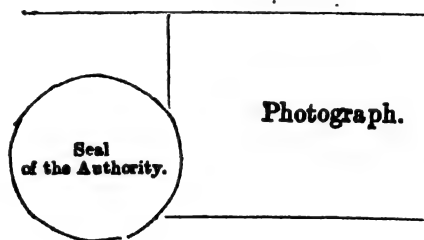
At..... on

 (Signature).

License for a fresh driver.

At on.....

 (Signature).



Surname
 Christian name.....
 Where born
 Date of birth
 Address

Appendix B.

In the international road travel certificate, as issued in different contracting states, the cover and the first and last pages are printed in the language prescribed by the Government of the state in question. The other pages, of which there are as many as there are other contracting states, are printed in the language of the corresponding country.

The authorized translation of the wording of the pass in the different languages will be communicated to the Government of the French Republic by the other Governments, each as far as concerns itself.

Appendix C.

The distinctive mark of the country of origin consists of an oval plate, 11·82 inches in length and 7·1 inches in height, with one or two letters painted black on a white background. The letters

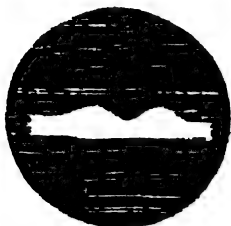
are Roman capitals. They are at least 3·94 inches in height, and ·59 inch thick. The distinctive letters for different countries are as follows:—

Germany	--	D.	Italy	--	I.
Austria	--	A.	Montenegro	--	M. N.
Belgium	--	B.	*Netherlands	--	N. L.
Spain	--	E.	Portugal	--	P.
U. S. A.	--	U. S.	Russia	--	R.
France	--	F.	Roumania	--	R. M.
Great Britain	--	G. B.	Servia	--	S. B.
Greece	--	G. R.	Sweden	--	S.
Hungary	--	H.	Switzerland	--	C. H.

* Monaco, MC.

Appendix D.

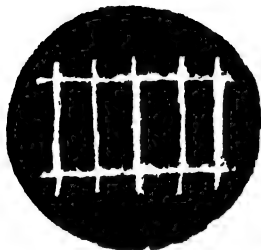
Signs denoting obstructions.



ROAD UP



TURNING



LEVEL CROSSING



CROSS ROADS

No. 8515-8563-9.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

STORES.

Simla, the 16th November, 1911.

R E S O L U T I O N.

With the approval of the Secretary of State for India the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following clause shall be added to Rule 7 of the revised rules for the supply of articles for the public service, published with the Resolution in this Department No. 4941-4988-102, dated the 14th July 1909 :—

“ Articles required by Superintendents of Vaccine Depôts for the preparation of vaccine lymph ”.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be communicated to all Departments of the Government of India, to all Local Governments and Administrations, to all Accountants General and Comptrollers (including the Comptroller and Auditor General), to all Heads of Departments subordinate to this Department, and to the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Ordered, also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*, for general information.

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)**

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N. B.—As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.			
			Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
	During 2nd half of 1910.	During official year 1910-11.	1910.	1911.	4th November 1910.	4th November 1911.	1910.	1911.	4th November 1910.	4th November 1911.			4th November 1910.	4th November 1911.		
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	222	251	2,367	2,494	4,48,712	7,06,000	190	283	88,94,710	95,49,000	7,54,281	...	1,68,95,258	1,84,42,000	15,46,742	...
Beawada Extension	261	314	21	21	3,391	5,900	161	281	89,926	1,19,000	29,074	...	1,84,546	2,09,000	24,454	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Virangam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 31" gauge)	820	910	504	504	3,89,150	4,09,000	772	811	64,41,433	65,50,000	4,17,567	...	1,31,95,043	1,39,76,000	7,79,957	...
Nagda-Mutta	118	116	339	339	49,283	42,000	145	124	5,49,751	7,64,000	2,14,249	...	9,15,866	16,24,000	7,08,194	...
Eastern Bengal State (incldg. 3' 31" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	410	367	1,501	1,507	6,84,229	7,74,000	456	514	1,06,51,749	1,24,47,000	17,95,251	...	1,64,60,631	1,85,45,000	20,84,369	...
East Indian	679	719	2,338	2,385	14,93,578	18,91,000	639	793	2,81,25,674	3,24,00,000	21,14,326	...	5,03,28,086	5,36,23,000	32,94,914	...
Great Indian Peninsula (incldg. Indian Midland)	479	380	2,464	2,473	10,41,005	12,49,000	422	505	1,71,42,417	1,87,51,000	16,08,583	...	3,45,68,843	3,78,19,000	32,50,157	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	268	276	126	126	41,728	50,100	331	398	5,61,898	9,87,000	1,25,102	...	10,62,537	12,15,000	1,52,463	...
Baran-Kotah	51	56	40	40	1,031	5,100	26	127	30,255	66,000	35,745	...	70,639	1,11,000	40,361	...
Bhopal-Itarsi	402	447	57	57	29,934	18,600	509	326	3,40,408	3,31,000	...	9,408	7,58,452	7,48,000	...	10,458
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 31" gauge lines)	209	231	2,585	2,585	4,23,375	4,88,000	164	189	92,27,205	1,03,87,000	11,59,795	...	1,81,48,215	1,95,98,000	14,49,785	...
North Western State (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)	386	382	3,718	3,835	12,87,979	15,00,000	346	391	2,54,75,841	2,64,09,000	9,33,159	...	4,26,19,831	4,68,44,000	42,24,169	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand State (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 31" link)	253	264	1,403	1,467	3,02,990	3,62,000	216	247	57,21,682	58,38,000	1,16,318	...	1,08,78,736	1,17,55,000	8,76,264	...
Hardwar-Dehra	224	237	32	32	6,476	7,000	202	219	1,22,962	1,42,000	19,038	...	2,37,578	2,76,000	38,422	...
Assam-Bengal	130	127	790	790	1,12,925	1,31,000	143	166	18,53,408	19,87,000	1,33,592	...	30,61,579	32,80,000	2,18,421	...
Burma	309	252	1,527	1,529	3,27,278	3,61,000	214	236	54,44,776	57,75,000	3,30,224	...	1,07,91,216	1,12,39,000	4,47,784	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	139	144	124	124	17,462	21,400	141	173	2,88,124	3,69,000	80,876	...	5,12,919	6,97,000	1,84,081	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	144	154	215	234	22,351	25,500	104	111	5,42,637	5,38,000	...	4,637	10,09,066	11,59,000	59,934	...
Mysore (incldg. Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	121	134	411	411	42,894	44,700	104	109	8,79,977	9,40,000	60,023	...	17,46,597	17,69,000	22,493	...
Palanpur-Deesa	60	66	17	17	1,046	600	62	35	17,933	13,800	...	4,138	35,932	27,900	...	8,032
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda, 5' 6" gauge)	275	291	1,914	1,912	4,53,499	5,03,000	237	263	28,82,740	38,28,000	5,45,260	...	1,58,67,676	1,66,69,000	8,01,324	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	309	318	1,396	1,396	3,36,046	4,37,000	241	313	75,31,862	84,81,000	9,49,138	...	1,33,79,238	1,50,00,000	16,20,762	...
Travancore Branch	126	125	108	108	10,335	13,500	96	125	2,47,899	2,73,000	25,101	...	4,27,006	4,61,000	33,994	...
Tirhoot	175	207	776	776	1,16,973	1,75,000	150	225	21,05,906	25,06,000	4,00,094	...	46,94,714	51,14,000	4,19,286	...
Jorhat (Provincial) State	62	62	30	30	1,182	1,600	39	53	35,065	38,900	3,835	...	60,466	68,000	7,544	...
TOTAL																
All other Railways.																
Amritsar-Patti-Kapur	163	141	56	56	14,645	9,000	262	161	1,62,152	1,78,000	15,848	...	3,44,803	3,08,000	63,197	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	126	151	114	114	13,905	17,700	115	155	2,27,440	2,59,000	31,560	...	5,16,241	5,37,000	20,759	...
Bina-Goonn-Beran	37	45	148	148	4,471	8,100	30	55	87,928	1,16,000	28,072	...	1,85,134	2,32,000	46,866	...
Delhi-Umbala-Kalka	311	296	162	162	72,737	68,000	449	359	8,52,818	10,81,000	2,28,182	...	14,98,586	18,26,000	3,27,414	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section).	110	105	16	16	2,354	2,000	147	125	31,502	31,400	...	102	5,69,13	52,200	...	2,713
Khanpur-Chachran (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	105	201	79	79	11,578	11,000	147	139	2,84,148	2,17,000	...	7,148	5,75,888	4,00,000	...	1,75,888
Nagda-Ujjain	125	151	34	34	3,478	2,700	102	79	69,040	68,700	...	340	1,42,169	1,42,000	...	169
Nizam's Guaranteed State	289	316	334	334	1,08,889	94,300	326	282	14,06,168	16,12,000	1,35,838	...	28,81,094	30,71,000	1,89,906	...
Patiala-Camber	133	157	34	34	3,425	4,300	101	126	72,838	83,100	10,262	...	1,57,296	1,75,000	17,774	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	234	243	107	108	22,641	22,000	212	204	4,01,538	4,61,000	59,492	...	7,55,641	9,12,000	1,56,359	...
Southern Punjab	179	195	424	425	64,724	1,10,000	153	200	12,71,912	17,03,000	4,31,088	...	24,98,882	30,78,000	5,79,118	...
"Ludhiana" extension	127	125	152	155	10,164	20,000	106	129	3,50,421	3,94,000	43,579	...	6,10,981	6,93,000	82,019	...
Sutlej Valley	55	57	209	209	9,009	9,000	47	43	1,81,715	2,01,000	19,285	...	(b) 1,81,715	2,97,000	1,15,285	...
Tapti Valley	124	146	155	155	17,144	15,800	110	102	2,34,508	2,71,000	38,392	...	4,87,597	5,18,000	1,30,413	...
Tarapur	299	334	22	22	8,133	8,000	371	364	1,18,092	1,13,000	...	5,092	2,29,644	2,21,000	...	8,644
Ahmedabad-Dholka	68	74	34	34	2,140	1,800	63	53	38,735	34,700	...	4,035	78,975	75,700	...	3,275
Ahmedabad-Paranthi (c)	101	113	55	55	4,645	4,800	84	54	92,316	1,06,000	13,684	...	1,89,015	2,13,000	23,985	...
Bengal and North-Western	124	150	1,119	1,177	1,16,365	1,86,000	104	158	22,18,872	28,50,000	6,31,128	...	48,53,267	57,49,000	8,95,733	...
Bengal Doons	159	143	153	153	23,349	30,800	153	201	4,04,398	4,44,000	39,602	...	6,56,672	6,95,000	38,328	...
Beawada-Masulipatam	98	108	52	52	4,269	4,600	82	83	90,595	90,400	...	105	1,75,638	1,79,000	...	3,362
Bhavnagar (including Dharangadh)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gondal-Portandhar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jamnagar	118	133	459	54	47,334	4,000	103	74	8,81,954	69,400	1,13,446	...	17,86,748	...	1,86,258	...
Jatana-Rajkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jamnad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cooch Behar	125	132	33	33	5,107	4,400	155	133	68,188	90,000	21,812	...	1,18,048	1,39,000	20,952	...
Dibru-Sadiya	282	279	78	86	21,216	25,800	272	300	4,05,026	4,13,000	7,974	...	6,80,021	6,99,000	18,979	...
Gadkwar's Mahansa (including Vijapur-Kalol-Kadi)	75	88	179	179	9,637	15,100	54	84	2,16,261	2,25,000	8,739	...	4,46,835	4,47,000	165	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	138	171	392	392	48,683	61,600	124	157	8,17,993	8,58,000	40,907	...	18,57,862	17,95,000	...	62,862
Jaipur	55	60	73	73	2,837	2,000	40	27	70,635	59,100	...	11,535	1,25,167	1,32,000	3,833	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	82	90	83	910	63,113	78,200	76	86	11,63,247	14,47,000	2,83,753	...	22,39,753	27,68,000	5,28,247	...
Kolhapur	138	171	29	29	2,459	3,700	86	128	67,915	73,700	5,285	...	1,41,024	1,48,000	6,976	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhdo	44	47	50	50	2,600	1,700	52	34	32,2							

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 23rd October 1911.

From the 2nd December next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 25th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.

Rates of subscription.		Per annum.		
		R	a.	p.
Subscription for <i>Gazette</i> and Supplement		15	0	0
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Rules and Notifications issued under Legislative Acts, and having the force of law, may be obtained separately at, per page, 2 pice.				

By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

No. B. R. C. - 881.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first six months of 1911-1912 as compared with the corresponding period of 1910-1911.

[illegible]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 23rd November 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2093-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 20th November 1911 :—

- No. 628 of 1911.—Herbert Alfred Humphrey, consulting engineer, of 38 Victoria street, Westminster, in the county of London, England. *Improvements in methods of compressing gases and utilising the expansive force thereof.*
- No. 629 of 1911.—Frederick Marten Hale, engineer, of Hillsborough, 28 Woolstone road, Catford, in the county of London, England. *Improvements in and pertaining to projectiles.*
- No. 630 of 1911.—Ronald Edward Bury, assistant superintendent of the Carriage and Wagon Department of the East Indian Railway, in Howrah, in the District of Hoogly. *Improvements in locking and security devices for railway wagon doors.*
- No. 631 of 1911.—Mir Naẓir Ahmad Bukhari, naib tahsildar, Kamoke, Gujranwala Settlement, Punjab. *A machine to irrigate land.*
- No. 632 of 1911.—William Beedle, engineer, of Frances Villa, Leadesden road, Watford, Herts, England. Frederick Chopping, merchant, of 220 St. Albans road, Watford, Herts, England, and John Gibbon How, gentleman, of Kensworth, Bois, Common, Chesham, Bucks, England. *Improvements in and relating to taps, cocks and the like.*
- No. 633 of 1911.—Walter John Brewin, assistant engineer, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Co., Ltd., Arsikere. *Applying the vacuum or compressed air brakes of a train when in motion through the medium of the foot boards attached to passenger train vehicles.*
- No. 634 of 1911.—Siemens Brothers Dynamo Works Limited, electrical engineers, of Caxton House, Totill street, Westminster, in the county of London, England. *Improvements in liquid piston explosion engines for raising liquid and like purposes.*
- No. 635 of 1911.—Badische Anilin and Soda Fabrik, of Ludwigshafen-on-Rhine, in the German Empire. *Improvements in the manufacture of ammonia.*
- No. 636 of 1911.—Hermann Joachim, retired major and publisher, of 44 Rue de Bac, Paris, in the French Republic. *Improvements in gas kindling devices.*
- No. 637 of 1911.—Stanley Wolcott Hayes, manufacturer, residing at Richmond, state of Indiana, United States of America. *Improvements in derails.*
- No. 638 of 1911.—Robert Maximilian Hahn, merchant, of 134 London Wall, in the city of London, England. *Improvements in and relating to fastening devices for corsets and other like garments.*
- No. 639 of 1911.—Josef Weiser, director of the Petroleum Refinery, of Mährisch Schonberg (Moravia, Empire of Austria). *Improved method for carrying into practice the coking process in the petroleum industry.*
- No. 640 of 1911.—Erik Wilhelm Enequist, chemist, residing at 752 Gates Avenue, Borough of Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and state of New York, United States of America. *Oils and pigments.*

No. 2094-P.—The undermentioned designs have been registered, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Burma. These and other designs are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1 Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying:—

No. 71-D of 1911.—Maung Khine, senior partner of Maung Khine and Maung Sine Co., Burmese and Chinese slipper makers, of No. 52 of 46th Street, Rangoon. *A design for Burmese slippers ornamented with diamonds.*

No. 72-D of 1911.—Maung Khine, senior partner of Maung Khine and Maung Sine Co., Burmese and Chinese slipper makers, of No. 52 of 46th Street, Rangoon. *A design for Chinese slippers ornamented with diamonds.*

No. 2095-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying:—

No. 202 of 1911.—Archibald Thorpe Crosher, electrical engineer, of Te Aroha, in the Provincial district of Auckland, in the dominion of New Zealand. *Improved method of connecting electric wires to lamp holders and the like.* (Specification filed 10 November 1911.)

No. 341 of 1911.—John Peter Gregory, accountant, residing at No. E-1, Shan road, Rangoon, Burma. *An automatic self-locking lock for railway carriage windows and doors, doors and windows of any vehicle and doors and windows of any description including shutters and trap-doors.* (Specification filed 9 October 1911.)

No. 521 of 1911.—William Climie, engineer, of 3 Mount Pleasant, Bo'ness, Linlithgowshire, Scotland. *Improvements in and relating to gas producers.* (Specification filed 6 November 1911.)

No. 523 of 1911.—Arnold Iinyi, engineer, of No. 2-4 Kleine Reichenstraess Hamburg, Germany. *Improvements in heating devices for liquid fuel.* (Specification filed 7 November 1911.)

No. 526 of 1911.—Ernest Harry Archer, merchant, of 20 Eastcheap, in the city of London, England. *Improvements in silver cans and the like.* (Specification filed 7 November 1911.)

No. 2096-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each:—

No. 177 of 1902.—L. Mond. *Improvements in producing explodible gases from coal and other fuel in gas producers for use in gas engines.* (From 10 December 1911 to 10 December 1912.)

No. 176 of 1904.—J. M. Goodwin. *Dumping contrivances.* (From 22 November 1911 to 22 November 1912.)

No. 540 of 1904.—Window Glass Machine Coy. *Improvements in the manufacture of sheet glass and apparatus therefor.* (From 8 February 1912 to 8 February 1913.)

No. 188 of 1905.—A. B. Duggan. *Automatic force lubricator for lubricating journals of carriage and wagon wheels for locomotives.* (From 1 August 1911 to 1 August 1912.)

No. 385 of 1905.—W. Tice. *Improvements in oriental latrine seats for the use of the natives of India.* (From 8 November 1911 to 8 November 1912.)

No. 482 of 1905.—Erste Triester Reisschal Fabriks Actien Gessellschaft. *Improvements in the manufacture of sizing or finishing media.* (From 8 December 1911 to 8 December 1912.)

- No. 505 of 1905.—W. S. Lemon. *Electric light buoy*. (From 14 June 1912 to 14 June 1913.)
- No. 270 of 1907.—J. Little. *Improved air and water cooling apparatus*. (From 18 December 1911 to 18 December 1912.)
- No. 286 of 1907.—T. C. Durham. *Improvement in razors*. (From 20 December 1911 to 20 December 1912.)
- No. 290 of 1907.—D. Sandmann. *Improvements in process for manufacturing India rubber, ballata and the like*. (From 21 December 1911 to 21 December 1912.)
- No. 375 of 1907.—S. S. Lawrence. *Improvements in dust and glare protectors*. (From 19 December 1911 to 19 December 1912.)
- No. 563 of 1907.—Empire Oil Engine Syndicate Ltd. and C. H. Alston. *Improvements in or connected with internal combustion engines*. (From 26 March 1912 to 26 March 1913.)

No. 2097-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act, the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

- No. 116 of 1907.—C. C. W. Simpson. *Improvements in railway wagon and other brake apparatus*. (Specification filed 14 August 1907.)
- No. 257 of 1907.—R. E. Davis. *Improved method of and means for locking nuts to bolts or studs*. (Specification filed 17 August 1907.)
- No. 278 of 1907.—J. B. Wright and F. O. Lawson. *Improvements in mechanism for automatically operating air brakes*. (Specification filed 15 August 1907.)
- No. 294 of 1907.—F. G. Richards. *Improvements in or relating to ventilators for railway and tramway vehicles*. (Specification filed 12 August 1907.)
- No. 315 of 1907.—W. J. Gell and J. F. Boham. *Improvements in closing umbrellas and parasols*. (Specification filed 14 August 1907.)
- No. 320 of 1907.—H. C. Albrecht. *Improvements in method of producing incandescent mantles*. (Specification filed 12 August 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of Rs 50 for each of the above inventions.

- No. 254 of 1906.—A. Gardiner. *An improved system of electric signalling for railway working*. (Specification filed 15 August 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (b) After the expiration of the fourth year and before the expiration of the fifth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of Rs 50 for the above invention.

- No. 560 of 1903.—M. Cummins. *Improvements relating to brakes*. (Specification filed 16 August 1904.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (d) After the expiration of the sixth year and before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of Rs 50 for the above invention.

- No. 166 of 1903.—T. G. E. Lindmark. *Improvements in elastic fluid turbines*. (Specification filed 11 August 1903.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (e) After the expiration of the seventh year and before the expiration of the eighth year from that date—

The sum of ₹50 for the above invention.

No. 419 of 1901.—C. Rawson. *Improvements in the oxidising process of indigo manufacture.* (Specification filed 12 August 1902.)

No. 10 of 1902.—C. Eliet. *Improvements in the construction of floors, girders, joists, partitions and the like from trussed beton.* (Specification filed 16 August 1902.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (f) After the expiration of the eighth year and before the expiration of the ninth year from that date.

The sum of ₹100 for each of the above inventions.

No. 22 of 1901.—E. R. Hill. *Improvements in controlling mechanism specially applicable for use with pumps.* (Specification filed 17 August 1901.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (g) After the expiration of the ninth year and before the expiration of the tenth year from that date—

The sum of ₹100 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual. (Price ₹1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at —

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications on sale at the Patent Office :—*

	Price. Rs. a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each,
(g) Quarterly index, January to March, April to June and July to September 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price Rs 3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price Rs 3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bond fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	₹ 3-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	₹ 8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

- (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work
- (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Dhanbaid, 13th November 1911.

An examination for first and second class coal mine managers' certificates of competency under the rules applying to coal mines will be held at the office of the Mines Department at Dhanbaid on the 21st and 22nd February 1912.

Only persons who have had practical experience in coal mines are eligible to sit for the examination. Necessary instructions will be supplied to intending candidates on application to the undersigned and on their stating their experience.

Applications received after the 10th February 1912 will not be considered.

G. F. ADAMS,
Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE No. 49.

Sealed tenders for the supply of the following articles required from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913, will be received and opened by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at 12 noon on the dates and at places noted against each. Tenders presented elsewhere will be considered as liable to be informal :—

Articles.	Station where required.	Probable requirement.	Earnest money deposit.	DATE AND PLACE OF OPENING OF TENDERS.	
				Date.	Place.
		lbs.	Rs.		
Meat, fresh .	Quetta .	{ 1,200,000	3,220	13th December 1911.	Quetta.
		{ 211,000			
	Karachi .	{ 400,000	1,000	18th December 1911.	Karachi.
		{ 75,000			
	Hyderabad	{ 200,000	500	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
		{ 40,000			
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Karachi .	450,000	350	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Hyderabad	200,000	190	18th December 1911.	Ditto.

2. For forms of tender on payment of rupee one per set and other particulars please apply to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division, Quetta, or the Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA :
The 30th October 1911.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed tenders for the supply of miscellaneous stores, *i.e.*, Timber, Kerosine Oil, Tin Ingot and other stores, from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913, will be received by the Superintendent, Ammunition Factory, Dum-Dum, up to 4 P.M. of 24th November 1911 for consideration of the Director of Ordnance Factories who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

2. Forms of "Tender" and "Schedule" of the stores for the supply of which tenders are invited are obtainable on payment of ₹1 per set on application in writing, and samples and specifications of the article to be supplied can be inspected at the Factory, and all further information obtained any day (Sundays and holidays excepted) between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. by all who have purchased the forms.

3. Deposit of earnest money at 2 per cent. on the value of stores tendered for must accompany tenders.

M. WALKER, Lieut.-Colonel, R.A.,
Superintendent.

AMMUNITION FACTORY OFFICE ;
Dum-Dum, 16th November 1911.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 8TH TO 15TH NOVEMBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.															COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.				BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.							Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.			
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and un-current coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	TOTAL.							
Calcutta	15	...	15	3	96	11	31	2	137	...	...	...	
Bombay*	...	5	..	5	1	...	1	2	200	...	66	4	272	59	31	96	...			

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . 63

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ;
Calcutta, the 20th November 1911.

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 21st November 1911.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities . .	2,02,18,045	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,79,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	82,76,666	4	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	93,43,375	2	8	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,33,40,191	3	9
Public Deposits at Branches	1,12,90,819	13	2	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities . .	4,80,13,108	14	1
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,23,54,520	6	11	Bills discounted and purchased	3,77,16,664	3	0
Bank Post Bills, etc. . . .	10,69,352	14	1	Balances with other Banks . .	30,29,107	11	6
Sundries	17,74,989	10	3	Bullion	22,01,033	3	11
				Dead Stock	11,141	3	4
				Stamps	62,155	10	7
				Sundries			
					15,28,68,163	6	2
RUPES	23,37,33,057	15	1	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	3,38,94,266	12	9
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	4,69,70,627	12	2
					8,08,64,894	8	11
				RUPES	23,37,33,057	15	1

* Includes Sovs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Sovs, value Rs. 29,720 0 0

† Do. do do. Rs. 7,37,167 8 0

Rs. 11,66,887 8 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 23rd November 1911.H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 41.29.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in $\frac{3}{4}$ -grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

	POWDER.	
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.
	R a. p.	R a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents have been this day dismissed and that the orders of adjudication made therein against the said Insolvents have been annulled.

Number.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.
3—1910	Tyeb Cassum Cutchi . . .	Mahomedan . . .	No. 19, Naran Dhuru Street C	Lately dealer in old and new gold and silver embroidery sundries and now servant in the employ of Oosman Latiff Jariwala.	8th	January	1910
7—1910	Sebastian Francis Fernandes <i>alias</i> Francis Fernandes.	Portuguese . . .	No. 28, Mangalore Street, Fort	Clerk in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard	13th	"	"
11—1910	Ahmed Ismail Halai Memon . . .	Mahomedan . . .	Nos. 118—120, Kolsa Molla	Speculator in silver	18th	"	"
22—1910	Kastoorchand Mohanchand Sha . . .	Hindu . . .	Sootar Chawl in the house of Sakaram Mancharam.	Lately dealer in piece goods and now broker in jewellery.	24th	"	"
28—1910	Jean Nicholas Sutter . . .	European . . .	No. 20, Forbes Street, Fort	Watchmaker in the employ of Burma Watch Company.	31st	"	"
53—1910	Keshon Govind Bhowsar . . .	Hindu . . .	No. 25, Fort Marooti Lane	Carpenter in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard	11th	February	"
54—1910	Dewji Hirji Sha . . .	Do. . .	No. 56, Curry Road	Lately dealer in oil in partnership with Rowji Hirji and now servant in the employ of Nalji Hirji.	12th	"	"

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, FORT, BOMBAY :
This 15th day of November 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
467—1911	Chatanmul Thadamul Bajaj .	Hindu .	Barbhai Molla .	Lately commission agent in partnership with Rajumal Veramul and others in Bombay in the name of Rejumal Mohan-das and at Karachi and Shikarpore in the name of Rejumal Hiranand and now cloth broker.	31st	October	1911	1st	November	1911
466—1911	Ebrahim Hakimji Dawoodi Bora .	Mahomedan .	No. 115, Foolgully .	Carrying on business as dealer in old machinery.	"	"	"	"	"	"
469—1911	Albert Fetterle .	European .	Oak Lane .	Dealer in watches, etc. .	1st	November	"	"	"	"
468—1911	Musadilal Gulabrai Agarwala .	Hindu .	2, Kalbadevi (near Chowghur) .	Lately piece-goods merchant with Gulabchander Ghusal and now mehta in the service of Nursondas Jogdas.	"	"	"	3rd	"	"
470—1911	Sorabji Dhurjibhoy Auklesaria .	Parsee .	No. 19, Jeejeebhoy Dadabhoy Lane.	Parsee cook .	3rd	"	"	"	"	"
471—1911	Cursondas Ghella Thucker .	Hindu .	Lukhimdas Khimji's Market (Shop No. 83).	Lately dealer in tobacco and also speculator in rice and now mehta in the employ of Thucker Vurjiwandas Rowji.	"	"	"	"	"	"
472—1911	Enkoo Appaji Kunoor alias Muscadum.	" .	No. 205, Durga Devi Road .	Jobber in the Manekji Petit Manufacturing Company, Limited.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
473—1911	Hurkiondas Radhakison Marwarer <i>alias</i> Radhakison Hurkiondas.	Hindu	Burra Haveli, 3rd Bhoiwada	Lately grocery dealer and now unemployed.	6th	November	1911	7th	November	1911
474—1911	Vithaldas Moolji Lohana and Pitamber Dossa Lohana.	"	Parel	Lately petty dealers in cloth in partnership under the name of Moolji Dossa and now unemployed.	7th	"	"	"	"	"
476—1911	Allaudin bin Haji Mahomed Ebrahim <i>alias</i> Bapusaheb Jitekar.	Mahomedan	Chukla Street	Unemployed	8th	"	"	8th	"	"
475—1911	Shiwaji Anant Desai	Hindu	Thakurdwar Road	"	"	"	"	9th	"	"
477—1911	Mahomed Dada Bhuta	Mahomedan	Bhatara Gully, Kasai Molla	Lately hawker in piece-goods and now unemployed.	10th	"	"	10th	"	"
478—1911	Ganpat Withoba Oogale	Hindu	Improvement Trust Chawl, Koliwada.	Dealer in vegetables	"	"	"	"	"	"
479—1911	Narayen Shivshanker Penker, Anandrao <i>alias</i> Ananta Narayen Penker and Vinayek Narayen Penker.	"	1, Kandewadi	1st Debtor clerk in the French Motor Company, 2nd Debtor unemployed and the 3rd Debtor clerk in the Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Limited.	11th	"	"	11th	"	"
480—1911	Thakurdas Parshotum Sha	"	Nos. 64—70, Naran Dhurn Street.	Lately broker and speculator in sugar and now unemployed.	13th	"	"	13th	"	"
482—1911	Samuel Ezekiel	Jewish	Ripon Road	Clerk in the Bombay Municipality.	"	"	"	"	"	"
481—1911	Marooti Kooshaba Dalvi, Luxumon Kooshaba Dalvi, Harrichand Kooshaba Dalvi and Bhimabai, widow of Kooshaba Dalvi.	Hindu	No. 22, Kali Chowki, Chinch-poojly.	1st, 2nd and 4th Debtors dealers in vegetables, etc., and the 3rd Debtor turner in the French Motor Car Company.	"	"	"	14th	"	"

483—1911	Peerzshaw Nanabhoy Masalawala <i>alias</i> Dubash.	Parsee .	No. 121, Old Fort.	Lately dealer in spices and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
486—1911	Rehmon Karim Sooni Vora .	Mahomedan .	Jacob Circle .	Dealer in milk .	"	"	"	"	"	"
485—1911	Rusool Rehmon Sooni Vora .	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
488—1911	Abba Haji Suleman Memon .	"	Nakhoda Molla .	Lately servant in the employ of Haji Mahomed Haji Latiff and Company and now unemployed.	14th	"	"	"	"	"
484—1911	Ali Haji Mahomed Memon, Hoosein Haji Mahomed Memon and Haji Ebram Haji Latiff Memon.	"	Nos. 383—385, Nacoda Molla	Carrying on business as timber merchants and perfumery merchants under the name of Haji Mahomed Haji Latiff and also as Haji Ebrahim Haji Latiff.	13th	"	"	"	"	"
487—1911	Shahbudin Sakib Moonshi .	"	New Nagpada .	Lately building contractor and now unemployed.	14th	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT ;
Fort Bombay, this 16th day of November 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 18th November 1911.

No. 134.—The services of 1st Class Assistant Surgeon W. J. K. Stone, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, for employment in the Railway Department, with effect from the 14th July 1911.

B. SETON, Major, I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

The following graves in the Golaghat Cemetery are in a state of disrepair. The friends or relatives of the deceased if any are requested to restore them within three months.

Grave No. 1 of Mr. Sinclair, died 28th February 1902.
" " 25 of Mr. F. C. Rober, died on 8th November 1884.
" " 50 of Mrs. Portehard, unknown.

H. G. M. VICKERS,
for Deputy Commissioner, Sibsagar.

SIBSAGAR ;
The 2nd September 1911.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 13th November 1911.

No. 5553-R.—Khan Sahib Muhammed Gul Khan, a Tahsildar of the 3rd grade and officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob, is placed on special duty for a period not exceeding 3 months, with effect from the 30th September 1911 in order to make preparations for, and take charge of, the Baluchistan Provincial Camp at Delhi Coronation Durbar.

2. While so employed Khan Sahib Muhammed Gul Khan will receive no deputation allowance but only the salary to which but for his deputation he would be entitled. His salary will be a charge against the Provincial Revenues, Baluchistan, and his travelling allowance a charge against the Special Budget grant for the Delhi Coronation Durbar.

3. M. Amar Singh, a Tahsildar of the 1st grade, and Tahsildar of Sibi, is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and is posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob (Hindubagh), with effect from the 30th September 1911.

4. This office Notification No. 4605-R., dated 28th September 1911, is hereby cancelled.

H. R. C. DOBBS,
Revenue Commissioner,
for Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

The 13th November 1911.

No. 3153.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed test in Baluchi by the Higher Standard at an examination held at Quetta on the 6th and 7th November 1911 :—

1. Mr. W. D. V. Slessor, Assistant Superintendent, Police, Quetta.
2. Mr. M. W. B. Manley, District Superintendent, Police, Upper Sind Frontier.
3. Lieutenant M. G. Anderson, 1-7th Gurkha Rifles.
4. Sergeant E. S. Galway, S. and T. Corps.
5. Assistant Surgeon C. H. L. Davies, I.S.M.D.

6. Captain C. H. K. Kirkwood, 23rd Cavalry, F. F.
7. Lieutenant R. P. Henstock, 1-7th Gurkha Rifles.
8. Assistant Surgeon W. S. Martin, I.S.M.D.
9. Sergeant E. W. Morgan, S. and T. Corps.
10. Captain C. H. Elliot, 58th Rifles, F. F.
11. Assistant Surgeon C. W. Shephard, I.S.M.D.
12. Major J. C. Sherer, 23rd Cavalry, F. F.
13. Major F. H. Goldthorpe, 23rd Cavalry, F. F.
14. Major C. H. Hawes, 23rd Cavalry, F. F.
15. Assistant Surgeon S. R. Stracey, I.S.M.D., Rawalpindi.
16. Captain W. H. Lloyd, 122nd Infantry.
17. Lieutenant G. Mulcahy-Morgan, 2nd Battalion, Irish Fusiliers.
18. Store Sergeant E. J. Wymer, I.O.D.

The 14th November 1911.

No. 3197.—It is hereby notified that the holidays to be observed in the Public Offices in Baluchistan Agency territories and British Baluchistan, during 1912, which are specified in the schedule below, are public holidays within the meaning of Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881 :—

SCHEDULE.

List of Holidays for Public Offices during the year 1912.

Name of holidays.	Dates on which they fall.	Day or days of the week.	Number of days.	REMARKS.
GENERAL HOLIDAYS.				
All Sundays			52	
Proclamation day	1st January	Monday	1	
King Emperor's birthday* . . . . .	.....	.....	1	
CHRISTIAN HOLIDAYS.				
Good Friday	5th April	Friday	1	
Saturday before Easter	6th "	Saturday	1	
Easter Monday	8th "	Monday	1	
Christmas and short vacations	24th to 28th, 30th and 31st December.	Tuesday to Saturday, Monday and Tuesday.	7	Excluding Sunday.
HINDU HOLIDAYS.				
Basant Panchmi	24th January	Wednesday	1	
Sheoratri	16th February	Friday	1	
Holi	4th March	Monday	1	
Baisakhi	12th April	Friday	1	
Salono	27th August	Tuesday	1	
Janam Ashtmi	4th September	Wednesday	1	
Dusehra	17th, 18th and 19th October.	Thursday, Friday and Saturday.	3	
Dewali	8th November	Friday	1	
MUHAMMADAN HOLIDAYS.				
Bara Wafat	2nd March	Saturday	1	
Shab-i-Barat	29th July	Monday	1	
Id-ul-Fitar	13th and 14th September	Friday and Saturday .	2	
Id-ul-Zuha	20th and 21st November	Wednesday and Thursday	2	
Muharram	18th to 20th December .	Wednesday to Friday .	3	

* NOTE.—The day fixed for the celebration of the King Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately hereafter,

No. 5638-R.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to recall Mr. J. W. N. Cumming, Superintendent of his office, from furlough and to appoint him to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner and Treasury Officer, Quetta, with effect from the 20th October 1911.

On relief by Mr. Cumming, Khan Sahib Kazi Fakir Ahmad, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner and Treasury Officer, Quetta, is granted privilege leave for thirty-six days in combination with furlough for six months.

No. 5646-R.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to sanction the retirement from the public service, on retiring pension, of Major A. M. Anscomb, V.D., an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd grade, with effect from the 1st November 1911.

No. 5647-R.—Consequent on the retirement from the public service of Major A. M. Anscomb, V.D., an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd grade, and with effect from the 1st November 1911, Mr. J. W. N. Cumming, Superintendent of the office of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th grade, is confirmed in that grade, Mr. Cumming will continue as Extra Assistant Commissioner and Treasury Officer, Quetta. Khan Sahib Sardar Mir Ahmad Khan, Native Assistant, Khojak Pass, is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner, 6th grade (*vice* Mr. H. R. Smith on leave) and is posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

M. Juma Khan, a Tahsildar of the 4th (Sub. *pro tempore* 2nd) grade, is appointed officiating Native Assistant, Khojak Pass, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,
First Assistant.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 13th November 1911.

No. 5611-R.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to extend, for a further period of three months, with effect from the 6th November 1911, the period of the deputation of M. Gul Muhammad in the appointment of Native Assistant to the Census Superintendent in Baluchistan for the compilation of the provincial Census Tables on a consolidated pay of Rs250 per mensem which was sanctioned in his notification No. 4562, dated the 16th December 1910.

H. DOBBS,
Revenue Commissioner.

The 17th November 1911.

No. 5713-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 (6) of the Quetta Municipal Law, 1896, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to add the name of Major A. M. Anscomb, V.D., K.I.H., a retired Extra Assistant Commissioner of Baluchistan, to the list of members of the Quetta Municipal Committee published in this Agency Notification No. 83-R., dated the 10th January 1911.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,
First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Camp Ajmer, the 16th November 1911.

No. 2570C.—4.—In accordance with the provisions of section 25 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation (V of 1886) the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to notify the appointment of Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chel Behari Lal, *vice* Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jagan Nath Pershad transferred from Kekri, as a member of the Kekri Municipal Committee for a period of 3 years with effect from the 26th September 1911.

The 17th November 1911.

No. 2607-C.—65—It is hereby notified that the courts and offices under the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara will be closed on the days named in the list below as public holidays in the year 1912:—

Classification of holidays.	Name of holidays.	Dates.	Days of week.	Number of days.
All creeds	New Year's Day	1st January 1912 .	Monday	1
Hindu	Shiva Ratri	16th February 1912 .	Friday	1
Muhammadian	Barawafat	2nd March 1912 . .	Saturday	1
Hindu	Holi	2nd and 3rd March 1912.	Saturday and Sunday	2
Do.	Silsaptmi	11th March 1912 . .	Monday	1
Christian . .	Good Friday	5th April 1912 . . .	Friday	1
Hindu	Baisakhi Fair	1st May 1912	Wednesday	1
All creeds . .	King-Emperor's Birthday . .	June 1912 . . . . .	.....	1
Muhammadian	Urs Fair	21st and 22nd June 1912.	Friday and Saturday	2
Do.	Shabi Barat	29th July 1912 . . .	Monday	1
Hindu	Raksha Bandan	27th August 1912 . .	Tuesday	1
Do.	Janam Ashtmi	4th September 1912 .	Wednesday	1
Muhammadian	Id-ul-Fitar	13th September 1912 .	Friday	1
Hindu	Savitri Fair	18th September 1912 .	Wednesday	1
Do.	Jaljhulni Ekadasi	22nd September 1912	Sunday	1
Do.	Anant Chowdas	25th September 1912 .	Wednesday	1
Do.	Dasera	18th to 20th October 1912.	Friday to Sunday .	3
Do.	Dipmalka	8th and 9th November 1912.	Friday and Saturday.	2
Do.	Yam Duj	10th November 1912 .	Sunday	1
Muhammadian	Idul Zuha	20th November 1912 .	Wednesday	1
Hindu	Pushkar Fair	20th to 25th November 1912.	Wednesday to Monday.	6
Muhammadian	Moharram	18th to 20th December 1912.	Wednesday to Friday.	3
Christian . .	Christmas	24th to 31st December 1912.	Tuesday to Tuesday	8
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NOTE.—

(1) In English and Vernacular offices when there are no arrears of work the last Saturday in every month may be observed as a Holiday.

(2) The last day of every month will be observed as a Holiday in the Treasury Office, Ajmer, instead of the last Saturday.

(3) Muhammadian Holidays depend on the Moon being visible and fall on the day following such event.

(4) With regard to Hindu Holidays on account of Eclipses of the Sun and the Moon, those for the former are granted for the day on which the Eclipse occurs and those for the latter for the day following.

In 1912 there will be two Eclipses one Lunar on Monday the 1st April and another Solar on Wednesday 17th April 1912. For the former a holiday will be observed on Tuesday 2nd April and for the latter on Wednesday 17th April 1912.

(5) Local holidays may be granted for great festivals or fairs at the discretion of the Commissioner when there are no arrears of work.

(6) Civil Courts vacations commence from 1st August to 30th September 1912. No fresh suits shall during that time be instituted, unless they be of an urgent character, but the Courts will be open for the purpose of clearing up cases instituted before 15th July and for the disposal of any urgent work.

(7) The day which may be fixed for the celebration of the King-Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately in due course.

(8) Chehlam will be observed as a Local Holiday for Shiaks only.

No. 2609-C.—65.—Under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act XXVI of 1881, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased to declare the following holidays to be public holidays in the year 1912 :—

Classification of holidays.	Name of holidays.	Date.	Days of week.	Number of days.
All creeds . . .	New Year's day . . .	1st January 1912 . . .	Monday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Shiva Ratri . . .	16th February 1912 . . .	Friday . . .	1
Muhammadan . . .	Barawafat . . .	2nd March 1912 . . .	Saturday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Holi . . .	2nd and 3rd March 1912 . . .	Saturday and Sunday . . .	2
Do. . .	Silsaptmi . . .	11th March 1912 . . .	Monday . . .	1
Christians . . .	Good Friday . . .	5th April 1912 . . .	Friday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Baisakhi Fair . . .	1st May 1912 . . .	Wednesday . . .	1
All creeds . . .	(King-Emperor's Birth-day . . .	June 1912 . . .	.....	1
Muhammadans . . .	Urs Fair . . .	21st and 22nd June 1912 . . .	Friday and Saturday . . .	2
Do. . .	Shabi Barat . . .	29th July 1912 . . .	Monday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Raksha Bandan . . .	27th August 1912 . . .	Tuesday . . .	1
Do. . .	Janam Ashtmi . . .	4th September 1912 . . .	Wednesday . . .	1
Muhammadan . . .	Idul Fitur . . .	13th " " . . .	Friday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Savitri Fair . . .	18th " " . . .	Wednesday . . .	1
Do. . .	Jaljhulni Ekadasi . . .	22nd " " . . .	Sunday . . .	1
Do. . .	Anant Chowdas . . .	25th " " . . .	Wednesday . . .	1
Do. . .	Dasera . . .	18th to 20th October 1912 . . .	Friday to Sunday . . .	3
Do. . .	Dipmalka . . .	8th and 9th November 1912 . . .	Friday and Saturday . . .	2
Do. . .	Yam Duj . . .	10th November 1912 . . .	Sunday . . .	1
Muhammadan . . .	Idul Zuha . . .	20th " " . . .	Wednesday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Pushkar Fair . . .	20th to 25th November 1912 . . .	Wednesday to Monday . . .	6
Muhammadan . . .	Moharram . . .	18th to 20th December 1912 . . .	Wednesday to Friday . . .	3
Christian . . .	Christmas . . .	24th to 31st December 1912 . . .	Tuesday to Tuesday . . .	8
				42

By order,

W. H. J. WILKINSON,
First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General, Rajputana, and
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

TRANSFER.

Bangalore, the 20th November 1911.

No. 64.—Captain Gerald Hume-Wright is transferred to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the 7th June 1911.

Captain Ernest William Wetherell is transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 18th December 1911.

By order,

P. B. Warburton,
First Assistant Resident.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1911.

No. 30.—Mr. C. G. Newhouse, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani held on the 6th November 1911.

C. A. R. Browne, Colonel,
Manager Eastern Bengal State Railway.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Agra, the 28th October 1911.

No. 223.—Mr. Muhammad Kazim Husain, Superintendent of the Sambhar Lake Division, is granted privilege leave for 3 months from the 3rd November 1911.

No. 224.—Mr. Tej Partab Singh, Inspector, 1st grade, of the Sambhar Lake Division, is appointed to act as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, during the absence on leave of Mr. Muhammad Kazim Husain, Superintendent, or until further orders.

The 3rd November 1911.

No. 234.—The following promotions of officers are ordered with effect from the 5th September 1911, *vice* Mr. W. F. Hicks, Superintendent, 1st grade, retired :—

Mr. G. W. C. Lisle, Superintendent, from the 2nd to the 1st grade.

Mr. A. G. O. Howard, Superintendent, from the 3rd to the 2nd grade.

Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent, from the 4th to the 3rd grade.

Mr. Harnam Singh, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, to the rank of Superintendent, 4th grade.

Mr. W. O. Davey, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, to the 1st grade of Assistant Superintendents.

No. 235.—The following promotions of Superintendents are ordered with effect from the 23rd October 1911 :—

Mr. E. D. Beatson from the 2nd to the 1st grade.

Mr. Sheo Prasad, Rai Sahib, from the 3rd to the 2nd grade.

R. A. GAMBLE,

Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS**FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.**

Bombay, the 16th November 1911.

No. 35.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on Medical Certificate under the Leave Rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing ; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India, *i.e.*, 9th November 1911.

Lieutenant R. W. V. Beatty, R.I.M. 6 months.

WALTER LUMSDEN,

Director, Royal Indian Marine.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 68th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Attock, November 1911.

Number, Rank and Name—27457, Gunner, Frank Hockley.	Date of desertion or absence—12th November 1911.
Age—27 years.	Place of desertion or absence—Attock.
Height—5 feet 8½ inches.	Marks—Scar left cheek, right buttock. Mole (small) back inner side left forearm.
Chest Measurement—38 inches.	
Colour of—Complexion, fresh ; hair, dark brown ; eyes, brown.	

F. L. BENNETT, Capt., R.G.A.,
Commanding 68th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters, dated at Secunderabad, this 16th day of November 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—8408, Sergeant, William Kirkby. Age—28 years 2 months. Height—5 feet 9 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey. Trade—Electrician. Date of enlistment—13th August 1902.	Place of enlistment—Manchester. Parish and County in which born—Thornton, near Chester, Cheshire. Date of desertion or absence—15th November 1911. Place of desertion or absence—Secunderabad. Marks—Tattooed on both forearms. Under 10 years' service.
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O. C. WOLLEY-DOD, Lieut.-Colonel,
 Commanding 1st Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 20th November 1911.

No. 1673-*Ap*.—Babu Nagendra Nath Mitra, 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, and officiating 1st Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs300—400, is appointed to act as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 3rd grade, with effect from the 11th November 1911 and until further orders, in the arrangements, *vice* Mr. R. N. Vear, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, on combined leave.

No. 1676-*Ap*.—Babu Suresh Chandra Gupta, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 4th grade, is appointed to officiate as 1st Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs300—400, with effect from the 11th November 1911 and until further orders, *vice* Babu Nagendro Nath Mitra.

No. 1681-*Ap*.—Mr. N. Purushotham Naidu, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 6 days combined with leave on medical certificate for 4 months and 24 days with effect from the 5th October 1911.

Mr. T. Marimuthu Pillay, clerk, Office of the Postmaster General, Madras, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. N. Purushotham Naidu, or until further orders.

No. 1688-*Ap*.—Mr. F. A. V. C. Sausman, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Rangoon, pay Rs600—800, with effect from the 10th November 1911 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. L. A. E. C. Byrne, on combined leave.

No. 1691-*Ap*.—Mr. A. J. D'Cruz, Superintendent, Office of the Postmaster-General, Burma, pay Rs200—300, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, and 2nd Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Burma, with effect from the 10th November 1911 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. F. A. V. C. Sausman, appointed to act as Postmaster, Rangoon.

The 23rd November 1911.

No. 1753-*Ap*.—The following promotions in the grades of Postmasters are made with effect from the 1st November 1911 :—

M. Wahed-Uddin Muhammad, Postmaster, Faridpur, pay Rs150—200, to be Postmaster, Faridpur, pay Rs200—300.

Mr. L. E. Fox, Postmaster, Ferozepur, pay Rs150—200, and officiating Postmaster, Srinagar, pay Rs200—300, to be Postmaster, Srinagar.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
 Director-General of the Post Office of India.

COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

Catalogue of books printed and published in Ajmer-Merwara and registered under Act XXV of 1857
[during the quarter which ended on the 30th September 1911.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era, where other than Christian era, date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration No.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Registration No. and date of registration of copyright.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS.				
1	Nihal Karan Sethi of Ajmer. Perpetual Calendar. Page 1.—Published by the Author at Rajputana Printing Press, Ajmer. 20th June 1911. Half Royal. Second Edition. Price, 4 annas.	Rajputana Printing Works, Ajmer.	1,000	V.	Nihal Karan Sethi. No. V, dated 15th July 1911.
	HINDI BOOKS—PERIODICAL.				
2	Budh Sinha Sharma, जङ्गिरा समाचार पत्र [Jangira Samachar, Ank 5. A monthly Journal devoted to social matters of the Jangira Community].—Pages 2--14. Published by Brij Lal Mistri at Ajmer. June 23rd, 1911. Royal Octavo. First Edition. Annual subscription, 1 rupee 8 annas.	Vedic Press, Ajmer.	300 copies.	...	
3	Pandit Jeydeo Sharma, अनाथरक्षक पत्र ६, ७. [Anath Rakshak, Ank 6, 7. A monthly Journal of Dayanand Orphanage, Ajmer].—Pages 2--38. Published by Dayanand Orphanage Committee through P. Munni Lal Misra, Ajmer. June 21st, 1911. Royal Octavo. First Edition. Annual subscription, 1 rupee.	Ditto . .	850	...	
	HINDI BOOK—BIOGRAPHY.				
4	Chodhri Maya Ram Sojat, संक्षिप्त वृत्तान्त [Sankshipta Birttant. Life of Rathor Bakhtawar Singh]. Pages 1—12. Published by Choudhri Maya Ram at Sojat. August 3rd, 1911. Royal Octavo, First Edition. Price, nil.	Ditto . .	200	...	
	HINDI BOOKS—MISCELLANEOUS.				
5	Secretary, Paropkarni Sabha, Ajmer, कार्य बढी श्रीमती परीपकारिणी सभा. [Karyavahi Shrijulat Paropkarni Sabha. Proceedings of Paropkarni Sabha] Pages 1—8. Published by Secretary, Paropkarni Sabha at Ajmer. 25th July 1911. Royal Octavo. First Edition. Price, nil.	Ditto . .	100	...	

1	2	3	4	5	6
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era, where other than Christian era, date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration No.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Registration No., and date of registration of copyright.
	HINDI BOOKS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.				
6	Secretary, Gunprakashak Sajjanalaya Sabha, Bikaner, नियम उद्देश्यः [Niyam Uddeshaya. Rules and Regulations]. Pages 2—21. Published by Gunprakashak Sajiavalaya Sabha at Bikaner. 24th July 1911. Demy Octavo. First Edition. Price, nil.	Vedic Press, Ajmer.	500	...	

B. J. GLANCY,
Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for September 1911 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1911-12.			Receipts in September 1911.	RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.		
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Imperial.	Special.	Total.
I.—Land Revenue	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
II.—Opium	...	22,60,000	22,60,000	28,163	...	10,65,169	10,65,169
IV.—Stamps	...	23,000	23,000	1,008	...	7,851	7,851
V.—Excise	...	5,22,000	5,22,000	24,377	...	2,74,523	2,74,523
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	2,60,000	2,60,000	22,510	...	1,50,468	1,50,468
VII.—Customs	...	4,000	4,000	...	...	332	332
VIII.—Assessed Taxes
IX.—Forest	5,000	1,33,000	1,38,000	17,802	2,203	65,635	67,838
X.—Registration	...	1,64,000	1,64,000	1,460	...	73,067	73,067
XI.—Tribute from Native States	...	42,000	42,000	2,042	...	20,206	20,206
XII.—Interest
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	12,000	...	12,000	116	307	...	307
XVIB.—Ditto	...	1,03,000	1,03,000	7,653	...	55,746	55,746
XVII.—Police	...	21,000	21,000	2,618	...	11,980	11,980
XVIII.—Education	...	81,000	81,000	1,304	...	27,163	27,163
XIX.—Medical	...	1,000	1,000	41	...	280	280
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	...	1,000	1,000	—31	...	198	198
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	70	70
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	16,000	16,000	1,502	...	9,783	9,783
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	12,000	12,000	1,345	...	8,790	8,790
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	...	1,25,000	1,25,000	8,127	...	39,550	39,550
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	4,00,000	4,00,000	8,00,000	1,69,571	1,48,049	1,48,049	2,96,098
XXXI.—Civil Works
	...	1,36,000	1,36,000	9,897	...	50,423	50,423
Add—Debt Accounts	4,17,000	43,04,000	47,21,000	2,99,565	1,50,559	20,09,283	21,59,842
	50,61,809	...	...	2,92,22,591
TOTAL	53,61,374	...	...	3,13,82,433
Opening Cash Balance	(a) 18,91,598	...	...	(b) 9,82,606
GRAND TOTAL	72,52,972	...	...	3,23,65,039

(a) On 1st September 1911.

(b) On 1st April 1911.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 20th November 1911.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for September 1911 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

EXPENDITURE.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1911-12.				DISBURSEMENT FROM 1ST APRIL 1911 TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.			
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Disbursement in September 1911.	Imperial.	Special.	Total.
	R	R	R		R	R	R	R
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	12,000	25,000		206	5,553	5,553	11,106
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	10,000	19,000		206	4,450	4,450	8,900
3.—Land Revenue	3,533,000	2,61,000	6,14,000		36,389	1,64,749	1,20,824	2,85,573
6.—Stamps	11,000	11,000	22,000		819	3,875	3,875	7,750
7.—Excise	7,000	8,000	15,000		1,048	2,827	2,827	5,654
10.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	...	1,000		95	281	281	562
14.—Forest	50,000	50,000	1,00,000		4,370	16,820	16,819	33,639
14.—Registration	5,000	5,000	10,000		868	2,661	2,661	5,322
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt . . . . .	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations . . . . .	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	294,000	1,59,000	4,53,000		23,199	1,06,446	41,126	1,47,572
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	3,79,000	1,88,000	5,67,000		44,883	1,83,106	93,115	2,76,311
19B.—Ditto — Jails	68,000	69,000	1,37,000		12,579	30,821	36,820	73,641
20.—Police	8,54,000	8,54,000	17,08,000		1,19,870	3,97,936	3,97,937	7,95,873
21.—Education	64,000	63,000	1,27,000		15,202	23,998	23,998	47,996
23.—Ecclesiastical	41,000	...	41,000		3,258	19,849	...	19,849
24.—Medical	1,23,000	1,07,000	2,30,000		12,250	33,313	24,147	57,460
25.—Political	16,80,000	15,04,000	31,84,000		2,14,487	6,87,342	6,14,979	13,02,321
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	45,000	45,000	90,000		6,608	25,122	16,424	41,546
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	59,000	...	59,000		4,057	31,847	...	31,847
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	62,000	62,000	1,24,000		10,710	33,713	33,714	67,427
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	50,000	50,000	1,00,000		3,358	15,252	15,252	30,504
30.—Stationery and Printing	18,000	18,000	36,000		1,914	7,707	7,708	15,415
32.—Miscellaneous . . . . .	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
33.—Famine Relief . . . . .	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
36.—Reduction or avoidance of Debt	4,29,000	2,19,000	6,48,000		24,017	63,128	63,128	1,26,256
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	35,000	35,000	70,000		5,472	8,911	8,911	17,822
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	10,48,000	10,47,000	20,95,000		1,45,181	1,82,430	1,82,430	3,64,860
45.—Civil Works . . . . .	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
Total Expenditure	56,98,000	47,77,000	1,04,75,000		6,01,046	20,58,227	17,16,979	37,75,206
Balance on 30th September 1911 . . . . .	...	...	...		50,01,404	...	...	2,70,29,311
GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	...	...	...		72,52,972	...	...	3,33,65,039

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 20th November 1911.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 21st November 1911.

No. 40-T.—Telegraphist Edward Maurice Francis Holroyd Doveton will henceforth be known as Edward Maurice Francis Holroyd-Doveton.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Offg. Director-General of Telegraphs.

The 23rd November 1911.

No. 41-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 8th November to 21st November 1911 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Bilaspur R. S.	Central Provinces	16th November 1911	Opened.
Cherambadi	Madras Presidency	11th " "	"
Chhota-Udepur	Bombay Presidency	12th " "	"
Coronation Durbar C.	Punjab	14th " "	"
Coronation Durbar G.	Do.	14th " "	"
Coronation Durbar H.	Do.	9th " "	"
Cumbum, Kurnool	Madras Presidency	31st October	"
Ghosi	United Provinces	4th August	"
Kotah R. S.	Rajputana	15th November	"
Monghyr Basdeopur	Bengal	3rd October	"
Renging	Eastern Bengal and Assam	9th November	"
Simla Sanjauli	Punjab	15th " "	Closed.
Sirpo River	Eastern Bengal and Assam	6th " "	Opened.
Tadepalliguden	Madras Presidency	15th " "	"
Uttiramerur	Ditto do.	9th " "	"
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Nalatinputtur	South Indian Railway	25th October 1911	Opened.
Nasaratpur	Eastern Bengal State Railway	20th November 1911	"

The following alteration in the name of a Government Telegraph office is notified :—
" Sonbarsa " instead of " Sonbarsa, Bhagalpur."

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph Office is notified :—

On the Bengal and North-Western Railway :—
" Narban " instead of "Singhia."

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

NOTICE.

No. C-7-8817.—Sealed tenders for the supply of potatoes for British Troops at all Military Stations in the 8th (Lucknow) Division (except Jalapahar and Lebong) from 1st January to 31st August 1912 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, Lucknow, up to 12 noon, on the 11th December 1911 respectively.

2. Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedule are obtained on application in writing to the above officer up to 7th December 1911, on payment of one rupee for each set of forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES
& TRANSPORT, 8th DIVISION.
Lucknow, the 22 November 1911.

F. E. GEOGHEGAN, Major,
for Assistant Director of Supplies and
Transport, 8th (Lucknow)
Division.

NOTICE.

No. C-8-8835.—Sealed tenders for the supply of firewood for ration and bakery for British Troops at all military stations in the 8th (Lucknow) Division from 1st January 1912 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, Lucknow, up to 12 noon, on the 8th December 1911.

2. Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedules are obtainable on application in writing to the above Officer, on payment of one rupee for each set of forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF
SUPPLIES & TRANSPORT 8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION.
Lucknow, the 22nd November 1911.

F. E. GEOGHEGAN Major,
for Assistant Director of Supplies and
Transport, 8th (Lucknow)
Division.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 24th November 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd November 1911.

RESERVE.									
COIN AND BULLION.					SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).				
In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.		TOTAL.
Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under Coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.	
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R
Calcutta	1,32,49,550	21,56,37,565	22,58,87,115	3,29,27,776	1,99,86,570	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	9,99,99,946	26,93,76,252
Cawnpore . . . . .	...	2,99,12,605	2,99,12,605	3,91,48,092	82,20,075	...	...	4,00,00,000	4,73,68,167
Lahore . . . . .	...	3,68,22,790	3,68,22,790	4,14,25,043	1,50,65,820	...	...	...	5,64,90,863
Bombay	1,17,84,780	14,58,99,325	15,76,84,185	3,05,65,816	6,03,29,564	...	...	...	9,08,95,380
Karachi . . . . .	...	1,51,49,670	1,51,49,670	26,98,045	3,46,470	...	...	...	30,44,515
Madras	73,73,000	6,40,55,505	7,14,28,505	3,03,28,720	53,15,865	...	...	...	3,56,44,585
Rangoon . . . . .	...	3,33,56,590	3,33,56,590	5,60,03,613	98,08,200	...	...	...	6,58,11,813
	3,24,07,330	53,78,34,050	57,02,41,380	23,30,07,105	11,90,72,564	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	4,00,00,000	56,86,31,585
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue									
			16,09,795						...
TOTAL CIRCULATION R									
			56,86,31,585						56,86,31,585
Deduct—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									
									...
TOTAL RESERVE R									
									...

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 22nd November 1911.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 22nd November 1911 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,
8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained
gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.

All books published by the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, can be purchased either directly or through the following or any other booksellers :—

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Bond Street, W.

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London, S.W.

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The Calcutta School Book and useful Literature
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Messrs. S. Murthy & Co., Madras.

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Jubbulpore.*

Manager of the Imperial Book Depôt, 63, Chandney
Chauk Street, Delhi.*

Manager, *East Coast News*, Vizagapatam.*

Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-opera-
tive Association, Limited" (Successors to A.
John & Co., Agra).*

Mr. T. K. Seetharama Aiyar, Kumbakonam.*

Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract
Depository, Mangalore.*

Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*

Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road,
Allahabad.*

Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.*

*Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

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Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

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The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911.
4s. 9p. (1s.)

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Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province,
District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1s.
6d. (2s.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the Study of Malaria in India.
No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2s. 6d.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of
Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super. Royal
Cloth. R22 or 33s. (R1)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolschap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolschap. Board. R2 or 3s. (9a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

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Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolschap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11 with a review of the progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolschap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolschap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

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Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their geology. Super Royal. Board. R5 8a. or 5s. 5d. (9a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolschap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo Paper cover. R2 12a. or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1 4a. or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

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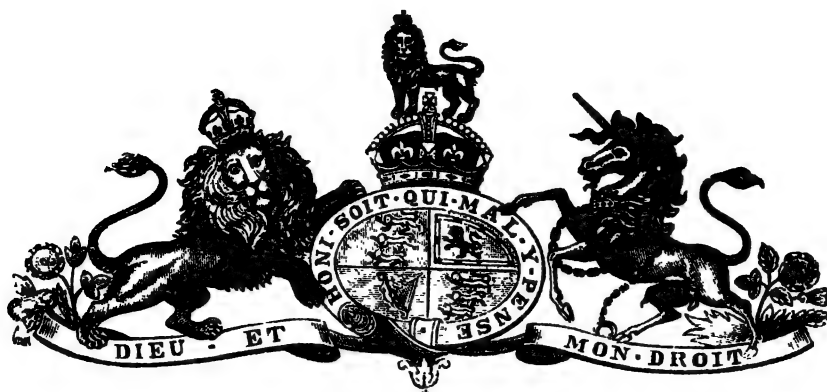
LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.

Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1 per month.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review for June 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1.

Monthly Weather Review for July 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1.



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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1911.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 124850 and 124851 of the $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to Kaliram Chowdry, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of Rohini Kumar Chowdry and Giris Chandra Chowdry, Harendra Kumar Chowdry, Bhabendra Nath Chowdry, Purna Chandra Chowdry, Troloikya Nath Chowdry, the minors, certificate-holders of the estate of Kaliram Chowdry. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of Advertisers—ROHINI KUMAR CHOWDRY AND

SRIMATI PADMABATI CHOWDRY—Guardian of minors :—

GIRIS CHANDRA CHOWDRY.

HARENDRA KUMAR CHOWDRY.

BHABENDRA NATH CHOWDRY.

PURNA CHANDRA CHOWDRY.

TROLOIKYA NATH CHOWDRY.

Residence.—Bharalupar, Gauhati, Assam.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 4.7}

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1911 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (Gúr)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BEAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Burma*															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui			40.38	35.1	...	...									...
Tavoy			49.23	30.77	...	...									...
Moulmein and			58.72	51.2	35.65	35.65									...
Amherst															...
Pegu (deltaic)—															...
Rangoon		...	59.26	37.87	40	43.24									...
Maubin		...	62.75	40	...	...									...
Bassein		...	59.81	38.55	...	...									...
Pegu (inland)—															...
Hensada†			...	34.78	...	...									...
Toungoo			...	...	...	...									...
Upper Burma—															...
Mandalay		...	58.17	31.22	32.16	38.79					25.1	...			...
Pakokku		...	48.85	32.82	...	...					22.38	...			...
Arakan—															...
Akyab					...	...									...
Eastern Bengal and Assam*															
Eastern—															...
Chittagong		...	40	32.5	...	...									...
Dacca		...	41.25	42.5	35	35		20	17.5						...
Central—															...
Fabna			40	35.62	...	...									...
Northern—															...
Rangpur			47.5	52.5	50	50									...
Brahmaputra—															...
Goalpara	17.5	20	35	40											...
Gauhati	21.25	21.25	37.5	41.25											...
Bengal*															
Deltaic—															...
Midnapur			37.5	34.37		...									...
Calcutta			47.5	46.25	37.5	35		27.5	25		27.5				...
Central—															...
Bardwan			38.75	35		...									...
Orissa—															...
Outtock			39.53	45.62	33.7	38.85									...
Bihār, south—															...
Patna			28.75	28.12	28.75	27.5		16.87	15.94	20	21.87	20	...	...	18.12
Bihār, north—															...
Bhagalpur			35.62	31.56	34.06	31.56		23.12	20.94						...
Muzaffarpur			40	44.37	33.28	33.28		20.94	20						13.33
United Provinces—															
(a) AEN—															
Eastern—															...
Benares	20.99	21.93	46.87	42.4	32.4	31.93	39.63	39.63	22.92	19.58					...
Central—															...
Cawnpore	25	18.7	44.43	39.01	31.98	31.98	36.35	37.45	22.86	19.06	22.86	20.52	24.22	22.19	...
Jhansi†				47.03	...	30.62				15.26		15.21		21.35	...
Western—															...
Meerut			47.03	45.62	29.69	28.59	34.84	34.84	23.75	17.81					...
Agra	47.08	47.08	53.33	53.33	33.33	30.78	39.74	38.59	24.22	19.53	22.86	20.52	29.63	23.54	...
Submontane, west—															...
Shahjahanpur	19.37	18.75			29.37	29.37			21.25	15.62	20	24.37	22.5	19.37	...
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															...
Lucknow	20	20	40	33.33	30.73	30.73	40	40	21.35	15.99			23.54		...
Northern—															...
Fyzabad	22.5	31.25	46.25	42.5	30.31	31.87			20.62	18.12					...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Not reported yet.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI		MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSÉED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
..	57.14	57.14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Burma—
..	40.76	40.76	50	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Tenasserim—
..	38.79	28.07	45.71	46.04	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Mergui
..	25	31.22	..	50	50	51.61	51.61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Tavoy
..	47.06	38.86	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Moulmein and
..	Amherst
..	Pegu (deltaic)—
..	Bangoon
..	Mauhin
..	Bassein
..	Pegu (inland)—
..	Honnada
..	Toungoo
..	26.23	15.6	..	35.56	23.1	45.07	51.61	65.98	71.11	..	..	..	..	..	..	Upper Burma—
..	34.41	21.84	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Mandalay
..	Pakokku
..	44.44	44.44	57.14	61.54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Arakan—
..	Akyab
..	Eastern Bengal and
..	Assam—
..	26.25	27.5	50	52.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	61.25	50	Eastern—
..	32.5	30	43.75	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Chittagong
..	Dacca
..	25	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	80	65	65	54.37	Central—
..	Fabna
..	35	40	35	37.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Northern—
..	Rangpur
..	62.5	47.5	Brahmaputra—
..	Goalpara
..	110	90	56.25	50	Gauhati
..	Bengal—
..	100	100	{ 75 and 81.25 }	{ 60 and 65 }	Deltaic—
..	..	37.5	..	27.5	23.75	35	35	25	27.5	..	..	88.75	70	57.5	57.5	Midnapur
..	Calcutta
..	25	32.5	34.37	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	65	47.5	Central—
..	Bardwan
..	30.47	30.47	27.66	24.43	25	25.36	..	..	..	..	62.5	55.62	Orissa—
..	Cuttack
18.12	15.94	17.19	18.12	19.06	26.56	28.59	20	..	..	..	..	90	100	55	50	Bihar, south—
..	Fatna
..	20	16.25	20.62	19.37	35	31.56	20.62	26.25	..	..	..	96.25	97.5	{ 41.87 and 51.87 }	{ 45 and 50 }	Bihar, north—
18.12	17.5	20	20.94	22.19	36.25	33.25	20	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Bhagalpur
..	Muzaffarpur
..	United Provinces—
..	..	16.3	21.41	22.24	29.74	29.58	..	..	..	..	..	86.25	73.33	53.02	53.8	(a) AGRA—
..	Eastern—
..	19.53	15.99	22.19	21.61	25.78	29.63	..	..	22.19	..	..	80	86.46	55.16	43.23	Benares
..	..	14.17	..	18.12	..	..	..	..	..	24.53	..	..	72.97	..	..	Central—
..	Cawnpore
..	22.19	20	23.19	20.47	30.78	26.56	28.59	32.03	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Jhansi
..	..	20	22.24	21.67	38.33	30.78	..	50	25	..	..	..	80	59.27	47.03	Western—
..	Meerut
..	17.5	16.25	20	21.56	22.5	24.37	30	32.5	23.12	20	..	..	..	..	..	Agra
..	Submontane, west—
..	Shahjahanpur
..	20	15.1	22.24	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75.04	80	66.67	50	(b) OUDH—
..	Southern—
..	Lucknow
..	..	15.47	18.96	21.87	28.12	26.56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Northern—
..	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued.

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jinfila)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIE		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	16-93	17-16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	581-82	583-33	...	...	20-51	20-51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	400	400	...	...	18-77	18-77	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon	...	...	581-82	492-31	...	...	18-29	16-24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbin	...	...	640	533-33	...	...	22-86	21-77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	492-31	492-31	...	...	22-86	22-86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Henzada*	...	...	...	492-31	...	...	...	22-15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	24-81	22-61	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay	...	...	457-14	533-33	...	...	20-32	20-85	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	22-54	22-54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab	...	...	492-31	457-14	...	...	33-77	26-67	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong	...	...	500	420	62-5	70	17-81	17-5	50	70	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	480	500	75	80	22-5	19-37	100	130	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Pabna	...	...	650	650	50	56-25	20-62	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Rangpur	...	...	560	480	62-5	60	35	25	50	100	...	...	3-75	5
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	70	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	...	...	...	...	80	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Midnapur	...	...	{ 420 to 470 }	{ 420 to 450 }	100	75	20	17-5	{ 90 and 100 65 }	{ 107-5 and 115 85 }	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	63-75	70	480	470	50	60	18-12	15	...	...	...	...	15	15
<i>Central—</i>														
Bardwan	...	...	460	390	52-5	72-5	19-37	17-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	65	40-73	434-27	457-19	43-8	55-62	18-12	18-12	101-87	83-44	...	...	5	5
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna	90	65-75	420	400	45	52-5	20-62	20	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur	...	63-75	490	400	50	65	22-5	18-59	70	80	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	457-81	457-5	40	44-87	22-19	19-06	160	200	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66-72	56-41	438-91	469-37	48-59	66-72	23-92	23-65	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	88-85	69-53	426-67	376-46	57-13	64-01	17-76	17-76	72-5	80	100	100	...	...
Jhansi*	...	59-22	...	330	...	66-56	...	19-69	...	...	...	...	...	5
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut	...	...	457-5	...	67-5	...	17-34	17-34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	...	66-67	426-67	365-47	57-13	61-56	17-4	17-4	100	120	131-25	130	5-68	5-73
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur	...	...	400	390	...	...	20	20	...	...	{ 120 and 130 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow	...	...	440	32-1	...	66-67	21-04	21-04	...	...	120	115	2-5	3-12
<i>Northern—</i>														
Kanabud	...	...	450	355	48-12	51-25	20-94	20-94	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	26.67	26.67	...	...	36.41	30.21	...	...	20.11	17.76	31.93	19.16	34.79	26.67	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozpur	25.62	...	53.12	50	29.63	30	34.79	30.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore	25	22.19	57.19	42.08	30.78	30.16	35.78	34.06	22.19	15.42	25	17.03	28.59	23.54	...
South-eastern—															
Delhi	30	28.59	60	40.99	33.44	30.78	40.94	36.41	24.22	19.53	25.62	20.47	30	24.17	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar	25	23.54	...	44.43	...	26.25	...	30.83	21.09	...	22.19	...	32.03	...	...
Northern—															
Bawalpindi	28.59	20	57.19	57.19	34.06	28.59	38.12	33.33	23.91	17.19	21.09	16.67	29.63	23.49	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	55	40	30	28.75	33.75	33.75	25	17.5	...	...	...	...	...
Multan	24.37	20.94	...	38.75	32.5	32.19	36.25	37.5	...	16.25	22.97	18.75	27.81	22.19	...
N.W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	23.12	21.2	49.22	...	34.22	23.96	37.19	33.33	21.82	13.96	...	...	27.13	23.91	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	29.37	27.03	...	...	...	20.62	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	50.62	30.37	36.87	35.16	...	...	...	...	30	22.5	35.62	23.75	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	54.06	49.06	33.12	30	...	...	27.81	17.5	27.5	18.75	30	22.5	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.5 to 39.37	39.69 to 41.87	66.25	61.56	28.75	26.25	30	26.25	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	43.65	...	...	...	...	31.87	23.38	...	...	...
Bholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	40.62	...	...	...	...	...	29.84	21.09	38.44	20.1	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	61.46	46.41	...	44.01	...	...	...	...	36.82	...	42.34	27.76	...
Khandesh and N.E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	58.44	48.75	38.07	...	...	...	...	...	18.18	...	34.74	20.52	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	53.8	...	41.98	38.07	...	...	...	...	17.45	...	39.43	20.63	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . . .	...	19.32	...	...	41.82	...	...	...	...	...	36.77	...	45.42	31.72	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	60	46.25	37.5	31.25	...	...	28.75	20	28.75	20	37.5	28.75	...
Central Provinces*—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . . .	...	...	36.5	32.62	31.62	27.5	40	36.37	...	...	25	19.5	...	...	...
Central—															
Jabalpur . . . . .	...	...	34.75	30.75	30.75	30.75	40	38.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	32	31	31.5	30	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola . . . . .	...	...	38	39.75	32	31.62	...	...	...	...	27	19.62	...	...	...
Amratoti . . . . .	...	...	42.5	36.75	32	38.12	48	48	...	...	21	21.5	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.6	30.7	30	29.3	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3
Central—															
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.4	22.8	...	...	...
Chudappa	32.1	32.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3	26	31.7	23	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.8
East Coast, south—															
Madras	30.6	30.8	46	58.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	31.7	28.4	51.6	48.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.7
Southern—															
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.8	30.9	38.9	32.4	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	32	17	52	50	49	52	44.01	51.98	...	...	25	24	...	...	26
Bangalore	24	20	60	52	52	52	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	28

*The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
															Rajputana—
		29.58	18.59	27.19	19.06	...		61.56	61.72	...	...	114.27	145.47	...	Eastern— Ajmer
		22.19	18.59	...		...	...	34.79	32.5	...	72.66	...	Panjab—
		23.44	31.04	23.44	19.11	33.12	32.66	31.87	31.93	31.87	24.22	80	Southern— Ferozpur
		21.56	20.52	21.56	19.53	33.28	29.63	...	...	27.5	25	94.06	...	61.56	Central— Lahore
		15	...	23.23	17.76	38.12	...	...	...	30.78	25	...	...	62.81	South-eastern— Delhi
		24.22	19.53	23.49	21.04	50	57.13	...	...	30.78	30.78	76.15	80	61.56	Submontane— Amritsar
		23.75	19.69	...	...	...	...	32.5	26.25	...	...	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
		24.37	18.12	23.44	19.37	...	...	...	...	...	23.75	...	73.12	...	Western— Lyallpur Multan
		N.-W. Frontier Pro- vinces—
		26.87	19.01	25.1	23.34	...	29.63	...	...	...	...	...	82.03	...	Peshawar
		19.06	16.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	Dera Ismael Khan
		31.25	25.94	...	33.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
		24.06	22.5	...	33.75	...	...	30	28.12	...	...	55	Karachi Shikarpur
		37.5	31.25	...	...	60	47.5	46.25	45	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
		Bombay—
		27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84.63	91.98	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
		30.26	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
		31.25	37.03	...	...	...	52.5	...	20	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
		30.36	28.96	...	...	...	...	25	23.49	...	...	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
		Central— Jubbulpore
		27.5	24.37	46.25	36.75	...	...	28.75	27.5	...	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
		25.25	23.12	28.62	30.62	...	...	20	17.5	103.37	93	...	Berar—
		23.5	20	36.37	33.37	40	40	23.5	23.5	84.25	84.25	...	Akola Amraoti
		22.5	21	28	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
		26	23	32	32.25	...	...	22	20	...	80.75	76.75	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
		27	26.5	23.75	29.75	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
		40.8	51.6	...	...	...	...	33.6	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
		26.3	...	...	...	27.3	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichino poly
		36.9	33.6	25.2	...	...	...	23.1	23.1	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
		Mysore— Mysore Bangalore
		30.6	30.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		36	35.5	...	...	48.1	48.1	29.4	30.8	...	...	...
		24	...	...	...	...	...	57.8	61.8	...	...	...	...	...
		34.5	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		24	...	25	28	49	53	68.50	68.12	...	...	...	...	...
		26	...	28	33	50	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jimgili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	96.87	67.08	426.87	400	63.59	57.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.99	8.02
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur . . . . .	...	...	457.13	426.72	66.67	44.37	14.22	16.67	88.91	123.12	160	145.47	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	80	66.67	492.5	400	66.67	40	14.84	14.79	80	80	128.12	127.55	18.12	11.41
South-eastern—														
Delhi	87.5	66.67	480	426.67	70	55.16	17.34	17.4	80	80	150	133.33	13.44	...
Submontane—														
Amritsar	78.75	70	520	430	...	45.73	14.37	15	...	55	138.28	137.5	...	10
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	492.29	441.35	57.13	44.53	15.31	15.31	100	100	145.47	145.42	14.84	10.52
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	440	415	60	36.25	15	15	80	80	...	...	5	...
Multan . . . . .	...	68.12	467.5	391.25	58.28	39.37	15.78	15.78	100	133.75	...	145	...	6.56
N.-W. Frontier Pro-														
vince—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	72.71	433.91	412.92	82.03	49.22	15.36	17.6	83.12	82.03	164.11	152.34	3.85	6.67
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	13.75	14.06	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	520	...	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	468.75	390	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	490 to 590	440 to 480	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	85.68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	157.92	157.92	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	484.22	414.01	84.32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	333.33	...	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	86.56	85.52	...	365	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat	91.51	...	475.68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	445	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	86.62	88.87	533.37	466.62	...	...	23.87	21.62	100	83.37	120	120	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	66.62	69.5	400	350	...	...	23.5	22.87	88.87	106.62	123.12	100.62	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	420	350	...	...	21	20	140	150	180	100	...	...
Barar—														
Akola . . . . .	...	...	400	400	...	...	20	20	95.25	95.25	...	92.75	...	...
Amraoti	77.25	77.25	460	430	...	...	19	18	150	110	...	...	...	8.5
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	89.4	82.8	452.9	487.9	56.2	64.1	23.1	22.4	...	...	91.3	89.6	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	410.9	445.2	...	...	...	...	188.4	188.4	85.7	85.7	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . . . .	...	66.2	571.5	444.5	67.4	75.4	...	...	...	...	98.9	65.9	...	...
Cuddaspeh . . . . .	...	...	460.5	460.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	98.8	80.8	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116.6	116.6	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	433.3	400	...	...	15.7	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74.1	79.1	498.8	592.5	57.7	72.4	12.5	12.8	131.7	75.7	104.5	96.8	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	466.6	466.6	...	...	13.1	13.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	743.2	608.2	...	...	17.6	17.6	115.1	138.6	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	84.2	81.4	540.5	473	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	76	60	430	497.13	68.54	102.86	...	...	197.13*	197.13*	120	120	2.92	2.19
Bangalore	68	63	548.54	582.86	68.54	85.68	...	...	240*	240*	171.41	171.41	5.88	5.68

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOW BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
10-62	5-21	10-62	6-15	...	...	30-78	25-83	100	100	85	85	2-31	2-44	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	10	7-97	...	...	90	90	150	150	2-37	2-31	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	12-19	7-29	21-56	20	140	140	160	140	2-28	2-53	Central— Lahore
...	...	20	11-41	15-94	6-67	22-19	16-67	80	80	150	150	2-12	1-81	South-eastern— Delhi
...	10	8-02	...	14-79	120	120	...	140	2-5	2-5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	16-67	10	23-49	16-67	90	90	100	80	2-16	2-31	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	8-12	5	25	20	100	100	140	140	2-5	2-62	Western— Lyallpur
...	5	...	24-06	...	90	...	120	2-59	2-59	Multan
...	...	2-81	3-85	6-15	5-21	17-4	75-63	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2-5	2-87	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	2-53	2-87	Dera Ismael Khan
...	8-12	...	14-69	...	122-5	...	...	...	1-84	...	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	2-37	Shikarpur
...	7-66	10-62	30-94	25-62	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2-81	2-66	Quetta
...	1-87	2-25	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	2-05	2	Sholapur
...	1-87	2-16	Poona
...	30	25-68	...	...	...	...	2-03	1-98	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	2-03	2-25	Dhulia
...	2-25	2-33	Gujarat— Surat
...	22-5	17-5	...	...	...	...	2-34	2-31	Ahmadabad
...	50	50	90	90	1-87	2	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	26-62	25	60	60	70	70	1-75	1-75	Central— Jubbulpore
...	35	2-25	2	Eastern— Raipur
...	77	72	62	63	1-87	1-87	Berar— Akola
...	9	...	2	38	41	55	55	100	85	2-25	2-12	Amravati
...	...	3-2	4-1	12	12	109-5*	109-5*	...	...	50	50	2-13	2-25	Madras— South central— Coimbatore
7-8	6-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	...	...	2-1	2	Salem
...	...	6-8	6-8	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	100	2-25	2-25	Central— Bellary
...	2-06	2	Cuddapah
...	2-25	2-5	Karnal
3-6	3-6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-7	1-44	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	14-2	14-2	23-5	26-4	98-75†	98-75†	...	...	1-79	1-82	East Coast, south— Madras
...	130†	130†	...	...	1-68	2-23	Tanjore
...	18-1	18-1	35-3	38-4	...	...	...	...	2-26	2-24	Trichinopoly
10-7	6-4	...	...	12-5	12-5	16-9	16-9	...	...	40	40	2	2	Southern— Madura
2-92	2-92	2-92	2-92	...	...	36-72	36-72	80	80	100	100	2-12	2-44	Mysore— Mysore
5-88	5-88	...	...	...	...	33-8	33-8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 24, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1911 [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR DUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoidum</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month				
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	6 5	6 5	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	6 13	6 13	...	...	5 10	6 2	6 2	6 13	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . .	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 7	6 13	6 8	...	...	...	...
Rangoon . . .	8 14	8 14	...	...	6 10	6 10	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	...	...	6 1	6 1	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 1	6 6	5 13	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . .	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 7	6 7	...	...	...	...
Hensada* . . .	...	7 —	...	...	...	4 13	...	6 12	...	...	...	...
Prome . . .	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 10	6 10	6 15	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo* . . .	...	...	...	...	...	5 10	...	6 11	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay . . .	8 9	8 14	...	...	5 8	6 12	6 3	6 13	13 12	14 15	...	...
Bhamo . . .	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 12	7 5	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 12	7 12	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . .	...	...	...	...	7 5	6 —	8 1	7 —	15 9	16 —	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway . . .	3 4	3 4	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyn . . .	4 —	4 —	...	...	6 8	4 —	7 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . .	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Tipperra . . .	...	...	...	...	7 3	6 14	9 3	8 15	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 4	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . .	15 —	15 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	10 —	9 10	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna . . .	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi . . .	12 12	12 12	24 —	24 —	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Malda . . .	14 —	13 8	...	20 —	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	10 14	11 4	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jaipalguri . . .	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	12 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . .	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Burma—												
Sylhet . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 —	8 14	8 12	...	...	...	...
Cachar . . .	8 14	9 2	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 9	10 10	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jaintia Hills . . .	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	3 8	2 8	6 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur . . .	10 —	12 —	...	...	24 —	23 —	26 —	24 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara . . .	18 —	18 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
Kamrup . . .	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	13 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur . . .	6 12	6 12	...	...	4 4	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittuoks sold for one rupee]

MAIZE OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANARADAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Burma —
...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim —
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergui
...	11 10	11 10	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 11	13 11	Tavoy
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Monlmein and
...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	14 —	17 8	Amherst
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic) —
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	7 15	7 15	17 14	17 14	Pegu
...	9 8	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	17 2	Rangoon
...	7 14	7 14	...	...	8 3	8 3	17 13	17 13	Manbin
...	14 3	14 3	Bassein
...	7 12	...	13 11	...	7 9	...	14 3	Pegu (inland) —
...	9 9	9 14	14 4	15 2	8 4	8 4	18 10	18 10	Tharawadi
...	5 9	5 9	14 —	14 —	Henzada
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Prome
...	16 4	17 —	17 15	18 —	9 8	9 —	16 2	16 —	Tonngoo
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	14 3	14 3	Thayetmyo
...	4 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Upper Burma —
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	13 —	Mandalay
...	Bhamo
...	15 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	21 —	Pakokku
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Meiktila
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Arakan —
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Sandoway
...	10 8	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kyaukpadaung
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Akyab
...	16 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Eastern Bengal and
...	18 12	18 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 12	15 12	Assam —
...	16 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Eastern —
...	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 8	11 —	19 8	19 —	Chittagong
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	Noakhali
...	15 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Buckerganj
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	Maimensingh
...	12 5	11 —	...	...	9 7	11 —	18 4	18 —	Tippera
...	11 10	11 10	...	...	9 11	9 11	16 —	16 —	Dacca
...	8 —	7 12	...	...	6 4	6 —	10 8	10 8	Faridpur
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Central —
...	4 —	4 —	15 —	14 —	5 —	4 —	12 —	12 —	Pabna
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Rajshahi
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Malda
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Bogra
...	13 —	12 8	...	...	8 12	8 8	16 —	16 —	Northern —
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Jalpaiguri
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	Dinajpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Rangpur
...	9 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Burma —
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	Hill tracts —
...	Khási and Jaintia
...	Hills
...	Garo Hills
...	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	Brahmaputra —
...	Goalpara
...	Kamrup
...	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort	Common	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—												
<i>Deltaic—</i>												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 2	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 5	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	10 —	10 —	13 8	13 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	11 6	11 4	17 12	20 —	...	...	8 5	8 8	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	10 8	9 7	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Bankura	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Hardwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 6	9 8	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	13 8	13 —	17 12	18 —	...	...	10 13	10 8	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	10 —	11 —	18 —	16 —	...	...	11 8	11 11	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Oriasa—</i>												
Puri	10 13	10 13	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Balasore	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	12 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	13 8	13 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>												
Singbhum	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	11 —	10 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	20 —
Ráncbi	10 8	11 8	13 —	13 8	...	...	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Paláman	14 10	15 12	18 9	23 10	...	...	11 4	12 6	...	...	...	...
Hasáribágh	12 —	11 8	18 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>												
Monghyr	14 —	14 3	19 —	20 —	...	...	13 12	13 4	...	...	...	...
Gaya	12 5	12 13	20 8	20 8	...	...	11 4	11 12	18 7	16 6	...	...
Patna	14 —	14 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —
Shahabad	16 —	15 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, north—</i>												
Purnea	13 8	15 —	...	...	...	...	11 5	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bhágálpur	11 14	12 —	17 8	18 —	...	...	11 4	10 12	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	15 6	13 3	22 —	23 —	...	...	13 3	12 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Champáran	14 8	14 8	28 —	28 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirzapur	11 —	10 8	15 —	16 —	...	4 8	9 —	10 8	...	...	16 —	13 —
Benares	11 15	11 15	16 12	17 5	6 —	6 —	6 1	8 1	...	...	15 3	15 3
Ghasipur	12 8	12 10	18 5	17 9	6 11	6 11	11 —	10 12	20 13	20 13	16 5	15 9
Jaunpur	12 3	12 3	17 13	18 —	5 4	5 6	8 11	8 11	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	11 8	10 12	17 —	17 —	5 12	5 12	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	17 —	15 —
<i>Central—</i>												
Bánda	11 10	11 10	17 8	17 8	4 4	4 —	7 14	7 14	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur . . . . .	...	11 —	16 —	16 —	5 14	5 14	6 14	6 12	19 10	19 7	16 9	16 9
Hamirpur	11 8	11 8	15 2	15 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalaun	12 8	12 12	16 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	...	15 —	15 —
Cawnpore	12 —	12 8	17 —	16 8	...	...	8 4	8 4	17 —	17 8	16 —	15 —
Shámet . . . . .	...	12 4	...	18 9	...	6 1	...	8 5	...	17 8	...	15 5
Etárah	12 4	12 4	16 4	16 4	3 —	3 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Kárukhabad	12 5	12 5	17 —	17 —	3 14	3 9	8 8	8 2	...	...	15 —	13 —
Mainpuri	13 —	13 8	15 8	16 8	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	17 —	14 —
Etah	13 —	13 —	17 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	15 —	...	15 —	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut	13 —	13 4	16 8	16 12	3 8	3 8	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	12 8
Ágra	11 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Muttra . . . . .	...	12 8	...	17 —	...	5 —	...	8 —	...	14 —	...	14 —
Aligarh	13 —	13 —	17 4	17 4	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	18 8	16 8	14 —	14 —
Bulandshahr	13 8	13 8	16 —	19 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	16 —	15 —
<i>Submontane, east—</i>												
Ballia	14 5	13 10	20 2	20 13	6 8	6 8	10 11	11 1	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	12 8	12 8	18 8	18 8	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —
Gorakhpur	13 1	13 8	18 15	18 15	8 9	8 2	12 10	11 11	...	20 12	...	...
Bast	14 —	14 —	21 —	21 8	6 8	6 —	14 —	13 12	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Sesaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA- CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUBAGA (<i>Ocra aristatum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Bengal—
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 8	Dacca—
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Khulna
...	to	to	...	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	24 Parganas
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	20 —	20 —	Midnapur.
...	...	9 —	9 —	13 8	13 8	...	...	10 12	10 12	18 —	18 —	Howrah
...	15 12	15 12	...	...	9 6	10 —	16 —	16 —	Calcutta
...	16 13	16 —	...	...	8 14	9 —	16 —	16 —	Hooghly
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	14 8	14 —	...	...	11 8	10 6	18 12	18 12	Jessore
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Central—
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Bankura
...	17 —	18 —	...	...	9 8	10 —	21 —	20 —	Bardwan
...	14 —	13 —	24 —	33 —	12 —	11 —	17 —	17 —	Birbhum
10 —	10 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	Marashidabad
...	12 2	12 7	...	...	10 2	8 13	26 —	26 8	Santhal Parganas
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	14 7	14 7	23 —	22 —	Hills—
...	and	and	...	...	8 —	9 —	18 —	19 —	Darjeeling
...	13 2	13 2	...	...	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	Orissa—
...	10 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Puri
...	13 8	14 —	...	...	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	Cuttack
...	14 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Balasore
...	14 —	13 8	18 —	20 —	12 —	11 —	17 —	16 8	Sambalpur
40 —	32 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	26 8	26 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Chota Nagpur —
...	16 14	18 9	33 12	33 12	13 8	13 8	18 —	18 —	Singbhum
...	16 —	15 8	26 8	32 —	11 1	10 8	16 —	16 —	Mánbhum
30 —	26 4	...	...	16 13	17 13	13 14	18 14	10 —	10 8	18 14	13 14	Bánchi
...	18 15	18 15	21 8	22 8	12 5	11 12	16 6	17 7	Paláman
...	22 —	22 —	24 —	24 —	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Hasáribágh
22 —	22 —	16 6	16 6	19 —	19 —	20 —	21 —	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	Bihar, south —
...	...	21 —	20 —	16 —	16 —	...	18 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	15 —	Monghyr
...	17 8	18 12	19 8	19 —	11 4	11 4	17 12	17 12	Gaya
...	19 12	20 —	22 —	20 4	11 —	11 —	19 12	18 —	Patna
...	19 —	19 —	23 —	23 —	11 —	11 8	18 —	18 —	Shahabad
...	18 —	18 8	22 —	24 —	12 8	12 —	19 —	19 —	Bihar, north —
...	...	13 —	...	23 —	23 —	25 —	25 —	11 —	11 —	17 8	17 8	Purnea
25 —	25 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Champáran
...	United Provinces—
...	...	11 —	15 —	15 —	...	19 —	18 —	11 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	(a) AGRA—
...	...	14 1½	13 9	17 14	17 14	...	...	12 3	12 3	17 7	17 7	Eastern—
...	19 14	19 14	20 13	21 7	13 8	13 8	17 8	17 8	Mirzapur
9 6	9 9	16 1	18 8	17 7	17 1	...	...	14 5	14 5	17 4	17 4	Benares
...	19 8	18 8	...	...	15 —	15 —	20 1	20 1	Ghazipur
...	19 4	19 12	...	...	14 8	14 3	18 4	18 4	Jaunpur
...	16 8	...	...	...	14 —	18 —	18 —	Allahabad
...	20 —	20 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 —	18 —	Central—
...	18 8	18 8	...	...	12 8	12 8	19 —	19 —	Bánda
...	...	14 —	14 —	17 8	17 8	20 —	24 —	15 —	14 8	22 —	22 —	Fatehpur
...	17 15	...	18 8	...	10 6	...	...	Hamirpur
...	17 8	17 8	17 8	17 8	15 8	15 8	20 8	20 8	Jalaun
...	15 10	15 10	17 —	17 —	12 5	12 5	19 8	19 8	Cawnpore
...	15 8	15 —	18 —	16 8	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Jhansi
...	15 8	16 —	18 —	19 —	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Etáwan
...	17 8	17 8	17 8	17 —	13 —	13 —	22 8	22 8	Farakhabad
...	17 —	16 8	...	...	13 8	13 —	22 8	22 8	Mainpuri
...	15 8	...	...	...	15 —	...	...	Etah
...	17 8	17 8	17 8	17 —	13 —	13 —	22 8	22 8	Western—
...	17 —	16 8	...	...	13 8	13 —	22 8	22 8	Meerut
...	15 8	...	...	...	15 —	...	...	Agra
...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	17 —	19 —	13 1	13 —	22 —	22 —	Muttra
...	17 4	17 —	17 12	18 —	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Aligarh
...	20 2	20 2	20 13	20 13	12 6	12 6	16 14	16 14	Batandshahr
...	17 —	17 —	26 —	26 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Submontane, east—
...	...	20 12	20 12	20 12	20 12	20 12	20 12	11 10	11 10	18 6	18 10	Ballia
...	20 8	20 4	23 —	23 8	13 —	13 8	19 —	19 —	Azamgarh
25 —	25 —	18 —	18 —	17 —	17 —	26 —	26 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Gorakhpur
...	18 —	20 12	20 12	20 8	20 4	23 —	23 8	13 —	13 8	19 —	19 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
United Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>												
<i>Sub-montane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur . . .	13 8	13 8	18 —	18 8	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	16 4	16 —
Budaun . . .	13 2	13 2	16 12	17 4	4 —	4 —	7 10	7 4	14 8	10 —	14 4	14 —
Pilibit . . .	12 14	12 4	19 —	19 —	5 3	5 3	9 8	9 4	...	...	...	...
Bareilly* . . .	...	12 6	...	16 8	...	3 8	...	7 4	...	...	...	...
Moradabad* . . .	...	13 6	...	18 4	...	3 4	...	7 4	...	15 —	...	15 4
Bijnor . . .	12 12	12 8	19 —	19 —	3 8	3 8	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar . . .	13 3	13 3	17 1	17 1	6 10	6 10	7 11	7 2	15 6	15 6	11 —	11 —
Saharanpur* . . .	...	12 12	...	17 —	...	3 8	...	7 8	...	14 14	...	14 14
Dehra-Dun . . .	11 8	11 8	17 8	19 —	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal* . . .	...	9 —	...	13 —	...	3 —	...	6 8	...	12 —	...	11 —
Almora* . . .	...	9 12	...	13 —	...	2 12	...	7 8	...	...	...	...
Garhwal* . . .	...	10 —	...	13 —	...	3 4	...	5 8	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh . . .	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	4 4	4 8	8 4	8 4	...	...	14 —	...
Sultanpur . . .	14 —	13 8	22 —	19 8	5 —	5 —	11 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bae-Bareilly* . . .	...	11 12	...	16 —	...	6 —	...	7 4	...	16 —	...	16 —
Unao . . .	12 2	12 2	16 12	16 4	5 —	6 —	8 —	8 8	14 8	14 —	17 —	10 —
Lucknow . . .	13 —	12 8	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	16 8	...
Hardoi . . .	13 4	13 8	17 8	18 —	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	17 —	20 —	15 —	14 —
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad . . .	12 8	12 8	18 12	19 —	...	...	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Barabanki . . .	12 8	12 8	17 —	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —
Gonda . . .	13 12	13 12	20 8	20 8	7 4	7 4	8 8	8 8	16 4	16 4	15 8	15 8
Bahraich . . .	14 8	14 12	20 —	19 —	8 —	7 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Sitapur . . .	13 4	12 12	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	8 8	17 —	16 —	17 —	16 —
Kheri . . .	13 —	13 8	18 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	7 8	18 —	17 —	16 —	14 —
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Partabgarh . . .	16 4	16 —	18 12	17 —	5 8	3 4	7 8	7 —	23 4	22 —	...	...
Banewara . . .	13 8	13 —	15 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur) . . .	10 12	11 6	13 10	14 6	6 10	6 10	7 3	7 7	13 15	15 —	8 14	9 7
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur) . . .	9 14	10 —	14 —	15 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Ajmer . . .	11 —	11 —	12 8	13 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8
Kishangarh . . .	10 —	10 —	12 —	13 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	13 8	14 8	11 8	11 8
Bundi . . .	17 11	16 7	25 5	22 12	6 5	5 1	6 15	6 15	25 5	25 5	11 6	11 6
Kotah . . .	13 4	13 —	14 —	15 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 12	16 12	11 —	11 —
Jhalawar . . .	13 12	13 4	16 8	15 9	5 12	5 12	10 —	8 —	17 12	18 —	15 —	11 —
Tonk* . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jaipur . . .	11 13	...	15 11	...	5 4	...	6 —	...	15 11	...	12 13	...
Karauli . . .	12 8	12 13	15 —	15 —	6 4	6 4	6 14	6 14	...	...	13 13	13 12
Dholpur . . .	12 9	12 9	15 7	15 13	5 12	5 12	6 —	6 —	15 14	15 9	15 8	13 14
Bharatpur . . .	12 10	12 8	15 8	15 12	4 14	4 14	...	...	15 8	15 8	13 10	13 10
Alwar . . .	12 12	12 12	16 2	16 5	5 12	5 12	7 4	7 10	14 8	14 8	14 13	14 8
Deoli . . .	13 —	13 —	16 8	17 4	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	17 2	17 2	15 —	15 —
Nasirabad . . .	11 —	11 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	13 8	13 —	12 —	12 —
Shahpura . . .	13 —	12 12	15 2	14 13	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 11	14 —	10 —	10 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner . . .	9 8	9 8	14 —	14 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	9 —	9 —
Jaisalmer . . .	8 14	8 14	...	...	5 10	5 10	7 5	7 5	9 12	9 12	8 14	8 14
Jodhpur . . .	10 7	10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 9
and . . .	11 1	11 1	13 3	13 9	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	13 8	14 12	11 4	11 6
Balmer . . .	10 2	10 2	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	10 5	10 5
Erinpura . . .	10 15	10 7	15 5	14 8	...	...	5 —	5 1	13 —	13 —	12 —	11 12
Sirohi . . .	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
and . . .	11 8	12 —	16 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	13 4	14 —	13 —	13 —
Anadra . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Abu . . .	9 14	9 14	13 —	12 8	4 12	4 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	10 12	10 12
Central India—												
Indore . . .	11 4	11 4	17 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	13 —	13 —
Nimach . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 12	6 12	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Gwalior* . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar . . .	11 4	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	14 8	14 —	12 8	11 8
Ferozpur . . .	13 —	14 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore . . .	12 12	12 12	17 12	17 12	...	...	6 12	6 12	15 12	15 12	13 12	13 12
Gujranwala . . .	13 4	12 12	18 —	17 12	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Guwat . . .	12 4	12 8	18 —	19 —	...	...	6 10	6 12	...	...	...	...
Jhelam . . .	11 12	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	13 8	13

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Ocra aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	16 —	16 —	19 —	19 —	20 —	20 —	17 —	17 —	20 —	20 —	United Provinces— continued
...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	15 8	18 12	17 8	12 8	12 —	20 —	20 —	(a) AGRA—continued
...	19 14	18 14	...	...	13 4	13 4	20 12	20 12	Submontane, west—
...	17 —	...	...	...	12 4	...	20 4	Shahjahanpur
...	17 —	...	...	...	15 4	...	20 —	Budaun
...	15 8	9 —	9 —	12 4	12 —	19 —	19 —	Pilibit
...	17 1	17 1	15 6	15 6	7 11	7 11	20 14	20 14	Bareilly
...	17 —	...	18 2	10 8	10 8	21 4	21 4	Moradabad
16 —	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	Bijnor
...	12 —	...	14 —	...	...	...	13 —	Muzaffarnagar
...	13 —	...	...	...	12 —	...	...	...	9 —	...	12 —	Saharanpur
...	16 —	...	16 —	...	8 —	...	...	...	6 —	...	10 —	Dehra-Dun
...	Hills—
...	17 —	17 —	...	...	13 8	12 4	20 —	20 —	Naini Tal
...	22 —	19 4	...	...	16 —	16 —	22 —	22 —	Almora
...	18 —	...	12 —	...	16 4	...	30 —	...	13 —	...	20 —	Garhwal
...	...	8 —	11 —	16 8	15 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	(b) OUDH—
...	18 —	18 8	20 —	22 —	14 —	15 —	18 —	18 —	Southern—
21 —	22 —	16 —	16 —	18 8	18 8	20 —	20 —	12 —	13 —	19 8	20 —	Partabgarh
...	...	15 —	14 —	20 8	20 —	...	...	13 4	13 8	18 8	18 8	Sultanpur
...	...	12 —	12 —	17 8	17 8	22 —	22 8	16 —	16 —	19 —	19 —	Rae-Bareilly
12 —	12 —	13 —	12 —	19 8	19 8	26 8	26 8	12 12	13 13	18 —	18 —	Unao
...	24 —	24 8	23 8	23 —	14 —	14 8	18 8	18 8	Lucknow
18 —	18 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	19 8	20 —	19 —	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Hardoi
20 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	19 —	20 —	17 —	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Northern—
...	17 10	17 —	23 4	24 —	11 8	10 —	17 8	16 —	Fyzabad
...	19 —	19 —	16 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	16 8	Barabanki
...	...	6 6	6 6	12 2	12 3	12 13	14 6	10 5	9 7	17 13	17 13	Gonda
...	11 4	11 4	10 4	10 4	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bahraich
13 —	13 —	6 8	6 8	14 12	14 4	13 8	13 8	10 8	10 8	24 —	24 —	Sitapur
...	13 —	14 —	12 —	13 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Kheri
...	15 13	15 13	24 1	24 —	...	...	20 4	20 4	Rajputana—
...	15 8	15 4	16 —	16 —	8 —	9 —	21 —	21 —	Eastern—
...	12 10	12 5½	27 —	24 10	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Partabgarh
...	Banawara
...	14 2	14 2	...	...	16 11	...	24 9	...	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	7 5	...	17 —	...	15 3	...	8 12	...	20 —	20 —	Hilly Tracts of
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	13 13	13 9½	21 8	22 8	Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	5 —	5 —	16 12	16 8½	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ajmer
...	...	9 12	9 12	15 8	15 8	18 8	18 —	11 12	11 12	22 8	22 8	Kishangarh
...	...	13 —	13 —	19 9	19 4	14 10	14 4	22 8	22 3	24 12	24 12	Bundi
...	15 —	15 8	17 —	17 —	10 —	10 —	22 —	21 8	Kotah
...	15 8	15 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 8	24 8	Jhalawar
...	13 2	13 —	14 15	14 8	...	...	21 15	22 —	Tonk
...	15 4	15 4	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 8	21 —	Jaipur
...	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Karauli
...	15 7	15 2	...	...	9 6	9 6	16 12	16 12	Dholpur
...	18 12	12 14	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bharatpur
...	12 15	12 10	...	...	...	...	23 —	22 —	Alwar
...	...	15 —	5 —	12 8	13 —	11 8	12 —	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Deoli
...	13 —	13 —	11 4	11 4	...	...	21 —	21 —	Nasirabad
...	13 1	13 1	11 13	11 5	8 10	8 10	20 —	20 —	Shahpura
...	17 8	17 8	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Western—
...	14 8	14 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	Bikaner
...	Jaisalmer
...	Jodhpur
...	Bálmer
...	Erinpura
...	Sirohi
...	Anádra
...	Abu
...	Central India—
...	Indore
...	Nimach
...	Gwalior
...	Panjab—
...	Southern—
...	17 8	17 —	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Hissar
...	17 —	18 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
...	Central—
...	16 12	17 12	16 12	16 12	11 8	10 —	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	17 8	17 4	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Gujranwala
...	15 8	16 —	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	16 —	16 —	13 8	13 —	8 —	8 —	27 —	27 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR JUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Panjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurjāon	13 —	12 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Delhi	11 12	12 8	16 —	16 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	15 —	15 —	13 —	12 —
Rohtak	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 —	14 8	13 —	13 —
Karnāl	12 8	13 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	13 —	12 12	17 8	17 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	16 8	16 8	13 12	13 12
Ludhiāna	13 8	13 8	16 8	20 —	...	...	7 —	6 —	16 —	17 —	14 —	14 —
Jalandhār	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	12 —
Hoshiārpur	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Gurdāspur	14 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Amritsar	14 —	13 4	18 8	19 —	...	...	8 4	7 8	17 8	18 —	12 —	12 —
Sialkot	13 —	13 8	17 —	18 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 12	10 12	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 —	11 8	10 8	10 8
Kāngra	13 —	12 8	20 —	19 8	...	...	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Bāwalpindi	11 12	12 —	16 12	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	19 —	13 8	13 8
Attock	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Shāhpur	14 —	14 —	19 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	15 —	15 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	16 —	16 —
Lyallpur	13 —	11 8	15 8	15 8	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Multan	12 —	12 —	16 4	16 4	...	...	9 —	8 4	16 8	16 4	13 12	13 12
Montgomery	12 8	12 12	16 —	17 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	13 —
Muzaffargarh	12 —	12 8	16 —	17 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Dera Ghazi Khan* . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hasāra	9 14	10 2	13 4	13 4	3 3	3 3	6 15	6 6	...	...	12 8	11 —
Peshāwar	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	4 14	4 9	7 13	7 8	...	...	14 —	14 —
Kohāt	12 6	12 6	16 12	17 4	4 —	4 —	9 4	9 4	16 10	16 10	14 10	15 5
Banna	17 8	17 3	26 14	28 12	3 7	3 7	9 11	9 6	23 12	25 —	16 4	17 8
Dera Ismael Khan	13 4	13 2	16 4	18 12	3 4	3 2	5 8	5 8	20 —	20 —	16 4	16 4
Tochi	15 —	15 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	8 2	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	15 —	15 12	25 —	25 —	9 12	9 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	3 8	3 4	5 8	5 8	14 —	14 —	...	...
Wano	9 13	10 1	12 2	12 2	2 13	2 13	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	10 —	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	7 —	11 8	11 —	9 —	9 8
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	5 8	8 —	7 8	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkār (Umarkot)	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikarpur	12 —	12 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	12 —	13 —	11 —	12 —
Upper Sind Frontier	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Quetta	to 10 11	to 10 11	13 1	13 3	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	12 9	12 13	11 10	11 1
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 13	7 5	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 14	7 14	9 10	9 10	9 12	10 4
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 10
Alibāg	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	6 12	6 12	...	...	9 8	9 6
Bombay	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	8 3	8 2	10 7	10 7	9 15	9 15
Thanna	7 3	7 3	...	...	6 5	6 5	7 5	7 5	9 5	9 5	12 8	12 8
Deccan and Karnātāk—												
Dharwar	10 6	10 6	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 4	8 4	13 2	13 2	12 11	12 11
Belgaum	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	12 15	12 15	11 10	11 6
Satara	7 1	7 1	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 7	9 14	9 14	10 —	10 —
Sholapur	9 6	9 13	...	...	6 7	6 15	8 —	8 8	12 15	13 7	10 14	12 —
Bijapur	8 14	9 12	...	...	7 7	7 7	8 7	8 7	12 4	12 4	...	...
Poona	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 6	6 6	7 —	7 10	10 13	9 10	8 6	8 6
Khandesh and N.-E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	6 4	6 10	6 10	7 —	11 11	11 11	9 13	10 8
Nāsik	9 14	9 14	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	9 8	9 8
Dhulis	8 15	8 15	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 15	6 15	11 7	11 7	10 3	10 3
Jalgaon	9 1	9 1	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 6	7 6	10 14	10 14	9 11	9 11
Gujarāt—												
Surat	9 4	9 4	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 14	7 10	10 10	10 10	8 13	8 13
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	9 —	9 8
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	11 8	9 8	9 8
Baroda	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	8 8	8 8
Ahmadabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Godhra	9 0	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 4	7 8	...	...	9 —	9 —
Disa	9 8	9 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 12	10 12	9 8	9 12
Kathāwar—												
Rajkot	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 8	10 8	10 —	8 8	9 —
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 14	10 2	...	...	4 6	4 6	7 9	7 2	16 8	16 8	...	...
Hoshangabad	11 4	11 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	14 10	14 10	...	...
Betul	13 6	12 1	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	...	15 14	...	...
Ohhindwār	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 10	6 10	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	...	...
Nagpur	12 2	11 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	14 15	14 15	...	...
Wardha	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 9	9 8	14 15	14 15	...	...

*Not reported.

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARWA OR RAGI (<i>Echinochloa</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Sesaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUMAGA (<i>Oryza aristinum</i>)		MAISE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	
...	19 —	18 8	12 —	13 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	18 —	18 —	18 —	16 —	11 8	11 8	22 —	22 —	South-eastern —
...	19 8	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	20 8	20 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
10 8	19 8	15 8	15 8	18 4	17 8	19 8	19 8	12 —	12 —	27 —	27 —	Rohtak
...	...	10 —	11 —	18 —	19 —	18 8	20 —	...	6 8	25 8	25 8	Karnal
...	...	11 —	10 —	18 4	17 8	19 8	19 8	...	...	26 —	27 —	Submontane—
...	17 —	17 —	17 8	17 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Ambala
...	17 —	17 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	12 —	12 4	17 —	17 8	15 8	16 —	10 —	10 —	26 —	26 —	Jalandhar
...	16 —	16 —	12 —	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	15 —	15 —	16 8	16 8	9 —	9 —	18 12	18 —	Gurdaspur
...	14 8	13 8	17 —	15 —	8 8	8 8	18 —	18 —	Amritsar
...	...	18 —	18 —	17 —	17 —	16 8	16 8	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Sialkot
...	16 —	15 8	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	17 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Simla
18 —	17 8	18 —	18 —	16 —	15 12	17 8	18 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	16 4	16 —	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Northern —
...	...	13 —	13 —	16 8	16 —	16 —	12 8	...	...	23 —	23 —	Rawalpindi
...	16 12	16 12	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 8	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 8	13 —	13 —	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Western —
...	Shahpur
...	13 —	13 —	11 8	12 8	...	...	20 —	20 —	Jhang
...	...	14 —	14 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —	9 2	9 2	25 —	25 —	Lyallpur
...	15 13	16 8	13 6	13 6	...	...	25 8	25 8	Multan
...	23 —	22 13	21 4	18 2	...	...	30 10	30 10	Montgomery
...	20 10	20 5	20 —	20 —	9 13	9 2	27 —	27 —	Muzaffargarh
...	20 —	19 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	18 —	18 —	...	...	21 —	18 —	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	13 —	13 —	11 —	11 6	6 —	6 —	19 —	19 —	Hazara
...	Peshawar
...	12 —	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Kohat
...	13 —	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	23 —	23 —	Banna
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	26 —	26 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	16 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Tochi
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kurram
...	12 14	12 9	10 —	10 —	6 2	6 2	16 —	16 —	Malakand
...	Wano
14 7	14 7	...	...	20 15	10 7	...	...	8 9	8 9	19 11	19 11	Sind and Baluchistan—
11 3	11 3	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Karachi
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 6	7 6	20 6	23 12	Hyderabad
7 14	7 14	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 15	8 15	18 14	18 14	Thar and Parkar
12 8	12 8	...	...	11 2	11 2	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	(Umarkot)
...	10 15	10 15	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 10	20 10	Shikarpur
18 4	16 3	...	...	12 —	11 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	19 13	19 13	Upper Sind Frontier
...	12 2	11 8	...	...	10 14	10 14	19 —	19 —	Quetta
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	11 3	11 3	18 12	18 12	Bombay—
...	11 12	11 12	...	...	8 13	8 13	19 10	19 10	Konkan—
...	12 2	12 2	...	...	9 3	8 10	17 13	16 14	Karwar
...	12 12	12 12	...	...	10 8	11 3	15 1	15 1	Ratnagiri
13 1	13 1	...	...	13 7	12 11	...	...	10 5	11 13	22 5	22 5	Alibag
...	12 10	12 10	...	...	9 10	9 10	15 11	15 11	Bombay
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	16 6	16 6	Thanna
...	10 10	10 10	...	...	9 4	9 4	26 13	26 13	Deccan and Karnatak
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Dharwar
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Bolgaum
11 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	21 —	21 —	Satara
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	26 8	26 8	Sholapur
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	25 —	25 —	Bijapur
...	12 8	12 —	...	...	6 8	7 8	25 —	25 —	Poona
...	11 8	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	80 —	80 —	Khandesh and V.-K.
...	12 9	12 9	...	...	10 7	9 11	14 8	14 8	Deccan—
...	15 6	15 6	...	...	14 6	14 6	16 —	16 —	Ahmadnagar
...	14 7	14 2	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 7	15 7	Nasik
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	11 2	13 6	16 —	16 —	Dhulia
...	15 7	15 7	...	...	13 7	13 7	16 —	16 —	Jalgaon
...	13 6	13 6	...	...	15 7	15 7	17 —	17 —	Gujarat—
...	Surat
...	Bromoch
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmadabad
...	Gondal
...	Dasa
...	Kathawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nimar
...	Hoshangabad
...	Betul
...	Guntur
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1911—concluded [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUK (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 1	5 1	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Saugor	12 13	12 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	17 1	18 5	...	...
Damoh	14 11	14 11	...	...	7 12	7 12	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	14 2	14 2	...	...	10 2	10 2	14 3	14 3	...	...	...	...
Seoni	14 3	14 3	...	...	7 2	7 2	12 13	12 13	...	...	...	...
Balaghat	12 8	12 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bhandara	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 10	...	...
Chanda	11 6	11 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	8 14	16 2	14 6	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilaspur	14 3	14 3	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 13	14 3	...	...	...	...
Raipur	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Drug	14 14	14 14	...	...	11 2	11 10	11 14	11 14	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	10 10	10 10	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 14	6 12	15 —	15 —	...	...
Akola	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 13	6 13	8 8	8 8	14 3	14 3	...	...
Amratoti	11 9	11 9	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	17 —	17 —	...	...
Yeotmal	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 3	4 3	8 11	8 11	18 5	18 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad*	6 13	7 —	11 9	10 13	3 7	3 7	6 13	7 2	11 9	11 14	12 13	14 6
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, central												
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	12 15	12 15	12	12 5
Nilgiris . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salun . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	12 3	12 9	10 10	10 15
Central—												
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 13	14 13	...	...
Anantapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 10	16 10	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	14 10	14 12	14 2	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	15 5	15 5	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Visagapatam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 3	...	...	14 14	14 14
Godavari . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 —	10 3	10 3	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	13 —	13 3	...	...
Guntur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	12 13	12 13	12 —	12 —
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras												
Chingleput . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	9 1	...	...	12 5	12 5
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly												
Tinnevely . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 10	13 —	12 12	10 15	13 —
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	13 5	13 5	11 5	11 5
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 3	11 12	11 12	10 15	10 15
Mysore—												
Mysore	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 8	7 8	7 8	15 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 4	5 4	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar . . . . .	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	15 —	...
Tumkur	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Hassan	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	...	...
Shimoga	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	17 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Aden	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	11 3	12 7	11 13	12 7

* Including Bolaram

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee

MAHUA OR RAGI (<i>Kleome coronaria</i>)		KARONI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAG (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		Districts
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	14 10	14 10	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>
...	...	...	...	17 1	16 —	...	...	13 —	11 2	18 —	18 5	Central—
...	...	...	...	20 13	18 8	...	...	9 2	9 2	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	21 2	25 1	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	18 4	19 3	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	14 4	14 4	...	...	10 2	10 2	15 5	15 5	Manilla
...	...	...	...	15 6	15 6	...	...	12 8	12 3	18 6	18 6	Seoni
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	13 5	13 5	16 —	16 —	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	14 3	14 3	12 13	12 13	Bhan lara
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	...	...	13 8	13 8	16 —	16 —	Cháuda
...	...	...	...	16 —	18 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 4	15 4	<i>Eastern—</i>
...	...	...	...	16 5	16 5	...	...	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	9 13	9 13	15 —	15 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 2	...	...	15 12	14 12	18 —	18 —	Drug
...	...	...	...	14 3	14 5	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	Berar—
16 5	15 6	...	...	11 9	11 9	...	...	16 5	16 5	14 —	14 —	Buldana
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akola
16 4	16 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amráoti
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yectmal
14 9	14 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territories—
16 13	16 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
16 14	17 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar Coast—
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 5	17 3	Malabar
15 6	14 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	S. Canara
11 10	11 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 6	18 6	South, central—
12 12	13 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 6	16 —	Coimbatore
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 9	21 12	Nilgiris
13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 11	19 15	Salem
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 7	19 7	Central—
14 7	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 5	21 1	Bollary
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 12	18 12	Anantapur
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
14 1	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, north—
12 9	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gaujam
15 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Vizagapatam
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	Go.lávári
13 12	13 12	...	...	8 12	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	18 —	18 —	East Coast, cen. ral—
16 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Kistna
20 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Chintur
17 8	18 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	16 —	Nellore
20 —	19 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	East Coast, south—
18 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	Madras
18 —	18 8	...	...	15 2	15 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	18 —	18 —	Chingleput
...	...	...	...	11 3	11 3	...	...	9 5	9 5	32 —	32 —	N. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kolar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tumkur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hassan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chitaldrug
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 24, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE, LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in September 1911, and from 1st January to 30th September 1911 and in the corresponding period of 1910

Whence exported	COTTON, raw										Whence exported
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL		
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
Imports in September											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River—
E. B. and Assam	171	5,684	...	...	...	...	...	...	171	5,684	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	435	683	...	...	...	...	...	...	435	683	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,963	2,208	4,310	893	...	...	...	...	6,273	3,101	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	...	...	44	...	1,581	282	...	...	1,625	282	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	689	426	...	...	689	426	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	528	...	3,299	319	...	...	...	...	3,827	319	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	105	1	42,699	11,490	...	...	2,990	1,058	45,795	12,589	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	1,375	1,475	4,226	3,460	...	...	...	...	5,601	4,935	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	...	...	4,504	...	...	...	6,260	11,751	10,764	11,751	Nizam's Territory
Madras	...	231	1,571	887	...	...	42,770	39,055	44,341	40,773	Madras
Mysore	...	...	1,378	...	...	...	1,906	179	3,284	179	Mysore
TOTAL	4,578	10,282	62,031	17,049	2,270	708	53,926	52,683	122,805	80,722	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
E. B. and Assam	606	1,288	...	...	...	...	...	...	606	1,288	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	...	...	...	285	...	...	...	...	...	285	Bengal
Bombay	6,003	1,843	...	...	...	18	2,160	...	8,163	1,801	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	371	5,521	...	...	...	...	371	5,521	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	6,211	1,655	258	9,256	...	...	...	...	6,469	10,911	Madras
Burma	1,325	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,325	...	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	75	40,867	21,180	...	...	...	...	40,867	21,255	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	1,500	88	3,601	3,077	...	...	300	...	5,401	3,165	Foreign countries
TOTAL	15,645	4,949	45,097	39,319	...	18	2,460	...	63,202	44,286	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	20,223	15,231	107,128	56,368	2,270	726	56,386	52,683	186,007	125,008	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of September											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River—
E. B. and Assam	44,186	182,894	...	...	...	...	...	...	44,186	182,894	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	27,686	23,874	14	...	...	...	...	7	27,700	23,881	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	93,130	58,218	149,556	98,858	1,085	2,039	...	2	243,771	159,116	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	31,209	11,673	104,263	69,558	450,704	314,682	...	...	586,241	395,913	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	323,061	439,358	...	...	323,061	439,358	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	16,600	9,476	779,573	604,821	3,230	1,717	234	...	799,637	616,014	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	776	2,178	3,230,852	2,422,913	...	...	27,857	8,543	3,259,485	2,433,634	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	161,794	66,850	2,010,486	1,357,141	...	...	...	...	2,172,280	1,423,991	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	705	712	613,903	331,885	...	...	82,783	83,060	6,7391	415,057	Nizam's Territory
Madras	940	1,746	41,100	20,005	...	...	540,775	947,785	582,921	999,396	Madras
Mysore	...	12	12,360	15,425	...	...	11,170	19,146	23,530	34,583	Mysore
TOTAL	377,086	357,633	6,942,118	4,920,666	778,080	757,795	662,819	1,054,543	8,760,103	7,094,637	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
E. B. and Assam	74,172	71,988	...	...	...	...	...	...	74,172	71,988	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	22	96	7,531	14,611	...	...	6,530	...	14,083	14,707	Bengal
Bombay	37,498	24,491	12,781	9,086	348	994	69,744	67,903	120,371	102,474	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	20	1,656	89,800	192,188	1	...	...	...	89,821	193,844	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	27,820	23,343	15,328	28,218	...	...	...	1	43,148	51,562	Madras
Burma	6,309	21,629	56	23	...	...	...	179	6,365	21,831	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	190	1,367,554	1,133,336	...	4	...	...	1,367,554	1,133,730	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	1,619	3,684	15,915	57,093	...	...	308	89	17,842	60,806	Foreign countries
TOTAL	147,460	147,077	1,508,965	1,434,755	349	998	76,582	68,172	1,733,356	1,651,002	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	524,546	504,710	8,451,083	6,355,421	778,429	758,793	739,401	1,126,715	10,493,459	8,745,639	TOTAL IMPORTS

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the ports of Madras, Pondicherry (exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara.

Whence exported	WHEAT								RICE (INCLUD			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Imports in September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	2,755	3,952	...	...	...	...	2,755	3,952	68,911	129,769	...	...
Bengal	42,049	88,735	...	...	...	...	42,049	88,735	596,841	754,177	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	509,352	157,379	10,289	76,285	172,804	143,572	692,445	377,236	907	2,885	...	...
Panjab	281	...	13,831	32,535	1,434,725	1,069,164	1,448,537	1,101,699	61	320	35	11,957
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	4	80,829	57,363	80,829	57,367	...	...	102,628	79,051
Raj. and C. India	...	262	99,459	15,880	14,749	659	114,208	16,801	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	47,390	17,342	...	...	47,390	17,342	1	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	26,419	5,964	172,975	252,523	...	...	199,394	258,487	44	1,885	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	4	2,737	...	...	4	2,737	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	46	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	954	...	954	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	580,856	256,292	343,948	397,306	1,704,061	1,270,758	2,628,865	1,924,356	666,835	889,082	102,663	91,008
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,403	10,994	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	479	3	479	3	...	...	315	118
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	11,013	25,510	...	...	11,013	25,510	...	...	4,369	2,078
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,752	6	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	36,357	50,013	2,900	...	39,257	50,013	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	...	9,780	...	...	...	9,780	13	67	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	47,370	85,303	3,379	3	50,749	85,306	14,168	11,067	4,684	2,196
TOTAL IMPORTS	580,856	256,292	391,318	482,609	1,707,440	1,270,761	2,679,614	2,009,662	681,003	900,149	107,347	93,204
Imports to end of September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	28,509	34,547	...	...	...	...	28,509	34,547	1,407,984	1,759,818	...	...
Bengal	454,940	912,617	29	9	...	...	454,969	912,626	6,013,269	7,757,479	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3,871,628	4,284,438	38,757	539,596	701,680	2,761,995	4,962,065	7,586,029	2,095	5,677	...	13
Panjab	46,127	10,087	597,486	380,305	13,988,203	14,132,935	14,631,816	14,529,327	738	1,471	2,121	30,986
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	395	522,848	577,244	522,848	577,639	...	98	823,474	894,291
Raj. and C. India	2,024	2,847	346,355	603,220	45,019	51,518	393,398	657,385	4	119	...	1
Bombay	145	1	249,531	623,612	...	...	249,676	623,613	93	291	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	309,232	652,406	906,545	2,442,002	...	...	1,215,777	3,094,408	5,257	5,822	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,544	14,671	...	...	1,544	14,671	1	10	...	...
Madras	...	...	71	158	...	...	71	158	710	740	...	...
Mysore	...	...	36	16	...	...	36	16	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	2,287	...	...	2,287	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,712,605	5,902,943	2,490,354	4,603,934	15,266,037	17,523,692	22,462,996	28,030,619	7,430,141	9,531,525	825,595	925,291
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	110	112	...	...	110	112	132,862	172,020	140	...
Bombay	...	13	10,766	193	1,041	1,245	11,807	1,451	89	199	4,193	3,141
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	393,184	66,063	98	...	393,282	66,063	...	...	43,553	36,079
Madras	...	...	46	257	...	...	46	257	...	...	2	...
Burma	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1,540,972	79,147	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	246,550	141,147	5,788	19,981	252,338	161,128	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	133	...	1,504	14,955	143	169	1,780	15,124	794	288	...	...
TOTAL	136	13	652,160	222,777	7,070	21,395	659,366	244,135	1,673,861	251,654	47,888	39,220
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,712,741	5,902,956	3,142,514	4,826,711	15,267,107	17,545,087	23,122,362	28,274,754	9,104,002	9,783,179	873,483	964,511

† One maund of paddy is

ING PADDY†				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
Imports in September												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
...	...	68,911	129,769	13,796	15,695	...	...	...	...	13,796	15,695
13,601	916	610,442	755,093	299,894	402,750	...	4,316	...	...	299,894	407,066
...	...	907	2,885	197,504	357,046	13,803	84,368	263	6,706	211,576	448,120	
...	...	96	12,277	4,107	2,589	69,188	13,234	74,419	270,126	147,714	335,949	
...	...	102,628	79,051	...	...	...	...	33,093	15,065	33,093	15,065
...	...	...	...	277	1,703	31,161	19,981	5,513	4,131	36,951	25,821
32	11	33	11	981	...	43,433	31,909	...	...	44,114	31,909
...	188	41	2,073	13,228	22,289	53,574	98,896	...	...	66,802	121,185
129	391	129	391	...	...	752	5,328	...	...	752	5,328
184,313	331,916	184,383	331,962	138	1,023	...	449	...	...	138	1,472
60	5,974	60	5,974	536	...	4	...	...	...	540	...
...	
198,135	339,396	967,631	1,319,486	530,461	803,101	211,921	308,481	113,288	296,928	855,670	1,408,510	
...	2,736	...	2,736	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries TOTAL
33,335	75,035	34,738	86,029	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1
1,742	1,657	2,057	1,775	...	...	5,522	985	412	115	5,934	1,100
1,765	8,414	6,134	10,512	...	...	1,913	2,490	66	...	1,970	2,490
62	1,094	62	1,094	2,575	9,930	...	...	...	...	2,575	9,900
238,648	9,711	251,400	9,747	2,079	2,907	...	621	...	...	2,079	3,538
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,644	6,641	507	...	2,151	6,641
118	43	131	110	21	19	43	1,314	10	80	74	1,413	
275,670	98,740	294,522	112,003	4,675	12,826	9,123	12,052	995	195	14,713	25,073	
473,805	438,136	1,262,155	1,431,489	535,136	815,927	221,044	320,533	114,283	297,123	870,463	1,433,563	
Imports to end of September												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territor. Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
...	...	1,407,984	1,759,818	136,975	101,669	...	...	...	...	136,975	101,669
136,505	365,346	6,149,774	8,122,825	2,713,485	2,809,265	...	3	4,316	...	2,713,488	2,813,581	
27,972	10	30,057	5,700	1,107,051	2,036,301	182,306	353,636	8,802	14,715	1,298,162	2,404,652	
13	...	2,872	32,457	38,108	8,528	520,956	482,466	605,199	1,023,014	1,104,203	1,514,008	
...	7	823,474	894,396	...	...	...	2	309,974	326,516	309,974	326,505
...	...	4	120	5,957	14,907	279,471	211,061	47,071	55,007	333,305	280,875	
708	370	801	661	2,040	1,659	535,020	490,573	87	...	537,947	492,232	
156	200	5,413	6,022	71,213	84,636	350,121	568,312	...	...	471,337	652,948
1,728	2,284	1,729	2,294	1,206	...	9,204	18,385	...	...	1,410	18,385
1,079,667	2,368,597	1,080,377	2,369,337	2,274	1,092	...	607	...	...	2,274	1,099
477	9,941	477	9,941	536	...	4	...	...	...	540	...
...	
1,247,226	2,746,755	9,502,362	13,203,571	4,078,848	5,057,957	1,877,891	2,129,358	971,936	1,419,242	6,028,675	8,606,557	
...	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries TOTAL
4,238	2,736	4,282	2,736	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
450,335	748,130	583,337	920,150	1,610	...	...	10	...	497	1,511	507
206,247	123,580	210,529	126,920	16	3,103	21,100	17,052	4,307	4,838	25,423	24,993	
108,879	117,213	152,432	153,292	550	...	51,341	31,338	211	77	52,102	31,415	
54,505	186,767	54,567	186,767	37,494	25,396	23	3,915	...	133	37,554	29,484	
5,311,137	1,920,736	6,851,209	1,999,883	24,830	14,215	1,510	3,372	...	...	26,340	17,587
19,649	5,306	19,649	5,306	...	...	54,537	55,992	5,845	3,288	60,382	59,280
3,918	294	4,712	582	2,352	368	7,599	3,314	240	111	10,191	3,793	
6,158,968	3,104,762	7,880,717	3,395,636	66,852	43,082	136,111	115,033	10,640	8,944	213,603	167,059	
7,403,194	5,851,517	17,383,679	16,599,207	4,145,700	5,101,039	2,014,002	2,244,391	982,576	1,428,186	7,142,278	8,773,616	
TOTAL IMPORTS												

†taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	LINSSEED						RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Imports in September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	154	2,625	...	...	154	2,625	35,407	5,752	...	...	35,407	5,752
Bengal	63,032	178,043	...	...	63,032	178,043	46,144	39,493	...	72	46,144	39,565
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	32,920	87,688	8,616	15,557	41,536	103,245	122,860	71,864	95,455	9,796	218,315	81,660
Panjab	...	...	12,078	5,018	12,078	5,018	62,248	12,966	923	23	63,171	12,989
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	...	...	6,621	11,049	6,621	11,049	4,835	17,596	14,916	5,148	57,752	22,744
Bombay	...	...	5,141	2,641	5,141	2,641	...	...	103,789	35,485	103,789	35,485
Cent. Provs. and Berar	117	...	40,791	24,133	40,908	24,133	309	256	552	1,064	861	1,320
Nizam's Territory	...	...	715	12,360	715	12,360	...	...	...	250	...	250
Madras	...	...	348	70	348	70	...	865	...	63	...	928
Mysore	...	...	23	...	23	...	...	...	5	...	5	...
TOTAL	96,223	268,356	74,333	70,834	170,556	339,150	309,804	148,792	215,640	51,901	525,444	200,623
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	90	...	...	...	90	...	...	2,985	971	2,985	971
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,465	...	...	...	1,465	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	250	...	250	...	...	...	2,000	2	2,000	2
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,021	...	...	1,021	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	180	2,762	180	2,762	...	...	51	191	51	191
Foreign countries	...	...	3,480	3,167	3,480	3,167	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	90	3,910	5,929	3,910	6,019	1,465	1,021	5,036	1,164	6,501	2,185
TOTAL IMPORTS	96,223	268,446	78,243	76,763	174,466	345,209	311,269	149,813	220,676	53,065	531,945	202,878
Imports to end of September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	132,854	152,280	...	...	132,854	152,280	760,493	185,832	...	...	760,493	185,812
Bengal	2,702,693	3,040,438	2,232	489	2,704,925	3,046,927	873,249	580,339	286	1,324	873,535	581,663
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,479,475	1,806,003	541,341	944,512	2,020,816	2,750,515	1,104,911	1,395,981	1,335,846	633,326	2,440,757	2,030,307
Panjab	...	1,912	38,091	32,522	38,091	34,134	190,162	503,176	154,128	6,267	344,290	509,443
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	25,241	91,527	455,131	895,730	480,172	940,257	96,120	158,153	134,054	148,865	230,174	307,018
Bombay	8	...	285,274	595,916	285,282	595,916	...	3,297	3,3320	294,340	383,320	297,637
Cent. Provs. and Berar	93,517	209,144	682,315	1,324,201	775,832	1,533,435	15,434	78,479	57,437	96,130	72,871	174,609
Nizam's Territory	...	...	345,031	908,974	345,031	908,974	...	...	596	4,971	596	4,771
Madras	...	...	4,228	29,883	4,228	29,883	3,741	13,295	...	63	3,741	13,358
Mysore	...	...	122	7	122	7	...	...	5	...	5	...
TOTAL	4,433,788	5,109,313	2,353,765	4,732,324	6,787,553	10,041,637	3,044,115	2,919,552	2,065,672	1,185,86	5,109,787	4,104,638
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	148	...	...	...	148	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	135	437	...	10	135	437	...	...	5,209	5,331	5,209	5,831
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	16	5,681	114	17	65	5,968	182
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	1,062	194	1,062	194	496	...	5,334	8,462	5,830	8,462
Madras	...	...	...	1	...	1	530	8,335	...	22	530	8,357
Burma	...	...	...	427	...	427	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	39,408	156,572	39,408	156,572	...	...	1,923	1,720	1,923	1,720
Foreign countries	...	6	6,051	5,085	6,051	5,091	...	...	...	10	...	10
TOTAL	135	591	46,521	162,255	46,656	162,886	7,007	8,449	12,483	16,113	19,490	24,562
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,433,923	5,109,904	2,400,286	4,894,619	6,834,209	10,204,523	3,051,122	2,928,001	2,078,155	1,201,399	5,129,277	4,129,400

JUTE						TEA						Whence exported
Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		
1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
Imports in September												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu chistan Raj. & C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
2,465,813	2,703,762	263,474	374,913	2,729,287	3,078,673	287,187	306,158	85,854	104,097	373,041	410,255	
645,364	862,297	...	...	645,364	862,297	18,431	19,821	...	2	18,431	19,821
1,160	224	...	...	1,160	224	51	261	...	...	51	261
...	...	...	...	...	...	32	184	...	...	32	184
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3
...	
329	...	...	...	329	...	4	44	...	...	4	44
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
...	
3,112,666	3,566,283	263,474	374,913	3,376,140	3,941,196	305,706	326,471	85,854	104,099	391,560	430,570	TOTAL
...	...	207	79	207	79	2,463	1,706	...	14	2,463	1,720	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports India Foreign countries
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...
...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	10	...
...	
3	...	...	...	3	...	21	17	...	...	21	17
3	...	207	79	210	79	2,494	1,723	6	14	2,500	1,737	TOTAL
3,112,669	3,566,283	263,681	374,902	3,376,350	3,941,275	308,200	328,194	85,860	104,113	394,060	432,307	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of September												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu chistan Raj. & C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
7,680,725	8,463,244	686,527	698,567	8,367,252	9,161,811	972,432	1,064,026	317,145	354,788	1,290,097	1,418,784	
2,005,655	2,420,053	...	...	2,005,655	2,420,053	111,016	91,016	1,284	24	112,300	91,040
20,043	81,680	...	...	20,043	81,680	975	1,638	...	...	975	1,638
...	1,470	...	...	...	1,470	935	819	...	...	935	819
...	...	...	...	...	...	6	12	...	...	6	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	83	50	8	...	91	50
605	4,317	...	...	605	4,317	54	48	...	...	54	48
...	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	...	...	7	2
...	
9,707,028	10,976,794	686,527	698,567	10,393,555	11,675,361	1,085,508	1,157,651	318,957	354,782	1,404,465	1,512,443	TOTAL
354	13,320	207	122	561	13,642	4,721	4,765	...	14	4,721	4,779	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports India Foreign countries
64,068	37,612	8	...	64,076	37,612	41	...	66	...	107	89	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	89	...	...	2	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	69	61	...	...	69	61
...	...	...	...	...	...	11	1	...	...	11	1
117	139	117	139	191	452	191	452	TOTAL
64,539	51,271	215	122	64,754	51,393	5,036	5,368	66	14	5,102	5,382	TOTAL IMPORTS
9,771,567	11,028,065	686,742	698,639	10,458,301	11,726,754	1,090,544	1,163,029	319,023	354,796	1,409,567	1,517,825	TOTAL IMPORTS

FRÉDÉRIC NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 24, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

**REPORT UPON THE OPERATIONS OF THE PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT
DURING THE YEAR 1910-11.**

No. B. R. C.—678, dated Calcutta, the 10th October 1911.

From—R. W. GILLAN, Esq., I. C. S., Comptroller General and Head Commissioner
of Paper Currency,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the report on the operations of the Currency Department during the year 1910-11.

For reasons already explained to Government, I have combined this year the two separate reports which formerly dealt (1) with the movement of funds and the resource operations of Government and (2) with the operations of the Currency Department and the supply of currency for trade purposes. In the peculiar circumstances of India, the management of Government balances is so closely connected with the trade conditions of the year and the supply of currency to meet them, that an attempt to deal with them separately results in overlapping in many important details and in a loss of continuity. It was decided therefore to combine the two subjects in a single report, and the practical experience of dealing with them on this basis will suffice, I think, to demonstrate the advantages of the decision.

Introductory.

2. Before examining in detail the history of the year it will be well to give in the briefest possible way a description of the balances from which currency is supplied and their inter-connection. Government Reserves and their inter-connection.

There are first, the balances held by Government in the course of ordinary business with the public. The money comes in at treasuries and sub-treasuries all over the country, but no more of it is left there than is needed for ordinary requirements and any surplus is withdrawn to reserve treasuries at headquarters which are the reservoirs from which trade demands in the shape of Council Bills have to be supplied. Balances were easy throughout the year, the minimum—reached in January 1911—being 13 crores against a minimum of 10 crores in the preceding year. The reserve treasuries were always fuller and sometimes very much fuller. The portion held by Presidency Banks at headquarters was larger and more money was left throughout the year in district treasuries. Treasury balances.

Apart from these treasury balances, Government holds a balance accumulated out of revenue, *viz.*, profits on coinage, and separately funded. The great bulk of this Gold Standard Reserve is held in England, but a portion which should ordinarily amount to six crores of rupees is held in India in rupees as a reserve against sudden demands for increased coinage. The English and Indian branches of this reserve may be utilised on occasion as a treasury transfer; that is to say, the Secretary of State may pay in some portion of the money received in payment of Council Bills into the Gold Standard Reserve, and a corresponding sum is then released from the silver branch of the reserve in India and made over to the Indian treasury for payment of Council Bills. Gold Standard Reserve.

Lastly, there is the Currency Reserve; the bulk of this of course is not available for the general purposes of Government, being a deposit held against Currency Reserve.

the note circulation, but the connection between it and the treasury balances is very close. In the first place the funds in the reserve treasuries are not held in coin. The reserve treasury pays coin into currency and draws out notes and a very considerable portion of the coin shown at any time in the currency reserve is thus Government money. Secondly, the currency reserve is not held in one place. It is scattered all over the country in Currency chests, and transfers through currency are the recognised means of supplying the requirements both of Government itself and of trade. A merchant, for instance, in Calcutta requiring funds at Cawnpore pays the money into the currency reserve at Calcutta and draws it out from currency at Cawnpore. Thus in resource operations it is permissible to take into account the whole amount of coin actually held at any particular place whether in the treasury or in the currency reserve; and the distribution of the currency reserve operates to equalise matters and to obviate the necessity of frequent remittances of coin.

Importance of
Currency Reserve
and its composition.

It will be seen also that since as a rule the amounts held in district treasuries are not ordinarily more than sufficient for the ways and means of Government itself, and the reserve treasuries bank with the Currency Department, the only store of coin available for any development of the currency is in the currency reserve. Its position therefore is of importance. The gross circulation of notes during the year rose from 54,41 to 54,99 lakhs, and there was of course a corresponding increase in the reserve. A portion, however, is held at home in gold, and there may be transfers between the English and Indian portions and the treasury in exactly the same way as in the case of the Gold Standard Reserve. Thus in the year under review the Secretary of State did in fact pay into the currency chest at home gold to the value of 3,82 lakhs, which was paid out from currency to treasury in India, and the net result was that the Indian reserve diminished by 3½ crores during the year. In the Indian reserve the proportion of gold varies greatly from year to year. In 1908-09, for instance, the stock of gold was exhausted. It came in rapidly in the cold weather of 1909-10 and the year 1910-11 began with a gold balance of 9,30 lakhs. As usual this was gradually reduced during the slack season, the minimum reached being 3,04 lakhs in October. Then imports began again and by the end of the year the stock of gold had gone up to 9,28 lakhs. The stock of silver is determined at any time by the amount of the note circulation deducting the portion of the reserve invested in securities or held in silver bullion and the amount held in gold whether in England or India. It rose to a maximum of 35,26 in the slack season, and thereafter gradually diminished, the closing balance being 26,06 against an opening balance of 29,28.

Connection between
Trade and Currency
Operations.

3. This description of the machinery with which we have to deal will indicate in the next place the very close connection in this country between the operations of trade and of Government in the Currency Department and this connection holds good whether it is foreign or internal trade that is under consideration. In the first case a further link is to be found in the fact that the Secretary of State has to pay large obligations at home on behalf of India. These are set off against the net indebtedness of trade to India by his selling for money received in London, bills to be cashed by the treasury in India. In the alternative, there being no open mint in India, trade has to import sovereigns, but whether sovereigns are used or Council bills, Government has to supply the currency to the extent and in the form required to pay for produce exported. Within the country, again, the same sort of balance holds between Government and trade requirements. In settlement of Council bills, Government has to pay large sums to traders at the Presidency towns. Traders on the other hand have to pay for produce up country where the bulk of the Government revenue is collected. Practically the obligations cancel each other. Government in other words takes money from the trade at the Presidency towns with which it discharges the Secretary of State's bills and sells transfers up country; these it meets from its incoming revenue and in turn they settle the internal trade demand. In this way Government does not merely undertake the supply of currency and on wholesale lines the remittance of funds: the movements of funds on Government and on trade account are intimately connected at every point, and an explanation of trade conditions is essential to an understanding of the whole subject of this report,

Foreign trade and adjustment of balance of trade.

4. The recent history of the seasons as affecting the primary industry of India on which its trade so largely depends has been uneventful. The results we have to consider, it may be observed, depend on the seasons of 1909-10 as well as of 1910-11, but in both years agricultural conditions were generally favourable and the crops must have been well above the average. It appears however that the more striking features of the year under review were due not so much to the quantity of the produce which India had for disposal as to the high prices which the conditions in the world's markets enabled her to obtain for some of her goods. The most important articles of export are grain (wheat and rice) and raw materials (jute, cotton, and oil seeds); and goods classed as manufactured or partly manufactured represent only 18 per cent. of the total value of all exports. Wheat had an exceptionally favourable year and the outturn was 15 per cent. above the five years' average. The quantity exported was very largely above the average, but the price obtained—Rs. 102 a ton—was not more than normal. Rice which accounted for 60 per cent. of the total value of food grains exported was excellent both in 1909-10 and 1910-11 and there was a large surplus available for export. The trade between Burma and India went back very much to the level of 1905-06, the amount brought over in 1910-11 being little more than half the amount brought over in 1909-10, but foreign exports were higher than they have been since 1901-02 and their value went up to 23½ crores against an average of some 18½ crores in the preceding four years. The effect of world prices was strongly shown in the case of raw materials. The outturn of jute was larger than in the previous year, but below the outturn of 1906-07 or 1907-08, and the quantity exported was the smallest in the last five years. The Calcutta price per bale went up however from Rs. 31-8 at the beginning of the year to Rs. 51 at its close, and the value of the exports—15½ crores—was about the average. In the case of cotton, the maximum and minimum prices per pound in Bombay during the year were 7-63 and 5-86 annas as compared with 5-33 and 4-11 annas a couple of years ago. The quantity exported was somewhat below 1909-10, but the value, 35 crores, was easily a record. In oil seeds, not only was there a shortage in other countries, which raised prices in Europe beyond precedent, but India itself had large crops. Consequently 31,000 cwts. were exported to the value of 25 crores and both quantity and value are by far the largest on record; the average value indeed in the preceding four years was only 15 crores.

Foreign trade.
Exports.

The same causes however which benefited the export trade in raw materials operated against success in manufactures, the most important of which so far as other countries are concerned are cotton and jute. Cotton yarn production fell 19 million pounds (3 per cent.) below the production of the previous year and was very low; exports of yarn also decreased by 19·3 per cent. At the same time, the increase in cloth production which has been marked in recent years continued and its outturn is now 245 million pounds against 166 millions in 1906-07. In the same period the export of piece goods has risen from 1,65 lakhs in value to 2,20 lakhs, but the bulk of the increase in production seems to have been retained in the country. Jute manufactures were affected not only by high prices but by a weak American demand, but the exports were about the average. The tea industry may perhaps be mentioned in the same connection; the year was a prosperous one, a steady rate of expansion being continued and the value of the exports has increased by 2,56 lakhs since 1906-07. The total value of exports of articles manufactured and partly manufactured was 36,98 lakhs against 38,06 lakhs in 1909-10 and an average of 37,51 lakhs in the last five years.

5. As regards imports, the value of merchandise was 129½ crores compared with—

Imports.

117 crores in	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1909-10
121½ "	"	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1908-09
130 "	"	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1907-08

The figures are peculiar but unless the imports in 1907-08 were exceptional it does not seem that the business of the year was marked by any unusual activity. The two principal features were an expansion under manufactured articles and a falling off in machinery. The first, which are also much the most important accounting for half the total of imports, were valued at 69 crores or much the same as in 1907-08, but 10 crores above 1906-07, 1908-09 and 1909-10. The bulk of the increase was in cotton goods, and it may be noticed that the increase was in the more expensive bleached and coloured goods while unbleached goods declined. The decrease in machinery reflects the adverse conditions affecting the cotton and jute industries, and textile machinery fell in value from 2,88 lakhs in 1908-09 and 2,15 lakhs in 1909-10 to 1,64 lakhs. In other classes there was some increase, but the total was still only 4,73 lakhs against 5,06 in the previous year.

In addition to private merchandise, Government imported stores to the value of 4,35 lakhs as against 5,59 in the previous year, and the total value of material for State and non-State Railways was 6,18 which was $2\frac{1}{2}$ crores less than in 1909-10 and not much more than half the value of imports in 1908-09.

Balance of trade.
How paid for.

6. The figures given in the preceding paragraphs relate to the sea-borne foreign trade. In addition there is the frontier trade which cannot altogether be neglected, the grand total of exports and imports including treasure having been $16\frac{2}{3}$ crores of rupees or 11 million pounds in the year under report. This trade is gradually expanding and is now some 2 million pounds in value greater than it was five years ago. According to the statistics, it usually results in a net import into India of articles to the value of $1\frac{1}{2}$ crores, but there seems reason to doubt whether the balance is really in favour of or against India, and in either case, it may for the present purpose be neglected. For the sea-borne trade excluding treasure and Government stores the aggregates for the year were—

Exports	2,09,14 lakhs.
Imports	1,29,36 „
	<hr/>
	79,78 „

The balance then in favour of India of these transactions was 79,78 lakhs which compares with the figures of previous years as follows :—

1909-10	70,67 lakhs.
1908-09	31,76 „
1907-08	47,46 „
1906-07	68,61 „
1905-06	58,63 „

The consideration of this balance would lead to some very interesting questions. To account for it in full we should require figures for

- (a) The import of treasure.
- (b) Private remittances.
- (c) Secretary of State's bills.
- (d) Transfer of securities.

It seems hopeless however to expect the account to balance. The amount of private remittances is uncertain. Even for transfer of securities,* our figures are incomplete since we know only the amounts passed through the Public Debt Office registers and a considerable sum is transferred which does not pass through the Public Debt Office at all. The balance again would be thrown

* It may however be noticed that as far as Public Debt Office figures go, the drift of Government Paper seems to be steadily towards India. In 1909-10 77 lakhs went back to London, but in eight out of the last ten years the transfer has been to India and the total brought to this country during that period has been $9\frac{1}{2}$ crores. It would be interesting if this could be taken as an indication that in India, the tendency is at work, which showed itself in Italy, for a debtor country to buy up the securities on which it has borrowed from others and to reduce the amount that it has to provide abroad by an excess of exports for interest payments.

out by imports of capital* which would figure among the payments to India, but would not be represented in the exchanges of trade. Without attempting therefore a complete comparison which would involve so many elements of uncertainty, I may pass to the factors which for the purposes of this report are of practical importance—the import of treasure and Council bills.

7. The statistics on this subject are of special importance as they lead up to the question of gold currency which has to be considered in a later part of the report, and it is well therefore to examine them for a series of years. To prevent misapprehension it is necessary to exclude Government transactions whether in the form of imports of silver for coinage or transfers of gold to England for the purchase of silver. These adjustments have been made in the following figures which bring out the main factors in the situation :—

Net imports.	IN LAKHS OF RUPEES.	
	Gold.	Silver.
Average of 20 years 1875-1895	2.11	8.50
Ditto of 5 years 1903-04—1907-08	15.23	7.12
1909-10	21.68	9.36
1910-11	23.98	8.60

The gold figures are striking, but it is perhaps equally remarkable that the increase in gold has not been at the expense of silver; the country in other words continues to take practically the same amount of silver, but it prefers that the addition to the imports of treasure which it has been able to claim should be in the form of gold.

8. It is then to be seen what proportion of the gold has been brought in in the form of bullion and sovereigns respectively. In the year under report the import of sovereigns has attracted special attention, but it was not on any exceptionally large scale. The value in rupees of sovereigns imported in 1910-11 was in fact 12,81 lakhs; in 1909-10 it was 13,86, and the figure of 1910-11 was exceeded also in 1903-04 and 1904-05. The proportion of sovereigns to bullion imported has been :—

Year.	Per cent.	Year.	Per cent.
1900-01	191	1906-07	78
1901-02	180	1907-08	90
1902-03	207	1908-09	25
1903-04	185	1909-10	127
1904-05	153	1910-11	87
1905-06	70		

The low percentages in 1905-06 and 1906-07 were due to the diversion to London of Australian gold intended for shipment to India, and would be raised, if allowance were made for the amounts diverted, to 134; the

* In an article written in March 1909, Professor Keynes contrasted over a series of years the net export of private trade with the drawings of Council Bills, the difference being taken as the net result of the capital loaned to India on the one hand and the various payments due from India on the other. Thus between 1903-04 and 1906-07 the value of Council Bills sold increased by 14½ crores, but of this increase only 2½ crores were due to a more favourable balance of trade and the remainder was ascribed to capital transactions gaining on remittances. Here again the comparison seems to include some very uncertain factors, but it may be noted that, while in 1905-06—1907-08 in contradistinction to earlier years Council Bills exceeded the value of net private exports by 2½ to 3 crores, the balance has since swung round again, Council Bills as compared with net private exports being :—

(Council Bills more + less —).

in 1908-09	—6.18 lakhs.
in 1909-10	+ 66 "
in 1910-11	—7.17 "

conditions in 1907-08 and 1908-09 were of course exceptional. It appears then that the proportion of sovereigns to bullion in the imports of 1910-11, although no gold was diverted, was exceptionally low, and the real difference was in respect of exports. In the previous years in which imports were heavy, exports also were large, and the net addition of sovereigns during 1910-11 was much the largest on record. While these figures may serve however to correct a possible misapprehension concerning the volume of imports, the utility of the comparison between sovereigns and bullion may be doubted. The first are not imported necessarily for use as sovereigns at all; they come into the country only when they happen to be the cheapest medium of importing funds; the exact use to be made of them is indeterminate and the figures indicate nothing more than the general condition of the foreign exchanges. Gold as bullion on the other hand supplies a definite domestic need and the amount of bullion imported is determined presumably by the demand, allowing for the proportion which it is found can be supplied from the stock of sovereigns.

Council Bills.

9. The total drawings of the Secretary of State in the year amounted to £26,780,000 (=40,02 lakhs), the drawings in the previous five years having been :—

	£
in 1905-06	31 millions.
„ 1906-07	33 „
„ 1907-08	16½ „
„ 1908-09	14 „
„ 1909-10	27 „

In the year under report, sums of £ 2,545,000 and £ 600,000 were treated as remittances of the Currency and the Gold Standard Reserves respectively, these amounts having been added to the reserves held in England and transferred *per contra* from the reserves to treasury in India.

The course of drawings during the year was normal, the highest amount offered for the weekly sales of the Secretary of State being 1,40 lakhs towards the close of January, and the lowest 35 lakhs in the middle of June. In March 1910, the drawings reached the record figure of 8½ crores and the demand continued heavy in April, the drawings of that month being the highest during the year under review. Subsequently the demand was more evenly distributed than in the preceding year, and in no month did the aggregate drawings exceed 5 crores of rupees.

Rate of Exchange.

10. The rate of exchange quoted in Calcutta for demand bills on London which was 1-4 $\frac{3}{4}$ pence per rupee at the beginning of the year fell gradually to 1-3 $\frac{3}{4}$ which was the lowest point reached and continued for a fortnight at the beginning of June. By the middle of July it had reached par again and with a brief set back in the first week of August it advanced to 1-4 $\frac{1}{4}$ towards the end of October. In November and nearly to the close of December it was 1-4 $\frac{3}{4}$. For the most of January it was a point higher and then receded to 1-4 $\frac{3}{4}$ again, which was the rate maintained, except for 10 days in March, till the close of the year. The average for the year was 1-4 $\frac{1}{8}$ which was the same as in 1905-06 and slightly less favourable than in 1906-07 but above the rate of the three years immediately preceding.

Internal trade, transfers of funds and Government remittances.

Internal Trade.

11. The statistics, however, which would assist better in any consideration of currency questions are those of internal trade. These, it will be observed, include the movement of produce and manufactures for export as well as the distribution of all articles imported; in this way they allow for the internal effects of foreign trade, and they add the purely domestic transactions in which the employment of currency may be necessary. At the same time it would of course in any case be impossible to give any complete estimate of the total volume of business and we must select some particular class of transactions to serve as a general indication of the whole. For this purpose it is natural to take railway traffics as showing the movement of goods within the country.

Here also however we are handicapped by the absence of any valuation of these goods, which alone would enable us to reduce the transactions to a common denominator, and gauge their effect on currency, and I put forward the figures that follow therefore merely as the best available.

12. In the first place, as a rough indication of the total trade we may take the aggregate railway goods traffics, and here as a check on the figures of goods traffic. 1909-10 and 1910-11, we may add 1906-07 as the last normal year preceding. The aggregates are then :—

(In millions of cwts.)					
	1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.	Total.
1906-07 . . .	237	209	217	253	946
1909-10 . . .	268	209	255	275	1,007
1910-11 . . .	271	237	273	289	1,070

Thus the volume of trade falls to a minimum in the second quarter and reaches its highest point in the last three months of the year. The annual aggregate has increased since 1906-07 by 13 per cent.

13. Next, to show the movement of trade, the provincial figures may be arranged as follows :—

(In millions of cwts.)									
	Exports.			Imports.			Net (Imports + Exports —).		
	1906-07.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1906-07.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1906-07.	1909-10.	1910-11.
Eastern Bengal & Assam	30	36	31	28	27	21	—2	—9	—10
Bengal* . . .	178	184	209	36	39	36	—142	—145	—173
Calcutta* . . .	40	46	42	175	166	185	+135	+120	+143
United Provinces . . .	30	33	36	34	40	42	+4	+7	+6
Punjab . . .	40	33	37	21	29	31	—19	—4	—6
Karachi . . .	12	13	11	28	31	32	+16	+18	+21
Central Provinces and Berar.	22	22	26	12	15	14	—10	—7	—12
Bombay . . .	21	28	26	25	28	36	+4	...	+10
„ ports . . .	22	23	27	42	52	54	+20	+29	+27
Madras . . .	23	25	27	18	23	23	—5	—2	—4
„ ports . . .	14	18	17	21	22	24	+7	+4	+7
Minor Provinces and Native States.	41	42	43	33	31	34	—8	—11	—9
TOTAL . . .	473	503	535	473	503	535	...	...	...

Considered in detail by quarters the figures should throw some light on the character of the trade during the year. The exports from the Punjab for instance and the imports into Karachi indicate that the wheat trade was later than usual. I have not been able to extract much information of this kind however from the detailed figures and I give only the yearly totals to show that

* The large figures of exports against Bengal and imports against Calcutta relate to the trade in coal.

there is a strongly marked similarity between the figures of the three years. This seems to indicate at any rate that the general movement and extent of trade were fairly normal and the conclusion is one which it is of some importance to reach in considering the effects on currency.

Connection with
Currency.

14. These statistics have a bearing on two distinct problems with which the Currency Department is concerned, the first being the movement of funds within the country, and the second the total volume of currency required.

Internal transfer
of funds.

15. The question of transfer of funds in internal trade is very much the same as in the case of foreign trade; indeed inter-provincial trade is in some respects international in character, and in any case the same uncertain factors obtrude themselves when any comparison is attempted between trade demands and their settlement.* As far as the adjustment can be traced, however, it is clear, a certain transfer in the value of goods being assumed, that the balance between provinces might be equalised—

by movement of treasure,

by the net issues or receipts from treasuries, releasing or withdrawing a certain amount of money in the different circles,

by transfer of currency notes, and

by transfers of money effected through the treasuries and currency offices.

The figures, so far as available in the returns of railway traffics or Government transactions, are as follows :—

(In Lakhs of Rupees)

	Bengal.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Burma.	United Provinces	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Central Provinces.
(a) Net imports (+) or exports (-) on private account of—								
(i) Gold coin and bullion	-2,10	+1,30	...	-65	-1,01	-12	+2,83	+5
(ii) Silver bullion	+79	-3	...	+97	+2,05	-14	-4,38	+74
(iii) Silver coin	-65	+4,38	...	+1,92	-99	+21	-3,58	-1,29
(b) Inter-Provincial transfers—								
(i) Net transfer of currency notes to (+) or from (-) each circle.	+2,33	...	-10	-88	-2,45	-13	+1,23	...
(ii) Remittances through Government.	-4,30	+2,68	+9,56	+1,67	+53	+2,51	-14,57	+1,92
(c) Additions to Currency—								
(i) By reduction of Treasury balances—								
(1) Council Bills	+17,68	...	...	...	...	+6,28	+15,63	...
(2) Other transactions	-13,39	-3,94	-5,99	-71	+4,38	-7,65	-7,02	-2,51
(ii) By foreign imports of sovereigns.	+69	...	...	...	...	+13	+10,05	...
Net payment to (+) or by (-) [total of items (a) to (c)].	+75	+4,39	+3,47	+2,32	+2,51	+1,09	+19	-1,09
Net visible addition (+) or reduction (-) in currency [total of items (a) iii to (c)].	+2,36	+3,12	+3,47	+2,00	+1,47	+1,35	+1,74	-1,88

It is not of course suggested that these figures give any clue to the total of the transactions by which trade demands between provinces are settled. Before any approach to an estimate of that total could be made it would be necessary to form some idea of the payments made by cheques and drafts between provinces, though it may be suggested that in India the total of such payments must be comparatively small. The figures again are not exhaustive even as regards the movement of currency, and in detail, their meaning is often doubtful. Thus it is difficult to understand why there should be a return on private account of gold to Bombay. At the same time I think the table is distinctly useful as bringing together the various elements in the general problem, defining our knowledge of them and making the way clearer for a further investigation into the machinery of internal remittances.

Its components.
(1) Effects of
Government
transactions.

16. Item (b) in the foregoing statement is the net figure which results from taking into account the whole of the Government revenue and expenditure,

* As an illustration of the want of parallelism between the two sets of figures it may be noted that coal and other industries which are in the hands of English capitalists are financed at the seaport towns, that is the value of the products has not to be remitted up country. Thus the movement of goods does not necessarily involve a transfer of funds and this remark applies also to foreign trade.

receipts and payments on account of savings banks and all other kinds of deposits and payments of Council Bills, and it is unnecessary in this report to explain the components in detail. It may be mentioned however that the net result in recent years has been as follows :—

+ Net receipts by Government.	
— Net issues	
1906-07	— 2.18 lakhs of rupees.
1907-08	+ 3.00 „
1908-09	+ 5.82 „
1909-10	— 10.31 „
1910-11	— 2.76 „

17. The transfer of currency notes is dealt with in paragraphs 41 to 43. It is there shown that one effect of the universalisation of notes of small value has been to diminish very greatly the encashments of foreign circle notes at currency offices, and there seems to be no doubt that the figures now represent only a very small part of the business done in the transfer of currency in this form between different circles. (2) Transfer of currency notes.

18. The value of the transfers of funds between provinces effected by the public through Government amounted to 33½ crores against 28 crores in the previous year. A part and probably a large part of the increase must be ascribed to the modification of rules which was necessitated by the introduction of the universal notes of Rs. 10 and Rs. 50. Thus the minimum for which transfers were granted up to 1909-10 was Rs. 50,000 except in the case of transfers on Rangoon, but in 1910-11 this was reduced to Rs. 25,000. The commission charged was reduced also between the Presidency towns and upcountry currency offices. At the same time there was a large increase in the remittances to Burma, which in all probability was due to the larger rice crop that had to be moved, and it is not to be supposed that the whole increase in transfers is to be attributed to the changes in the terms on which they can be effected. (3) Inter-provincial transfers through Government.

A statement (No. IV) is attached to the report showing the transfers between different centres in detail, but the main lines of movement are brought out more clearly by grouping the figures as follows :—

		(In Lakhs of Rupees).	
To		From	
Inter-Presidency.	Calcutta from Bombay	4.01	Calcutta to Bombay . 44
	Calcutta from Madras	1.04	Calcutta to Madras . 13
	Madras from Bombay	4.30	Madras to Bombay . 45
Northern India.	Punjab from Calcutta	42	Punjab to Calcutta . 71
	Punjab from Bombay	2.15	Punjab to Bombay . 1.36
	United Provinces from Calcutta	79	United Provinces to Calcutta . 33
	United Provinces from Bombay	1.33	United Provinces to Bombay . 11
Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Eastern Bengal and Assam from Calcutta	3.41	Eastern Bengal and Assam to Calcutta 72
Central Provinces.	Central Provinces from Calcutta	76	Central Provinces to Calcutta
	Central Provinces from Bombay	1.16	Central Provinces to Bombay
Burma	Rangoon from Calcutta	5.16	From Rangoon . . .
	Rangoon from Bombay	3.97	
	Rangoon from Madras	43	

It is to be remembered of course that these are only remittances through Government, and it cannot be assumed that the parallelism between them and the total movement of funds is exact. It may be interesting on a future occasion to enquire where and for what reason the parallelism is disturbed, but for the present it is proposed merely to analyse the Government figures.

The net result was that—

Bombay sent away	14½ crores.
Calcutta „	4½ „

while

Madras received	2½ „
Punjab „	1½ „
United Provinces received	1½ „
Eastern Bengal and Assam received	2½ „
Central Provinces received	2 „
Burma „	9½ „

Thus Bombay, as was to be expected, was the chief provider. Madras is in a little circle of its own, receiving $4\frac{1}{2}$ crores from Bombay and distributing it presumably within the Presidency. Calcutta got 4 crores from Bombay and a crore from Madras, and sent away double the amount in different directions. Eastern Bengal and Assam was supplied entirely from Calcutta. Northern India and the Central Provinces drew both on Calcutta and Bombay, thus—

	From Calcutta.	From Bombay.
United Provinces	79	1,33
Punjab	42	2,15
Central Provinces	76	1,16

Burma in previous years was supplied solely by Calcutta, but in the year under review transfers on Rangoon were allowed from other Presidency towns also and nearly 4 crores were taken from Bombay.

This very briefly was the distribution of funds inwards. As regards the return current, Burma and the Central Provinces, so far as Government transfers are concerned, sent nothing back. The return of Eastern Bengal and Assam—about $\frac{3}{4}$ of a crore—was to Calcutta. Lahore dealt chiefly with Bombay and it is curious that in this case the movement seems to be in both directions. By quarters the figures are:—

To Lahore	70	63	54	28
To Bombay	32	50	12	42

This unusual feature is due apparently to the fact that the Punjab, being from our point of view a deficit province, has to be financed by the sale of supply bills, the result being that remittances out of the Punjab come more largely under our observation than those from other provinces. The United Provinces, while they received mostly, as shown above from Bombay, sent mostly to Calcutta and did not draw on Bombay to any appreciable extent, but even to Calcutta the amount sent was small.

Course of transfers
during the year

19. Transfers were heaviest during the busy season of the year, the total of $33\frac{1}{2}$ crores being distributed over the four quarters as follows:—

1st quarter	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ crores.
2nd „	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ „
3rd „	8 $\frac{1}{2}$ „
4th „	15 „

In the first quarter the principal movement was from Bombay and Calcutta to Northern India to finance the spring crops of wheat and seeds; the total in 1910-11 came to 2,05 lakhs. A transfer of 63 lakhs from Bombay to the Central Provinces was no doubt for a similar purpose. Madras took 1,10 lakhs from Bombay and there was an exchange both ways of 25 lakhs between Eastern Bengal and Assam and Calcutta.

In the second quarter the wheat trade which was late continued in the Punjab and another $64\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs were sent up for it, nearly all from Bombay. At the same time there was the heavy return already mentioned of 50 lakhs to Bombay and another 35 lakhs were sent to Calcutta, so that there was a net transfer in this quarter away from the province of 21 lakhs. Transfers on the United Provinces practically ceased. Most of the jute trade was done in this quarter and $195\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs were sent from Calcutta to Eastern Bengal and Assam.

In the third quarter Calcutta drew nearly 2 crores from Bombay, while there was a transfer first of 75 lakhs from Bombay to Madras and again from Madras to Calcutta. Upcountry trade expanded in connection with the autumn crops, 65 lakhs going to the Punjab and $55\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs to the United Provinces, while the Central Provinces took $38\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs. The jute trade was still considerable, 91 lakhs being sent to Eastern Bengal and Assam and the rice trade in Burma began with remittances of 1,18 lakhs from Calcutta.

The last quarter again showed heavy drawings by Calcutta on Bombay, and Madras took $2\frac{1}{2}$ crores from the same source. Remittances to the United Provinces and Punjab continued but on a considerably smaller scale, particularly in the case of the Punjab, than in the previous quarter. The Central Provinces on the other hand took a larger sum, 78 lakhs, than in any other quarter. And $7\frac{3}{4}$ crores were sent to Burma from Calcutta and Bombay.

20. Statement V shows the share taken by Government in the movement of funds for the public between places in the same province. Transfers within Provinces.

The total value of these movements was 16½ crores of rupees, Madras and Bombay having contributed the largest amounts. Sales of supply bills to the public accounted for 10½ crores; transfers through the Presidency Banks for 5½ crores, chiefly in Madras and Bombay; and post-bills of the Bank of Bengal which are accepted in payment of land revenue in the Bengal districts and the value of which is realised from the head office of the Bank and credited to Government at Calcutta accounted for a little less than half a crore.

21. It will however be understood that it is not necessary for Government to move coin to the full extent indicated by the figures of remittances shown in paragraphs 17 to 19. In the first place there are to some extent movements in opposite directions which can be effected by an actual cash remittance of only a fraction of the amounts involved, and secondly owing to the magnitude of Government transactions and the large amounts of revenue it collects, it has often surplus collections in the mofussil which it conveniently offers to the trade against payments to Government at head-quarters and considerable amounts are supplied in this way without actual remittance of coin. At the same time Government has to undertake remittances of specie not only to finance trade, but also to meet its own disbursements, to discharge its obligation to encash currency notes at offices of issue, to distribute sovereigns so as to make them available to the public at treasuries and currency offices, and to withdraw uncurrent coin to the mints for recoinage. Government remittances of coin.

The total movement of coin on Government account between provinces or circles was 17 crores, the net receipts or transfers being as follows:—

	(In Lakhs of Rupees.)	
	Silver.	Gold.
India	— 3,00	+ 71
Central Provinces	+ 35	+ 9
Burma . . . . .	...	+ 60
Eastern Bengal and Assam	— 3	+ 6
Bengal	— 32	+ 12
United Provinces	— 3,08	+ 1,49
Punjab	+ 89	+ 3,81
Madras	— 64	+ 1,79
Bombay	+ 5,83	— 8,70

The bulk of the imports of sovereigns arrive at Bombay and the remittances of gold shown above were undertaken with the object of distributing them among the different Provinces. The greater part of these remittances went, as might be expected, to the Punjab and Madras.

As regards rupees the remittances during the year were chiefly to Bombay, Karachi and Lahore. In the first quarter, 1,25 lakhs were sent to Lahore from Calcutta, 20 lakhs from Ajmer to Delhi, and another 20 lakhs from Cawnpore to Karachi in connection with the wheat trade. In the same quarter, remittances aggregating 1,25 lakhs were sent to Bombay, one crore from Cawnpore and the balance from Madras, the coin balances there having been reduced by the heavy issues during the cotton season of 1909-10. In the third and fourth quarters, remittances aggregating 3 crores were sent to Bombay, chiefly from Calcutta, to meet the demands of the current cotton season. In addition to this, 36 lakhs were sent from Ajmer to Khandwa for supply to Messrs. Ralli Brothers and 90 lakhs were sent to Karachi. No remittances to Calcutta or Rangoon were required in connection with the jute and rice trades as the coin required was available locally.

22. The additions made to the currency in circulation are calculated by comparing the total balances held in India—whether treasury, currency or gold standard reserve—at the beginning and end of the year, allowance being made for any accretions to those balances from outside, that is, by import of sovereigns or new coinage. According to this calculation, the absorption during the year was Volume of currency.

in gold	10,78 lakhs (or £7,187,000).
in silver (rupees and half-rupees)	3,34 „

In currency notes, on the other hand, despite a large increase in circulation throughout the year, there was some falling off. The notes outstanding, that is to say, on 31st March 1911 amounted to 54,99 lakhs against 54,41 lakhs on 31st March 1910, but there was an increase of 1,41 lakhs in the treasury note balances, and therefore a decrease of 83 lakhs in circulation.

The special features in the development of each kind of currency will be examined in the following paragraphs.

Gold circulation.

Gold Currency.

23. The imports of sovereigns during the year were stated in paragraph 8 to be of the value of 12,81 lakhs. It is now necessary to describe how these imports find their way into circulation, the extent of the absorption of gold and the uses to which it is put.

It will be useful in the first place to compare the imports of sovereigns as shown in the Customs returns and in our Currency records. From the quantities tendered, it may be explained, Currency Officers are in a position to know whether a particular tender represents imported or local gold and they furnish monthly returns accordingly to the Comptroller General of tenders of imported gold. For the last eight years these have averaged $5\frac{1}{2}$ millions a year while the imports according to trade statistics have been $6\frac{1}{2}$ millions. The difference of roughly a million sterling represents no doubt the imports of shield sovereigns which being in special demand for ornaments can be sold for more than their monetary value and naturally, therefore, do not go through the currency office. Mr. Harrison it may be mentioned estimated some years ago that the import of shield sovereigns into Bombay was £400,000 a year and the figure of a million for the total imports of shield sovereigns is not unreasonable. At any rate it does not conflict with the evidence which I have obtained apart from statistics, and it may be taken as certain that the great bulk if not the whole of the sovereigns which have not a special value are passed through the currency offices. The Banks in fact deposit them there immediately on import and draw out notes. When the need for currency arises, they return the notes and the form in which the currency is drawn out depends on the requirements of the time. Gold in other words is imported to obtain currency, but the amounts imported and the amounts passed into circulation are determined by different considerations.

Absorption of gold.

24. To consider the effect of gold imports on the currency then, we have to examine the figures of absorption.

In the year under review, the total absorption as already stated was £7,187,000 (Statement VII). The Punjab was easily first with over £2 millions, Madras took nearly a million and a half, Bombay £1,192,000, and the United Provinces nearly a million. On the other hand, the amounts absorbed in Eastern Bengal and Assam and the Central Provinces were insignificant. In the two preceding years the stock of sovereigns ran out and issues were restricted with the result that in 1908-09 the absorption was low and in 1909-10 it fell to only three quarters of a million. In 1907-08 the absorption was £6,220,000, and there is therefore nothing very exceptional about the figure reached in 1910-11. At the same time, it has to be remembered that in spite of the restriction of supplies in 1908-10 the absorption in the last five years has reached a total of £20½ millions.

Popularity of the sovereign.

25. These figures in themselves indicate that the apprehension that the sovereign would not be popular was not well founded, and this conclusion is supported by all the evidence I have been able to collect on the subject. From the Punjab the Accountant General reports that the total issue of coin from the Currency office declared to be taken for the wheat trade, whether in exchange for notes or in payment of telegraphic transfers was—

			(In Thousands of Rupees.)	
	Silver.	Gold.	Total.	
In 1907	2,23,77	49,72	2,73,49	
„ 1910	68,46	1,18,61	1,87,07	

This puts the proportion of gold in payments very much higher than banking opinion which is curiously unanimous to the effect that $\frac{1}{4}$ th to $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of the wheat crop is now financed in gold, but it is true in other provinces at least that gold is taken out for the purpose of remittance, being exchanged at destination for silver as required. This may explain part of the difference and at any rate there is no question that in the Punjab gold will be taken freely and in fact eagerly by the cultivator. The same holds good of the western part at any rate of the United Provinces, though the actual development of gold payments does not seem to have been as yet carried so far as in the Punjab. The information obtained by the Upper India Chamber of Commerce goes even further as they were informed by a local firm engaged extensively in the country produce trade that sovereigns were readily accepted even in the remotest parts of the provinces. In the eastern parts of the United Provinces and in the two Bengals, it does not seem that produce is at present paid for in gold, and I do not think that gold is used in payment of jute. About Burma I have very little information. In Madras the Presidency Bank says: "sowcars and bullion dealers frequently apply (for gold) but are generally referred to the currency office as any gold we obtain we require for certain of our branches." The currency office issues—amounting to about a million this year—are generally made to the servants of bullion dealers and sowcars and the bulk of them go upcountry to finance trade. The Bank's gold goes chiefly to Cochin and Alleppy and these places take £300,000 to £400,000 a year. In Bombay there seems to be no doubt that the use of gold for payment of the cotton crop is extending and is now on a large scale. As a few specific instances are more instructive than general observations, it may be mentioned that one firm used gold almost exclusively to effect its purchases of cotton in the Belgaum district and to a less extent in Dharwar. From Broach it was reported that merchants were bringing in sovereigns which were freely accepted in cotton transactions and from Surat that cultivators readily took gold in payment of their sales. In Khandesh also large payments were made in gold.

26. It appears then that the acceptance of sovereigns is not yet general. It may be that they are not everywhere offered, for it is true that the portability of the sovereign which might be regarded as one of its greatest advantages is a drawback in the sense that it makes theft easier and for this reason there are firms which discourage its use. However this may be, it seems clear that if there ever was any prejudice against the coin as something new and unfamiliar this prejudice is rapidly being removed by a recognition of its merits. It is a very different thing however to say that it has established itself as currency. No doubt so far as it pays for produce and so far again as it comes back in payment of revenue, it acts as currency. It is quite conceivable however that the acceptance by the cultivator of gold in payment of his crops is in the nature of barter; that is to say, he takes the gold not as coin merely but for some other purpose, and the return of gold in payment of revenue may be no more than the return of so much as he finds himself unable to retain. So far at any rate as these payments are concerned, the currency use of the sovereign is of a temporary nature, and the important point is to see whether it remains as in any sense a permanent element in the circulation. For this purpose it seems clear that the issues of gold by Government are much less important than its receipts, since these are payments by the people and must indicate the composition of the currency which they handle. I give therefore the receipts for a series of years in treasuries, post offices, and railways. I do not include currency offices, as the transactions are special and the receipts would indicate merely the extent to which gold is exchanged for other forms of currency.

27. For treasuries the figures are:—

	Treasuries.
	£
1906-07	2,838,000
1907-08	4,409,000
1908-09	2,748,000
1909-10	945,000
1910-11	3,177,000

These figures include payments into treasuries by post offices and railways, the amount of which cannot be definitely stated. The rest must in the main

represent the return in payments to Government of gold paid out in the financing of crops, and the figures of Bombay and the Punjab where the issues have been specially important may therefore be given separately :—

	Bombay. £	Punjab. £
1906-07	815,000	304,000
1907-08	1,204,000	802,000
1908-09	696,000	529,000
1909-10	679,000	67,000
1910-11	1,131,000	646,000

Here also however a word of caution is necessary. Some stress has been laid on the large amount of revenue paid in Bombay in gold, and in Khandesh it was reported that while between December 1910 and March 1911 sovereigns to the value of 74 lakhs were taken out for payment, no less than 24½ lakhs were received back in the revenue months—January to March. The Collector of West Khandesh however offers an explanation. The Indian Specie Bank, he says, found that they had not obtained a sufficient number of supply bills and had to bring money from Bombay. To save cost of transport they brought in sovereigns which were passed out through the traders into the hands of cotton owners. They were accepted but not appreciated, and the cultivators took the earliest opportunity of getting rid of them.

Receipts of sovereigns in Post Offices and Railways.

28. But probably the best indication of the extent to which sovereigns have established themselves as a regular part of the currency, is to be found in the figures of receipts at Post Offices and Railways and these may therefore be given separately :—

	Post Offices. £	Railways. £
1906-07	*553,000	*468,000
1907-08	1,358,000	1,045,000
1908-09	1,001,000	710,000
1909-10	265,000	134,000
1910-11	638,000	597,000

The inference appears to be unfavourable. If sovereigns have established themselves in the currency the effect should be cumulative. Year after year a certain amount of gold has been passed out into circulation and if it stayed there we should expect a progression in the figures, but of such progression there is no trace.

Use to which sovereigns are put.

29. If then it is the case that it is not as a medium of exchange that sovereigns have proved their superiority or established themselves, the question is what becomes of them. The alternatives are melting and hoarding. As regards melting it is to be noted that for certain purposes the sovereign has at all times an advantage. Gold being sold in five and ten ounce bars, if a jeweller wants only a small quantity, a full weight sovereign meets his purpose very well, as he knows its exact weight, fineness, and value and has no trouble in obtaining it. And the sovereign is presumably cheaper than the same quantity of gold in out of the way parts. Thus the National Bank to whom I am indebted for the information supplied by them on the subject say that even at present with gold at about Rs 24† a tola many sovereigns are used in the arts. It is significant probably in the same connection that a preference appears to be given to the more recent sovereigns as being nearer to full weight; thus it is reported by the Accountant-General, Madras, that all the returns to the Exchange Banks of sovereigns are of Victorian coins, and I have had evidence elsewhere that coins of King Edward are preferred by the public. At the same time it is quite possible that there is a similar preference for new as compared with old coin in the case of rupees also. But there are very distinct differences of taste in the matter of gold to be used for ornaments in different parts of the country. The sovereign is very popular for the purpose in Bengal and in Madras, while in the United Provinces and the Punjab the pure metal is preferred. Thus the National Bank report that quite a large amount of sovereigns is used for melting in Bengal, irrespective of the price at which bar gold can be bought, while in the Punjab the jeweller does not use the sovereign much, so long as he can buy bars under Rs 24-3 a tola. If not melted the sovereign no doubt is hoarded and an opinion is very

* For the second half-year only.

† The par value of one tola of pure gold is Rs 23-14-3.

widely held, which seems to have much to support it, that the absorption of sovereigns is to a very considerable extent accounted for by its displacing the rupee in hoards. It is no doubt to be remembered that hoarding is a rather ambiguous term. What is meant generally when the term is used is merely the reservation for the time being of whatever surplus happens to be in the hands of the people; such disappearance is in no sense permanent, and the hoards are no doubt brought out again when occasion demands. The question remains however whether on such occasions any gold that comes out of hoards would re-enter the currency, and on this point the experience of 1909-10 is instructive. It will be seen that in all the figures of receipts whether of treasury or post office and railways there was a sudden drop in that year. The Government stock of gold had run out, the sovereign had gone to a premium, and it would seem not only *prima facie* but from the example given that whenever this condition is established the set of any gold available will be not into the currency but towards a more profitable employment as bullion.

Silver circulation.

30. The figures of absorption or return from circulation of rupees and half-rupees during the preceding seven years are noted in the margin. Against these has to be set the absorption of 1910-11 which as stated in paragraph 22 was only $3\frac{1}{2}$ crores, and one of the most remarkable features of the year is at once apparent. There is nothing certainly in trade conditions to account for the very low figure. The demand for rupees arises chiefly in connection with the great export trades of the country; the value of exports of the four principal articles, wheat, jute, cotton and rice, amounted during the year to 87 crores against 78 during 1909-10. While therefore the demand for silver coin should have been at least as heavy as in the preceding year, it was actually less by 10 crores of rupees.

	Absorption of silver.
	(+ Absorption - return.)
1903-04	+ 10.97
1904-05	+ 7.43
1905-06	+ 14.50
1906-07	+ 18.00
1907-08	+ 3.92
1908-09	- 14.89
1909-10	+ 18.23

On the other hand, the detailed figures (*vide* Statement VIII) show that the difference occurred in Bombay and the Punjab. Thus the absorption was—

	(In Lakhs of Rupees.)		
	1909-10	1910-11	Decrease.
In Bombay	10.90	4.55	6.35
In the Punjab	3.98	—83	4.81

showing a total decrease of over 11 crores. This decrease occurred mainly during the cotton season in Bombay and the wheat season in the Punjab, and it seems quite certain that the extraordinary falling off in the absorption of silver was due to the substitution of gold in payment for these crops.

31. Statement IX gives the usual figures of coinage of whole rupees. There was no coinage from purchased silver during the year under report and the entire amount coined during 1910-11 represents recoinage of withdrawn and uncurrent coin.

32. The usual figures relating to the Rupee Census are given in Statement X. The practical use to which this table might be put on the present occasion is to show whether there has in fact been any return of old coin from circulation which might possibly support the view that gold is taking the place of silver in hoards and as a matter of fact a comparison of the percentages in 1908-09 and 1910-11 shows an increase in the older coinages which at first sight favours this view. It has been objected however that there is always a tendency for the people to substitute new for old coin in their holding, that is to say that they prefer to use old coin in payments and keep the new coin by them, and *prima facie* this seems not unlikely. To apply a statistical test I have taken four sets of years since 1883, in which, to prevent the percentages being disturbed, I have excluded new coinages and old coinages affected by withdrawals. The results which are given in Statement XI show pretty clearly that the tendency suggested has always existed, and that new coin is always being substituted for old. The conclusion is not without interest, but it seems to make it impossible to draw any inference from the figures regarding the substitution in hoards of gold for silver.

Note circulation.

Note circulation.
The legislation of
February 1910.

33. The statistics of the Paper Currency which have to be considered in this report are of special importance in view of the large changes which were introduced by the legislation of February 1910, or very shortly before the beginning of the year now under review. It may be explained, therefore, that till recently the note system was local in its character. There were sub-circles of Cawnpore, Lahore, Karachi and Calicut under Calcutta, Bombay and Madras, and the relations of the sub-circles to the main circles were governed by special rules; Cawnpore notes for instance could be cashed at Calcutta to any extent, but not *vice versâ*. No notes of one circle could be cashed in another. In March 1903 the first step was taken towards an imperial system and the R5 note was made universal, that is to say, it might be cashed at any office of issue in India except Burma; in 1909 Burma was included. The changes introduced by the Currency Act of 1910, however, were much more far reaching. The R10 and R50 notes were made universal, and the issue of R20 notes was discontinued. Sub-circles were abolished, Calicut being absorbed in Madras, and Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi made separate circles of issue, and with the sub-circles went the old rule under which sub-circle notes of all denominations were encashable at the office of issue of the circle to which it was subordinate. At the same time, the concession under which the receipt of notes had been permitted in circles other than the circle of issue in payment of Government dues and which had been abused was abolished, and in order to prevent the use of universal notes for remittance purposes, transfers were offered between currency centres at very low rates of premium. What stood in fact in the way for a long time of the universalisation of our currency notes was the fear that they might be used for remittances of such large sums as to embarrass the Government which would undertake the obligation of cashing them wherever presented, and it is a point of special interest to observe whether this apprehension has been justified by experience of the new system, the results of which are for the first time visible in the year now under review.

The gross circulation.

34. The average total or gross circulation of notes in 1910-11 was 54½ crores. This is 4,69 lakhs in advance of the previous year and easily a record.* At the end of April, the gross circulation was a little less than 53 crores. It rose to a maximum of 59 crores in July, then fell to a minimum of 49½ crores in December, and in March 1911 had risen again to 55 crores. These figures, however, require explanation.

The active circulation.

35. In the first place, as stated in paragraph 2, the surplus coin brought into head-quarters from district treasuries is deposited with the currency department, against an issue to the reserve treasuries of notes of ₹10,000, and a very considerable portion of the gross circulation—in the year under review about 8 crores—is accounted for by these deposit receipts which the treasury department holds as against the currency. The case of the Presidency Banks is similar. Whenever they have more coin than they require they deposit it in the currency department, and hold so much of their balance in notes till the time comes round again when cash is required. In this way they held on an average about 7½ crores in notes during 1910-11. These facts explain in the first place the seasonal fluctuation already noticed. It is during the slack season that both the Government and the bank balances are higher and the gross circulation therefore goes up. With notes in the hands of the public the case is quite different. It is to be presumed that banks, other than the Presidency Banks, similarly convert their balances from notes into coin on occasion and this factor should tend to lower the circulation in the busy season. The proportion of coin to notes in the total circulation must vary also according as the bulk of the transactions, at any time, take place in the Presidency towns and currency centres where notes are more freely used, or in districts in payments, which are chiefly in coin, for produce. But subject to any reservations necessary on these accounts the main point is that the aggregate of notes in the hands of the people varies with the general demand for currency and it is always highest in the cold weather. In the year under report this aggregate pursued a fairly normal course. It was at a minimum—about 36½ crores in June and July. It rose to 39½ crores in December which is the usual

* In 1901-02, ten years ago, the corresponding figure was no more than 30 crores.

month for the maximum, but it continued to increase after then till it reached nearly 41 crores in February. Quite generally it is clear that we should neglect the balance held by Government and the Presidency Banks; what we are really concerned with being the residuum after excluding these balances which is generally known as the active circulation, and this we can consider first as regards at any rate its total amount. Secondly there is the question of its composition though here the absence of figures compels us to be content with a compromise. Then incidentally we have to examine the encashment of foreign circle notes, which act as a means of remittance, and the possible effect on the note circulation of an increase of gold currency. There will then remain the important question of the use of notes as currency and for remittance purposes.

36. The active circulation in 1910-11, varying as noticed in the preceding paragraph between a maximum of nearly 41½ crores and a minimum of 36½, averaged for the year 38¾ crores, or 1½ crores more than in the preceding year. The advance was considerably less than the recent average, as the following figures which give in lakhs of Rupees the increase each year as compared with its predecessor will show:—

1902-03	.	.	.	+2,80	1907-08	+50
1903-04	.	.	.	+2,85	1908-09	—1,83
1904-05	.	.	.	+1,77	1909-10	+4,11
1905-06	.	.	.	+2,41	1910-11	+1,54
1906-07	.	.	.	+3,41		

The average advance up to 1906-07 was 2½ crores a year. Then came the disturbance of the 1907-08 famine, followed by an exceptional development in 1909-10. How far we might expect the falling off in the famine to be made good subsequently by a specially rapid expansion, it is of course impossible to say, but it may be noted that instead of the 10 crores by which the circulation might have been expected to increase in the last four years at the average of the years before the famine, the addition has been rather less than 5 crores, and in 1910-11 the increase is comparatively small.

For circles the figures of active circulation are not available and it is necessary to take what is called the net circulation, that is, the circulation excluding the holding of reserve treasuries, but not of the Presidency Banks. Judged by this standard the circles which show the largest increases in the year are Bombay and Madras; next to them but at a long interval come Calcutta, Rangoon and Cawnpore, while Lahore scarcely shared in the increase and in Karachi there was a considerable decline. The circulation in the last two circles, it might be suggested, has been affected by the abolition of the sub-circle system, but it is difficult to reconcile this hypothesis with the increase in Cawnpore. Calcutta and Bombay account between them for nearly ¾ of the total circulation, but they include the balances of the Presidency Banks. To go back ten years, it may be noticed that in 1901-02, the net circulation in that year was nearly 26 crores, and the aggregate increase since then has been 87 per cent. By circles Burma easily comes first, the proportionate increase in the same period being well over 200 per cent. In Madras the percentage of increase has been 110, in Bombay and Karachi 90, in Lahore and Calcutta 70, and in Cawnpore 59.

37. But the character of the note circulation at various times can be compared most easily by showing the percentage of each denomination to the total circulation on the 31st March. The calculation might be based either on the number of pieces or on value, but the second alternative is probably the more useful as indicating the volume of currency supplied by each denomination and it has been adopted in the following figures. I have excluded R10,000 notes the variations of which would merely confuse to some extent the present issue, and the percentages are calculated with reference to the aggregate circulation of all notes between R5 and R1,000:—

	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	5	10	20	50	100	500	1,000
1901-02	1.7	23.4	3.6	5.1	32.6	10.7	22.9
1909-10	2.7	27.9	2.0	4.1	34.5	7.5	21.3
1910-11	2.9	29.8	.5	6.3	33.5	6.7	20.3

Changes in 1910-11.

38. In the first place 1910-11 may be compared with 1909-10. Here a comparison of the last two lines shows clearly enough the effects of the legislation in 1910, but as the point is important, some figures of actual quantities may be given. Fifties have increased from 312,514 to 536,488 pieces, that is by 92 lakhs in value, and tens by the same amount in value. In part these increases may no doubt be set against the fall of 63 lakhs in twenties and 30 lakhs in the R100 note; in part some of the increase in fifties may be due to its substitution in remittances for notes of over R100 and something must be allowed for normal expansion.

By circles. Lahore, Cawnpore, and Calcutta may perhaps be grouped together, and these at any rate are the circles in which the increase in the fifty rupee note has been most pronounced. In Lahore there has been a very marked transfer from the higher to the lower denominations; not only the twenties but notes of R100 and over have declined and not only does the circulation of fifties show a great increase—the largest in any circle—but there has been a curious expansion in the circulation of fives. In this case it appears probable that the banks converted their holdings in high value notes in consequence of the abolition of the sub-circle system and the discontinuance of the encashment of Lahore circle notes at Calcutta, but the rise in the circulation of the R5 note has not been explained. The Calcutta figures show the same general features, but here with a marked increase in the use of fifties there was also a very large expansion in the circulation of tens. In Cawnpore on the other hand these features are not so distinct and there was actually a decrease in ten rupee notes. The other circles it is difficult to reduce to any sort of order. Bombay shows the largest decrease in twenties of any circle against which an increase was to be expected either in fifties or tens. The increase in the circulation of the 50 Rupee notes however was only moderate, perhaps because in this circle it was already, before it became universal, unusually popular, and there was a falling off under tens. In Rangoon there was a large decrease in hundreds and a very great increase in tens and Madras quite exceptionally showed an increase in 100 Rupee notes.

Changes in the last ten years.

39. Next, the course of development over a series of years may be traced very briefly. It will be seen that notes of the value of R100 and over still form 70 per cent. of the total circulation, and the bulk of such notes must be used in remittances or merely as a store of value. At the same time the comparison with 1901-02 shows that the proportion of low value notes in the circulation has been increasing and this is the most important point as it is an indication of the extended use of notes as currency.

It is perhaps worth mentioning also that possibly something of the same tendency is shown in the statistics of notes of higher value. Taking these separately the proportions have been :—

	R100	R500	R1,000
In 1901-02	49	16	35
In 1910-11	55	11	34

showing perhaps a drift towards lower values and at any rate a considerable displacement of the R500 by the R100 note. Now these high value notes, though chiefly employed no doubt for remittances, are used also to a certain extent in ordinary payments, and it may be that the figures indicate the growth of the second use relatively to the first. The same result however would have followed if for one reason or another the use of notes in *large* remittances had diminished, and the inference to be drawn is very uncertain.

The same by circles.

40. To understand the results for all India it is no doubt desirable to analyse the figures by circles. These show many anomalies; but the figures may be reduced to some sort of order by distinguishing notes according to the purpose to which they are put. The great bulk of the fives and tens at any rate, it may safely be assumed, are used as local currency. It seems a safe assumption also that the bulk of notes of the value of R100 and over are used in remittance or as a store of value. The R50 note has recently

occupied a special position as the universal note of highest value. It may be useful then to arrange the figures as follows:—

(Percentage of total circulation excluding notes of Rs. 10,000.)

	5's and 10's.			50's in 1910-11.	100's and over.		
	1901-02.	1909-10.	1910-11.		1901-02.	1909-10.	1910-11.
(1) Calcutta . . .	36	42	44	3	61	55	53
Rangoon . . .	11	31	41	1	82	67	59
(2) Lahore . . .	7	20	24	19	74	69	56
Bombay . . .	24	26	27	9	63	62	63
Karachi . . .	23	27	32	6	56	62	60
(3) Cawnpore . . .	9	12	11	12	74	80	77
Madras . . .	11	15	16	5	80	79	79

The last column—circulation of notes of the value of R100 and over—shows a somewhat remarkable uniformity except in the case of Cawnpore and Madras, but the result is affected by the figures of the fifty rupee note, the meaning of which is ambiguous and the emphasis is to be laid chiefly on the column of figures which shows the circulation of notes of small value. I have, therefore, to make the matter clear to the eye, classified the circles in three groups on the basis of figures given in that column.

The table however indicates a considerable development. Ten years ago there were only three circles with a well-developed circulation of small notes. Since then there has been some levelling up and two more circles, Lahore and Rangoon have been added to that class. In Rangoon the development has been surprising, and on the other hand the stagnation in Cawnpore and Madras is perhaps equally remarkable. It will be seen that in Calcutta and Rangoon, where the R10 note has attained an exceptional use, the circulation of the R50 note also is much below the average, and this would seem to indicate that in general, the main use of fifties must be for local payments. On the other hand the very high figures in this column against Lahore and Cawnpore would with little hesitation be explained as a substitution of the fifty rupee note for notes of higher value in consequence of the abolition of sub-circles, and as due therefore to the use of this denomination in remittances, but there has been very little increase in the circulation of this note in Karachi which ought to have been affected by the same change in system. In Bombay the R50 note was popular even before it was made universal. It is plain therefore that there is a good deal in the figures that calls for examination and they are offered mainly as defining the larger changes and the principal points that call for explanation.

41. The encashment at Currency Offices of notes of other circles has fallen greatly in consequence of the legislation of February 1910. There are various ways in which these foreign circle notes can be presented. In the first place all the notes of the sub-circles—Cawnpore and Lahore under Calcutta, Karachi under Bombay—were encashable at the head offices of circles. The Presidency Banks also were allowed to exchange foreign circle notes received on Government account. And generally Currency Officers had a discretion to cash foreign circle notes when there was a balance of silver coin available. The sub-circles have now disappeared and non-universal notes can be cashed only within their circles, but it will be found that the effects of recent legislation have been wider than those changes alone would indicate.

42. The aggregate encashments in recent years have been:—

In 1907-08	13,79 lakhs.
In 1908-09	23,14 „
In 1909-10	17,06 „

Decrease in 1910-11

while in the year under review they were 8,12 lakhs (Statement XVIII). The total for 1908-09 however was quite exceptional, an enormous number of Lahore

and Cawnpore notes having been presented at Calcutta, and even the 1909-10 figure is perhaps 2 crores above a normal. In any case, however, the decrease is striking.

To show exactly how it occurred it may be well to analyse the totals by grouping the movements of notes.

(In Lakhs of Rupees).		
	1909-10.	1910-11.
Sub-circle notes cashed at head offices	6,55	3,40
Per contra encashments at sub-circles	2,49	79
Transactions between Presidencies	4,69	1,72
Bombay and Upper India (Cawnpore and Lahore)	1,42	98
Cawnpore and Lahore	52	30
Lahore and Karachi	58	50
TOTAL	16,25	7,69

These figures leave 43 lakhs for 1910-11 unaccounted for on less important lines. Sub-circle notes in circulation continue of course to be payable at the head offices of their circles, and as these are withdrawn the transactions under this head will cease altogether. It will be seen, however, that in the year under review only a comparatively small portion of the total decrease is due to the abolition of sub-circles. Under other heads what has happened no doubt is this. Foreign circle notes, arrive in remittances, they are brought in by travellers or they filter through from one circle to another in other ways. A certain proportion would in the ordinary course be tens and fifties, and these are included in the figures given above which show to what extent it was found necessary under old conditions to take notes to currency offices to be changed for other forms of currency. When the R10 and R50 note were made universal, then even if the proportion of each denomination to the aggregate of foreign notes coming into a circle remained the same, a decrease in the encashment at Currency Offices would no doubt have followed because the need for exchanging these smaller value notes had disappeared. In addition to this however there was no doubt a substitution of universal notes for notes of higher value in all transactions in which payment in a foreign circle was involved. The decrease in encashments of foreign notes appears in fact to be out of proportion to the increase in the circulation of universal notes. But it will be clear that so far as R10 and R50 notes entered in previous years into the transfers between circles the decrease in encashment would take place without any increase in the circulation of those notes. And the circulation of notes as described in paragraph 37 means the value of notes outstanding on a particular date while the transactions effected within a year by those notes are very much greater.

Foreign notes as a means of remittance.

43. Encashments of foreign circle notes represent a movement of funds and it is interesting to consider the figures further from this point of view. In 1909-10 Cawnpore and Lahore each sent about $2\frac{1}{2}$ crores to Calcutta by these means, and Karachi sent about a crore to Bombay. There was a certain amount of return by means of notes from Calcutta and Bombay to their sub-circles, but the figure of 2,49 lakhs which appears under this head includes an item of 1,64 lakhs sent from Calcutta to Cawnpore which was altogether exceptional. The aggregate movement between Presidency towns amounting to $4\frac{1}{2}$ crores represents, it will be understood, the sum of all the transactions in any direction, and the results broadly speaking were that a crore of rupees passed in either direction between Bombay and Calcutta, while Madras sent 1

crore to Bombay and $\frac{1}{2}$ crore to Calcutta. The net exchange between other centres was not important.

In 1910-11, it is not to be supposed that the transfer of funds by means of notes was less extensive, but the matter has to a large extent passed out of observation as the transactions remain outside the currency offices. Thus the net transfers between Presidency towns sank to quite an insignificant figure and the only movements of any importance were—on balance—of some 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ crores from Lahore and $\frac{1}{4}$ of a crore from Cawnpore to Calcutta.

44. The question has been raised whether the increasing popularity of the sovereign has had any effect on the note circulation, and the matter is one of considerable importance. Statistics have been given in paragraphs 27 to 29 bearing on the use of the sovereign and if the conclusions there suggested are correct the question admits of only one answer; since if the sovereign is not used largely as currency or in remittances, it cannot have affected the circulation of notes. At the same time it seemed desirable to look at the matter from the other side and a statement (Statement XIX) has been prepared comparing the increase year by year of the circulation of the two denominations of notes likely to be affected by gold, viz., R5 and R10, in the periods antecedent to and following the large expansion of gold issues and in circles where these issues have been most extensive and where they have been comparatively unimportant. This statement gives no indication that gold has taken the place of notes in the currency. In view of the large variations in the use of notes of particular denominations and of the great changes which have recently affected the note circulation, it may of course be said that probably any effect which issues of gold might have on the note circulation would not appear in the figures, and the conclusion is doubtless therefore no more than a negative one. It is supported however in the main by the evidence of bankers and traders. It is sometimes suggested, it is true, that while the circulation of notes has not been affected at currency centres it may have diminished in the districts, and there is this much to be said in favour of this view that except where it is freely convertible, the currency note is always liable to go to a discount, while the sovereign carries its value with it, and may fetch a premium but is never worth less than its face value. It is in districts therefore that the sovereign would have a distinct advantage as against the currency note. It may be doubted, however, whether notes have ever been used to any large extent in the payment of crops. The evidence is that notes are not generally acceptable for the purpose and the probability is therefore that gold, the bulk of it having been issued for crop payments, has displaced silver and not notes. The question however is one which will continue to require attention.

45. Perhaps the most interesting point in connection with the paper currency is the question to what extent notes are used purely for remittance and to what extent as ordinary currency. The advantages of substituting paper for coin in the currency need no explanation. If used merely for remittance, on the contrary, notes may be described as a means of moving funds at the expense of the tax-payer and the importance of the distinction is obvious.

The question may be considered by examining the statistics which indicate the different uses for which notes are employed. As regards remittances we keep a record in currency offices both of receipts and issues of universal notes in bundles of the value of R10,000 and over. The aggregate in 1910-11 of such issues was 1,53 lakhs. In considering this figure two things have to be borne in mind. In the first place the total includes considerable transactions on Government account, that is, the distribution of notes by Presidency Banks acting as the treasury at provincial head quarters to district treasuries. Secondly the figure indicates at best the extent only to which currency offices were employed as an intermediary in the business of remittance and gives no clue to the extent to which notes were collected and forwarded to foreign circles. From this point of view it seems that the figures of receipts of the same kind—showing the extent to which it was found necessary to resort to the currency offices to change into a convenient form of currency notes presumably received in remittance—are more important, and it is somewhat remarkable that the aggre-

gate in the year amounted only to 74 lakhs. The great difficulty I have said which was always anticipated in the universalisation of currency notes was the possibility of their being presented in such large amounts as to embarrass Government. It may be stated as a plain matter of fact that no difficulty of this kind has been experienced since the decision to make the 10 and 50 Rupee note universal took effect, and the result of actual experience is illustrated in a striking way by the insignificance of the figure representing the extent to which universal notes in collections of any magnitude have come in for payment. It may be that notes are largely used for remittance, but the conclusion seems to be that at destination they are distributed in payments, and are not to be distinguished in this regard from ordinary currency.

That the use of notes as currency is extending is suggested by the increase (para. 37) in the proportion of low value notes to the total circulation, and there are further statistics to support this conclusion. In the case of notes, we have not as in the case of gold special returns from the post offices and railways, but the following figures of treasury transactions are probably sufficient.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

RECEIPTS FROM					ISSUES TO					
Year.	PUBLIC IN PAYMENT OF GOVERNMENT DUES.		Public for Silver.	Public in exchange of notes of other values.	TOTAL.	PUBLIC IN PAYMENT OF GOVERNMENT DUES		Public for silver	Public in exchange of notes of other values.	TOTAL.
	Home Notes.	Foreign Notes.				Home Notes.	Foreign Notes.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1901-02 . .	10,31.69	4,59.88	2,51.00	40.89	17,87.46	7,40.40	72.20	4,99.60	40.89	13,53.09
1902-03 . .	11,13.88	3,49.41	2,81.40	41.24	18,28.93	8,21.92	71.76	5,21.95	44.24	14,59.87
1903-04 . .	12,14.49	3,47.52	3,38.06	52.56	19,82.63	8,92.78	69.66	4,80.33	52.56	15,04.33
1904-05 . .	13,26.82	3,51.69	3,18.48	44.55	20,44.54	9,87.88	90.00	4,71.03	44.55	16,01.41
1905-06 . .	14,69.59	3,66.48	3,33.50	49.81	22,19.38	10,83.70	1,10.20	5,27.95	49.81	17,71.66
1906-07 . .	16,03.30	4,15.02	3,30.61	55.71	24,04.64	11,75.70	1,12.45	5,16.05	55.71	18,59.91
1907-08 . .	16,06.62	3,52.55	2,87.70	61.60	23,07.87	11,50.15	87.85	5,96.25	61.60	18,95.85
1908-09 . .	14,98.39	2,70.46	2,75.52	80.27	21,30.64	12,62.11	81.68	7,26.37	86.27	21,56.43
1909-10 . .	17,78.14	3,05.36	3,85.31	1,01.53	25,70.34	13,83.55	81.89	6,55.07	1,01.53	22,21.54
1910-11 . .	20,14.28	16.80	3,92.35	1,19.01	25,42.44	14,88.26	4.29	5,58.10	1,19.01	21,69.66

The most important figures here are those in columns 2 and 7. It will be seen that both under receipts of notes by treasuries and issues of notes by treasuries in payment of Government dues the total in the last ten years has doubled, and while the receipts may be taken as an indication of the extent to which notes enter into the ordinary circulation, the issues in this respect are of equal importance as indicating the demand of the public for notes as currency.

Claims on lost notes.

46. The following figures furnish a comparison of the number of half notes and wholly destroyed or mutilated notes in respect of which claims have been admitted during the last two years :—

	1909-10.	1910-11. .
Whole notes destroyed	45	23
Half notes {	Lost by post	1,378
	Lost otherwise	1,097
Mutilated notes	592	897

Prior to the year 1907-08, the losses of half-notes in the post averaged little more than 800 per annum, while in the two following years the average rose to nearly 1,200. The later figures given above show a further increase, which is to be regretted as they indicate the extent to which the transmission of notes through the post, uninsured or unregistered, acts as a temptation to poor postal employes, and results in the circulation of mismatched notes (formed out of the stolen halves of different notes) and consequent loss to innocent holders of such notes. The growth in the circulation of mismatched notes is evidenced by the fact that, in the Calcutta Currency Office alone, the claims received in 1910-11 (1026) were more than double those of the year 1905-06 (497), and while the Currency Department will be in a position to pay the bulk of these claims by combining the lost halves of the same notes received from different sources, there still remains a material balance of mismatched notes which are the result of theft, and as these are almost invariably put into circulation by the delinquents the ultimate sufferers are innocent holders who present them at Currency Offices.

47. The number of forged notes presented was 129 as against 122 in 1909-10. As in the latter year, only 2 each of the forgeries were of the R5 and R1,000 denominations, and the rest (with the exception of two forgeries of the hundred rupee note) were of the ten rupee denomination. The new forgeries reported were two of the hundred rupee note of the Rangoon Circle, and 17 of ten rupee notes of the Calcutta and Rangoon Circles (11 and 6 respectively). Those of the Rangoon Circle (16 in all) were produced by what is known as the anastatic process which gives a good, though somewhat faded, reproduction of the original note, the main defect being that the impression obtained by the use of chemicals is liable to smudge in handling or on the application of water to the surface of the note. The imitation water-marking differs in appearance from that of the original note, being obtained by applying great pressure to a surface of plain paper, while the genuine note paper is water-marked at the time of its manufacture in England. Of the 11 new forgeries of ten rupee notes of the Calcutta Circle, nine were hand drawn and two produced from blocks. With very few exceptions the paper used bore no water-mark and was much inferior to that of the genuine note. Four of the notes bore different upper and lower numbers, and in general there was little to warrant any of these new forgeries being mistaken for genuine currency notes.

48. Fraudulent claims in connection with half-notes were few and only in one of the cases prosecuted was a conviction obtained. For some years past, attempts have been made to alter R10 notes of the Rangoon Circle to notes of higher denominations. Four such notes were received in the Rangoon Currency Office during the year; a conviction was obtained in one case, the holder of the note being sentenced to a year's rigorous imprisonment.

State of coinage and counterfeiting.

49. The withdrawals of shroff-marked and uncurrent coin and of rupees

1	2	3	4	5
PROVINCE.	Shroff marked coin.	Uncurrent coin.	Coin of 1835 mintage.	Coin of 1840 mintage.
India	...	17.88	1.18	14.0
Central Provinces and Berar	...	39	11	2.67
Burma	...	2.52	16	1.88
Eastern Bengal and Assam	...	1.56	55	5.28
Bengal	...	7.71	1.37	12.96
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	...	27.59	2.86	37.51
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	2	10.65	2.45	24.37
Madras	...	11.55	67	12.54
Bombay	...	9.87	1	7.99
TOTAL	2	89.96	9.66	1,19.20

bearing the dates 1835 and 1840 are shown in the margin in thousands of rupees. The withdrawals of 1835 and 1840 rupees which are yearly diminishing were R71,000 and 14,63,000 less than in the previous year. To the end of the year they accounted for 3.42 lakhs of 1835 and 28.26 lakhs of 1840 rupees, against total coinages in those two years of 15 and 108 crores. The withdrawals of uncurrent coin were 24½ lakhs higher than in the previous year, but of this excess 20 lakhs are accounted for by the withdrawal under special

orders issued in May 1910 of worn small silver coin. Apart from defective and defaced coins the rest of the withdrawals in column 8 were of light-weight coin as follows :—

1	NUMBER OF COINS REDUCED IN WEIGHT.				
	Over 2 per cent. but not more than $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.	Over $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. but not more than 25 per cent.	Over 2 per cent. but not more than $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	Over $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. but not more than 25 per cent.	Over 25 per cent.
2	3	4	5	6	
Rupees . . .	4,429,787	30,170	...	...	21,325
Half-rupees . .	...	...	396,911	7,010	5,132
Quarter rupees .	...	...	...	1,068,254	5,818
Eighth rupees .	...	...	...	981,868	4,514
TOTAL .	4,429,787	30,170	396,911	2,057,132	36,789
6,950,789					

During the year under report, a change was made in the rules for the receipt of light weight half-rupees. The limit of reasonable wear was formerly fixed at $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. as in the case of whole rupees, coins which had lost between 2 and $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. being received at nominal value but cut and withdrawn from circulation at Government cost, while coins which had lost more than 25 per cent. were cut and rejected and those which had lost between $6\frac{1}{4}$ and 5 per cent. were to be cut and, at the tenderer's option, to be accepted at certain fixed rates less than the nominal value, varying with the degree of lightness. It was considered that in the case of a small coin like the half-rupee these rules were unnecessarily complicated. The Government of India, Finance Department, notification No. 3172-A., dated the 18th June 1910, accordingly fixed the limit of reasonable wear at $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.; half-rupees which have been diminished in weight so as to be more than 2 per cent. but not more than $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. below standard weight are now received at nominal value but cut and withdrawn from circulation, while coins which have lost more than 25 per cent. are cut and rejected, and those which have lost between $12\frac{1}{2}$ and 25 per cent. are cut, and at the tenderer's option paid for at 6 annas each. The new rules came into force in the second quarter of the year, so that the half-rupees entered in the fourth and fifth columns of the statement above were dealt with partly under the old and partly under the new rules.

The figures for half-rupees do not show any large variation from the preceding year. Those for rupees show an increase of 8 lakhs, chiefly in the United Provinces and Bombay which is attributed partly to more careful shroffing and partly to an increase in transactions. In one treasury in the United Provinces, it was found that a large number of good coins were cut by a new shroff who was not acquainted with the rules on the subject. In the case of small silver, there is a large increase as compared with the preceding year, but this is due to most of the returns having erroneously included small silver coin, which, being worn but not light-weight, was withdrawn under the special orders already mentioned.

As usual the work done at the six larger currency offices in the examination of coins presented was tested at the Mints, the coins sent to the Mints for re-examination being selected by the Currency officers at random from the ordinary receipts across the counter. The following table shows the amounts

examined and the number of counterfeits and light-weight coins discovered by the mints.

Amount examined.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	Cawnpore	Lahore.	Rangoon.
	R10,00,000	R7,84,007	R4,68,000	R5,00,000	R5,00,000	R50,000
Counterfeits	59	61	56	49	63	5
Lost between 2 % and 6½% . .	10,449	4,892	3,904	10,178	10,260	472
" " 6½% " 12½%	117	63	46	87	53	4
" " 12½% " 18½%	2	1	4	1	3	1
" " 18½% " 25 % . . . .	...	..	.	.	..	...
TOTAL	10,627	5,017	4,010	10,315	10,379	482

The following statement compares for the last four years the total percentage of light-weights detected at the Mints in the remittances mentioned above :—

	Percentage detected at the Mints			
	1907-08.	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11
Calcutta	941	1 160	1 139	1 057
Bombay	335	370	482	632
Madras	378	557	575	845
Cawnpore	1654	1688	1 519	2053
Lahore	689	969	512	2 083
Rangoon	972	868	886	954

The figures do not compare well with past years. Cawnpore and Lahore have shown very bad results ; Calcutta is better than last year, but there is still much room for improvement.

PROVINCE.	R	½R	¼R	
India	33,518	801	767	776
Central Provinces and Berar	2,288	45	27	22
Burma	7,744	195	537	284
Eastern Beng and Assam.	4,291	45	42	6
Bengal	10,491	369	271	168
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh . .	18,075	449	460	468
Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces	10,809	324	558	813
Madras	14,156	1,764	1,192	1,011
Bombay	11,639	549	689	781
TOTAL	1,13,011	4,541	4,543	3,762

Year	R	½R	¼R	False coinage.
1901	43,193	2,154	2,345	1,928
1902	55,744	2,099	2,598	1,923
1903	52,736	2,221	2,148	1,812
1904	56,385	2,082	1,990	1,853
1905	65,713	2,290	2,283	1,747
1906	68,632	2,438	2,416	1,592
1907	78,686	2,436	2,231	1,599
1908	98,492	3,557	3,417	3,445
1909	1,08,788	4,313	4,084	3,887
1910	1,13,011	4,541	4,543	3,782

50. The tables in the margin give the numbers of counterfeit silver coins cut and broken in the different provinces during the calendar year 1910 and the usual comparative statistics for the past ten years. They show that in 1910 the number of counterfeit rupees discovered in the treasuries, currency offices and railway cash offices in the course of examination of coin received by them is higher by above four thousand than in 1909. The increases are reported in Calcutta, Madras and Bombay. In the last two cases, they are explained to be due to larger amounts of coin handled during the year under report. In Calcutta, the Bank of Bengal has reported a larger number of counterfeit coins as cut, but the causes for the increase cannot be definitely ascertained.

Out of the total number of 113,011, 42,617 were reported by Railways, 6,938 by the East Indian Railway alone and 5,515 by the North Western Railway.

The increase in recent years in the number of counterfeit small silver coins is, as mentioned in the last report, probably due to more careful examination, the new rules for dealing with light-weight small silver coins necessitating a more detailed observation of these coins.

The number of counterfeit rupees received at the Mints for examination during the year was 6,027, of which 790 were struck from dies and the rest were castings. Most of the former were well executed, but the majority of the latter consisted of palpable counterfeits made of base metal.

Small Coin.

Small silver, nickel and bronze.

51. Statement XXI annexed to the report shows the absorption of these coins in the different provinces during the twelve months under review and in the two preceding years. With the good trade conditions of the year, there was a fair demand for small coin in general. Excluding double pice which are being gradually withdrawn from circulation, the value of the total absorption amounted to Rs 59,52,000 against Rs 41,01,000 in 1909-10 and Rs 79,10,000 in 1907-08. Quarter and eighth rupees were absorbed to the value of 14 lakhs each chiefly in Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Bombay. The popularity of the nickel anna piece continues to increase, the net issues during the year having amounted to 20½ lakhs worth, or 4 lakhs more than the preceding year. They are popular in every province except Burma, but chiefly in Bombay and the Central Provinces, where the old double pice were largely in circulation and the public have found the nickel coin a convenient substitute. Single pice worth Rs 9½ lakhs were absorbed during the year, the bulk of the issues having been in the Central and United Provinces, and Eastern Bengal and Assam. Half pice and pie pieces to the value of three quarters of a lakh each were issued, the former in Calcutta and the latter in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies.

It is noteworthy that, in spite of the good trade of the year, the demand for single pice has been less than in any year between 1903-04 and 1907-08. This is no doubt due to the competition of the nickel coin. A comparison with past figures shows that the latter has appreciably displaced the pice in Eastern Bengal and Assam, the Punjab, Madras and Bombay, and one-eighth rupees also to some extent in the first-named Province.

Miscellaneous.

Writing off of old notes.

52. The value of notes written off the circulation under the first proviso to Section 19 of the Indian Paper Currency Act II of 1910, amounted during the year under report to Rs 43,080 against Rs 44,250 and Rs 44,370 in 1909-10 and 1908-09.

Proportion of transactions to circulation.

53. The following table gives the value of the circulation of the circles, and the mean of their receipts and issues over the counter during the year, with the percentage of the former to the latter during the last three years :—

	IN LAKHS OF RUPEES.		PERCENTAGE OF AMOUNT IN COL. 2 ON THAT IN COL. 3.		
	Average circulation on last day of month.	Mean value of receipts and issues over the counter.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1908-09.
Calcutta	22.54	66.52	34	31	29
Cawnpore	2.64	3.97	66	70	75
Lahore	3.53	7.89	45	46	50
Bombay	14.71	51.60	29	26	25
Karachi	1.42	2.11	67	65	74
Madras	6.33	22.60	28	28	30
Rangoon	3.18	26.40	12	13	14

54. Statement XXII shows the receipts and expenditure on account of the Paper Currency Department during the year 1910-11. The receipts were about the same as in the preceding year, but the charges were higher by about Rs. 50,000, the increase being chiefly in the cost of note forms the supplies of which in the case of the lower denominations had been kept low in the preceding year pending the arrival of notes in the new universal form. Receipts and
Expenditure.

The charges shown in the statement do not include those incurred in remittances of coin and notes as no distinction is made in the accounts between remittances of the Currency Department and those on account of Treasuries. The total remittance charges amounted during the year 1910-11 to Rs. 3,75,000, and the greater part of this amount may be treated as relating to the Currency Department.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

R. W. GILLAN,

Comptroller-General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

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Statement I.

Statement showing the Treasury balances on the first day of each month during 1909-10 and 1910-11 and their distribution.

[In Thousands of Rupees.]

	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	March closing balances.
1910-11.													
Reserve Treasuries	5,32,38	4,21,66	5,86,35	8,40,25	9,48,60	8,50,66	7,18,37	4,63,13	3,88,51	2,81,60	3,38,58	4,51,65	6,58,15
Presidency Banks (Head Offices).	1,87,94	1,73,07	1,88,09	1,46,10	1,80,14	1,50,12	2,03,43	1,93,11	1,77,00	1,94,52	1,74,50	1,75,89	1,65,79
District Treasuries	11,23,99	9,88,00	9,79,99	10,28,55	10,14,08	9,62,65	9,43,98	9,56,42	8,99,74	8,41,73	9,86,01	10,89,19	12,12,25
TOTAL	18,44,31	15,77,73	17,54,43	20,14,90	21,42,82	19,63,43	18,65,78	16,12,66	14,65,25	13,17,85	14,99,99	17,16,73	20,36,19
1909-1910.													
Reserve Treasuries	4,39,83	1,01,65	3,47,78	3,81,09	2,21,59	2,75,24	2,40,43	1,43,26	1,56,62	1,73,74	2,44,84	2,99,79	5,32,38
Presidency Banks (Head Offices).	1,62,29	1,41,26	1,59,69	1,35,50	2,89,71	1,54,16	1,72,90	1,77,50	1,69,67	1,70,63	1,82,86	1,65,02	1,87,94
District Treasuries	9,33,26	8,98,51	7,99,59	8,89,95	8,49,56	7,77,77	7,69,79	6,66,48	6,78,54	6,71,47	9,40,04	10,97,52	11,23,99
TOTAL	15,35,38	11,36,42	13,07,06	14,06,54	13,60,86	12,07,17	11,83,12	9,92,24	10,04,83	10,15,84	13,67,74	15,62,33	18,44,31
Difference	+ 3,08,93	+ 4,41,31	+ 4,47,37	+ 6,08,36	+ 7,81,96	+ 7,56,26	+ 6,82,66	+ 6,20,42	+ 4,60,42	+ 3,02,01	+ 1,32,25	+ 1,54,40	+ 1,01,88

Statement II.*Details of the balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st March 1911.*

	£
In England—	
Purchase value of Sterling Securities (as per details below)	15,848,469
Cash placed by the Secretary of State in Council at short notice	1,477,858
In India—	
Coined rupees (at ₹15=£1)	1,934,302
TOTAL	19,260,129

Details of investments :—

	Face value. £
British Government 2½ per cent. Consolidated Stock	4,665,770
Local Loans 3 per cent. Stock	200,000
Guaranteed 2¾ per cent. Stock (Irish Land)	438,720
Transvaal Government 3 per cent. Guaranteed Stock	1,092,023
British Treasury Bills	4,500,000
Exchequer Bonds (3 per cent.)	4,350,600
Canada 3¾ per cent. Bonds	489,000
Do. 4 per cent. Bonds	81,000
Cape of Good Hope 4 per cent. Bonds	107,500
Corporation of London 3½ per cent. Debentures	100,000
Do. do. 3½ do. do.	45,000
New South Wales, 4 per cent. Bonds	4,000
Do. 3½ do. Inscribed Stock	113,000
New Zealand 3¾ per cent. Debentures	45,000
Do. 3½ do. do.	146,400
Queensland 4 do. Bonds	17,000
Do. 4 do. Inscribed Stock	10,000
TOTAL	16,405,013

Statement III.

Distribution of Currency Reserve during the year 1910-11.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

MONTH.	Gross circulation.	COIN AND BULLION RESERVE.						SECURITIES.
		Silver coin in India	Gold coin and bullion in India.	Silver bullion under coinage.	Gold coin and bullion in England.	Gold coin and bullion in transit between India and England.	Silver bullion in transit between India and England.	
April 1910	52,84	28,87	8,83	8	5,06	...	...	12,00
May "	54,30	28,25	7,72	8	6,25	...	...	12,00
June "	56,95	32,07	6,43	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
July "	59,16	35,26	5,45	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
August "	58,06	35,12	4,49	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
September "	56,10	33,83	3,82	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
October "	53,35	31,56	3,04	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
November "	52,10	29,70	3,95	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
December "	49,67	27,62	3,60	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
January 1911	51,12	26,49	6,18	8	6,37	...	...	12,00
February "	53,52	26,04	7,83	8	7,57	...	...	12,00
March "	54,99	26,06	9,28	8	7,57	...	...	12,00*

Distribution of metallic reserve on the 31st March 1911 by Circles.

Circle.	Silver coin.	Gold coin and bullion.	Silver bullion under coinage.	Gold coin and bullion in England.	Silver bullion in transit between India and England.
	<i>R</i> <i>a.</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>R</i>
At Calcutta	8,90,77,182 6	74,93,085	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...
" Cawnpore	4,11,53,737 0	46,01,595	...	...	...
" Lahore	3,29,16,963 0	92,84,760	...	...	...
" Bombay	2,31,98,423 0	6,69,77,377	...	...	...
" Karachi	43,22,255 0	10,86,165	...	...	...
" Madras	3,73,56,165 0	10,05,795	...	...	...
" Rangoon	3,26,21,907 0	23,48,490	...	...	...
TOTAL	23,06,46,632 6	9,27,97,267	7,86,970	7,56,75,000	...

42,99,05,869 6 0

* Made up of :—

	Nominal Value.	Cost price.
	<i>R</i>	<i>R</i> <i>a.</i> <i>p.</i>
In rupee securities—		
3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43	8,15,95,000	8,00,00,000 0 0
3 per cent. loan of 1896-97	2,04,86,500	1,99,99,945 10 0
	10,20,81,500	9,99,99,945 10 0
In sterling securities -	<i>£</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>	<i>£</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>
2½ per cent. Consols	1,494,952 16 7	1,333,333 6 8

STATEMENT IV.

Payments by Government on account of Transfers of Funds effected by the public between Provinces during the year 1910-11.

(In Thousands of Rupees)

	1st QUARTER ON ACCOUNT OF							2nd QUARTER ON ACCOUNT OF							3rd QUARTER ON ACCOUNT OF							4th QUARTER ON ACCOUNT OF							TOTAL ON ACCOUNT OF							
	India and Ben- gal.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Total.	India and Ben- gal.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Total.	India and Ben- gal.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Total.	India and Ben- gal.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Total.	India and Ben- gal.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Total.	
Bengal	...	25.33	3.74	5.87	4.50	22.80	62.03	...	14.05	12.36	35.38	14.00	34.46	1,10.24	...	15.36	6.44	10.53	75.30	1,95.20	3,02.53	...	16.94	10.55	19.38	10.48	1,40.37	2,06.72	...	71.67	33.09	71.31	1,04.38	4,01.42	6,81.87	...
Provinces	...	...	...	...	...	63.00	63.00	...	...	...	...	...	12.00	12.00	...	...	...	...	...	12.00	38.55	49.68	...	...	...	...	29.00	78.63	...	...	...	...	1,16.00	1,92.18	...	...
"	4.00	...	...	...	2.00	...	6.00	...	...	...	10.00	...	...	10.00	...	1,13.00	...	...	29.25	14.00	1,61.25	3,83.80	...	...	...	2.00	3,83.00	7,79.80	...	...	...	43.25	2,97.00	9,46.03	...	
Bengal and Provinces	24.25	...	...	...	...	...	24.25	1,94.59	...	...	...	...	...	1,96.89	...	91.01	...	...	...	...	91.01	30.02	...	...	...	...	...	30.02	46.57	...	...	...	3,40.87	3,40.87	...	...
"	83.30	...	...	...	...	...	83.47	1.00	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	9.00	...	...	...	...	46.50	55.50	16.06	...	...	...	4.87	24.25	46.57	...	...	...	...	1,39.23	2,13.34	...	
"	19.75	...	...	...	...	...	80.75	1.50	...	...	...	...	63.00	64.50	11.65	...	...	...	...	53.65	65.30	0.11	...	...	...	...	28.63	65.67	...	...	...	...	2.13.20	2,68.39	...	
"	1.00	...	...	...	...	1,10.00	1,11.00	...	...	...	...	...	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	73.20	73.20	12.37	...	...	...	...	2,46.75	2,69.15	...	...	...	...	...	4.20.43	4,49.85	...
"	9.63	...	...	33.20	3.00	...	43.92	8.20	...	...	49.98	19.50	...	77.68	10.98	...	...	11.94	22.75	...	45.67	...	16.21	2	10.80	41.18	...	...	69.71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	1,10.13	26.33	3.74	56.17	9.50	3,28.07	5,14.92	2,06.20	14.06	12.36	85.86	43.50	1,09.93	4,71.61	2,67.19	15.36	6.44	23.53	1,27.20	3,91.66	8,33.36	5,27.80	18.80	39.11	65.93	12.45	9,60.92	1,614.54	1,11.40	73.03	81.06	2,11.06	1,82.70	16,80.40	22,54.29	...

STATEMENT V.

Movement of Funds within the Provinces during the year 1910-11.

	India and Bengal.	Central Provinces.	Burma.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.
Supplies of funds to Presidency Banks in Districts	6	...	18	...	...	...	3,63	1,00	4,87
Receipts of funds from Presidency Banks in Districts	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	91
Sale of supply bills and transfers to the public	1,09	10	3,02	7	54	16	1,94	3,44	10,86
Transfers to head-quarters by Bank post bills	42	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	44
TOTAL	1,62	10	3,20	9	54	16	5,57	5,30	16,58

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

STATEMENT VI.

(In thousands of £.)

Gross imports of sovereigns during 1907-08, 1909-10 and 1910-11.

	1907-08.	1909-10.	1910-11.
April	138	...	221
May	1,081	...	61
June	1,074	...	...
July	734	...	1
August	561	...	...
September	245	...	7
October	165	...	...
November	79	25	1,358
December	140	1,921	624
January	223	3,564	2,304
February	565	677	1,605
March	250	952	1,445
TOTAL	5,250	7,139	7,626

STATEMENT VII.

(In thousands of £.)

Absorption of gold coin during 1910-11.

	1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.	TOTAL.
Opening balance—					
Currency	6,202	4,288	2,546	2,402	6,202
Treasuries	223	250	242	231	223
TOTAL	6,425	4,538	2,788	2,633	6,425
Closing balance—					
Currency	4,288	2,546	2,402	6,186	6,186
Treasuries	250	242	231	298	298
TOTAL	4,538	2,788	2,633	6,484	6,484
Difference (+ net issue—net receipts)	1,887	1,750	155	—3,851	—59
Add—imports	282	8	1,982	5,354	7,626
Deduct—exports	315	52	3	10	380
ABSORPTION	1,854	1,706	2,134	1,493	7,187

(In thousands of Rs.)

STATEMENT VII—continued.

Absorption of gold coin in 1907-08 and 1910-11 by Provinces and quarters.

Name of Province.	1907-08.				TOTAL.	1910-11.				TOTAL.
	1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.		1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.	
Bengal (including Calcutta) and India	653	108	127	276	1,164	265	229	63	197	754
Central Provinces	5	42	14	13	74	28	35	16	-4	75
Burma	187	172	149	260	768	171	146	112	149	578
Eastern Bengal and Assam	24	18	24	10	76	13	8	5	9	35
United Provinces	211	291	293	275	1,070	247	271	250	170	938
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	406	310	404	303	1,423	539	532	720	387	2,178
Madras	219	197	285	237	938	432	290	383	382	1,437
Bombay (including Sindh)	309	78	247	73	707	159	195	685	203	1,192
TOTAL	2,014	1,216	1,543	1,447	6,220	1,854	1,706	2,134	1,493	7,187

STATEMENT VIII.

Absorption of rupees and half-rupees during 1909-10 and 1910-11.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

	1910-11.					1909-10.				
	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	Total April to March.	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	Total April to March.
Opening Balance—										
Currency	29,28	32,07	33,83	27,62	29,28	31,12	34,95	36,46	31,26	31,12
Treasury	5,87	5,73	4,87	3,90	5,87	5,09	4,93	4,08	3,18	5,09
Gold Standard Reserve.	3,80	3,80	3,80	3,80	3,80	15,88	11,68	11,68	7,18	15,88
TOTAL	38,95	41,60	42,50	35,32	38,95	52,09	51,56	52,22	41,62	52,09
Closing Balance—										
Currency	32,07	33,83	27,62	26,06	26,06	31,95	36,46	31,26	29,28	29,28
Treasury	5,73	4,87	3,90	6,23	6,23	4,93	4,08	3,18	5,87	5,87
Gold Standard Reserve.	3,80	3,80	3,80	2,90	2,90	11,68	11,68	7,18	3,80	3,80
TOTAL	41,60	42,50	35,32	35,19	35,19	47,56	52,22	41,62	38,95	38,95
Net Difference + or -	-2,65	-90	+7,18	+13	+3,76	+53	-66	+10,60	+2,67	+13,14
Add—New coins issued	+35	+62	+44	+34	+1,75	+49	+70	+44	+54	+2,17
Deduct—Remittances to Mints for recoinage	-57	-72	-40	-48	-2,17	-55	-62	-39	-53	-2,09
Net Absorption (+) or return from circulation (-)	-2,87	-1,00	+7,22	-1	+3,34	+47	-58	+10,65	+2,68	+13,22
Net receipts into (+) or payments from (-) treasuries	+1,71	-1,49	-5,48	+7,18	+1,92	-1,29	-2,23	-1,67	+8,28	+8,09
Net Currency Note circulation increase (+) decrease (-)	+10	+55	-2,18	+70	-83	+4,38	+3,18	-1,95	+1,67	+7,28

Distribution of absorption by quarters and Provinces.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

CIRCLE OR PROVINCE.	1910-11.					1909-10.				
	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	TOTAL.	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	TOTAL.
Bengal and India	-1,73	+2,61	+1,14	-1,59	+43	-2,39	+3,19	-6	-96	-22
United Provinces	-63	-71	+5	-22	-1,51	-12	-77	+31	+31	-27
Punjab and N.-W. Fr.	+42	-1,30	+87	-82	-83	+3,04	-1,08	+1,59	+48	+3,98
Bombay	-67	-1,74	+3,91	+3,05	+4,55	+33	-1,52	+8,67	+8,42	+10,90
Madras	+69	-41	-4	-1,35	-1,11	+56	-20	-29	-69	-62
Burma	-55	-84	+53	+2,72	+1,86	-55	-1,06	-20	+2,09	+28
Eastern Bengal and Assam	-48	+1,47	+17	-1,49	-83	-48	+66	+37	-1,16	-61
Central Provinces and Berar	+8	-8	+59	-31	+28	+8	+20	+26	-76	-22
TOTAL	-2,87	-1,00	+7,22	-1	+3,34	+47	-58	+10,65	+2,68	+13,22

STATEMENT IX.

Statement of whole Rupees coined and issued from the Indian Mints from 1835.

Calendar years.	Coined in Calcutta.	Coined in Madras.	Coined in Bombay.	Total Coined.
	R	R	R	R
William IV, 1835 . . .	10,90,88,070	11,78,000	5,37,12,502	16,89,78,572
Victoria, 1840, 1st issue . . .	17,99,34,670	2,18,98,181	10,98,38,073	31,16,70,924
" 1840, 2nd . . .	39,85,53,660	5,50,49,201	31,29,58,076	76,65,60,937
" 1862 . . .	26,94,27,222	2,94,81,923	40,80,03,034	70,69,12,179
" 1874 . . .	1,50,13,834	...	2,85,08,566	4,35,22,400
" 1875 . . .	1,16,31,951	...	1,93,59,597	3,09,91,548
" 1876 . . .	1,20,01,264	...	2,89,49,037	4,09,50,301
" 1877 . . .	3,92,51,692	...	9,55,54,320	13,48,06,012
" 1878 . . .	3,26,57,837	...	6,39,27,196	9,65,85,033
" 1879 . . .	1,59,28,325	...	7,27,99,904	8,87,28,229
" 1880 . . .	1,83,99,894	...	5,37,85,624	7,21,85,518
" 1881 . . .	24,35,719	...	31,61,858	55,97,577
" 1882 . . .	1,50,90,289	...	5,63,97,273	7,14,87,567
" 1883 . . .	51,23,372	...	1,80,22,789	2,31,46,161
" 1884 . . .	1,16,41,757	...	3,68,46,570	4,84,88,327
" 1885 . . .	3,41,52,203	...	6,48,78,000	9,90,30,203
" 1886 . . .	1,08,78,075	...	4,11,46,457	5,20,24,532
" 1887 . . .	4,02,00,148	...	4,84,00,000	8,86,00,148
" 1888 . . .	75,68,000	...	6,32,00,000	7,07,68,000
" 1889 . . .	93,68,310	...	6,53,00,000	7,46,68,310
" 1890 . . .	2,47,41,865	...	9,29,00,000	11,76,41,865
" 1891 . . .	1,46,69,903	...	4,95,00,000	6,41,69,903
" 1892 . . .	3,24,55,120	...	7,22,00,000	10,46,55,120
" 1893 . . .	91,40,310	...	6,95,90,000	(a) 7,87,30,310
" 1897 . . .	4,70,184	...	10,54,593	(b) 15,24,777
" 1898 . . .	12,50,976	...	62,68,437	(b) 75,19,413
" 1900 . . .	5,29,02,591	...	6,52,36,908	(d) 11,81,39,499
" 1901 . . .	3,37,22,243	...	7,54,13,718	(c) 10,91,35,961
" 1901 coined in 1902 . . .	3,82,94,644	...	5,48,44,740	(f) 9,31,39,384
Edward VII, 1903 ditto . . .	25,000	...	...	25,000
" " 1903 . . .	4,93,78,355	...	5,29,69,151	(g) 10,23,47,506
" " 1904 . . .	5,83,38,617	...	10,19,40,291	(h) 16,02,78,908
" " 1905 . . .	5,12,57,883	...	7,62,02,223	(e) 12,74,60,106
" " 1906 . . .	10,47,97,164	...	15,89,53,269	(j) 26,37,50,433
" " 1907 . . .	8,13,38,000	...	17,09,11,816	(k) 25,22,49,816
" " 1908 . . .	2,02,17,728	...	1,07,14,770	3,09,32,498
" " 1909 . . .	1,27,58,580	...	95,38,746	(l) 2,22,97,326
" " 1910 . . .	85,00,000	...	91,88,673	1,76,88,673
" " 1910 coined in 1911 . . .	16,00,000	...	10,53,402	(c) 26,53,402
TOTAL . . .	1,83,42,05,455	10,76,07,305	2,72,32,29,618	4,66,50,42,378

(a) Includes Rs 90,000 coined for the Bikaner State.

(b) On account of Kashmir and Bhopal re-coinage.

(c) Up to 31st March 1911.

(d) Includes Rs 2,09,02,414 coined for Native States.

(e) " Rs 1,90,43,904 coined for Native States.

(f) " Rs 2,98,86,014 coined for Native States.

(g) " Rs 11,66,451 coined for Native States.

(h) " Rs 5,94,221 coined for Native States.

(i) " Rs 3,28,000 coined for Native States.

(j) " Rs 3,90,310 coined for Native States and Rs 167 lakhs (Calcutta 32 lakhs and Bombay 135 lakhs) coined from Gold Standard Reserve Silver.

(k) " Rs 94,766 coined for Native States and Rs 433 lakhs (Calcutta 168 lakhs and Bombay 265 lakhs) coined from Gold Standard Reserve Silver.

(l) " Rs 1,01,459 coined for Native States.

Statement X.

Rupee Census.

	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.
William IV, 1835	1.0	.5	.5	.4	.4	.3	.3	.25	.2	.19	.19	.15	.15	.17	.12	.11
1840, 1st issue	4.0	4.1	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.1	2.1	1.5	.95	.8	.75	.5	.43	.45	.32	.32
1840, 2nd issue	11.7	11.7	13.0	13.1	12.6	11.3	8.2	4.3	2.8	2.13	1.6	1.2	1.04	.99	.73	.61
1862	20.0	20.0	21.0	20.95	20.2	19.0	19.85	20.15	18.5	17.2	15.7	14.35	13.54	13.72	13.50	13.53
1874 . . . . .	.7	.7	.8	.85	.9	.76	.75	.75	.75	.75	.65	.55	.56	.59	.53	.54
1875	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.25	1.2	1.03	1.15	1.15	1.09	.99	.95	.85	.77	.84	.80	.79
1876	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.36	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.25	1.1	1.0	.96	1.01	1.00	.98
1877	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.09	3.85	3.5	3.2	2.95	3.09	3.05	3.09
1878	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.15	3.0	2.9	2.95	3.0	2.85	2.55	2.4	2.2	2.04	2.13	2.12	2.12
1879	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.55	2.6	2.5	2.24	2.0	1.95	1.80	1.87	1.82	1.82
1880	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.45	2.5	2.25	2.08	1.95	1.8	1.66	1.68	1.69	1.67
1881 . . . . .	.4	.4	.4	.37	.4	.3	.3	.3	.35	.28	.25	.25	.23	.24	.24	.20
1882	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.73	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.84	1.87	1.87	1.85
1883	1.2	1.0	1.06	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	.95	.9	.8	.75	.70	.72	.69	.67
1884	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.92	2.0	1.95	1.85	1.75	1.6	1.45	1.33	1.38	1.38	1.36
1885	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1	3.7	3.85	3.8	3.55	3.25	2.95	2.8	2.51	2.61	2.59	2.60
1886	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.15	2.2	2.01	1.88	1.75	1.6	1.46	1.51	1.50	1.49
1887	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.65	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.59	2.64	2.58	2.60
1888	3.6	3.7	3.2	3.25	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.95	2.7	2.5	2.35	2.1	1.98	2.03	1.98	1.98
1889	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.33	3.35	3.35	3.04	2.85	2.6	2.35	2.16	2.23	2.25	2.23
1890	7.3	7.4	6.5	6.3	6.4	5.6	5.7	5.65	5.04	4.8	4.3	3.85	3.53	3.60	3.70	3.65
1891	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.75	2.6	2.35	2.1	1.99	2.00	2.02	2.00
1892	6.0	6.0	5.4	5.55	5.6	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.2	3.85	3.35	3.13	3.21	3.23	3.22
1893	4.4	5.1	4.1	4.32	4.3	3.8	3.75	3.8	3.4	3.2	2.85	2.6	2.37	2.43	2.42	2.37
1897 . . . . .	...	...	.01	.01	.1	.17	.15	.15	.18	.15	.17	.15	.18	.16	.17	.13
1898 . . . . .	...	...	.08	.05	.35	.4	.45	.4	.5	.4	.44	.35	.38	.42	.34	.34
1900 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	1.2	6.8	7.0	7.05	6.3	5.85	5.25	4.7	4.34	4.32	4.30	4.30
1901 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	3.05	6.4	9.75	9.4	9.03	8.1	7.35	6.84	6.89	6.74	6.68
1903 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.75	6.6	5.83	4.8	4.2	3.94	3.84	3.58	3.59
1904 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.6	8.4	8.0	6.8	6.48	6.03	5.82	5.79
1905 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.3	7.8	6.6	6.00	5.74	5.41	5.32
1906 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.7	11.6	10.56	9.92	10.35	10.20
1907 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.5	8.92	8.23	8.56	8.66
1908 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.64	1.20	1.43	1.55
1909 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.25	.95	.90
1910 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.17	.75
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

VICTORIA.

EDWARD VII.

STATEMENT XII.

Statement of Active Note Circulation during 1910-11 and the two previous years.

[In lakhs of rupees.]

LAST DAY OF MONTH.	Gross circulation on last day of month.			Amounts held in Reserve Treasuries.			Amounts held in other Treasuries.			Total held in Treasuries.		Balance, being notes in circulation with the public			Notes held by Presidency Banks at Head Offices.				Active circulation among the people.				
	1909-10.		1910-11.	1908-09.		1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.		1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.		1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.		1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.		1909-10.	1910-11.
	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.		
April	46,26	43,65	52,84	6,96	1,02	4,22	2,31	1,95	2,12	9,27	2,97	6,34	36,99	40,68	46,50	4,72	5,33	6,74	32,27	35,35	39,76		
May	44,81	46,77	54,30	6,82	3,47	5,86	1,92	1,65	1,85	8,74	5,12	7,71	36,07	41,65	46,59	4,89	7,21	7,51	31,18	34,44	39,08		
June	45,15	49,29	56,95	5,78	3,80	8,40	1,75	1,88	1,94	7,53	5,68	10,34	37,62	43,61	46,61	6,49	9,42	10,03	31,13	34,19	36,58		
July	48,10	51,53	59,16	7,39	2,20	9,48	1,88	1,99	2,00	9,27	4,19	11,48	38,83	47,34	47,68	7,25	13,03	11,12	31,58	34,31	36,56		
August	44,61	51,74	58,06	4,68	2,75	8,50	1,50	1,57	1,88	6,18	4,32	10,38	38,43	47,42	47,68	6,53	11,93	10,83	31,90	35,49	36,86		
September	43,54	50,82	58,10	2,29	2,39	7,18	1,51	1,64	1,76	3,80	4,03	8,94	40,04	46,79	47,16	6,93	9,74	9,11	33,11	37,05	38,05		
October	44,25	50,50	53,35	1,64	1,48	4,63	1,35	1,35	2,20	2,99	2,83	6,83	41,26	47,67	46,52	6,94	10,22	7,91	34,42	37,45	38,61		
November	43,55	46,53	52,10	1,21	1,55	3,88	1,55	1,47	1,92	2,76	3,02	5,80	40,79	48,51	46,30	6,38	6,51	7,15	34,41	37,00	39,15		
December	42,07	48,25	49,67	73	1,71	2,91	1,56	1,70	1,78	2,29	3,41	4,69	39,78	44,84	44,98	5,55	6,49	5,49	34,23	38,35	39,49		
January	42,21	51,84	51,12	1,54	2,68	3,38	1,78	1,03	2,29	3,32	3,71	5,67	38,89	48,13	45,45	5,22	6,66	5,78	33,67	41,47	39,67		
February	43,86	50,57	53,52	1,71	3,29	4,51	1,88	1,21	2,42	3,59	4,50	6,93	40,27	46,07	46,59	5,91	4,62	5,64	34,36	41,45	40,95		
March	45,49	54,41	54,99	4,36	5,31	6,58	1,90	2,59	2,73	6,26	7,90	9,31	39,23	46,51	45,68	4,28	6,53	5,51	34,95	39,98	40,17		
Average	44,52	49,66	54,35	3,76	2,64	5,80	1,74	1,67	2,07	5,50	4,31	7,87	39,02	45,35	46,46	5,99	8,14	7,78	33,10	37,21	38,75		

STATEMENT XIII.

Value of Currency Notes in circulation

	1863-64.	1864-65.	1865-66.	1866-67.	1867-68.	1868-69.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.	1876-77.	1877-78.	1878-79.	1879-80.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.
April	5,13	5,68	7,48	7,02	7,84	8,92	9,80	9,65	10,13	13,34	11,01	9,27	10,75	10,75	11,13	13,30	11,27	12,89	12,86	14,20	13,35	12,34	13,02
May	5,01	6,04	7,46	7,87	8,19	10,04	10,88	8,68	10,49	13,49	11,21	9,96	11,06	10,70	11,55	13,09	11,17	13,10	13,01	14,67	13,09	13,24	13,54
June	5,09	5,99	8,34	8,60	8,58	10,04	10,80	8,70	10,83	13,51	11,83	10,15	11,29	11,59	12,67	13,87	11,82	13,64	13,72	14,61	13,01	13,83	14,86
July	5,11	6,31	8,58	8,67	8,72	10,06	10,53	9,12	10,72	13,47	11,95	10,73	11,18	11,54	12,85	14,07	12,24	13,91	14,04	15,29	13,54	14,56	14,50
August	5,16	6,37	8,60	8,48	9,39	10,13	10,21	9,45	11,29	13,22	12,03	10,87	11,19	11,91	12,15	14,27	12,74	13,75	14,22	15,29	13,79	14,97	14,26
September	5,26	6,48	8,87	9,28	9,53	10,41	10,18	10,07	11,32	13,35	12,09	10,60	11,77	11,75	12,39	14,06	13,38	13,47	13,55	15,28	14,40	15,01	15,55
October	5,63	7,09	7,84	10,16	9,96	10,61	10,76	10,19	11,31	13,00	12,06	10,88	12,04	11,45	13,19	13,70	13,58	13,55	13,39	15,82	14,49	15,61	15,71
November	5,16	7,13	7,88	10,10	10,21	10,41	11,33	10,27	11,99	13,30	11,73	11,02	11,69	11,93	14,74	13,46	13,75	14,50	13,07	16,25	14,47	15,76	15,64
December	5,11	7,48	7,40	9,96	10,32	10,30	11,31	10,35	10,87	12,58	10,91	11,08	11,22	11,97	15,05	12,69	13,80	14,38	13,15	16,16	13,89	15,08	15,20
January	5,15	7,39	6,91	8,68	10,11	10,20	11,42	10,76	13,08	12,16	9,98	11,10	11,77	12,44	15,64	12,15	14,28	14,12	13,89	15,87	12,11	14,97	15,41
February	5,08	7,40	6,87	8,87	9,56	10,68	10,83	10,07	12,69	11,52	9,69	11,13	11,28	12,07	14,07	12,20	13,28	12,25	13,74	14,42	12,26	14,53	14,56
March	5,35	7,43	6,90	8,09	9,07	9,96	10,47	10,44	13,17	11,14	9,55	11,24	11,00	11,62	13,57	11,42	12,36	13,40	13,91	14,51	12,76	14,58	14,17
Average	5,19	6,73	7,76	8,81	9,29	10,15	10,67	9,81	11,42	12,86	11,15	10,67	11,35	11,64	13,25	13,19	12,80	13,66	13,50	15,18	13,39	14,54	14,71
Reserve Treasury balances held in Notes Average	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	1,44	2,35	1,36	1,19	79
Metallic Reserve Average Gold	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ Silver	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,72	7,49	9,18	7,40	8,45	8,72
Currency invest- ment on 31st March	2,40	3,57	3,98	3,25	3,25	3,91	3,60	3,23	5,91	5,69	5,69	5,69	5,69	6,00	5,69	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	5,99
Profits of Paper Currency Depart- ment	...	13	2	7	10	7	14	12	11	21	19	20	20	21	20	19	25	23	22	21	21	22	20

MENT XII.

on the last day of each month.

(In lakhs of Rupees.)

1884-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-00.	1900-01.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.
13,78	14,02	16,54	15,82	17,42	25,71	23,96	24,22	30,64	30,76	25,92	23,91	24,28	28,02	27,90	28,59	31,25	33,94	36,11	39,78	43,76	46,22	46,26	43,65	52,0
14,17	13,90	17,08	15,77	17,65	26,18	25,28	24,99	31,13	30,17	26,69	22,86	23,25	28,25	28,65	29,08	31,56	35,13	37,26	40,19	42,89	46,07	44,81	46,77	54,0
13,78	14,08	17,69	16,24	17,94	26,81	26,77	26,49	31,40	30,86	27,78	23,39	24,92	29,14	30,41	31,62	33,59	36,57	40,65	41,36	45,56	46,05	45,15	49,29	56,0
14,26	15,48	18,05	16,49	19,18	27,04	28,46	27,05	31,20	32,43	29,59	24,76	26,24	29,27	30,78	31,69	35,20	37,57	42,52	41,58	47,30	50,32	48,10	51,53	59,0
14,44	15,66	17,69	16,15	20,50	26,93	29,7	28,30	31,57	31,54	28,23	24,60	26,32	23,76	28,44	30,89	35,58	37,70	41,35	43,79	45,70	51,77	44,61	51,74	58,0
14,30	16,78	16,94	16,14	22,97	26,24	28,97	28,96	31,23	30,37	26,89	24,74	25,64	27,63	28,31	30,55	34,65	36,61	39,06	42,73	44,40	52,74	43,84	50,82	56,0
14,53	17,78	16,74	16,63	25,66	25,99	28,94	28,59	31,81	29,98	25,08	24,59	25,84	7,07	28,30	31,86	34,36	37,00	39,45	1,58	45,22	50,65	35	50,50	58,0
14,68	18,61	15,50	16,67	26,54	25,88	28,8	29,62	32,35	28,39	24,53	24,65	25,79	27,33	28,39	30,60	34,26	36,98	39,90	39,63	44,13	47,43	43,55	46,53	52,0
14,41	17,69	15,15	15,47	27,04	24,85	26,05	30,13	31,45	27,62	25,26	23,79	25,20	26,26	28,06	23,07	33,74	34,43	38,79	39,77	45,61	43,27	42,07	48,23	49,0
14,10	17,08	15,28	16,29	27,66	22,62	26,61	30,52	29,50	27,12	24,27	24,32	25,67	27,18	29,37	27,93	32,13	35,47	37,02	40,49	44,65	41,82	42,21	51,84	51,0
14,07	16,45	14,83	16,37	26,42	22,90	25,86	30,20	30,35	25,99	23,58	24,53	26,24	27,27	29,10	27,68	32,85	37,29	37,73	42,63	45,49	42,66	43,86	50,57	53,0
13,88	16,42	15,74	15,77	25,69	24,08	26,40	30,41	30,70	25,94	23,75	24,76	28,20	28,74	29,87	31,66	35,72	38,21	39,18	44,66	46,95	46,89	45,49	54,41	54,0
14,20	16,16	16,43	16,15	22,89	25,44	27,10	28,29	31,11	29,28	25,98	24,24	25,63	27,96	28,98	30,02	33,74	36,41	9,20	41,52	45,14	47,32	44,52	49,66	54,0
86	62	1,15	1,01	1,74	2,14	2,27	6,08	7,16	3,42	1,85	1,49	2,11	2,47	2,34	4,16	4,13	3,65	3,87	3,57	3,66	4,82	3,76	2,64	5,20
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	6,54	12,19	7,62	10,24	15,11	16,67	16,31	12,69	13,40	4,09	4,75	12,24
8,21	10,19	10,49	10,17	16,64	18,33	19,10	20,29	23,11	21,28	17,31	14,22	14,93	11,42	6,68	12,42	13,50	11,30	12,53	13,87	20,45	21,93	28,43	32,91	30,08
5,99	5,99	5,98	6,00	7,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	12,00	12,00	12,00	12,00	12,00	12,00
21	21	21	21	21	24	29	27	28	29	22	24	28	29	29	24	27	27	25	27	33	25	26	27	18

STATEMENT XIV.

Statement of the value of Currency Notes in circulation throughout India during 1910-11 and previous years.

	CALCUTTA.	CAWNPORE.	LAHORE.	BOMBAY.	KANACHI.	MADRAS.	CALCUTTA.	BANGOR.	TOTAL.
Average of 1862-63 to 1866-67	2,09,83,972	20,98,187(a)	20,77,591(a)	3,04,52,274	9,61,243 (b)	60,14,446	3,45,821(a)	....	6,04,93,113
" 1867-68 to 1871-72	3,77,08,263	35,03,005	30,29,804	4,73,09,682	21,04,702	81,01,317	8,40,554	....	10,98,57,337
" 1872-73 to 1876-77	4,85,28,273	66,13,652	55,48,411	3,86,91,351	19,17,039	1,18,90,533	21,58,582	....	11,53,47,901
" 1877-78 to 1881-82	6,36,26,928	58,39,719	68,53,453	3,75,04,227	28,35,319	1,43,99,405	17,54,136	....	13,98,13,337
" 1882-83 to 1886-87	6,32,94,733	73,46,597	78,91,464	4,44,29,612	37,85,266	1,41,73,405	12,42,570	23,45,949(c)	14,40,39,336
" 1887-88 to 1891-92	7,55,28,706	93,32,570	1,03,35,142	6,61,13,610	49,21,086	2,17,27,645	15,86,244	45,96,884	19,41,41,337
" 1892-93 to 1896-97	11,66,66,706	1,24,39,476	1,63,68,145	9,14,39,035	74,74,756	3,11,76,919	15,70,975	63,73,527	28,35,32,538
" 1897-98 to 1901-02	11,66,12,090	1,35,80,579	2,02,93,085	7,52,18,545	72,85,468	3,04,66,942	15,34,750	85,13,134	27,34,33,393
" 1902-03 to 1906-07	16,37,64,515	2,04,82,663	2,83,93,678	10,84,39,796	1,03,23,784	4,22,65,899	18,23,615	1,65,07,822	39,20,11,783
" 1907-08	20,48,62,234	2,33,13,530	2,87,27,955	12,15,72,293	1,10,05,953	5,38,56,339	18,72,110	2,80,21,317	47,33,31,711
" 1908-09	17,51,67,105	2,71,64,965	3,16,37,338	10,30,84,961	1,83,29,178	5,54,51,187	20,51,506	3,32,72,433	44,51,53,373
" 1909-10	20,22,68,056	2,44,71,908	3,45,92,685	13,33,64,552	1,69,08,518	5,49,50,126(A)	....	2,97,35,585	49,85,91,425
" 1910-11	22,54,02,897	2,64,38,615	3,32,60,254	14,70,73,981	1,42,31,188	6,32,54,233	....	3,18,06,085	54,94,62,308
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in 1910-11 as compared with 1909-10	+ 2,31,34,841	+ 19,56,712	+ 3,67,569	+ 1,37,14,429	- 26,77,330	+ 83,04,157	....	+ 20,70,500	+ 4,68,70,378
Percentage on average circulation 1909-10	+ 11.437	+ 7.995	+ 1.053	+ 10.233	- 15.834	+ 15.112	....	+ 6.963	....

(A) Includes Calcutta Circle the average of which for 10 months was 23,68,246.

(a) Average for 3 years.

(b) " " " "

(c) " " " "

STATEMENT XV.

Currency Notes in circulation in India. (In Thousands of Rupees.)

LAST DAY OF	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Calicut.	Rangoon.	TOTAL.
1905.									
January	16,82,26	1,50,10	2,58,47	10,64,98	92,00	3,94,01	13,48	1,57,11	37,62,36
February	16,64,23	1,40,48	2,49,28	9,81,25	80,38	4,43,93	12,71	2,01,06	37,73,21
March	17,01,67	1,65,83	2,87,12	10,71,42	86,77	4,36,04	14,60	1,74,15	39,17,60
April	17,06,66	1,54,39	2,82,06	11,20,11	97,89	4,21,97	16,29	1,79,11	39,78,49
May	17,70,42	1,91,35	2,72,97	11,09,23	1,02,93	3,92,19	17,72	1,62,10	40,18,91
June	18,00,50	2,57,72	2,79,32	11,22,68	1,04,81	3,72,83	20,26	1,77,57	41,35,69
July	17,23,54	2,76,75	3,41,81	11,36,11	87,85	3,80,27	19,05	1,86,82	41,58,30
August	17,77,26	2,72,89	3,64,70	12,43,95	92,99	4,22,64	20,71	1,83,80	43,78,94
September	16,35,07	2,62,39	3,53,83	12,58,14	1,11,15	4,48,36	23,05	1,81,28	42,73,27
October	16,67,48	2,35,89	3,18,30	11,75,47	1,18,18	4,44,99	22,29	1,75,68	41,58,28
November	17,22,01	2,12,25	2,71,04	9,99,90	1,10,54	4,67,80	19,17	1,60,41	39,63,12
December	16,40,42	2,12,30	2,80,02	11,06,35	1,10,98	4,54,34	14,90	1,57,34	39,76,65
1906.									
January	16,76,87	2,12,99	2,91,19	11,07,56	1,15,37	4,61,50	11,55	1,72,40	40,49,49
February	18,23,98	2,15,53	2,90,68	10,72,86	1,15,99	5,06,35	10,91	2,15,97	42,63,27
March	20,11,49	2,08,93	3,20,93	10,77,07	1,31,69	5,19,73	11,64	1,84,18	44,65,66
April	18,79,80	1,97,01	3,45,54	11,25,55	1,31,22	4,97,34	11,63	1,87,79	43,75,88
May	17,97,40	1,98,20	3,05,70	11,68,35	1,32,15	4,88,88	10,98	1,87,58	42,89,24
June	19,71,73	2,07,36	3,03,11	12,67,47	1,13,74	4,72,19	14,54	2,05,62	45,55,76
July	19,83,52	2,18,07	2,99,81	13,97,29	1,02,05	4,77,92	21,71	2,29,83	47,30,30
August	16,32,38	2,34,38	3,38,83	15,20,12	1,04,98	4,79,18	26,12	2,33,60	45,69,59
September	18,75,13	1,89,05	3,12,17	12,24,19	1,18,73	4,56,13	33,82	2,31,23	44,40,45
October	19,09,22	1,92,15	3,08,93	12,60,37	1,21,12	4,62,77	35,30	2,32,58	45,22,44
November	19,29,01	1,70,50	2,90,43	11,56,00	1,16,43	5,10,99	33,09	2,06,40	44,12,85
December	21,34,49	1,72,07	2,90,43	11,64,22	1,04,18	4,96,99	30,48	1,68,27	45,61,13
1907.									
January	20,71,30	1,73,73	3,02,79	10,37,81	96,94	5,30,69	19,26	2,32,71	44,65,29
February	20,63,46	1,81,36	3,02,54	10,53,93	1,00,58	5,44,52	12,13	2,90,02	45,48,54
March	21,88,82	1,63,94	3,13,75	10,84,27	1,04,09	5,56,89	12,09	2,71,34	46,95,19
April	21,04,70	1,58,41	3,08,66	11,25,83	98,46	5,39,65	11,64	2,74,33	46,21,68
May	21,85,93	1,60,57	2,73,79	11,04,84	98,03	4,93,73	15,23	2,69,49	46,06,61
June	21,53,80	1,65,04	2,81,87	13,12,31	1,02,06	5,08,74	14,80	2,71,64	48,05,26
July	21,55,96	2,00,47	3,07,47	14,38,08	98,13	5,21,85	18,43	2,91,80	50,32,19
August	21,84,26	2,37,93	2,93,42	14,74,49	94,50	5,48,23	21,79	3,22,21	51,76,83
September	20,90,51	2,62,78	2,73,77	16,44,60	95,11	5,32,18	23,52	3,31,87	52,74,34
October	21,37,75	2,59,62	2,70,81	14,47,26	95,34	5,34,71	23,50	2,96,23	50,65,22
November	20,83,19	2,75,66	2,76,49	12,40,15	1,03,63	4,98,52	22,63	2,42,66	47,42,93
December	18,95,03	2,81,54	2,63,51	10,21,87	1,15,50	5,17,15	21,92	2,20,41	43,26,98

STATEMENT XV—contd.

Currency Notes in circulation in India. (In Thousands of Rupees)—contd.

LAST DAY OF	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Calicut.	Rangoon.	TOTAL.
1908.									
January	17,52,02	2,44,11	2,76,10	9,41,81	1,20,60	5,52,93	20,21	2,78,85	41,81,65
February	17,40,09	2,66,56	2,93,76	9,01,83	1,39,09	5,97,71	18,09	3,09,00	42,55,62
March	21,10,18	2,64,93	3,22,70	9,36,11	1,60,28	6,22,34	12,89	2,59,07	46,88,50
April	19,20,59	2,57,67	3,58,71	10,29,39	1,41,56	6,38,88	13,78	2,66,24	46,26,32
May	17,00,70	2,93,58	3,27,55	10,86,06	1,51,50	6,21,30	13,66	2,77,77	44,81,12
June	17,43,51	2,97,82	3,47,03	10,19,76	1,29,34	6,46,07	15,96	3,15,60	45,15,09
July	19,58,38	3,48,23	3,92,96	10,52,29	1,45,26	5,61,30	18,52	3,32,93	48,09,87
August	17,42,98	3,58,98	3,33,30	9,80,00	1,62,57	5,10,74	28,27	3,43,79	44,60,63
September	16,39,65	2,78,88	2,80,64	10,77,75	1,86,90	5,15,51	30,16	3,74,62	43,84,11
October	15,86,74	2,72,73	2,92,04	10,94,18	2,10,13	5,52,37	28,05	3,89,26	44,25,49
November	16,11,74	2,57,35	2,79,30	10,26,86	2,13,98	5,49,84	29,64	3,85,79	43,54,51
December	16,31,48	2,25,02	2,81,54	9,89,47	2,08,75	5,37,20	21,05	3,12,55	42,07,01
1909.									
January	16,96,55	2,17,44	2,38,69	9,85,18	2,11,82	5,30,86	20,09	2,69,94	42,20,57
February	17,72,18	2,28,48	3,08,27	10,26,23	2,10,16	5,18,15	13,67	3,08,37	43,85,51
March	20,06,60	2,23,62	3,06,44	10,03,01	2,27,53	4,72,42	13,33	2,95,84	45,48,79
April	17,67,63	2,98,35	3,29,27	10,06,38	2,17,21	5,24,73*	...	2,81,42	43,64,99
May	21,33,40	2,06,43	3,02,56	10,62,81	1,94,67	5,26,69*	...	2,50,66	46,77,22
June	22,48,02	2,29,56	3,30,65	11,34,44	1,64,61	5,63,99*	...	2,58,21	49,29,48
July	22,14,63	2,88,68	3,38,71	13,72,81	1,49,09	5,66,93*	...	2,72,61	51,53,46
August	21,32,36	2,62,62	3,47,35	14,58,79	1,53,36	5,34,78*	...	2,84,28	51,73,54
September	16,98,44	2,86,94	3,51,54	15,41,38	1,83,87	5,17,52*	...	3,02,51	50,82,20
October	18,57,33	2,70,93	3,48,87	15,28,36	2,00,61	5,35,08*	...	3,08,67	50,49,85
November	18,56,41	2,42,89	3,37,87	11,99,56	1,77,51	5,38,08*	...	3,00,71	46,53,08
December	19,52,56	2,41,40	3,59,09	13,23,32	1,51,14	5,47,56*	...	2,49,99	48,25,06
1910.									
January	18,95,43	2,46,79	3,73,18	16,66,96	1,39,45	5,64,54*	...	2,98,12	51,84,47
February	20,04,56	2,47,29	3,83,24	13,07,56	1,43,80	5,68,41*	...	4,02,46	50,56,83
March	23,11,40	2,24,75	3,94,79	14,01,38	1,54,20	6,05,69	...	3,58,63	54,40,84
April	22,00,48	2,39,18	3,81,13	13,69,43	1,43,98	6,34,04	...	3,17,20	52,84,44
May	24,55,12	2,26,64	3,76,94	13,56,20	1,37,61	5,88,75	...	2,88,34	54,29,60
June	24,82,75	2,47,67	3,67,23	15,44,12	1,19,00	6,62,75	...	2,71,70	56,95,22
July	26,18,99	2,79,02	3,49,80	16,01,66	1,20,36	6,61,19	...	2,85,53	59,16,45
August	24,84,07	2,76,09	3,62,76	16,54,00	1,19,45	6,31,32	...	2,78,02	58,05,71
September	22,04,76	2,71,47	3,65,68	17,18,37	1,36,72	6,24,49	...	2,90,12	56,09,61
October	20,17,18	3,06,75	3,45,61	16,06,99	1,43,74	6,17,09	...	2,97,77	53,35,11
November	21,35,06	2,79,19	3,37,29	15,07,47	1,47,03	5,48,66	...	2,54,74	52,09,74
December	19,36,89	2,75,12	3,33,12	12,61,18	1,60,96	5,98,60	...	3,11,14	49,67,01
1911.									
January	19,63,80	2,63,33	3,29,91	13,59,83	1,62,08	6,50,06	...	3,32,90	51,11,91
February	21,85,69	2,55,37	3,37,41	12,77,82	1,53,25	7,06,09	...	4,35,99	53,51,62
March	23,63,58	2,51,60	3,55,35	12,94,51	1,63,56	6,67,18	...	4,03,23	54,99,06

* Includes notes of Calicut which was a separate circle up to 18th February 1910.

STATEMENT XVI.

Gross circulation of each denomination of note on the 31st March 1911.

	NUMBER OF NOTES FOR RUPEES								TOTAL.	
	5	10	20	50	100	500	1,000	10,000	Pieces.	value.
Calcutta	248,748	7,503,625	18,940	100,036	452,596	23,916	84,290	6,319	8,388,471	23,63,58,200
Cawnpore	78,983	188,362	6,543	48,676	60,381	7,441	6,238	487	392,061	2,51,59,795
Lahore	355,072	545,030	18,804	114,643	84,195	9,422	3,701	537	1,131,404	3,55,35,390
Bombay	1,153,914	2,027,333	44,235	185,205	209,609	10,126	35,379	3,186	3,668,987	12,94,50,750
Karachi	16,859	267,303	5,398	11,050	19,519	1,443	2,415	785	324,779	1,63,56,185
Madras	513,817	582,297	10,174	58,200	383,462	3,861	2,896	1,254	1,555,461	6,67,18,235
Rangoon	58,380	1,419,062	2,637	8,678	196,851	96	1,045	458	1,687,207	4,03,27,360
TOTAL	2,425,773	12,628,013	106,731	526,488	1,406,613	56,305	85,464	12,976	17,148,363	54,99,05,815
Percentage of Increase .	+ 6.8	+ 8.0	- 74.6	+ 53.7	- 2.0	- 9.2	- 3.2	+ 1.2	...	...
Total for 31st March 1910	2,269,962	11,508,063	420,848	342,514	1,436,406	62,021	88,350	12,821	16,230,990	54,40,84,250
Percentage of Increase .	+ 21.4	+ 18.1	- 16.9	+ 22.0	+ 15.3	+ 2.9	+ 19.2	+ 35.9	...	...
Total for 31st March 1909	1,869,545	9,820,544	506,307	280,814	1,245,600	60,265	74,117	9,435	13,866,627	45,48,79,505

STATEMENT XVII.

Net circulation.

(i. e., Gross circulation less the balances held in Reserve Treasuries in notes.)

(In Lakhs of Rupees).

LAST DAY OF	CALCUTTA.			CANNORE.			LAHORE.			BOMBAY.			KARACHI.			MADRAS.			RANGOON.			TOTAL.		
	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11	1968-09	1969-10	1910-11
April	15.82	17.06	18.72	2.58	2.38	2.39	3.59	3.29	3.80	8.36	9.97	13.26	1.42	2.17	1.44	4.88	4.95	5.85	2.66	2.81	3.17	39.31	42.63	48.63
May	14.95	18.37	19.06	2.94	2.06	2.27	3.27	3.02	3.77	7.85	10.82	13.85	1.31	1.95	1.37	4.59	5.07	5.74	2.78	2.51	2.88	37.99	43.30	49.44
June	14.66	19.12	19.56	2.98	2.29	2.47	3.47	3.31	3.67	8.65	11.18	13.29	1.29	1.65	1.19	4.96	5.36	5.65	3.16	2.58	2.72	39.87	45.49	49.55
July	15.12	20.69	20.33	3.48	2.39	2.79	3.93	3.39	3.50	8.59	13.47	13.50	1.45	1.49	1.20	4.81	5.16	5.50	3.33	2.72	2.86	40.71	49.33	49.68
August	14.04	19.55	19.27	3.59	2.63	2.76	3.33	3.48	3.63	8.92	13.88	14.22	1.62	1.53	1.19	4.98	5.13	5.70	3.44	2.84	2.78	39.92	49.99	49.55
September	14.86	16.98	17.01	2.79	2.87	2.71	2.51	3.51	3.65	10.26	15.17	15.45	1.87	1.54	1.37	5.22	5.04	5.82	5.74	3.02	2.90	41.55	43.43	43.91
October	14.97	17.44	16.84	2.73	2.71	3.07	2.92	3.49	3.45	10.46	15.10	15.11	2.10	2.00	1.44	5.55	5.19	5.88	3.59	3.09	2.98	42.63	49.62	43.72
November	15.22	17.56	18.13	2.57	2.43	2.79	2.79	3.36	3.37	10.08	11.57	14.63	2.14	1.78	1.47	5.67	5.23	5.22	3.66	3.01	2.55	42.33	44.98	43.91
December	16.63	18.41	17.39	2.25	2.41	2.75	2.81	3.59	3.23	9.64	12.98	13.06	2.09	1.51	1.61	5.39	5.14	5.61	3.13	2.50	3.11	41.34	46.54	46.76
January	15.99	17.82	17.69	2.17	2.47	2.63	2.89	3.73	3.30	9.72	15.35	12.60	2.12	1.40	1.62	5.07	5.42	5.87	2.76	2.98	3.83	40.66	49.17	47.74
February	16.39	17.71	18.82	2.29	2.47	2.55	3.08	3.83	3.38	10.11	12.23	12.43	2.10	1.43	1.53	5.09	5.52	5.98	3.09	4.03	4.36	42.15	47.27	49.00
March	16.09	18.64	19.21	2.24	2.25	2.52	3.06	3.85	3.55	9.66	13.77	11.66	2.38	1.54	1.63	4.84	5.47	5.81	2.96	3.58	4.03	4 3	40.10	48.41
AVERAGE	15.35	18.28	18.50	2.72	2.44	2.64	3.16	3.49	3.53	9.38	12.92	13.57	1.83	1.69	1.42	5.09	5.23	5.71	3.23	2.97	3.18	40.76	47.02	48.35

STATEMENT XVIII.

Encashment of Foreign Circle Notes.

CIRCLE.	CASHED BY								TOTAL.			
	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Calicut.	Rangoon.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1908-09.	1907-08.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Calcutta . . .	...	49,63,685	22,49,995	49,87,065	7,52,185	10,22,375	...	3,08,265	1,43,83,580	3,51,31,875	2,41,98,175	2,42,06,190
Cawnpore . . .	1,24,61,285	...	12,38,300	28,62,820	2,31,590	1,32,895	...	30,960	1,69,77,910	3,37,28,975	8,04,90,260	5,47,95,900
Lahore . . .	1,89,82,465	18,28,970	...	47,48,135	42,06,070	2,46,340	...	43,395	3,00,45,375	4,32,58,100	7,46,29,755	2,85,27,020
Bombay . . .	34,00,320	12,23,720	9,95,235	...	7,10,435	25,71,820	...	91,085	89,92,615	2,35,16,810	1,19,85,900	1,13,19,725
Karachi . . .	2,49,735	43,005	8,24,750	24,95,000	...	60,035	...	5,965	36,78,740	1,12,44,010	2,39,81,820	49,78,135
Madras . . .	15,23,740	1,45,190	1,78,970	36,77,055	75,955	...	...	62,300	56,63,210	2,06,98,500	1,83,02,315	1,19,03,805
Calicut . . .	...	1,645	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,645	12,22,000	12,84,795	11,83,990
Rangoon . . .	9,07,760	16,270	49,725	2,24,430	14,305	3,28,855	...	...	15,41,345	18,56,925	15,64,585	10,64,030
Total of 1910-11 .	3,75,45,305	82,17,535	55,36,975	1,89,69,765	59,90,550	43,62,320	...	5,41,970	8,11,84,420	...	...	...
„ 1909-10 .	7,62,21,270	2,23,87,820	1,02,82,325	4,36,12,790	1,09,96,650	65,69,715	2,08,305	4,03,320	...	17,06,57,195	...	...
„ 1908-09 .	13,76,30,795	1,23,44,355	63,09,015	5,77,02,140	1,02,70,245	65,87,460	1,15,995	8,77,100	...	...	23,14,37,105	...
„ 1907-08 .	7,82,85,540	14,72,190	1,31,17,195	3,24,96,775	1,31,26,410	36,85,090	2,24,670	5,09,945	...	...	...	13,79,17,615

STATEMENT XIX.

[In thousands of pieces.]

Growth in circulation of 5 and 10 rupee notes in selected circles.

Average of gross circulation.											Percentage of increase as compared with preceding year.										Percentage of increase of	
		1901-02.	1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1905-06 over 1901-02.	1910-11 over 1905-06.
Average of Rs5.																						
Calcutta	.	73	78	88	102	119	137	153	175	241	258	68	128	159	166	151	153	107	377	62	63	115
Lahore	.	42	55	62	88	93	104	143	201	284	317	309	127	419	56	118	375	405	412	116	121	241
Madras	.	101	116	133	145	149	185	225	268	378	502	148	146	90	27	211	216	191	373	328	48	237
Bombay	.	493	517	595	685	723	847	929	919	1079	1116	48	151	117	87	171	96	-10	174	34	46	54
Average of Rs10.																						
Calcutta	.	3852	3716	3975	4326	5163	6623	6508	5868	6543	7051	108	69	89	193	282	-17	-98	115	77	51	87
Lahore	.	127	152	177	206	236	258	274	304	437	567	196	164	158	151	93	62	109	437	297	86	140
Madras	.	208	256	292	294	284	320	359	395	432	554	261	140	7	-34	127	132	100	93	282	40	95
Bombay	.	1181	1179	1320	1310	1389	1494	1563	1565	1836	2014	42	119	-7	60	75	46	1	173	96	28	45

STATEMENT XX.

Statistics of Treasury and other Balances on 31st December 1910.

	DENOMINATIONS OF NOTES.										TOTAL.		PERCENTAGE OF NOTES IN TOTAL BALANCE.		PERCENTAGE EXCLUDING RESERVE TREASURY BALANCE.		
	Rs.	R10.	R20.	R50.	R100.	R500.	R1,000.	R10,000.	Foreign Notes.	Notes.	Sovereigns.	Rupees.	TOTAL.	December 1910.	December 1909.	December 1910.	December 1909.
Treasuries and Branch Banks.																	
Calcutta Circle	64,975	15,60,090	34,420	5,16,350	18,31,900	3,27,500	7,58,000	1,80,90,000	5,51,800	2,37,35,035	5,45,062	1,45,84,586	3,88,64,683	61	56	25	24
Chennai "	1,76,505	4,79,020	22,840	5,30,250	6,85,700	4,14,000	7,62,000	27,90,000	1,22,900	59,83,415	5,27,145	90,88,199	1,55,98,759	38	89	...	...
Lahore "	1,49,790	3,86,710	88,540	2,66,450	12,25,300	4,67,500	3,08,000	21,20,000	1,09,500	50,71,790	6,48,143	55,71,527	1,12,91,460	45	59	...	...
Bombay "	8,83,555	17,87,200	45,360	6,71,550	13,95,200	3,04,500	22,80,000	12,20,000	9,400	85,95,855	4,52,288	73,14,733	1,63,62,876	52	44	28	31
Central Provinces	38,820	96,200	7,080	3,51,250	7,28,200	1,92,500	1,23,000	...	7,500	15,44,550	4,26,480	84,42,734	1,04,13,764	15	23	...	...
Karachi Circle	23,395	2,39,490	50,200	1,14,650	1,92,500	1,55,500	9,43,000	9,30,000	8,200	26,26,635	1,26,765	12,41,846	39,95,246	66	62	...	...
Madras "	2,78,490	4,73,250	42,200	3,73,450	21,24,300	1,60,000	1,42,000	37,70,000	...	73,63,720	5,47,718	1,41,94,401	2,21,05,839	33	39	19	18
Rangoon "	31,075	3,58,380	26,400	1,64,100	16,36,300	4,500	1,19,000	41,90,000	25,955	(a) 65,53,710	5,59,670	45,09,167	1,16,22,517	56	43	...	...
TOTAL	16,45,605	53,75,660	2,37,040	29,88,050	98,19,100	20,26,000	54,35,000	3,31,10,000	8,35,255	6,14,74,710	38,33,271	6,49,47,193	13,02,55,174	47	46	...	...
Head Offices of Presidency Banks.																	
Bank of Bengal	39,625	6,85,700	700	1,39,650	8,81,500	10,70,500	40,27,000	27,10,000	63,96,000	1,59,50,765	1,92,195	18,75,460	1,50,18,420	88	89	...	...
" Bombay	68,355	4,43,560	4,000	1,38,950	5,31,000	2,79,000	33,65,000	2,96,20,000	78,700	3,45,94,565	2,90,707	3,44,184	3,51,69,856	98	93	...	...
" Madras	1,68,890	4,32,130	680	1,06,450	7,17,000	1,83,500	2,27,000	25,70,000	...	44,06,450	7,49,115	3,80,000	55,35,565	80	86	...	...
TOTAL	2,74,870	15,66,480	5,180	3,85,050	21,30,100	15,33,000	76,23,000	3,49,00,000	61,74,700	5,49,91,790	12,32,017	26,00,044	5,87,23,841	93	94	...	...

(a) Includes Rs.1275 in Bank of England Notes.

STATEMENT XXI.

Absorption of Small Coins.

[In Thousands of Rupees]

	India.	Central Prov- inces and Berar	Burma.	Eastern Bengal and Assam	Bengal.	U. P. of Agra and Oudh.	Punjab and N. W. Frontier	Madras.	Bombay	TOTAL.
4 RUPEES—										
Opening Balance	15.65	1.46	1.90	2.52	-3.55	7.99	4.39	12.52	3.61	53.89
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	1.14	-16	4.70	6.48	-1.40	-3.00	-54	-3.43	5.54	9.33
Closing Balance	14.46	81	2.77	2.73	3.26	5.60	3.67	10.49	5.25	49.04
Net Local Absorption in 1910-11	2.33	49	3.53	6.27	-1.11	-61	18	-1.10	3.90	14.18
Ditto ditto in 1909-10	1.05	74	3.28	5.71	-95	-27	1.77	-4.60	1.49	8.25
Ditto ditto in 1908-09	-8.41	44	2.29	4.48	-33	-2.90	-1.47	-1.84	-1.76	-9.50
4 RUPEES—										
Opening Balance	6.34	1.34	3.07	1.35	3.27	3.05	2.91	7.68	2.56	31.57
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	6.19	-9	3.85	2.03	-57	-1.50	2.50	-1.09	4.70	16.02
Closing Balance	11.08	1.36	2.69	1.58	2.74	2.97	3.34	4.98	2.75	33.49
Net Local Absorption in 1910-11	1.45	-11	4.23	1.80	-4	-1.42	2.07	1.61	4.51	14.10
Ditto ditto in 1909-10	19	42	3.32	1.85	-90	-28	3.39	-3.05	2.45	7.39
Ditto ditto in 1908-09	-4.95	6	3.51	1.89	-46	-2.98	38	20	-44	-2.79
NICKEL ANNA PIECES—										
Opening Balance	61	1.04	1.14	60	34	1.30	1.25	1.91	1.07	9.26
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	1.86	4.00	...	2.08	1.63	2.15	2.75	1.80	5.83	22.40
Closing Balance	77	1.58	99	98	44	1.12	1.14	1.85	1.83	11.30
Net Local Absorption in 1910-11	1.70	3.46	15	1.70	1.53	2.33	2.56	1.86	5.07	20.36
Ditto ditto in 1909-10	1.75	2.38	9	1.45	1.52	1.43	1.94	1.28	4.44	16.28
Ditto ditto in 1908-09	1.32	95	-37	89	2.00	-30	1.20	1.40	4.20	11.29
DOUBLE PICE—										
Opening Balance	4	12	2	1	7	4	2	66	33	1.31
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	-37	-11	-1	-3	...	-10	-5	-1.03	-42	-2.12
Closing Balance	4	8	1	1	2	2	1	40	17	76
Net Local Absorption in 1910-11	-37	-7	...	-3	5	-8	-4	-77	-26	-1.57
Ditto ditto in 1909-10	-46	1	-3	-2	-2	-10	-4	-12	-52	-1.30
Ditto ditto in 1908-09	-30	8	...	-1	5	-24	-1	5	-68	-1.06
SINGLE PICE—										
Opening Balance	4.11	4.14	1.26	1.47	1.68	12.25	1.91	3.63	3.37	33.62
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	-0.03	4.25	1.30	3.89	1.05	-2.39	99	-40	-47	2.19
Closing Balance	2.68	4.41	1.29	1.61	1.21	7.39	1.70	3.21	3.14	26.64
Net Local Absorption in 1910-11	-4.60	3.98	1.27	3.75	1.52	2.47	1.20	2	-24	9.37
Ditto ditto in 1909-10	-26	4.67	1.01	3.43	3	-1.42	72	-19	-37	7.62
Ditto ditto in 1908-09	-7.55	-10	1.21	4.92	2.66	-7.97	-15	1.18	-1.45	-7.25
HALF PICE—										
Opening Balance	3	7	...	5	8	11	10	...	3	47
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	50	...	...	9	1	...	8	...	3	71
Closing Balance	5	3	...	5	8	9	9	...	6	42
Net Local Absorption in 1910-11	48	4	...	9	1	2	9	...	3	76
Ditto ditto in 1909-10	57	1	1	10	...	1	5	...	6	81
Ditto ditto in 1908-09	33	3	-1	9	1	-3	7	...	1	50
PIE PIECES—										
Opening Balance	2	3	1	1	2	16	3	28	14	70
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	1	...	2	1	1	...	3	34	15	62
Closing Balance . . . . .	...	2	1	2	1	10	2	27	12	57
Net Local Absorption in 1910-11	8	1	2	...	2	6	4	85	-17	75
Ditto ditto in 1909-10	11	1	...	1	2	2	3	28	18	81
Ditto ditto in 1908-09	26	...	1	-1	2	3	2	34	30	97

STATEMENT XXII.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency for the year 1910-11.

	Calcutta.	Cawnpore	Lahore	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Calcutt.	Rangoon.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
RECEIPTS.									
Interest realized on Government Securities	16,65,747	1,94,912	2,77,888	10,98,948	1,09,341	4,72,116	..	2,19,078	40,81,080*
SONDEY CASH RECEIPTS.									
Miscellaneous	3,697	235	135	908	219	5,072	..	..	10,924
Value of unclaimed Currency Notes	88,910	2,460	8,099	4,747	—45	8,717	..	1,895	60,883
TOTAL RECEIPTS DURING 1910-11 .	17,09,354	1,97,607	2,81,762	11,04,601	1,02,515	4,85,905	..	2,20,478	41,09,287
TOTAL RECEIPTS DURING 1909-10 .	17,45,931	2,04,553	2,94,847	9,74,900	1,31,936	4,81,571	13,640	2,41,720	40,91,618
DISBURSEMENTS.									
Salaries (including Exchange Compensation Allowance)	27,666	15,988	4,400	15,607	1,200	342	..	..	64,608
Establishment	1,44,043	17,951	23,056	88,469	11,170	86,550	..	74,112	8,95,351
* Compensation for dearness of provision and other special allowances .	450	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	450
Temporary establishment	17,507	5,386	5,577	14,233	884	5,853	..	5,786	55,924
Charges for remittance . . . . .	..	..	..	4,959	184	98	..	..	5,271
Stationary	5,729	52	..	1,430	183	1,413	..	..	9,807
Printing charges	3,118	..	673	3,243	..	978	..	..	9,012
Service postage and telegram charges	2,067	1,000	1,045	1,647	701	969	..	577	7,208
House, lighting, police and water rates	6,889	..	77	1,743	150	..	..	..	8,889
Cost of Note forms, including freight	7,81,649	39,025	1,06,722	2,53,067	52,608	1,38,978	..	2,47,868	16,19,917
Pensions and gratuities	16,927	881	2,559	9,849	1,458	3,542	..	..	35,216
Cost of repairs, etc., to Currency buildings	80,258	..	142	3,347	..	899	..	..	84,646
Cost of chests, bags and locks	115	..	484	1,975	..	..	..	1,542	4,116
Contingencies	11,375	5,075	3,946	4,166	580	2,919	..	2,861	30,942
Travelling allowances	2,599	346	..	793	214	874	..	2,141	6,967
Dead stock, cost of office furniture	326	80	..	928	462	1,122	..	608	3,231
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1910-11 .	11,00,718	65,184	1,48,681	4,15,515	69,494	1,94,536	..	3,35,790	23,39,408
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1909-10 .	6,21,671	40,510	33,598	2,94,766	27,165	1,24,839	6,435	2,41,391	13,90,666
PROFIT DURING 1910-11 .	6,08,636	1,12,423	1,33,101	6,89,086	33,021	2,91,369	..	-1,14,817	17,69,879

* Made up of — In India Rs. 84,77,420

STATEMENT XXIII.

Statistics of work in Currency Offices.

	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Rangoon.	Total, 1910-11.	Total, 1909-10.	Total, 1908-09.
Receipts of home notes over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees)	65,31	4,14	8,32	49,37	2,36	23,35	27,10	1,80,28	1,60,84	1,48,74
Issues do.	67,73	3,79	7,45	53,82	1,87	21,83	25,39	1,81,88	1,82,83	1,63,85
Receipts of coin over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees) —										
Gold	1,05	15	9	8,83	2	33	1	10,48	10,73	2,15
Silver	10,45	1,18	1,54	6,90	12	1,43	1,95	23,57	29,15	31,77
Issues of coin over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees) —										
Gold	1,44	64	2,36	3,29	22	2,18	72	10,85	1,97	4,42
Silver	11,39	1,86	70	9,88	1,02	1,57	3,31	29,73	32,95	37,37
Encashment of home notes over the counter (average number for each working day)	31,900	2,906	8,251	25,127	1,616	16,373	14,085	1,00,258	84,525	78,856
Issues do.	37,950	2,866	8,683	24,732	1,752	16,902	15,808	1,08,693	97,681	82,747
Cancellations do.	32,690	2,540	8,583	13,632	1,555	14,613	12,244	86,067	72,480	72,882
Issues of home notes (in thousands of pieces)	11,170	797	2,509	7,295	470	4,902	4,727	31,870	29,223	24,620
Cancellations do.	9,317	706	2,480	4,025	453	4,238	3,661	24,880	21,174	21,289
Consumption of note forms do.	10,604	966	2,254	4,038	412	4,288	4,854	27,416	24,448	21,186



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA ; SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1911.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

PUBLIC.

No. 4816.

Simla, the 25th November 1911.

It is hereby notified that it is His Imperial Majesty's pleasure that the powers, duties and position of the Governor General shall remain unaffected during His Imperial Majesty's visit to India.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 47. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th November, 1911.

No. 37.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. H. LeMesurier, C.S.I., C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

No. 38.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., C. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, C. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. Reginald Childers Culling Carr, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. J. Andrew.

(1007)

No. 39.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., C. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, C. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Sigismund Raynor Arthur, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. H. O. Quin, I.C.S.

No. 40.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., C. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, C. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. Percy Comyn Lyon, C.S.I., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council *in* the Hon'ble Mr. H. LeMesurier, resigned.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 22nd November, 1911.

No. 1895.—Mr. L. F. Begbie is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 2nd January 1912.

No. 1900.—Mr. K. Rustamji is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 29th November 1911, or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

The 24th November, 1911.

No. 1910.—Mr. L. J. D'Santos, a Superintendent in the Home Department, is granted privilege leave for one month and eight days, with effect from the 25th September 1911.

This cancels the Home Department notification no. 1590, dated the 6th October 1911.

No. 1912.—The services of Mr. L. J. D'Santos, a Superintendent in the Home Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 2nd November 1911.

This cancels the Home Department notification no. 1594, dated the 6th October 1911.

No. 1915.—Rai Sahib Abinas Chandra Koar, Officiating Superintendent of the third grade in the Home Department, is appointed to hold that appointment substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 2nd November 1911.

This cancels the Home Department notification no. 1597, dated the 6th October 1911.

JUDICIAL.

The 22nd November, 1911.

No. 1793.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, namely:—

In the table to schedule II, for the entries "Burma, Aden and all districts on the external land-frontier of British India", "Burma", and "Aden and all districts on the external land-frontier of British India", and for the particulars specified in the second and third

columns against the aforesaid entries, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

Burma— ... (a) generally.	(1) Lead, except lead in the form of bullets and birdshot.	Those contained in section 6.
	(2) Lead, required <i>bond fide</i> for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and birdshot) in quantities not exceeding such limits as the local Government may fix.	All.
	(3) Leaden bullets and birdshot, in quantities not exceeding such limits as the local Government may fix, when possessed by persons entitled to possess fire-arms.	All.
	(4) Sulphur, not exceeding one ser ...	All.
	(5) Dahs intended exclusively for domestic, agricultural, or industrial purposes.	All.
(b) in the Arakan Hill Tracts.	Spears ...	All.
Aden, and all districts on the external land-frontier of British India, outside Burma.	(1) Lead, required <i>bond fide</i> for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and birdshot) in quantities not exceeding such limits as the local Government may fix.	All.
	(2) Leaden bullets and birdshot, in quantities not exceeding such limits as the local Government may fix.	All.
	(3) Sulphur, not exceeding ten sers.	All.

MEDICAL.

The 18th November, 1911.

No. 1151.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. Crimmin, V.C., C.I.E., I.M.S., Officiating Principal Medical Officer, Kohat Brigade, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the 17th November 1911.

PORT BLAIR.

The 24th November, 1911.

No. 985.—Mr. J. L. Baker, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent in the Settlement so long as he holds his present office or until further orders.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 24th November, 1911.

No. 1536.—Mr. S. K. Murphy, a Superintendent, 1st grade, in the Department of Education, was on privilege leave from the 14th August 1911 to the 13th November 1911, inclusive. This Department notification no. 1082, dated the 16th August 1911, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1538.—In consequence of the reversion to duty of Mr. S. K. Murphy, a Superintendent, 1st grade, in the Department of Education, on the 14th November 1911, the promotions notified in this Department notification no. 1083, dated the 16th August 1911, ceased with effect from the 14th November 1911.

SANITARY.

The 22nd November, 1911.

No. 3058.—In supersession of this Department notification no. 2028-Sanitary, dated the 26th October 1911, Captain A. G. McKendrick, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to be Statistical Officer to the Government of India in the Sanitary and Medical Departments, substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 23rd October 1911 and until further orders.

No. 3059.—Captain J. A. Cruickshank, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 23rd October 1911 and until further orders.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

The 24th November, 1911.

No. 3079.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Srirangam in the Trichinopoly taluq of the Trichinopoly District of the Madras Presidency, if persons from the Mysore State and the Cities of Bombay and Calcutta are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Vaikunta Ekadasi festival :

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Trichinopoly Junction, Trichinopoly-Palakarai, Trichinopoly Fort, Srirangam Road, Muran-gapettai, Tiruchandurai, Elamanur, Perugamani, Solagampatti, Tiruverambur, Manjattidal, Punggupi, Kolattur on the South Indian Railway shall be sold from the 12th December 1911 to the 11th January 1912 (both days inclusive) within the Mysore State and the Cities of Bombay and Calcutta to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Vaikunta Ekadasi festival at Srirangam.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 21st November, 1911.

No. 633—153—2.—Colonel S. G. Burrard, R.E., F.R.S., is confirmed in the appointment of Surveyor General of India with effect from the 31st October 1911.

No. 634—153—3.—Mr. J. Eccles, M.A., is confirmed in the appointment of Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys, with effect from the 31st October 1911.

FORESTS.

The 21st November, 1911.

No. 1114—240—9-F.—The following transfers are made:

1. Mr. J. L. Baker, Deputy Conservator of Forests, from Bengal to the Andamans.
2. Sir H. A. Farrington, Bart., Deputy Conservator of Forests, from the Andamans to Bengal.

METEOROLOGY.

The 22nd November, 1911.

No. 2748—59—2—Mr. W. A. Bion, Assistant Meteorologist, Simla Meteorological Office, is appointed to act as Imperial Meteorologist, with effect from the forenoon of the 29th November 1911.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st November, 1911.

No. 2237-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. Arthur Hamilton Russell as Consul for Siam at Moulmein.

The 22nd November, 1911.

No. 2243-G.—With reference to Notification No. 761-G., dated the 25th April 1911, Mr. E. C. Apostolides, Consul for Greece at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 13th November, 1911.

No. 2246-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1217-G., dated the 27th June 1911, Monsieur A. Goguet Chapuis has, on return from leave, resumed charge of the office of Acting Vice-Consul for Portugal at Calcutta.

No. 2252-G.—Mr. W. Manuel, Secretariat Superintendent, 1st grade, is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the 21st November 1911.

No. 2255-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1092-G., dated the 9th June 1911, Herr A. Thöle, Consul for Germany at Karachi, resumed charge of his office on the 6th November 1911.

No 2588-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following law to regulate the import, transport, sale and possession of morphia, coca, cocaine and cocaine substitutes in the areas in the Hyderabad State in which the Governor General in Council exercises jurisdiction through the Resident at Hyderabad.

Short title.

1. This law may be called the Hyderabad Intoxicating Drugs Law, 1911.

Definitions.

2. In this law—

Coca.

(a) "Coca" means the dried or green leaves of the coca plant (*Erythroxylon coca*), and includes the plant itself.

(b) "Cocaine" means the alkaloid obtained from the coca plant, and includes all preparations and

Cocaine.

admixtures thereof.

(c) " Cocaine substitutes " means all such synthetic preparations as have a physiological action similar to that of cocaine.

Cocaine substitutes.

Intoxicating drugs.

and cocaine substitutes.

(d) " Intoxicating drugs " means morphia, coca, cocaine

(e) " Licensed druggist " means a person who deals in European medicines and drugs as a means of livelihood and has been licensed with the approval of the local medical authority to sell morphia, preparations thereof, cocaine or cocaine substitutes, or any of them.

Licensed druggist.

(f) " Medical practitioner " means a graduate in medicine of a recognized University in India, Europe or America, a medical practitioner eligible for registration on the Medical Register published under the sanction of the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom, a medical subordinate in Government employment, including a Sub-Assistant Surgeon, a duly qualified dentist entitled to be entered in the Dentists' Section of the Medical Register aforesaid, and any medical officer in private employment not included in the above list whom the Resident, or such other officer as he may appoint in this behalf, may direct to be admitted to the privileges of a medical practitioner for the purpose of these rules.

Medical practitioner.

(g) " Morphia " means the alkaloid of opium known as morphia or morphine, and includes all preparations or admixtures of the same.

Morphia.

Prohibition of import and transport of coca.

3. No coca shall be imported or transported.

4. No morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes shall be imported except by licensed druggists and medical practitioners under a pass granted in that behalf.

Prohibition of import of morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes.

5. No morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes in excess of the quantity the possession of which is authorized under this law shall be transported except by licensed druggists and medical practitioners under a pass granted in that behalf.

Prohibition of transport of morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes.

Prohibition of sale of coca.

6. No coca shall be sold.

7. No morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes shall be sold except by a licensed druggist or medical practitioner.

Prohibition of sale of morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes.

8. A licensed druggist or medical practitioner may sell morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes—

Conditions under which licensed druggist or medical practitioner may sell morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes.

(a) to any other licensed druggist or medical practitioner in quantities not exceeding those which the latter is entitled to possess ;

(b) to any person in such quantities as have been prescribed for such person by a medical practitioner :

Provided, in case (b),—

(1) an entry of the sale and the date thereof shall be endorsed on the prescription ;

(2) no other sale shall be made on the same prescription except under the direction of a medical practitioner.

9. The vendor of any morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes shall at the time of sale make an entry in such form as may be prescribed of the sale in a book kept for the purpose. A copy of the prescription relating thereto shall be annexed to every entry of a sale made in accordance with the provisions of rule 8 (b).
Provision for keeping register of sale of morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes.

10. No person shall have in his possession any intoxicating drug in excess of such quantity as the Resident may prescribe.
Prohibition of possession.

11. Whoever in contravention of this law or any rule made thereunder imports, transports, sells or possesses any intoxicating drugs shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both; and any intoxicating drugs in respect of which an offence under this law has been committed shall be liable to confiscation.
Penalties for illegal import, transport, sale or possession.

12. Any person holding a license and refusing to produce the same on the demand of any officer specially or generally authorized by the Resident in this behalf, or of a Police-officer not below the rank of head constable, and any person who breaks any condition of a license, shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and shall be liable to the forfeiture of his license.
Penalty for refusal to produce or breaching conditions of license.

13. The Resident may from time to time make rules not inconsistent with this law—
Power to make rules.

- (1) regulating the possession of intoxicating drugs;
- (2) to determine the authority by which, the form in which and the conditions on and subject to which any license or pass shall be granted; and may by such rules, among other matters, —
 - (a) fix the period for which any license or pass under this law shall continue in force;
 - (b) fix the fee payable for any such license or pass and the time or times at which it shall be payable;
- (3) as to the disposal of things confiscated under this law.

Savings.

14. Nothing in this law shall apply—

- (1) to import, transport, possession or sale on behalf of the British Government or the Government of His Highness the Nizam;
- (2) to mouth lozenges or tabloids containing less than one-sixteenth grain of cocaine in each;
- (3) to cocaine used in impure solution in ointments for local application or made nauseous to the taste;
- (4) to intoxicating drugs possessed before the 1st January 1912 by persons who were in possession thereof prior to the date of this notification and who have been in the habit of dealing in them.

No. 2539-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the words "morphia and its preparations or" shall be inserted after the words "does not include" in clause (b), sub rule (1), rule 3, of the Secunderabad Cantonment Excise Rules, 1901, which were published under the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 3707-I.B., dated the 4th October 1901.

No. 2590-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the Hyderabad Contingent Stations Excise Rules, 1900, which were published under the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 8-I.B., dated the 26th November 1900.

No. 2591-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the words "morphia and its preparations or" shall be inserted after the words "does not include" in clause (d), sub-rule (1), rule 2, of the Hyderabad (Railway-lands) Opium Rules, 1903, which were published under the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 698-I.B., dated the 13th February 1903.

No. 2592-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to amend the Quetta Municipal Law, 1896, as follows:—

1. In section 2, sub-section (iii) of the said Law, after the words "Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan" the words "'Assistant Political Agent' means Assistant Political Agent, Quetta", shall be inserted.
2. In section 18, sub-section (1), clause (c), and sub-section (2), clause (b), of the said Law, for the words "Agent to the Governor General" the word "Commissioner" shall be substituted.
3. In section 20 of the said Law, after the words "delegate to the" and "from any order passed by the", the words "Assistant Political Agent or to the" and "Assistant Political Agent or the" shall, respectively, be inserted.
4. In sections 27, 51 and 52, sub-section (1), of the said Law, for the word "Commissioner" the words "Political Agent" shall be substituted.
5. Sections 41 and 42 of the said Law shall be deleted.
6. In section 45 of the said Law, for the words "the Commissioner", the word "he" shall be substituted.
7. In section 76, sub-section (4) of the said Law, for the words "as the Commissioner may approve", the words "as he may deem fit" shall be substituted.
8. In sections 80, clauses (b) and (c) and 81 of the said Law, after the words "small-pox" the words "or plague" shall be inserted.

No. 3227-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. E. Drake-Brockman, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, was posted as Residency Surgeon at Hyderabad, with effect from the 5th April 1911.

No. 3231-Est.-A.—Major D. B. Blakeway, C.I.E., a Political Agent, is posted, on return from leave, as Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar Division, with effect from the 11th November 1911.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE. OPIUM.

The 21st November, 1911.

No. 7024-F.E. (Calcutta).—It is hereby notified that—

(1) In the calendar year 1912 not more than 19,900 chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale, of which 6,700 chests will be certified for shipment to China, and the rest (13,200 chests) will be for shipment to other countries.

(2) Subject to clause (4), there will be no sales of certified opium in November and December 1912. At each of the monthly sales in January to October, 670 chests will be offered for sale, of which 445 chests will be Patna opium and 225 chests Benares opium.

(3) Subject to clause (4), uncertified opium will be sold in each of the twelve months in 1912. The quantity offered for sale in January and February will be 1,070 chests in each month, of which 705 chests will be Benares opium and 365 chests will be Patna opium, and the quantity offered for sale in each month from March to December will be 1,100 chests of which 735 chests will be Benares opium and 365 chests will be Patna opium.

(4) Government reserves to itself the right to alter the quantity and class of opium to be offered for sale in each month. No reduction in the quantities to be sold, however, will be made without three months' previous notice.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 23rd November, 1911.

No. 7031-F.E. (Simla).—Major A. L. C. McCormick, R.E., Mint Master, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for twenty-three days with effect from the 4th November 1911.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Lloyd Jones, I.M.S., has been placed in charge of the current duties of the Bombay Mint in addition to his own duties as Assay Master, Bombay, during the absence on privilege leave of Major A. L. C. McCormick, R.E., or until further orders.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 24th November, 1911.

No. 1615-Accts.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 24th October 1911, vice Captain H. P. Skairp on deputation.

Mr. W. W. Aikin, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 1616-Accts.—Mr. T. W. Rice, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, under articles 204 and 260, Civil Service Regulations, from the 2nd January 1912, or from the date thereafter on which he may avail himself of it.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

Simla, the 25th November, 1911.

No. 8699-49.—The following Order in Council, dated the 3rd October 1911, is published for general information :

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 3rd day of *October*, 1911.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Sub-section (1) of Section 238 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," it is provided that, where it appears to His Majesty that due facilities are, or will be, given by the Government of any foreign country for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British Merchant ships in that country, His

Majesty may, by Order in Council stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that that section shall apply in the case of such foreign country, subject to any limitations, conditions, and qualifications contained in the Order :

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the 9th October 1903, His late Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, was pleased to order and declare that seamen not being slaves (and not being British subjects) who, within His Majesty's Dominions, desert from ships belonging to subjects of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan should be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships :

And whereas it is desirable to repeal the said Order in Council of the 9th day of October 1903 :

And whereas it appears to His Majesty that due facilities are given by the Government of Japan for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British Merchant ships in that country :

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty by virtue of the power vested in Him by the hereinbefore recited Sub-section (1) of Section 238 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894", and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette the said Section 238 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894", shall apply in the case of Japan, subject to the condition and qualification following, that is to say, that the application for assistance by the competent Consular Officer of Japan shall be accompanied by an assurance that all expenses connected therewith shall be repaid and that this Order shall not apply to subjects of His Majesty.

And His Majesty by virtue of the powers vested in Him by the provisions of Section 738 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is further pleased to order and declare that upon and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette the Order in Council made on the 9th day of October 1903 shall be revoked and the same is hereby revoked accordingly.

J. C. LEDLIE.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

Simla, the 25th November, 1911.

No. 8692-143.—Mr. H. S. Bion, Assistant Superintendent Geological Survey of India, is appointed Curator of the Geological Survey Museum, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th November 1911, *vice* Mr. J. Coggin Brown.

EMIGRATION.

No. 8832-39 —The following draft of rules which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 81 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1908 (XVII of 1908), is published, as required by the said section, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on or after the 25th December 1911.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft Rules.

I. To Rule 102 of the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture No. 94-E., dated the 18th March 1886, the following sub clause shall be added after sub-clause (g) :—

(h) If the vessel is a steamship having an unexpired certificate of survey granted by the Board of Trade or any British Colonial Government or under the Indian Steamship Act, 1884 (VII of 1884), whether any accident has happened to the hull or machinery or any part thereof since the certificate was granted.

II. To paragraph 2 of the Colonial Emigration Form No. 23 (Form of Master's application for license), cited in Rule 102 mentioned above the following shall be added :—

(h) Occurrence of accident to the hull or machinery.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 8753-3.—The following reversion and promotions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 18th November 1911 :—

Name.	From	To
Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, I.C.S. ...	Collector, Class II, officiating ...	Collector, Class III, substantive.
Mr. R. F. L. Whitty, I.C.S. ...	Assistant Collector, Class I, officiating.	Assistant Collector, Class I, substantive.
Mr. P. Eccles, I.C.S. (<i>on privilege leave</i>).	Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating.	Assistant Collector, Class II, substantive.
Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S. ...	Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating.	Assistant Collector, Class III, substantive and officiating in Class II.

INDUSTRIES.

No. 8761-3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor General in Council is pleased, on the recommendation of the Indian Tea Association, to appoint Mr. G. Kingsley of Messrs. Shaw Wallace and Company, Calcutta, to fill the vacancy on the Indian Tea Cess Committee caused by the resignation of Mr. R. R. Toynbee.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 8746-3.—On his return from leave on the forenoon of the 18th November 1911, Mr. A. S. A. Westropp, I.C.S., a Collector in Class II of the Imperial Customs Service, is posted to Madras.

No. 8747-3.—The services of Mr. G. A. Thomas, I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in Class I (officiating as a Collector in Class III) of the Imperial Customs Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 18th November 1911.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 24th November 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 971.—The services of Major H. O. Warren-Codrington, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 972.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Thornhill, C.I.E., Inspector of Cantonments, has been granted privilege leave from the 8th July to the 7th October 1911, inclusive.

No. 973.—In Army Department Notification No. 811, dated the 29th September 1911, for "10th October 1911", read "17th October 1911".

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 974.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"*London Gazette*", dated the 3rd November 1911, pages 7959 and 7960.

* * * * *

India Office,

November 3, 1911.

The KING has approved of the appointment of Major-General Clement James Griffiths, Indian Army (Retired List), to be Colonel of the 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

The KING has approved of the following promotions of Officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 12th June 1911.

William Edward White, Commandant, 3rd Brahmans.

Dated 24th August 1911.

Charley Blair Baldock, Commandant, 108th Infantry.

Dated 29th August 1911.

Harold Stephen Fox-Strangways, Supernumerary List.

Botet Trydell, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Frederick George Hugh Davies, Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's).

Arthur D'Arcy Gordon Bannerman, C.I.E., Supernumerary List.

Philip Trevor Augustine Spence, Supernumerary List.

Charles Hamilton Beville, Supply and Transport Corps.

Hector Travers Dennys, Civil employ.

Frederick Servington Widdicombe, 114th Mahrattas.

Cyril Powney Thompson, Supernumerary List.

Stanislaus Michael Tighe, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Arthur Elliott Barton, Supernumerary List.

Owen James Obbard, Supernumerary List.

Henry Walter George Cole, Supernumerary List.

Stannus Geoghegan, 74th Punjabis.

Frank Rennick, 40th Pathans.

Auberon Arthur Howell, Supernumerary List.

Charles Hugh Henry Gough, Army Remount Department.

William Hatton Hildebrand, 27th Punjabis.

George Edward Douglas Elsmie, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Herbert Evan Charles Bayley Nepean, 123rd Outram's Rifles.

Trimnell Martin Ward, 97th Deccan Infantry.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 30th August 1911.

Henry de Courcy O'Grady, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

John Clayton Coldstream, Supernumerary List.

Charles Lancelot Storr, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Kenneth Lee Warner Mackenzie, 62nd Punjabis.

Hugh Stephenson Moberly, 66th Punjabis.

Charles Augustus Vivian, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
 Francis Deane Russell, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).
 Arthur Lennard Barrett, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.
 Francis Carminowe Nicolas, Civil employ.
 Launcelot Hope Rix Ames, 75th Carnatic Infantry.
 Giles Rooke, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Henry Beauchamp St. John, Supernumerary List.
 Stair Francis Barton Dalrymple-Hay, 43rd Erinpura Regiment.
 Arthur Kyffin Heyland, Supply and Transport Corps.
 John Ernest Blois Johnson, Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's).

Dated 9th September 1911.

Arthur Lyster Longhurst, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Dated 14th September 1911.

Dennis Deane, 12th Cavalry.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 12th August 1911.

Eglintoune Frederick Ross, 75th Carnatic Infantry.

Dated 27th August 1911.

Colin Macdonald, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Leonard Grey Dudley, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Charles William Garne Walker, 37th Dogras.
 Frank Harley James, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.
 Guy Hamilton Russell, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.
 Richard Scorer Molyneux Harrison, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 George Henderson, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.
 Maxwell Montague Carpendale, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 John Kerwan Gatacre, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).
 Douglas Scott Niven, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 John Adrian Chamier, 33rd Punjabis.
 Geoffrey Noel Ford, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Vernon Charles Paget Hodson, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse).
 Harvey St. George James Pulford, Civil employ.
 Gerald Henry Walter Mortimer, 10th Jats.
 Howard Ferguson Murland, 64th Pioneers.
 George Shuldham Peard Kendall, 61st King George's Own Pioneers.
 Francis Hyde Moody, 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).
 Meynell Evelyn Coningham, 96th Berar Infantry.
 Basil Seth Ward, 59th Deccan Infantry.
 Cyril Charles Johnson Barrett, Political employ.
 John Faulkener Henniker Anderson, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.
 Hugh Capron Strong, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.
 Henry Lawrence Haughton, 36th Sikhs.
 Charles Hay Campbell, Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's).
 Walter Kingsmill Cook, 116th Mahrattas.
 Henry Ironside Money, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

John Masters, 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).
 Walter Lambert Meade, 95th Russell's Infantry.
 Charles Terence Chichele Plowden, Political employ.
 Christopher Alexander, 81st Pioneers.
 Joseph Stransham Oldham, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.
 Claude Innes Shepherd, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Aylmer Hamond Gwyn, Survey Department.
 Walter Clarke Reid, 32nd Lancers.
 Stephen Ussher, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 John Gray, 36th Sikhs.
 Wilkinson Dent, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Ernest George Hume, 7th Hariana Lancers.
 Arthur Harvey Russell Dodd, 17th Cavalry.
 Duncan James Nugent Blair, 7th Hariana Lancers.

Dated 31st August 1911.

Montagu Edmund Cameron Von Stein Monteith, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Dated 3rd September 1911.

Walter Guy Ayscough, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Lieutenant to be Captain. (Provisional Promotion.)

Dated 29th January 1911.

George Christopher Brooke Musgrave.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Captain to be Major.

Dated 27th July 1911.

Michael Harris Thornely, F.R.C.S.E.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 1st August 1911.

Archibald Campbell Munro, M.B.

Ram Nath Chopra, M.B.

Alfred Geddes Tresidder, M.B.

Gordon Gray Jelly, M.B.

Alister Argyll Campbell McNeill, M.B.

Robert Long Gamlen, M.B.

Abdus Sattar Khan.

George Frederick Graham, M.B.

Maneck Dhunjishaw Wadia.

Taylor David Murison.

Sohrab Shapoorji Vazifdar.

John Joseph Harper Nelson, M.B.

Edward Selby Phipson, M.B.

Fleet Floyd Strother Smith, M.B.

Arthur Jessop Symes, M.B.

Thomas Crawford Boyd.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned Officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, and Indian Army Departments.

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Locke Elliot, K.C.B., D.S.O. Dated 3rd October 1911.

Colonel George Jocelyn Shaw. Dated 25th September 1911.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Percy Archibald Elphinstone. Dated 1st September 1911.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Harry Christie. Dated 30th October 1911.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Samuel Price Davies. Dated 31st October 1911.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Lawrence Van Geyzel, M.B. Dated 9th July 1911.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Alfred Albert Allison. Dated 23rd July 1911.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Lawrence Donaghue. Dated 8th July 1911.

The KING has approved of the resignation of the undermentioned Officer of the Indian Army:—

Captain Arthur Irwin Dawes. Dated 18th October 1911.

The KING has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned Officer of the Indian Army to the Temporary Half-pay List:—

Major Frank Hay Norie. Dated 8th October 1911.

The KING has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned Officer of the Indian Army to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Lewis Jones. Dated 5th August 1911.

The KING has approved of the removal of the name of Major Herbert Walton from the Retired List of the Indian Army. Dated 3rd November 1911.

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PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 975.—Major R. H. Palin, Indian Army, is promoted to Rs 400 Staff Pay per mensem; with effect from the 29th October 1911.

No. 975.—Consequent on the grant of the leave notified in Army Department Notification No. 972, dated the 24th November 1911, the following officiating promotions are notified:—

1	2	3	4		5
Rank and Name.	Substantive grade.	Grade in which officiating.	PERIOD.		Remarks.
			From	To	
Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. C. Leslie	1st Grade ...	Inspector of Cantonments.	8th July 1911...	7th October 1911.	Vice Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Thornhill, granted privilege leave.
Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. B. Campbell.	2nd Grade ...	1st Grade ...	8th July 1911	Till further orders.	Vice Lieutenant-Colonel Leslie, Officiating Inspector of Cantonments. The officiating promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell notified in Army Department Notification No. 689, dated the 11th August 1911, is hereby cancelled.
Lieutenant-Colonel M. Stevens.	4th Grade ...	2nd Grade ...	8th July 1911	Till further orders.	Vice Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell, Officiating 1st Grade. The officiating promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel Stevens notified in Army Department Notification No. 866, dated the 20th October 1911, is hereby cancelled.
Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Field.	2nd Grade ...	1st Grade ...	31st July 1911	Till further orders.	In place of Lieutenant-Colonel Waller, granted leave out of India The officiating promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel Field notified in Army Department Notification No. 867, dated the 20th October 1911, is hereby cancelled.
Major R. R. Vaughan	2nd Grade ...	1st Grade ...	7th September 1911	7th October 1911.	In place of the officiating promotions of Lieutenant-Colonels Field and Stevens notified in Army Department Notification No. 866, dated the 20th October 1911, but cancelled above.
Major W. C. S. Prince.	4th Grade ...	2nd Grade ...	7th September 1911.	7th October 1911.	

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 977.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

18th November 1911.

Claud Fitzroy Clarke, 20th Deccan Horse.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 978.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Captains to be Majors.

27th July 1911.

Francis Victor Owen Beit, M.B.

Mathew Corry, M.D.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

1st August 1911.

Reginald Broughton Lloyd, M.B.

Archibald Campbell Munro, M.B.

Ram Nath Chopra, M.B.

Alfred Geddes Tresidder, M.B.

Gordon Gray Jolly, M.B.

Hugh Stott, M.B.

Alister Argyll Campbell McNeill, M.B.

Robert Long Gamlen, M.B.

Abdus Sattar Khan.

George Frederick Graham, M.B.

Maneck Dhunjishaw Wadia.

Taylor David Murison.

Sohrab Shapoorji Vazifdar.

John Joseph Harper Nelson, M.B.

Edward Selby Phipson, M.B.

Fleet Floyd Strother Smith, M.B.

Arthur Jessop Symes, M.B.

Gerald Lewis Colhoun Little, M.B.

Thomas Crawford Boyd.

(Army Department Notification No. 813, dated the 29th September 1911, is hereby cancelled.)

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 979.—In Army Department Notification No. 200, dated 17th March 1911, for "Edwin Rogers", read "Edward Rogers".

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 980.—Sub-Conductor George David McEller Anderson to be Conductor; and Sergeant Thomas William Hill to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation of establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1911.

No. 981.—Sub-Conductor Arthur John Coward to be Conductor, and Sergeant Thomas Godwin to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* James Sowman, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 6th October 1911.

No. 982.—Sergeant Frederick John Eyles to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* John Peterson, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 31st October 1911.

No. 983.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain James Arbery to be Commissary,

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Henry Pepper to be Deputy Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval.

Conductor William Davis to be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor Edward George Knapp to be Conductor, and

Sergeant George Washington Hartnett to be Sub-Conductor,

vice Commissary and Honorary Captain Thomas Yarnold Macey, retired; with effect from the 5th November 1911.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

121st Pioneers.

No. 984.—Jemadar Amarsingh Yeswantrao Raje Sirke, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 553, dated the 11th June 1909, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 22nd July 1909.

No. 985.—The following promotions are made :—

38th Dogras.

Jemadar Jodh Singh to be Subadar and No. 536, Drill-Havildar Ushnaki to be Jemadar, *vice* Kirpa Ram, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 986.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the dates specified :—

Conductor Joseph Fisher, Ordnance Department, Northern Army,—1st October 1911.

Conductor Arthur William Scott, Ordnance Department, Southern Army,—29th October 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 987.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers :—

Simla Volunteer Rifles.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir James Walker, Kt., C.I.E. (Retired).

Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.

Captain Charles Herbert Parker.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 24th November, 1911.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 15th and 21st November 1911 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
1st Battalion, The Royal Sussex Regiment.	Major James Harold Burbury.	17th November 1911.	Bareilly ...	...

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 24th November, 1911.

LEAVE.

No. 91.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Assistant Engineer G. R. Ellis, Royal Indian Marine, ~~—~~six months (medical certificate).

PROMOTIONS.

No. 92.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, *vice* Commander T. H. H. Hand, Royal Indian Marine, *seconded*, with effect from the 1st October 1911:—

To be Commander, 3rd Grade.

Lieutenant G. H. S. LaTouche, Royal Indian Marine.

No. 93.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine with effect from the 3rd November 1911:—

To be Engineer.

Assistant Engineer Robert Heaton Ferguson.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 94.—Commander C. R. Rowsell, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to retire from the service; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th November, 1911.

No. 306.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a reconnaissance survey being carried out by the agency of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company for a line of railway on the 2' 6" from Dhamtari station on the Raipur-Dhamtari branch of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, *via* Bastar, to Salur station on the Raipur-Vizianagram section of the same railway, a distance of about 260 miles.

This survey will be known as the Dhamtari-Bastar-Salur Railway Survey.

The 21st November, 1911.

No. 307.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 160, dated the 2nd June 1911, Mr. C. N. D. Inglis, District Locomotive Superintendent, in class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is re-transferred from the North-Western State Railway to the Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 19th October 1911.

No. 308.—Mr. C. J. Silvester, District Locomotive Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway (on leave), in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is transferred to the Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 26th December 1911.

No. 309.—With reference to Railway Board's notification No. 268, dated the 12th October 1911, and No. 308, dated 21st November 1911, Mr. E. Hunt, District Locomotive

Superintendent, in class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permanently transferred from the Eastern Bengal State Railway to the Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, with effect from the 26th December 1911.

The 22nd November, 1911.

No. 310.—In Railway Board's Notification No. 186, dated the 12th July 1911, for "Jullundur City" read "Jullundur Cantonment station."

The 23rd November, 1911.

No. 311.—Captain R. N. Barn, R.E., Executive Engineer, is on return from leave re-posted to the North-Western State Railway.

No. 312.—Mr. H. R. Walton, Executive Engineer, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, is appointed to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief, Cawnpore-Banda Railway Construction, under the administrative control of the Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, with the officiating rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, with effect from the 14th October 1911, and until further orders.

No. 313.—Mr. J. G. M. O'Hara, Executive Engineer, North-Western State Railway, on leave, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under article 465 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd January 1912.

The 24th November, 1911.

No. 314.—In the schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department No. 234, dated the 24th August 1911, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain Local Authorities by the Administration of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway, delete the entry "Bareilly ditto.....Octroi duty on medicine."

No. 315.—The following promotions and reversions among Chief and Superintending Engineers, State Railways, are ordered with effect from the dates specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
			1911.
Wilson, C. D. D. ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	10th August.
Dawson, F. G. R. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	10th August.
Adam, J. ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	5th October.
Wilson, C. D. D. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	5th October.
Dawson, F. G. R. ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary.	5th October.
Rennick, C. S. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	9th October.
Walton, Colonel E. W., R.E.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class.	9th October.
Couchman, F. D. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary (Supy.).	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary (Supy.).	9th October.
Rose, Lieutenant-Colonel C. S., R.E.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	9th October.
Sutherland, J. ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary.	9th October.
Nathan, W. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class.	9th October.

Name.	From	To	With effect from
			1911.
Lyle, J. C.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> (Supy.).	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class (Supy.).	9th October.
Gales, R. R.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> (Supy.).	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> (Supy.).	14th October.
Howard, W. H. K.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	15th October.
Deuchars, G.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Chief Engineer, 2nd class ...	20th October.
Rawland, A.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 1st class.	20th October.
Adam, J.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class.	20th October.
Ra'a Ram, Rai Bahadur	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	20th October.

No. 316.—Mr. R. J. Chalmers, District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North-Western State Railway, in class II, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permitted, at his own request, to resign the service of Government, with effect from the 29th October 1911.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 23rd November 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 18th November 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	10	8
		Ahmedabad District	3	2
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Reva Kantha Agency	2	2
		Kaira District	19	10
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	3	3
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	7	4
		Mahi Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra Port	1	1
		Bassoin Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan Port	1	1
		Thana Port . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Thana District	1	2
		Satara District	302	200
		East Khandesh District	48	29
		West Khandesh District	23	17
		Poona City	81	54
		Poona District	87	60
		Nasik District	298	250
		Ahmednagar District	53	40
		Sholapur District	124	93
		Sholapur Town	1	1
	Southern	Panvel Port	6	4
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	5	2
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum District	520	408
		Hubli Town	46	45
		Dharwar District	1,154	843
		Kanara District	21	13
		Bijapur District	1,134	894
		Bijapur Agency	32	24
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

NOTE.—In the return for the week ending 11th November 1911 read 1 (a) death against Kalyan Port and 26 seizures against the Kanara District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	8	6
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State	14	10
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	47	23
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	328	204
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	36	21
		Satara Agency	19	48
		Sayanur State	70	51
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	20	26
		TOTAL	4,563	3,105
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	16	6
		North Arcot District	2 (a)	1
		South Arcot District	1	...
		Bellary Town	8	2
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	409 (d)	363 (d)
		Mangalore Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Chittoor District	2 (b)	2 (b)
		Coimbatore Town	43	32
		Coimbatore District	20 (c)	18 (b)
		Cuddapah District . . . . .	...	...
		Kurnool District	1 (a)	...
		Madura District . . . . .	...	...
		Malabar District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris District	2	2
		Salem District	31	25
		Tanjore District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly District . . . . .	...	...
		Sandur State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	535	451

(a) One imported.

(c) Two imported.

(c) Three imported.

(d) Nine imported.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 25, 1911. 1977

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Presidency	Calcutta	8	8
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	2	5
		Patna District	26	18
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District	3	3
		Darbhanga District	3	3
		Saran District	155	106
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	21	0
		Bhagalpur Town	4	1
		Bhagalpur District	5	4
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District	4	4
		TOTAL	231	160
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	54	31
		Saharanpur District	16	11
		Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	20	7
		Meerut District	5	5
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	1	1
		Etah District	4	4
		Farrukhabad District	5	4
	Rohilkhand	Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Bareilly District	2	2
		Bijnor District	5	5

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	10	10
		Fatehpur District	5	4
		Allahabad City	1	1
		Allahabad District	5	5
		Jhansi City	7	6
	Benares	Benares City	1	1
		Benares District	81	26
		Ballia District	187	187
		Ghazipur District	31	39
		Jaunpur District	25	23
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	60	55
		Basti District	35	22
		Gorakhpur District	101	52
	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District	21	21
		Unao District	20	23
		Rae Bareilly District	24	15
		Sitapur District	40	23
		Hardoi District . . . . .	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	23	17
		Bahraich District	31	31
		Sultanpur District	3	2
		Partabgarh District	0	13
		Gonda District . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	782	647
PUNJAB	Delhi	Hissar District	6	1
		Rohtak District	9	...
		Gurgaon District	9	9
		Karnal District	18	12
		Ambala District	5	2
	Jullundur	Jullundur District . . . . .	...	...
		Ludhiana District	5	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot District . . . . .	...	...
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	86	59
		Attock District	8	8
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	2	1
		Jind State	2	2
	TOTAL		150	100
	Pegu	Rangoon Town	2	2
		Tharrawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome District	1	1
BURMA	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District	1	1
		Maubin District	1	1
	Tenas-serim	Toungoo District	1	1
	Magwe	Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Shwobo District . . . . .	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		6	6
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nagpur District	130	27
		Beleghat District . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat Town	3	3
		Wardha Town	1	...
		Wardha District	22	11
		Bhandara District	50	27
		Chanda District . . . . .	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Cantonment	20	17
		Jubbulpore District	9	10
		Saugor Town . . . . .	...	...
		Saugor District	27	23
		Damoh District	13	10
		Mandla Town	15	7
		Mandla District	91	80
		Hoshangabad Town	1	1
	Nerbudda	Nimar District	11	11
		Khandwa Town	7	5
		Narsingpur Town	6	3
		Narsingpur District	105	77
		Chhindwara Town	19	12
		Chhindwara District	36	19
		Akola District	15	10
		Buldana District	2	1
	Berar	Amraoti District	64	48
		Yeshwantpur District	1	...
		Nandgaon State	15	11
		TOTAL	663	463
COORG	...	Coorg	2	1
	...	TOTAL	2	1
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	43	30
		Bangalore City	3	2
		Bangalore District	106	101
		Mysore City	34	24
		Mysore District	45	31
		Hasan District	57	49
		Kadur District	20	11
		Kolar District	73	59
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	3
		Tumkur District	117	92
		Shivmoga District	43	35
		Chitaldroog District	62	43
		TOTAL	605	480

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	67	53
		Raichur District	371	328
		Aurangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Nizamabad District.	1	1
		Gulbarga District	5	5
		Bidár District	1	1
		Parbhani District	10	17
		Ahmednagar District. . . . .	...	...
		Nanded District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	621	602
		Bir District	16	10
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Melkote District . . . . .	...	...
		Nalgonda District	2	2
		TOTAL	1,694 (a)	1,019 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nagpore . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	142	103
		Indore Residency	26	15
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datta State . . . . .	...	...
		Bundel State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	19	13
		Devas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Devas State (Senior Branch)	5	2
		Devas State (Junior Branch)	3	2
		Narmada Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jasra State . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar State	1	1
		Bagli State . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhalna State . . . . .	...	...
		Marpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	90	69
		Schore Agency Limits	13	13
		Schore Cantonment. . . . .	...	...
		Bhopal State	241	216
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Pera State	27	14
		Barwani State	7	1
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitapur State . . . . .	...	...
		Sohawal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	574 (b)	448 (b)

(a) From 6th to 12th November 1911.

(b) For the week ending 11th November 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	24	24
		Mewar State . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	3 (a)	3 (a)
		Jaipur . . . . .	...	1
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	31	23
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
				TOTAL . . . . .	58 (b)	51 (b)
NORTH- WEST FRON- TIER PRO- VINCE.	...	Hazara District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		TOTAL	1	1
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua District . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
BALU- CHISTAN	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			9,267	7,252

(a) Imported. (b) Figures for the week ending 17th November 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 23rd November 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The diffuse depression from Persia, which entered northwest India on the 15th-16th, intensified on the 16th and 17th and moved eastwards into the central parts of the country. After the 17th it again became diffuse without much movement, but its influence extended eastward to the further limits of Assam. Light rainfall, due to the depression, occurred over the greater part of northwest India, and on the 18th and 19th unusually heavy falls occurred in the southeast of the Punjab, the east of Rajputana, the United Provinces and the central parts of the country. Wet weather spread eastwards well into northeast India on the 20th, and although the depression had practically disappeared on the 21st, rain associated with it had begun to fall in upper Assam.

A large trough of low pressure and disturbed weather, the preliminary features of storm generation, lay over the south of the Bay of Bengal and the Arabian Sea on the 21st, and caused a northward extension of rainfall in the Peninsula; while on the 23rd a storm had begun to develop in the western half of the trough off the Malabar coast, and rainfall had spread still further northwards into the Deccan.

2. Weather was cold in northwest India at the beginning of the week and these low temperature conditions subsequently extended across northern India. Elsewhere, except in Burma and the extreme south of the Peninsula, temperature tended to be high, especially in the central parts of the country where the daily means exceeded the normal by more than 8°.

3. *Burma*.—A few light falls of rain were reported.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Light rainfall began on the 18th, and on the 19th was nearly general in Bihar and the north of Chota Nagpur: during the remainder of the week only scattered falls were reported.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rainfall began on the 16th, and on the 18th had become heavy and nearly general in the United Provinces, and local in Central India. On the 19th nearly general rainfall occurred in the east of the United Provinces and Central India. East, and rain fell locally in the west of the United Provinces and the Central Provinces.

Northwest India.—Unusually heavy rain occurred in the east of the Punjab and Rajputana on the 18th, and snow fell in the Simla hills down to 6,000 feet.

The Peninsula.—The week began dry, but from the 18th onwards rainfall occurred and extended northwards. On the 21st moderately heavy falls were reported from the greater part of the southern half of the division, and on the 22nd a further extension occurred into the Deccan.

4. The most important falls reported were:—

November 16th. Saugor 0·84".

" 17th. Agra 1·81" and Mainpuri 1·15".

" 18th. Cawnpore 2·33", Lucknow 1·70", Jhansi 0·75", Mainpuri 0·90", Roorkee 2·29", Dehra Dun 3·10", Chakrata 3·31", Simla 1·16", Delhi 0·75", Ambala 0·88" and Sambhar 1·06".

November 19th. Patna 1·27", Darbhanga 0·93", Hazaribagh 1·04", Allahabad 1·24",
 Bareilly 0·80", Dehra Dun 0·99", Nowgong 0·90", Jubbulpore
 1·28", Pachmarhi 1·30", Pamban 1·15", Negapatam 3·24", Cud-
 dalore 1·82" and Madras 2·57".

„ 20th. Amraoti 0·76", Trivandrum 0·83", Tinnevely 0·96", Pamban 1·93",
 Negapatam 3·30", Trichinopoly 1·49", Cuddalore 1·69", Madras
 4·81", Nellore 1·92" and Kodaikanal 1·43".

„ 21st. Chaibasa 0·72", Trivandrum 1·21", Tinnevely 1·05", Negapatam
 0·95", Trichinopoly 3·91", Coimbatore 1·10", Salem 1·52", Cudda-
 lore 2·32", Madras 1·24", Nellore 1·96", Ootacamund 2·25" and
 Kodaikanal 2·45".

„ 22nd. Chitaldrug 0·50", Bangalore 0·70", Mangalore 0·50", Calicut 0·68",
 Trivandrum 2·83", Tinnevely 0·87", Madura 1·12", Cuddalore
 0·56", Madras 0·71", Nellore 2·94", Masulipatam 2·35", Oota-
 camund 1·29" and Kodaikanal 3·17".

5. Rainfall during the week was largely above normal in Chota Nagpur, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, and the south of the Peninsula, while Kashmir reported much more than the usual precipitation. Bihar, the United Provinces and the Punjab East and North which normally receive no rain, reported large amounts, and some rainfall also occurred in Hyderabad South. Falls were normal in Baluchistan, the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan. Elsewhere the total amounts were in slight to moderate defect.

During the period 28th April to 23rd November, rainfall was in large excess in Baluchistan; in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; normal or nearly normal in Burma, the United Provinces East, Central India East, the Central Provinces East, and Mysore; and in defect elsewhere. The largest deficiencies occurred in Sind, Rajputana West and Gujarat.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 25, 1911. 1985

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 23RD NOVEMBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 23RD NOVEMBER 1911.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0'2	1'8	-1'6	90'0	104'3	-14'3	-14	-12
Lower Burma	0	0'6	-0'6	145'4	141'5	+3'9	+3	+3
Upper Burma	0	0'3	-0'3	42'0	41'8	+0'2	0	+1
Assam	0	0'1	-0'1	92'3	78'0	+14'3	+18	+18
Eastern Bengal	0	0'1	-0'1	91'7	79'3	+12'4	+16	+16
Bengal	0	0'1	-0'1	46'5	57'2	-10'7	-19	-19
Orissa	0	0'3	-0'3	45'9	58'7	-12'8	-22	-21
Chota Nagpur	0'7	0'1	+0'6	54'8	49'4	+5'4	+11	+10
Bihar	0'5	0	+0'5	55'8	50'3	+5'5	+11	+10
United Provinces, East	1'7	0	+1'7	39'5	39'4	+0'1	0	-4
United Provinces, West	1'9	0	+1'9	30'1	39'2	-9'1	-23	-28
Punjab, East and North	0'4	0	+0'4	12'8	21'4	-8'6	-40	-42
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	4'7	8'1	-3'4	-42	-42
Kashmir	0'6	0'1	+0'5	6'8	9'1	-2'3	-25	-31
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0'1	-0'1	3'5	5'9	-2'4	-41	-40
Baluchistan	0'1	0'1	0	2'2	1'0	+1'2	+120	+133
Sind	0	0	0	0'1	4'8	-4'7	-98	-98
Rajputana, West	0	0'1	-0'1	3'9	11'4	-7'5	-66	-65
Rajputana, East	0'5	0'1	+0'4	12'1	22'1	-10'0	-45	-47
Gujarat	0	0'1	-0'1	6'9	23'6	-16'7	-71	-71
Central India, West	0'2	0'1	+0'1	20'3	29'7	-9'4	-32	-32
Central India, East	0'9	0'1	+0'8	40'4	41'3	-0'9	-2	-4
Berar	0'7	0'1	+0'6	19'6	31'5	-11'9	-38	-40
Central Provinces, West	0'7	0'1	+0'6	37'6	44'9	-7'3	-16	-18
Central Provinces, East	0'5	0'1	+0'4	45'1	48'1	-3'0	-6	-7
Konkan	0'1	0'1	0	70'1	97'2	-27'1	-28	-28
Bombay Deccan	0'1	0'1	0	20'2	27'5	-7'3	-27	-27
Hyderabad, North	0	0'1	-0'1	24'8	33'1	-8'3	-25	-25
Hyderabad, South	0'1	0	+0'1	20'4	30'2	-9'8	-32	-33
Mysore	0'8	0'2	+0'6	25'6	27'9	-2'3	-8	-10
Malabar	1'7	0'7	+1'0	86'4	98'0	-11'6	-12	-13
Madras, South-east	4'9	1'6	+3'3	25'2	28'5	-3'3	-12	-25
Madras Deccan	0'5	0'3	+0'2	17'2	24'3	-7'1	-29	-30
Madras Coast, North	2'0	0'8	+1'2	26'9	34'9	-8'0	-23	-27

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 23rd November 1911.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
18th November 1911.

Burma.—Slight rain fell during the week in Upper Chindwin only. Reaping of autumn and hill side rice, plucking of cotton, gathering of groundnuts and sowing of miscellaneous island crops are progressing satisfactorily. Standing crops in most places are doing well but more rain is required for the replanted areas in Tharrawaddy and Pegu and also in parts of Toungoo, Pakokku, Lower Chindwin, Meiktila, Yamethin and Myingyan. The price of unhusked rice continues high. It has risen considerably at one centre and has fallen considerably at three.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was cooler than that of the last week and was almost cloudless. A few scattered showers fell nearly everywhere. Prospects of winter rice are hopeful. A satisfactory outturn is generally being obtained where harvesting is in progress. Sowing of spring crops has advanced considerably. The average price of common rice shows a tendency to fall. Cattle disease prevails in Malda, Cachar, Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang, Nowgong and the Garo Hills.

Bengal.—Rain fell in all districts of Bihar and the presidency and Chota Nagpur divisions, except Murshidabad and Manbhum and in Sambalpur, Cooch Behar and parts of Birbhum and Burdwan. The fall was generally light except in Patna, Saran and Hazaribagh where it was above 1 inch. Sowing of spring crops is in progress. Harvesting of winter rice continues in Orissa and Chota Nagpur and it has commenced in Bihar and Lower Bengal. Prospects are good. The price of common rice has risen in Midnapur, Shahabad, Champaran, Monghyr, the Sonthal Parganas, Balasore, Hazaribagh and Cooch Behar and has fallen in Burdwan, Bankura, Murshidabad, Jessore, Angul and Palamau. Cattle disease is reported from Midnapore, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Palamau and Manbhum. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Murshidabad and Nadia. The water supply is adequate throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—General rain fell over the Provinces. The fall was heavy in seven districts. Standing crops are doing well. Prospects are favourable. The condition of agricultural stock is generally good. Cattle disease continues to be prevalent in thirteen districts. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices are nearly stationary.

Punjab.—Heavy rain was received in parts of Hissar and Ambala and light to moderate rain elsewhere except Ferozepore, Lahore, Amritsar, Shahpur, Lyallpur and Multan. The condition of standing autumn crops on irrigated areas is generally fair and on un-irrigated areas poor. Autumn crops are being harvested. The outturn is generally average to below average. Sowings of spring crops continue. *Toria* is being harvested in Lahore. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in Jullundur, Sialkot and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week except 51 and 31 cents in Marwat and Ahmedzai in the Bannu district respectively and 130 and 35 cents in Sheikhbudin in Dera Ismail Khan. The condition of standing crops is unchanged. Sowing of spring and harvesting of autumn crops are in progress. Autumn crops are reported to be below average in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The water supply is generally sufficient throughout the Province. Fodder is scarce in the Dera Ismail Khan district and in the Nowshera tahsil in the Peshawar district. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur Canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Cattle are generally in good condition. The public health is generally good. Prices of food grains are nearly stationary. Prices:—Wheat $11\frac{1}{4}$ to $17\frac{1}{4}$, gram $15\frac{1}{4}$ to 25, maize $14\frac{1}{4}$ to $24\frac{1}{4}$ and *bajra* 14 to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Rampore tahsil. Fodder is sufficient except in the Ranbirsingpura, Mirpur and Bimber tahsils.

Kashmir.—It rained several times during the week. The rain was beneficial to the sowing of spring crops. Zamindars are mostly engaged in collecting autumn crops. Prices are slightly cheaper than that of the last week. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—Slight to good rain fell in all parts except in Jaisalmer, Sirohi and the states in the Mewar Residency. The principal amounts received were in cents:—Dholpur 246, Karauli 155, Tonk 148, Deoli 93, Bharatpur 90 and one district of Jodhpur 56. The

average rainfall in Ajmer was 22 cents but it was heavier in places. Rain has retarded sowings and has damaged crops in low grounds in Bharatpur while fresh sowings have been necessitated in some villages in Ajmer. Spring sowings are in progress but are restricted owing to insufficient moisture in Jaisalmer, the hilly tracts of Mewar, Shahpura and parts of Merwara. Cattle disease is prevalent in one district of Mewar and in a few villages of Beawar. Cattle are suffering for want of grazing in Shahpura. Pasturage also is scarce in Jaipur and is diminishing in parts of Jodhpur and Merwara. 295 persons and 2,619 cattle emigrated from Jodhpur and 387 persons and 804 cattle from Merwara. Prices have fallen by $1\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Bharatpur, slightly in Tonk and Ajmer and have risen from 3.64 to 3 seers in Banswara, Partabgarh and Shahpura and slightly in Jhalawar and Kishangarh.

Central India.—Light showers fell everywhere except in Gwalior. The weather continues to be damp and cloudy. Conditions are very favourable for spring sowings. Autumn crops are being reaped. The outturn is generally good except in parts of Gwalior, Indore and Bhopal. Picking of cotton is in progress. The yield will be unfortunately affected by the unsettled weather. Fodder is generally abundant but is insufficient in some parts of Indore and Bhopawar. Prices continue high in Baghelkhand and are steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and cool and occasionally cloudy during the week. Fifteen districts had rain not exceeding 2 inches. Harvesting of autumn crops and picking of cotton are well advanced. Sowing of spring crops is almost completed in most districts and germination is successful. Prospects are good at present. The supply of fodder and water is adequate except in parts of Nimar and Akola. Variations in prices are unimportant except in that of gram which rose by 3 seers per rupee in Wardha.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week. Cutting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. Prospects are favourable. Prices:—Rice in Kairagarh and Sirguja fell by 6 and 4 seers respectively and it rose in Bastar by 4 seers per rupee.

Bombay—Slight rain fell during the week in Karachi, west Khandesh and Nasik. Standing crops are suffering for want of moisture in parts of Broach, Surat, Ahmednagar, Poona, Dharwar and Rewa Kantha, have failed in parts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals and Kolhapur and are fair elsewhere. Harvesting is in progress in parts of Sind, Thana, Ratnagiri, Kanara, East Khandesh, Poona, Satara, the Karnatak, Baroda, Rewa Kantha and Kolhapur and spring sowings are in progress in parts of Sindh, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Surat, East Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Baroda, Palanpur and Cutch and have been retarded in parts of Poona, Belgaum and Rewa Kantha. Picking of cotton continues in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Broach, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sindh, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, the Deccan, Bijapur, Belgaum, and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition except in parts of Thar and Parkar and Ahmednagar, where it is deteriorating and is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. The drinking water supply is inadequate in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Nasik, Kathiawar and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Gujarat, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, Satara, Belgaum and Dharwar and is satisfactory elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 30 to 46 per cent, in Gujarat 19 to 47 per cent, in the Konkan 18 to 36 per cent, in the Deccan 29 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 40 to 44 per cent less than the normal.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells from $8\frac{1}{2}$ to 9 and maize from $10\frac{1}{2}$ to $11\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. The number of persons on relief for the week ending 18th November was:—18,657 on works, and 5,842 on gratuitous relief. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha there were 1,279 persons on test works and 79 on gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. Harvesting of the autumn crop is nearing completion in many parts. It is bad to unsatisfactory in Aurangabad, Bir and in parts of the Nizamabad, Raichur, Bidar, Medak and Nalgonda districts and has been injured somewhat by rats and insects in parts of Raichur. Early rice is being irrigated in parts. The area under the crop is restricted; the crop having suffered somewhat owing to the inadequate water supply in parts of the Nander, Gulbarga, Medak, Nizamabad and Warangal districts. Harvesting has commenced in parts. Spring sowings are progressing in parts. Cattle disease prevails in eleven talukas and fodder scarcity in twenty-two. Water scarcity is reported in eleven talukas. Prices:—wheat $7\frac{1}{2}$, coarse rice $6\frac{1}{2}$ and *juar* $12\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee, showing a rise of $\frac{1}{2}$ seer each in the price of rice and *juar*. White *juar* is selling at 11 seers in Hyderabad city. The highest price in the districts is 8 seers in Warangal and the lowest 26 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall during the week was slight in Hassan and *nil* elsewhere. Prices of food grains have risen in parts of the State. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are generally good but more rain is wanted. Prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall *nil*. Picking of coffee has commenced and that of cardamom continues. The condition of the rice crop is good. Prices of food grains are above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was good in Tanjore, Tinnevely and South Arcot, light to fair in Ramnad, the Nilgiris, Trichinopoly, Madura and Malabar and *nil* elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Kistna, Guntur, Vellore, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Agricultural operations have been retarded by want of rain in parts of Malabar. Standing crops are fair to good generally but need rain in parts of Vizagapatam, the Deccan, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Malabar, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura and Ramnad and have withered in parts of Kurnool. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease. Dry crops in parts of Bellary and Anantapur have been affected by grasshoppers. Harvests continue except in Malabar. The outturn is fair to normal and bumper. Pasture is scanty in parts of Bellary, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Madras, Ramnad and South Canara but is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Vizagapatam, Godaveri, Chittoor and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in two and has risen in fifteen. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in one and has risen in seventeen. *Cholam* is stationary in three districts, has fallen in four and has risen in ten. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	16,073	3,772	20,745	18,657	5,842	24,499	+ 3,754

E. D. MACLAGAN;

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 4th November 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	<i>Districts.</i>				BOMBAY.					
1	Panch Mahals.	923½	190,990	13,018	219	2,878	3,097	16,115	...	...
	<i>Native States.</i>									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	...	...	...	...	...	892	...
2	Bawa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	...
3	Palappur ...	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	209	...

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 11th November 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.						TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.		
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6.	7	8	9	10	11
	<i>Districts.</i>				BOMBAY.					
1	Panch Mahals.	1,606	321,206	16,978	471	3,772	4,243	21,216	...	...
	<i>Native States—</i>									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	.....	....	....	....	....	818	18
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	.....	....	....	....	....	221	...
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	.....	....	....	....	....	224	59

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N. B.—As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.					
			Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.		
			1910.	1911.	11th November 1910.	11th November 1911.	1910.	1911.	11th November 1910.	11th November 1911.			11th November 1910.	11th November 1911.				
	During 2nd half of 1910.	During official year 1910-11.																
State and Guaranteed Railways.	R	R	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R		
Bengal-Nagpur (including a' 6" gauge lines)	222	251	2,367	2,494	4,56,988	7,65,000	210	307	93,91,707	1,04,14,000	10,22,293	...	1,73,02,246	1,92,07,000	18,14,754	...		
Beswada Extension	261	314	21	21	5,263	6,000	251	286	95,189	1,25,000	29,811	...	1,89,809	2,15,000	25,191	...		
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Viramgam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 31" gauge)	820	910	504	504	4,39,645	4,61,000	872	921	68,81,078	73,73,000	4,41,922	...	1,06,35,688	1,44,40,000	8,04,318	...		
Nagda-Mutta	118	116	339	339	33,676	40,000	99	136	5,83,427	8,16,000	2,26,573	...	9,49,482	16,70,000	7,20,518	...		
Eastern Bengal State (incldg. 3' 31" and a' 6" gauge lines)	410	367	1,501	1,507	6,52,652	8,08,000	435	536	1,13,04,401	1,32,55,000	19,50,599	...	1,71,13,283	1,93,53,000	22,39,717	...		
East Indian	629	719	2,338	2,389	16,35,425	18,35,000	699	777	2,07,61,029	3,2,95,000	23,34,901	...	5,19,64,411	5,54,79,000	35,14,589	...		
Great Indian Peninsula (incldg. Indian Midland)	459	380	8,464	8,473	12,24,476	15,11,000	497	611	1,81,66,833	2,04,90,000	21,22,107	...	3,57,03,319	3,95,57,000	37,63,681	...		
Agra-Delhi Chord	268	276	126	126	39,779	61,000	316	487	6,01,677	7,35,000	1,33,323	...	11,02,316	12,63,000	1,60,684	...		
Baran-Kotah	51	50	40	40	1,171	5,500	59	137	40,429	73,000	32,574	...	71,810	1,17,000	45,190	...		
Bhopal-Itarsi	402	447	57	57	3,71,118	27,100	559	475	3,72,126	3,50,000	...	2,126	7,90,170	7,67,000	...	23,170		
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 31" gauge lines)	269	231	2,385	2,385	4,58,505	5,49,000	177	212	96,85,710	1,09,43,000	12,57,290	...	1,86,06,720	2,01,53,000	15,46,280	...		
North Western State (incldg. a' 6" gauge lines)	386	382	3,718	3,835	14,03,239	14,50,000	377	378	2,68,79,080	2,78,59,000	9,79,920	...	4,40,23,070	4,82,94,000	42,70,930	...		
Oodh and Rohilkhand State (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhal 3' 31" link)	253	264	1,403	1,515	3,48,958	4,39,000	249	290	60,70,640	62,77,000	2,06,360	...	1,12,27,694	1,21,91,000	9,63,306	...		
Hardwar-Dehra	224	237	32	32	7,142	5,700	223	178	1,32,104	1,48,000	17,896	...	2,44,720	2,22,000	37,720	...		
Assam-Bengal	130	127	790	790	1,08,335	1,21,000	137	153	19,61,713	21,08,000	1,46,257	...	31,69,074	34,01,000	2,31,926	...		
Burma	309	252	1,527	1,529	3,35,543	3,63,000	218	237	57,78,319	61,28,000	3,49,681	...	1,11,44,759	1,16,01,000	4,56,241	...		
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	139	144	124	124	19,081	20,300	154	161	3,07,305	4,12,000	1,04,755	...	5,30,000	7,40,000	2,10,000	...		
Lucknow-Bareilly	144	154	215	234	28,145	27,100	131	118	5,70,782	5,60,000	...	4,782	11,27,211	11,81,000	59,789	...		
Mysore (incldg. Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	121	134	411	411	4,30,242	51,100	105	124	9,22,109	10,32,000	1,09,891	...	17,89,539	18,62,000	72,461	...		
Palampur-Deesa	60	66	17	17	990	800	58	47	18,923	14,600	...	4,322	36,942	28,700	...	8,242		
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Ratam-Nagda, 5' 6" gauge)	275	291	1,914	1,912	4,99,969	5,50,000	261	288	8,72,709	93,78,000	5,95,991	...	1,63,67,645	1,75,19,000	8,51,355	...		
South India (including 5' 6" and a' 6" gauge lines)	309	318	1,396	1,396	3,95,152	4,73,000	233	339	79,27,014	80,54,000	10,26,286	...	1,37,74,350	1,54,74,000	16,99,650	...		
Travancore Branch	126	125	108	108	12,159	14,400	112	133	2,00,036	2,88,000	87,962	...	4,30,145	4,75,000	35,855	...		
Tirhoot	175	207	776	776	1,29,993	1,58,000	167	204	22,33,829	20,38,000	4,02,171	...	48,24,037	52,45,000	4,20,963	...		
Jorhat (Provincial) State	62	62	30	30	1,666	2,200	54	73	36,671	41,000	4,329	...	62,062	70,200	8,138	...		
TOTAL	344	344	24,803	25,244	8,50,552	9,77,100	372	429	14,86,488	16,24,560	1,38,072	...	26,64,300	29,02,000	2,37,700	...		
All other Railways.																		
Amritsar-Patti-Kapur	163	141	56	56	8,357	8,000	149	143	1,70,500	1,84,000	13,491	...	5,31,160	3,13,000	59,840	...		
Bhopal-Ujjain	126	151	114	114	11,066	20,200	97	219	2,38,596	3,10,000	71,494	...	5,47,407	2,71,000	59,593	...		
Bina-Guana-Baran	37	45	148	148	4,768	12,500	31	85	92,676	1,25,000	32,324	...	1,80,582	2,41,000	51,118	...		
Dahal-Chambala-Kalka	311	290	162	162	81,028	62,000	502	393	9,33,846	11,43,000	2,09,154	...	15,79,014	18,88,000	3,08,986	...		
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	110	105	16	16	2,218	3,000	139	125	33,720	30,000	...	2,820	57,131	51,700	...	5,431		
Khanpur-Chachran (e)	1,000	...	43	...	16,400	16,400	16,400	16,400	
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	168	201	79	79	9,025	11,100	114	139	2,33,173	2,84,000	...	9,173	5,84,913	4,06,000	...	1,78,913		
Nagda-Ujjain	125	151	34	34	3,200	4,000	91	118	72,240	72,700	460	...	1,45,369	1,46,000	61	...		
Nizam's Guaranteed State	289	316	334	334	92,085	1,15,000	279	341	15,89,251	17,48,000	1,58,747	...	29,74,179	31,86,000	2,11,821	...		
Pelad-Cambay	133	157	34	34	5,088	4,700	150	138	77,926	87,800	9,874	...	1,62,814	1,79,000	16,186	...		
Rajputana-Bhatinda	234	243	107	108	25,772	28,200	241	250	4,27,285	5,11,000	83,730	...	7,81,413	9,64,000	1,82,587	...		
Southern Punjab	179	195	424	425	65,948	1,05,000	156	247	13,37,860	17,49,000	4,11,140	...	25,64,830	31,24,000	5,59,170	...		
"Ludhiana" extension	127	125	152	155	15,777	20,000	104	129	3,72,98	4,05,000	32,802	...	6,26,758	7,04,000	77,242	...		
Sutlej Valley	55	57	209	209	10,243	13,000	49	62	1,92,058	2,13,000	20,942	...	(61) 92,058	3,09,000	1,16,942	...		
Tapti Valley	124	146	155	155	25,271	15,200	163	104	2,59,879	2,89,000	29,121	...	5,12,858	6,35,000	1,22,142	...		
Tarapur	299	334	22	22	7,086	7,100	349	323	1,25,778	1,20,000	...	5,778	2,37,330	2,25,000	...	9,330		
Ahmedabad-Dholka	68	74	34	34	2,700	2,500	79	72	41,415	37,200	...	4,935	80,775	78,200	...	2,575		
Ahmedabad-Parant (incldg. Brahmarshad Extn)	101	113	55	55	5,387	6,000	98	78	97,703	1,13,000	15,997	...	1,94,402	2,20,000	25,598	...		
Bengal and North-Western	124	150	1,119	1,177	1,34,712	1,80,000	120	153	23,53,584	30,70,000	7,26,416	...	49,77,979	59,50,000	9,72,021	...		
Bengal Doon	159	143	153	153	29,813	30,800	195	201	4,34,211	4,75,000	40,789	...	6,66,485	7,26,000	59,515	...		
Beswada-Masulipatan	98	108	52	52	4,718	5,000	91	66	95,223	96,700	1,477	...	1,80,356	1,95,000	...	4,356		
Bhavnagar (including Dharwadga)	...	...	...	...	...	30,700	...	172	...	4,37,000	...	...	...	9,16,000	...	...
Gondal-Forbader	...	...	...	...	...	17,800	...	130	...	2,72,000	...	...	...	5,29,000	...	...
Jamnagar	118	133	459	459	54,755	4,100	119	80	9,36,709	71,900	1,37,191	...	18,41,593	1,45,000	...	9,54,497		
Jatani-Rajkot	...	...	...	...	...	5,900	...	128	...	1,08,000	...	...	...	1,88,000	...	...
Junagadh	...	...	...	...	...	11,300	...	127	...	1,91,000	...	...	...	3,16,000	...	...
Coch Behar	184	132	33	33	5,383	8,100	163	245	73,571	98,000	24,429	...	1,24,331	1,47,000	22,669	...		
Dibru-Sadiya	282	279	78	78	20,238	27,700	259	322	4,23,264	4,41,000	15,736	...	7,00,259	7,26,000	25,741	...		
Gackwar's Melsana (including Vijapur-Kalol-Kadi)	75	88	179	179	15,131	15,200	85	85	2,11,392	2,40,000	8,608	...	4,61,966	4,63,000	1,034	...		
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	138	171	392	392	58,356	61,100	149	156	8,75,449	9,19,000	43,551	...	19,16,218	18,56,000	...	60,218		
Jaipur	55	60	73	73	3,855	2,400	51	51	74,490	61,500	...	12,990	1,32,022	1,34,000	1,998	...		
Jodhpur-Bikaner	82	90	811	910	67,532	84,900	81	93	12,30,779	15,88,000	3,57,221	...	23,07,285	29,09,000	6,01,715	...		
Kolhapur	138	171	20	20	3,038	3,800	105	131	70,953	74,000	3,947	...	1,44,062	1,60,000	5,998	...		
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo	44	47	50	50	2,889	2,000	58	40	35,097	20,300	...	5,797	55,915	54,100	...	1,815		
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi, a' 6" gauge)	97	111	93	93	8,603	10,500	91	113	1,67,563	1,86,000	18,337	...	3,33,416	3,33,000	19,584	...		
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	144	136	55	55	8,498	9,200	155	107	1,45,507	1,51,000	5,493	...	3,18,265	3,30,000	11,735	...		
Rohilkhand and Kumaon	120	131	214	214	26,825	32,000	125	151	40,49,826	5,50,000	174	...	97,24,221	10,51,000	76,777	...		
Sangli	160	166	5	5	1,051	700	210	140	11,011	14,400	3,389	...	28,506	28,400	...	2,804		
Shoranur-Cochin	136	165	65	65	9,691</													

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SIMLA, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1911.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 1947.

Simla, the 27th November 1911.

A vacancy having occurred, with effect from the 14th July 1911, in the office of Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, consequent on the resignation of his appointment by the Honourable SIR EDWARD NORMAN BAKER, K.C.S.I., the Governor General of India is pleased, under the authority vested in him by the 29th section of the Act 21 and 22 Vict., Cap. 106, and subject to the approbation of His Majesty, to appoint the Honourable MR. FREDERICK WILLIAM DUKE, C.S.I., who was appointed by notification no. 1050, dated the 18th July 1911, to officiate as Lieutenant-Governor during the absence on leave of the said Honourable SIR E. N. BAKER, to hold that office substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the aforesaid date.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 48. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the copy of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. •

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
25th November 1911.**

Burma.—The rainfall was practically *nil*. Reaping of hillside and autumn rice has been nearly completed and that of early winter rice is progressing. Sowing of the miscellaneous island and other crops, plucking of cotton and gathering of groundnut continue. More rain is badly required for the late rice crops in the Meiktila and Lower Chindwin districts, in the Yamethin sub-division and in the insecure upland tract of Pakokku also in the replanted areas of Tharrawaddy, Pegu, Maubin, Toungoo and Amherst. In Bassein some 15,000 acres under rice were damaged in the Thabaung township owing to the recent rise of the river but elsewhere in Lower Burma standing crops are in good condition and prospects are favourable. The price of unhusked rice has fallen largely in seven districts and risen considerably in one and slightly in another.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was cold, gloomy and occasionally drizzly, which is unfavourable to the rice crop nearing maturity. Harvesting of winter rice and sowing of autumn crops continue. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly. Cattle disease prevails in Malda, Goalpara and Nowgong.

Bengal.—Rain fell in all districts of Lower Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Orissa except Cuttack and in Gya, Shahabad, the Sonthal Parganas, parts of Patna, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr and Purnea. There was no rain in Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Darjeeling and Cooch Behar. The fall was generally light except in Shahabad, Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Palamau and Singhbhum where it varied from 1.40 to 2.50 inches. Sowing of spring crops and harvesting of winter rice continue. Some damage has been done to winter

paddy by the recent rainfall in Bankura and Palamau. The damage in Hazaribagh is reported to be considerable. Some damage is also apprehended in Hooghly and Manbhum. The price of common rice has risen in Burdwan, Nadia, Jessore, Shahabad, Bhagalpur and Sambalpur and has fallen in Birbhum, Murshidabad, Gaya, Saran, Champaran, Monghyr, Darjeeling, the Sonthal Parganas and Hazaribagh. Cattle disease is reported from Bankura, Midnapore, Patna, Champaran, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient in all districts of the province.

United Provinces.—General rain is reported exceeding 1 inch in twenty-three and 2 inches in six districts. The effect on the whole was good. The condition of standing crops is good. Prospects are favourable. Cattle disease continues in eight districts but the condition of agricultural stock is generally good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices are nearly stationary.

Punjab.—Slight rain has fallen in parts of Ambala and Rawalpindi. The condition of standing autumn crops on irrigated areas is generally fair and on unirrigated areas poor. Picking of cotton and harvesting of autumn crops continue. The outturn is generally average to below average. Spring crops are being sown. Standing spring crops are in good condition. Prices are generally unsettled. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in Sialkot and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. The condition of standing crops is unchanged. Sowing of spring and harvesting of autumn crops are in progress. The outturn of autumn crops is generally average but is below average in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The water-supply is generally sufficient throughout the province. Fodder is scarce in the Dera Ismail Khan district but is sufficient elsewhere. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur Canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The condition of cattle is generally good but is poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to scarcity of fodder. Cattle disease is reported among mules and horses in Nowshera Cantonment in the Peshawar district. The public health is generally good. Prices of wheat and *bajra* show a slight tendency to fall. Prices:—wheat $11\frac{3}{4}$ to $17\frac{1}{2}$, gram $15\frac{1}{4}$ to 25, maize $14\frac{1}{2}$ to $25\frac{1}{2}$ and *bajra* $14\frac{1}{2}$ to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 10 and maize from 12 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Akhmir and Rampore tahsils. Fodder is sufficient except in the Ranbirsinghpur and Bimbar tahsils.

Kashmir.—There was clear sunshine during the week. Zamindars are mostly engaged in collecting autumn and sowing spring crops. Prices are falling slightly. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The rainfall in cents was:—Jodhpur 80 to 96 in three districts and slight in two districts, Banswara 63, Shahpura 58, Kotah and Jhalawar slight to 115 and 72 respectively. The rainfall in Jaipur was slight but good showers fell in four districts. Kishengarh received 46 cents, Karauli 133, Dholpur 99 and Ajmer 31. Bikaner reports 155 and 200 cents in two districts. The previous week's rain was accompanied by hail in parts of Jaipur and Jhalawar and caused some damage to crops. Prospects have improved in Kishengarh owing to rain. The condition of crops is unsatisfactory in Shahpura. The cultivated area is very restricted in Shahpura, Jaisalmer, the hilly tracts of Mewar and Merwara. Cattle are suffering in Shahpura owing to insufficient grazing. Pasturage and fodder are also scarce in the western districts of Jaipur and in parts of Merwara and are diminishing in Jodhpur. Emigration continues from Jodhpur, Jaisalmer and Merwara. Prices have fallen by $1\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Kotah and have risen to the same extent in Bharatpur. There are no noticeable fluctuations in other places.

Central India.—The rainfall during the week was general, averaging 2 inches in the Baghelkhand Agency, $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in Bhopawar, 1 inch in Indore and under 1 inch elsewhere. The rain has done some damage to cotton and to autumn food crops but has been very beneficial to spring crops which are now nearly sown. The weather after several days continual cloud and rain is now fine and bright. Picking of cotton is in progress. The condition of the water-supply, fodder and spring sowings in the affected portions of Bhopawar and Indore has improved by the recent rains. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Gwalior and Bhopawar. Fodder is generally sufficient but is insufficient in Jobat. Hay has been damaged by the recent rains. Prices are high in Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been cool and cloudy during the week. Rain fell all over the Provinces and the quantity registered at headquarters ranged from 3 cents in Chanda to $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches in Nagpur. It was accompanied by hail in places in the Damoh and Jubbulpore districts but caused no damage. Harvesting of autumn crops, picking of cotton and sowing of spring crops were retarded owing to the rain but spring crops have been largely benefited. The rain did some damage to autumn crops in places but prospects are generally good. Fodder and water are adequate and cattle are in good condition. Prices are almost steady.

Feudatory States.—During the week six States had rain not exceeding 1 inch. Reaping of autumn and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Prices:—rice in Bastar and wheat in Sirguja fell by 4 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—Moderate rain fell during the week in Kanara, Khandesh, Nasik, Ahmednagar and Satara and slight rain in Surat, Tana, Colaba, Ratnagiri, Poona, Sholapur, the Karnatak, Rewa Kantha and Kolhapur. Standing crops are suffering for want of moisture in parts of Broach, Sholapur and Dharwar, have failed in parts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals, Kathiawar, Palanpur and Kolhapur and are fair elsewhere. Harvesting is in general progress. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in parts of Sindh, Colaba, Kanara, East Khandesh, Baroda, Palanpur and Cutch. Picking of cotton continues in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Broach, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sindh, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, the Deccan, Bijapur, Belgaum, and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition except in parts of Thar and Parkar and Ahmednagar, where it is deteriorating and is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Satara and Cutch. The drinking water-supply is inadequate in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Nasik, Kathiawar and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Gujarat, West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, the Karnatak and Kathiawar. Prices have risen in parts of Sukkur, Larkana and Dharwar, have fallen in Satara and Belgaum and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 30 to 47 per cent, in Gujarat 19 to 47 per cent, in the Konkan 18 to 36 per cent, in the Deccan 29 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 39 to 44 per cent less than the normal.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in digging temporary wells and in cutting grass. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells from $8\frac{1}{4}$ to 9 and maize from $10\frac{1}{4}$ to $11\frac{1}{4}$ seers per rupee. The number of persons on relief for the week ending 25th November was:—24,059 on works, and 8,366 on gratuitous relief. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha there were 1,935 persons on test works and 73 on gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—Slight and scattered showers fell throughout the Dominions. The rainfall was somewhat general in the Aurangabad, Raichur, Medak and Nalgonda districts. The highest falls were:—2 inches 12 cents in Kannad, 1 inch 13 cents in Vijapur and 1 inch 29 cents in Bhongir. The average for the Dominions was 15 cents. Rain fell after the close of the week in parts of the Aurangabad, Nalgonda, Nander and Bir districts, Bir town receiving 1 inch 35 cents and Naigonda 80 cents. Harvesting of the autumn crop is

nearing completion. Early rice is being irrigated in parts. The area under crop is limited. Harvesting continues. Prospects of spring crops have much improved in all parts where rain has recently fallen especially in the Aurangabad and Bir districts. Spring crop is being weeded in parts. Cattle disease prevails in sixteen talukas and fodder scarcity in twenty-four. Water scarcity is still experienced in parts especially in the Medak district. Prices :—wheat $7\frac{1}{2}$, coarse rice $6\frac{1}{2}$ and *juar* $12\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at 11 seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in the districts is 9 seers in Bir and lowest 26 seers in Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall during the week was fair in Bangalore, Tumkur, Mysore and Hassan and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains have risen in parts of the Hassan, Kadur and Shimoga districts. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition but more rain is wanted in parts. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

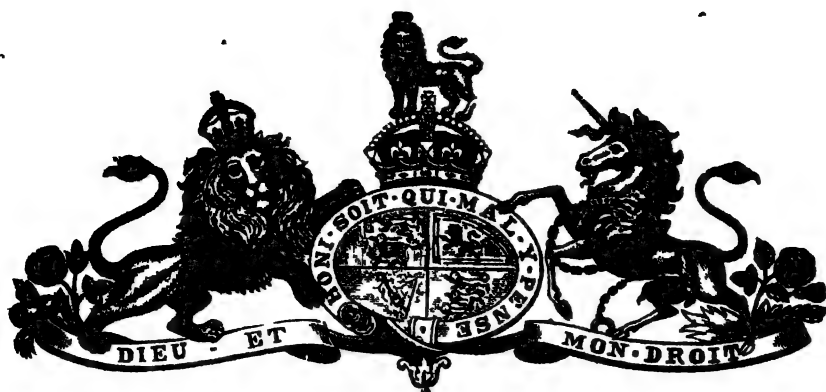
Coorg.—Rainfall 3 inches 10 cents. Picking of coffee and cardamom continues. The condition of the rice crop is good. Prices of food grains are above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder are ample.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Tanjore, Nellore, the Nilgiris, North Arcot and Guntur, heavy in Tinnevely, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Chittoor, Malabar and Coimbatore, *nil* in Ganjam and the Vizagapatam Agency, good in Godavari, Kistna, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Salem, and South Canara and light elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Kistna, Guntur, Nellore, Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair to good generally and have much benefited by the recent rains, especially in parts of Anantapur, Cuddapah, Chingleput, North Arcot and Ramnad but more rain is needed in parts of Vizagapatam, the Deccan, Coimbatore and Kurnool. Wet paddy in parts of Kistna has been attacked by disease. The early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers. Dry crops in parts of two talukas in Guntur and in parts of one taluka in Tanjore have been affected by heavy rain. Harvests continue except in Ramnad, Tinnevely and Malabar. The outturn is fair to normal and bumper. Pasture is scanty in parts of Bellary, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura and is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Vizagapatam, Godavari, Chittoor and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in five districts and has risen in twenty. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in six districts, has fallen in one and has risen in sixteen. *Cholam* is stationary in five districts, has fallen in one and has risen in nine. *Chambu* is stationary in two districts, has fallen in two and has risen in thirteen. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay*	18,657	5,842	24,499	24,059	8,366	32,425	+7,926

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



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CALCUTTA; SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1911.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 1st December 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 988.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Royal Warrant, dated the 7th June 1911, extending the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor to officers of the Indian Army :—

GEORGE R. I.

Whereas by Our Warrant of the 20th day of June 1910 We instituted the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General to Ourselves ;

Our Will and Pleasure is that the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General to Ourselves shall be extended to officers of Our Indian Army, subject to the following conditions :—

1. Aides-de-Camp General, not exceeding two in number, shall be selected by Us from General Officers on the Active List who are actually serving in India.

2. Subject to his continuing to be actively employed in India, a General Officer so selected shall hold the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General for four years ; and under the same condition the tenure of his appointment may be extended at Our Royal Pleasure.

3. A General Officer shall vacate the appointment on the cessation of his active employment in India, but an officer so vacating or a General Officer on the retired list or the unemployed supernumerary list shall be eligible for appointment as extra Aide-de-Camp General to Ourselves for such period as We may determine.

4. Aides-de-Camp General shall not be included in the paid establishment of Aides-de-Camp to Ourselves.

5. A General Officer holding the appointment of extra Aide-de-Camp General shall not be thereby exempted from liability to retirement or removal to the unemployed supernumerary list on the ground of non-employment.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this 7th day of June 1911, in the 2nd year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,
HALDANE OF CLOAN.

No. 989.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments on His Imperial Majesty's Personal Staff:—

To be Aides-de-Camp General.

His Excellency General Sir O'Moore Creagh, V.C., G.O.B., Indian Army, Commander-in-Chief in India.

General Sir E. G. Barrow, G.C.B., Indian Army, General Officer Commanding, Southern Army.

To be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Nawab Sir Hafiz Muhammad Abdullah Khan, K.C.I.E., Honorary Native Commandant, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).

No. 990.—Nawab Sir Hafiz Muhammad Abdullah Khan, K.C.I.E., Honorary Native Commandant, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis), is granted the honorary rank of Colonel on appointment as Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor.

H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 48. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE VICEROY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Viceroy's Camp, the 23rd November 1911

No. 5966-M.—With reference to this office Notifications Nos. 3928-M. and 4133-M., dated the 22nd and 30th August 1911, respectively, His Excellency the Viceroy is commanded to notify that the Levée of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor will be held on the 2nd January and the Court on the 4th January 1912.

The 27th November 1911.

No. 6252-M.—In modification of this office Notification No. 5216-M., dated the 9th October 1911, it is notified that His Excellency the Governor General will leave Delhi by Special train at 1-30 P.M. on the 16th December 1911 and arrive at Barrackpore at 9-45 A.M. on the 18th idem. His Excellency's departure from Delhi and arrival at Barrackpore will be private.

By Command,

F. A. MAXWELL, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 28th November, 1911.

No. 41.—The services of Mr. W. S. Coutts, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Eastern Bengal and Assam, with effect from the 30th November, 1911.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Calcutta, the 25th November 1911.

No. 1937 —The following regulations respecting the examination of candidates for the Civil Service of India, to be held in August 1912, are published for general information.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

[Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.]

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

An open Competitive Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India will be held in London, under the subjoined Regulations, commencing on the 1st August, 1912.

The number of persons to be selected at this examination will be announced hereafter.

No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, has not received on or before the 1st June 1912, an application on the prescribed form, a copy of which is sent herewith. No question as to the delay or loss in the post of any such Application Form can be entertained. Candidates, who delay their applications until the last days, will do so at their own risk.

Acknowledgments of such Application Forms are sent, and any Candidate who has filled up and returned the printed Application Form but has not received an acknowledgment of it within four complete days should at once write to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, London, W. Failure to comply with this provision will deprive the Candidate of any claim to consideration.

The Order for admission to the Examination will be posted on the 20th July, 1912, to the address given on the Form of Application. It will contain instructions as to the time and place at which Candidates will be required to attend and as to the manner in which the fee (£6) is to be paid.

Civil Service Commission,

October, 1911.

REGULATIONS.

* * * *The following Regulations, made by the Secretary of State for India in Council, are liable to alteration from year to year.*

1. An examination for admission to the Civil Service of India, open to all qualified persons, will be held in London in August of each year for such number of appointments to that Service as the Secretary of State may on each occasion determine. The date of the Examination and the number of appointments to be made for each Province will be announced beforehand by the Civil Service Commissioners.

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners :—

- (i) That he is a natural-born subject of His Majesty.
- (ii) That he had attained the age of twenty-two, and had not attained the age of twenty-four on the first day of August of the year in which the Examination is held.

[N.B.—In the case of Natives of India it will be necessary for a Candidate to obtain a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2252, dated 21st August, 1888, as amended by Notification No. 404, dated 10th May, 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides, or should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides.]

- (iii) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.*

- (iv) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the Candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee, will be admitted to the Examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion, at any time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries in the case of any Candidate should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India, and, if already selected, will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

4. The Open Competitive Examination will take place only in the following 38 subjects (a) :—

	Marks.
1. English Composition	500
2. Sanskrit Language and Literature	800
3. Arabic Language and Literature	800
Greek, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
4. Translation	400
5. Prose Composition	200
6. Verse Composition	200
7. Literature, etc.	300
Latin, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
8. Translation	400
9. Prose Composition	200
10. Verse Composition	200
11. Literature, etc.	300
12. English Language and Literature	600
13. Italian, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
14. Italian, History of the Language and Literature	200
15. French, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
16. French, History of the Language and Literature	200
17. German, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
18. German, History of the Language and Literature	200
The History of these Languages and their Literatures can only be taken by candidates who also offer themselves for the rest of the examination in those languages.	
19. Lower Mathematics	1,200
20. Higher Mathematics	1,200
Natural Science, i.e., any number not exceeding four of the following, or three if both Lower and Higher Mathematics be also taken :—	
21. Chemistry	600
22. Physics	600
23. Geology	600
24. Botany	600
25. Zoology	600
26. Animal Physiology	600
27. Geography	600
28. Greek History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500
29. Roman History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500

* The Civil Service Commissioners will regard no person as constitutionally fitted for appointment to the Civil Service of India who has not been satisfactorily vaccinated within the last seven years.

(a) A Syllabus, defining the character of the Examination in the various subjects, may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission London, W.

English History, either or both sections may be taken :—		Marks.
30. Section I., to A.D. 1485		400
31. Section II., A.D. 1485 to 1848		400
32. General Modern History		500
33. Logic and Psychology		600
34. Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy		600
35. Political Economy and Economic History		600
36. Political Science		500
37. Roman Law		500
38. English Law		500

From the marks assigned to Candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary in order to secure that no credit be allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

Consistently with the limitations specified above Candidates are at liberty to name any of the foregoing subjects, provided that the maximum number of marks that can be obtained from the subjects chosen is limited to 6,000. If this maximum is exceeded by a Candidate's selection he will be required to indicate one of his subjects, the marks for which should, in his case, be reduced so as to bring his maximum marks within the prescribed limit. The marks so reduced will be subject to a correspondingly reduced deduction.

Moreover, if a Candidate's handwriting is not easily legible a further deduction will, on that account, be made from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.*

5. A list of the competitors shall be made out in order of their proficiency as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each competitor, and in that order so many competitors, up to the determined number of appointments, as are found by the Civil Service Commissioners to be qualified by examination, shall be designated to be Selected Candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided that they appear to be duly qualified in other respects. Should any Selected Candidate become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled or not. In the former case the Candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a Selected Candidate.

6. Selected Candidates, before proceeding to India, will be on probation for one year, at the end of which time they will be examined, with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (b) :—

Compulsory—		Marks.
1. Indian Penal Code		400
2. Code of Criminal Procedure		200
3. The Indian Evidence Act		200
4. Indian History		400
*5. The Principal Vernacular Language of the Province to which the Candidate is assigned		400
Optional. [Not more than one of the following subjects.]		Marks.
1. Hindu and Mohammadan Law		450
†2. Sanskrit		400
†3. Arabic		400
4. Persian		400
5. Hindustani (for Candidates assigned to the Province of Burma only)		400

* The principal Vernacular Language prescribed for each Province to which Candidates are assigned is as follows :—

For the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab, and the Central Provinces	Hindustani.
For Bengal	Hindustani or Bengali.
(at the option of the Candidate.)	
For Eastern Bengal and Assam	Bengali.
(unless it is the Candidate's mother tongue.)	
For Burma	Burmese.
For Bombay	Marathi.
(unless it is the Candidate's mother tongue.)	
For Madras	Tamil or Telugu.
(at the option of the Candidate.)	

In Hindustani the Candidate will be required to be acquainted with both the Persian and the Nagari character.

A Candidate assigned to Eastern Bengal and Assam, whose mother tongue is Bengali, must offer for examination Hindustani; a Candidate assigned to Bombay, whose mother tongue is Marathi, must offer for examination Hindustani; and a Candidate assigned to Bengal or Madras, whose mother tongue is either of the languages shown against his Province, must offer the other for examination.

† These subjects may not be offered by any Candidate who has offered them at the Open Competition.

*It is notified for general information that the number of marks deducted for bad handwriting may be considerable.

(b) Instructions, showing the extent of the examination, will be issued to Selected Candidates, as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.

In this Examination, as in the Open Competition, the merit of the Candidates examined will be estimated by marks (which will be subject to deductions in the same way as the marks assigned at the Open Competition), and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary. This Examination will be held at the close of the year of probation, and will be called the "*Final Examination*."

If any Candidate is prevented by sickness or any other adequate cause from attending such examination, the Commissioners may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India in Council, allow him to appear at the Final Examination to be held in the following year, or at a special examination.

7. The selected Candidates will also be tested during their probation as to their proficiency in Riding.

The examinations in riding will be held as follows :—

- (1) Shortly after the result of the Open Competitive Examination has been declared, or at such time or times as the Commissioners may appoint during the course of the probationary year.
- (2) Again, at the time of the Final Examination. Candidates who may then fully satisfy the Commissioners of their ability to ride well and to perform journeys on horseback will be awarded from 100 to 200 marks, according to the degree of proficiency displayed, to be added to their marks in the Final Examination. Candidates who fail to obtain 100 marks, but are reported by the Civil Service Commissioners to have reached a minimum standard of proficiency in riding, and are certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, will, on their arrival in India, be subjected to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and shall receive no increase to their initial salary until they have passed such tests to the satisfaction of that Government.

A Candidate who fails at the end of the year of probation to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners that he has reached the minimum standard of proficiency in riding, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of Selected Candidates.

8. The Selected Candidates who, on examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 6, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character, conduct during the period of probation, and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India provided they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

9. Persons desirous to be admitted as Candidates must apply on Forms, which may be obtained from "The Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners, London," at any time after the 1st December, in the year previous to that in which the Examination is to be held. No person will be admitted to the Examination from whom the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners has not received on or before the 1st June (or, if that date should fall on a Sunday or public holiday, then, on or before the first day thereafter on which their office is open), in the year in which the Examination is to be held, an application, in the handwriting of the candidate, on the prescribed form.

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements :—

(i) *Selected Candidates will be allotted to the various provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes ; but the requirements of the Public Service will rank before every other consideration.*

(ii) *An allowance amounting to £150 will be given to any Candidate who passes his probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrews, Aberdeen and London (University College or King's College) ; Victoria University, Manchester.*

This allowance will be paid to the selected Candidate in four instalments on the following dates respectively :—December 24th, after his selection, March 25th, June 24th, and the date of his signing his covenant on being finally appointed to the Service.

With the final instalment an allowance on account of passage to India will be paid to each newly appointed civilian to the amount of £37 10s. 0d. for passage to Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, and £43, for passage to Rangoon, the Officer then making his own arrangements for his passage.

The payment of each of the first three instalments will be conditional on the receipt by the Secretary of State, through the Civil Service Commissioners, of a Certificate that

the Candidate has fulfilled up to date the requirements of the Authorities, and shown satisfactory conduct at the Authorized University or College; the fourth and final instalment will be paid as soon as the selected Candidate has signed his covenant, and for its payment no certificate from College Authorities will be required.

The whole probation must ordinarily be passed at the same Institution. Migration will not be permitted except for special reasons approved by the Secretary of State.

(iii) Each Candidate will be required before receiving the first instalment of his allowance to execute an agreement binding himself and one surety, jointly and severally, to refund all monies he may have received from the Secretary of State for India in the event of—

(1) his failure to pass the Final Examination within the time prescribed by the Regulations, and to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners of his fitness for admission to the Civil Service of India, or

(2) his subsequent failure to execute the usual covenant, and to proceed to India, as and when he shall be directed by the Secretary of State for India.

(iv) All Candidates obtaining Certificates will be also required to enter into covenants, by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to make such payments as under the rules and regulations for the time being in force, they may be required to make towards their own pensions or for the pensions of their families. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.

(v) The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the Candidates obtaining Certificates will be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the combined marks of the Open Competitive and Final Examinations.

(vi) Candidates obtaining Certificates will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificates of Qualification as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.

(vii) Candidates who fail to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners at the final Examination held in any year will be definitely rejected, and will not be allowed to present themselves for re-examination, unless it shall appear to the Secretary of State in Council, after reference to the Civil Service Commissioners, that such failure is due to circumstances wholly exceptional and beyond the control of the Candidate.

A Manual of Rules and Regulations applicable to members of the covenanted Civil Service of India has been compiled by permission of the Government of India, and may now be procured from the undermentioned Agents for the sale of Indian Official publications. Price 2s. 6d. LONDON.—E. Arnold, 41 and 43, Maddox Street, Bond Street, W.; A. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W.C.; P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, S.W.; Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 43, Gerrard Street, Soho, W.; B. Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, W.; Henry S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, E.C.; Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, S.W.; T. Fisher Unwin, 1, Adelphi Terrace, W.C.; W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, Ludgate Hill, E.C.; Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, W.C. OXFORD.—B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51, Broad Street. CAMBRIDGE.—Deighton, Bell & Co., Trinity Street. GERMANY.—Friedländer & Sohn, 11, Carl-Strasse, Berlin, N.W., 6; Otto Harrassowitz, Leipzig; Karl W. Hiersemann, 29, König-strasse, Leipzig; Rudolph Haupt, Leipzig. FRANCE.—Ernest Leroux, Rue Bonaparte, Paris. HOLLAND.—Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague.

The Commissioners have been requested by the Secretary of State for India to draw the attention of Selected Candidates to the prefatory note attached to this manual, as it is considered important that it should be clearly understood that this compilation is not to be regarded in any other light than that of a collection, made for facility of reference, of certain information and rules, that it is by no means exhaustive, and that it is liable to such modifications as may from time to time be sanctioned by competent authority.

[Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.]

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA; &c. &c.

Syllabus of any Open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, Clerkships (Class I) in the Home Civil Service, and Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service that may be held in the year 1912, and of any other competition that may be held in combination therewith.

In view of the importance of legible handwriting in the public service, Candidates are warned that the provision as to deductions for bad handwriting in these competitions will be strictly enforced.

Candidates are warned that full marks cannot be obtained on any paper unless the whole of it is answered, or, in cases where the number of questions to be answered is specified, unless the full number specified is answered.

English Composition.—An Essay to be written on one of several specified subjects.

Sanskrit Language and Literature.—Translation from Sanskrit (Vedic and Classical) into English, and from English into Classical Sanskrit; History of Sanskrit Literature (Vedic and Classical), including a knowledge of such Indian History as bears upon the subject; critical questions on the Sanskrit Language (Vedic and Classical).

Candidates are expected to make a special study of the Seventh Mandala of the Rig-veda, but other Vedic hymns may also be set in the Examination.

Arabic Language and Literature.—Translation from Arabic into English, and from English into Arabic; original composition in Arabic; History of Arabic Literature, including a knowledge of such Arabian History as bears upon the subject; Arabic Grammar; Arabic Prosody.

Greek Literature.—Critical questions on the Greek Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

Latin Literature.—Critical questions on the Latin Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

English Language and Literature.—The Examination will be in two parts. In the one Candidates will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the course of English Literature, as represented in the chief writers in verse and prose, between the reign of Edward III and the death of Queen Victoria.

A minute and detailed knowledge will not be looked for in this part of the Examination. But its aim will be to test how far the Candidates have studied at first hand the chief productions of the greatest English writers, and are acquainted with the leading characteristics of their thought and style, and with the place which each of them occupies in the history of English Literature.

The other part of the Examination will relate to one of the following periods, which will follow each other year by year in rotation.

Period I: 1360 to 1600, Chaucer to Spenser.

Period II: 1600 to 1660, The later Elizabethans. •

Period III: 1660 to 1744, The age of Dryden and Pope.

Period IV: 1744 to 1800, From the death of Pope to Cowper.

Period V: 1800 to 1832, Nineteenth Century writers to the death of Scott.

Period VI: 1832 to 1892, From the death of Scott to the death of Tennyson.

The Examination in this part will require from the Candidates a more minute acquaintance with the history of the English Language and Literature, as illustrated in the chief works produced in each period, and will be based to a considerable extent, but by no means exclusively, on certain books specified each year by the Commissioners. The names and other indications placed beside the dates are intended to suggest the general character of the literary development of the period, and, consequently, the natural limits of the Examination. All the works of Shakespeare and Milton, for example, will be regarded as falling within the period 1600 to 1660; all the works of Wordsworth and Coleridge within the period 1800 to 1832; all the works of Carlyle, Landor and Macaulay within the period 1832 to 1892.

For the year 1912, Period I (1360-1600) is prescribed, and the following are the specified books:—

Chaucer:—Knight's Tale; Minor Poems (pages 79 to 126 of Skeat's one volume edition of Chaucer's works).

Pierce the Plowman's Crede.

Tottel's Miscellany.

Spenser:—Shepherd's Calendar, Mother Hubbard's Tale; Colin Clout's Come Home Again; Fowre Hymns.

Lyly:—Endymion; Alexander and Campaspe.

Greene:—Friar Bacon and Friar Bungay.

Kyd:—The Spanish Tragedy.

Marlowe:—Dr. Faustus; Hero and Leander.

Sidney:—Astrophel and Stella; Apologie for Poetry.

More:—Utopia; Life of Richard III.

Ascham:—The Scholemaster.

Hooker:—Ecclesiastical Polity, Book I.

Italian, History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set, and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages ; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before the time of Dante. Candidates will not be required to write their answers in Italian.

French History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages ; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before 1500. Candidates will not be required to write their answers in French.

German, History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set, and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages ; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before 1500. Candidates will not be required to write their answers in German.

Lower Mathematics.—Plane Geometry including conic sections ; Solid Geometry including the method of orthogonal projection ; Algebra and Plane Trigonometry ; Elementary Plane Co-ordinate Geometry ; Elementary Mechanics of solids and fluids ; Geometrical Optics ; Elements of Differential and Integral Calculus with simple illustrations from other branches of the subject. The questions may involve the use of drawing instruments. The use of the slide rule is allowed.

Higher Mathematics.—Higher Algebra (including Theory of Equations), Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Differential Calculus, Integral Calculus, Differential Equations, Analytical Geometry (Plane and Solid). Statics including Attractions, Dynamics of a Particle, Rigid Dynamics, Hydrodynamics, the Mathematical Theory of Electricity and Magnetism. The questions may involve the use of drawing instruments. The use of the slide rule is allowed.

Chemistry, Physics, Geology, Botany, Zoology, Animal Physiology.—Candidates are warned that the practical Examinations carry a large proportion of the marks.

Geography.—The history of geographical ideas and methods.

The construction and use of the more familiar map-projections. A general knowledge of the methods of exploratory surveying.

The characteristics and cartographical analysis of the physical regions of the world. The configuration of the continents and of the bed of the ocean. The characteristics and distribution of typical land-forms. The circulation of air and water. The climatic characteristics of different parts of the earth. The distribution of plant and animal associations.

The classification and distribution of the races of mankind. Past and present lines of communication. The influence of geographical environment (physical features and other natural conditions) upon the habits, arts, industries, social organisation, and, generally, the political and economical development of the more important existing peoples.

Greek History.—Questions (a) on the General and (b) on the Constitutional History of Greece to the death of Alexander. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities. They must also be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

Roman History.—Questions (a) on the General and (b) on the Constitutional History of Rome to the death of Trajan. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities. They must also be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

English History.—The subject will include (a) the Political History of Great Britain, Ireland and the Colonies, (b) the Constitutional History of the United Kingdom. Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities :—

Period I, to 1485 : Stubbs, *Select Charters* [Clarendon Press].

Period II, 1485 to 1848 : Prothero, *Statutes and Constitutional Documents* [Clarendon Press] ; Gardiner, *Documents of the Puritan Revolution* [Clarendon Press].

In each period the number of marks assigned to the question or questions dealing with the text of the prescribed books will be about one-sixth of that assigned to the whole period. Candidates must be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

General Modern History.—Candidates may, at their choice, be examined in any one of the following periods. Periods III., IV. and V. will include Indian History. Candidates are warned that high marks will not be awarded in this subject unless the text of the prescribed books has been carefully studied by them. Candidates must be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps.

I. From the accession of Charlemagne to the Third Crusade. [A.D. 800 to A.D. 1193.]

II. From the Third Crusade to the Diet of Worms. [A.D. 1193 to A.D. 1521.]

III. From the Diet of Worms to the death of Louis XIV. [A.D. 1521 to A.D. 1715.]

IV. From the accession of Louis XV to the French Revolution of 1848. [A.D. 1715 to A.D. 1848.]

V. From the Peace of Paris to the Treaty of Berlin. [A.D. 1763 to A.D. 1878.] Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities : —

Period I. 800—1193.

Einhard, Vita Caroli Magni, from 800 A.D. Editions :—(1) Pertz, (2) *Scriptores Rerum Germanicarum*.

Lambert of Hersfeld, Annales. Editions :—(1) Pertz, (2) *Scriptores Rerum Germanicarum*.

Suger, Vita Ludovici VI. Editions :—(1) Migne, (2) Société de l'Histoire de France, 1868.

Otto of Freising, De gestis Friderici I. Edition :—Pertz. The continuators are included.

Period II. 1193—1521.

Joinville, St. Louis. Editions :—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat, (3) Buchon, (4) Société de l'Histoire de France, 1868.

Philippe de Comines, Mémoires. Editions :—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat, (3) Buchon, (4) de Mandrot [Picard, Paris, 1901—3].

Machiavelli, The Prince. English translation by Thomson, published by the Clarendon Press.

Period III. 1521—1715.

Sully, Mémoires, up to the Treaty of Vervins. Editions :—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat.

Torcy, Mémoires. Editions :—(1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat.

Period IV. 1715—1848.

Frederick II, Histoire de mon Temps, and La Guerre de Sept Ans. Editions :—(1) Boutaric, (2) Œuvres de Frédéric II, published by Decker, Berlin, 1846.

Malmesbury (First Earl of), Diaries and Correspondence ; London, Bentley, 1844 ; Vol. II, Mission to the Hague, pages 66—443 ; Vol. III, Mission to Lisle, pages 369—599.

Metternich. Aus Metternich's Nachgelassenen Papieren ; Autorisirte Original-Ausgabe ; Vienna, 1880. Or in English translation :—Memoirs of Prince Metternich ; Richard Bentley and Son, London, 1880—1882. To be studied up to the year 1815.

Period V. 1763—1878.

Malmesbury, as for Period IV.

Metternich, as for Period IV.

Bianchi ; La Politique du Comte Camille de Cavour, 1852—1861 (Turin, 1885).

Bismarck. Gedanken und Erinnerungen von Bismarck (Edited by H. Kohl, Stuttgart, 1898). Or in English translation :—Bismarck, the Man and the Statesman ; Reflections and Reminiscences, etc. ; translated under supervision of A. J. Butler ; Smith and Elder, London, 1898. To be studied up to the year 1878.

Logic and Psychology.—The history of the subject will be included.

Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy.—The history of the subject will be included.

Political Economy and Economic History.—Candidates will be expected to possess a knowledge of economic theory ; of the existing economic conditions ; of statistical methods ; and of the history of industry, land tenure, and economic legislation in the United Kingdom.

Political Science.—The Examination will not be confined to Analytical Jurisprudence, Early Institutions, and Theory of Legislation, but may embrace Comparative Politics, the History of Political Theories, etc. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of original authorities.

English Law.—Law of Contract ; Law of Evidence ; Law of the Constitution ; Criminal Law ; Law of Torts.

The following applies only to candidates for Clerkships on the Establishment of the Foreign Office, for Attachéships in the Diplomatic Service, and for Student Interpreterships in China, Japan and Siam.

Spanish, History of the Language and Literature.—Passages for translation may be set, and questions asked, demanding a knowledge of the language in its early stages ; but it will not be obligatory upon candidates to master in detail the old forms in use before 1500. Candidates will not be required to write their answers in Spanish.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

July, 1911.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1912.

The Form of Application sent herewith does *not* apply to either the Home or the Colonial Service.

Intending Candidates for either or both of those services should write about Easter next to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W., for the prescribed forms of application.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
October, 1911.

[Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.]

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1912.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR EXAMINATION.

**** The order for admission to the Examination will not be issued unless this Form, filled up by the Candidate himself, is received by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission on or before the 1st June, 1912.**

Sir,

I beg to inform you that I wish to be admitted to the Open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence in London on the 1st of August, 1912.

Candidates not born within the British Dominions should state this fact in a separate letter.

I am a natural born subject of His Majesty.

I hereby declare that I was born on the _____ day of _____ 18____, and that therefore I shall have attained the age of 22 years and shall not have attained the age of 24 years on the 1st of August, 1912; I also declare that I have no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India; and that I am of good moral character, and otherwise eligible under the Regulations; and I undertake that if I am successful, I will conform, during my period of probation, to such rules respecting the conduct of Public Servants as have been laid down, or may, hereafter be laid down, by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Candidates who are not Natives of India should strike out this paragraph.

I send herewith a Certificate of age and nationality issued in accordance with the rule respecting Natives of India printed in paragraph III. on the next page.

* If you have never been examined, insert here the word "never."

† If you have been examined, give the date, etc., of the last occasion.

I beg to inform you that I was* _____ examined before the Civil Service Commissioners in the month of _____ in the year 1____, as a Candidate for the situation of _____.

I am, SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

Name in full _____

‡ If a London address, state the postal district; if a country address, state the post town.

Address to which it is desired that the Order for Examination should be sent: _____

Date _____

The Secretary,
Civil Service Commission.

Certificates of age (except as mentioned above), health, and character should not be supplied until after the result of the Examination is known.

N. B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

If an Open Competitive Examination for Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service should be appointed to be held in August, 1912, I request that a prescribed Form of Application* may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

Signature _____

*This Form will be ready about Easter, 1912.

This Application Form relates only to the competition for the Civil Service of India, and does not entitle a Candidate to compete also for the Home or Colonial Service. Intending Candidates for either or both of these services must obtain the proper form or forms of application and forward them so as to reach the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, on or before June 1st. See next page.

If an Open Competitive Examination for Eastern Cadetships should be appointed to be held in August, 1912, I request that a prescribed Form of Application* may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

Signature _____

* This Form will be ready about Easter, 1912.

EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL
SERVICE OF INDIA.

I. Every Candidate born in the United Kingdom should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate from the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages, and deaths, or from one of his provincial Officers. This Certificate may be obtained from the Registrar-General in London, Dublin, or Edinburgh, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the District in which the birth took place.

II. A Candidate born of European parents in India should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate of Baptism from the district in which he was baptised. If this does not also mention the date of birth it should be accompanied by a statutory declaration by one of the Candidate's parents, stating the date and place of birth. When such certificates are not in the possession of the Candidates an Extract from the Registers kept at the India Office will probably be obtainable.

III. A Candidate who is a Native of India must, on or before the 1st June, 1912, produce a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2252, dated 21st August, 1888, as amended by Notification No. 404, dated 19th May, 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides : or, should he reside in a Native State by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides. *No other Certificates will be accepted for this Competition.*

To be filled up by the Candidate himself, and returned with the Form of Application.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA. OPEN COMPETITION OF 1912.

SELECTION FORM.

**** Place your Initials against the Subjects which you select; if your selections exceed 6,000 marks indicate the Subject which is to be reduced; and sign your name in the place indicated on the next page.**

INITIALS.		MAXIMUM MARKS.
	1. English Composition	500
	2. Sanskrit, Language and Literature	800
	3. Arabic, Language and Literature	800
	Greek, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
	4. Translation	400
	5. Prose Composition	200
	6. Verse Composition *	200
	7. Literature, etc.	300
	Latin, not less than two sub-divisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
	8. Translation	400
	9. Prose Composition	200
	10. Verse Composition	200
	11. Literature, etc.	300
	12. English, Language and Literature	600
	13. Italian, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
	14. Italian, History of the Language and Literature	200
	15. French, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
	16. French, History of the Language and Literature	200
	17. German, Translation, Composition and Conversation	400
	18. German, History of the Language and Literature	200
	The History of these Languages and their Literatures can only be taken by Candidates who also offer them- selves for the rest of the examination in those languages.	
	19. Lower Mathematics	1,200
	20. Higher Mathematics	1,200
	Natural Science, <i>i.e.</i> , any number not exceeding <i>four</i> of the following, or <i>three</i> if both Lower and Higher Mathematics be also taken :—	
	21. †Chemistry	600
	22. Physics	600
	23. Geology	600
	24. †Botany	600
	25. Zoology	600
	26. Animal Physiology	600
	27. Geography	600
	28. Greek History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500
	29. Roman History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500
	English History, either or both sections may be taken :—	
	30. Section I., to A.D. 1485	400
	31. Section II., A.D. 1485 to 1848	400
	32. General Modern History	500
	33. Logic and Psychology	600
	34. Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy	600
	35. Political Economy and Economic History	600

	36. Political Science	500
	37. Roman Law	500
	38. English Law	500

Signature_____

Date_____

To the Secretary,

Civil Service Commission.

London, W.

† For the Practical Examination in Chemistry, Candidates may bring any standard books on Analysis; and, for the Practical Examination in Botany, any standard Flora. All books brought must be submitted to the Presiding Examiner for his approval; no written notes of any kind will be allowed.

N.B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

[Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.]

NOTE.

If Open Competitive Examinations for the following Services, *vis.* :—

Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service ;

Clerkships (Class I) in the Home Civil Service ;

should be held in 1912 concurrently with the Open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, candidates duly eligible in respect of age will be admitted to compete for any two or all three of these Services, subject to the following conditions:

(1) They must send to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, within the time appointed, an application on the form prescribed for each of the respective services.*

(2) Every successful candidate who may have been admitted to compete for either the India or the Colonial Service (or both), as well as for the Home Service, will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the India or Colonial Service or on the list of candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

(3) Every successful candidate who may have been admitted to compete for both the India and Colonial Services will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the Civil Service of India or on the list of candidates for Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for Eastern Cadetships.

(4) All declarations of choice are irrevocable.

(5) Candidates for all three or any two of the above-mentioned services will be required to pay a consolidated fee of £6.

Civil Service Commission,
October, 1911.

*Candidates who may desire to enter the competitions for the Home and Colonial Services, should apply about Easter next to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W., for the prescribed forms of application. The forms must reach the Secretary on or before the 1st June.

Simla, the 27th November 1911.

No. 1947.—A vacancy having occurred, with effect from the 14th July 1911, in the office of Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, consequent on the resignation of his appointment by the Honourable SIR EDWARD NORMAN BAKER, K.C.S.I., the Governor General of India is pleased, under the authority vested in him by the 29th section of the Act 21 and 22 Vict., Cap. 106, and subject to the approbation of His Majesty, to appoint the Honourable Mr. FREDERICK WILLIAM DUKE, C.S.I., who was appointed by notification no. 1050, dated the 13th July 1911, to officiate as Lieutenant-Governor during the absence on leave of the said Honourable SIR E. N. BAKER, to hold that office substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the aforesaid date.

PUBLIC.

The 25th November 1911.

No. 4816.—It is hereby notified that it is His Imperial Majesty's pleasure that the powers, duties and position of the Governor General shall remain unaffected during His Imperial Majesty's visit to India.

A. EARLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 28th November 1911.

No. 1137-F.—216—12.—Mr. W. F. L. Tottenham, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Burma, relieved Mr. E. S. Carr of the charge of the Southern Circle, Burma, with effect from the afternoon of the 28th October 1911, from which date he is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade.

Mr. E. S. Carr, Conservator, on relief was posted to the charge of Tenasserim Circle, Burma, where he relieved Mr. J. Copeland on the afternoon of the 1st November 1911.

Mr. J. Copeland, Conservator, on transfer from Burma, assumed charge of the office of Conservator of Forests, Punjab and North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th November 1911, the date from which Mr. C. P. Fisher, Conservator of Forests, proceeded on combined leave for 2 years, granted him by the Punjab Government.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Dacca, the 27th November 1911.

No. 2516-R.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam is pleased to extend the Eastern Bengal and Assam Court of Wards (Amendment) Act, 1911 (I of 1911), to the districts of Sylhet, Cachar (excluding the North Cachar Subdivision), Goalpara, Kamrup, Nowgong, Darrang, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur.

J. F. GRUNING,

Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta, the 23rd November 1911.

No. 7063-F. E.-Cal.—Mr. A. G. Willox is appointed a probationer in the Indian Finance Department with effect from the 27th October 1911 and is attached to the office of the Accountant General, Madras.

No. 7065-F. E.-Cal.—Mr. H. H. D. Butterfield, Government Examiner of Accounts, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, has been granted privilege leave for 2 months and 12 days, combined with special leave on urgent private affairs for 3 months and 18 days, with effect from the 16th October 1911.

Mr. C. Muirhead, Government Examiner of Accounts, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, has been appointed to hold charge of the office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the same date and until further orders.

The 28th November 1911.

No. 7123-F.E. Cal.—Mr. C. O. Slacke has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from the 8th November 1911.

No. 7125-F.E. Cal.—Mr. A. C. Gupta has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, Calcutta, with effect from the 9th November 1911.

Mr. J. H. W. Kruger, Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and in continuation furlough for 3 months with effect from the 9th November 1911.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

The 24th November 1911.

No. 7077-F.-Cal.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

October 1911.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	OCTOBER.		TO END OF OCT.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	Budget, 1911-1912.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1910-1911.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	45	24	12,38	11,78	34,03	33,26
Opium	98	92	5,32	6,50	6,42	11,28
Salt	37	36	2,03	2,54	4,94	4,76
Stamps	46	38	4,07	4,23	7,20	7,03
Excise	91	85	6,49	5,93	10,83	10,54
Provincial Rates	3	3	42	45	81	84
Customs	96	81	5,44	5,51	9,32	9,93
Assessed Taxes	21	20	1,31	1,27	2,27	2,23
Forest	22	16	1,16	1,04	2,80	2,46
Registration	4	4	40	40	64	64
Tributes from Native States	2	5	28	26	93	91
Other Civil Revenue	31	30	2,40	2,22	4,57	3,98
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	4,96	4,34	42,30	42,13	84,76	87,86
Major Irrigation Revenue	2	4	1,87	1,82	3,39	3,26
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	3	3	27	29	71	64
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	5,01	4,41	44,44	44,24	88,86	91,76
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	-10	-11	-2,52	-2,46	-4,57	-4,60
Opium	-1	-2	-1,02	-1,75	-1,77	-1,87
Famine Relief (Civil)	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Civil Expenditure	-2,71	-2,75	-22,73	-20,79	-44,30	-37,11
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	-2,82	-2,88	-26,27	-25,00	-50,64	-43,58
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	-11	-11	-92	-93	-1,65	-1,64
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	-35	-29	-2,36	-2,33	-6,00	-5,48
Famine Relief (Public Works)	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	-9	-7	-85	-92	-1,35	-1,79
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	-16	-9	-1,00	-77	-1,80	-1,69
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	-3,53	-3,44	-31,40	-29,95	-61,50	-54,18
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Post Office (Net)	+26	+8	+1,59	+73	+1,94	+1,74
Telegraph (Net)	-9	-7	-61	-53	-84	-94
Marine (Net)	-3	-4	-20	-30	-46	-51
Military Works (Net)	-8	+5	-59	-42	-1,22	-1,36
Military Receipts	+7	+10	+51	+52	+96	+98
Military Issues	-1,64	-1,67	-11,40	-11,58	-20,87	-20,82
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway	+62	+56	+4,38	+4,30	+49,98	+48,44
Other Railways	+3,45	+3,03	+24,45	+22,53		
TOTAL	+4,07	+3,59	+28,83	+26,83	+49,98	+48,44
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	-20	-25	-2,57	-2,28	-35,47	-31,11
Other Railways	-2,03	-2,12	-10,01	-15,47		
TOTAL	-2,23	-2,37	-12,58	-17,75	-35,47	-31,11
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	+33	-33	-51	-2,50	-5,98	-3,58
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more,—Receipts less than payments)	...	...	+1,99	+1,38	+1,84	+1,25
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	-11	-2	-73	+7	...	...
Currency Transfers for Gold in England	...	...	...	+2,62	...	...
Do. for Sterling investment	...	...	+2,00	...	+2,00	...
Deposit of District Funds	-14	-27	+24	+4	-11	+23
Loans by Government	-14	+3	+4	+69	-12	+1,12
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	...	+1	...	+3	...	...
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 15 per 4	-2,75	-2,59	-19,80	-18,07	-25,74	-34,87
Other Debt Heads	-15	-33	-38	-86	+77	+19
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	-3,29	-3,17	-16,64	-14,10	-21,36	-32,08
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	-1,48	-2,53	-4,11	-2,31	+2	+1,92
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	17,72	18,66	20,35	18,44	18,70	18,44
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	16,24	16,13	16,24	16,13	18,72	20,36

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.
NOTIFICATIONS.*Simla, the 25th November 1911.*

No. 2276-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognize provisionally the appointment of Mr. C. E. L. Kappelhoff as Consul for Austria-Hungary at Aden, *vice* Mr. V. Escher, retired.

Calcutta, the 29th November 1911.

No. 3279-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. F. Minchin, D.S.O., a Political Agent, is posted, on return from leave, as Divisional and Sessions Judge, Derajat Division, with effect from the 15th November 1911.

No. 3280-Est. A.—Major W. J. Keen, a Political Agent, is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, with effect from the 16th November 1911.

No. 3284-Est. A.—Mr. J. H. H. Bill, a Political Assistant, is posted, on return from furlough, as First Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 18th November 1911.

No. 3285-Est. A.—Captain R. L. Birdwood, a Political Assistant, is posted as Second Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 18th November 1911.

No. 3288-Est. (B).—Major A. W. Pennington, M.V.O., 9th Hodson's Horse, Officiating Inspecting Officer, Central India States Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 26th November 1911.

No. 3292-Est. A.—Major A. D. G. Ramsay, a Political Agent, is posted, on return from furlough, as Assistant Political Agent in the Eastern States of Rajputana, with effect from the 7th November 1911.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.
*Fort William, the 1st December 1911.***APPOINTMENTS.****PERSONAL STAFF.**

No. 988.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Royal Warrant, dated the 7th June 1911, extending the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor to officers of the Indian Army :—

GEORGE R. I.

Whereas by Our Warrant of the 20th day of June 1910 We instituted the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General to Ourselves ;

Our Will and Pleasure is that the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General to Ourselves shall be extended to officers of Our Indian Army, subject to the following conditions :—

1. Aides-de-Camp General, not exceeding two in number, shall be selected by Us from General Officers on the Active List who are actually serving in India.

2. Subject to his continuing to be actively employed in India, a General Officer so selected shall hold the appointment of Aide-de-Camp General for four years ; and under the same condition the tenure of his appointment may be extended at Our Royal Pleasure.

3. A General Officer shall vacate the appointment on the cessation of his active employment in India, but an officer so vacating or a General Officer on the retired list or the unemployed supernumerary list shall be eligible for appointment as extra Aide-de-Camp General to Ourselves for such period as We may determine.

4. Aides-de-Camp General shall not be included in the paid establishment of Aides-de-Camp to Ourselves.

5. A General Officer holding the appointment of extra Aide-de-Camp General shall not be thereby exempted from liability to retirement or removal to the unemployed supernumerary list on the ground of non-employment.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this 7th day of June 1911, in the 2nd year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

HALDANE OF CLOAN.

No. 989.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments on His Imperial Majesty's Personal Staff:—

To be Aides-de-Camp General.

His Excellency General Sir O'Moore Creagh, V.C., G.C.B., Indian Army, Commander-in-Chief in India.

General Sir E. G. Barrow, G.C.B., Indian Army, General Officer Commanding, Southern Army.

To be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Nawab Sir Hafiz Muhammad Abdullah Khan, K.C.I.E., Honorary Native Commandant, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).

No. 990.—Nawab Sir Hafiz Muhammad Abdullah Khan, K.C.I.E., Honorary Native Commandant, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis), is granted the honorary rank of Colonel on appointment as Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 991.—The services of Major A. B. Sangster, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 992.—The services of Major R. L. Morris, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 993.—The undermentioned Native Military Pupils, having passed their final examination, are admitted into the service as 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 14th September 1911:—

No. 379, Ganpat Kanoji Rao Rane.

No. 380, Ramchandra Bal-Krishna Kusurkar.

No. 381, Narmada Shanker Velji Raval.

No. 382, Kalathil Gopalan.

No. 383, Vasudev Ram-chandra Madheker.

No. 384, Shiv Ram Vithal Potekar.

- No. 385, Sakharam Sonu Parab.
 No. 386, Shankar Krishna Gole.
 No. 387, Dattatraya Mohaniraja Makashir.
 No. 388, Chunilal Himatram Bhatt.
 No. 389, Gangaram Ramkrishna Nabar.
 No. 390, Bhagwandas Khushal Das Patel.
 No. 391, Hirjeebhai Narbheram Dave.
 No. 392, Mahbubali Badulla Shaikh.
 No. 393, Raghu-Nath Balwant Limaye.

COMMANDS.

No. 994.—Colonel R. G. Egerton, Indian Army, to be a Colonel-on-the-Staff, *vice* Brigadier-General H. D'U. Keary, C.B., D.S.O., A.B.C., Indian Army, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General, whilst so employed. Dated 14th November 1911.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 995.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 407, dated the 19th May 1911, Mr. L. N. Bose, Superintendent, 3rd grade, was granted an extension of privilege leave for two days, *vis.*, 30th and 31st July 1911.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 996.—Major F. C. A. Parsons, Indian Army, is granted combined leave on medical certificate for six months, the first two months and twenty-three days being privilege leave, and the remainder leave on private affairs under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army.

Pension service—twenty-third year, commenced 15th February 1911.

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 997.—Major F. S. Walker, Indian Army, is promoted to Rs. 500 Staff Pay per mensem, with effect from the 4th November 1911.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 998.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

7th November 1911.

Henry George Walker, Commandant, 109th Infantry.

25th November 1911.

Neville Thornton Parker, Cantonment Magistrates' Department.

Edward Ross Morton, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

David Simson Buist, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Ralph Markland Bell, Supply and Transport Corps.

Henry Hinton Dunlop, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Douglas Herbert, Supernumerary List.

Hilton Vickers, 68rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

25th November 1911.

Guy Maurice Hutton, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force).

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 999.—Lieutenant-Colonel John Davies, Supernumerary List, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 9th November 1911.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 23rd October 1911.

From the 2nd December next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 25th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 30th November 1911.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2116-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 27th November 1911 :—

- No. 641 of 1911.—The Peat Coal Investment Company Limited, manufacturers, of 34 Nicholas lane, Lombard street, London, E.C. *Improvements in and relating to the production of briquette fuel.*
- No. 642 of 1911.—Alfred Edward Williams, assistant locomotive superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, of Parel, Bombay, British India. *New or improved apparatus for effecting the exchange between moving and stationary objects of tokens or other small articles, to be called the "Simplicitas token exchanger."*
- No. 643 of 1911.—Willford Arthur Peloquin Cosserat, district engineer, Signals-Bengal Nagpur Railway, Garden Reach, Calcutta, in British, India. *Improvements in switch locks for succession locking.*
- No. 644 of 1911.—Thomas Dawson, merchant, of 371, Church Street, Pietermaritzburg, province of Natal, South Africa. *An improved peg for use with marquees tents and the like.*
- No. 645 of 1911.—Herman Clarke, engineer, of 3 London Wall Buildings, London, E.C., England, and James Alexander Campbell, engineer, 23, Eaton road, Ilford, England. *Improvements relating to apparatus for the destructive distillation of coal.*
- No. 646 of 1911.—Herman Clarke, engineer, of 3 London Wall Buildings, London, E.C., England, and James Alexander Campbell, engineer, of 23, Eaton road, Ilford, England. *Improvements in and relating to retorts for the destructive distillation of coal and other carbonaceous substances.*
- No. 647 of 1911.—Herman Clarke, engineer, of 3 London Wall Buildings, London, E.C., England, and James Alexander Campbell, engineer, 23, Eaton road, Ilford, England. *Improvements relating to fuel.*
- No. 648 of 1911.—Leon Del Monte y Aldama, engineer, of 24 Phoenix Lodge Mansions, Brook Green, Middlesex, England. *An improved process for obtaining various products from solid carbonaceous materials.*
- No. 649 of 1911.—Julie Tucker, married woman, of 5, Hanover Square, in the city of London, England. *Improvements in corsets.*
- No. 650 of 1911.—Fred Bedford, chemist, and Charles Edward Williams, seed crusher, both of Sleaford, in the county of Lincoln, England. *Improvements in or relating to a process for the conversion of unsaturated fatty acids, their glycerides and other esters into the corresponding saturated compounds.*
- No. 651 of 1911.—Orlando Joseph William Higbee, glass manufacturer, of Bridgeville, county of Allegheny, state of Pennsylvania, United States of America. *Improved vacuum wall receptacle and process of manufacturing the same.*
- No. 652 of 1911.—William Jackson, engineer, of Thorn Grove, Mannofield, Aberdeen, North Britain. *Improvements in apparatus for drying tea leaf or other produce.*
- No. 653 of 1911.—John Cairns, engineer, of 56, Wolverhampton road Walsall, England. *Improvements in and relating to the tyres of wheels of vehicles or the like.*

No. 654 of 1911.—Vereinigte Chemische Werke Aktiengesellschaft, chemical works of 16 Salzuffer, Charlottenburg near Berlin, Kingdom of Prussia, Germany. *Improvements in process for the reduction of fats and unsaturated fatty acids.*

No. 655 of 1911.—Edward Le Bas, merchant, and Herbert Thompson Garvie, engineer, both of Dock House, Billiter Street, in the city of London, and Ernest Albert Garratt, consulting engineer, of 78, Gracechurch Street, in the city of London, England. *Improvements in and relating to apparatus for withdrawing piles, sheet piles, well tubes and the like.*

No. 2117-P.—The undermentioned designs have been registered, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Burma. These and other designs are opened to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1 Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

No. 73-D of 1911.—Horace Roderic Hughes, commercial traveller of the firm of Geo. W. Hughes, St. Paul's Pen Works, Birmingham, now residing at Apollo Bunder, Bombay. *A design for a pen nib.*

No. 74-D of 1911.—Burn and Co., Ltd., Howrah, India, and H. E. Desbruslais, engineer, in the above firm. *A design for a cart wheel.*

No. 2118-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying :—

No. 186 of 1911.—Harold Wright Arnott, district engineer, Bengal Nagpur Railway, of Adra, British India. *Improvements in railway and like signals.* (Specification filed 30 August 1911.)

No. 278 of 1911.—Edward Aloysius Rumely, doctor, Le Porte Indiana, United States of America. *Improvements in carburettors.* (Specification filed 16 November 1911.)

No. 281 of 1911.—Alfred Starling Hatton, chief mechanical engineer, New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Dhadka Colliery, *via* Asansol, British India. *A vertical collapsable safety gate adapted to colliery cages and the like.* (Specification filed 18 November 1911.)

No. 527 of 1911.—George Edward Barker Pritchett, managing director of Pritchett & Gold, Limited, of 58 Victoria street, London, S. W., England. *Improvements in electric accumulator boxes.* (Specification filed 18 November 1911.)

No. 538 of 1911.—William Alfred Dickinson, bedding manufacturer, and Lyxhayr, Manufacturers, Limited, both of Grove Mills, Mitcham, Surrey, England. *Improvements in connection with the treatment of fibrous materials for bedding, upholstery and the like purposes.* (Specification filed 16 November 1911.)

No. 2129-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs, Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each :—

No. 253 of 1905.—R. A. C. Russell and A. C. Russell. *Improvements in riding and driving saddle trees.* (From 9 December 1911 to 9 December 1912.)

No. 481 of 1905.—Clarke Chapman & Co. and W. A. Wooddeson. *Improvements in steam boilers.* (From 24 January 1912 to 24 January 1913.)

No. 504 of 1905.—M. Hermann and L. Lorenz. *Improved oil-lamp burner.* (From 18 June 1912 to 18 June 1913.)

- No. 143 of 1906.—F. F. Farlow. *Improved automatic alarm and fire extinguisher for ships, buildings and the like.* (From 23 October 1911 to 23 October 1912.)
- No. 286 of 1906.—W. H. Lock. *Improvements in apparatus for casting curved stereotypes.* (From 17 January 1912 to 17 January 1913.)
- No. 291 of 1906.—E. A. Gieseler. *Improvements in gravity filters.* (From 9 January 1912 to 9 January 1913.)
- No. 11 of 1907.—J. S. Highfield. *Improvements relating to systems of laying electric conductors.* (From 14 February 1912 to 14 February 1913.)
- No. 12 of 1907.—J. S. Highfield. *Improvements relating to high tension direct current electric systems.* (From 14 February 1912 to 14 February 1913.)
- No. 13 of 1907.—J. S. Highfield. *Improvements in or relating to systems of direct current electric supply.* (From 14 February 1912 to 14 February 1913.)
- No. 14 of 1907.—J. S. Highfield. *Improvements relating to direct current electric supply systems.* (From 14 February 1912 to 14 February 1913.)
- No. 148 of 1907.—Baron Kelvin, R. Blackiston, W. Hope and G. B. Richards. *Improvements in liquid meters.* (From 23 December 1911 to 23 December 1912.)
- No. 219 of 1907.—H. L. Sulman. *Improvements in the separation of zinc from its ores or compounds.* (From 22 November 1911 to 22 November 1912.)
- No. 234 of 1907.—J. M. Goodwin. *Improvements in dumping vehicles.* (From 7 December 1911 to 7 December 1912.)
- No. 311 of 1907.—W. H. Lock, J. G. Holbourne and H. A. Longhurst. *Improvements in the escapement mechanism of linotype machines.* (From 24 January 1912 to 24 January 1913.)
- No. 330 of 1907.—F. Spring Walker and C. Stuart Prince. *Improved pattern of latrine seat.* (From 14 December 1911 to 14 December 1912.)
- No. 482 of 1907.—L. P. Winby. *Improvements in or relating to lubricators.* (From 13 December 1911 to 13 December 1912.)
- No. 25 of 1908.—W. Leivesley. *Improvements in telegraphic switching and repeating apparatus.* (From 29 May 1912 to 29 May 1913.)

No. 2120-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act, the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

- No. 80 of 1907.—J. R. Hatmaker. *Eggs and egg-containing substances in dry form and process for obtaining same.* (Specification filed 19 August 1907.)
- No. 163 of 1907.—J. J. Bryers. *An improved automatic fire escape.* (Specification filed 22 August 1907.)
- No. 171 of 1907.—Company for General Trade, Limited. *Improvements in electrical tractors.* (Specification filed 22 August 1907.)
- No. 303 of 1907.—Phelps & Co. *An unbreakable forage cap.* (Specification filed 23 August 1907.)
- No. 337 of 1907.—A. M. Anna. *Improvements in elastic fluid engines of the revolving cylinder type.* (Specification filed 22 August 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of Rs 50 for each of the above inventions.

- No. 204 of 1906.—J. S. Raworth. *Improvements in controllers for electrically propelled vehicles.* (Specification filed 24 August 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (b) After the expiration of the fourth year and before the expiration of the fifth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of Rs50 for the above invention.

No. 24 of 1905.—J. C. Barker. *Improvements in water filtering apparatus.* (Specification filed 19 August 1905.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (c) After the expiration of the fifth year and before the expiration of the sixth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of Rs50 for the above invention.

No. 120 of 1899.—H. P. Davis and F. Conrad. *Improvements in electric motors and meters adapted for use with alternating current.* (Specification filed 19 August 1899.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (i) After the expiration of the eleventh year and before the expiration of the twelfth year from that date—

The sum of Rs100 for the above inventions.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual. (Price Rs1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications on sale at the Patent Office :—*

	Price.
	Rs. a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(g) Quarterly index, January to March, April to June and July to September 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,
Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price Rs 3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price Rs 3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE No. 49.

Sealed tenders for the supply of the following articles required from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913, will be received and opened by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at 12 noon on the dates and at places noted against each. Tenders presented elsewhere will be considered as liable to be informal:—

Articles.	Station where required.	Probable requirement.	Earnest money deposit.	DATE AND PLACE OF OPENING OF TENDERS.	
				Date.	Place.
		lbs.	Rs.		
Meat, fresh.	Quetta	{ 1,200,000	3,220	13th December 1911.	Quetta.
		{ 211,000			
	Karachi	{ 400,000	1,000	18th December 1911.	Karachi.
		{ 75,000			
	Hyderabad	{ 200,000	500	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
		{ 40,000			
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Karachi	450,000	350	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Hyderabad	200,000	190	18th December 1911.	Ditto.

2. For forms of tender on payment of rupee one per set and other particulars please apply to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division, Quetta, or the Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA:
The 30th October 1911.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

	POWDER.	
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

The following graves in the Golaghat Cemetery are in a state of disrepair. The friends or relatives of the deceased if any are requested to restore them within three months :—

- Grave No. 1 of Mr. Sinclair, died 28th February 1902.
 " " 25 of Mr. F. C. Rober, died on 8th November 1884.
 " " 50 of Mrs. Portchard, unknown.

H. G. M. VICKERS,
for Deputy Commissioner, Sibsagar.

SIBSAGAR;
The 2nd September 1911.

NOTICE.

No. C-7-8817.—Sealed tenders for the supply of potatoes for British Troops at all Military Stations in the 8th (Lucknow) Division (except Jalapahar and Lebong) from 1st January to 31st August 1912 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, Lucknow, up to 12 noon, on the 11th December 1911 respectively.

2. Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedule are obtained on application in writing to the above officer up to 7th December 1911, on payment of one rupee for each set of forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES
& TRANSPORT, 8th DIVISION,
Lucknow, the 22nd November 1911.

F. E. GEOGHEGAN, Major,
for Assistant Director of Supplies and
Transport, 8th (Lucknow)
Division.

NOTICE.

No. C-8-8835.—Sealed tenders for the supply of firewood for ration and bakery for British Troops at all military stations in the 8th (Lucknow) Division from 1st January 1912 will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, Lucknow, up to 12 noon, on the 8th December 1911.

2. Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedules are obtainable on application in writing to the above officer, on payment of one rupee for each set of forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF
SUPPLIES & TRANSPORT 8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION,
Lucknow, the 22nd November 1911.

F. E. GEOGHEGAN Major,
for Assistant Director of Supplies and
Transport, 8th (Lucknow)
Division.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 28th November 1911.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	2,06,66,355	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,79,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	82,75,102	12	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	78,97,997	9	1	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,28,33,128	15	3
Public Deposits at Branches	1,22,70,543	1	7	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	4,74,31,238	6	2
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,21,90,479	3	7	Bills discounted and purchased	3,76,42,077	10	2
Bank Post Bills, etc.	7,37,818	13	3	Balances with other Banks	30,23,526	3	11
Sundries	17,98,806	2	6	Bullion	22,02,011	9	6
				Dead Stock	10,693	15	4
				Stamps	62,471	2	7
				Sundries			
RUPES	23,27,95,644	14	0		15,22,01,610	10	11
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	3,36,27,510	12	6
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	4,69,66,523	6	7
				RUPES	23,27,95,644	14	0

* Includes Sovs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Sovs., value Rs. 1,83,990 0 0
† Do. do. do. Rs. 6,96,150 0 0

Rs. 80,140 0 00

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 30th November 1911.H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 41'35.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 3-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-3 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 16TH TO 22ND NOVEMBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.										COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.				SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERN- MENT.		
	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.							Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for and paid over.	Closing balance.
	Pur- chased Silver.	Withdrawn and un- current coins from Treas- uries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treas- uries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and uncur- rent coins.	TOTAL.				
Calcutta	17	...	17	...	90	11	18	1	120	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	20	...	20	5	200	...	48	...	253	45	31	109	...

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . . 74

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ;
Calcutta, the 28th November 1911.

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL OF BENGAL.

Notice of deaths sent to the Administrator-General of Bengal under section 64 of Act II of 1874.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when.	REMARKS.
Revd. W. J. Brandon, late of the American Mission of Sialkot.	Pasrur . . .	24th September 1911 .	District Judge, Sialkot, on 27th October 1911.	The widow of the deceased, Mrs. H. L. Brandon, has obtained Letters of Administration in respect of the deceased's property.
Mr. James Ashton Beale, late District Magistrate of Jalpaiguri.	Jalpaiguri . . .	27th " " .	District Judge, Dinajpur, on 28th October 1911.	An application for Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased has been filed by the son of the deceased.
Mr. John Stolke of Reshiat Tea Estate, Darjeeling.	.....	12th " " .	District Judge, Purnea, on 21st September 1911.	Revd. R. Kilgour in England is the surviving Executor under the Will left by the deceased and it is reported that under his Power of Attorney one Colonel Vaughan will in all probability represent the estate.
Mr. Edward Charles Lloyd, Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	Barcilly . . .	10th June 1911 .	Commissioner, Ajmer Merwara, on 29th September 1911.	No application for Probate or Letters of Administration has yet been filed. It is understood that the deceased has left a Will which is in possession of his wife in England. The Administrator-General has written to the widow in England enquiring whether she intends to apply for Administration through an Attorney.
Mr. William Wells, Boilershop Charge-man, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Jhansi.	Jhansi . . .	18th August " .	District Judge, Jhansi, on 19th September 1911.	Not known whether the deceased has left a Will or not. The value of the estate is under Rs. 1,000, the Administrator General will not administer the estate.
Miss Frances Mary Garrett Orme.	Mussoorie . . .	18th September 1911 .	District Judge, Jhansi, on 25th September 1911.	The deceased is said to have left a Will and the District Judge reports that he expects Probate of the Will has been or will be taken out in the Court of the District Judge of Saharanpur.
Mr. A. Eurtion, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Sialkot.	Rawalpindi . . .	7th October " .	District Judge, Rawalpindi, on 11th October 1911.	The deceased left no Will and no one has come forward to administer the estate. The Administrator-General is waiting for particulars of the assets belonging to the estate on receipt of which he will deal with the estate.
Mr. George Bailey, Pensioned Sub-Registrar of Hathras, Aligarh district.	Ramsay Hospital, Naini Tal.	29th August " .	District Judge, Aligarh, on 11th September 1911.	The Executor of the Will left by the deceased has requested the Administrator-General to administer the estate.
Mr. Archibald Henry Smith, Engine-driver, North-Western Railway, Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi . . .	17th September " .	District Judge, Rawalpindi, on 28th September 1911.	Probate of the Will of the deceased has been granted to his brother, George Earnest Smith.
Mr. W. D. Burgess, a Veteran of the Indian Mutiny.	Lucknow . . .	10th " " .	District Judge, Lucknow, on 21st October 1911.	The deceased died intestate. No application has yet been made for Letters of Administration to the estate.
Mr. Milward Willoughby Browne.	Ramsay Hospital, Naini Tal.	25th August " .	District Judge, Kumaon Division, on 25th September 1911.	The deceased died intestate. No one has yet applied for Letters of Administration.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when.	REMARKS.
Miss G. E. Marimon, late a Missionary, at Chamba.	Dalhousie . . .	9th September 1911 .	District Judge, Sialkot, on 6th October 1911.	The deceased left no Will, one Miss Black of the Church of Scotland Mission at Sialkot has applied for Letters of Administration on behalf of Miss H. Kidley, a colleague of the deceased, under Power of Attorney but the District Judge had advised Miss Black to ask Miss Kidley to get a Power of Attorney from the deceased's relatives in England.
Mrs. D'Auvergne .	Rawalpindi . . .	7th October " .	District Judge, Rawalpindi, on 11th October 1911.	No information regarding the Will of the deceased. Further report is awaited from the District Judge.
Mr. A. E. Jones, Executive Engineer.	Jalpaiguri . . .	18th September " .	District Judge, Dinajpur, on 28th September 1911.	The original Will left by the deceased is in charge of the Deputy Commissioner, Jalpaiguri, who is in communication with the deceased's sister at Lahore regarding disposal of the deceased's property.
Mr. V. H. Forbes, Forest Divisional Officer, Chhindwara.	.....	7th " " .	District Judge, Chhindwara, on 19th September 1911.	Letters of Administration to the estate have been granted to the deceased's brother, Mr. W. E. Forbes.
Mr. David Picachy, late of Purnea.	Purnea . . .	16th January " .	District Judge, Purnea, on 21st September 1911.	Probate of the Will of the deceased has been granted to his widow and son.
Miss Jessie Mary Roussac.	Ramsay Hospital, Naini Tal.	6th September " .	District Judge, Kumaon Division, on 23rd September 1911.	The deceased died intestate and no one has yet applied for Letters of Administration.
Mr. L. Normansell, late an employee in the Cawnpore Cotton Mills Co., Ltd., Cawnpore.	England . . .	.....	District Judge, Cawnpore, on 12th September 1911.	No information whether the deceased has left a Will. Further report is awaited from the District Judge.
Mr. A. W. Dady, late Executive Engineer, Sandoway.	.....	23rd February 1911 .	District Judge, Sandoway, on 4th September 1911.	Probate of the Will of the deceased has been granted to his widow.
Miss Beatrice Parkinson.	Naini Tal . . .	5th August 1911 .	District Judge, Kumaon Division, on 30th August 1911.	Mrs. Ruby Sharpe, the residuary legatee under the Will of the deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration.
Mr. Oswald William Wallace, Assistant Carriage Examiner, North-Western Railway.	Albert Victor Hospital, Lahore.	Ditto . . .	District Judge, Lahore, on 6th September 1911.	The deceased is said to have left a Will and it is reported that his mother intends to administer the estate.
Lieutenant-Colonel Sydney Drummond Turnbull, late of the 15th Lancers, Indian Army.	.....	21st February 1911 .	Assistant to the Resident in Kashmir, on 17th July 1911.	It is understood that the deceased has left a Will and that his widow is likely to apply for Letters of Administration.
Mr. Colin M'Kenzie Eccles, Assistant Manager, Baintguri Tea Estate.	.....	23rd July 1911 .	Sub-Judge in charge of the District Judge's Office, Dinajpur, on 25th August 1911.	No Will left. The value of the estate is under Rs. 1,000, the Administrator-General will not administer the estate.
Mrs. R. H. Stevens, late of Agra.	.....	11th June " .	District Judge, Agra, on 31st October 1911.	A Will purporting to have been executed by the deceased in favour of Mr. G. O. Wiggins, District Court Pleader, Agra, was found among her effects, but it is not attested by witnesses. The District Judge has been asked to furnish the value of the estate.

HENRY T. HYDE,
Administrator-General of Bengal.

3, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET ;
Calcutta, the 14th November 1911.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
Prior to 1842	Collins, —, Sergeant	.....	Two children	157 14
"	Lee, E., Corporal	.....	Two children	111 9
"	Smith, Henry, Sergeant	.....	Elizabeth	828 0
"	Smith, D., Sergeant Major	.....	Margaret	78 6
"	Story, —, Sergeant	.....	Thomas	117 5 1
"	MacConnell, Sergeant	.....	John	77 15 3
"	Ratherford, Sergeant	.....	Margaret	138 10 8
"	Hewetson, William, Gunner	.....	John	47 5 7
"	Taylor, John, Private	.....	John	214 11 1
"	Conroy, Peter, Corporal	.....	Thomas	274 14 6
"	McCullum, —, Conductor	.....	John	354 6 10
"	Gordon, James	59th Foot	James	580 2 2
"	Casey, Jeremiah	87th Foot	Daniel	109 12 4
"	Corbolly, Thomas, Private	59th Foot	Samuel	62 12 3
"	Cassidy, —, Corporal	.....	John	61 3 9
"	Hyde, Henry, Conductor	.....	Thomas	187 1 10
"	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant Major	11th Dragoons	William	64 8 0
"	Anderson, William, Corporal	H. C., 1st En. Regt.	Mary Anne Margaret	124 11 6
"	White, W., Private	3rd Buffs	George and Mary Anne.	13 13 9
"	Minogue, T., Private	3rd Buffs	Thomas	23 11 0
"	Tailor, John, Bombardier	.....	Elizabeth	43 0 0
"	Neal, James, Private	59th Foot	James	43 0 0
"	Sherrock, J., Corporal	.....	Joseph	160 0 0
"	Moore, Bombardier	.....	Dorothy	5 9 5
"	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant	.....	George	11 8 2
"	Creighton, James, Corporal	13th L. Infy.	Mary Ann	16 12 0
"	McCoy, —, Sub-Conductor	.....	John and George	958 3 2
"	Long, R., Sergeant	Allahabad Magazine Establishment.	Ann and Robert D.	137 3 9
"	Baker, H., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	James	32 1 4
"	Hills, —, Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Sophia	30 1 1
"	Burns, James, Gunner	Artillery	Hannah	10 5 9
"	McKenney, R., Bombardier	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	Ann Eliza	134 5 5
"	Smith, J., Gunner	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Margaret	6 5 5
"	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant	2nd Bn. Arty.	Charles	123 13 4
"	Flynn, J., Gunner	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Elizabeth	6 1 4
"	Fagan, J., Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Mary and James	11 12 9
"	Johnson, C., Gunner	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	William	3 0 6
"	Twoomey, M., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Michael, William, and Margaret.	21 2 11
"	Ahern, William, Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	65 11 9
"	McCormick, J., Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Bernard	116 10 9
"	Gavin, J., Gunner	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Thomas and James	189 3 6
"	Bryan, D., Sergeant	.....	Mortimer	12 10 11
"	Reid, —, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	Eleanor and Eunice	68 6 5
"	South, —, Sergeant	.....	Elizabeth Martha	310 0 0
"	Cunningham, Mathew, Private	44th Foot	Michael	37 14 6
"	Blyth, John, Conductor	.....	Children (names not recorded).	12 12 3
"	Smith, T., Sergeant	.....	Esther and Amelia	23 15 0
"	Pierce, Or. Mr. Sergeant	20th N. I.	Thomas	711 15 2
"	Driver, J., Sergeant Major	.....	Robert Charles and John.	141 7 1
"	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Thomas	23 15 2
"	Canty, John, Bombardier	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	John (died, 11th May 1842).	272 2 8
June 29, 1853	(Not recorded)	.....	Bryon, Margaret, and William.	53 8 3
" 29, 1849	(Not recorded)	.....	Daly Robert	23 9 1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A.	Ellen	112 9 0
Apl. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	Charlotte	4 2 8
" 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private	1st En. Lt. Infy.	David and Austel	7 13 3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheehan, B., Gunner	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	John and Patrick	2 1 8
June 21, 1844	Evans, George, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Mary Ann and Catherine.	19 14 9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, —, Private	44th Foot	George	200 0 0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A.	Julia	277 11 11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A.	William Thomas	63 9 8
Aug. 29, 1892	} Smith, F. C., Sergeant	2nd Dragoon Guards	James John	63 9 8
Mar. 30, 1896			Ada	258 10 2

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private . . .	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt. .	A., L., A. and J. T. .	27 3 2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, —, Private . . .	10th Foot . . .	John Thomas . . .	28 12 0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. .	John . . .	130 0 0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. .	James . . .	156 12 5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, —, Sergeant Major .	6th Bn. of Arty. . .	Harriett M. and James .	31 14 1
Feb. 14, 1845	Fry, —, Bugle Major . . .	.....	James . . .	12 6 9
" 3, 1842	Wilson . . .	.....	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth. . .	204 7 8
" ... 1842	McCarthy, Or. Mr. Sergeant .	.....	John . . .	61 2 3
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer . . .	68th Regt., N. Infy. .	Mary . . .	28 8 3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant Major . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	101 5 4
" 9, 1845	Meaney, John, Sergeant Major .	2nd Bde., H. Arty. . .	Henry and James . . .	292 15 8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier .	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty. .	Ellen . . .	77 4 11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant .	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty. .	Catherine Ann . . .	167 15 5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner . . .	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty. .	Owen . . .	7 1 7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Julia B. and George J. .	120 13 0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor. .	.....	Hannah . . .	152 0 9
" ...	Glasscan, John, Corporal . .	.....	Ellen Sarah . . .	66 10 3
" ...	Ridley, Henry, Gunner . . .	.....	Henry . . .	34 9 3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner . . .	Arty. . .	Thomas . . .	20 5 3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner . .	.....	Martha . . .	83 3 6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier . . .	.....	Adam T. and John . .	79 14 0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier .	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty. .	Not recorded . . .	104 10 8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant . . .	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty. .	Ditto . . .	125 15 10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, —, Corporal . . .	.....	Maria . . .	59 0 0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant. .	.....	C. William and William H. .	148 3 5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant Major .	Sirmoor Bn. . .	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin. .	99 6 1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, D., Private . . .	2nd En. Regt. . .	James . . .	36 5 6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private . .	1st En. B. F. . .	Sarah C. . .	9 8 4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private . .	1st En. B. F. . .	John . . .	7 6 1
Oct. 12, 1849	Deare, W., Conductor . . .	.....	Emeline . . .	50 0 0
Nov. 21, 1849	Moget, —, Sergeant Major .	.....	George . . .	69 14 4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner . . .	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty. .	James and another . .	26 3 5
June 29, 1850	Uniack, Patrick, Sergeant . .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty. .	John and another . .	29 15 0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner . . .	Arty. . .	Patrick . . .	23 5 6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal . . .	2nd En. Regt. . .	Elizabeth . . .	25 14 6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner . . .	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty. .	William . . .	9 11 11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant .	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty. .	Jane and Bridget . .	36 5 9
Apr. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant . .	Sappers and Miners . .	E. W. H. . .	97 2 6
Sept. 13, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant . .	Arracan Bn. . .	John . . .	49 10 3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty. .	William . . .	206 1 2
" 18, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor. .	Ordnance Dept. . .	Georgiana . . .	61 10 3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant . .	.....	Mary Harriet . . .	283 1 11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant . . .	Calcutta Town Guard . .	William Edward . . .	209 14 0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnel, John, Private . .	97th Foot . . .	Charles . . .	25 15 6
June ... 1862	Keddie, J., Private . . .	2nd En. B. F. . .	Jane and James . . .	86 0 0
July 22, 1863	Lawton, William, Color Sergeant. .	24th Foot . . .	William and Joseph . .	152 14 2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner . . .	G. Battery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty. .	Henrietta Dalzell . .	39 5 10
Mar. 10, 1864	} Anderson, William, Gunner	{ 5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty. .	Duncan . . .	35 4 11
May 19, 1864		.....	.....	.....
July 18, 1865	Rowland, J., Private . . .	2nd Dragoon Guards . .	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann. .	8 0 0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier .	4-25th Royal Arty. . .	Mary and Thomas . .	4 0 0
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant . . .	Arty. . .	Henry J. . .	21 1 4
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color Sergeant. .	2nd Lanc. Fus. . .	Thomas Patrick . . .	60 0 0
July 6, 1887	} Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt. .	} John Thomas . . .	176 15 1
June 2, 1888		.....	
Sept. 7, 1888	} Hyland, M., Drummer	{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt. .	} Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna. .	558 9 8
Apr. 11, 1889		.....	
Aug. 31, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color Sergt. .	2nd West York Regt. .	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas. .	399 3 7
Nov. 26, 1889	Foster, G., Private . . .	2nd West York Regt. .	George E. Ernest . . .	113 13 9

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

W. V. RICHARDS, Captain,

Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and Ex-officio Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,

8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION ;

Lucknow, the 29th November 1911.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Dhanbaid, 13th November 1911.

An examination for first and second class coal mine managers' certificates of competency under the rules applying to coal mines will be held at the office of the Mines Department at Dhanbaid on the 21st and 22nd February 1912.

Only persons who have had practical experience in coal mines are eligible to sit for the examination. Necessary instructions will be supplied to intending candidates on application to the undersigned and on their stating their experience.

Applications received after the 10th February 1912 will not be considered.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

INSOLVENCY PETITION NO. 24 OF 1910.

Charles William Lafrenais (*Petitioner*)

C. S. Narrain Chetty and others *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 16, clause 7 of Act III of 1907, that Charles William Lafrenais, residing at St. John's Church Road, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent on 12th July 1910 and he was adjudged an insolvent accordingly by this Court on 18th October 1911.

A. RAMAYA PUNJA,

District Judge.

BANGALORE ;

The 18th November 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE NO. 39 OF 1911.

In the matter of Suna Anna Perumal Naiker.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Suna Anna Perumal Naiker an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 22nd day of November 1911.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

RANGOON ;

The 22nd day of November 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE NO. 79 OF 1911.

In the matter of Frank Marschner, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Frank Marschner, Supervisor of B. I. S. N. Co., residing at No. 45, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 20th day of November 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Frank Marschner.

RANGOON ;

The 21st day of November 1911.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar,

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said insolvents in J. R. B. Branson, Esquire, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation by creditors.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of the Insolvents.
158 of 1910	8th September 1910.	Henry Joseph Scott and Frederic Robert Scott, unemployed, residing at No. 5, North Mada Church Road, Royapuram, Madras.	12th September 1910.	5th January 1912.
130 of 1911	3rd May 1911.	M. Parthasarathy Chetty, unemployed, now residing at Tirunattur, Saidapet Taluk, Chingleput district, and formerly at No. 50, Shotten Muthia Mudaly Street, Madras.	24th July 1911.	14th December 1911.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY OFFICE, MADRAS;
The 27th November 1911.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 22nd November 1911.

No. 135.—4th class Assistant Surgeon A. Martin, I.S.M.D., is granted 90 days' privilege leave, with effect from the 9th October 1911.

No. 136.—The services of No. 1380, 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon A. R. Srinivasa Mudali, are placed at the disposal of the Surveyor General in India, with effect from the 7th October 1911.

B. SETON, Major, I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 15th November 1911.

No. 27-G.—Mr. W. D. MacGregor, Assistant Superintendent, has been granted combined leave for 15 months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for 3 months under Article 260 combined with furlough for the remaining period under Article 308 (b) of the above quoted Regulations, with effect from the 19th October 1911.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Offg. Director-General of Telegraphs.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 23rd November 1911.

No. 264.—Mr. J. A. O'Maley, Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, Grade II, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for three months on medical certificate, with effect from the 11th November 1911.

The 25th November 1911.

No. 265.—The following temporary promotions are sanctioned in the Superior Establishment of the Department, with effect from the dates noted against each:—

Name.	From	To	With effect from	REMARKS.
A. A. Carnegie	2nd officer, officiating "Patrick Stewart" and General Service Clerk, Class I, Officiating.	2nd officer, officiating "Patrick Stewart" and Assistant, Superintendent, Class VI, Grade II, Temporary.	1st July 1911.	Sanctioned by the Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph Department.
F. S. Jones	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, Grade II.	Assistant Superintendent, Class V, Temporary.	6th July 1911.	

N. V. RAGHAVAN,

Deputy Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 22nd November 1911.

No. 3126-D.—Major Warren Codrington assumed charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Mhow, on the afternoon of the 8th November 1911, relieving Major R. L. Morris.

No. 3130-D.—Captain W. D. Reid assumed charge of the office of the Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Mhow, on the forenoon of the 13th November 1911, relieving Major A. Le F. Smith.

By order,

L. M. CRUMP,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General
in Central India.

RAJPUTANA ADMINISTRATION—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 23rd November 1911.

No. 1577-C.-S.—Major J. B. MacGeorge, R.E., Executive Engineer, Mount Abu Division, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for 12 months out of India, under articles 260 and 308 (b) (iv) (2) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the forenoon of the 28th December 1911, or such subsequent date on which he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

H. C. SANDERS,

Secretary to A. G. G. in the P. W. D., Rajputana.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 25th November 1911.

No. 32.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 23, dated 13th September 1911, Mr. A. C. Robertson, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, extraordinary leave without allowances for four days, *viz.*, 23rd to 26th September 1911 inclusive, in extension of 3 months' privilege leave already granted to him.

The 29th November 1911.

No. 33.—Mr. G. K. Rogers, Signal Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for 7 days in extension of the combined leave already granted to him in this office Notification No. 30, dated 16th December 1910.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 20th November 1911.

No. 36.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 9th November 1911:—

Engineer H. O. Webb R. I. M. 12 months.

No. 37.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 9th November 1911:—

Lieut. A. St. C. Bowden, R.I.M. 12 months.

No. 38.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India, *i.e.*, 18th November 1911:—

Lieut. R. C. Bickley, R.I.M. 6 months.

No. 39.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 18th November 1911:—

Chief Engineer G. H. Sharvell, R.I.M. 12 months.

WALTER LUMSDEN,
Director, Royal Indian Marine.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 27th November 1911.

No. 1797-*Ap.*—M. Muhammad Kasim, Postmaster, Sylhet, pay Rs 150—200, is promoted to the grade of Rs 200—300 as Postmaster, Sylhet, with effect from the 1st November 1911.

The 28th November 1911.

No. 1810-*Ap.*—Mr. A. W. Lane Ryan, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of R800, with effect from the 24th November 1911 and until further orders, in the arrangements, *vice* Mr. W. J. O'Grady, Assistant Director-General of Post Office in the grade of R1,000, appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade.

No. 1813-*Ap.*—The following officiating appointments are made with effect from the 10th October 1911 and until further orders :—

Mr. W. A. Roussac, Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade and Inspector-General, R. M. S. and Sorting, Western Circle, to act in the 2nd grade, in the arrangements *vice* Mr. P. J. Gorman, on combined leave ;

Khan Sahib Muhammad Kazim, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, United Provinces, in the arrangements, *vice* Mr. G. W. Stanyon, on combined leave.

No. 1822-*Ap.*—Mr. L. W. de Beaux, Postmaster, Jubbulpore, pay R300—400, is granted leave on medical certificate for one month with effect from the 3rd October 1911.

The following officiating appointments are made during his absence on leave on medical certificate, or until further orders :

Mr. Balmakund, Deputy Postmaster, Jubbulpore, to act as Postmaster, Jubbulpore from the 3rd to the 8th October 1911 ;

Mr. Than Singh, Head Clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Central Circle, to act as Postmaster, Jubbulpore, from the 9th October 1911.

No. 1826-*Ap.*—Mr. J. Hogan, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month, with effect from the 19th October 1911.

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of the Post Office of India.

REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 24th November 1911.

No. 5827.—It is notified for general information that the persons named in the subjoined table have passed the Naib Tahsildar's examination held at Quetta on 22nd 23rd and 24th August 1911 in the subjects noted in column 5 :—

Serial No.	Name of Candidate.	Father's Name.	Designation.	REMARKS.
<i>Candidates who appeared and failed in Naib Tahsildar's examination in 1910.</i>				
1	M. Ghazi Khan	Haji Muhd. Khan	Sadar Kanungo, Zhob District.	Passed in Arithmetic and completes the examination.
2	M. Ahmad Mirza	Mirza Mahi Beg	N. T. Barkhan	Passed in Arithmetic and completes the examination.
3	M. Nabi Bakhsh	M. Ahmad Bakhsh	Offg. Head clerk, Settlement.	Passed in Arithmetic and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; and completes the examination.
4	M. Kalim Ullah	M. Kazib Ullah	Field Kanungo, Pishin.	Passed in Arithmetic, Tahsil Accounts and Civil Law ; and completes the examination.
5	M. Ibrahim Khan	M. Khair Muhammed	Naib Tahsildar, Kohlu.	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Arithmetic, Civil and Criminal Law ; and completes the examination.
6	M. Bhanjan Lal	L. Tola Ram	Naib Tahsildar, Sibi	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts, Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic.
7	L. Visakhu Ram	L. Pukhar Dass	Naib Tahsildar, Duki.	Passed in Land Revenue Act subject to re-examination in Arithmetic.

Serial No.	Name of Candidate.	Father's name.	Designation.	REMARKS.
8	M. Ghulam Rasul .	M. Kadir Bukhsh .	Naib Tahsildar, Nushki.	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts and Civil Law ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic.
9	M. Sadulla Jan .	M. Azim Khan .	Naib Tahsildar, Pishin.	Passed in Land Revenue Act and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Tahsil Accounts and Arithmetic.
10	M. Naranjan Dass .	Diwan Udho Dass .	Naib Tahsildar, Nasirabad.	Passed in Tahsil Accounts, Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic and Land Revenue Act.
<i>Candidates who did not appear in the Naib Tahsildar's examination held in 1910.</i>				
11	M. Ghulam Hyder .	Muhd. Yusaf Khan .	Naib Tahsildar, Shahrig	Passed in all subjects.
12	M. Muhd. Yakub .	H. Sadat Malik Khan.	Naib Tahsildar, Hindubagh.	Passed in all subjects.
13	M. Tej Bhan .	L. Nirmal Dass .	Naib Tahsildar, Killa Saifulla.	Passed in all subjects.
14	L. Khan Chand .	L. Sonu Ram .	3rd Clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office.	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts, Civil and Criminal Law and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic.
15	M. Muhammed Sardar Khan.	S. Muhammed Sarwar Khan.	Naib Tahsildar on leave.	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts, Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic and Criminal Law.
16	M. Saif-un-din .	M. Imam-ud-din .	Naib Tahsildar, Settlement	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts, Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulations ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic and Criminal Law.
17	M. Abdul Ghani .	M. Nur Ahmad Khan	Reader to Assistant Political Agent, Zhob.	Passed in Tahsil Accounts, Civil and Criminal Law and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re examination in Land Revenue Act and Arithmetic.
18	M. Ram Chand .	L. Ganesh Dass .	Muhasib, Sibi.	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts, Civil and Criminal Law ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic and Frontier Crimes Regulation.
19	M. Muhammed Shirin.	M. Wazir Muhammed,	Naib Tahsildar, Bori.	Passed in Land Revenue Act, Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Arithmetic, Tahsil Accounts and Criminal Law.
20	M. Mir Khan, Gishkori.	M. Ghulam Ali .	... ..	Passed in Arithmetic, Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts and Criminal Law.
21	M. Abdulla Khan .	Khan Sahib Pir Muhammed Khan.	... ..	Passed in Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts, Arithmetic, Civil and Criminal Laws.
22	M. Devi Dass .	L. Amir Chand .	Muhasib, Fort Sandeman.	Passed in Frontier Crimes Regulation ; subject to re-examination in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil Accounts, Arithmetic, Civil and Criminal Laws.

By order,

C. ARCHER,

Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN,**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 27th November 1911.

No. 720-J. R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 94 (1) of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896 (as in force in the Agency territories by virtue of Foreign Department Notification No. 1603-I. B., dated the 28th July 1911) the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to confer upon Mr. J. W. N. Cumming, Extra Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Treasury at Quetta, the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes in respect of suits not exceeding Rs. 500 (five hundred) in value to be exercised by him within the local limits of the District and Tahsil of Quetta.

By order,
S. WATERFIELD,
First Assistant.

SURVEY OF INDIA—SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 28th November 1911.

No. 17.—Mr. F. C. Pilcher, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for 2 months under Articles 246 and 260, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 14th November 1911.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Bt.-Colonel, R.E.,
Superintendent, Southern Circle.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE
OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**

1. The following changes in the Regulations of the Calcutta University, which have been adopted by the Senate and approved by the Government of India, are announced for general information:—

- (i) In section 2, Chapter XLIV of the University Regulations for the words "and a fee of Rs. 10" in the second sentence have been substituted the words "and a fee of Rs. 25."
- (ii) In section 2, Chapter XLV of the University Regulations for the words "and a fee of Rs. 15" in the second sentence have been substituted the words "and a fee of Rs. 30."
- (iii) In section 4, Chapter XLVI of the University Regulations the word "fifty" has been substituted for "thirty" and for "Rs. 20" at the end of the sentence has been substituted "Rs. 30."

N.B.—The above changes are to come into operation with effect from the Examinations in 1912.

2. The M. A. and M. Sc. Examinations in 1912 will be held on Monday, the 24th June 1912, and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the above examinations must reach the office of the Registrar, Calcutta University, not later than the 25th March 1912.

3. The I. E., L. E. and B. E. Examinations in 1912, will be held on Monday, the 8th July 1912, and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the aforesaid examinations must reach the University office not later than the 24th June 1912.

G. THIBAUT, Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE, the 28th November 1911.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 (1) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to direct that two Ordinary Fellows shall be elected this year by the Registered Graduates of the Calcutta University from among themselves.

The election will take place at the Senate House, College Square, on Saturday, the 3rd of February, 1912.

No person, unless his name has been entered in the Register of Graduates and unless he has paid his fee for the year, will be qualified to nominate, to vote or to stand as a candidate for election.

Every candidate for election must be nominated by a Registered Graduate and no person will be allowed to nominate more than one candidate. The nomination of a candidate shall be made in writing in the following form, which will be signed by the person making the nomination:—

FORM OF NOMINATION.

I, _____, Registered

Graduate No. _____, do hereby nominate _____

_____, Registered Graduate No. _____, as a candidate for election as an Ordinary Fellow of the Calcutta University subject to the approval of His Excellency the Chancellor.

The following is a brief statement of the special qualifications of my nominee:—

The January, 1912.

Signature _____

The nomination paper should be, on the face of it, addressed to the Registrar, Calcutta University, and must reach his office on or before the 12th of January, 1912, before 5 P.M. A printed list of the nominees (with the name of the first proposer in each case) and statements of their qualifications will be forwarded to the Registered Graduates on the 16th of January, 1912.

On the 18th January, 1912, a voting paper containing the names of the candidates nominated and their first proposers will be forwarded by the Registrar by registered post to each of the Registered Graduates. The Voting paper must be filled up and signed in the presence of the Registrar at the Senate House, College Square, on the 3rd of February, 1912, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 3 P.M., but graduates who will not be able to appear in person before the Registrar, may fill up and sign their voting papers in the presence of a Magistrate, a Judge, a Subordinate Judge or a Munsiff (excluding Village Munsiffs). In the absence of a Magisterial or Judicial Officer of the rank aforesaid in a Native State, the signature must be acknowledged before the Chief Minister or the Chief Magisterial Officer of the State. Voting papers may also be filled up and signed before the Registrar, any day (other than a Sunday or holiday) between the 19th of January and 2nd of February, 1912, between 4 and 5 P.M. The officer before whom such acknowledgment is made or the Registrar, as the case may be, shall countersign the voting paper, as having been signed before him by the person whose signature it bears. A voter exercising the functions of a Magisterial or Judicial Officer of the rank aforesaid will not be competent to countersign his own voting paper. All voting papers duly signed and countersigned as aforesaid must reach the Registrar not later than 3 P.M. on Saturday, the 3rd of February, 1912, after which no voting paper will be accepted. Graduates who are not known to the officer in whose presence they intend to fill up and sign their voting papers must bring with them their Diplomas or other satisfactory proof of identity.

Each voter shall have only one vote for each vacancy which is to be filled up and can give only one vote to any one candidate.

SENATE HOUSE:

The 28th November, 1911. }

G. THIBAUT,

Registrar, Calcutta University.

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Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911.
4a. 9p. (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India. No. 18. Corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11s. or 1s.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the Study of Malaria in India. No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2s. 6d.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33s. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11s. 3d. (4a.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (9a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911. Foolscap. Board. 12a. or 1s. 2d. (3a.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11 with a review of the progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

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Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Prices and wages in India, 28th issue. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (5a.)

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of September 1911 and the six months 1st April to 30th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5 8a. or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce. (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F. R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 12a. or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

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War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

- Act XXI of 1866 (Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution) as modified up to the 1st March 1911. 41s. (1a.)
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- University Amendment. (Act XI of 1911.) Urdu. 3p. (1a.)
- The Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886) as modified up to 1st May 1911. 6s. (1a.)
- Act IV of 1897 (Indian Fisheries) with footnotes. 1s. 9p. (1a.)
- Act I of 1910 (Indian Press) with footnotes. 3s. 9p. (1a.)
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- Act No. IV of 1837 (Property in Land), with footnotes. 1s. 3p. (1a.)
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- List No. 1 of 1911, dated 30th June, 1911, of Addenda et Corrigena to List of General Rules and Orders. 2s. 6p. (1a.)
- Act II of 1911 in Hindi. 1s. 9p. (1a.)
- The Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), as modified up to 1st July 1911. 7s. 6p. (1a. 6p.)
- The Legal Practitioners Act, 1879 (Act XVIII of 1879), as modified up to 1st July 1911. 6s. 6p. (1a.)
- Act 8 of 1911 (Native Army) in Urdu and Hindi. 2s. 6p. (1a.) each.

Act 12 of 1911 (Factories) in Urdu and Hindi. 1s. 6p. (1a.) each.

Act 21 of 1866 (Native Converts, Marriage Dissolution) as modified up to 1st March 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 9p. (1a.) each.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India from April to June 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 16, corrected to 1st April 1911. As. 11 or 1s. (2a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 17, corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, July to September 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Memorandum on some of the Results of Indian Administration during the past fifty years of British Rule in India. Royal 8vo. Cloth. As. 6 or 8d. (2a.)

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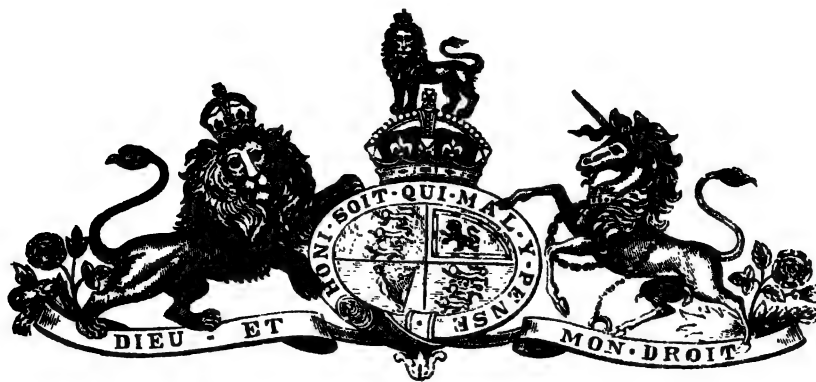
LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1911.

Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1 per month.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review for June 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1.

Monthly Weather Review for July 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1911.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 124850 and 124851 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to Kaliram Chowdry, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of Rohini Kumar Chowdry and Giris Chandra Chowdry, Harendra Kumar Chowdry, Bhabendra Nath Chowdry, Purna Chandra Chowdry, Troloikya Nath Chowdry, the minors, certificate-holders of the estate of Kaliram Chowdry. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

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2

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday,
the 30th November 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather
Reports of the period.**

1. The storm in the Arabian Sea moved slowly northwards during the week at a distance of four hundred—five hundred miles from the coast. It reached a latitude north of Bombay and recurved slightly towards Kathiawar, but on the 29th it weakened and appeared to be dissipating at sea. Conditions remained disturbed in the southeast of the Arabian Sea where this storm had originated and on the 30th another storm appeared to be in course of formation to the south of the Aden-Bombay mail route.

Rainfall practically ceased on the 26th in the Peninsula and the central parts of the country, but was renewed on the 29th in the Peninsula.

2. Low temperature conditions persisted over northern India and extended into the central parts of the country; but temperatures remained unusually high in the north of the Peninsula. Weather in Upper Burma was considerably warmer on several days than is normal.

3. *Burma.*—A few falls of rain were reported.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Some fairly heavy falls occurred in Chota Nagpur, and light falls in Orissa and the south of Bengal from the 24th; but at the end of the week rain had practically ceased.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Numerous falls of rain occurred in Central India and the Central Provinces, and isolated falls in the south of the United Provinces until the 25th. Scattered rainfall continued to be reported until the end of the week.

Northwest India.—No rainfall was reported.

The Peninsula.—At the beginning of the week rainfall was general and heavy on the Malabar coast, and numerous falls were reported from the remainder of the Peninsula. On the 26th rain had ceased, but on the 29th it was renewed in the northern half of the division; heavy falls were reported on the north Madras coast, and moderately heavy falls in the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad North.

4. The most important amounts reported were as follows :—

November 23rd.	Khandwa 1'40", Hoshangabad 1'60", Pachmarhi 1'07", Malegaon 1'79", Mysore 2'10", Calicut 2'49", Cochin 2'86", Coimbatore 1'20", Cuddalore 1'28", Nellore 1'96", Masulipatam 1'75", Mercara 2'27", Ootacamund 1'59" and Kodaikanal 0'93".
„ 24th.	Ranchi 1'18", Jubbulpore 0'98", Aurangabad 0'75", Calicut 0'80", Cochin 1'30", Waltair 0'84" and Masulipatam 1'40".
„ 25th.	Ranchi 1'15", Hazaribagh 0'72", Akola 0'69", Amraoti 1'40", Nagpur 1'45", Goa 1'11", Marmagao 2'01" and Karwar 2'10".
„ 28th.	Ahmadnagar 1'32", Aurangabad 1'97", Cocanada 3'50", Waltair 1'19" and Gopalpur 1'90".
„ 29th.	False Point 0'79", Amraoti 0'49", Jagdalpur 0'91", Poona 1'81", Tinnevely 0'53" and Cocanada 1'03".

5. During the week Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar and the United Provinces East received light to moderately heavy falls, and the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad reported heavy falls: in all these areas the normal rainfall is *nil*. Rainfall was in large excess in Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, Mysore, Malabar and on the Madras Coast North; normal in Upper Burma, the United Provinces West, the Punjab, Sind, Rajputana and Gujarat; and in slight to moderate defect elsewhere.

During the period 28th April to 30th November, the total rainfall was in large excess in Baluchistan; in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Chota Nagpur and Bihar; normal or nearly normal in Upper Burma, the United Provinces East, Central India East, the Central Provinces East and Mysore; and in defect elsewhere. The deficiency continued most strongly marked in Sind, Rajputana West and Gujarat.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 30TH NOVEMBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH APRIL 1911 TO 30TH NOVEMBER 1911.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1'5	2'6	-1'1	91'5	106'9	-15'4	-14	-14
Lower Burma	0'1	0'3	-0'2	145'5	141'8	+3'7	+3	+3
Upper Burma	0'2	0'2	0	42'2	42'0	+0'2	0	0
Assam	0	0'3	-0'3	92'3	78'3	+14'0	+18	+18
Eastern Bengal	0	0'1	-0'1	91'7	79'4	+12'3	+15	+16
Bengal	0'3	0	+0'3	46'8	57'2	-10'4	-18	-19
Orissa	0'3	0	+0'3	46'2	58'7	-12'5	-31	-22
Chota Nagpur	1'0	0	+1'6	50'4	49'4	+7'0	+14	+11
Bihar	0'1	0	+0'1	55'9	50'3	+5'6	+11	+11
United Provinces, East	0'1	0	+0'1	39'6	39'4	+0'2	+1	0
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	30'1	39'2	-9'1	-23	-23
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	12'8	21'4	-8'6	-40	-40
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	4'7	8'1	-3'4	-42	-42
Kashmir	0	0'1	-0'1	6'8	9'2	-2'4	-26	-25
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0'1	-0'1	3'5	6'0	-2'5	-42	-41
Baluchistan	0	0'2	-0'2	2'2	1'2	+1'0	+83	+120
Sind	0	0	0	0'1	4'8	-4'7	-98	-98
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	3'9	11'4	-7'5	-60	-66
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	12'1	22'1	-10'0	-45	-45
Gujarat	0	0	0	6'9	23'0	-16'7	-71	-71
Central India, West	0'3	0'1	+0'2	20'0	29'0	-9'2	-31	-32
Central India, East	0'7	0'1	+0'6	41'1	41'4	-0'3	-1	-2
Berar	1'9	0'1	+1'8	21'5	31'0	-10'1	-32	-38
Central Provinces, West	1'7	0'1	+1'6	39'3	45'0	-5'7	-13	-10
Central Provinces, East	0'2	0'1	+0'1	45'3	48'2	-2'9	-0	-6
Konkan	1'8	0	+1'8	71'9	97'2	-25'3	-20	-28
Bombay Deccan	1'3	0	+1'3	21'5	27'5	-6'0	-22	-27
Hyderabad, North	2'1	0	+2'1	26'9	33'1	-6'2	-19	-25
Hyderabad, South	0'3	0	+0'3	20'7	30'2	-9'5	-31	-32
Mysore	0'8	0'3	+0'5	26'4	28'2	-1'8	-0	-8
Malabar	2'4	0'6	+1'8	88'8	98'6	-9'8	-10	-12
Madras, South-east	0'6	1'7	-1'1	25'8	30'2	-4'4	-15	-12
Madras Deccan	0'1	0'4	-0'3	17'3	24'7	-7'4	-30	-29
Madras Coast, North	3'6	0'0	+3'0	30'5	35'5	-5'0	-14	-23

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
SANITARY.

PLAGUE.
Calcutta, the 30th November 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 25th November 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	9	8
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Ahmedabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	(a)	(a)
		Kaira District	3	3
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	(a)	(a)
		Mahi Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	2	2
		Thana District	10	10
	Central.	Satara District	292	206
		East Khandesh District	26	20
		West Khandesh "	11	7
		Poona City	75	63
		Poona District	63	45
		Nasik "	244	206
		Ahmednagar District	52	23
		Sholapur Town	2	2
	Southern.	Sholapur District	89	76
		Panvel Port	3	4
		Alibag " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	7	4
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	12	7
		Belgaum "	408	287
		Hubli Town	54	50
		Dharwar District	776	604
		Kanara "	15	9
		Bijapur "	624	615
		Bijapur Agency	9	8
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

(a) Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	3	2
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges.	Maudvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State	1	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Katbiawar Agency	46	26
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	286	169
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	(e)	(e)
		Satara Agency	30	25
		Savanur State	54	53
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Akalkot State	40	30
		TOTAL	3,247	2,564
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.		Arantapur District	14(b)	9(b)
		North Arcot District . . . . .	...	3(a)
		South Arcot District . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Town	3	4
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	390(d)	320(c)
		Mangalore Town and Port	4	3
		South Canara District	1(a)	1(a)
		Chittoor District	2(b)	1(a)
		Coimbatore Town	26	22
		Coimbatore District	23(b)	15(b)
		The Nilgiris District	4(a)	1(a)
		Salem District	36	34
		Sandur State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	503	413

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Four imported. (d) Six imported.
 (e) Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL.	Presidency	Calcutta	9	9
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	17	9
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	27	25
		Shahabad District	72	70
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District	17	13
		Darbhanga District	8	5
		Saran District	145	89
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	2	2
		Monghyr District	34	25
		Bhagalpur Town	5	5
		Bhagalpur District	3	2
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District	2	2
		TOTAL	341	255
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Delhra Dun District	46	37
		Saharanpur District	17	16
		Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	5
		Meerut District	3	1
	Agra	Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	2	2
		Etah District	6	5
		Farrukhabad District	6	6
		Fatehgarn . . . . .	...	...
	Rohilkhand.	Bareilly City	2	...
		Bareilly District . . . . .	...	...
		Bijnor District	3	3
		Shahjahanpur District	15	9

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Allahabad	Cawnpur District	8	8
		Fatehpur "	7	7
		Allahabad City	1	...
		Allahabad District	4	2
		Jhansi City	7	6
		Jhansi District	1	1
	Benares	Benares City	1	1
		Benares District	46	33
		Ballia District	371	371
		Ghazipur District	40	40
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	32	28
	Gorakhpur	Asansgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Asansgarh District	78	58
		Basti District	25	16
		Gorakhpur District	93	45
	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District	17	17
		Unao District	38	38
		Rae Bareilly District	29	23
		Sitapur "	137	50
		Pandey "	9	9
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	14	16
		Bahraich "	41	39
		Sultanpur "	4	4
		Partabgarh "	22	24
		Gonda "	2	...
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District	36	22
	TOTAL		1,163	941
PUNJAB.	Delhi	Hissar District	2	6
		Rohtak "	3	1
		Gurgaon "	8	8
		Karnal " . . . . .	...	...
		Ambala "	3	5
	Jullundur	Jullundur District	2	...
		Ludhiana " . . . . .	...	...

NOTE.—In the return for the week ending 18th November read 25 instead of 23 deaths against the Unao District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Lahore	Lahore City	2	2
		Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Gardaspur District	4	2
		Sialkot District	5	4
	Rawalpindi.	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District	1	1
		Rawalpindi District	102	67
		Attock District	12	11
	Multan	Montgomery District	2	...
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	29	23
		Jind State	1	1
		Kapurthala State	5	2
	TOTAL		186	133
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District	1	1
		Prome District	3	3
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District	1	...
		Manbin District . . . . .	...	...
	Tena- serim.	Toungoo District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town	1	1
	Magwe	Pakokku District	3	3
		Minbu District . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1
		Maymyo Town	1	1
	Sagaing	Shwebo District . . . . .	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	1	1
	TOTAL		12	11
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensing District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	1	1
		Nagpur District	94	70
		Balaghat Town	9	6
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha District	6	4
		Bhandara District	16	14
		Chanda District	2	1
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	9	5
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	26	...
		Jubbulpore District	18	13
		Saugor Town . . . . .	...	...
		Saugor District	7	7
		Damoh District	21	19
		Mandla Town	5	4
		Mandla District	144	107
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad Town . . . . .	...	...
		Betul Town	14	6
		Betul District	2	1
		Khandwa Town	2	3
		Nimar District	6	5
		Narsingpur Town	5	3
		Narsingpur District	92	85
		Chhindwara Town	30	30
	Berar	Chhindwara District	63	25
		Akola District	3	4
		Buldana District	3	3
		Amraoti "	38	33
		Yestmal "	1	...
		Nandgaon State	23	10
		TOTAL	640	485
	Coorg	Coorg	7	4
		TOTAL	7	4
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	31	29
		Bangalore City	5	5
		Bangalore District	147	138
		Mysore City	27	26
		Mysore District	108	74
		Hassan "	36	27
		Kadur "	10	10
		Kolar "	97	72
		Kolar Gold Fields	4	6
		Tumkur District	69	50
		Shimoga "	48	30
		Chitaldroog "	53	30
		TOTAL	635	407

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Umanahal District	83	47
		Raichur „	290	250
		Aurangabad „ . . . . .	..	..
		Nizamabad „ . . . . .	..	..
		Gulbarga „	4	2
		Bidar „ . . . . .	..	..
		Parbhani „	18	17
		Atrafbalda „ . . . . .	..	..
		Nander „	1	1
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	713	674
		Bir District	19	57
		Adilabad District . . . . .	..	..
		Medak District . . . . .	..	..
		Nalgouda District . . . . .	..	..
		Warangal District	2	1
		TOTAL	1,139(a)	1,049(a)
		Nowgong . . . . .	..	..
		Indore City . . . . .	..	..
		Indore State	144	114
		Indore Residency	15	9
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Ujjain City . . . . .	..	..
		Ujjain District . . . . .	..	..
		Gwalior State . . . . .	..	..
		Datia State . . . . .	..	..
		Rutlam State . . . . .	..	..
		Mhow Cantonment	19	16
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	..	..
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	1	4
		Dewas State (Junior Branch) . . . . .	..	..
		Neemuch Cantonment. . . . .	..	..
		Piploda State . . . . .	..	..
		Jaora „ . . . . .	..	..
		Dhar „ . . . . .	..	..
		Bagli „ . . . . .	..	..
		Sailana „ . . . . .	..	..
		Jhabua „ . . . . .	..	..
		Manpur . . . . .	..	..
		Malwa State . . . . .	..	..
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	130	91
		Sehore Agency Limits . . . . .	..	..
	...	Sehore Cantonment	5	3
		Bhopal City . . . . .	..	..
		Bhopal State	248	243
		Bewa State	45	21
		Barwani State	47	25
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	..	..
		Sitaman State . . . . .	..	..
		Sohawal State . . . . .	..	..
		TOTAL	657 (b)	526 (b)

(a) From 13th to 19th November 1911.

(b) For the week ending 18th November 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	15	15
		Mewar State	14	9
		Jodhpur City	1(a)	1(a)
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	22	16
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	4	3
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL			56(b)	44(b)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	.	Hasara District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua „ . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
BALU- CHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			8,589	6,922

(a) Imported. (l) Figures for the week ending 24th November 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

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No. 49.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 2nd December 1911 2015—2022
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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 29th November 1911.

No. 1168.—The services of Captain P. Helfernan, M.B., I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Madras, with effect from the 9th July 1911.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1911.

No. 1172.—The services of Major W. E. McKechnie, M.B., I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces

POLICE.

Simla, the 28th November 1911.

No. 1573.—The services of Captain W. I. J. Massy, 12th Pioneers, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for appointment to the Burma Military Police.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India

PUBLIC.

Calcutta the 2nd December 1911.

No. 4927.—The following telegraphic correspondence between His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor and His Excellency the Governor General is published for general information :—

Telegram, dated the 26th November 1911.

From—His Excellency the Governor General,

To—His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor at Aden.

With humble duty. On behalf of India I beg respectfully to welcome Your Imperial Majesties on arrival in Indian waters and on Indian territory. India with the deepest oyalty awaits with eager expectation the safe arrival of Her Emperor and Empress.

Telegram, dated Aden, the 27th November 1911.

From—His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor,

To—His Excellency the Governor General.

The Queen-Empress and I sincerely thank you and the people of India for the hearty greetings which you have sent us on entering Indian waters. We look forward with the utmost pleasure to our arrival and to seeing you on Saturday.

By order of the Governor General in Council,

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Calcutta, the 8th December 1911.

No. 553-Eccl.—The Reverend J. F. Oddin Taylor has been appointed to be a chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment to fill an existing vacancy.

SANITARY
PLAGUE.

The 8th December 1911.

No. 3149.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Chidambaram in the Chidambaram taluk of the South Arcot District of the Madras Presidency, if persons from the Mysore State are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Arudradarsanam festival.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1) of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (111 of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Alapakkam, Puduchattiram, Porto Novo, Killai, Chidambaram, Coleroon, Arasur and Shiyali on the South Indian Railway shall be sold from the 19th December 1911 to the 4th January 1912 (both days inclusive) within the Mysore State to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Arudradarsanam festival at Chidambaram.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 29th November 1911.

No. 656—160-2.—Mr. J. Smith, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, Survey of India, is promoted to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, with effect from the 2nd November 1911.

CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

The 5th December 1911.

No. 2847—128-4.—The services of Mr. R. Branford, I.C.V.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the forenoon of the 13th November 1911.

E. D. MACLAGAN,*Secretary to the Government of India.*

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Coronation Darbar, the 2nd December 1911.

No. 116-C.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Senor Don Domingo R., Pena as Consul-General for Chile at Calcutta.

No. 119-C.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Monsieur L. K. Reweliotty as Acting Consul-General for Russia at Calcutta, during the absence of Monsieur B. Arsenieff.

Calcutta, the 4th December 1911.

No. 3311-Est.-A.—Major R. L. Kennion, a Political Agent, is posted temporarily as Additional Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar Division, with effect from the 22nd November 1911.

No. 3315-Est.-A.—Mr. W. P. Barton, a Political Agent, is placed on special duty with effect from the 24th November 1911.

No. 3325-Est.-B.—The services of Captain A. C. Tancock, 31st Punjabis, are placed at the disposal of the Honourable the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, for employment with the Frontier Militia, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

The 5th December 1911.

No. 3337-Est.-B.—The services of Lieutenant C. A. Boyle, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse), are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, for employment with the Frontier Militia, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Coronation Durbar, the 5th December 1911.

No. 154-C.—The privilege leave granted to 2nd class Military Assistant Surgeon W. W. Turner, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, by Notification No. 2940-Est.-A., dated the 19th October 1911, is extended by one week.

No. 157-C.—Major W. E. Scott-Moncrieff, Indian Medical Service, (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for 3 months, combined with furlough for 1 year and 16 days and study leave for 8 months and 14 days, with effect from the 19th November 1911, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Regulations prescribed in the Notification by the Government of India in the Army Department No. 31, dated the 13th January 1911.

No. 158-C.—Captain E. C. Taylor, Indian Medical Service, an Officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Kurram, with effect from the 19th November 1911.

No. 159-C.—Captain H. Crossle, Indian Medical Service, an Officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted, on return from leave, as Civil Surgeon, Miranshah, with effect from the 12th November 1911.

No. 164-C.—Lieutenant G. G. James, Indian Medical Service, Officiating Medical Officer, 96th Berar Infantry, is posted as Mobile Assistant to the Chief Quarantine Medical Officer in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 17th August 1911, and until further orders.

Calcutta, the 8th December 1911.

No. 2642-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Sidney Charles Herbert Robinson, Special Magistrate, Peermaad, being a European British subject, to be a Justice of the Peace within the State of Travancore.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta, the 2nd December 1911.

No. 7195-F. E.-Cal.—Mr. L. S. Deane has been posted as Government Examiner of Accounts, Assam Bengal Railway, with effect from the 4th November 1911.

No. 7196-F. E.-Cal.—Mr. G. W. V. de Rhe Philipe has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Railways, with effect from the 10th November 1911.

The 5th December 1911.

No. 7221-F. E.—Mr. A. D. Butterfield attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North-Western Railway, has been granted privilege leave for 18 days, with effect from the 16th October 1911.

The 8th December 1911.

No. 7266-F. E.—Captain G. H. Willis, R.E., Deputy Mint Master, officiated as Mint Master, Bombay, from the 10th to the 15th November 1911, and Captain H. J. K. Wallis, I.A., officiated as Deputy Mint Master during the same period.

No. 7267-F. E.—With reference to the Notification in this Department No. 7031-F. E., (Simla), dated the 23rd November 1911, it is notified that Lieutenant-Colonel J. Lloyd Jones, I.M.S., held charge of the Bombay Mint in addition to his own duties as Assay Master, Bombay, from the 4th to the 9th November 1911, and again from the 16th to the 21st November 1911.

No. 7270-F. E.—Mr. E. L. Gavaghan has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 15th November 1911.

No. 7271-F. E.—Mr. M. A. Mafeez has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 24th November 1911.

No. 7272-F. E.—Mr. H. P. Iudge has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, with effect from the 20th November 1911.

No. 7273-F. E.—Mr. G. C. Wolfe has been posted as Assistant Comptroller General in charge outside Audit Branch, with effect from the 27th November 1911.

Mr. G. C. Ghose, temporary Chief Superintendent in the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, who was temporarily transferred to the office of the Comptroller and Auditor General has been re-transferred to the former office, with effect from the 27th November 1911.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

MINT.

The 2nd December 1911.

No. 7198-F. Cal.—The following statements showing the position of the Gold Standard Reserve are published for general information :—

I. Statement of receipts, charges and balance of the Reserve on the 30th September 1911.

	Dr. £		Cr. £
Opening balance . . .	19,361,231	Loss on the redemption of 4 per cent. Cape of Good Hope Bonds of the nominal value of £107,500 . . .	2,914
Net profit on coinage . . .	<i>Nil.</i>	Closing balance . . .	19,492,623
Interest on investments including discount on Treasury Bills . . .	134,306		
Total . . .	19,495,537	Total . . .	19,495,537

II. Statement showing the form in which the balance of the Reserve was held on the 30th September 1911.

	£
1. Rupees in India equivalent to	1,934,302
2. Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	1,222,880
3. Securities :—	

	Nominal value. £
British Government 2½ per cent. Consolidated Stock	4,065,770
3 per cent. Local Loan Stock	200,000
3 per cent. Transvaal Government Guaranteed Stock	1,092,023
2½ per cent. Guaranteed Stock Irish Land	438,720
3 per cent. Exchequer Bonds (1912)	600,000
3 per cent. Exchequer Bonds (1915)	3,885,600
Canada Government 3½ per cent. Bonds	489,000
Canada Government 4 per cent. Bonds	81,000
Corporation of London 3½ per cent. Debentures	100,000
Corporation of London 3½ per cent. Debentures	45,000
Union of South Africa Bills	500,000
New Zealand 3½ per cent. Debentures	146,400
New Zealand 3½ per cent. Debentures	45,000
New South Wales 3½ per cent. Inscribed Stock	113,000
New South Wales 4 per cent. Bonds	4,000
Queensland 4 per cent. Inscribed Stock	10,000
Queensland 4 per cent. Bonds	17,000
British Treasury Bills	4,500,000
	<hr/>
	16,932,513 cost price 16,335,441
Total . . .	19,492,623

The 6th December 1911.

No. 7258-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10, sub-section (1), of the Indian Coinage Act, 1906 (III of 1906), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct as follows :—

On and after the 12th December 1911—

- (1) All coins coined under the said Act shall bear on the obverse the crowned effigy of His Majesty King George V with the collars of the Indian Orders, the Star of India and the Indian Empire, and the inscription "George V King-Emperor."

- (2) All silver coins coined under the said Act shall bear on the reverse the word "India" and the year of coinage with the designation of the coins in English above and in Persian below. The embellishments on the reverse shall consist of the rose, shamrock and thistle and the lotus. The rose, shamrock and thistle shall appear on either side of the inscription, and the lotus shall appear above and below.
- (3) All nickel one-anna picces coined under the said Act shall bear on the reverse their designation in English, Urdu, Nagri, Bengali, and Telegu with the word "India" above and the year of coinage below the figure "1."
- (4) All bronze coins coined under the said Act shall bear on the reverse the designation of the coin in English over the word "India" and the year of coinage surrounded by a wreath.

2. The notification of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 6447-A., dated the 5th December 1902, paragraphs 3 and 4 of the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 3895-A., dated the 11th July 1906, and paragraph 3 of the like notification, No. 4597-A., dated the 23rd July 1907, are hereby repealed.

J. S. MESTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT—MILITARY FINANCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 29th November 1911.

No. 1647-Accts.—The services of Captain M. E. Sinclair, 99th Deccan Infantry, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, Military Accounts Department, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 13th November, 1911.

No. 1648-Accts.—The following promotion in the Military Accounts Department is made with effect from the 13th November 1911, *vice* Captain M. E. Sinclair, vacated :—

Captain J. S. Graham, 121st Pioneers, Attached Officer, Military Accounts Department, and Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, sub *pro tem.*, to be Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class (on probation).

The 5th December 1911.

No. 1676-Accts.—Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 1261-Accts., dated the 22nd September 1911, granting privilege leave from the 15th September to the 31st October 1911, to Major E. B. Peacock, I.A., Military Accountant, 3rd class, Military Accounts Department, is cancelled.

No. 1677-Accts.—In Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 1262-Accts., dated the 22nd September 1911, *for* "granted privilege leave" read "on deputation"

W. ASHMORE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PATENTS.

Calcutta, the 9th December 1911.

No. 8962.—Mr. H. G. Graves is appointed Controller of Patents and Designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911), with effect from the 1st January 1912.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 9th December 1911.

No. 8965—137.—Mr. R. T. Gibbs, Director, 3rd class, Temporary, has been granted combined leave for twelve months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege for three months under Article 260, combined with furlough for the remaining period under Article 303 (b) of the above-quoted Regulations, with effect from the 11th October 1911.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 9th December 1911.

No. 8969-3.—The following officiating promotions of officers in the Imperial Customs service are notified, with effect from the 19th November 1911 :—

Name.	From	To
Mr. A. E. Boyd	Assistant Collector, class. III, sub <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Collector, class II, officiating.
Mr. W. W. Nind	Assistant Collector, class V	Assistant Collector, class IV, officiating.
Mr. A. R. Bennett	Probationer	Assistant Collector, class V, officiating.

A. C. MCWATTERS,
for Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 8th December 1911.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 1000.—In Army Department Notification No. 257, dated the 7th April 1911, for "two hundred and eighty-four days," read "two hundred and seventy-nine days."

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1001.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette" dated the 10th November 1911, pages 8162 and 8163.

* * * * *

War Office,

10th November 1911.

* * * * *

Unattached List for Indian Army.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants from the Unattached List, Territorial Force (University candidates), to be Second Lieutenants, with a view to their appointment to the Indian Army. Dated 17th January 1911, but not to carry pay or allowances prior to 11th November 1911 :—

Eric James Dalby McElwaine.

Richard Apjohn FitzGibbon.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

Military Works Services and Public Works Department, India.

No. 1002.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Cecil Collins, Sub-Engineer, 2nd grade, Military Works Services, to be Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, with effect from the 1st November 1911.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 1003.—The following promotions are made:—

28th, Light Cavalry.

Jemadar Thakur Sawant Singh to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Abdul Aziz to be Jemadar, *vice* Yasin Beg, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 17th October 1911.

Ressaidar Malik Sher Shah Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadar Sher Shah Khan to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Muhammad Akbar Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Thakur Pabudan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 17th November 1911.

2nd Queen's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Jemadar Sispal Singh to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Assa Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Lala Singh transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

89th Punjabis.

Jemadar Kuldip Misr to be Subadar and Havildar Ramsurat Misr to be Jemadar, *vice* Ardit Misir transferred to the Pension establishment; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Gajbir Thapa to be Subadar and Havildar-Major An Sing Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Biraj Gurung, deceased; with effect from the 21st October 1911.

74th Punjabis.

No. 1004.—In Army Department Notification No. 815, dated the 29th September 1911, for "Bairiam Singh" read "Wariam Singh."

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 1005.—Brevet Colonel Herbert Ralph Brander, C.B., has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 14th January 1912.

No. 1006.—Lieutenant-Colonel David Simson Buist, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 1st December 1911.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 1007.—Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Henry Bedford, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 18th December 1911.

Military Works Services and Public Works Department, India.

No. 1008.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Samuel Cocksedge, Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, Military Works Services, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 6th November 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Madras Artillery Volunteers, "The Duke's Own". (Electrical Engineer Company.)

No. 1009.—Captain Harry Boyd Peirce resigns his commission. Dated 29th August 1911.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

No. 1010.—Hilary Gilbert Allum to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 26th October 1911.

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 1011.—Captain William Alexander Ferguson to be Major, *vice* D. A. Tyrie, V. D., promoted. Dated 15th June 1911.

Lieutenant Alric Simson to be Captain, *vice* W. A. Ferguson, promoted. Dated 15th June 1911.

Burma Railways Volunteer Corps.

No. 1012.—Lieutenant Charles Inglis Hutton to be Captain, on augmentation. Dated 31st August 1911.

Lieutenant Arthur Esmond Du Pre Moore to be Captain, on augmentation. Dated 31st August 1911.

Second Lieutenant Noel De Courcy Hardwick to be Lieutenant, *vice* C. I. Hutton promoted. Dated 31st August 1911.

Second Lieutenant Sydney Hyde Parker to be Lieutenant, *vice* A. E. Du P. Moore promoted. Dated 31st August 1911.

Second Lieutenant Wilfred Petrocok Field to be Lieutenant, on augmentation. Dated 31st August 1911.

Second Lieutenant James Johnson to be Lieutenant, on augmentation. Dated 31st August 1911.

Edward Arthur Fitzherbert Goodfellow to be Second Lieutenant, on augmentation. Dated 31st August 1911.

John Wharton to be Second Lieutenant, on augmentation. Dated 31st August 1911.

John Richard Donovan Glascott to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* N. De C. Hardwick, promoted. Dated 31st August 1911.

Alexander Joseph Cohen to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* S. H. Parker, promoted. Dated 31st August 1911.

Julian Allen to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* W. P. Field, promoted. Dated 31st August 1911.

Gerald William Devonish Beaman to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* J. Johnson, promoted. Dated 31st August 1911.

Eastern Bengal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1013.—Thomas Cunliffe Tweedie to be Second Lieutenant, to complete the establishment. Dated 1st October 1911.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 8th December 1911.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 95.—With reference to Marine Department Notification No. 80, dated the 9th September 1910, Commander J. J. W. Calderon, Royal Indian Marine, is confirmed in his appointment as Staff Officer, Kidderpore Dockyard; with effect from the 18th August 1910.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD).

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th December 1911.

No. 317.—Mr. H. F. Lockwood, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, with temporary rank in class II, grade 4, of that establishment, with effect from the 12th October 1911, and until further orders.

Railway Board Notification No. 304, dated the 17th November 1911, is hereby cancelled.

No. 318.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 152, dated the 26th May 1911, Mr. H. C. Sparke, Officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, North-Western State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of District Traffic Superintendent in class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 8th October 1911.

No. 319.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 318, dated the 4th December 1911, Mr. A. T. Stowell, District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western State Railway, in class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, officiated in class I as a Deputy Traffic Superintendent from the 8th October to the 4th November 1911, inclusive.

No. 320.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 76, dated the 17th March 1911, and No. 105, dated the 11th April 1911, Mr. A. Upson, Officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, North-Western State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of District Traffic Superintendent, in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 6th November 1911.

No. 321.—Mr. L. W. J. Perkins, Traffic Inspector, North-Western State Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway, with effect from the 1st November 1911, and until further orders.

No. 322.—Mr. W. Beechy, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, reposted to the North-Western State Railway.

The 8th December 1911.

No. 323.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the following reconnaissance surveys being carried out by State Agency for a line of railway on the metre gauge :—

- (i) from Ye to Tavoy,
 - (ii) from Tavoy, *via* Myitta, to Amya,
 - (iii) Moulmein to Three Pagodas, and
 - (iv) Ye to Three Pagodas,
- a total distance of about 350 miles.

These surveys will be known as the Lower Burma Railways Reconnaissance Surveys.

No. 324.—Captain C. J. Clarke, R.E., Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, Calcutta, is appointed Superintendent of Works, Lower Burma Railways Reconnaissance Surveys.

No. 325.—With reference to Notification No. 324, dated 8th December 1911 Mr. W. R. Horn, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, appointed Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, Calcutta.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1911.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 23rd October 1911.

From the 2nd December next till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 25th November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INVENTIONS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1911.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—On the 1st January 1912 the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911) and the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, come into force. Copies of the Act (price, 10 annas) and of the Rules (2 annas) can be obtained at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Applications for patents for inventions and for registration of designs made on or after the 1st January, 1912, must be made on the forms, and accompanied by the fees, prescribed in these Rules. Proceedings on applications made before the 1st January 1912, will be continued under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2133-P.—APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 4th December 1911 :—

- No. 656 of 1911.—Colin Edwards, wheelwright, of 111 Abbey Hey Lann, Higher Openshaw, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster. *Improvements in spanners.*
- No. 657 of 1911.—Arthur William Noble, mill manager, Martin Dunn, carding master and James Cuninghame, engineer, all of the Jacob Sassoon Mills Parel, Bombay, British India. *Improvements in waste preventers for carding engines.*
- No. 658 of 1911.—Virsangappa bin Satapa Patil, house-holder, residing in Sholapur, district Sholapur, Bombay Presidency. *Water-heater.*
- No. 659 of 1911.—The Mills Equipment Company Limited, manufacturers, of 72 Victoria street, Westminster, London, S. W., England. *Improvements in or relating to military equipments.*
- No. 660 of 1911.—The Mills Equipment Company Limited, manufacturers, of 72 Victoria street, Westminster, London, S. W., England. *Improvements in or relating to military equipments.*
- No. 661 of 1911.—Robert Lee Ziller, scientist and philanthropist, of 912 Congress Avenue, Austin, Travis county, Texas, United States of America. *A protector for containers of inflammable explosive fluids.*
- No. 662 of 1911.—Walter Eugene Debrunner, engineer, of the British Engineering Company, 47 Bentinck street, Calcutta, British India. *Improvements in or relating to internal combustion engines.*
- No. 663 of 1911.—John Ashford, superintendent, Central Workshop Division, P.W.D., Amritsar, Punjab, and Stephen Leggett, assistant superintendent, Central Workshop Division, P.W.D., Amritsar, Punjab. *Pneumatic or buoyancy weir shutters.*
- No. 664 of 1911.—John Ashford, superintendent of the Central Workshop Division, P.W.D., Amritsar, Punjab. *Improvements in and relating to the mechanism for raising and lowering sluice gates.*
- No. 665 of 1911.—Arthur Edwin Lamkin, electrical engineer, of 226 Mitchen road, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, England, and Leonard George Godwin, gentleman, of 224 Mitchen road, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, England. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture and use of oil gas.*
- No. 666 of 1911.—Peter Logan Raeburn Fraser, engineer, of 119 Victoria street, London, S. W., England. *An improved automatic magnetic switch specially suitable for varying the field currents of train lighting and similar dynamos.*

- No. 667 of 1911.—Johann Secundus Kruse, Koeniglich Preussischer professor, of 48 Elm Park Gardens, in the county of London, England. *Improvements in and relating to enamel or like compositions.*
- No. 668 of 1911.—Augusta Meriel Melville-Hamilton, of Robe Terrace, Medindie, state of South Australia, in the commonwealth of Australia. *Improvements in or relating to water bottles or water bags.*
- No. 669 of 1911.—Robert Brown, soap manufacturer, of Donaghmore, county Tyrone, Ireland. *Improvements relating to the manufacture of soap.*
- No. 670 of 1911.—John Alston Hart, engineer, of Springfield, Shearbank road, Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, in the Kingdom of England. *Apparatus for producing interaction between liquids and gases or vapours.*
- No. 671 of 1911.—John Henry Messenger, gentleman, of 36 Beaumont street, Portland Place, London. *Improvements in pneumatic tyres.*
- No. 672 of 1911.—Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Limited, 43 Fetter lane, London, E. C., England. *A new or improved method for composing and casting types in semitic languages.*
- No. 673 of 1911.—Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Limited, 43 Fetter lane, London, E. C., England. *Improvements in or relating to the casting and composing of single types in semitic languages.*
- No. 674 of 1911.—Harald Immanuel Hannover, professor, of the Royal Technical College, Director of the Danish States Testing Laboratory, of Malmogade No. 9, Copenhagen, Denmark. *Method for producing so-called pore-metals.*
- No. 675 of 1911.—John Birch Neesham, engineer, of 36 Cumlodden Drive, Maryhill, Glasgow, Scotland. *Improvements in moulding machines.*

No. 2134-P.—SPECIFICATIONS of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Burma and the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. These and other specifications are open to public inspection from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily, and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Secretary's office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying:—

- No. 108 of 1911.—Franz Bajer, engineer, Director der K. K. Fachschule fur Weberie, at Prossnitz, Moravia, Austria. *Apparatus for forming weavers knots.* (Specification filed 30 August 1911.)
- No. 138 of 1911.—Achille Bertelli, Engineer, of 18, Via Cairoli, Brescia, Italy. *Improvements in and connected with pumps.* (Specification filed 10 November 1911.)
- No. 155 of 1911.—The Cedford Gas Process Company, Limited, of 7 Great Winchester street, London, E. C., England. *Improvements in and connected with the catalytic synthesis of methane.* (Specification filed 21 November 1911.)
- No. 422 of 1911.—Robert Williams, gentleman and landholder, 18, The Mall, Agra. *A sanitary self-emptying dust-bin.* (Specification filed 24 November 1911.)
- No. 444 of 1911.—Moritz Khan, civil engineer, of Caxton House, Westminster, London, England. *Improved shoe for piles made of concrete or other plastic material.* (Specification filed 20 November 1911.)
- No. 473 of 1911.—Blaugas-Patent-Gesellschaft m. b. H., of Augsburg, in the German Empire. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of illuminating gas and apparatus therefor.* (Specification filed 28 November 1911.)
- No. 537 of 1911.—Armand Puech, engineer, of France (Tarn), and Henri Chabal, of France, (Seine). *Improvements in or connected with filtering liquids.* (Specification filed 23 November 1911.)

No. 2135-P.—THE fees prescribed in the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs, Act of 1888 have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each:—

- No. 212 of 1902.—F. Lobnitz. *Improvements connected with rock cutting apparatus.* (From 6 January 1912 to 6 January 1913.)

- No. 389 of 1902.—S. Zielenziger. *Improvements in incandescent gas lamps.* (From 16 December 1911 to 16 December 1912.)
- No. 497 of 1904.—W. Dieselhorst and A. W. Martin. *Improved manufacture of electric cables.* (From 4 January 1912 to 4 January 1913.)
- No. 473 of 1905.—W. Kennedy. *Improvements in apparatus for bending metal tubes, rods and the like.* (From 19 December 1911 to 19 December 1912.)
- No. 462 of 1906.—Ozonair Ltd. *Improved apparatus for ozonising atmospheric air.* (From 3 December 1911 to 3 December 1912.)
- No. 591 of 1906.—R. Arbon and J. Masters. *Improvements in or relating to rotary pumps.* (From 26 January 1912 to 26 January 1913.)
- No. 127 of 1907.—W. S. Hamm. *Switch lamps.* (From 18 December 1911 to 18 December 1912.)
- No. 128 of 1907.—W. S. Hamm. *Signal lamps.* (From 18 December 1911 to 18 December 1912.)
- No. 408 of 1907.—W. Tice. *Improvements in the lids of nightsoil carts and the like.* (From 16 December 1911 to 16 December 1912.)
- No. 473 of 1907.—S. C. Roy. *Improved smokeless kerosene lamp without chimney.* (From 27 November 1911 to 27 November 1912.)

No. 2136-P.—WHEREAS the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay, within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, the fees hereinafter respectively mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2), of the said Act, the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased:—

- No. 121 of 1907.—K. M. Kirkhope. *Increasing the flexibility of buffers and couplings as used in railways, tramways, etc.* (Specification filed 31 August 1907.)
- No. 130 of 1907.—Ralli Brothers. *Improvements in screening or sifting machines operated on by a wheel or otherwise for sifting seeds and wheat and for other material.* (Specification filed 29 August 1907.)
- No. 241 of 1907.—A. Whyte. *Improvements in tea pots, coffee pots and such like vessels.* (Specification filed 27 August 1907.)
- No. 253 of 1906.—G. E. Lillie. *An automatic catch siding points controller for hill railways.* (Specification filed 28 August 1907.)
- No. 298 of 1907.—T. Parker. *Improvements in and relating to fuel.* (Specification filed 27 August 1907.)
- No. 345 of 1907.—C. King. *Improvements in elastic wheel-tyres.* (Specification filed 28 August 1907.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of ₹50 for each of the above inventions.

- No. 406 of 1905.—The Muir Mills Company, Limited and A. H. Arbuthnot. *An improved valise tent.* (Specification filed 31 August 1906.)
- No. 81 of 1906.—J. H. Wagenhorst. *Improvements in means for securing blades or vanes of elastic-fluid turbines.* (Specification filed 28 August 1906.)
- No. 82 of 1906.—E. E. Arnold. *Improvements in means for securing blades or vanes of elastic-fluid turbines.* (Specification filed 28 August 1906.)
- No. 83 of 1906.—E. E. Arnold. *Improvements in means for securing blades or vanes of elastic-fluid turbines.* (Specification filed 28 August 1906.)
- No. 84 of 1906.—C. E. Sweet. *Improvements in means for securing blades or vanes of elastic-fluid turbines.* (Specification filed 28 August 1906.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

- 4 (b) After the expiration of the fourth year and before the expiration of the fifth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of ₹50 for the above invention.

No. 22 of 1905.—The Simplex Concrete Piling Company. *Improvements in the construction of concrete piles and in preparatory piles to be used therefor.* (Specification filed 25 August 1905.)

No. 139 of 1905.—A. Smallwood. *Improvements in the means for generating and applying heat for steam boilers, furnaces and other purposes.* (Specification filed 29 August 1905.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (c) After the expiration of the fifth year and before the expiration of the sixth year from the date of the filing of the specification—

The sum of ₹50 for the above invention.

No. 52 of 1902.—E. J. Wood. *Improvements in axle boxes.* (Specification filed 27 August 1902.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

4 (f) After the expiration of the eighth year and before the expiration of the ninth year from that date.

The sum of ₹100 for the above invention.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room open, 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for leave to file specifications and for registration of designs under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888), or in continuation of such applications, should be addressed to the Patents Secretary, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Act Manual. (Price ₹1 or 1s. 6d.)

3. *Fees* payable under the fourth and sixth schedules are payable in *cash* and must be received in the office within the times allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it would be preferable to have them sent by money-order payable at Calcutta to the Patents Secretary.

4. *Trade marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Inventions and Designs Act.

5. *Applications* made under the Act are placed for inspection in the public room for 10 days from the date of the *Gazette of India* in which their filing has been notified.

6. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified as filed in the *Gazette of India* may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price.
	₹ a.
(a) Act Manual, comprising the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) and an explanatory memorandum and directions for the guidance of parties applying for the protection of inventions or designs	₹ 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911)	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900—1908, and chronological list, 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910	1 0 each.
(g) Quarterly index, January to March, April to June and July to September 1911	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Secretary under the Inventions and
Designs Act, V of 1888.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 20, Park Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price ₹6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price ₹3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price ₹3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price ₹3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price ₹2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price ₹7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price ₹4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price ₹6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price ₹5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price ₹5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price ₹2-8.

* N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are —
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	₹ 8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	₹ 8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE No. 49.

Sealed tenders for the supply of the following articles required from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913, will be received and opened by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at 12 noon on the dates and places noted against each. Tenders presented elsewhere will be considered as liable to be informal:—

Articles.	Station where required.	Probable requirement.	Earnest money deposit.	DATE AND PLACE OF OPENING OF TENDERS.	
				Date.	Place.
		lbs.	Rs.		
Meat, fresh .	Quetta .	{ Beef 1,200,000	3,220	13th December 1911.	Quetta.
		{ Mutton 211,000			
	Karachi .	{ Beef 400,000	1,000	18th December 1911.	Karachi.
		{ Mutton 15,000			
	Hyderabad	{ Beef 200,000	500	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
		{ Mutton 40,000			
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Karachi .	450,000	350	18th December 1911.	Ditto.
Potatoes, fresh and of regulation sizes.	Hyderabad	200,000	190	18th December 1911.	Ditto.

2. For forms of tender on payment of rupee one per set and other particulars please apply to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division, Quetta, or the Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA :
The 30th October 1911.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 5th December 1911.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th November 1911.

[illegible]

There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 30th November 1911.

The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 30th November 1911 to 290 lakhs in coined rupees.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 30th November 1911 to 290 lakhs in coined rupees.

R. W. GILLAN,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th November 1911.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS						4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL.
		of 1894-95.	of 1895.	of 1896.	of 1900-01.	Total.	...	of 1893-94.	of 1894-95.	of 1894-95.	Transfer of 1895.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1899.	Total.	TRANSFER OF LOAN OF 1899. 4½ PER CENT. PORTION.	Total.	
Balance of 15th November 1911.	40,89,900	1,24,31,600	7,49,34,900	1,85,12,300	96,46,100	21,06,900	...	11,76,31,700	6,933	5,000	...	50,533	...	28,500	12,18,30,633	
<i>Add—</i>																
Amount of transferred to London . . . . .	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Convention under Notification No. 662A, dated 24 November 1908, up to 27th October 1911 . . . . .	..	...	...	...	...	9,000	...	9,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,000
Amount enfaced at Madras up to . . . . .	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 11th November 1911 . . . . .	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 30th November 1911 . . . . .	..	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,000
<i>Deduct—</i>																
Amount written off in the London Registers	40,89,900	1,24,31,600	7,49,35,900	1,85,12,300	96,46,100	21,15,900	...	11,76,61,700	6,933	5,000	...	50,533	...	28,500	12,18,30,633	
	10,300	35,600	25,000	66,100	1,51,400	37,000	...	3,15,100	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,25,000
Balance on 30th November 1911.	40,79,400	1,23,96,000	7,49,30,900	1,84,46,100	94,94,700	20,78,900	...	11,73,46,600	9,033	5,000	...	50,533	...	28,500	12,15,05,033	

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 30th Sept. 1911 Enfaced from India 12,171 lakhs, re-transferred from London

1st Oct. 1911	1 lakh	12,998 lakhs.
16th " "	..	3 lakhs.
1st Nov. " "	..	3 "
16th " "	..	3 "
30th " "	..	3 "
		12,998 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 2nd December 1911.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 4th December 1911.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	2,33,17,695	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,79,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	74,38,527	12	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	83,72,820	12	8	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	3,45,06,440	7	2
Public Deposits at Branches	1,43,26,197	0	7	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	4,59,76,985	14	3
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,47,81,592	0	3	Bills discounted and purchased	3,75,93,920	5	10
Bank Post Bills, etc. . . .	7,47,350	12	4	Balances with other Banks	30,45,915	8	4
Sundries	19,04,375	6	4	Bullion	22,03,266	5	6
				Dead Stock	12,839	1	5
				Stamps	61,230	0	4
				Sundries			
					15,41,56,820	6	10
RUPES	23,80,32,336	0	2	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	3,93,05,278	7	0
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	4,45,70,237	2	4
					8,38,75,515	9	4
				RUPES	23,80,32,336	0	2

* Includes Sovs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Sovs., value Rs. 1,91,145 0 0

† Do. do. do. Rs. 86,230 0 0

Rs. 10,77,375 0 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 6th December 1911.H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 41'91.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

		POWDER.	
		Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.
		R a. p.	R a. p.
16-oz. tins		5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "		2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "		1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE NO. 39 OF 1911.

In the matter of Suna Anna Perumal Naiker.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Suna Anna Perumal Naiker an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 22nd day of November 1911.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 22nd day of November 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE NO. 79 OF 1911.

In the matter of Frank Marschner, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Frank Marschner, Supervisor of B. I. S. N. Co., residing at No. 45, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 20th day of November 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Frank Marschner.

RANGOON ;
The 21st day of November 1911.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE NO. 80 OF 1911.

In the matter of Noel Clement Chatterji, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Noel Clement Chatterji, Sanitary Inspector, Rangoon Municipality, residing at No. 28A, 42nd Street, Rangoon on the 28th day of November 1911, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Noel Clement Chatterji.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 29th day of November 1911.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE NO. 81 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Ba Choe, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Choe, clerk of No. 18, Oliphant Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of November 1911 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Choe.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

RANGOON ;
The 1st day of December 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
491—1911	Lalobhai Tribhowandas Kansara.	Hindu.	Kansara Chawl, Pydhowni.	Lately repairer of copper and brass utensils and maker of weights and measures in partnership with Thakordas Tribhowandas and Chotalal Tribhowandas under the name, style, and firm of Tribhowandas Narotumdas and now unemployed.	15th	November.	1911	16th	November.	1911
489—1911	Pursharam Kestow Velankar.	"	Jugonnath's Chawl, Fanaswadi, Girgaum.	Bunder Muccadum.	"	"	"	"	"	"
490—1911	Bahaji Narayen alias Nana Matray and Ramchander Babaji Matray.	"	Upper Mahim (Gajanan Nathoo's Chawl.)	1st Debtor bricklayer in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway's Engineering Department and the 2nd Debtor fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway's workshop.	"	"	"	"	"	"
492—1911	George Thomas Rozario.	Eurasian.	Esuf Building near Crawford Market.	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office.	16th	"	"	"	"	"
493—1911	Luxumon Baboo Savat.	Hindu.	Dadoba Bhaskerjis wadi Worli 1st Pakhadi.	Erection fitter in the employ of the Century Mills Co., Ltd.	17th	"	"	17th	"	"
494—1911	Dorabji Bomanji Billimoria and Pestonji Bomanji Billimoria.	Parsee.	No. 131, opposite 13th Lane, Khetwadi.	1st Debtor lately carrying on business as commission agent in his own name and now unemployed and the 2nd Debtor lately carrying on business as Electrical contractor and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

95—1911	Russod Guffoor Sooni Vora and Jamal Guffoor Sooni Vora.	Mahomedani	No. 30, Khandia Street near two tanks.	Lately dealers in milk and now unemployed.	18th	"	"	"	"
496—1911	Balkrishna Sacooji Rao	Hindu	No. 54, Kali Chowki near Chinchpooji.	Lately jobber in the New City Bombay Mill and now unemployed.	20th	"	"	"	"
497—1911	Golam Hossain Meherally Khoja	Mahomedan	Sidi Gully	Lately carpenter in the employ of D. B. Dinshaw and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
499—1911	Ahmed Mahomed Memon	"	Khoka Bazar (Shurufali Vora's house).	Lately dealer in oilman stores, etc., in partnership with Esmail Mahomed in the name of Guny Mahomed and now unemployed.	21st	"	"	"	"
498—1911	Tar Mahomed, Cassum Khoja	"	Parel Lalwadi	Lately dealer in cloth and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
500—1911	Ebram Jamal Khoja	"	Ditto	Lately dealer in cloth and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
501—1911	Narayendas Hariwan Thucker	Hindu	Bhendy Bazar (Mithaiwala's Nalla).	Lately carrying on business as dealer in his own name at Dhanoo (Thana District) and in the name of Mohaulal Narayendas at Bombay and now unemployed.	21st	"	"	"	"
503—1911	Narsoo Lingoo Aurgnuda	"	Kamatipura Lane, No. 6 Boree's house.	Lately moulder in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, and now unemployed.	22nd	"	"	"	"
504—1911	Keshowran alias Keshow Potdar and Balaram Nathoba Potdar.	"	Mcoghat and Nos. 29 and 31, and Koombarwada respectively.	Goldsmiths	23rd	"	"	"	"
505—1911	Peter A. De Souza	Portuguese	Mahim (No. 75 Padri's Oart)	Compounder in the service of Dr. Dadarkar.	"	"	"	"	"
506—1911	Atmaram Yeshwant Malup	Hindu	Nigaum (Jyani Muldeo Punjaram's house.)	Jobber in the Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company, Limited, Spring Mills, Nigaum Road, Dadar.	24th	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
507—1911	Jusraj Amba Khoja and Nujrally Jusraj Khoja.	Mahomedan	Durga Molla (Dawood Taja's house).	Formerly petty dealers in empty kerosine tin boxes and now 1st Debtor servant in the employ of Bachoo Ali and the 2nd Debtor hawker in empty tin boxes.	24th	November	1911	24th	November	1911
508—1911	Elias Zuzya DeSilva and his wife Ritu Elias DeSilva.	East Indian	Sion Agurwada	Debtor lately boiler maker in the employ of Messrs. Richardson and Crudas and now both unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
509—1911	Bapuji Dayanath Jaiker	Hindu	No. 2 Kakadwadi	Lately clerk in the employ of Messrs. Duxbury & Co., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
510—1911	Dewchand Lalchand Kansara	"	1st Bhoiwada (Jeewan Ram-chander Bhoi's Chawl).	Coppersmith	25th	"	"	25th	"	"
511—1911	Chunilal Sivlal Sha	"	Jambli Molla (Vanmati Jeewa's house.)	Lately petty dealer in cloth and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
512—1911	Chutterbooj Hirachand Sha	"	Kika Street (Khoja's malla)	Lately carrying on business as tailors and outfitters under the name of C. H. Mehta and Company and also as Chutterbooj Harichand and now unemployed.	27th	"	"	28th	"	"
513—1911	Mary Leech, widow of S. Leech	European	5, Grant Buildings, Colaba	Lately private boarding house keeper and now unemployed.	28th	"	"	"	"	"
502—1911	Raloobahi Karsondas Kansara	Hindu	No. 58-60, 1st Bhoiwada	Pearl Borer	21st	"	"	"	"	"

514—1911	Bawa Sab Shabudin Khalifa <i>alias</i> Adum Khan Allykhan and Mahomed Baba Sab Khalifa.	Mahomedan	Narielwadi, Tank Bunder	1st Debtor Engine Driver in the Bombay Port Trust and the 2nd Debtor fitter in the Dawood Sassoon's Mills.	28th	"	"	"	"	"	"
515—1911	Shapurji Beramji Gonda <i>alias</i> Woodwadawala.	Parsee	No. 118, 3rd Marine Lines	Parsee Priest	29th	"	"	"	"	"	"
516—1911	Moolji Anandji Sha and Passow Parbat Sha.	Hindu	Mandvi Bunder	Lately carrying on business in partnership with Madan Anandji as cottonseed and gunny bags merchant under the name of Mansi Moolji in Bombay, Hoogly, Barsi and Latoor and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
517—1911	Rambhawn Luxumon Ravut	"	No. 27, Girgaum	Timber marker in the employ of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	30th	"	"	"	"	"	"
518—1911	Mahomed Hassun Moola Abdul Rahim Kokni.	Mahomedan	No. 171, Khandia Street	Teacher in the Madrasi Mahomedia School.	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
519—1911	Haji Mahomed Dehdashti Mogul	"	No. 14, Frere Road	Lately carrying on business as Commission Agent and also speculator in silver and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate, and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 1st day of December 1911.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 23RD TO 30TH NOVEMBER 1911.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.															COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.				SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.							Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coins coined and paid over.	Closing balance.	
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and un-current coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	TOTAL.								
Calcutta	...	9	...	9	8	...	8	...	90	11	13	7	121	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	...	3	...	3	19	...	19	...	200	...	36	3	239	60	45	122	...	...	...

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . . 46

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ;
Calcutta, the 8th December 1911.

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

(In all cases where reference is made to Chapters, Sections, pages or lines, thus Chapters I—IX, the reference is to be understood as inclusive.)

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, 1914.

ENGLISH.

The following works are recommended to indicate the standard up to which students will be expected to have read :—

Prose.

Lal Bihari De...	...	Folk Tales of Bengal.
H. L. Havell	...	Stories from the Odyssey (G. Harrop).
Scott	...	Readings from the Waverley Novels, Vols. I and II (published by Messrs. Sarkar & Co.).
Kingsley	...	Heroes.
Defoe	...	Robinson Crusoe.
G. Kupfer	...	Legends of Greece and Rome (G. Harrop).
Arabian Nights, edited by Andrew Lang (Longmans, Green & Co.).		
Animal Story Book, edited by Andrew Lang (Longmans, Green & Co.).		
Washington Irving	...	Rip Van Winkle; Legend of the Sleepy Hollow.
Grimm	...	Popular Stories.
Lamb's Tables from Shakespeare.		
Hunter	...	Readings from Indian History, Part III.
Gould	...	Youth's Noble Path.

Poetry.

Lahiri's Select Poems, Revised edition, published by the Calcutta University.		
Macauley	...	Lays of Ancient Rome.
Jennings	...	English Poems, Part I (Macmillan).
Palgrave	...	Children's Treasury, Part I (Macmillan).

VERNACULAR COMPOSITION.

BENGALI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Iswarachandra Vidyasagar	...	Sitar Banabas.
Rajanikanta Gupta	...	Pratibha.
Chandranath Basu	...	Sanjam-Siksha.
Tarakumar Kaviratna	...	Katha Sar (omitting the poetical portions).
Dineschandra Sen	...	Jarabharat.
Bireswar Pande	...	Aryya Siksha.

HINDI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Balbharat	...	Indian Press, Allahabad.
Upadesa Kusumakar (excluding Poetry pieces) Khadgavilas Press, Bankipur.		

URIA.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Mrityunjay Kavyatirtha	...	Prabandhapatha.
Madhusudan Rao	...	Prabandhamala.

ASSAMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Satyanath Borah	...	Sahitya-bichar.
Lakshminath Bezborah	...	Sadhu Kathar Kuki.
Hemchandra Baruah	...	Pathamala.

BURMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Mahazanakka.
Withandaya.
Temi.

URDU.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

1. Urdu-i-Mualla.
2. Ibn-ul-Waqt.
3. Binatun Nash.
4. Aina-i-Ibrat, by a daughter of Maulvi Obeidullah.
5. Ek Khatun ki Musibatain by Akhtar.
6. Bagh-o-Bahar.

MATHEMATICS.

No text-books are prescribed or recommended. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the Syllabus prescribed in the Regulations of the University.

SANSKRIT.

The following portions of the Calcutta University Sanskrit Selections for 1911 :—

Part I.

Panchatantram and Hitopadesa	...	...	Pages 1—3, 29—84.
Vishnupurānam	...	...	„ 97—108.

Part II.

Sitaharanam	...	...	Pages 117—135.
Dhritarashtra Bilāpa	...	...	„ 199—209.

GRAMMAR.

Elementary Sanskrit Grammar published by the University.

PALI.

Prose.

Andersen's Pali Reader	...	Pages 1—43, omitting Radha Jātaka, Nacosa Jātaka and Sussondi Jātaka.
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Poetry.

Dipavamsa	...	Bhanavaras, I—V.
Khuddaka Pāṭha	...	Mangala Sutta.

Grammar.

Balavatara	...	Edited by Mr. Dharmananda Kosambi (in preparation).
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Classical Tibetan, 1913 and 1914.

Course of Studies in Classical Tibetan ... Dr. E. D. Ross, PH. D.

PERSIAN, 1913 AND 1914.

University Selections compiled and edited by Dr. E. D. Ross, PH. D., for the Matriculation Examination.

PERSIAN GRAMMAR.

The following books are recommended :—

Dastur-i-Parsi-Amoz, Part I, or Miftah-ul-Quwaid.

ARABIC 1913 AND 1914.

University Selections compiled and edited by Dr. E. D. Ross, PH. D.

ARABIC GRAMMAR.

A book on Arabic Grammar to be published by the University for the Matriculation and Intermediate Examinations.

HEBREW.

(To be notified hereafter.)

ARMENIAN.

Elishe's History of the War of the Vardanians, Parts I and II.
 Elishe Vardapiet Doorian's "Course of Classical Armenian," Part I (Prose and Verse).

GREEK.

Xenophon	...	...	Anabasis, Book I.
Lucian	...	...	Vera Historia, Book I (School Edition).
Euripides	...	...	Troades.
New Testament	...	...	The Gospel according to St. Mark, Chapters I—VI.

LATIN.

Cæsar	...	...	De bello Gallico, Books III and IV.
Virgil	...	...	Aeneid, Book I.

FRENCH.

Saintine	...	...	Picciola, ed. by Roper.
Spencer	...	...	First Book of French Poetry.

BENGALI.

(For female candidates.)

Mankumari Basu	...	...	Subha-Sādhanā.
Akshyakumar Datta	...	...	Charupatha, Part II.
Hemchandra Banerjee	...	...	Bharat-Bhiksha.

GRAMMAR.

Any of the following :—

Nakuleswar Vidyabhushan	...	Bengali Grammar (new edition).
Prasannaachandra Vidyaratna	...	Sahitya Prabes.
Hrishikesh Sastri	...	Bengali Grammar.
Matilal Chakrabarti	...	Sahityabodh Vyākaraṇ.
Jagabandhu Modak	...	Bengali Grammar.

HISTORY.

History of India.

The following books on Indian History are recommended to indicate the standard of knowledge required :—

Adharchandra Mookerjee	...	A Short History of the Indian People, revised edition, 1910.
Haraprasad Sastri	...	History of India (revised edition, 1907 or later).
Sir William Hunter	...	Brief History of the Indian Peoples.
R. C. Dutt	...	A Brief History of Ancient and Modern India
A. F. Rudolf Hoernle and H. A. Stark	...	History of India (Hindu Period only).
C. R. Wilson	...	History of India, revised edition (British Period only).
Karim and Ghosh	...	Students' History of India (revised edition, 1910.)
Vincent A. Smith	...	The Students' History of India.
M. Prothero and Vidyabhushan	...	Primer of the History of India.

Administration and Progress of India under British Rule.—

N. N. Ghose	...	England's Work in India.
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GEOGRAPHY.

The following books are recommended as indicating the methods of study and the standard of knowledge required :—

A. J. Herbertson	...	The Oxford Geographies, Vol. II.
Blanford	...	The Rudiments of Physical Geography for the use of Indian Schools.

The World with fuller treatment of India (Longman's Geographical Series for India, Book II).

Blanford ... Elementary Geography of India, Burma and Ceylon.

J. F. Unstead ... The Practical Geography, Parts I and II.

The following book is recommended for the use of teachers in connection with the teaching of "Sand Modelling" in the lower classes of schools:—

A. E. Frye ... The Child and Nature.

Every school that intends to undertake instruction in Geography for the Matriculation Examination is required to possess the apparatus mentioned in the following list:—

I.—The total cost need not exceed Rs. 150—

1. A measuring tape.
2. A magnetic compass.
3. Squared paper and tracing paper.
4. Clay, dry sand, paper pulp or plasticine for modelling.
5. A globe, not less than 14 inches in diameter, with writing surface, and with lines of latitude and longitude, and outlines only of the land-masses, marked upon it.
6. A map of the school locality on a scale of 4' or 6' = 1 mile.
7. A map of the district in which the school is situated on the scale 1' = 1 mile.
8. A map of the Division in which the school is situated on the scale 1' = 4 miles.
9. A map of the Province.
10. A map of India.

(N.B.—All these maps should be coloured to indicate the height of the land above sea-level.)

11. A relief map of India.
 12. Maps of India showing the most important distributions, e.g., Temperature and Rainfall, Density of Population, Forest, Pasture, and Agricultural land, Minerals, Industries, Railways and Canals, Political Divisions.
 13. Physical maps of the continents and of the British Isles.
- It is essential that the students should be provided with atlases, or with the necessary hand-maps. Maps for school work should not contain too much detail, or be crowded with names.

II.—The following additional equipment is recommended when it can be provided:—

1. A wet and dry bulb thermometer.
2. A barometer.
3. A rain gauge.
4. A large globe coloured to indicate land relief and ocean depths.
5. A relief globe.
6. Small hand globes for the use of pupils.
7. Hand maps for use in class.
- *8. A relief map of the Province.
9. A map of the World on Mollweide's equal area projection.
10. A geological map of India.
11. A small collection of typical rocks, in particular those of the Province and of India.
12. A small museum of typical products.
13. The Statistical Atlas of India.
14. A good standard atlas.
15. A meteorological atlas.
16. Mill's International Geography.
17. A geographical gazetteer.
18. Geographical wall pictures.

The total cost of this supplementary equipment need not exceed Rs. 400, and can be reduced if schools will make their own collections of rocks and typical products.

III. (1) Valuable information regarding geographical equipment and all other matters connected with the teaching of geography is to be found in the Geographical Teacher, the organ of the Geographical Association, published three times a year, at one shilling a copy.

(2) Globes of all kinds are made by George Philip and Son, London, W. and A. K. Johnston, London, and Messrs. Ruddiman Johnston, London.

* The attention of teachers is requested to the raised maps of Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam made of paper pulp prepared by Babu Kailas Chandra Datta, Head Pandit, Habiganj Government Girls' School, Sylhet, and sold for Rs. 7 and Rs. 5, respectively.

Small hand Globes of German make can be obtained through the Calcutta School Book Society for about a rupee each.

(3) The "Comparative" series of large wall maps of the continents published by George Philip and Son is good and up to date; so also are the Orographical wall maps published by Edward Stanford. Messrs. Ruddiman Johnston publish a series of smaller wall maps which includes maps of India illustrating various distributions.

Messrs. Nelson's wall atlases are good. Mr. S. B. Chatterjee publishes District maps; also ordinary and relief maps of the Provinces.

Babu L. M. Basu, the drawing master of the Dacca Collegiate School, has published good relief maps of Eastern Bengal and Assam and of India.

The Vidal-Lablache French wall maps on strong card board, named on one side, and the same map without names on the reverse, published by Armand Colin, Paris, are good and cheap. They measure 46 inches by 39 inches and can be delivered in Calcutta for Rs. 4-14 each.

(4) The hand maps, coloured to indicate relief, published by the Diagram Company West Barnes Lane, New Malden Surrey, at one penny each, are the best of their kind.

The uncoloured half-penny maps, showing river systems and a few towns, published by the same Company, are excellent for class use.

The Autograph hand maps, with hill shading in brown, published by Edward Stanford London, at one penny each, are very good and are larger than the Diagram Company's hand maps. The 15 inches map of the world on Mollweide's equal area projection is especially to be commended.

(5) Wall pictures of considerable artistic merit are published by Messrs. Edward Arnold of Leeds, Messrs. Hachette of Paris, and Messrs. Hölzel of Vienna. They cost, delivered in India, from two to three rupees each.

Map lantern slides, and view slides especially prepared for geography teaching, are sold by the Diagram Company for two or three shillings each.

6. The best meteorological atlas published in Britain is Bartholomew's, and the most recent geographical gazetteer in English is that published by J. B. Lippincott of Philadelphia and London.

ELEMENTARY MECHANICS.

The following book is recommended:—

Sir Philip Magnus ... *Elementary Mechanics* (Longmans 1903).

The following list of apparatus is prescribed as indicating the approximate requirements of a recognised High School seeking to teach Elementary Mechanics for the Matriculation Examination:—

Plumb-line and level.
Simple Lever (including brass slotted weights).
Roman Steelyard.
Lecture apparatus for experiments on moments.
George's New Atwood's Machine
Stop-watch.
Glazebrooke's apparatus (to demonstrate movement of a body).
Hick's Ballistic Balance.
Compound Wheel and Axle.
4 Single brass Pulleys.
2 " " "
2 Triple " "
Weston Differential Pulley Blocks ($\frac{1}{2}$ ton).
16 feet of chain at 6d. per foot.
Inclined Plane.
Parallelogram of Forces apparatus.
Wall Crane.
Becker's New Physical Balance.
Set of Gramme Weights (200 grams to 1 mgr.)
2 Composition-Ivory Balls.

NOTE.—The above list is not exhaustive, and much of it might be replaced by simpler forms that could probably be made far more cheaply by any clever *mistry* under proper supervision. In most cases, however, it will probably be found advantageous to buy such a set as indicated in the list specially for demonstration purposes, and subsequently to develop simplified duplicates, illustrating the same principles, which the boys should be given opportunity actually to experiment with on their own individual accounts or working in pairs.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar, Calcutta University.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 24th November 1911.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

(In all cases where reference is made to Chapters, Sections, Pages or Lines, thus Chapter I—IX, the reference is to be understood as inclusive.)

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1914.

ENGLISH.

Poetry.

Wordsworth	...	...	Selections to be compiled and published by the University.
Gray	...	...	Elegy.
Milton	...	...	L'Allegro; II Penseroso.
Cowper	...	...	Task, Book I.

Prose.

Froude	...	...	English Seamen of the Sixteenth Century.
Lubbock	...	...	Peace and Happiness.
Macaulay	...	...	Essay on Addison.

A paper will be set on Essay, Prosody and Rhetoric, and some questions will be set on unseen passages from works of the same standard of difficulty as those prescribed for the Matriculation Examination.

BENGALI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Iswarchandra Vidyasagar	...	...	Mahābhārat, Anukramanika and Parba-sangraha Adhyāya.
Kaliprasanna Ghose	...	...	Prabhātechintā.
Sasibhushan Sen	...	...	Karmakshetra.
Haranath Basu	...	...	Lalit Prasanga.
Hemchandra Bidyaratna	...	...	Nala Charit.
Jaladhar Sen	...	...	Himālayā.

HINDI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Harishchandra	...	...	Charitavali.
Prapatnarayan Misra	...	...	Sangit Shakuntal.
Gadadhar Singh	...	...	Kadambari.
Lala Sitaram	...	...	Nitibatika.

ASSAMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Selections from Katha Bhagavat.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|
| 1. Brahmar Moha-nāsa. | \| | 2. Sāmanta Harana. |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|

Selections from Jonaki.

- | | | |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|
| 1. Jivaner Amiya. | \| | 2. Mānava-mahatva. |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|

Selections from Usha.

- | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 1. Sarai Ghater Yuddha. | \| | 2. Dhana aru dhanar vyavahara. |
| 3. Jivaner uddesya ki ? | | |

BURMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

- | | | |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 1. Maha-Janaka Jataka Vathu. | \| | 4. U. Ponya Myttaza. |
| 2. Vedura-Jataka Vathu. | | 5. Mahalankara Vathu. |
| 3. Sandakumara Jataka Vathu. | | 6. Thamane Gyaw Loba Vathu. |

URIA.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Charupath, Part III, translated by Bichhanda Patnaik.

Ramsankar Ray ... Bibasini.

Sasibhusan Ray ... Dakshinatyā Bhraman.

Adiparba of Mahābhārata (Anukramanika and Parbasangrahadhyaya), translated by Gobinda Chandra Mahapatra,

URDU.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

1. Naiangi Khayal by Azad. | 2. Hayat-i-Sadi.

3. Taubat-ul-Nusuh.

SANSKRIT.

Poetry.

Raghuvansam . Cantos I and II, with Mallinatha's Commentary.

Bhattikavyam .. Cantos I and II.

PROSE.

Mahābhāratam and Dasa Kumāracharitam, expurgated edition by Pandit Tarakumar Kaviratna, pages 7—38 and 99—119.

BENGALI.

For female candidates.

Kaliprasanna Sinha ... Mahābhārata (Nalopakhyan).

Michael Madhusudan Datta Meghnad-badha, Canto IV.

Nabinchandra Das ... Raghuvansa, Canto XIII.

Akshaykumar Datta ... Charupath, Part III.

Tarasankar Tarkaratna ... Kadamburi (expurgated edition by Charuchandra Banerjee and Manilal Ganguli).

PALI.

Andersen's Pali Reader.

The course also includes a knowledge of Pali Grammar of higher standard than that required at the Matriculation Examination.

GRAMMAR RECOMMENDED.

E. Muller ... Pali Grammar,

or

Satischandra Vidyabhushana ... Kaccayana.

ARABIC.

University Selections compiled and edited by Dr. E. D. Ross, PH.D.

ARABIC GRAMMAR.

A book on Arabic Grammar to be published by the University for the Matriculation and Intermediate Examinations.

PERSIAN.

University Selections compiled and edited by Dr. E. D. Ross, PH.D.

CLASSICAL ARMENIAN.

PROSE.

Moses of Khoren's History of Armenia, Part II.

POETRY.

Elishe Vardapiet Doorian's Course of Classical Armenian, Part II.

The course also includes Armenian Grammar, of which a fuller knowledge will be required than at the Matriculation Examination.

GREEK.

Herodotus	...	...	Book VII.
Plato	...	...	Crito.
Homer	...	...	Odyssey, Books V and VI.

LATIN.

Cicero	...	...	Orations against Catiline, I and II.
Livy	...	...	Book XXI.
Horace	...	...	Odes, Books III and IV.

FRENCH.

Erokmann—Chatrian	...	...	Histoire d'un Conscrit, ed. by Roper.
Berthon	...	...	Modern French Verse.

GERMAN.

O. Elster	...	...	Zwischen den Schlachten.
Schiller	...	...	Selections from Lyrical Poems, ed. by Turner and Morshead (Macmillan).

The course also includes German Grammar.

HISTORY.

The following books are recommended :—

Tout	...	...	Advanced History of Great Britain
A. D. Innes	...	...	History of England.
Gardiner	...	...	Student's History of England.
Bury	...	...	History of Greece for Beginners. (N.B.—This book comes down only to 322 B.C.)
Smith	...	...	Smaller History of Greece, revised by Marindin.
Smith	...	...	Smaller History of Rome, revised by Greenidge.
Shuckburgh	...	...	History of Rome for Beginners.
Merivale and Puller	...	...	School History of Rome (only the portion from Actium to the end).

... LOGIC.

The subject of Logic is to be studied as defined by the syllabus. Students are recommended to use one or more of the following books, or select portions thereof, with special reference to the course laid down in the syllabus :—

Carveth Read	...	...	Logic, Deductive and Inductive.
Bain	...	...	Logic (Deduction and Induction).
Welton	...	...	Logic, Vol. II.
Prakaschandra Sinha	Tarka—Vignan.

Preparatory Reading—Students are advised to read—

Minto	Logic
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before joining the regular class.

The following books are recommended for the guidance of teachers :—

Hamilton	...	...	Lectures on Logic.
Mill	...	...	System of Logic.
Jevons	...	...	Principles of Science.
Bradley	...	...	Principles of Logic.
Bosanquet	...	...	Logic.
Sigwart	...	...	Logic.
Ueberweg	...	...	System of Logic and History of Logical Doctrines.
Venn	...	...	Empirical Logic.
Keynes	...	...	Formal Logic.

MATHEMATICS.

No text-books are prescribed. The subject is to be taught in accordance with the syllabus prescribed in the Regulations.

The following books are recommended :—

Asutosh Mukhopadhyay	...	...	Geometry of Conics.
Jessop and Havelock	...	...	Elementary Mechanics.
D. N. Mallik	...	...	Elementary Dynamics.

GEOGRAPHY.

A. J. Herbertson	...	The Oxford Geographies, Vol. III.
Ellis W. Heaton	...	The World.
J. B. Reynolds	...	Europe.
W. H. Arden Wood	...	General Geography for Indian Students.
H. B. Mill	...	The Realm of Nature.
Simons & Richardson	...	Introduction to Practical Geography.
G. James Morrison	...	Maps; their uses and construction.
W. A. Elderton	...	Maps and Map-drawing.

PHYSICS.

Millikan and Gale	...	A First Course in Physics. (Ginn & Co., New York and London.)
Glazebrook	...	Heat
Glazebrook	...	Light
Hadley	...	Magnetism and Electricity for Beginners.
Watson	...	Elementary Practical Physics.
Rajanikanta De	...	Intermediate Course of Practical Physics.

CHEMISTRY.

W. A. Shenstone	...	Inorganic Chemistry.
Perkin and Lean	...	Introduction to the Study of Chemistry.
Donington	...	Practical Exercises in Chemistry.
H. E. Stapleton	...	Introduction to Practical Chemistry.
P. C. Ray	...	Elementary Inorganic Chemistry.
Bailey	...	First Stage in Inorganic Chemistry.
P. C. Ray	...	Practical Inorganic Chemistry.
Haridas Saha and Kumud-nath Chaudhuri	...	A Course of Practical Chemistry for Intermediate Students.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Hill	...	Manual of Human Physiology.
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BOTANY.

Farmer, J. B.	..	Practical Introduction to the Study of Botany (London, 1905).
Bailey, L. H.	..	Botany, an Elementary Text for Schools (New York, 1901).
Darwin, F.	...	Elements of Botany (Cambridge, latest edition).

Candidates who take up Botany will be required to possess a special knowledge of the following Natural Orders of plants :—

(1) Cruciferae.	(7) Compositae.
(2) Malvaceae.	(8) Solanaceae.
(3) Rhamnaceae or Sapindaceae	(9) Labiatae.
(4) Leguminosae.	(10) Amarantaceae.
(5) Cucurbitaceae.	(11) Commelynaceae.
(6) Rubiaceae.	(12) Gramineae.

At the Intermediate Examinations in Arts and Science a study of the outline of the life history of the following "Selected plants" is required to illustrate the gradual ascent in complexity of structure and reproductive cycle from the lowest fungi and algae to the phanerogams :—

(1) Yeast.	(5) A Fern.
(2) Mucor or Euroteum.	(6) A Conifer.
(3) Spirogyra.	(7) A Monocotyledon.
(4) A Moss.	(8) A Dicotyledon.

ZOOLOGY.

J. Arthur Thomson	...	Outlines of Zoology (such portions of it as are required in the Syllabus).
R. E. Lloyd	...	An Introduction to Biology for Students in India.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 24th November 1911.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar, Calcutta University.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE
OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE, 1914.

ENGLISH.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

BENGALI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Haranohandra Rakshit	...	...	Banga—Sahitye—Bankim.
Jogendranath Basu	...	...	Life of Michael Madhusudan Dut. (smaller edition).
Ramendra Sundar Tribedi	...	...	Prakriti.
Pramathanath Tarkabhushan	...	...	Sakyasinha.
Jogendranath Chatterji	...	...	Srimanta Saodagar.
Saratchandra Bidyaratna	...	...	Bhisma.

HINDI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

ASSAMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

BURMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

URIYA.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

URDU.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting models of style.)

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

MATHEMATICS.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

GEOGRAPHY.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

PHYSICS.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

CHEMISTRY.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

BOTANY.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

ZOOLOGY.

Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

[In all cases where reference is made to Chapters, Sections, Pages or Lines, thus Chapters I—IX, the reference is to be understood as inclusive.]

B.A. EXAMINATION, 1914.

ENGLISH.

PASS COURSE.

Shakespeare	...	...	{ A Midsummer Night's Dream.
			{ Henry V.
Hales	...	...	Longer English Poems—Dryden; Pope; Johnson;
			Cowper; Keats.
Milton	...	...	Paradise Lost, Books X, XI and XII.
Cowper	...	...	Letters (Golden Treasury Edition).
Carlyle	...	...	Heroes and Hero worship.
George Eliot	...	...	Silas Marner.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Shakespeare	...	...	Tempest.
Keats	...	...	Hyperion
Wordsworth	...	...	Selections from, by Matthew Arnold (Golden Treasury Series).
Matthew Arnold	...	...	Essays in Criticism, Second Series
Burke	...	...	Speeches on American Taxation and Conciliation with the Colonies (Burke's Selected Works, edited by Payne, Vol. I).

The following books are recommended for the study of the Philology of the English Language and the history of English Literature:—

Lounsbury	...	...	History of the English Language.
Latham	...	...	Handbook of the English Language.
Thomson	...	...	Students' English Literature, founded upon the Manual of Thomas B. Shaw.
Saintsbury	...	...	Short History of English Literature.

The following books are prescribed for candidates who take up the alternative paper in English:—

Carlyle	...	...	Past and Present.
Pater	...	...	Appreciations.

VERNACULAR COMPOSITION.

BENGALI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting ideals of character and models of style.)

Bankim Chandra Chatterjee	Kapalkundala.
Chandioharan Banerjee	Life of Vidyasagar.
Rajendranath Bidyabhushan	Srikantha.

HINDI.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting ideals of character and models of style.)

Harischandra	...	...	Mudra Rakshas.
Pratapnarayan Misra	...	...	Suchal Siksha.
Gangaprasad Agnihotri	...	...	Nibandhmaladarsh.

ASSAMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting ideals of character and models of style.)

Selections from Katha Bhagavat.

1. Sri Krishner Janma.
2. Kaliya-damana.
3. Varsha aru Saint Varnana.

Selections from Jona

1. Samsara pravaha.
2. Atma-Samyama.
3. Sakuntala, by Lambodar Bora (the whole).

BURMESE.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting ideals of character and models of style.)

Buridat Zat.
Narada Zat.
Zinatthapakathani.

URIYA.

(Books recommended to be read as presenting ideals of character and models of style.)

Radhanath Ray ... Mahajatra, Cantos I—IV.
Raghuvansa, translated by Bichhanda Patnaik.

URDU, 1913 AND 1914.

(Books to be read as presenting models of style and ideals of character.)

1. Ab-i-Hayat.
2. Nazm-i-Muntakhab.
3. Musadas-i-Hali.

SANSKRIT.

PASS COURSE.

Poetry.

Manusamhita... .. Chapter II with Kulluka's Commentary.
Kiratarjuniyam ... Cantos I and II with Mallinatha's Commentary.

Drama.

Abhijnanasakuntalam.
Uttara Ramacharitam.
History of Sanskrit Literature as in Macdonell (omitting Chapters II—IX)

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Poetry.

Bhattikavyam Cantos XII and XIII.
Kadambari Pages 102 to 124, Bombay Edition, commencing with
“ तातः चन्द्रपीड ” to “ अञ्जोदं नाम सरोदृष्टवान् ” ।

Rigveda Samhita ... Hymns from the Rigveda, with Sayana's Commentary, edited by Peterson, Part I, Suktas 1—12.
History of Sanskrit Literature as in Macdonell.

Grammar and Rhetoric.

Siddhanta Kaumudi—Kāraka and Samasa.
Dandi—Kāvya-dāra.
Sahitya Darpan, Chapter VI.

PALI.

PASS COURSE.

Poetry.

Dhammapada.
Khuddaka Patha.

Prose.

Milinda-Panha (Trenckner's edition), pages 1—216.
Dhammapada—Attha-Katha, Vol. I, edited by Mr. Norman in the P. T. S

GRAMMAR.

Rupasiddhi (Rangoon or Colombo Edition).
Kielhorn's Sanskrit Grammar.

COMPARATIVE PHILOLOGY.

Peile's Primer of Philology.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Mahavamsa	...	...	Chapters 1--5.
Dighanikaya	...	...	Mahagovinda Sutta, Mahaparinibana Sutta.
Rhys Davids	...	...	Buddhist India.

ARABIC.

Pass Course.

University Selections to be compiled and edited by Lt.-Col. D. C. Phillott, I.A.

Grammar.

Arabic grammar according to modern method to be published by the University.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass course.)

University Selections to be compiled and edited by Lt.-Col. D. C. Phillott, I.A.

The Honours Course in Arabic also includes the elements of Arabic Prosody and Rhetoric; the outlines of Mahomedan history down to the fall of the Abbasid Caliphate; and a general knowledge of the History of Arabic literature.

PERSIAN.

Pass Course.

University Selections to be compiled and edited by Lt.-Col. D. C. Phillott, I.A.

The Pass Course includes the elements of Persian Prosody and Rhetoric and a knowledge of Arabic Grammar up to the Intermediate standard.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

University Selections to be compiled and edited by Lt.-Col. D. C. Phillott, I.A.

The Honours Course includes the outlines of Mahomedan history in so far as it relates to Persia, Central Asia and India and the History of Persian literature.

CLASSICAL ARMENIAN.

PASS COURSE.

Poetry.

Bagratoonie's translation of Paradise Lost, Books IX, X, XI and XII.

Prose.

Agathangalo's History, Parts I and III.

Moses of Khoren's History.

The course includes the History of Armenia.

HONOURS COURSE.

*(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)**Poetry.*

Bagratoonie's Haik Dientsazn, Books I, II, III, IV and V.

Prose.

John Catholicas.

Elishe.

The course includes the History of Armenian Literature and the Elements of Armenian Philology.

HEBREW.

(To be notified later.)

GREEK.

PASS COURSE.

Homer	...	...	Odyssey, Books I and II
Sophocles	...	...	Ajax.
Plato	...	...	Phædo.
Demosthenes	...	...	Philippics, I, II, and III.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Æschylus	...	...	Prometheus.
Aristophanes	...	...	Birds.
Thucydides	...	...	Book I, Chapters 1—80.

Permanent Subjects.

The following books may be consulted.—

Philology of the Greek Language—

Giles	Comparative Philology.
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History of Classical Greek Literature—

Murray	Greek Literature.
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LATIN.

PASS COURSE.

Cicero	Pro Muraena.
Livy	Book I.
Virgil	Georgics, Book II.
Horace	Ars Poetica.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Lucretius	...	...	Book V.
Terence	...	...	Andria.
Cicero	...	...	Letters (Tyrrell's Selections).
Tacitus	...	...	Histories, Book I.

Permanent Subjects.

The following books may be consulted —

Philology of the Latin Language—

Lindsay	Historical Latin Grammar.
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History of Latin Literature to the end of the Augustan Period —

Mackail	Latin Literature.
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FRENCH.

PASS COURSE.

De Vigny	..	Cinq Mars.
Thierry	...	Lettres sur l'histoire de France, edited by Masson and Prothero.
Racine	..	Britannicus.
Rostand	...	L'Aiglon.

The course also includes French Grammar and the outlines of French History.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Corneille	...	...	Cid.
Moliere	...	...	L'Avare.
Victor Hugo	...	...	Hernani.

The course also includes French Grammar and the outlines of French History and also the elements of French Philology and the History of a selected period of French Literature.

GRAMMAR RECOMMENDED.

V. de Vavas	Grammaire des Grammaires.
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Text-books in French Philology recommended :—

Darmesteter	...	Historical French Grammar.
Brachet	...	Grammaire Historique de la langue Française.

The period of French Literature selected for 1914 is the 17th century.

GERMAN.

PASS COURSE.

Freytag Die Ahnen.
 Schiller Wilhelm Tell.

The course includes, in addition to the prescribed texts, Grammar and the outlines of German History.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Goethe Iphigenie auf Tauris.
 Freytag Soll und Haben.

The course includes, in addition to the prescribed texts, Grammar and the outlines of German History and also the elements of German Philology and the History of a selected period of German Literature.

GRAMMAR RECOMMENDED.

J. Wright Historical German Grammar. The period selected for 1914 is 1750—1832.

HISTORY.

PASS COURSE.

Paper I.

Lodge—Modern Europe.

Paper II.

Period—The reign of Queen Victoria.

Low and Sanders ... The History of England during the reign of Victoria, 1837—1901.

Paper III.

Elphinstone History of India.
 Smith Early History of India.
 A. D. Innes History of British India.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Paper IV.

Period from 479—404 B.C.

Bury History of Greece.
 Holm History of Greece.
 Grote History of Greece.

Paper V.

Period from 264—146 B.C.

Shuckburgh History of Rome.
 Mommsen History of Rome, translated by Dickson.

Paper VI.

Hallam Europe during the Middle Ages.
 Myers History of the Middle Ages.

POLITICAL ECONOMY AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY.

Books recommended for the guidance of students :—

POLITICAL ECONOMY.

PASS COURSE.

Paper I.

Marshall	...	...	Economics of Industry.
R. T. Ely	...	...	Outlines of Economics [Revised and Enlarged by Ely, Adams, Lorenz and Young (Macmillan)].
Gide	...	...	Principles of Political Economy.

HONOURS COURSE.

Paper IV.

(*In addition to the books recommended for the Pass Course.*)

Flux	...	...	Economic Principles.
H. R. Seager	...	...	Introduction to Economics.

POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY.

PASS COURSE.

Paper II.

Leacock	...	...	Elements of Political Science.
Bluntschli	...	...	Theory of the State.
Woodrow Wilson	...	...	The State.
Courtney	...	...	Working Constitution of England.

PASS COURSE.

Paper III.

(*Application of the Principles of Political Economy to Indian Topics.*)

Imperial Gazetteer	...	...	Vol. III (Economic).
Report of the Indian Currency Committee	...	...	(1898)—C9390 of 1899.
East India (Currency) correspondence	...	...	respecting the proposals on Currency made by the Government of India—C8840 of 1898.
Government Resolution on Fiscal Policy	...	...	CD1931 of 1904.
Land Revenue Policy of the Indian Government	...	...	(Government of India)—January 1902.
T. Morrison	...	...	Industrial Organization of an Indian Province.

HONOURS COURSE.

Paper V.

(*In addition to the books recommended for the Pass Course.*)

Specially selected texts—

Aristotle	...	...	Politics (translated by Weldon or Jowett).
Hobbes	...	...	Leviathan.

Books recommended for the guidance of teachers—

Mill	...	...	Political Economy.
Nicholson	..	...	Principles of Political Economy.
Sidgwick	...	...	Development of European Polity.
Sidgwick	...	...	Elements of Politics.
Marshall	...	...	Principles of Economics.
Pollock	...	...	Introduction to the History of the Science of Politics.
Ranade	...	...	Essays on Indian Economics.
Baden-Powell	...	...	Land Systems of British India.
R. C. Dutt	...	...	India in the Victorian Age.
R. C. Dutt	...	...	The Economic History of India under Early British Rule.
Bryce	...	...	American Commonwealth (for the Constitution of the United States).
Strachey	...	...	India.
A. Lawrence Lowell	...	...	Governments and Parties in Continental Europe (two vols.), Longmans, Green & Co.
J. A. R. Marriott	...	...	English Political Institutions.

HONOURS COURSE—*concl.**Paper V—concl.*

Pierson ...	...	Principles of Economics.
Carver ...	...	Distribution of Wealth.
Palgrave ...	...	Dictionary of Political Economy.
Barker ...	...	Political Thoughts of Plato and Aristotle.
Review of the Trade of India (annual) by the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.		

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

The following books are recommended to be used in studying the subject of Mental and Moral Philosophy as defined by the Syllabus:—

PSYCHOLOGY.

(Pass and Honours.)

Höfding ...	...	Outlines of Psychology.
Wundt ...	...	Human and Animal Psychology.
Stout ..	...	Manual of Psychology.
James ...	...	Text-book of Psychology.

Preparatory Reading—Students are advised to read—

Titchener	Primer of Psychology,
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before joining the regular class.

ETHICS.

(Pass and Honours.)

Seth	Study of Ethical Principles.
Martineau ...	...	Types of Ethical Theory.
Mackenzie ...	...	Manual of Ethics.
Mill ...	...	Utilitarianism.

Preparatory Reading—Students are advised to read—

Muirhead ...	...	Elements of Ethics,
Mohit Chandra Sen ...	...	Elements of Moral Philosophy,

before joining the regular class.

GENERAL PHILOSOPHY.

(Pass and Honours.)

Kölpe ...	...	Introduction to Philosophy.
Marvin ...	...	Introduction to Philosophy.
Paulsen ...	...	Introduction to Philosophy.

NATURAL THEOLOGY.

(Honours.)

Martineau ...	...	Study of Religion.
Flint ...	...	Theism, and Antitheistic Theories.

Preparatory Reading—Students are advised to read—

Knight	Aspects of Theism,
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or

Armstrong	God and the Soul,
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before joining the regular class.

HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY.

(Honours.)

The following books are recommended:—

Weber ...	...	History of Philosophy.
Falckenberg ...	...	History of Modern Philosophy.
Knight ...	...	Hume (Blackwood's Philosophical Classics).
Fraser	Berkeley (ditto ditto).

Preparatory Reading—

Schwegler	History of Philosophy.
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SPECIAL TEXT.

(Honours.)

Fraser	Selections from Berkeley (Principles of Human knowledge and Essay towards a New Theory of Vision only).
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The following books are recommended for the guidance of teachers :—

PSYCHOLOGY.

James	...	...	Principles of Psychology.
Ward	...	...	Psychology (Art. in the Encyclopædia Britannica).
Ladd	...	...	Elements of Physiological Psychology.
Herbert Spencer	...	...	Principles of Psychology.
Bain	...	...	Senses and the Intellect.
Bain	...	...	Emotions and the Will.
Sully	...	...	Human Mind.
Wundt	...	...	Outlines of Psychology.

ETHICS

Green	...	...	Prolegomena to Ethics.
Sidgwick	...	...	Methods of Ethics.
Wundt	...	...	Ethics.
Leslie Stephen	...	...	Science of Ethics.
Janet	...	...	Theory of Morals.
Paulsen	...	...	System of Ethics.
Abbott	...	...	Kant's Theory of Ethics.
Sidgwick	...	...	History of Ethics.
Alexander	...	...	Moral Order and Progress.

GENERAL PHILOSOPHY AND NATURAL THEOLOGY.

Green	...	...	Prolegomena to Ethics.
Bradley	...	...	Appearance and Reality.
E. Caird	...	...	Critical Philosophy of Kant.
Sidgwick	...	...	Philosophy of Kant and other Lectures.
Sidgwick	...	...	Philosophy, its Scope and Relations.
Herbert Spencer	...	...	First Principles
Hegel	...	...	Philosophy of Mind (Wallace).
Hegel	...	...	Philosophy of Right (Dyde).
Lotze	...	...	Metaphysics.
Pfleiderer	...	...	Philosophy of Religion.
Caird	...	...	Introduction to the Philosophy of Religion.
W. G. Ward	...	...	Philosophy of Theism.
Janet	...	...	Final Causes.
Hegel	...	...	Philosophy of Religion (Spiers and Sanderson).
Lotze	...	...	Outlines of the Philosophy of Religion.
E. Caird	...	...	Evolution of Religion.
James	...	...	Varieties of Religious Experience.

HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY.

Ueberweg	...	...	History of Philosophy.
Erdmann	...	...	History of Philosophy.
Leslie Stephen	...	...	English Thought in the Eighteenth Century.

MATHEMATICS.

Same as for the B.Sc. Examination.

PHYSICS.

Same as for the B.Sc. Examination.

CHEMISTRY.

Same as for the B.Sc. Examination.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Same as for the B.Sc. Examination.

BOTANY.

Same as for the B.Sc. Examination.

ZOOLOGY.

Same as for the B.Sc. Examination.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 24th November 1911.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar, Calcutta University.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE
OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**

B. Sc. EXAMINATION, 1914.

MATHEMATICS.

Pass Course.

The following books are recommended :—

1. Higher Plane Trigonometry—

Todhunter Plane Trigonometry, edited by Hogg.

2. Plane Analytical Geometry—

Loney Elements of Co-ordinate Geometry.
C. Smith Elementary Treatise on Conic Sections.

3. Differential Calculus—

Edwards Differential Calculus for Beginners
or
Ganesh Prasad Differential Calculus.

4. Integral Calculus and Differential Equations—

Edwards Integral Calculus for Beginners.
Taylor The Differential and Integral Calculus and
Differential Equations
Ganesh Prasad Integral Calculus.

5. Hydrostatics—

Besant Elementary Hydrostatics.
Loney Elements of Hydrostatics.

6. Astronomy—

Parker Elements of Astronomy.

Honours Course.

1. Higher Algebra—

Hall and Knight Higher Algebra.
C. Smith A Treatise on Algebra.

2. Elementary Theory of Equations—

Cajori Introduction to Theory of Equations, Chapter
I—VII.

3. Higher Plane Trigonometry—

Todhunter Plane Trigonometry, edited by Hogg.

4. Plane Analytical Geometry—

Loney Elements of Co-ordinate Geometry.
C. Smith Elementary Treatise on Conic Sections.
Salmon Conic Sections.

5. Elementary Solid Geometry—

C. Smith Elementary Treatise on Solid Geometry.

6. Elementary Principles of Vectors—

Kelland and Tait Introduction to Quaternions, 3rd Edition, edited by
Knott.
Henrici and Turner Vectors and Rotors.

7. Differential Calculus—

Williamson Differential Calculus.

8. Integral Calculus and Differential Equations—

Williamson Integral Calculus.
Murray Introductory Course in Differential Equations.

9. Statics—

Minchin	...	...	Statics, Volume I.
Jeans	...	...	Theoretical Mechanics.

10. Dynamics of a Particle—

Loney	...	...	Dynamics of a Particle.
Jeans	...	...	Theoretical Mechanics.
Cox	...	...	Mechanics.

11. Hydrostatics—

Besant	...	..	Elementary Hydrostatics.
Loney	...	...	Elements of Hydrostatics.

12. Astronomy—

Parker	...	...	Elements of Astronomy.
Young	...	...	Manual of Astronomy.

N. B.—Candidates who take up Mathematics at the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination are recommended to refer to Saxeby's Practical Mathematics. Candidates who take up Honours in Mathematics at the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination are recommended to refer to Cox's Mechanics.

PHYSICS.

Pass Course.

Watson	...	...	A Text-book of Physics.
Hadley	...	...	Magnetism and Electricity for Students.

Pass Practical.

Watson	...	...	A Text-book of Practical Physics.
Harrison	...	...	A Course of Practical Physics.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Poynting and Thomson	...	...	Sound.
Edser	..	...	Heat for Advanced Students.
Maxwell	...	...	Theory of Heat.
Edser	...	...	Light for Students.
Foster and Porter	..	...	Elementary Treatise on Electricity and Magnetism.
Henderson	...	...	Practical Physics.

Book recommended for consultation—

Planck	Treatise on Thermodynamics.
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N. B.—Candidates who take up the Honours Course in Physics at the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination are recommended to refer to Saxeby's Practical Mathematics.

CHEMISTRY.

Pass Course.

Van Deventer	...	...	Physical Chemistry for Beginners.
Newth	...	...	Inorganic Chemistry.
Holleman	...	...	Inorganic Chemistry.
Holleman	...	...	Organic Chemistry.
Ira Remsen	...	..	Organic Chemistry.
J. Wade	...	..	Introduction to the Study of Organic Chemistry.
Gooch and Walker	..	...	Outlines of Inorganic Chemistry.
Francis Jones	...	...	Practical Chemistry.
Alexander Smith	...	...	General Inorganic Chemistry.
F. Mollwo Perkin	...	...	Qualitative Chemical Analysis—Organic and Inorganic.
Clowes and Coleman	...	...	Quantitative Analysis.
J. B. Cohen	...	...	Theoretical Organic Chemistry.

HONOURS COURSE.

(In addition to the books recommended for the Pass Course.)

H. C. Jones	...	...	Elements of Physical Chemistry.
Ostwald	...	...	Foundations of Analytical Chemistry.
Valentine and Hodgkinson	...	...	Practical Chemistry.
Cohen	...	...	Practical Organic Chemistry.
Caven and Landor	...	...	Systematic Inorganic Chemistry.
Ostwald	...	...	Outlines of General Chemistry.
J. Walker	...	...	Introduction to Physical Chemistry.

N. B.—Candidates who take up Chemistry at the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination are recommended to refer to Saxeby's Practical Mathematics.

BOTANY.

Pass Course.

Vines, S. H.	...	...	An Elementary Text-book of Botany (London, 1905).
Scott, D. H.	...	..	Structural Botany, 2 Vols. (London, 1904-05).
Darwin, F., and Acton, G. H.	...	...	Practical Physiology of Plants (Cambridge, latest edition).
{ Prain, D.	...	...	Bengal Plants (Calcutta, 1903),
{ Roxburgh	...	...	or Flora Indica, edited by C. B. Clarke (Calcutta, 1874).

Honours Course.

[In addition to the text-books for the Pass Course.]

Strasburger, E.	...	...	Text-book of Botany, translated by Porter, revised by Lang (Third Edition, London).
Reynolds Green, J.	...	...	Vegetable Physiology (London, 1900).
Schimper, A. F. W.	...	...	Geography of Plants (Oxford, 1903).

The following books are recommended for the guidance of teachers:—

Bower	...	...	Practical Botany, 1902.
Strasburger and Hillhouse	...	...	Practical Botany, 7th Edition, 1911.

ZOOLOGY.

Pass Course.

Boas	...	...	Text-book of Zoology.
Shipley and MacBride	...	...	Zoology.
Oscar Hertwig	...	...	} The Cell.
and H. J. Campbell	...	...
R. E. Lloyd	...	...	An Introduction to Biology for Students in India.
P. J. Parker and W. N. Parker	...	...	An Elementary Course of Practical Zoology.
Foster and Balfour	...	...	The Elements of Embryology (edited by Sedgwick and W. Heape).
Wallace	...	...	Darwinism.

Honours Course.

[In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.]

Miall and Hammond	...	...	The Structure and Life-history of the Harlequin Fly.
Miall and Denny	...	...	The Cockroach.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Pass Course.

Starling	Elements of Human Physiology (latest edition).
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Practical.

Schafer	Essentials of Histology
			and either
Halliburton	Essentials of Chemical Physiology.
Brodie	...	...	Essentials of Experimental Physiology
			or
Beddard, Edkins, Hill, Pembrey and Macleod.			Practical Physiology.

Honours Course.

Halliburton	...	..	Handbook of Physiology.
Stewart	...	...	Manual of Physiology.
Howell	...	...	Text-book of Physiology.

Practical.

The same as for the Pass Course.

*Syllabus in Experimental Physiology.**Pass Course.*

The induction coil ; single shocks ; short circuiting key ; effect of single shocks on the tongue ; break-shock is stronger than the make-shock. Helmholtz's Modification ; Neef's Hammer.

Pithing a frog ; nerve-muscle preparation. Mechanical, chemical, thermal and electrical stimulation of muscle and nerve.

The Graphic method : Simple lever ; crank lever (myograph) ; moist chamber. Minimal and maximal excitation with single induction shocks (make and break). Stimulation by constant current : contraction of muscle only at make and break.

The muscle curve :—Single contraction of a frog's muscle : the latent period, the period of contraction and the period of relaxation. Time-tracing by tuning-fork. Method of after-loading. The influence of temperature and of load on muscular contraction. The work performed by a muscle during a twitch.

Elasticity and extensibility of muscle.

Summation of muscular contraction : tetanus.

Fatigue of muscle.

Thickening of a muscle on contraction.

Bernard's curare experiment.

Stimulation of a motor nerve ; unequal excitability (greater nearer the centre of a motor nerve) ; excitability of flexor and extensor nerves.

Velocity of nerve-impulse (myographic method).

Electro-Physiology :—Galvani's experiment of contraction with metals ; Galvani's experiment of contraction without metals.

The Frog's heart :—Beating of the heart ; effect of heat and cold (heart *in situ*) ; section of the heart ; effect of heat and cold on excised heart.

Stannius' experiment.

Graphic record of the beat of the heart (suspension method and also direct registration with heart-lever).

Pulse—Sphygmographic tracing.

Blood-pressure in man : Sphygmometer (Hill and Bernard's).

Reflex action (simple experiments on a pithed frog).

Vision :—Accommodation ; Scheiner's experiment ; near and far point ; Purkinje-Sanson's images : Phakoscope ; Blind spot ; yellow spot ; Colour vision : Complementary colours.

*HONOURS COURSE.**Additional Experiments—*

The Induction Coil—Break extra-current of Faraday.

The Rheonome : Effect of sudden variation of current.

Isotonic and Isometric contraction.

Influence of veratrine on muscular contraction.

Indefatigability of nerve.

Excitation of muscle by constant current : Polar excitation of a muscle.

Electrotonus. Electrotonic changes in excitability and conductivity of a nerve.

Kuhne's experiment of contraction without metals.

Examination of currents in muscle, nerve and heart by means of the reflecting galvanometer.

Frog's heart—Minimal stimulus causes maximal contraction. "Staircase effect." Single contraction of the ventricle. Tetanisation. Refractory period. Stimulation of the vagus. Action of drugs (Muscarin and Atropin) on the heart.

Voice and Speech : Laryngoscope.

Vision : Ophthalmoscope ; Perimeter.

GEOLOGY.

No text-books are prescribed or recommended. The subject is to be studied with the help of the Syllabus prescribed in the Regulations.

EXPERIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY.

The subject is to be studied as defined by the Syllabus. Students are recommended to use one or more of the following books or select portions thereof, with special reference to the course laid down in the Syllabus :—

*Pass Course.***I.—General Psychology.**

Hoffding	...	Outlines of Psychology.
Wundt	...	Human and Animal Psychology.
Stout	...	Manual of Psychology.
Preparatory Reading—	Students are advised to read Stout's Groundwork of Psychology before joining the regular class.	

II.—Experimental Psychology.

Titchener	...	Outlines of Psychology.
Kölpe	...	Outlines of Psychology.
Scripture	...	New Psychology.
Laboratory Course—Titchener's Experimental Psychology, Volume I, Part I and Volume II, Part I.		

*Honours Course.***I.—General Psychology—Same as in the Pass Course.****II.—Physiological and Comparative Psychology.**

Wundt	...	Outlines of Physiological Psychology (Volume I).
Ladd	...	Elements of Physiological Psychology.
Romanes	...	Mental Evolution in Man.
Romanes	...	Mental Evolution in Animals.
Lloyd Morgan	...	Comparative Psychology.
Herbert Spencer	...	Principles of Psychology (Volume I).

III.—Experimental Psychology—

In addition to the books recommended for the Pass Course, the following :—

Wundt	...	Outlines of Psychology.
Ladd	...	Elements of Physiological Psychology (select portions).

The following books are recommended for the guidance of teachers :—

General Psychology—

James	...	Principles of Psychology.
Ward	...	Psychology (Art. in the Encyclopædia Britannic.)
Ladd	...	Elements of Physiological Psychology.
Herbert Spencer	...	Principles of Psychology.
Bain	...	Senses and the Intellect.
Bain	...	Emotions and the Will.
Sully	...	Human Mind.
Wundt	...	Outlines of Psychology.

Physiological and Comparative Psychology—

Ziehen	...	Introduction to Physiological Psychology.
Foster	...	Text-book of Physiology.
Helmholtz	...	Sensations of Tone

Experimental Psychology—

Titchener	...	Experimental Psychology.
Volume I, Part II	...	} Instructor's Manual.
Volume II, Part II	...	

SENATE HOUSE,
The 24th November 1911.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar, Calcutta University.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF
THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**

M.A. EXAMINATION, 1914.

ENGLISH.

COMMON PAPERS FOR GROUPS A AND B.

Paper I.—General History of English Literature.

No text-books.

Paper II.—Shakespeare and post-Elizabethan Drama.

Shakespeare	...	Hamlet.
Milton	...	Samson Agonistes.
Goldsmith	...	She Stoops to Conquer.
Tennyson	...	Becket.
Swinburne	...	Atalanta in Calydon.

Paper III.—Poetry.

Spenser	...	Faerie Queene, Books V and VI.
Palgrave	...	Golden Treasury of Songs and Lyrics, Book II.
Milton	...	Paradise Regained.
Wordsworth	...	Sonnets (as in Matthew Arnold's Selections from Wordsworth).
Tennyson	...	Maud.

Paper IV.—Prose.

Bacon	...	Essays.
Johnson	...	Lives of the Poets (as edited by Matthew Arnold).
Burke	...	Reflections on the French Revolution.
Morley	...	Studies in Literature.

GROUP A.

Paper V.—(a) Text-book.

Chaucer and Outlines of Historical English Grammar.

Chaucer	...	The Prologue; The Prioresses Tale; Sire Thopas; The Monkes Tale; The Clerkes Tale; and the Squieres Tale. (Clarendon Press School Books.—
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(b) Books recommended for study.

Morris	...	Historical English Accidence.
Kellner	...	Historical English Syntax.

Paper VI.

Shakespeare and the Elizabethan Drama, 1590—1610.

Paper VII.—Selected Period of Prose.

Chief Prose writings from 1850—1870.

Paper VIII.—Essay or Essays on subjects connected with the source.

No text-books.

GROUP B.

Paper V.—English Language and Literature prior to 1100 A.D.

Sweet	...	Anglo-Saxon Reader, Part I.
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Paper VI.—English Language and Literature from 1100 A.D. to 1500 A.D. including Chaucer.

Morris and Skeat	...	Specimens of Early English, Parts I and II.
Skeat	...	Specimens of English Literature.

Paper VII.—Historical English Grammar, including the Elements of Teutonic Philology.**BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR STUDY.**

Morris	...	...	...	Historical English Accidence.
Kellner	...	...	...	Historical English Syntax.
Skeat	...	...	...	Principles of English Etymology, 1st and 2nd Series.
Helfenstien	...	...	...	Comparative Grammar of the Teutonic Languages.

Paper VIII.—Essay or Essays on subjects connected with the Course.

No text-books.

GREEK.

Homer	...	...	...	Iliad and Odyssey.
Theocritus	...	...	...	The whole.
Aeschylus	...	...	...	Prometheus, Agamemnon.
Sophocles	...	...	...	Oedipus Tyrannus, Antigone.
Euripides	...	...	...	Bacchae, Hippolytus.
Aristophanes	...	...	...	Clouds, Frogs.
Herodotus	...	...	...	Book I.
Thucydides	...	...	...	Books VI and VII.
Demosthenes	...	...	...	Oration against Leptines.
Demosthenes	...	...	...	Private Oration "In Reply to Kallikles."
Plato	...	...	...	Republic.
Aristotle	...	...	...	Nicomachean Ethics, Books I—IV.

Permanent Subjects.

The following books are recommended :—

- (a) Philology of the Greek Tongue and the Elements of Comparative Philology—
 Giles ... Comparative Philology.
 Victor Henry ... Comparative Grammar of Greek and Latin.
- (b) General History and Antiquities of Greece—
 Bury ... History of Greece (larger edition).
 Tucker ... Life in Ancient Athens (Macmillan & Co.).
- (c) History of Greek Literature—
 Murray ... Greek Literature.

LATIN.

Plautus	...	...	...	Rudens, Captivi.
Terence	...	...	...	Adelphi, Phormio.
Lucretius	...	...	...	Books I and V.
Virgil.				
Horace.				
Juvenal	...	...	...	Satires, omitting 2, 6, 9.
Cicero	...	...	...	{ Letters (Watson). De Divinatione. In Quintum Cæciliium.
Livy	...	...	...	Books V and VI.
Tacitus	...	...	...	Histories.

Permanent Subjects.

- (a) Philology of the Latin Tongue and Elements of Comparative Philology—
 Giles ... Comparative Philology.
 Lindsay ... Historical Latin Grammar.
- (b) General History and Antiquities of Rome—
 Mommsen ... Roman History.
 Greenidge ... Roman Public Life.
- (c) History of Classical Latin Literature—
 Mackail ... Latin Literature.

SANSKRIT.

The course shall include the following :—

(The books prescribed for the first four papers are common to all the groups.)

Paper I.—(a) Ashtaka I of the Rigveda, with Sayana's commentary thereon.**(b)** Sayana's Introduction to his commentary on the Rigveda.**Paper II.—Siddhanta-Kaumudi** (whole).

Paper III.—(a) Comparative Philology distinguished from Historical Grammar and the Science of Language; comparison of languages on the basis of their historical kinship; criteria of kinship and degrees of kinship among languages; reconstruction of parent-tongues on the basis of their historical descendants; classification of languages on the genetic principle as opposed to the principle of morphological development; establishment of the Indo-Germanic speech-family; sound-shifting (vocalic and consonantal) in Sanskrit, Zend, Greek, Latin and Gothic, illustrated by a few apt examples; Grimm's law explained by a few apt examples; Verner's law explained by a few apt examples; ablaut and umlaut explained by a few apt examples; the theory of dental gutturals explained by a few apt examples; the theory of sonant nasals explained by a few apt examples; accentuation in Vedic Sanskrit and in Greek contrasted with accentuation in Early Latin and in Gothic; important roots and radicals common to Sanskrit, Zend, Greek, Latin and Gothic; important organic flexions common to Sanskrit, Zend, Greek, Latin and Gothic; important prefixes and suffixes common to Sanskrit, Zend, Greek, Latin and Gothic; important idioms and constructions common to Sanskrit, Zend, Greek, Latin and Gothic; criteria of an Indo-Germanic tongue; the Indo-Germanic speech-family distinguished from the Semitic speech-family; Sanskrit compared and contrasted with Finnish, Turkish, Sumerian, Hebrew, Chinese, Aztec, Ba-ntu and Basque; methods of scientific Etymology. Phonetics distinguished from Acoustics; anatomy and physiology of the larynx and the pharynx; breath, whisper, voice and speech; formation and localisation of different vowels and consonants; value of the laryngoscope; value of the linguaphone; pronunciation of the letters of the Sanskrit, Zend, Greek, Latin and Gothic alphabets; phonetic transcription of Indic alphabets; Bell's system of visible speech; Sweet's narrow Indic alphabet; Prince Bonaparte's alphabet; bearing of the Pratishakyas on Phonetics.

(b) History (including description of geographical areas and chronological periods) of the Indo-Germanic family of (1) the Indo-Iranic speech-group, (2) Armenian, (3) the Hellenic speech-group, (4) Albanian, (5) the Slavo-Lettic speech-group, (6) the Italic speech-group, (7) the Celtic speech-group, and (8) the Germanic speech-group. A short account of the phonology and grammar of (1) Vedic Sanskrit, the Ancient Apabhramsa, and the Paisachi Bhasha, (2) Classical Sanskrit, Magadhi (Pali), and Sauraseni-Maharashtri (Prakrit), (3) the popular Prakritic dialects, and (4) the seven Gaudian languages and their collaterals.

(c) Sabdasaktiprakasika. Karikas 6—51.

Sabdasaktiprakasika and its bearing on the Science of Language.

Paper IV.—Two Essays, (a) dealing with some subject connected with the history of Sanskrit literature generally; (b) dealing with some subject connected with the history of the special department covered by the group taken up.

Papers V, VI, VII and VIII.—One of the following groups to be selected by the candidate:—

A. (Literature.)

Paper V.—(a) Poetry texts:—

Naishadha Charita	...	Cantos 15, 16 and 17, with Mallinatha's commentary.
Kamandakiya Nitisara	...	(Jibananda's edition) Chapters 8, 9, 10 and 11 (pages 37—62).
Sukra Nitisara	...	(Jibananda's edition) Chapter 4 (pages 507—670).
Mahabharata	...	Rajdharma, Santiparva, Chapters 56—60, 68, 69 and 86—88, Pratap Ray's edition.
Magh	...	Cantos 14 and 15, with Mallinatha's commentary.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VI.—(a) Drama texts:—

Vikramorvasi, Malati Madhava, Mrichhakatika, Venisanhara, Balaramayana.
Vararuchi's Prakrit Prakasa as is necessary for the appreciation of the Prakrit passages.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII.—(a) Prose texts:—

Kadamvari	...	Part I.
Harshacharita	...	Chapters 5, 6 and 7.

(b) Unseen passages in Sanskrit Prose for translation into English.

Paper VIII.—(a) Rhetoric and Prosody, namely, Kavyaprakasa, Ekavali, Sarasvati Kanthabharana, Sahitya-darpana and Pingala's Chhandas Sutras with Halayudha's Vritti.

(b) Unseen passages in Sanskrit Poetry for translation into English.

B. (Vedas.)

Paper V.—(a) Yaska's Nirukta and Pingala's Chhandasutras, with Halayudha's Vritti-Praśakhyā of the Rig-Veda, with the commentary of Uvata.

Paper VI.—(a) Aitareya Brahmana with Sayana's commentary.

(b) Simple unseen passages in Vedic Sanskrit for translation into Classical Sanskrit. [The interpretations of any recognised Indian School will be accepted.]

Paper VII.—(a) Vrihadaranyaka ... Chapters III and IV.
Chhandogya ... " V, VI, VII and VIII.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any Upanishad for translation into English.

Paper VIII.—(a) Grihya Sutra—Gobhila with commentary.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

C. (Mimansa and Smriti.)

Paper V.—(a) Mimansa Sutras with Sabara Bhashya, first six chapters.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Mimansa Philosophy, such as the Sloka-Vartika and the Tantra-Vartika, for translation into English.

Paper VI.—(a) Jaiminiya Nyaya Mala Vistara and Mimansa Nyaya-prakasa.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Mimansa Philosophy, such as the Mimansa-Balaprakasa, and the Tupteeaka, for translation into English.

Paper VII.—(a) Manu Samhita with Kulluka's commentary.

Dharma Sutras of Apastamba and Gautama with Haradatta's commentary.

(b) Grihya-Sutra—Gobhila.

Paper VIII.—(a) Yajñavalkya Samhita with Vijñānesvara's Mitakshara.

Parsara's Institutes with Madhava's commentary.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

D. (Vedanta.)

Paper V.—(a) Vedantasara (Jacob's Edition), Panchadasi, Vedanta Paribhasha Hastamalaka (with commentary), and Siddhantalesa.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any work on Vedanta Philosophy, such as the Vivaranaprāmēya-Sangraha, for translation into English.

Paper VI.—(a) Vedantasutras with Sankara Bhashya.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII.—(a) Sribhashya—Chapter I, Part I.

(b) Advaita-Brahma-Siddhi.

Paper VIII.—(a) Bhagavadgita and Chhandogya 6s in Group B.
Munda, Mandukya.

Svetasvatropanishad with Sankara's commentary.

(b) Passages for translation into English from the Anubhashya and the Saivabhashya.

E. (Sankhya and Yoga.)

Paper V.—(a) Sankhyasutras of Kapila, with Vritti of Aniruddha

Sankhya-Karika of Iswarakrishna, with Bhashya of Gaurapada.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Sankhya Philosophy, for translation into English.

Paper VI.—(a) Sankhya Pravachana Bhashya.

Sankhya-Sara and Sankhya-Tattva Kaumudi.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII.—(a) Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, with Bhashya of Vyasa and Vritti of Bhoja
Yoga-Vartika of Vijñāna-Bhikshu.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Yoga Philosophy, for translation into English.

Paper VIII.—(a) Yoga Vasishtha—Chapter on Nirvana, Part II.
Sarbadarsana-Sangraha.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

F. (Nyaya and Vaiseshika.)

Paper V.—(a) Nyayasutras of Gautama, with the Bhashya of Vatsyayana, Vartika of Udyotkara, and Vritti of Visvanatha.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Nyaya Philosophy, for translation into English.

Paper VI.—(a) Nyayamanjari of Jayanta Bhatta.

Khandana Khanda Khadya of Sriharsha—Chapter I.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII.—(a) Bhasha Parichheda, Siddhanta-muktavali, Kusumanjali of Udyana-
charyya with commentary of Ruchhidatta and gloss of Vardhamana.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VIII.—(a) Vaisesika Sutras of Kanada, with Bhashya of Prasastapada, Nyayakandali of Sridhara and Vritti of Jaynarain.

Saptapadarthi of Sivaditya, with commentary of Yatindramadhava.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Vaisesika Philosophy, for translation into English.

G. (General Philosophy.)

Paper V.—(a) Sankhyasutras of Kapila with Vritti of Aniruddha.

Sankhya Tattva Kaumudi.

Yogasutras of Patanjali with the Bhashya of Vyasa and Vritti of Bhoja.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any work on Philosophy for translation into English.

Paper VI.—(a) Nyayasutras of Gautama with Bhashya of Vatsyayana and Vritti of Visvanatha. Vaisesikasutras of Kanada, with Bhashya of Prasastapada, and Nyayakandali of Sridhara.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII.—(a) Vedantasara (Jacob's Edition), Bhagavadgita, Vedantasutras, with Sankara's commentary, Chapter I, Parts I and IV; Chapter II, Part II.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VIII.—(a) Nyayaratnamala of Parthasarathi Misra: Mimansa Nyaya Prakasa of Apadeva. Upanishads—Isa, Kena, Katha, Prasna, Munda, Mandukya and Svetasvatara with Sankara's commentary.

(b) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any work on Philosophy for translation into English.

H.—(Prakrit.)

Paper V.—(a) Prasna Vyakarana and Vipakasutra.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit (or Prakrit, at the option of the candidate).

Paper VI.—(a) Prakrit portions of the following dramas:—

Sakuntala, Vikramorvasi, Malavikagnimitra, Uttaracharita, Malatimadhava, Mahavira-Charita, Mrichhakatika, Mudraraksbasa, Ratnavali, Karpuramanjari, Venisanhara.

(b) Translation from Sanskrit into Prakrit.

Paper VII.—(a) Setubandha; Gaudavaho; Kumarapalacharita together with a general knowledge of Prakrita Paingalam.

(b) Simple unseen passages in Prakrit for translation into English.

Paper VIII.—(a) Prakrit Grammar as in Vararuchi's Prakrita Prakash (Cowell), Chhandah's Prakrita Lakshanam (Hoernle), Hemchandra (Pischel).

Candidates are also expected to be familiar with the substance of Hoernle's Grammar of the Gaudian languages.

(b) Simple unseen passages in Prakrit for translation into Sanskrit.

I.—(Epigraphy and History.)

Paper V.—(a) Rājatarangini and its continuations with Stein's Introduction and commentary.

(b) Unseen passages in Sanskrit for translation into English.

Paper VI.—(a) Inscriptions of Asoka.

(b) Early Indian Alphabets.

*Paper VII.—Epigraphia Indica—*Vol. I, Inscriptions Nos. 1, 8, 11, 13, 35.

Vol. III, Nos. 8 and 17.

Vol. V, Nos. 2 and 19.

Vol. VI, Nos. 1 and 14.

Vol. VII, No. 6.

Fleet's Corpus Inscriptionum.—Nos. 1—18, 33—37.

Prachina Lekha mala.—The first fifty Lekhas as published in the Kavyamala Journal.

Paper VIII.—(a) Ancient Geography of India.

(b) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

PALI.

GROUPS A, B AND C, COMMON PAPERS I—IV.

Paper I.

Jatakas—Ed. Fausboll, Nepātās VIII—XI.

Thera Gāthā | Pali Text Society's Edition.

Theri Gāthā |

Paramatthadipani on Theri Gāthā (P. T. S. Edition).

Digha Nikaya—The following six Suttas:—

Brahmajāla Sutta.
Samaññaphala Sutta
Tevijja Sutta.
Mahāparinibbana Sutta.
Mahāsattipatthana Sutta.
Agañña Sutta.

Sumangala Vilasini—The commentaries on the six abovenamed Suttas (P. T. S. and Rangoon edition).

Dhammapada—The whole with extracts from Buddha Ghosa's commentary which are given in the Buddhist Text Society's Edition.

Unguttara Nekāya—Tika Nipāta.

Paper II.

Dhammasangani—Kāmāvacara, Kusala, Niddeso.

Atthasālini—Rangoon edition, pages 86 to 185.

Nettipakarana—The whole.

Paper III.

Kaccāyana—The whole.

Rūpasiddhi—The whole.

Sanskrit Grammar for the B.A. Pass.

Kātantra—Nāmakalpa only.

Paper IV.

Sanskrit Text for the Intermediate.

Avadāna Kalpalatā—Pallavas 52—65.

Lalita Vistarā—The whole.

Ashvaghosha's Buddacarita—The whole.

GROUP A (LITERARY).

Paper V.

Pischel	...	...	Grammar of the Prakrita Dialects.
Vararuchi	...	...	Prākṛita-Prakasa.
E. Müller	...	...	Pali Grammar (Phonology only).
Frankforter	...	...	Handbook of Pali Grammar.
Sayce	...	...	Introduction to the Science of Language

Paper VI.

Inscriptions of Asoka—(Senart and Bühler.)

Vincent Smith's Asoka—(Rulers of India Series).

Paper VII.

Rhys Davids	{	Buddhist India.	
		Buddhism.	
		American Lectures.	
Kern	...	...	Manual of Indian Buddhism.
Hardy	...	...	Manual of Buddhism.
Oldenberg	...	...	Buddha.

Paper VIII.

No text-books prescribed.

GROUP B (PHILOSOPHY).

Paper V.

Abhidhammattha Sangaha	..	The whole.
Vibhāvanī Tika	...	Rangoon Edition—The whole.
Vibhanga	...	Whole (Rangoon Edition).
Sammohavinodani	Attha-	Whole (Rangoon Edition)
kathā		
Bodhicaryavatara	...	Whole (La Vallée Poussin's Edition).
Nyāyavindutikā	...	Whole.

Paper VI.

Nāgārjuna's Madhyamika Karika with Vritti (Edition published in the Bibliotheca Buddhica).

Pramāna-naya-tatvālokāṅkāra.

Dignaga—Pramāna—Sammuchohaya.

Paper VII.

Atmatatvaviveka—Fasciculus I (Text only).

Sarvadarsanasangraha

Shatdarshana—Samuccaya (Ed. Suali) ... } The portions which deal with Buddhism.

Sankara-bhāshya—Adhyāya 2, Pāda 2, Aphorisms 18 to 32 dealing with Buddhism.

Udyotkara's Naya-Vartika—Adhaya I—Ahnika I, Adhyaya III—Ahnika I. (Aphorisms 1—3).

Paper VIII.

No books prescribed.

GROUP C (EPIGRAPHICAL).

Paper V.

Mahavamsa—Chapters XXI—XXXVII with Tika.

Paper VI.

Inscriptions of Asoka ... Senart and Bühler.

Bühler ... Indian Palæography and Epigraphy, seven-
teen Tables for Indian Palæography.

Paper VII.

Epigraphia Indica—Vol. I, Inscriptions VIII, XX, XXII, XXX, XXXV.

Vol. II, Inscriptions I, VIII, XXI.

Vol. III, Inscriptions XXXVII, XL, XLVI.

Vol. IV, Inscription XXIX.

Fleet's Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum—Vol. III—

The Inscriptions of Samudragupta, Chandragupta, II.

Skandagupta, Viswavarman, Kumaragupta, Maharaja Hastin, Jayanatha,
Sarvanatha.

The Junagarh Inscription—Rudradāmana.

Paper VIII.

Cunningham's Ancient Geography of India with additions and corrections by more recent scholars.

ARABIC, 1913 AND 1914.

1. Kitabu'l-Aghani, Vol. IV—

(1) from middle of page 17 to middle of page 34,

(2) from page 74 to page 98.

2. Yatimatu'd-Dah, Vol. IV, Chapter V—Fidhikri Abi'l-Fadhli'l-Hamadha-ani, pp. 167—204.

3. Quran with the commentary of Zamakhshari—The whole of Surat-al Imran.

4. Mishkatu'l-Masabih—

(1) Kitabu'l-Imaati Wa'l-Qadha.

(2) Kitab'l-Adab.

5. Isharat of Avicenna (Teheran Edition)—The portion on Sufism.

6. Futuhu'l-Buldan of Baladhiri—From page 152 to the end of page 240.

7. Mufassal of Zamakhshari—Al-Qismu'l-Awwal fi'l-Asma' and Al-Qismu'th-Thalith fi'l-Huruf.

8. Fara'id of Mulla Mahmud—Illu'l-Ma'ani. (The first part only is obtainable in the market. The portion fixed is to be found in this part.)

PERSIAN, 1913 AND 1914.

Prose.

1. Akhlāq-i-Jalali.

2. Hada'iotul Balaghat of Samsuddin Faqir. (Newal Kishore Edition, the first and second Hadiquahs).

3. Ruqiat Qāim-Maqām.

4. Tazkirah-i-Dawlat Shahi, edited by E. G. Browne, London, 1901.—The whole.

5. Tazkirah-i-Awfi or Kitab-i-Lubub-ul-Albab of Muhammad Awfi, edited by E. G. Browne and Mirza Muhammad of Qazwin, London 1903—Part II.

Poetry.

1. The Hadiqah of Hakīm Sanai, Nawal Keshore Edition—1885-87—Chapters I, III and IV.
2. Diwān-i-Nasir, Khusroaw, Cawnpur edition—The whole.
3. Hāfiz.
4. Khāqanī.

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

*History of Ancient European Philosophy.**Paper I.*

The following books are recommended :—

Erdmann	...	...	History of Philosophy.
Ferrier	...	...	Lectures on Greek Philosophy.
{ Zeller	...	...	Plato
			or
{ Zeller	...	...	Aristotle.

Students will be expected to have a special knowledge of the systems of either Plato or Aristotle, and to show an acquaintance with the following special texts :—

Either
Plato's Republic
or
Aristotle's Metaphysics.

MEDIÆVAL AND MODERN EUROPEAN PHILOSOPHY.

Paper II.

The following books are recommended :—

Erdmann	...	...	History of Philosophy.
Adamson	...	...	Development of Modern Philosophy.

Students should be expected to have a special knowledge of the system of Kant.

Outlines of Indian Philosophy.

The following books are recommended :—

Max Müller	...	...	Six Systems of Indian Philosophy.
Deussen	...	...	Philosophy of the Upanishads.
Rhys Davids	...	...	Hibbert Lectures on Indian Buddhism.
Madhavacharyya	...	...	Sarvadarasana Sangraha (Cowell and Gough). [Charvaka, Baudha, Arhata, Ramanuja, Vaishes- hika, Nyaya, Sankhaya, and Patanjali Systems.]
Sankara	...	...	Commentary on the Vedanta Sutras, Second Adhyaya. Padas I and II only (Thibaut).

(i) PSYCHOLOGY.

The following books are recommended :—

James	...	...	Principles of Psychology.
Sully	...	...	Human Mind.
Wundt	...	...	Outlines of Psychology.
Herbert Spencer	...	...	Principles of Psychology.
Stout	...	...	Analytic Psychology.
Ladd	...	...	Elements of Physiological Psychology.
Lloyd Morgan	...	...	Comparative Psychology.

(ii) LOGIC.

Students are allowed to take up any one of the following two alternative courses in Logic :—

- (a) Logic as Epistemology and Inductive Logic or Methodology,
- or*
- (b) Logic as Metaphysics and Dialectic.

The following books are recommended:—

(a) *Logic as Epistemology and Inductive Logic or Methodology.*

Lotze	...	...	Logic.
Sigwart	...	...	Logic.
Mill	...	...	System of Logic.
Hobhouse	...	...	Theory of Knowledge.
Venn	...	...	Empirical Logic.
Jevons	...	...	Principles of Science.

(b) *Logic as Metaphysics and Dialectic.*

Kant	..	...	Critique of Pure Reason.
Fichte	...	...	The Science of Knowledge, translated by A. E. Troeger, with a preface by W. T. Harris (London, Trubner & Co.).
Hegel	...	...	Wallace's "Logic of Hegel" and "Prolegomena."
Stirling	...	...	Secret of Hegel.
W. T. Harris	...	...	Logic of Hegel.
McTaggart	...	...	Studies in Hegelian Dialectic.

(iii) ETHICS AND SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY.

The following books are recommended:—

Green	...	...	Prolegomena to Ethics.
Martineau	...	...	Types of Ethical Theory.
Sidgwick	...	...	Methods of Ethics.
Wundt	...	...	Ethics.
Herbert Spencer	...	...	Principles of Ethics.
Kant	...	...	Theory of Ethics (Abbott).
Hegel	...	...	Philosophy of Right (Dyde).
Herbert Spencer	...	...	Principles of Sociology (Vols. I and II).

(iv) PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION.

The following books are recommended:—

Lotze	...	...	Outlines of the Philosophy of Religion.
Hegel	...	...	Philosophy of Religion (Spiers and Sanderson).
Herbert Spencer	...	...	First Principles, the Unknowable.
Martineau	...	...	Study of Religion.
Ward	...	...	Agnosticism and Naturalism.
Pfleiderer	...	...	Philosophy of Religion.
E. Caird	...	...	Development of Theology in the Greek Philosophers.
Paul Janet	...	...	Final Causes.

(v) SOME SPECIAL BRANCH OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY.

Any one of the three following groups:—

- (i) The Nyaya Sutras of Gautama with Bhashya of Vatsyayana.
Vartika of Udyotkara and Viritti of Visvanatha.
The Bhasha-Parichchheda with Siddhanta Muktavali.
The Kusumanjali of Udayana with commentary.
- (2) The Sankhya Karika of Isvarakrishna with Sankhya Tattvakaumudi of Vachaspati Misra.
The Sankhya Sutras with Sankhya Pravachana Bhashya of Vijnanabhikshu.
The Vedanta Paribhasha
The Hastamalaka with commentary.
The Advaita Brahma Siddhi.
Sankara's commentary on the Vedanta Sutras (the first four Sutras and Adhyaya II, Padas I and II).
Ramanuja's commentary on the Vedanta Sutras (Introduction and the first four Sutras).
- (3) The Sutras of Kanada with Bhashya of Prasastapada and Nayakandali of Sridhara.
The Bhasha Parichchheda with Siddhanta Muktavali.
Nagarjuna's Madhyamika Karika with commentary.
The Nyayaviindu with commentary.

HISTORY.

The following are the selected periods, and following are the books (A) recommended for study and (B) named as books that may be referred to or consulted by candidates:—

(A) *Books recommended for study.*

PAPER I.

Selected period of English History.—From the Peace of 1815 to 1850, excluding the History of British India.

Spencer Walpole's History of England.

Morley's Life of Cobden.

PAPER II.

Selected Period of Indian History from 1772—1793.

Forest's Selections from State Papers preserved in the Foreign Department, 1772—1785.

Burke's Speeches on the Impeachment of Warren Hastings.

Syed Gholam Hosain Khan's Seir Mutaqherin, sections XII—XVIII, from page 39 of Vol. III to page 119 of Vol. IV of the Calcutta reprint of the English translation published by Jambray & Co.

Fifth Report of the Select Committee on the Affairs of the East India Company, 1812, Bengal Presidency, the Report and Appendices I—V (pages 1—635 of Vol. I of the Madras reprint, published by Higginbotham & Co.).

Mill's History of British India—Edited by Wilson, Vols. III, IV, V.

PAPER III.

General History of the Ancient East.

Maspero's Dawn of Civilization ...

Maspero's Struggle of the Nations ...

Maspero's Passing of the Empires ...

History of China—The first five dynasties. (Book to be notified hereafter.)

PAPER IV.

Constitutional History of England.

Stubbs' Constitutional History of England.

Hallam's Constitutional History of England.

Erskine May's Constitutional History of England.

Maitland's Constitutional History of England.

PAPER V.

International Law.

Wheaton's Elements of International Law, the third or the fourth English Edition.

Hall's Treatise on International Law.

PAPERS VI AND VII.

One of the following:—

(i) *History of Islam—*

Muir's Caliphate, its Rise, Decline and Fall.

Gibbon's Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, Chapters 56—59, 64, 65, 67, 68.

Conde's Arabs in Spain, translated by Foster.

Lane-Poole's History of Egypt—Middle Ages.

Ferishta's History, translated by Briggs.

Elliot's History, edited by Dowson.

Ain-i-Akbari, translated by Blochmann and Jarrett.

(ii) *Special period of Indian History—*

The Hindu Period from the earliest times to the beginning of the 13th century:—

Mahabharata—Santi Parva—Sections 56—157 (pages 168—515 of Pratap Chandra Ray's English translation).

Manusamhita—Translation by Bühler, in Sacred Books of the East.

The Indian Antiquary, the Asoka Inscriptions, articles in Vols. IX, X, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX and XXI.

Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum, Vol. III, the English portions only.

Kern's Manual of Indian Buddhism (Parts III and IV to be omitted).

Rhys David's Buddhist India (Story of the Nations Series).

Max Müller's Chips from a German Workshop, Vol. I, the Lectures on the Vedas, on Buddhism and on Buddhist Pilgrims.

Cunningham's Geography of India.

Greek writers on India—Megasthenes, Arrian, the Periplus of the Erythraean Sea, Nearchus and Ptolemy, all translated by McCrindle; McCrindle's Invasion of India by Alexander the Great.

Chinese Writers on India { Fa Hian, translated by Legge.
Hiouen Tsang, translated by Beal.
Yuan Chwang's Travels in India, by T. Watters.

Muhammadan writers on the Hindu Period—Alberuni's India, omitting the Mathematical details.

Bhandarkar's Early History of the Deccan.

(iii) *Economic History of England and India—*

Cunningham's Growth of English Industry and Commerce.

Bowley ... History of England's Foreign Trade in the XIX Century.

Fuchs ... Trade Policy of England.

Traill ... Social England, Vol. VI, Economic Section.

Buxton ... Finance and Politics.

Imperial Gazetteer of India, new edition, Vol. III (Economic) of the volumes on the Indian Empire.

Report of the Indian Famine Commission, Part IV, Famine Histories.

(iv) *Comparative Politics—*

Hammond's Outlines of Comparative Politics.

Freeman's Comparative Politics.

Maine's Ancient Law; Early Popular Government.

Jenks' Law and Politics in the Middle Ages.

Sidgwick's Growth of European Polity.

Coulange's Ancient City. (Translated by Small.)

Aristotle's Constitution of Athens. (Translated by Poste.)

Fisher's Bonapartism.

Bryce's American Commonwealth.

Lowell's Governments and Parties in Continental Europe.

Greenidge ... Greek Constitutional History.

(v) *Special period of European History—the Reformation—*

The Cambridge Modern History, Vol. II.

Michelet's Life of Luther.

Creighton's History of the Papacy, Vol. VI.

Hardwick's History of the Christian Church during the Reformation.

Stubbs' Seventeen Lectures on Mediæval and Modern History (the portions bearing on the Reformation).

Lindsay's History of the Reformation.

Burnet's History of the Reformation of the Church of England, Vols. I, II, III.

(B) *Books that may be referred to or consulted.*

PAPER I.

Greville's Journal of the reigns of George IV, William IV and Queen Victoria

Cobden's Speeches on Free Trade.

Martineau's History of the Thirty Years' Peace.

Morley's Life of Gladstone, Books I, II, III.

Campbell's Lives of the Chancellors Eldon, Lyndhurst and Brougham.

PAPER II.

Grant Duff's History of the Marhattas.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wilks' Historical Sketch of the South of India.

Sir J. F. Stephen's Nuncomar and Impey.

Beveridge's Trial of Nandkumar.

Strachey's Hastings and the Rohilla War.

PAPER III.

Petrie's and Mahaffy's History of Egypt.

Ancient Records—Egypt, translated by Breasted.

A Guide to the Egyptian Collections in the British Museum.

A Guide to the Babylonian and Assyrian Antiquities in the British Museum.

Breasted ... History of Egypt.

PAPER IV

Dicey's Law of the Constitution.

Hearn's Government of England.

Anson's Law and Custom of the Constitution.

PAPER V.

Oppenheim's Treatise on International Law.
 Higgin's Hague Peace Conferences.
 Woolsey's Introduction to International Law.
 Maine's Lectures on International Law.
 Scott's Cases in International Law.
 Westlake's International Law (Two Parts).

PAPERS VI and VII.

- (i) As Suyuti's History of the Caliphs, translated by Jarrett.
 Price's Mahomedan History from Persian authorities.
 Sir J. Malcolm's History of Persia.
 Creasy's Ottoman Turks.
 Freeman's Ottoman Power in Europe.
 Khuda Baksh's History of Islamic Civilization.
 Bayley's Guzerat.
 Tabakat-i-Naziri, translated by Raverty.
 Muntakhab-ul-Tawarikh, translated by Ranking.
 Akbar Nama, translated by Beveridge.
 Jadunath Sarkar's India under Aurangzeb.
 Memoirs of Jehangir, edited and translated by Rogers and Beveridge (Oriental Translation Funds Series).
- (ii) Rapson's Indian Coins.
 Kalhana's Rajatarangini—English translation by Stein.
 Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum, Vol. I.
 Thomas' Guptas.
- (iii) Macpherson's Annals of Commerce.
 Rogers' Six Centuries of Work and Wages.
 Rogers' Industrial and Commercial History of England.
 Rogers' Economic Interpretation of History.
 Dowell's History of Taxation and Taxes in England.
 Macpherson's History of European Commerce with India.
 Macdonnell's Report on the Food-grain Supply in Bengal and Behar, 1873-74.
 Report of the Famine Commission, 1893.
 Ranade's Essays on Indian Economics, the 2nd edition, or the 1st edition with the omission of the Introductory Essay.
 Dutt's India under Early British Rule.
 Dutt's India in the Victorian Age.
 Morison's Industrial Organization of an Indian Province.
- (iv) Freeman's Historical Essays, Four Series.
 Freeman's History of Federal Governments.
 Freeman's Greater Britain and Greater Greece.
 Guizot's History of Civilization.
 De Tocqueville's France before the Revolution of 1789.
 Bryce's Holy Roman Empire.
 Lecky's Democracy and Liberty, Vol. I.
- (v) Foxe's Acts and Monuments: from book VII.
 Seebohm's Oxford Reformers of 1498.
 Roscoe's Leo the Tenth.
 Ranke's History of the Popes.
 Robertson's Charles the Fifth.
 Armstrong's Charles the Fifth.
 Schaff's Reformation in Switzerland.
 Schaff's Reformation in Germany.
 Fuller's Church History of Britain, Vols. III and IV.
 Lingard's History of England ... } The chapters bearing on the Reformation.
 Brewer's Reign of Henry VIII ... }
 Baird's History of the Rise of the Huguenots.
 Freeman's Cardinal Pole in Historical Essays, 4th Series.

POLITICAL ECONOMY AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY.

Papers I and II.—General Economics.

A. Marshall...	...	Principles of Economics.
T. N. Carver	...	Distribution of Wealth.
H. R. Seager	...	Introduction to Economics.
Kinley ...	...	Money (Macmillan's Citizens Series).
Withers	...	The Meaning of Money.
C. F. Dunbar	...	History and Theory of Banking.
Bastable ...	...	International Trade.
Bastable ...	...	Commerce of Nations.
Smart ...	...	Distribution of Income.
Sidgwick ...	...	Principles of Political Economy, Book III.
Hobson ...	...	Evolution of Modern Capitalism.
W. M. Acworth	...	The Elements of Railway Economics.

PAPER III.

General Principles of Political Philosophy.

Spencer's Sociology, Vol. II (Political Institutions).

Sidgwick's Elements of Politics.

J. S. Mill's Representative Government.

J. S. Mill's Liberty.

Bryce's Studies in History and Jurisprudence. Essays III, IX, X, XI and XII.

Pollock's Introduction to the History of the Science of Politics.

PAPER IV.

Public Administration.

Nicholson's Principles of Economics, Vol. III, Book V.

Lowell's Government of England.

Dicey's Law of the Constitution.

Sir George Cornwall Lewis's Government of Dependencies.

Imperial Gazetteer of India—Vol. IV (Administrative).

Administration Reports of Bengal or Eastern Bengal and Assam or Burma.

Any recent issues to be read with the view explained in the note on Blue Books under Papers VI and VII. (iii) Group A.

GROUP A.

Paper V.—General History of Economics.

Ingram	...	...	History of Political Economy.
Andreades	...	...	History of the Bank of England.
Cliffe Leslie	...	...	Chapters on the Philosophical Method of Political Economy and The History of German Political Economy in his "Essays on Political and Moral Philosophy."
Cunningham	...	...	Growth of English Industry and Commerce, last volume.
Imperial Gazetteer	...	...	Vol. III. (Economic.)
Meredith	...	...	Economic History of England (from the Industrial Revolution).
Palgrave	...	(...)	Dictionary of Political Economy (articles on the Austrian, English, French, German and Italian Schools and on the chief English Economists in the past).

{ Articles in the Economic Journal —

{ Wieser—The Austrian School and the Theory of Value—Vol. 1, pp. 108, *et seq.*

{ Gide—Economic Literature in France—Vol. XVII, pp. 192, *et seq.*

Papers VI and VII.

(i) The History, Theory, and Present Systems of Banking and Currency.

Conant	...	...	Principles of Money and Banking.
Pierson	...	...	Principles of Economics, Part II (Money).
F. A. Walker	...	...	Money.
Nicholson	...	...	Money and Monetary Problems.
Jevons	...	...	Investigations in Currency and Finance (new abridged edition).
Palgrave	...	...	Bank Rate.
Burton	...	...	Commercial Crises.
Withers	...	...	Stocks and Shares.
Kemmerer	...	...	Money and Credit Instruments in their relation to general prices.
Marshall's Evidence,	Gold and Silver Commission, 1888.		
Foxwell, Nicholson, Giffen	Evidence before Royal Commission on Agricultural Depression, 1895-97.		
Evidences of O'Connor, L. Probyn, Marshall, L. Darwin, Aldenham, Courtney, Giffen, and R. C. Dutt.	(Indian Currency Committee, 1898.)		

(ii) History, Theory and Present Organization of International Trade.

Chapters bearing on the subject in Ricardo, J. S. Mill and Cairnes.

List	...	...	National System of Political Economy, Book II.
Fawcett	...	...	Free Trade and Protection.
W. J. Ashley	...	...	Tariff Problem.
W. Smart	...	...	Return to Protection.
Pigou	...	..	Protective and Preferential Import Duties.

Sir R. Giffen ..	...	The Use of Import and Export Statistics (Essay IX in Vol. I of Economic Inquiries and Studies).
A. L. Bowley	...	National Wealth and Progress (P. S. King).
Goschen	...	Foreign Exchanges.
P. Ashley	...	Modern Tariff History.
Taussig	...	Tariff History of the United States.
Bowley	...	England's Foreign Trade in the XIX Century.
Fuchs	...	Trade Policy of England.
O. H. Chomely	...	Protection in Canada and Australasia (P. S. King).
Views of the Government of India	...	on the Question of Preferential Tariffs, 1904. Od. 1931.

(iii) *The Theory and Practice of Statistics including Demography—*

1. A. L. Bowley ... Elements of Statistics.
2. Giffen ... Economic Inquiries and Studies, 2 vols.
3. Mayo Smith ... Statistics and Economics (Vol. II of his Science of Statistics).
4. Yule ... Introduction to Statistics.
5. The Jubilee volume of the Royal Statistical Society
6. British and Foreign Trade and Industries, being Memoranda, &c., prepared by the Board of Trade (commonly called the Fiscal Blue Books). Imperial Gazetteer, new edn., Vol. I., Chaps. IX and X.

Administrative Reports of Bengal, or East Bengal and Assam or Burma :—

Any recent issues (to be read with a view to a general knowledge of conditions and progress, with special reference to statistics).

(iv) *Mathematical Economics—*

- | | | |
|------------|-----|--|
| Cunynghame | ... | Geometrical Political Economy. |
| Cournot | ... | Mathematical Principles of the Theory of Wealth. |
| Jevons | ... | Theory of Political Economy. |
| Marshall | ... | Principles of Economics (Mathematical Appendices). |
| Pantaleoni | ... | Pure Economics |
| Edgeworth | ... | Mathematical Psychics. |
| Wicksteed | ... | Alphabet of Economic Science. |
| Wicksteed | ... | Common Sense of Political Economy. |
- Articles by Flux, Sanger Chapman, Pigou and Edgeworth in the Economic Journal (bearing on Mathematical Economics).

GROUP B.

PAPER V.

General History of Political Philosophy.

Theories of the state contained in—

- (a) Aristotle's Politics,
- (b) Hobbes' Leviathan,
- (c) Locke's two Treatises on Government.
- (d) Rousseau's Social Contract.
- (e) Kant's Principles of Politics (Hastie's translation of the four Essays on Political theory).

Austin's Jurisprudence—Lectures V and VI.

Sir H. Maine's Lectures on Sovereignty (XII and XIII) in his Early History of Institutions.

Dunning's History of Political Theories.

- (a) Ancient and Mediæval.
- (b) From Luther to Montesquieu.

PAPERS VI AND VII.

Comparative Study of Political Institutions.

I.

Hammonds' Outlines of Comparative Politics.

Freeman's Comparative Politics.

Maine's Ancient Law.

Maine's Early Popular Government.

Jenks' Law and Politics in the Middle Ages.

Sidgwick's Growth of European Polity.

Coulanges' Ancient City. (Translated by Small.)

Aristotle's Constitution of Athens. (Translated by Poste.)

Fisher's Bonapartism.

Bryce's American Commonwealth.

Lowell's Governments and Parties in Continental Europe.

Greenidge—Greek Constitutional History.

II.

Comparative Study of Social Institutions.

Comte's Positive Philosophy—Translated by Miss Martineau—Book VI.

Spencer's Principles of Sociology, Vol. I.

Giddings' Principles of Sociology.

Tylor's Primitive Culture.

Max Müller's Origin of Religion.

Frazer's Psyche's Task.

Lecky's History of Rationalism in Europe, Vol. II; Lecky's History of Morals in Europe.

Mackenzie's Introduction to Social Philosophy.

Census Report for India, 1901, by Sir Herbert Risley.

C. D. Wright—Elements of Practical Sociology.

III.

International Law with reference to existing Political and Economic Institutions.

Hall's Treatise on International Law.

Westlake—International Law (Peace and War), 2 Vols Chapters on International Law.

Lawrence—War and Neutrality in the Far East.

Lawrence—International Problems and Hague Conference.

Scott's Cases on International Law.

Bray - British Rights at Sea under the declaration of London.

Higgins—Hague Peace Conferences.

SENATE HOUSE,

The 24th November 1911. }

G. THIBAUT,

Registrar.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE
OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**

M. A. AND M. Sc. EXAMINATIONS, 1914.

MATHEMATICS.

NOTE.—It is to be understood that, in the following list of Text-books wherever a book is recommended for a subject, students are expected to read those parts of the book only which deal with that particular subject.

Pure Mathematics.

- i. Higher Algebra—

Crystal	...	...	Algebra, Part II, Chapters 23—28, 32—34.
C. Smith	A Treatise on Algebra.
2. Higher Plane Trigonometry—

Hobson	Plane Trigonometry.
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3. Spherical Trigonometry—

Casey	Spherical Trigonometry.
Todhunter	Spherical Trigonometry (Ed. Leathem).
4. Theory of Equations and Algebra of Quantics—

Burnside and Panton	...	...	Theory of Equations.
Grace and Young	...	...	Algebra of Invariants.
Elliott	...	...	Introduction to the Algebra of Quantics.
5. Plane Analytical Geometry, including Higher Plane Curves—

Salmon	...	...	Conic Sections.
Salmon	...	...	Higher Plane Curves.
Basset	...	...	Treatise on Cubics and Quartics.
6. Geometry of Surfaces—

Salmon	...	...	Geometry of Three Dimensions.
Frost	...	...	Solid Geometry.
7. Differential Calculus—

Edwards	...	...	Differential Calculus.
Osgood	...	...	Differential and Integral Calculus.
8. Integral Calculus—

Williamson	...	..	Integral Calculus.
Osgood	Differential and Integral Calculus.
9. Differential Equations—

Forsyth	Differential Equations.
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10. Calculus of Variations—

Bolza	Lectures on the Calculus of Variations.
Hancock	Calculus of Variations.
11. (a) Theory of Functions—

Harkness and Morley	...	...	Introduction to the Theory of Analytic Functions, or the corresponding portions of—
Forsyth	...	...	Theory of Functions, 2nd edition.
- (b) Theory of Groups—

Hilton	...	...	Finite Groups.
Campbell	...	...	Theory of Continuous Groups.
- (c) Finite Differences and Calculus of Functions—

Boole	...	...	Finite Differences.
Carmichael	...	...	Calculus of Operations.
Herschel	...	...	Examples of Calculus of Finite Differences.
Babbage	...	...	Examples of Functional Equations.
Whittaker	...	...	Modern Analysis.
- (d) Vector Analysis and Quaternions—

Joly	...	...	Quaternions.
Tait	...	...	Quaternions.
Gibbs and Wilson	...	...	Vector Analysis.
Gibbs	...	...	Scientific Papers, Vol. II, pp. 17—90.
- (e) Projective Geometry—

Cremona	...	..	Projective Geometry.
Scott	...	...	Modern Analytical Geometry.
Reye	...	...	Geometry of Position. Tr. Holgate.
Whitehead	...	...	Axioms of Projective Geometry (Cambridge Tracts No. 4).
Whitehead	Axioms of Descriptive Geometry (Cambridge Tracts No. 5).
Veblen and Young	Projective Geometry.

(f) Theory of Numbers—

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|----------|-----|---|
| Matthews | ... | Theory of Numbers. |
| Smith | ... | Reports on the Theory of Numbers. (Collected papers, Vol. I, pp. 38—364). |

Mixed Mathematics.

1. Advanced Statics, including Theory of Potential—

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|---------|-----|-----|----------|
| Minchin | ... | ... | Statics. |
| Routh | ... | ... | Statics. |

2. Dynamics of a Particle—

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|-------|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Routh | ... | ... | Dynamics of a Particle. |
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3. Rigid Dynamics—

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|-------|-----|-----|----------------------------|
| Routh | ... | ... | Elementary Rigid Dynamics. |
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4. Hydrostatics, including Capillarity—

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|-------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------------|
| Besant and Ramsey | ... | ... | Hydrodynamics, Part I (Hydrostatics). |
|-------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------------|

5. Hydrodynamics—

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|------|-----|-----|----------------|
| Lamb | ... | ... | Hydrodynamics. |
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6. Spherical Astronomy—

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|------|-----|-----|----------------------|
| Ball | ... | ... | Spherical Astronomy. |
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7. (a) Theory of Elasticity—

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|------|-----|-----|------------------------------------|
| Love | ... | ... | Theory of Elasticity, 2nd edition. |
|------|-----|-----|------------------------------------|

Candidates are also recommended to refer to—

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| Todhunter and Pearson | ... | ... | History of Theory of Elasticity. |
|-----------------------|-----|-----|----------------------------------|

(b) Advanced Dynamics—

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|---------------|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| Whittaker | ... | ... | Analytical Dynamics. |
| A. C. Webster | ... | ... | Dynamics. |
| Routh | ... | ... | Advanced Rigid Dynamics. |
| Hertz | ... | ... | Principles of Mechanics. |

(c) Higher Parts of Spherical Astronomy—

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|-----------|-----|-----|----------------------|
| Chauvenet | ... | ... | Spherical Astronomy. |
| Newcomb | ... | ... | Spherical Astronomy. |

(d) Lunar and Planetary Theories—

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|---------|-----|-----|---------------------------|
| Adams | ... | ... | Lectures on Lunar Theory. |
| Airy | ... | ... | Mathematical Tracts. |
| Brown | ... | ... | Lunar Theory. |
| Cheyne | ... | ... | Planetary Theory. |
| Moulton | ... | ... | Celestial Mechanics. |

(e) Figure of the Planets—

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|------------------|-----|-----|--|
| Todhunter | ... | ... | History of the Theory of Attraction and the figure of the Earth. |
| Thomson and Tait | ... | ... | Natural Philosophy. |
| Airy | ... | ... | Mathematical Tracts. |
| Airy | ... | ... | Figure of the Earth. Enc. Metr. |
| Clark and Radau | ... | ... | Figure of the Earth. (Enc. Britt., Vols. VII and XXVII). |
| Praet | ... | ... | Figure of the Earth. |

(f) Theory of Tides—

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|--------|-----|-----|---|
| Basset | ... | ... | Hydrodynamics. |
| Darwin | ... | ... | Tides and Kindred Phenomena. (Murray, 1898.) |
| Darwin | ... | ... | Tides. (Enc. Britt., Vols. XXIII and XXXIII.) |
| Darwin | ... | ... | Scientific Papers, Vol. I, Pt. I. |
| Airy | ... | ... | Tides and Waves. (Enc. Metr.) |

PHYSICS.

No text-books are prescribed or recommended.

The students are required to consult their Professors as to a suitable course of reading, which should include the study of original papers.

CHEMISTRY.

(In addition to the books recommended for the B.A. and B.Sc. Pass and Honours Courses.)

(a) PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY.

Ostwald Walker	...	Physico-Chemical Measurements.
Nernst (trans. by Leffeldt)	...	Theoretical Chemistry (4th edition).
Mellor	...	Chemical Dynamics and Reactions.
Findlay	...	The Phase Rule.
Leffeldt	...	Electro-Chemistry.
Van t'Hoff	..	Lectures on Theoretical and Physical Chemistry.
Jeans	...	Dynamical Theory of Gases.
Travers	...	Study of Gases.
Rutherford	...	Radio-Activity.
Thomsen	..	Thermo-Chemistry.
Ostwald	...	Principles of Chemistry.
E. C. Baly	...	Spectroscopy.
S. Young	...	Stoichiometry.

(b) INORGANIC CHEMISTRY.

Myer	...	History of Chemistry.
Fresenius	...	Qualitative Analysis and Quantitative Analysis.
Sutton	..	Volumetric Analysis.
Hempel	...	Gas Analysis.
Treadwell and Hall	...	Analytical Chemistry, Vols. I and II.
Roscoe and Schorlemmer	...	Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II.
F. M. Perkin	...	Practical Methods in Inorganic Chemistry.

(c) ORGANIC CHEMISTRY.

Richter	...	Organische Chemie (9th edition).
Gattermann	...	Practical Organic Chemistry.
J. B. Cohen	...	Advanced Organic Chemistry.

Candidates for the M. A. or M. Sc. Examination are required to consult original papers in the Chemical Society's Journals and other Scientific Periodicals, and also to consult the Annual Reports issued by the Chemical Society on the "Progress of Chemistry," in connection with the special subject taken up by them.

GEOLOGY.

No text-books are prescribed or recommended. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus prescribed in the Regulations.

PHYSIOLOGY.

(No text-books are prescribed.)

BOTANY.

No text-books are prescribed. The subject is to be read in accordance with the prescribed Syllabus.

ZOOLOGY AND COMPARATIVE ANATOMY.

(No text-books are prescribed.)

SENATE HOUSE,
The 24th November 1911. }

G. THIBACT,
Registrar, Calcutta University.

II H

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE
OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**

LICENTIATE IN TEACHING EXAMINATION, 1914.

1) THE THEORY AND PRACTICE OF TEACHING IN RELATION TO MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE, AND (2) METHODS OF TEACHING SPECIFIC SUBJECTS AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT.

Books recommended.

Lloyd Morgan	...	Psychology for Teachers (Edward Arnold).
Raymont	...	Principles of Education.
Barnett	...	Teaching and Organization.
Francis Warner	...	The Study of Children and their School Training.
Adamson	...	The Practice of Instruction (Natural Society's Depository).
Welton	...	Principles of Teaching (University Tutorial Press).

(3) SELECTED EDUCATIONAL CLASSICS.

Locke	...	Some Thoughts Concerning Education.
Fröbel	...	Education of Man (International Educational Series published by D. Appleton & Co.).
G. D. Banerjea	...	A Few Thoughts on Education (omitting the Chapter on Legal Education.)

(4) ENGLISH.

(To be notified hereafter.)

SENATE HOUSE,
The 24th November 1911.

G. THIBAUT,
Registrar.

**ORDER BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE
OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**

EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF TEACHING, 1914.

(1) THE THEORY AND PRACTICE OF TEACHING IN RELATION TO MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE, AND (2) METHODS OF TEACHING SPECIFIC SUBJECTS AND SCHOOL MANAGEMENT.

Books recommended.

Lloyd Morgan	...	Psychology for Teachers (Edward Arnold).
Raymont	...	Principles of Education.
Barnett	...	Teaching and Organization.
Landon	...	Teaching and Class Management.
Francis Warner	...	The Study of Children and their School Training.
W. James	...	Talks to Teachers on Psychology and to Students on some of Life's Ideals.
Findlay	...	Principles of Class Teaching.
Preyer	...	The Mind of the Child, Parts I and II.
Adamson	...	The Practice of Instruction (Natural Society's Depository).
Welton	...	Principles of Teaching (University Tutorial Press).

The article on Education in the Encyclopædia Britannica, 11th Edition, is recommended for reference by Students.

(3) HISTORY OF EDUCATIONAL IDEAS AND METHODS.

The following books are recommended as useful, for purposes of reference, to those engaged in teaching the prescribed course:—

Institutes of Manu	...	Chapter II.
Lalita-Vistara	...	Chapter X (Rajendralala Mitra's translation and notes)
Leitner	...	History of Indigenous Education in the Punjab, Part I, up to page 112.
Sarat Chandra Dass	...	Paper on Universities in Ancient India (Hindustan Review, March 1906).
Amir Ali	...	Spirit of Islam, Chapter XVIII.
Macdonald	...	Moral Training of the Young among Muslims (International Journal of Ethics, April 1905).
Quick	...	Educational Reformers.
Munro	...	Outlines of the History of Education (Macmillan).

(4) SELECTED EDUCATIONAL CLASSICS.

Books recommended.

Locke	...	Some thoughts concerning Education.
Fröbel	...	Education of Man (International Education Series, published by D. Appleton & Co.).
Milton	...	Treatise on Education (Cambridge University Press).
G. D. Banerjea	...	A Few Thoughts on Education (omitting the Chapter on Legal Education.)

SENATE HOUSE,

G. THIBAUT.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION IN LAW, JULY 1914 AND JANUARY 1915

- (i) Jurisprudence ... Maine's Ancient Law (Edited by Sir F. Pollock); Holland's Jurisprudence (10th Edition); Kelke's Constitutional Law (omitting Chapters X and XI).
- (ii) Elements of Roman Law and the Principles of Legislation. Lord Mackenzie's Studies in Roman Law (omitting Comparative views of English, Scotch and French Law also omitting portions relating to actions); Bentham's Theory of Legislation, edited by Hildreth, pp. 1—236.
- (iii) Hindu Law ... Mitakshara, Chapter I, sections 1—5; Chapter II, sections 1—10; Dayabhaga, Chapters 1, 2, 5, 11; Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage omitting Chapters I—III, VI—VII, XI—XIII and XX—XXI; Jogendra Nath Bhattacharyya's Hindu Law, 3rd edition, Volume I, Part II; Golapchandra Sarkar's Hindu Law, Chapters I—II, XII—XIII, XV; University Selection of Leading Cases.

The following Leading Cases to be studied in the original judgments as expositions of important legal principles have been prescribed for the Preliminary Examination in Law in July 1914 and in January 1915:—

HINDU LAW.

1. Hunooman Pershad Panday v. Babooi Munraj Kunwar, 6 M. I. A. 393; 18 W. R., 81.
2. Bhubanmayi v. Ramkishore Acharya, 10 M. I. A., 279; 3 W. R., P. C., 15.
3. Gurugovind v. Anand Lal, 13 W. R., F. B., 49.
4. Tagore v. Tagore, 9 B. L. R., 377; 18 W. R., 359.
5. Surajbansi Koer v. Sheo Pershad, 6 I. A., 88; I. L. R., 5 Calo., 148.
6. Bhagwan Singh v. Bhagwan Singh, 26 I. A., 153; I. L. R., 21 All., 412.
7. Kattama Nachiar v. Raja of Sivagunga, 9 M. I. A., 539; 2 W. R., P. C., 31.
8. Manikyamala Bose v. Nanda Kumar, I. L. R., 33 Calo. 1306; 4 C. L. J., 357.
9. Bhupatinath Smrititirtha v. Ramlal, 10 C. L. J.; 355; I. L. R., 37 Calo., 128.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN LAW, JULY 1914 AND JANUARY 1915.

- (i) Muhammadan Law ... Sirajiya (except the details as to succession of distant kindred); Mulla's Principles of Muhammadan Law (omitting the details as to the succession of distant kindred); or Amir Ali's Students' Manual of Muhammadan Law; University Selection of Leading Cases.
- (ii) The Law relating to Persons ... Act IX of 1875 (Majority); Campbell's Principles of English Law, Chapters IV, V, VIII, XII—XV; University Selection of Leading Cases.
- (iii) The Law relating to Property —
 (a) The Law of Transfer *inter vivos*. Act IV of 1882 (Transfer of Property Act); Act III of 1877 (Registration), sections 17, 18, 48, 49, 50; Strahan's Principles of Mortgages, omitting Parts III, IV and V; University Selection of Leading Cases.
- (b) Principles of the English Law of Real Property and the Law of Intestate and Testamentary Succession (exclusive of the Hindu and the Muhammadan Law of Intestate Succession). Williams' Principles of the Law of Real Property (20th Edition), Introduction, Part I (omitting Chapters IX and XIII); Part II, Part IV (omitting Chapter I) and Part V; Act X of 1865 (Succession), omitting Parts III—V, XXX, XXXI, and XXXV—XL; Act XXI of 1870 (Hindu Wills) except the provisions of the Indian Succession Act omitted from the study of that Act; Act V of 1881 (Probate and Administration Act); University Selection of Leading Cases.

- (iv) The Law of Contracts and Torts. Anson's Law of Contract (11th Edition)
Salmond on Torts, omitting Chapters V, VI,
X and XVI; Act IX of 1872 (Contract Act);
University Selection of Leading Cases.

Leading Cases to be studied in the original judgments as exposition of important legal principles—

(i) MUHAMMADAN LAW.

1. Ashrufuddowla v. Hyder Hossain, 11 M. I. A., 98.
2. Abul Fata v. Russomoy Dharchowdhury, L. R., 22 I. A., 76
3. Khajooroonnissa v. Rowshan Jehani, I. L. R., 2 Cal., 184.

(ii) LAW RELATING TO PERSONS.

1. Udny v. Udny, L. R., H. L., Sc. 441.
2. Manneville v. Manneville, 10 Ves., 52.
3. Abraham v. Abraham, 9 M. I. A., 195.

(iii) THE LAW RELATING TO PROPERTY.

(a) Law of Transfer—*Inter vivos*.

1. Bellamy v. Sabine, 1 De G. and J., 566.
2. Ishanohunder v. Bishu Sardar, I. L. R., 24 Cal., 825.
3. Raja Kishen Dutt v. Raja Mumtaz, I. L. R., 5 Cal., 198.
4. Gokuldas v. Puran Mal, I. L. R., 10 Cal., 1035.
5. Noakes v. Rice (1902), A. C., 24.
6. Lala Achal Ram v. Kazim Hossain, I. L. R., 27 All., 271; 32 I. A., 113.
7. Beni Ram v. Kundan Lal, I. L. R., 21 All., 496.

(b) English Law of Real Property and the Law of Intestate and Testamentary Succession.

1. Van Grutten v. Foxwell (1897), A. C., 668.
2. Morley v. Bird, 3 Ves., 628.
3. In re Rosher, 26 Ch. D., 801.
4. Alangamonjoree v. Sonamoni, I. L. R., 8 Cal., 637.
5. Bhagabati Barmania v. Kalicharan Singh, I. L. R., 32 Cal., 992.
6. Bai Mativahoo v. Mamobai, I. L. R., 21 Bom., 709.

[N.B.—Students are recommended to consult Petride's Students' Cases with a view to elucidate the cases mentioned in the text-books.]

(iv) CONTRACTS AND TORTS.

1. Mohori Bibi v. Dhurmodas, L. R., 30 I. A., 114.
2. Keightly & Co. v. Durant (1901), A. C., 240.
3. Smith v. Hughes, L. R., 6 Q. B., 597.
4. Ashby v. White (Judgment of Holt, C. J.), 1 Sm. L. C., 231.
5. Barwick v. English Joint Stock Bank, L. R., 2 Ex., 259.
6. Smith v. Baker (1891), A. C., 325.
7. Quinn v. Leatham (1901), A. C., 495.
8. Derry v. Peek (Judgment of Lord Herschell), 14 App. Cas., 337.

[N.B.—Students are recommended to consult Petride's Students' Cases with a view to elucidate the cases mentioned in the text-books.]

FINAL EXAMINATION IN LAW, JULY 1914 AND JANUARY 1915.

(i) THE LAW RELATING TO PROPERTY.

- (i) The Law of Land Tenures, Land Revenue and Prescription. Regulation I of 1793, Preamble to Regulation II of 1793; Regulations VIII, XIX, sections 1—7, XXXVII, sections 1—3 of 1793; VIII of 1819; XI of 1825; Act VIII of 1885 (Bengal Tenancy Act), Chapters I—VIII, XI, XIV, XV; Act XI of 1859; Act XV of 1877, sections 26—28; Upendranath Mitra's Indian Law of Prescription and Easements. Field's Introduction to the Bengal Regulations (portions relating to Land Tenures); University Selection of Leading Cases.

- (ii) The Principles of Equity, including the Law of Trusts. Maitland's Lectures on Equity; Chapters I—XXI; Kelke-Leading Cases on Equity; University Selection of Leading Cases.

[N.B.—Students are recommended to consult Petride's Students' Cases with a view to elucidate the cases mentioned in the text-books.]

- (iii) The Law of Evidence and the general principles of Civil Procedure and Limitation. Act I of 1872 (Evidence Act); Act V of 1908 (Civil Procedure), Sections 1—158; Schedule I, (Orders I—X; XIV, XV, XVIII, XX, XXI—XXIII, XXXI—XXXII, XXXIV—XXXV, XXXIX—XLI, XLII, XLIII, XLV, XLVI, XLVII; Schedule II; Act XV of 1877, Sections 1—25; Best on Evidence, Introduction, Books I, II and Book III, Part I. University Selection of Leading Cases.

- (iv) The Law of Crimes and the general principles of Criminal Procedure. Act XLV of 1860 (Penal Code), Chapters I—V, and such portions of Chapters VI—XXIII, as do not relate exclusively to the amount of punishment to be inflicted for an offence; Act V of 1898 (Criminal Procedure), omitting Chapters I, IX, XIV, XXXIII—XL, XLII, XLIII, XLVI (except section 562); Sir James Fitz James Stephen's General View of the Criminal Law of England; University Selection of Leading Cases.

Leading Cases to be studied in the original judgments as expositions of important legal principles :—

(i) LAW RELATING TO PROPERTY.

(a) Land Tenures, Land Revenue and Prescription.

1. Lopez v. Muddunmohan Thakur, 13 M. I. A., 467; 14 W. R., P. C., 11.
2. Mohesh Narain v. Nawbut Pathak, I. L. R., 32 Calo., 837; 1 C. L. J. 437.
3. Sonet Kooer v. Himmudt Bahadur, I. L. R., 2 Calo., 391.
4. Shamohand Koondoo v. Brojonath Pal Chowdhury, 21 W. R., 94.
5. Norendranarain Roy v. Ishan Chunder Sen, 22 W. R., 22.
6. Maharanee Rajrup Koer v. Syed Abul Hossain, 7 I. A., 240; I. L. R., 6 Calo., 394.

(ii) EQUITY AND TRUST.

1. Mussoorie Bank v. Raynor, 7 App. Cas., 321; I. L. R., 4 All., 500.
2. Gopee Kristo v. Gunga Pershad, 6 M.I.A., 53.
3. Fox v. Mackreth, 2 Wh. and T. L. C., 709.
4. In re Hallet's Trust, 13 Ch. D., 696.
5. Le Neve v. Le Neve, 2 Wh. and T.L.C., 175.
6. Allcard v. Skinner, 36 Ch.D., 181.
7. Aylesford v. Morris, L.R., 8 Ch. App., 484.

(iii) THE LAW OF EVIDENCE AND THE GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE AND LIMITATION.

(a) Evidence.

1. Gujju Lal v. Futteh Lal (Judgment of Mitter, J.), I. L. R., 6 Calo., 171.
2. Sarat Chandra Dey v. Gopal Chandra Laha, I. L. R., 20 Calo., 296.
3. Balkishen v. Legge, I.L.R., 22 All., 149.

(b) Procedure.

4. Run Bahadur v. Lucho Koer, I. L. R., 11 Calo., 301.
5. Ishan Chandra Sarkar v. Benimadhub Sarkar, I. L. R., 24 Calo., 62.
6. Zainulabdin v. Asghar Ali, I. L. R., 10 All., 166.

(c) *Limitation.*

7. *Rudrakant v. Nobo Kishore*, I. L. R., 9 Calo., 663.

(iv) **LAW OF CRIMES AND THE GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.**

1. *Reg. v. Gangadhar Tilak*, I. L. R., 22 Bom., pp. 112—152.
2. *Ganouri Lal Das v. Reg.*, I. L. R., 16 Calo., pp. 206—222.
3. *Reg. v. Sricharan Chungo*, I. L. R., 22 Calo., pp. 1017—1026.
4. *Reg. v. Haradhan*, I. L. R., 19 Calo., pp. 388—392.
5. *Reg. v. Soshibhusan*, I. L. R., 15 All., pp. 210—219.
6. *Reg. v. Abbas Ali*, I. L. R., 25 Calo., pp. 512—522.

M.L. EXAMINATION, 1913.**(1) HINDU LAW OR MUHAMMADAN LAW.***Hindu Law.*

Manu	Institutes, Chapters I, III, VII, VIII and IX.
Yajnavalkya	...	...	Institutes, Book II, on Vyavahara or Positive Law.
Vijnanesvara	...	...	Mitakshara.
Devananda Bhatta	...	...	Smriti-Chandrika.
Vachaspati Misra	...	...	Vivada Chintamani.
Nilakantha	...	...	Vyavahara Mayukha.
Mitra Misra	...	...	Viramitrodaya
Jimutavahana	...	...	Dayabhaga.
Raghunandan	...	...	Dayatatwa.
Nanda Pandita	...	...	Dattaka-Mimansa.
Kuvera	...	...	Dattaka-Chandrika.
G. D. Banerjee	...	...	Marriage and Stridhana.
G. C. Sarkar	...	...	Law of Adoption.
Mayne	...	...	Hindu Law and Usage.

Muhammadan Law.

Serajuddin	...	...	Al Sirajiya.
Baillie	...	...	Digest of Muhammadan Law—Shunni and Shia.
Ameer Ali	...	...	Muhammadan Law, Vols. I and II.
Wilson	...	...	Digest of Anglo-Muhammadan Law.
Abdur Rahman	...	...	Institutes of Mussalman Law.
Abdur Rahim	...	...	Principles of Muhammadan Jurisprudence (Tagore Lectures, 1907).

(2) JURISPRUDENCE AND PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION.

Brown	...	...	Austinian Theory of Law.
Holland	...	...	Jurisprudence.
Maine	...	...	Ancient Law (Edited by Sir F. Pollock), Village Communities, Early History of Institutions, Early Law and Customs.
Holmes	...	...	Common Law.
Bentham	...	...	Theory of Legislation.
Salmond	...	...	Jurisprudence.
Lee	...	...	Historical Jurisprudence.
Kant	...	...	Philosophy of Law, Translated by Hastie.
Maitland	...	...	Collected Papers.

(3) PRINCIPLES AND HISTORY OF ROMAN LAW.

Gaius	...	...	Institutes (translated by Poste).
Justinian	...	...	Institutes (translated by Moyle).
Sohm	...	...	Institutes (translated by Ledlie).
Muirhead	...	...	Roman Law.

(4) PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW.

Foote	...	...	Private International Jurisprudence.
Nelson	...	...	Private International Jurisprudence.

(5) AND (6) ANY TWO OF THE FOLLOWING :

(i) *Principles of Equity.*

Langdell	...	...	Brief Survey of Equity Jurisdiction.
Story	...	...	Equity Jurisprudence.
Underhill	...	...	Law of Trusts.
Agnew	...	...	Law of Trusts (Tagore Lectures, 1881).
White and Tudor	...	...	Leading Cases in Equity (8th edition).

(ii) *Law relating to Transfer of Immoveable Property and Law of Prescription.*

Dart	...	...	Law of Vendors and Purchasers.
Williams	...	...	Vendors and Purchasers.
Rashbehari Ghose	...	...	Law of Mortgages.
Goddard	...	...	Law of Easements.

The Transfer of Property Act.

The Indian Easements Act.

(iii) *Law relating to Wills.*

Underhill and Strahan	...	...	On the Interpretation of Wills and Settlements.
Theobald	...	...	Law of Wills.
Ingpen	...	...	Law of Executors.
Henderson	...	...	Law of Wills (Tagore Lectures, 1887).
Phillips and Trevelyan	...	...	Hindu Wills.
Asutosh Mukhopadhyay	...	...	The Law of Perpetuities in British India (Tagore Lectures, 1898).

The Indian Succession Act.

The Hindu Wills Act.

The Probate and Administration Act.

(iv) *Law of Contracts and Torts.*

Pollock	...	...	Principles of Contract, Law of Torts.
Street	...	...	Foundations of Legal Liabilities.
Fry	...	...	Specific Performance
Finch	...	...	Cases on the Law of Contracts.
Kenny	...	...	Cases on Torts
Salmond	...	...	On Torts.
Satischandra Banerjee	...	...	The Law of Specific Relief in British India (Tagore Lectures, 1906).

The Indian Contract Act.

The Specific Relief Act.

(v) *Principles and History of the Law of Real and Personal Property.*

Williams	...	...	Real Property.
Williams	...	...	Personal Property.
Goodeve	...	...	Real Property.
Goodeve	...	...	Personal Property.
Digby	...	...	History of Real Property.
Leake	...	...	Law of Property in Land.
Finch	...	...	Cases on the Law of Property.

(vi) *Principles and History of the Law of Evidence.*

Best	...	...	Evidence.
Thayer	...	...	Preliminary Treatise on Evidence.
Phillimore	...	...	History of Evidence.
Wigmore	...	...	Cases on Evidence.

Indian Evidence Act.

(vii) *History of English Law.*

Pollock and Maitland	...	...	History of English Law.
Roeves	...	...	History of English Law, edited by Finlason.
Holdsworth	...	...	History of English Law.
Kerly	...	...	History of Equity.
Maitland	...	...	Collected Papers.
Selected Essays on Anglo-American Legal History. (Cambridge University Press.)			

SENATE HOUSE,

The 24th November, 1911.

G. THIBAUT,

Registrar, Calcutta University.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
Prior to 1842	Collins, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Two children . . .	157 14 1
"	Lee, E., Corporal . . .	.....	Two children . . .	111 9 6
"	Smith, Henry, Sergeant . . .	.....	Elizabeth . . .	828 0 0
"	Smith, D., Sergeant Major . . .	.....	Margaret . . .	78 6 5
"	Story, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	117 5 4
"	MacConnell, Sergeant . . .	.....	John . . .	77 15 3
"	Ratherford, Sergeant . . .	.....	Margaret . . .	138 10 8
"	Hewetson, William, Gunner . . .	.....	John . . .	47 5 7
"	Taylor, John, Private . . .	.....	John . . .	214 11 1
"	Conroy, Peter, Corporal . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	274 14 6
"	McCullum, —, Conductor . . .	.....	John . . .	354 6 10
"	Gordon, James . . .	59th Foot . . .	James . . .	589 2 2
"	Casey, Jeremiah . . .	87th Foot . . .	Daniel . . .	109 12 4
"	Corbolly, Thomas, Private . . .	59th Foot . . .	Samuel . . .	62 12 3
"	Cassidy, —, Corporal . . .	.....	John . . .	61 3 9
"	Hyde, Henry, Conductor . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	187 1 10
"	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant Major . . .	11th Dragoons . . .	William . . .	64 8 0
"	Anderson, William, Corporal . . .	H. C., 1st En. Regt. . .	Mary Anne Margaret . . .	124 11 6
"	White, W., Private . . .	3rd Buffs . . .	George and Mary Anne . . .	13 13 9
"	Minogue, T., Private . . .	3rd Buffs . . .	Thomas . . .	23 11 0
"	Tailor, John, Bombardier . . .	.....	Elizabeth . . .	43 0 0
"	Neal, James, Private . . .	59th Foot . . .	James . . .	43 0 0
"	Sherrock, J., Corporal . . .	.....	Joseph . . .	160 0 0
"	Moore, Bombardier . . .	.....	Dorothy . . .	5 9 5
"	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant . . .	.....	George . . .	11 8 2
"	Creighton, James, Corporal . . .	13th L. Infy. . .	Mary Ann . . .	16 12 0
"	McCoy, —, Sub-Conductor . . .	.....	John and George . . .	958 3 2
"	Long, R., Sergeant . . .	Allahabad Magazine Establishment . . .	Ann and Robert D. . .	137 3 9
"	Baker, H., Gunner . . .	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	James . . .	32 1 4
"	Hills, —, Gunner . . .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Sophia . . .	30 1 1
"	Burns, James, Gunner . . .	Artillery . . .	Hannah . . .	10 6 9
"	McKenney, R., Bombardier . . .	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty. . .	Ann Eliza . . .	134 6 5
"	Smith, J., Gunner . . .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	Margaret . . .	6 5 5
"	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant . . .	2nd Bn. Arty. . .	Charles . . .	123 13 4
"	Flynn, J., Gunner . . .	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty. . .	Elizabeth . . .	6 1 4
"	Fagan, J., Gunner . . .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Mary and James . . .	11 12 9
"	Johnson, C., Gunner . . .	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty. . .	William . . .	3 0 6
"	Twoomey, M., Gunner . . .	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Michael, William, and Margaret . . .	21 2 11
"	Ahern, William, Gunner . . .	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	John . . .	65 11 9
"	McCormick, J., Gunner . . .	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	Bernard . . .	116 10 9
"	Gavin, J., Gunner . . .	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Thomas and James . . .	189 3 6
"	Bryan, D., Sergeant . . .	.....	Mortimer . . .	12 10 11
"	Reid, —, Sergeant . . .	Sappers and Miners . . .	Eleanor and Eunice . . .	68 6 5
"	South, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Elizabeth Martha . . .	310 0 0
"	Cunningham, Mathew, Private . . .	44th Foot . . .	Michael . . .	37 14 6
"	Blyth, John, Conductor . . .	.....	Children (names not recorded). . .	12 12 3
"	Smith, T., Sergeant . . .	.....	Esther and Amelia . . .	23 15 0
"	Pierce, Qr. Mr. Sergeant . . .	20th N. I. . .	Thomas . . .	711 15 2
"	Driver, J., Sergeant Major . . .	.....	Robert Charles and John . . .	141 7 1
"	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant . . .	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty. . .	Thomas . . .	23 15 2
"	Canty, John, Bombardier . . .	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty. . .	John (died, 11th May 1842). . .	272 2 8
June 29, 1853	(Not recorded) . . .	.....	Bryon, Margaret, and William . . .	53 8 3
" 29, 1849	(Not recorded) . . .	.....	Daly Robert . . .	23 9 1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant . . .	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A. . .	Ellen . . .	112 9 0
Apl. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner . . .	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty. . .	Charlotte . . .	4 2 8
" 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private . . .	1st En. Lt. Infy. . .	David and Austel . . .	7 13 3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheehan, B., Gunner . . .	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	John and Patrick . . .	2 1 8
June 21, 1844	Evans, George, Sergeant . . .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	Mary Ann and Catherine . . .	19 14 9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, —, Private . . .	44th Foot . . .	George . . .	200 0 0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner . . .	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A. . .	Julia . . .	277 11 11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner . . .	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A. . .	William Thomas . . .	63 9 8
Aug. 29, 1892	} Smith, F. C., Sergeant . . .	2nd Dragoon Guards . . .	James John . . .	63 9 8
Mar. 30, 1896			Ada . . .	258 10 2

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private . . .	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt. .	A., L., A. and J. T. .	27 3 2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, —, Private . . .	10th Foot . . .	John Thomas . . .	28 12 0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. .	John . . .	130 0 0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. .	James . . .	156 12 5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, —, Sergeant Major .	.....	Harriett M. and James .	31 14 1
Feb. 14, 1845	Fry, —, Bugle Major . . .	6th Bn. of Arty. . .	James . . .	12 6 9
" 3, 1842	Wilson . . .	.....	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth. .	204 7 8
" .. 1842	McCarthy, Or. Mr. Sergeant .	.....	John . . .	61 2 3
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer . . .	68th Regt., N. Infy. .	Mary . . .	28 8 3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant Major . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	101 5 4
" 9, 1845	Meaney, John, Sergeant Major .	2nd Bde., H. Arty. . .	Henry and James . . .	292 15 8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier .	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty. .	Ellen . . .	77 4 11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant .	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty .	Catherine Ann . . .	167 15 5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner . . .	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty. .	Owen . . .	7 1 7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Julia B. and George J. .	120 13 0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor. .	.....	Hannah . . .	152 0 9
" ..	Glasscan, John, Corporal . .	.....	Ellen Sarah . . .	66 10 3
" ..	Ridley, Henry, Gunner . . .	.....	Henry . . .	34 9 3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner . . .	Arty.	Thomas . . .	20 5 3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner . . .	.....	Martha . . .	83 3 6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier . . .	.....	Adam T. and John . .	79 14 0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier .	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty. .	Not recorded . . .	104 10 8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant . . .	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty. .	Ditto . . .	125 15 10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, —, Corporal . . .	.....	Maria . . .	59 0 0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant. .	.....	C. William and William H. .	148 3 5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant Major .	Sirmoor Bn.	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin. .	99 6 1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, D., Private . . .	2nd En. Regt.	James . . .	36 5 6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private . .	1st En. B. F.	Sarah C.	9 8 4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private . .	1st En. B. F.	John	7 6 1
Oct. 12, 1849	Deare, W., Conductor . . .	.....	Emeline	50 0 0
Nov. 21, 1849	Moget, —, Sergeant Major . .	.....	George	69 14 4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner . . .	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty. .	James and another . .	26 3 5
June 29, 1850	Uniack, Patrick, Sergeant . .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty. .	John and another . . .	29 15 0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner . . .	Arty.	Patrick	23 5 6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal . . .	2nd En. Regt.	Elizabeth	25 14 6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner . . .	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty. .	William	9 11 11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant . .	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty. .	Jane and Bridget . . .	36 5 9
Apl. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant . .	Sappers and Miners . .	E. W. H.	97 2 6
Sept. 13, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant . .	Arracan Bn.	John	49 10 3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty. .	William	206 1 2
" 18, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor. .	Ordnance Dept.	Georgiana	61 10 3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant . .	.....	Mary Harriet	283 1 11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant . . .	Calcutta Town Guard . .	William Edward . . .	209 14 0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnell, John, Private . .	97th Foot	Charles	25 15 6
June .. 1862	Keddie, J., Private . . .	2nd En. B. F.	Jane and James . . .	86 0 0
July 22, 1863	Lawton, William, Color Sergeant. .	24th Foot	William and Joseph . .	152 14 2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner . . .	G. Battery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty. .	Henrietta Dalzell . .	39 5 10
Mar. 10, 1864	} Anderson, William, Gunner	{ 5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty. .	Duncan	35 4 11
May 19, 1864		{ 2nd Dragoon Guards . .	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann. .	8 0 0
July 18, 1865	Rowland, J., Private . . .	.....	Mary and Thomas . .	4 0 0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier . .	4-25th Royal Arty. . . .	Henry J.	21 1 4
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant . . .	Arty.	Thomas Patrick . . .	60 0 0
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color Sergeant. .	2nd Lanc. Fus. . . . .	.....	.....
July 6, 1887	{ Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt. .	{ John Thomas	{ 170 15 1
June 2, 1888 and		{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt. .	{ Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna. .	{ 558 9 8
Sept. 7, 1888	Hyland, M., Drummer . . .	.....	.....	.....
Apl. 11, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color Sergt. . .	2nd West York Regt. . .	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas. .	399 3 7
Aug. 31, 1889	Foster, G., Private . . .	2nd West York Regt. . .	George E. Ernest . . .	113 13 9
Nov. 26, 1889	.....	.....	.....	.....

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

W. V. RICHARDS, Captain,

Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and Ex-officio Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,

8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION.,

Lucknow, the 29th November 1911.

THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

Catalogue of books published in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore under the provisions of Act XXV of 1867 during the quarter ending 30th September 1911.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration No.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Register No. and date of registration of copyright.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS.				
1	<p>Arnold, M.—The Family Telegrapher (containing Code words for telegraphing common family telegraph messages). 54 pages—Messrs. Thumbby & Co., Bangalore, 1911 (1st July 1911), 1-8 Demi, 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 6 annas.</p>	Messrs. Thumbby & Co., Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	1,000	3	Moses Arnold, Fraser Town, Bangalore Cantonment. No. 3, dated 4th July 1911.
	ENGLISH—MEDICAL.				
1	<p>Advice to Mothers (P. I), care of Infants (P. II), written with a view to minimise and prevent infantile mortality, 9 and 5 pages, respectively. Published by the special infantile mortality committee of medical officers, National Press, 1911 (14th June 1911), Demi Quarter size, 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Part I—2 annas.</p> <p>„ Part II—1 anna.</p>	P. S. Munirathna Mudaliar, National Press.	1,000 each.	4	The President, Municipal Commission, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore. No. 4, dated 4th July 1911.
	KANNADA—GEOGRAPHY.				
1	<p>Vankatasubbacharya, N. R.—Geographical Primers, Parts I and II, Bala Patada Bhuvivarane (ಬಾಲಪಾಟಾ ಭೂವಿವರಣೆ). 34 and 54 pages, Caxton Press, Bangalore, 1911 (July 1911), 12 m. o. Demi, 15th and 12th editions respectively.</p> <p>Price, Part I—1 anna.</p> <p>„ Part II—1½ annas.</p> <p>(Previous editions not printed in the Station.)</p>	Caxton Press.	1,000 each part.	5	N. R. Venkatasubbacharya, Subodha Granthalaya, Mysore. No. 5, dated 24th August 1911.

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

NOTICE.

No. 51.—Sealed tenders for contracts will be received and opened at Quetta by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 4th (Quetta) Division, at 12 noon on the dates noted against each article as specified below. Tenders presented elsewhere will be considered as liable to be informal.

Articles.	Stations where required.	Approximate requirements.	PERIOD.		Earnest-money deposit.	Date of opening tenders.
			From	To		
Hospital bottled beer and porter	{ Quetta . . Karachi . . Hyderabad . .	As provided for in the Schedule.	1st April 1912.	31st March 1912.	R 20 15 5	5th January 1912.
Oil of sorts	{ Quetta . . Karachi . . Hyderabad . .				70 45 15	
Cooking utensils	{ Quetta . . Karachi . .				20 25	
Shoes and nails for mules and ponies and shoes for bullocks.	{ Quetta . . Karachi . .				30 20	8th January 1912.
Material for repair of Gear carts, etc.	Quetta . .				170	
Miscellaneous articles for repair of equipment of different Arms of Service.	Quetta . .				20	
Barrack and Hospital miscellaneous articles.	{ Quetta . . Karachi . . Hyderabad . .				80 50 30	10th January 1912.
Paulins—making up of . . .	{ Quetta . . Karachi . .				50 15	
Gear for cattle	{ Quetta . . Karachi . .				110 30	
Charcoal	{ Quetta . . Karachi . . Hyderabad . .				35 10 5	15th January 1912.
Fowls—chickens and eggs . .	Quetta . .				250	
Mineral grease	{ Quetta . . Karachi . .				20 10	

2. Forms of tenders and schedules and all further particulars can be obtained on application, from the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, Quetta up to 2. P.M. on the dates previous to the receipt of tenders at Quetta and two days previously at Karachi, Sundays and holidays excepted.

3. No tenders will be received except on forms, obtainable from the above officers on payment of R1 per set of tender form issued.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies,
4th (Quetta) Division.

QUETTA ;
The 28th November 1911.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 1st December 1911.

No. 65.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for the extension of Seppings Road in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore :

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

Specification of land.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.	Chinnamma deceased by her daughter Salam-mah.	Shop building.	$14 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ feet or 91 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 67.	Main channel.	Shop No. 69.	
	Chinnamma deceased by her daughter Salam-mah.	Shop building.	$13 \times 10\frac{1}{4}$ feet or 133 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 68.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop No. 70.	
	M. Subbannah purchaser Sugappa's son Ramaswami Appah.	Shop building.	$13 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ feet or 59 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 69.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop Nos. 71 and 72.	
	Abdulla Saib.	Shop building.	$13\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ feet or 125 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 70.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop No. 73.	
	Chinnamma deceased by her daughter Salam-mah.	Shop building.	$13\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ feet or 65 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop Nos. 71 and 72.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop No. 74.	

Plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Collector, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.	Madā Latchimiah Chetty, minor by his guardian Muniamma.	Shop building.	16 × 9½ feet or 156 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 76.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop No. 78.	Plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Collector, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.
	C. S. Narayana Chetty, C. S. Suriah Chetty, C. S. Krishniah Chetty.	Shop building.	15½ × 8½ feet or 136 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 75.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop No. 77.	
	B. Subbiah Chetty's son B. W. Ramakrishniah Chetty, mortgagee with possession. B. N. Narasimh Chetty.	Shop building.	14½ × 6½ or 94 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 74.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop No. 76.	
	C. S. Narayana Chetty, C. S. Suriah Chetty, C. S. Krishniah Chetty.	Shop building.	14 × 6 feet or 84 square feet.	Old Market Road.	Shop No. 73.	Main channel and vacant land.	Shop No. 75.	

By order,
F. J. RICHARDS,
for First Assistant Resident.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Dhanbaid, 13th November 1911.

An examination for first and second class coal mine managers' certificates of competency under the rules applying to coal mines will be held at the office of the Mines Department at Dhanbaid on the 21st and 22nd February 1912.

Only persons who have had practical experience in coal mines are eligible to sit for the examination. Necessary instructions will be supplied to intending candidates on application to the undersigned and on their stating their experience.

Applications received after the 10th February 1912 will not be considered.

G. F. ADAMS,
Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th November 1911.

No. 137.—No. 891, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mohan Lal, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is appointed to the Forest College, Dehra Dun, with effect from the 9th November 1911.

No. 138.—The services of 2nd Class Assistant Surgeon A. G. Brown, I.S.M.D., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Medical Storekeeper to Government, Rangoon, with effect from the 12th November 1911.

The 1st December 1911.

No. 139.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain G. W. Davis, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is granted 15 days' privilege leave from the date he may avail himself of the same.

B. SETON, Major, I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 1st December 1911.

No. 266.—The following reversion has been sanctioned in the Superior Establishment of the Department with effect from the 16th October 1911:—

Name.	From	To	Remarks.
E. J. Blackman.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, Grade II, and Assistant Superintendent, Class V, Temporary.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, Grade II.	Sanctioned by the Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph Department.

N. V. RAGHAVAN,
Deputy Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 30th November 1911.

No. 5934-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 (b) of the Quetta Municipal Law, 1896, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to nominate the following persons to be Members of the Quetta Municipal Committee during the year 1912:—

- (1) The Assistant Political Agent, Quetta.
- (2) The Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta.
- (3) The Civil Surgeon, Quetta.
- (4) The Superintendent of Police, Quetta.
- (5) The Executive Engineer, North Western Railway, Frontier Section, Quetta
- (6) The Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta.
- (7) Doctor H. T. Holland, M.D., C.M.S.
- (8) Major A. M. Anscomb, V.D.

- (9) Khan Sahib Ardeshar Dossabhoy Marker, Honorary Magistrate, Quetta.
- (10) L. Narain Dass, Banker, Quetta
- (11) Khan Bahadur Arbab Khudadad Khan, Kasi.
- (12) Seth Girdhari Lal, Banker, Quetta.
- (13) Rai Sahib Basant Singh.
- (14) Khan Bahadur Malik Wazir Muhammed, Kasi.
- (15) Khan Sahib Seth Muhammed Ali Alibhoy, Merchant, Quetta.
- (16) Rai Bahadur Diwan Jamiat Rai.
- (17) Mr. Shiwak Shaw Pheroz Shaw, Merchant, Quetta.
- (18) Seth Gagla Mal, Merchant, Quetta.
- (19) Hafiz Syed Ahmad, Imam of the Juma Masjid.
- (20) Hakim Gopal Dass.

No. 5935-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 (i) of the Quetta Municipal Law, 1896, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to appoint the Assistant Political Agent, Quetta, to be Vice-Chairman of the Quetta Municipal Committee during the year 1912.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,

First Assistant.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 1st December 1911.

No. 3522.—The following candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed test in Brahui at the examination held at Quetta on the 27th November 1911 :—

- (1) Major K. K. Knapp, No. 7 M.B., R.G.A.
- (2) Lieutenant W. M. Edwards, R.G.A.
- (3) „ B. L. Clarke, 23rd Cavalry (F.F.).
- (4) Miss Stewart, Church Mission Society, Quetta.
- (5) Munshi Abdur-Rahman, Naib Tehsildar, Bolan.
- (6) „ Ghulam Rasul, Naib Tehsildar, Nushki.

By order,

S. WATERFIELD,

First Assistant.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 30th November 1911.

No. 3216-D.—The Reverend P. J. Molony, Chaplain at Mhow, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 9 months with effect from the 1st December 1911 or the date on which he avails himself of it.

By order,

L. M. CRUMP,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General
in Central India.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Mussoorie, the 4th December 1911.

No. 14.—In supersession of Notification No. 12, dated 29th September 1911, Mr. F. J. Grice, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 2 months under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 10th December 1911 or any subsequent date.

W. J. BYTHELL, Col., R.E.,
Superintendent, Northern Circle.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.**NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 30th November 1911.

No. 34.—Mr. M. K. Sen, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is granted leave on medical certificate for one month and 21 days with effect from the 18th August 1911 under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

LOWER GANGES BRIDGE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Paksey, the 6th December 1911.

No. 10.—Mr. R. R. Byron, Assistant Engineer, Lower Ganges Bridge, who was granted 3 months' language leave under paragraph 654, Chapter VII of the State Railway Construction Code, with effect from the afternoon of 9th August 1911, availed himself of the leave up to 9th October 1911 afternoon only and is now granted the balance of his language leave for 29 days, with effect from the forenoon of 11th December 1911.

E. S. CHRISTIE,
for Engineer-in-Chief,
Lower Ganges Bridge.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Middlesex Regiment dated at Dum Dum, this 5th day of December 1911.

Number, Rank, and Name—12543, Private, E. D. Freeman.
Age—25 years.
Height—5 feet 5½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, fair; eyes, grey.
Trade—Clerk.
Date of enlistment—30th April 1909.
Place of enlistment—Stratford.

Parish and County in which born—Willesden London, Middlesex.
Date of desertion or absence—26th November 1911.
Place of desertion or absence—Dum Dum.
Marks—Scar left hip. Mole right side of neck.
Not on furlough.
Under 3 years' service.

H. N. BLAKENEY, Major,
Commanding Wing, 1st Battalion, Middlesex Regiment

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 1st December 1911.

No. 1875-*Ap.*—Mr. A. Chater, Postmaster, Gaya, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 19th November 1911.

Babu Narendra Chandra Basu, Postmaster, Arrah, pay R150—200, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Gaya, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. A. Chater, or until further orders.

No. 1878-*Ap.*—The following revised officiating appointments are made for the period noted against each, *vice* Mr. G. A. M. Rose, Postmaster, Alipore, pay R200—300 on combined leave :—

Mr. A. Chater, Postmaster, Gaya, pay R200—300, to act as Postmaster, Alipore, from the 1st November 1911 to 18th November 1911.

Babu Satya Charan Roy, Postmaster, Chinsura, pay R150—200, to act as Postmaster, Alipore, from the 19th November 1911 and until further orders.

Babu Narendra Chandra Basu, Postmaster, Arrah, pay R150—200, to act as Postmaster, Gaya, from the 3rd November 1911 to 18th November 1911, *vice* Mr. A. Chater.

The 4th December 1911.

No. 1894-*Ap.*—Mr. G. W. Stanyon, Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate in the 1st grade, with effect from the 1st December 1911 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. P. J. Gorman, Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and Inspector-General, R. M. S. and Sorting, Southern Circle, on combined leave.

No. 1900-*Ap.*—M. Abdulla Khan, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for 20 days with effect from the 12th December 1911.

The 8th December 1911.

No. 1928-*Ap.*—Mr. T. V. Bapat, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 9th December 1911 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of the Post Office of India.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, SIBPUR.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

SESSION, 1912-13.

Applications for admission as regular students to the Engineer Department of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, will be received by the Principal up to February 1st, 1912, in accordance with rule 9 of the Engineer Department Rules. Every such application should be accompanied by a registration and Examination fee of R4 which shall, in no case, be refunded.

Candidates must appear at a special Drawing Test as laid down in Rules 10 (b) and 13 which will be held in connection with the University Examinations. The exact date and centres will be announced when fixed.

The applicant for admission must produce with his application a medical certificate in the prescribed form signed within one month of its submission by a Civil Surgeon. No other form will be accepted. Candidates, if they so desire, may present themselves for medical examination before the Medical Officer resident at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on Mondays and Thursdays from 7-10 A.M.

Special students are also admitted ; they must apply before July 1st.

For further particulars and for copies of the rules apply to the Principal.

W. TATE,

Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE ;
Sibpur, the 6th December 1911.

**NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
IRRIGATION BRANCH.**

NOTIFICATION.

TRANSFER AND TAKING OVER CHARGE.

Lahore, the 1st December 1911.

No. 3915-E.I.F.—Mr. T. M. Bostock, Executive Engineer, from the 2nd Division Lower Jhelum Canal, which he left on the afternoon of the 16th November 1911, to the Lower Swat River Canal Division, which he joined on the afternoon of the 18th *idem*.

Mr. Bostock took over executive charge of the Lower Swat River Canal Division from Mr. F. H. Burkitt, Assistant Engineer, on the afternoon of the 19th November 1911.

W. E. T. BENNETT,

Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 4th December 1911.

No. 29-G.—Mr. E. Thompson, Superintendent of Telegraph Workshops, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, an extension of furlough on Medical Certificate for eight days with effect from the 4th of October 1911, in continuation of the leave notified in this Department's Notification No. 14-G., dated the 26th of May 1911.

The 5th December 1911.

No. 42-T.—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry Resolution No. 9640—9643-133, dated the 21st October 1908, the following promotions in the Traffic Branch subordinate establishment, are sanctioned for the period noted :—

Name.	PROMOTED.		Date of promotion.	
	From	To	From	To
(1) Mr. J. Steele	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class	Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, officiating.	5th September 1911	4th December 1911.
(2) Mr. S. P. Joseph	Telegraph Master	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	Ditto	Ditto.

The 6th December 1911.

No. 42-T.—Mr. S. Hunter, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, has been granted an extension of leave on Medical Certificate for 4 months, under Article 335 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 5th October 1911.

F. E. DEMPSTER,

Offg. Director-General of Telegraphs.

The 8th December 1911.

No. 44-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 22nd November to 5th December 1911 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Baroda R. S.	Bombay Presidency	28th November 1911	Opened.
Coronation Durbar A.	Punjab	18th " "	"
Coronation Durbar F.	Do.	20th " "	"
Dubalhati	Eastern Bengal and Assam	1st December	"
Egar River	Do. do.	19th November	"
Ohnbinkwin	Burma	20th " "	"
Rotung	Eastern Bengal and Assam	20th " "	"
Sirpo River	Do. do.	22nd " "	Closed.
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Agia	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway	5th November 1911	Opened.
Atrampur	Do. do.	5th " "	"
Bala Road	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	1st " "	"
Barahat	East Indian Railway	1st October	"
Belakhara	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway	5th November	"
Bhadri	Do. do.	5th " "	"
Bhurangamari	Eastern Bengal State Railway	2/1th " "	"
Dalmau	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway	5th " "	"
Daryapur	Do. do.	5th " "	"
Dhownee	East Indian Railway	1st October	"
Jagesharganj	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway	1st November	"
Kara	Do. do.	5th " "	"
Lachmanpur	Do. do.	5th " "	"
Lalgopalganj	Do. do.	5th " "	"
Mander Hill	East Indian Railway	1st October	"
Pariawan	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway	5th November	"
Ram Chaura Road	Do. do.	5th " "	"
Tikanee	East Indian Railway	1st October	"
Unchahar	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway	5th November	"

The following alterations in the names of the Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

" Dharmsala Cantonment " instead of " Dharmsala ".

" Dharmsala " instead of " Dharmsala Kotwali Bazar ".

" Jullundur city Fentenganj " instead of " Jullundur Fentenganj ".

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph Office is notified :—

On the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.

" Gokak Road " instead of " Hukeri Road ".

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

11 K2

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,
8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained
gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.

All books published by the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, can be purchased either directly or through the following or any other booksellers :—

AGENTS IN EUROPE.

Messrs. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street,
Leicester Square, W.C.

Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co.,
43, Gerrard Street, Soho, London, W.

Mr. Bernard Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New
Bond Street, W.

Messrs. P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith
Street, Westminster.

Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, and 9, Pall
Mall, London.

Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street,
London, S.W.

Mr. T. Fisher Unwin, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London,
W.C.

Messrs. W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, London,
E.C.

Mr. Otto Harrassowitz } Leipzig.
Mr. Karl Hiersemann }

Messrs. R. Friedlander & Sohn, Berlin W. N.
Carlstrasse, 11.

Mr. Ernest Leroux, 28, Rue Bonaparte, Paris.

Mr. Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, Holland.

Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51, Broad Street,
Oxford.

Messrs. Deighton Bell & Co., Cambridge.

Messrs. Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street,
London, W.C.

AGENTS IN INDIA.

Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta and Simla.

Messrs. Newman & Co., Calcutta.

Messrs. R. Cambray & Co., Calcutta.

Messrs. S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.

Messrs. B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.

The Calcutta School Book and useful Literature
Society, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.

Messrs. Butterworth & Co. (India), Limited,
Calcutta.

Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras.

Messrs. V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Madras.

Messrs. G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.

Messrs. S. Murthy & Co., Madras.

Messrs. Thompson & Co., Madras.

Messrs. Temple & Co., Madras.

Messrs. Combridge & Co., Madras.

Messrs. P. R. Rama Iyer & Co., Madras.

Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

Messrs. A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.

Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala, Sons & Co., Bombay.

Mrs. Radhabai Atmaram Sagoon, Bombay.

Mr. Sunder Pandurang, Bombay.

Messrs. Gopal Narayan & Co., Bombay.

Messrs. Ram Chandra Govind & Son, Kalbadevi,
Bombay.

Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press,
Rangoon.

Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-I-Am
Press, Lahore and Calcutta.

Mr. N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazir Kanun
Hind Press, Allahabad.

Messrs. A. Chand & Co., Punjab.

Messrs. A. M. & J. Ferguson, Ceylon.

Babu S. C. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students and
Company, Cooch Behar.

Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and
Jubbulpore.*

Manager of the Imperial Book Depôt, 63, Chandney
Chauk Street, Delhi.*

Manager, *East Coast News*, Vizagapatam.*

Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-opera-
tive Association, Limited" (Successors to A.
John & Co., Agra).*

Mr. T. K. Seetharama Aiyar, Kumbakonam.*

Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract
Depository, Mangalore.*

Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*

Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc, 7, South Road,
Allahabad.*

Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.*

*Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

NOTICE.—Books and Acts required for private use only can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the books should be sent by value-payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission.

Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911,
4a. 9p. (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

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Monthly Weather Review for December 1910 and January to May 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review for June 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.

Monthly Weather Review for July 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday,
the 7th December 1911, based on the Indian Daily Weather
Reports of the period.**

1. Last week's storm in the northeast of the Arabian Sea filled up almost completely before reaching land, and only a very feebly marked residual depression passed into Kathiawar on the afternoon of the 30th November. It had no appreciable influence on the weather in Gujarat.

A fresh depression formed in the south of the Bay on the 1st, and crossing the Coromandel coast to the south of Madras on the 4th passed out into the Arabian Sea on the 5th in a greatly reduced condition and failed to redevelop. It was a depression of some importance however from an economic point of view as it gave fairly general and in places heavy rain in the south of the Peninsula and on the north Madras coast.

With the disappearance of the storm in the Arabian Sea there were indications of the recrudescence of disturbed weather in the Persian area. On the 6th low pressure conditions extended from Gujarat into the south Punjab, and next day the unsettled weather thus introduced into northwest India was intensified by the eastward advance of the disturbance from Persia. At the close of the week cloud had spread over Baluchistan and was thickening in the North-West Frontier Province, Kashmir and the west Punjab, but no precipitation had occurred in these areas.

2. Temperature was unusually low throughout the week in the United Provinces and the northern half of northwest India, and on the 6th these abnormal conditions extended into northeast India.

3. *Burma*.—Light rain fell at Akyab and in the Andamans.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—No rainfall was reported.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Weather was dry.

Northwest India.—No rain fell in any part of the division.

The Peninsula.—During the period of incubation of the depression in the Bay, scattered falls of rain occurred, but as the depression developed and passed inland, rainfall became concentrated along the east coast and in the south of the Peninsula.

4. The most important amounts reported were as follows :—

November 30th. Port Blair 1·12" and Sholapur 1·85".

December 1st. Madura 1·03".

„ 2nd. Madras 1·47".

„ 3rd. Cochin 2·60" and Nellore 2·87".

„ 4th. Trichinopoly 2·81", Cuddalore 4·36" and Ootacamund 1·14".

„ 5th. Negapatam 4·95", Cuddalore 2·03" and Coimbatore 1·24".

„ 6th. Trivandrum 2·53", Negapatam 4·30" and Kodaikanal 1·51".

5. A new rainfall period begins with this week. No rainfall of importance occurred except in the Peninsula, but in this part of the country it was in excess of the normal over the whole of the Madras presidency, in south Hyderabad and the Bombay Deccan, and was equal to the normal amount in Mysore.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON : 7TH DECEMBER 1911.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 1ST DECEMBER 1911 TO 7TH DECEMBER 1911.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bay Islands	1'2	2'4	—1'2	1'2	2'4	— 1'2	— 50
Lower Burma	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
Upper Burma	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
Assam	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
Eastern Bengal	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
Bengal	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
Orissa	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
Chota Nagpur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kashmir	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	— 100
Baluchistan	0	0'3	—0'3	0	0'3	— 0'3	—100
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Berar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central Provinces, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central Provinces, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bombay Deccan	0'5	0	+0'5	0'5	0	+ 0'5	∞
Hyderabad, North	0	0'1	—0'1	0	0'1	— 0'1	—100
Hyderabad, South	0'1	0	+0'1	0'1	0	+ 0'1	∞
Mysore	0'2	0'2	0	0'2	0'2	0	0
Malabar	2'0	0'5	+1'5	2'0	0'5	+ 1'5	+300
Madras, South-east	3'6	1'3	+2'3	3'6	1'3	+ 2'3	+177
Madras Deccan	0'2	0'1	+0'1	0'2	0'1	+ 0'1	+100
Madras Coast, North	1'4	0'5	+0'9	1'4	0'5	+ 0'9	+180

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 7th December 1911.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
SANITARY.

PLAGUE.
Calcutta, the 8th December 1911.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 2nd December 1911, is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND NIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	9	8
		Ahmedabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Ahmedabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Bewa Kantha Agency	4	...
		Kaira District . . . . .	...	1
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	5(b)	4(b)
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	30(a)	24(a)
		Surat Agency	2(b)	2(b)
		Mahi Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwadi Port	2	2
		Bandra " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
	Central.	Satara District	138	129
		East Khandesh District	45	22
		West Khandesh "	17	8
		Poona City	47	38
		Poona District	59	39
		Nasik "	192	170
		Ahmednagar District	31	16
		Sholapur Town	1	2
		Sholapur District	348	249
		Panvel Port	3	2
	Southern.	Alibag " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	1	1
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	3	1
		Belgaum "	367	253
		Hubli Town	50	42
		Dharwar District	897	610
		Kanara "	23	13
		Bijapur "	7	590
		Bijapur Agency	19	16
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...

(a) For two weeks.

(b) For week ending 25th November 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures. G C b	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	2	2
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges.	Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Porbander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	39	24
		Mangrol Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	154	104
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	137(a)	97(a)
		Satara Agency	14	12
		Savannur State	27	30
		Sholapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Ahalkot State	55	35
		TOTAL	3,629	2,547
MADRAS PRESIDENCY		Anantapur District	14	14
		North Arcot District	1(b)	1(b)
		South Arcot District . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Town	6	3
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	309(e)	260(d)
		Mangalore Town and Port	1	2
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Chittoor District	4(e)	5(f)
		Coimbatore Town	17	6
		Coimbatore District	20	13
		The Nilgiris District	1	2
		Salem District	38(c)	27(c)
		Sandur State	8	3
		TOTAL	417	341

(a) For two weeks.
(b) One imported.
(c) Two imported.

(d) Three imported.

(e) Four imported.

(f) Five imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL.	Presidency	Calcutta	5	5
	Burdwan	Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Gaya District	18	14
		Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	74	53
		Shahabad District	86	67
	Tirhut	Muzaffarpur District	16	18
		Darbhanga District	3	1
		Saran District	162	106
		Champaran District	2	1
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	4	3
		Monghyr District	29	24
		Bhagalpur Town	13	12
		Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	1	1
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		418	305
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	20	18
		Saharanpur District	11	9
		Musaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Musaffarnagar District	13	13
		Meerut District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Agra District	3(b)	3(b)
		Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	3	3
		Etah District	10(a)	10(a)
		Farrukhabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Rohilkhand.	Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Bareilly City . . . . .	...	...
		Bareilly District	2	2
		Bijnor District	4	3
		Shahjahanpur District	16	11

(a) Including 7 seizures and 7 deaths occurred during the week ending 25th November 1911.
(b) For week ending 25th November 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Allahabad	Cawnpur District	7	7
		Fatehpur "	2	4
		Banda "	2(a)	2(a)
		Allahabad City	3	4
		Allahabad District	7	7
		Jhansi City	3	2
		Jhansi District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares City	2	2
		Benares District	81	58
		Ballia District	292	292
		Ghazipur District	58	62
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	65	53
	Gorakhpur	Asamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Asamgarh District	79	76
		Basti District	48	33
		Gorakhpur District	141	72
	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District	34	34
		Unao District	26	27
		Rae Bareilly District	43	33
		Sitapur "	108	48
		Harden "	18	18
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	40	30
		Bahraich "	29	27
		Sultanpur "	4	3
		Partabgarh "	30	26
		Gonda	7	2
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District	122	97
	TOTAL		1,333	1,091
PUNJAB.	Delhi	Miesar District . . . . .	...	...
		Meerut "	7	4
		Gurgaon "	4	4
		Karnal "	21	27
		Ambala "	13	15
	Jullundur	Jullundur District	3	2
		Ludhiana "	14	5

(a) Imported

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Lahore	Lahore City . . . . .	...	...
		Lahore District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Gardaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Siakot District	21	14
	Rawalpindi.	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur District	3	3
		Jhelum "	3	1
		Rawalpindi District	45	35
		Attock District	1	1
	Multan	Montgomery District	8	2
		Lyallpur "	14	7
	...	Patiala City . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	8	7
		Jind State	2	1
		Kapurthala State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	167	128
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	3	3
		Tharrawaddy District	2	1
		Prome District	3	2
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	..
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin District	1	1
	Tenas-serim.	Toungoo District	7	7
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Magwe	Pakokku District	4	4
		Minbu District	1	1
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	3	3
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	4	4
		TOTAL	29	27
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajahahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensing District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur	Nagpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nagpur District	52	89
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	1
		Balaghat District	9	9
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha District	14	5
		Bhandara District	30	22
		Chanda District	2	2
		Jubbulpore Town	9	6
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Cantonment	35	23
		Jubbulpore District	24	21
		Saugor Town . . . . .	...	...
		Saugor District	17	9
		Damoh Town	1	...
		Damoh District	31	29
		Seoni District	22	22
		Mandla Town	22	6
		Mandla District	151	155
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad Town . . . . .	...	...
		Betul Town	2	3
		Betul District	1	1
		Khandwa Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nimar District	10	6
		Narsingpur Town	7	6
		Narsingpur District	58	48
		Chhindwara Town	52	43
		Chhindwara District	26	19
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur District	8	3
		Akola District . . . . .	...	...
		Buldana District . . . . .	...	...
	Berar	Amraoti "	25	27
		Yestmal " . . . . .	...	...
		Nandgaon State	32	26
		TOTAL	635	531
COORG	...	Coorg	3	4
		TOTAL	3	4
MYSORE STATE.		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	42	38
		Bangalore City	2	1
		Bangalore District	149	140
		Mysore City	19	7
		Mysore District	37	28
		Hassan "	61	34
		Kadur "	7	6
		Kolar "	56	42
		Kolar Gold Fields	5	3
		Tumkur District	140	117
		Shimoga "	16	7
		Chitaldroog "	56	48
		TOTAL	590	471

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Usmanabad District	39	38
		Raichur "	175	169
		Aurangabad " . . . . .	...	...
		Nizamabad "	1	1
		Gulbarga "	5	7
		Bidar " . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani "	24	22
		Atrafbalda " . . . . .	...	...
		Nander " . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	834	809
		Bir District	5	5
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Medak District	29	29
		Nalgonda District . . . . .	...	...
		Warangal District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	1,112(a)	1,080(a)
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Nowgong . . . . .	...	...
		Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	97	80
		Indore Residency	6	6
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Gwalior State . . . . .	...	...
		Datia State . . . . .	...	...
		Rutlam State . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	7	7
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch) . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	1	...
		Neemuch Cantonment. . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora " . . . . .	...	...
		Dhar " . . . . .	...	...
		Bagli " . . . . .	...	...
		Sailana " . . . . .	...	...
		Jhabua " . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa State . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	67	55
		Sehore Agency Limits	4	3
		Sehore Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bhopal City . . . . .	...	...
		Bhopal State	145	131
		Bewa State	71	55
		Barwani State . . . . .	...	2
		Morar Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Sitaman State . . . . .	...	...
		Sohawal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	398 (b)	339 (b)

(a) From 20th to 26th November 1911.

(b) For the week ending 25th November 1911.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City	7	7	
		Mewar State	50	40	
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	1(a)	...	
		Jaipur . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	17	19	
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	1	1	
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		a			
		4.	TOTAL	76(b)	67(b)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Hasara District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua „ . . . . .	...	...
		Jammu Province . . . . .	...	...
			TOTAL
BALU- CHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State) . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			8,202	6,961	

(a) Imported. (b) Figures for the week ending 1st December 1911.

L. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF
NOVEMBER 1911 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUOGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BEAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911
Burma* —															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	80.38	86.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	42.11	30.77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein . . . . .	...	...	57.14	51.2	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amlherst . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	56.72	37.87	38.79	43.24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	57.14	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	59.81	38.55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—															
Henzada . . . . .	...	...	57.14	34.78	56.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	52.03	30.47	35.36	38.79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fakokku . . . . .	...	...	45.71	32.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.33	...	...	...	...
Arakan—															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam* —															
Eastern—															
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	32.5	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	43.12	44.37	35	35	...	...	20	17.5	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	37.5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	47.5	50	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara	17.5	18.12	32.5	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	16.25	21.25	35	40.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal* —															
Deltaic—															
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	37.5	33.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	48.75	55	37.5	35	...	...	27.5	25	...	25	...	...	...
Central—															
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	34.37	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack . . . . .	...	...	39.53	45.62	33.7	33.85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—															
Patna . . . . .	...	...	28.75	28.75	25	27.5	...	...	18.44	15.62	20	...	20	...	18.12
Bihar, north—															
Blagalpur . . . . .	...	...	39.75	31.25	31.25	31.25	...	...	21.25	19.37	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	40	41.37	33.28	33.28	...	...	20.94	20	...	...	...	...	13.38
United Provinces—															
a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Bonares	24.37	20.78	45.6	41.77	32.4	31.15	39.63	39.63	22.24	19.06	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Cawnpore	23.54	20	42.08	37.19	31.35	30.78	35.31	36.35	21.61	17.76	20	20.52	25.78	22.19	...
Jhansi . . . . .	...	...	48.12	46.57	33.8	31.41	...	...	21.07	18.75	22.81	16.41	31.98	...	...
Western—															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	47.03	45.62	29.06	28.59	32.66	34.54	23.44	17.03	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	47.08	47.08	53.33	53.33	31.98	31.41	38.54	39.79	24.22	19.84	21.86	20.52	29.63	25	...
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahanpur	19.37	18.75	...	...	28.75	26.56	...	...	21.56	15.63	20	24.37	23.75	19.37	...
b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow	20	20	41.08	36.35	30.73	30.73	40	...	22.24	16.3	22.24	20	23.54	18.18	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad	21.25	21.25	45	42.5	30	31.87	...	...	20.94	18.12	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten munda)

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
...	57.14	57.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Burma—
...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tenasserim—
...	37.43	28.07	48.12	46.38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	25	31.22	50	50	51.61	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	48.48	38.86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Monlmein and
...	40	45.07	54.25	51.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amherst
...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	34.97	23.1	45.07	51.61	65.98	71.11	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	34.41	21.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	44.44	44.44	57.14	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bassein
...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Henzada
...	Toungoo
...	Upper Burma—
...	Mandalay
...	Pakokka
...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	27.5	27.5	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	60	47.5	...	Assam—
...	35	32.5	45	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern—
...	30	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	82.5	65	70	54.37	Chittagong
...	35	40	35	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	57.5	Dacca
...	62.5	50	Central—
...	110	90	62.5	50	Pabna
...	Northern—
...	Rangpur
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Gualpara
...	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	100	100	{ 75 and 81.25 }	{ 60 and 65 }	Deltaic—
...	Midnapur
...	...	35	27.5	23.75	36.25	35	25	23.75	...	...	90	70	58.75	57.5	Calcutta
...	27.5	32.5	35	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	45	Central—
...	30.47	30.47	30.47	24.43	25	25.36	...	...	...	...	67.5	55.63	Bardwan
...	16.56	17.19	18.12	19.06	30.76	28.59	20	...	...	...	95	100	60	50	Orissa—
...	21.25	15	21.87	19.37	32.5	31.56	19.37	25.62	...	...	90	95	{ 47.5 and 58.12 }	{ 50 and 60 }	Cuttack
18.12	17.5	18.12	20.94	22.19	36.25	33.25	20	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bihar, south—
...	...	18.33	24.84	21.25	34.37	19.32	...	...	...	...	86.25	73.33	53.02	53.8	Patna
...	20.52	15.1	22.19	21.04	17.05	28.54	...	...	...	...	60	88.5	57.13	44.43	Bihar, north—
...	21.2	14.22	18.8	18.75	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	72.97	...	...	Blagapur
...	21.56	19.53	21.87	19.53	30.76	20.56	26.59	32.03	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffarpur
...	...	19.84	21.61	21.67	33.3	30.78	...	50	...	...	...	81	50.27	47.03	United Provinces—
...	17.5	16.25	20	21.56	22.5	24.37	30	32.5	...	20	...	...	...	...	(a) Agra—
...	19.06	15.36	21.04	21.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	75.94	60	72.71	53.33	Eastern—
...	...	15.47	18.96	21.87	28.75	26.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay
...	Central—
...	Cawnpore
...	Jhansi
...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) Oudh—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	GRAMMUM (Tsi or jinjili)		GR:		SUGAR, RAW (Gdr)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui			581.82	581.82	...	...	16.93	17.16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy			581.82	533.33	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst			400	400	...	...	18.77	18.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon			533.33	492.31	...	...	18.29	16.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin			640	533.33	...	...	22.86	21.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein			492.31	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Henzada			533.33	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.81	22.61	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay			493.31	533.33	...	...	20.32	20.85	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku			581.82	581.82	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab			492.31	457.14	...	...	30.77	26.67	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong			500	420	67.5	65	17.5	18.12	50	60	...	...	...	...
Dacca			500	500	75	75	22.5	18.75	100	180	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Pabna			650	650	53.12	56.25	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Rangpur			560	450	62.5	70	35	20	50	90	...	...	3.75	5
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara . . . . .			...	...	65	67.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .		...	...	...	77.5	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Midnapur . . . . .		...	{ 440 to 480 }	{ 420 to 450 }	95	75	20	17.5	{ 90 and 100 }	{ 97.5 and 105 }	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	65	60	480	470	50	65	18.12	15	66.25	85	...	...	15	11.25
<i>Central—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .		...	470	370	77.5	77.5	19.37	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Outtaok	70	40.73	457.19	457.19	43.8	55.62	18.12	18.12	101.87	83.44	...	...	5	5
<i>Bihār, south—</i>														
Patna	80	69.37	400	400	42.5	50	20.62	20	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihār, north—</i>														
Bhāgalpur . . . . .	...	...	460	420	48.75	52.5	23.12	18.59	75	80	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	426.56	457.5	40	44.37	22.19	19.06	160	200	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66.72	56.41	488.01	426.72	18.7	66.72	22.92	23.65	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	88.85	72.71	412.92	355.52	61.56	64.01	17.76	17.76	72.5	80	100	102.5	...	...
Jhānsi	78.18	59.22	387.5	320	61.77	57.19	20	19.79	...	...	...	...	5	5
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	412.81	...	66.87	...	17.34	17.34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . . . .	...	66.67	412.92	300.12	57.13	61.56	17.4	17.6	100	120	131.25	130	6.67	5.73
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjāhpur . . . . .	...	...	400	390	...	...	20	20	...	...	{ 120 and 130 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	410	385	...	66.67	21.04	21.04	...	...	120	105	3.12	3.33
<i>Northern—</i>														
Kyabad . . . . .	...	...	450	355	48.12	51.25	20.94	20.94	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
...	...	...	...	...	...	10.34	10.29	...	...	...	...	3.5	3	Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	14.1	14.1	...	...	...	...	...	3	Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	11.85	11.85	...	...	...	...	2	2	Mergui
														Tavoy
														Monlmein and
														Amherst
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.75	1.69	Pegu (deltic)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25.3	...	...	...	...	...	2.62	Bangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	14.19	11.43	...	...	...	...	1.62	1.69	Manbin
														Bassein
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.69	1.81	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.94	1.87	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	...	...	28.83	24.43	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.81	...	Pakokku
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.25	2.25	Arakan—
														Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and
														Assam—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.81	1.72	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.81	1.91	Chittagong
														Dacca
11.25	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.75	1.87	Central—
10	8.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.19	1.61	Pabna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.25	2.37	Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.94	1.69	Gualpara
														Gauhati
														Bengal—
5	5.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.75	1.62	Deltic—
12.5	10	...	...	...	...	18.75	20	23.75	18.75	...	...	1.73	1.73	Midnapur
4.06	4.06	...	...	...	...	27.5	27.5	...	...	...	...	1.78	2.08	Calcutta
5.62	5.62	...	...	...	...	6.25	6.25	...	...	...	...	1.94	2.06	Central—
...	5.62	...	...	5.62	8.12	18.75	20.62	...	...	...	...	1.87	2	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.75	1.58	Orissa—
...	...	...	...	5	10	15.94	18.12	...	...	...	...	1.94	1.62	Cuttack
														Bihar, south—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Patna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
														Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
...	...	...	...	7.97	7.29	25	26.15	...	50	...	40	2.75	2.62	(a) AGRA—
...	...	...	...	10	5.73	19.48	17.76	75	70	...	...	1.81	1.86	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.19	2.19	Benares
														Central—
...	...	...	...	13.28	...	20.47	20	...	...	...	...	...	2.25	Cawnpore
8.75	...	...	3.33	8.44	5.31	21.04	21.04	...	80	80	80	2.19	2.37	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	5	3.12	30	28.28	{ 60 and 65 }	{ 60 and 65 }	{ 40 and 60 }	{ 40 and 60 }	2.25	2	Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Meerut
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Agra
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shahjahanpur
														(b) O. P. R.—
...	...	...	3.12	7.97	6.25	20	20	40	40	...	...	2.12	2.69	Southern—
...	...	...	...	5.62	6.25	...	...	...	...	35	35	1.75	1.87	Lucknow
														N. rthern—
														Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
Rajputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer	26.67	26.67	...	...	37.19	29.9	...	...	30.21	17.24	31.98	19.06	37.81	39.94	...
Punjab—															
Southern— Ferozpur . . .	26.72	20.62	50	41.37	29.69	29.69	33.28	33.33	...	18.12	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	25	25	48.44	42.08	29.53	29.63	34.69	33.33	22.19	15.42	...	19.11	27.5	25	...
South-eastern— Delhi	30	24.22	60	40.99	33.44	30.78	40	36.41	25	18.39	25.62	20.47	30	24.22	...
Submontane— Amritsar . . .	26.72	25.78	50	44.43	27.5	25.78	32.03	30.83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi . .	26.25	20	56.87	57.19	33.12	18.59	36.87	33.33	23.75	16.67	20.62	16.67	28.73	22.19	...
Western— Lyallpur . . .	...	...	55	40	28.75	29.37	32.5	34.37	24.37	17.5	...	...	...	...	...
Multan	22.5	21.25	38.44	38.12	32.19	30	36.25	36.25	...	15.62	...	16.56	...	21.56	...
V.-W. Frontier Pro- vince—															
Peshawar . . .	23.12	21.15	49.22	49.22	34.22	23.54	37.19	31.98	21.41	14.63	...	...	29.85	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan .	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	20	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . .	...	...	51.87	...	36.25	40.31	...	...	...	18.75	31.56	21.77	39.69	25	...
Shikarpur . . .	...	...	53.75	47.5	32.08	34.37	...	...	25.47	20.31	30	...	...	26.87	...
Quetta . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.5 to 38.75	39.87 to 40.94	65	61.56	29.37	25.31	29.37	25	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar . . . .	...	...	...	...	38.96	...	...	...	...	...	24.22	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.08	40.62	...	...	...	...	29.84	18.8	33.91	22.19	...
Poona . . . .	...	...	58.18	47.08	45.99	41.98	...	...	...	...	36.82	27.76	42.34	27.76	...
Khandesh and N.-E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar . . .	...	...	52.08	51.51	...	36.77	...	...	...	...	37.71	17.55	33.07	22.19	...
Dhulia . . . .	...	...	58.02	...	39.06	33.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20.69	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . .	...	18.75	...	...	43.96	...	...	...	...	...	38.91	...	46.15	33.18	...
Ahmadabad . . .	...	...	57.5	46.25	35.62	31.25	...	...	27.5	20	28.75	20	36.25	28.75	...
Central Provinces—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . .	...	...	36.5	32.62	29.37	27.5	40	36.37	...	...	25	19.5	...	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . .	...	...	36.37	30.75	30.75	30.75	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur . . . .	...	...	35	31	30	29	40	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Benar—															
Akola . . . .	...	...	38.5	39.75	32	31.62	...	...	...	...	27	19.25	...	...	...
Amratoti . . . .	...	...	43.5	36.75	32	38.12	48	48	...	...	23.75	31.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.6	25.4	32.5	39.8	...
Salem . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.3
Central—															
Ellery . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	22.8	...	...	...
Chudaspah . . .	35.7	32.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.1	26.8	31.7	31.3	...
Karai . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.8
East Coast, south—															
Madras	31.6	30.4	50.8	53.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	30.1	26.4	45.6	48.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.6
Southern—															
Mudra . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.8	30.9	38.9	33.4	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	24	16	54	50	49	52	44.01	51.98	...	...	28	26	...	...	27
Bangalore . . .	21	20	56	52	52	52	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	28

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

RASI	MAIZE		GRAIN		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LUSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPHSEED		DISTRICTS
	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	
...	29-58	19-53	28-72	19-06	...	...	61-56	61-72	...	...	114-27	145-47	...	...	Rajputana-- Eastern-- Ajmer
...	25	...	20-47	18-12	...	...	...	...	33-23	26-25	...	72-97	...	...	Punjab-- Southern-- Ferozpur
...	23-44	20-16	23-13	19-11	35	30-78	30-78	34-74	31-87	26-67	84-37	72-71	61-56	44-43	Central-- Lahore
...	22-19	20-52	21-09	19-06	33-28	26-67	...	...	28-75	...	100	...	61-25	43-23	South-eastern-- Delhi
...	...	...	21-87	18-59	...	...	...	...	30	27-5	...	...	65	45-73	Submontane-- Amritsar
...	25	21-04	23-75	21-04	44-37	57-13	...	...	31-87	30-78	45-62	80	58-75	43-13	Northern-- Rawalpindi
...	...	17-5	23-12 23-44	20 19-06	...	...	...	...	33-75 31-35	24-69 24-69	...	72-5	...	...	Western-- Lyallpur Multan
...	26-87	20-16	25-1 18-75	21-98	41-04	29-63	...	...	...	...	118-49	...	...	...	N.-W. Frontier Pro- vinces-- Peshawar Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	27-19 24-21	24-37 22-5	...	34-06 38-25	...	...	...	31-25	...	...	53-75	...	Sind and Baluchistan-- Karachi Sukkarpur
...	37-5	30	...	...	58-75	46-25	46-56	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay-- Deccan and Karnatak-- Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	...	...	30-26	...	...	...	...	...	...	26-3	...	84-63	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan-- Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	...	...	31-25 30-52	26-41 29-48	...	...	...	30	...	...	23-49	...	...	...	Gujarat-- Surat Ahmadabad
...	...	...	26-25	24-37	40	36-25	...	...	26-87	27-5	...	...	...	...	Central Provinces-- Western-- Nagpur
...	...	...	25-25	23-12	28-62	30-62	...	...	20	17-5	...	98	...	...	Central-- Jubbulpore
...	...	...	23-5	20	36-37	33-37	40	40	22-25	23-5	84-25	84-25	...	...	Eastern-- Raipur
...	...	...	22-5	21	28	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Berar-- Akola Amraoti
...	...	...	26 27	28 26-5	32 23-75	32-25 29-75	...	...	21-75 21	21 16-5	...	80-75	76-75	...	Madras-- South, central-- Coimbatore Salem
26-3	...	...	48-9	51-6	...	27-8	43	...	35-2	...	...	...	...	...	Central-- Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
...	...	...	36-9	33-6	25-2	...	...	...	23-1	23-1	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central-- Koller
29-8	...	...	...	...	37-3	30-6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south-- Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	...	...	38-4	33-4	...	...	48-1	48-1	29-4	30-8	...	...	...	...	Southern-- Madras
24	...	...	...	...	...	...	57-3	61-8	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore-- Mysore Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	34-5	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25 26	...	...	28 28	28 28	40 50	54 60	68-50	68-12	...	...	...	...	...	...

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	88-91	42-71	426-87	400	65	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	15-99	8-02
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur . . . . .	...	...	426-25	390	72-66	40	14-22	16-67	88-91	123-12	160	145-47	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	88-75	66-67	457-5	426-72	88-75	40	14-84	14-79	80	80	123-12	123-07	20	10
South-eastern—														
Delhi	88-75	66-67	475	441-41	...	55-16	17-34	17-4	80	80	150	133-83	15-44	8-02
Submontane—														
Amritsar	65	70	...	435	83-75	48-44	14-69	14-69	...	...	140	140	...	10
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	491-87	441-35	56-87	44-53	15	15-31	100	114-27	145	145-42	13-75	10-52
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	440	400	75	35	15	15	80	80	...	...	...	...
Multan	92-5	67-5	457-5	400	...	38-12	15-78	15-62	88-75	135	161-25	145	...	6-87
N.-W. Frontier Pro-														
vinces—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	433-91	412-86	87-66	56-15	15-36	17-55	68-8	72-71	152-34	...	3-85	...
Derahmael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	41-87	13-75	14-06	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	81-25	505	395	...	...	...	...	60	62-5	...	127-5	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	461-87	390	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	460	410	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
to 580			to 450		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	34-43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	79-43	79-43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	508-75	403-49	78-07	...	...	...	157-92	150-88	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	408-30	...	80	84-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat	92-24	...	462-19	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	450	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	86-62	88-87	516-62	466-62	...	...	23-37	21-62	100	88-37	120	120	6-25	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	66-62	61-5	410	350	...	...	22-25	22-87	80	100	123-75	10	5	6-62
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	440	340	...	...	20-5	20	140	130	140	1	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	79	...	400	400	...	...	20	20	95-25	95-25	...	94-75	...	...
Amraoti	77-25	77-25	460	420	...	...	19	18	150	110	...	...	10	8-5
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	89-4	82-8	452-9	487-9	56-2	64-1	23-1	22-4	...	...	91-3	89-6	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	410-9	445-2	...	...	...	...	188-4	188-4	85-7	85-7	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . . . .	...	66-2	571-5	412-7	67-4	75-4	...	...	...	...	100-5	65-9	...	...
Chidambap . . . . .	...	...	427-8	460-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	102-8	80-8	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116-6	116-6	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	433-3	333-3	...	...	15-7	15-7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74-1	74-1	493-8	576	57-7	9-2	12-6	12-5	131-7	75-7	104-5	98-8	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	466-6	466-6	...	...	13-1	13-1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	743-2	608-2	...	...	17-6	17-6	113-1	133-6	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	84-2	81-4	540-5	473	...	...	...	...	106-8	106-8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	66	60	497-13	454-37	68-54	102-86	...	...	197-13*	197-13*	120	102-86	2-92	2-19
Bangalore	72	63	497-13	582-86	68-54	85-68	...	...	248-12*	240*	171-41	171-41	5-16	5-88

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ton rounded)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICT
1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	1911	1910	
10-62	5-21	10-62	6-15	...	...	30-78	25-83	100	100	85	85	2-31	2-44	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	5	11-41	6-72	...	...	90	90	150	150	2-37	2-31	Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	13-28	7-29	23-12	20	140	140	160	140	2-41	2-58	Central— Lahore
...	...	20	...	15-94	10	22-19	16-87	80	80	150	150	2-12	1-81	South-eastern— Delhi
...	10-62	8-02	...	14-79	110	125	...	...	2-25	2-5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	13-75	10	23-12	16-67	90	90	100	80	2-19	2-5	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	10	5	25	20	100	100	140	140	2-5	2-62	Western— Lyallpur
...	5-31	...	24-06	...	90	...	120	2-31	2-59	Multan
...	...	2-81	4-43	6-15	5-1	17-4	16-77	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	2-69	2-84	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	2-56	2-87	Dera Ismael Khan
...	15	145	150	...	110	1-81	2	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	9-37	...	14-69	...	100 to 200	100 to 200	...	...	2-12	2-28	Shikarpur
...	7-34	12-55	30	22-5	...	...	...	...	2-81	2-66	Quetta
...	2-31	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	2-09	2	Sholapur
...	1-94	2-06	Poona
...	Khandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	30	25-68	...	...	...	...	1-87	1-98	Dhulia
...	1-97	2-28	
...	2-25	2-33	Gujarat— Surat
...	22-5	17-5	...	...	...	...	2-08	2-31	Ahmadabad
...	50	50	90	90	1-87	1-87	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	26-62	25	60	60	70	70	1-75	1-75	Central— Jubbulpore
...	1-87	1-87	Eastern— Raipur
...	78	75	61	60	1-87	1-87	Berar— Akola
...	9	...	2	36	41	60	55	80	85	2-25	2-12	Amravati
...	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore
7-8	6-4	3-2	4-1	12	12	109-5*	109-5*	80†	80†	50	50	2-13	2-25	Salem
...	...	6-8	6-8	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	100	2-25	2-25	Central— Bellary
...	2	2	Chidambaram
...	2-25	2-5	Karnul
3-6	3-6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-5	1-44	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	14-2	14-2	29-4	26-4	98-75†	98-75†	...	...	1-79	1-75	East Coast, south— Madras
...	13-6	12-4	130†	130†	...	...	1-68	1-99	Tanjore
...	20-6	20-5	35-3	36-7	...	...	...	...	2-31	2-19	Tripunipoly
10-7	6-4	...	...	12-5	12-5	16-9	16-9	...	...	40	40	2	2	Southern— Madurai
2-92	2-92	2-92	2-92	...	...	36-72	36-72	80	80	100	100	2-25	2-44	Mysore— Mysore
5-68	5-86	...	...	...	...	32-6	33-8	160	160	120 to 150	120 to 150	2	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 8, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1911 [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR GHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . . . .	..	..	..	..	7 8	6 10	9 5	8 —	..	..	..	..
Tavoy . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	..	..	6 1	5 10	6 6	6 2	..	..	..	..
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . . . .	..	..	..	..	6 15	6 15	6 13	6 13	..	..	..	..
Rangoon	9 8	8 14	..	..	6 10	6 10	6 10	6 10	..	..	..	..
Maubin . . . . .	..	..	..	..	6 10	6 1	7 —	6 6	..	..	..	..
Bassein . . . . .	..	..	..	..	6 10	6 10	6 6	6 6	..	..	..	..
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . . . .	..	..	..	..	5 8	5 8	10 —	6 7	..	..	..	..
Henzada	7 —	7 —	..	..	4 13	4 13	6 12	6 12	..	..	..	..
Pyaw . . . . .	..	..	..	..	6 7	6 7	6 10	6 10	..	..	..	..
Toungoo . . . . .	..	..	..	..	6 10	7 11	7 —	7 12	..	..	..	..
Thayetmyo . . . . .	..	..	..	..	5 6	5 10	6 1	6 11	..	..	..	..
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay	8 14	8 9	..	..	6 1	5 8	6 10	6 3	..	13 12	..	..
Bhamo . . . . .	..	..	..	..	7 12	6 7	11 3	7 12	..	..	..	..
Pakokku . . . . .	..	..	..	..	7 4	7 4	8 3	7 12	17 14	17 14	..	..
Meiktila . . . . .	..	..	..	..	7 6	7 5	8 3	8 1	15 1	15 9	..	..
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	..	..	7 4	6 7	8 1	7 4	..	..	..	..
Kyaukpada	4 —	4 —	..	..	6 8	..	7 —	7 —	..	..	..	..
Akyab . . . . .	..	..	..	..	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	..	..	..	..
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	12 —	10 —	..	..	..	..
Noakhali . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	10 13	10 —	..	..	..	..
Backerganj . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	10 —	10 —	..	..	..	..
Maimensingh	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	..	..	8 8	8 8	..	..	..	..
Tippera . . . . .	..	..	..	..	7 3	7 3	8 12	9 3	..	..	..	..
Dacca	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	..	..	9 —	9 8	..	..	..	..
Faridpur	15 —	15 —	24 —	24 —	..	..	9 8	10 —	..	..	..	..
<i>Central—</i>												
Pabna . . . . .	..	..	..	..	5 8	5 4	10 10	10 —	..	..	..	..
Rajshahi	12 —	12 12	24 —	24 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	19 8	..	..	..	..
Malda	13 —	14 —	23 —	..	8 —	8 —	12 —	11 8	..	..	..	..
Bogra	12 —	12 —	..	..	..	..	10 8	10 14	..	..	..	..
<i>Northern—</i>												
Jalpaiguri	10 —	9 —	..	..	7 —	6 8	13 5	12 —	..	..	..	..
Dinajpur	13 —	12 —	..	..	..	..	12 —	12 —	..	..	..	..
Rangpur	8 —	8 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	..	..	..	..
<i>Surma—</i>												
Sylhet . . . . .	..	..	..	..	7 8	7 1	9 8	8 14	..	..	..	..
Cachar	8 10	8 14	..	..	8 8	8 8	10 10	9 9	..	..	..	..
<i>Hill tracts—</i>												
Khási and Jaintia Hills	6 —	6 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 4	..	..	..	..
Garo Hills . . . . .	..	..	..	..	3 8	3 8	8 —	6 4	..	..	..	..
Manipur	10 —	10 —	..	..	24 —	24 —	26 —	26 —	..	..	..	..
Naga Hills . . . . .	..	..	..	..	11 —	10 —	12 —	11 —	..	..	..	..
Lushai Hills . . . . .	..	..	..	..	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>												
Goalpara	14 —	18 —	..	..	4 8	4 8	10 —	10 —	..	..	..	..
Kamrup	9 8	9 —	..	..	7 —	7 —	11 —	10 —	..	..	..	..
Darrang	6 —	5 —	..	..	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	..	..	..	..
Nowgong . . . . .	..	..	..	..	6 —	6 —	11 8	9 —	..	..	..	..
Sibsagar . . . . .	..	..	..	..	9 —	9 —	14 —	13 —	..	..	..	..
Lakhimpur	6 12	6 12	..	..	4 8	4 4	9 8	9 —	..	..	..	..

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SENGAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHARDAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	14 —	14 —	Burma—
...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergui
...	11 10	11 10	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 11	13 11	Tavoy
...	9 13	9 8	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Moulmein and
...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	14 —	14 —	Amherst
...	7 12	8 —	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	7 15	7 15	17 14	17 14	Pegu
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 2	7 2	17 2	17 2	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	7 14	7 14	...	...	8 3	8 3	17 13	17 13	Rangoon
...	7 12	7 12	13 11	13 11	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Maubin
...	9 13	9 9	...	14 4	8 4	4	18 10	18 10	Bassein
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	5 9	5	17 12	17 12	Pegu (inland)—
...	15 8	16 4	17 3	17 15	9 1	9 8	16 1	16 2	Tharawadi
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	13 —	14 3	Henzada
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Prome
...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Tonngoo
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Thayetmyo
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Upper Burma—
...	9 12	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Mandalay
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Bhamo
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Pakokkn
...	9 12	10 8	...	...	7 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	Meiktila
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	20 —	Arakan—
...	13 —	16 —	...	...	8 4	9 —	20 —	19 —	Sandoway
...	18 —	18 12	...	...	9 12	10 8	15 12	15 12	Kyaukpyn
...	15 —	16 —	...	16 —	9 8	10 —	18 —	18 —	Akyab
...	15 —	16 8	...	...	12 —	10 8	19 —	19 8	Eastern Bengal and
...	12 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	Assam—
...	12 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	Eastern—
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	Chittagong
...	11 —	12 5	...	...	9 8	9 7	16 —	18 4	Noakhali
...	11 10	11 10	...	...	9 11	9 11	17 —	16 —	Backerganj
...	7 12	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 4	10 12	10 8	Maimensingh
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Tippera
...	5 —	4 —	18 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	Dacca
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	10 —	Faridpur
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Central—
...	13 —	12 —	...	...	9 4	9 —	18 —	18 —	Pabna
...	12 4	12 —	...	...	9 —	8 12	16 —	16 —	Rajshahi
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Malda
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	16 —	16 —	Bogra
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Northern—
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	15 —	15 —	Jalpaiguri
...	Dinajpur
...	Rangpur
...	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	Hill tracts—
...	Khási and Jaintia
...	Hills
...	Garo Hills
...	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goālpāra
...	Kāmrūp
...	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsāgar
...	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoidesum)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort	Pre-vious half-month	Commor.	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Bengal—												
Deltaic—												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 --	10 --	...	...	...	...	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	10 --	10 --	13 8	13 8	...	...	7 12	8 --	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 --	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	13 5	11 6	20 --	17 12	...	...	8 14	8 5	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 --	8 --	11 8	11 8	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	11 8	11 --	...	...	...	...	11 8	11 --	...	...	...	...
Bardham . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 8	10 6	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	13 --	13 8	18 --	17 12	...	...	11 --	10 13	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	10 --	10 --	16 --	18 --	...	...	11 --	11 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 --	8 --	10 --	10 --	...	...	7 --	6 --	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	10 8	10 13	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Balasore	11 8	11 --	...	...	...	...	11 12	12 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	11 12	12 --	...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—	13 --	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singbhum	11 --	11 --	...	...	...	...	9 --	9 --	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	10 --	11 --	13 --	12 --	...	...	10 --	10 --	...	...	20 --	...
Ranchi	10 12	10 8	13 --	13 --	...	...	11 --	10 8	...	...	...	...
Paláman	14 1	14 10	...	18 9	...	...	11 13	11 4	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	11 8	12 --	16 --	18 --	...	...	12 --	12 --	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	14 4	14 --	20 --	19 --	...	...	13 8	13 12	...	...	...	...
Gaya	12 5	12 5	20 8	20 8	...	...	12 5	11 4	13 7	18 7	...	...
Patna	16 --	14 --	21 --	24 --	...	...	14 --	14 --	20 --	20 --	20 --	20 --
Shahabad	13 --	16 --	18 --	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	12 8	13 8	...	...	...	...	10 12	11 5	...	...	...	...
Bhágálpur	12 10	11 14	18 8	17 8	...	...	11 6	11 4	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	15 6	15 6	22 --	22 --	...	...	12 2	13 3	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	12 --	12 --	19 --	19 --	...	...	10 --	10 --	...	...	...	...
Baran	12 --	13 --	20 --	20 --	...	...	11 --	11 8	...	...	...	...
Champáran	15 --	14 8	28 --	28 --	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	11 8	11 --	17 --	15 --	5 --	5 --	9	9 --	...	...	15 --	16 --
Benares	11 15	11 15	16 12	16 12	6 --	6 --	8 6	8 12	...	...	15 3	15 3
Ghazipur	12 8	12 8	18 5	18 5	6 11	6 11	11 11	11 --	20 13	20 13	16 5	16 5
Jannpur	12 3	12 3	19 --	17 13	5 14	5 14	8 --	8 11	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	11 --	11 8	19 --	17 --	5 12	5 12	9 --	9 --	18 8	18 --	16 8	17 --
Central—												
Bánda	12 --	11 10	17 8	17 8	4 --	4 4	8 4	7 14	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	11 12	11 4	16 --	16 --	6 --	6 --	7 --	7 --	...	...	15 --	...
Hamirpur	11 12	11 8	16 9	15 2	5 14	5 14	7 2	6 14	19 4	19 10	15 8	16 9
Jalau	13 4	12 8	17 --	16 --	5 --	5 --	7 --	7 --	16 --	16 --	15 --	15 --
Cawnpore	12 --	12 --	18 --	17 --	...	...	8 3	8 4	19 --	17 --	15 --	16 --
Shámsi	11 10	12 3	18 4	18 9	5 12	6 --	8 1	8 8	17 4	17 12	12 4	15 --
Etárah	12 4	12 4	16 4	16 4	3 --	3 --	7 12	7 12	...	...	14 8	...
Fatekhábad	12 10	12 5	17 --	17 --	3 14	3 14	9 2	8 8	...	...	13 11	15 --
Mainpuri	13 4	13 --	16 8	15 8	5 --	5 --	7 3	8 --	...	...	15 9	17 --
Etah	12 12	13 --	17 --	17 --	4 --	4 --	8 --	8 --	18 --	15 --	15 --	15 --
Western—												
Meerut	13 4	13 --	16 8	16 8	3 8	3 8	8 --	8 --	17 --	17 --	13 --	...
Agri	12 --	11 8	16 --	16 --	7 --	7 --	8 --	8 --	17 8	17 --	13 --	13 --
Muttra	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 4	5 --	5 --	8 --	8 --	14 --	14 --	14 --	14 --
Algarh	13 --	13 --	17 --	17 4	3 8	3 8	4 8	4 --	16 --	16 8	14 --	14 --
Bulandshahr	13 8	13 8	18 --	18 --	3 --	3 --	8 --	8 --	16 --	14 --	11 --	16 --
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	14 5	14 5	20 2	20 2	6 8	6 8	10 11	10 11	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	12 8	12 8	18 8	18 8	7 --	7 --	10 8	9 8	14 --	14 --	17 --	17 --
Gorakhpur	13 8	13 1	19 6	18 15	8 9	8 9	11 4	12 10	...	...	...	...
Basti	14 4	14 --	21 --	21 --	6 12	6 8	13 --	14 --	...	...	...	...

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1911—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUK (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
United Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur . . .	13 14	13 8	18 —	18 —	6 8	6 —	10 8	9 —	16 —	15 —	15 9	16 4
Budaun . . .	12 8	13 2	14 —	16 12	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 10	17 —	14 8	13 8	14 4
Pilibit . . .	12 14	12 14	19 —	19 —	5 3	5 3	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Bareilly . . .	12 3	12 1	15 2	15 12	3 7	3 7	7 2	7 2	17 2	...	13 14	...
Moradabad . . .	13 2	13 10	17 12	17 12	3 2	3 4	7 12	7 12	16 4	16 4	15 2	14 14
Bijnor . . .	12 12	12 12	18 8	19 —	3 3	3 8	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar . . .	15 12	13 3	17 10	17 1	6 10	6 10	7 11	7 11	17 10	15 6	14 14	11 —
Saharanpur . . .	12 —	12 9	15 —	16 —	3 —	3 8	7 —	7 8	14 —	14 14	12 9	14 14
Dehra-Dun . . .	11 8	11 8	16 8	17 8	3 —	3 —	8 —	7 3	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal . . .	9 8	9 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	6 8	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Almora . . .	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 8	2 8	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Garhwal . . .	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 4	3 4	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh . . .	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	4 8	4 4	8 8	8 4	...	...	16 —	14 —
Sultanpur . . .	14 8	14 —	21 —	22 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareilly . . .	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	6 —	6 —	8 4	8 —	16 —	12 —	16 —	15 —
Unao . . .	12 2	12 2	16 12	16 12	5 8	5 —	8 8	8 —	16 —	14 8	15 —	17 —
Lucknow . . .	13 —	13 —	17 2	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 4	8 —	18 —	...	17 —	16 8
Hardoi . . .	14 —	13 1	18 —	17 8	4 —	3 8	9 —	7 —	20 —	17 —	15 —	15 —
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad . . .	12 8	12 8	18 8	18 12	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Barabanki . . .	13 8	12 8	18 —	17 —	3 8	3 8	9 8	7 8	17 —	15 —	...	15 —
Gonda . . .	13 12	13 12	19 8	20 8	7 4	7 4	8 10	8 8	16 8	16 4	16 —	15 8
Bahraich . . .	14 8	14 8	22 —	20 —	7 8	8 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Sitapur . . .	13 8	13 4	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	16 —	17 —
Kheri . . .	13 8	13 —	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	9 —	20 —	18 —	16 8	16 —
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Partabgarh . . .	15 12	16 4	19 14	18 12	3 —	5 8	7 8	7 8	22 4	23 4	...	...
Banswara . . .	13 4	13 8	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur) . . .	10 2	10 12	13 6	13 10	6 6	6 10	7 2	7 3	13 8	13 15	9 6	8 14
<i>Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur) . . .</i>												
Ajmer . . .	10 12	11 —	13 4	13 8	7 —	7 —	7 6	7 8	...	...	...	...
Kishangarh . . .	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	12 8	12 8	10 9	11 8
Bundi . . .	17 11	17 11	25 5	25 5	5 1	6 5	6 5	6 15	24 12	25 5	11 11	11 6
Kotah . . .	12 12	13 4	15 8	11 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 4	16 12	13 —	11 —
Jhalawar . . .	13 2	13 12	1 —	16 8	5 12	5 12	8 —	10 —	17 6	17 12	14 4	15 —
Tonk* . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jasipur . . .	12 5	11 13	15 11	15 11	5 4	5 4	6 —	6 —	15 7	15 11	12 9	12 13
Karauli . . .	12 13	12 8	15 5	15 —	6 4	6 4	6 14	6 14	...	...	13 2	12 13
Dholpur . . .	12 7	12 9	15 4	15 7	5 12	5 12	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 14	14 —	15 3
Bharatpur . . .	12 10	12 10	16 8	15 8	4 13	4 14	5 8	...	15 8	15 8	13 10	13 10
Alwar . . .	12 12	12 12	16 4	16 2	5 12	5 12	7 4	7 4	14 8	14 8	13 6	14 13
Deoli . . .	13 —	13 —	16 8	16 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	17 2	17 2	15 —	15 —
Nasirabad . . .	11 8	11 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	14 —	13 8	12 —	12 —
Shahpura . . .	12 14	13 —	15 —	15 2	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	14 11	10 —	10 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner . . .	9 12	9 8	14 —	14 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 —	12 8	13 —	9 8	9 —
Jaisalmer . . .	8 6	8 14	...	...	5 —	5 10	7 2	7 5	9 —	9 12	8 6	8 14
Jodhpur . . .	10 2 and 11 —	10 7 and 11 1	13 5	13 3	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	13 1	13 8	10 7 and 11 3	10 8 and 11 4
Balmer . . .	10 2	10 2	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	10 5	10 5
Erinpura . . .	10 15	10 15	15 5	15 5	...	...	5 —	5 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Sirohi . . .	10 8 and 11 8	10 8 and 11 8	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	13 4	13 4	3 —	13 —
Anadra . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Abu . . .	9 14	9 14	13 —	13 —	4 12	4 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	10 12	10 12
Central India—												
Indore . . .	11 4	11 4	17 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	13 —	13 —
Nimach . . .	11 —	10 8	...	...	6 12	6 12	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Gwalior* . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar . . .	11 8	11 4	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	14 8	14 8	12 —	12 8
Ferozpur . . .	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore . . .	13 4	12 12	17 12	17 12	...	...	8 —	6 12	...	15 12	14 4	13 12
Gujranwala . . .	13 8	13 4	18 —	18 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Gujiat . . .	12 8	12 4	18 —	18 —	...	...	7 —	6 10	...	...	15 —	...
Jhelum . . .	12 8	11 12	14 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	14 —	13 8

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Ocra aristinum</i>)		MAHER (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	16 —	16 —	19 —	19 —	20 —	20 —	17 —	17 —	20 —	20 —	United Provinces— <i>continued</i>
...	...	8 —	8 —	16 4	16 —	19 8	18 12	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>
...	20 —	19 14	...	...	13 4	13 4	20 12	20 12	Submontane, west—
...	16 6	15 6	18 4	...	11 12	11 12	20 2	20 2	Shahjahanpur
...	17 4	17 4	...	...	15 4	15 1	20 4	20 4	Buland
...	15 8	15 8	...	9 —	12 8	12 4	19 —	19 —	Pilibit
...	17 10	17 1	17 10	15 6	8 12	7 11	20 14	20 14	Bareilly
16 —	17 —	16 —	17 —	16 8	16 8	17 —	17 —	11 2	10 8	21 4	21 4	Muzaffarnagar
16 —	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	13 —	16 —	15 —	Saharanpur
...	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	13 —	12 —	Dehra-Dun
13 —	13 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 8	12 8	Hills—
16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Naini Tal
...	17 —	17 —	...	...	14 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	Almora
...	21 —	22 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	22 —	22 —	Garhwal
18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	17 4	17 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	(b) OUDH—
...	...	8 —	8 —	17 8	16 8	20 —	...	13 4	12 —	20 —	20 —	Southern—
...	18 4	18 —	21 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	19 —	18 —	Partabgarh
26 —	21 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	18 8	20 —	20 —	13 —	12 —	20 —	13 8	Suitanpur
...	...	14 8	15 —	20 8	20 8	17 —	...	12 12	13 4	18 8	18 8	Rae-Bareilly
...	...	12 —	12 —	18 —	17 8	21 —	22 —	15 —	16 —	19 —	19 —	Unao
12 —	12 —	11 —	12 —	20 8	19 8	25 8	26 8	12 4	12 12	18 —	18 —	Lucknow
...	24 —	24 —	25 —	22 8	13 8	14 —	18 8	18 8	Hardoi
18 —	18 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Northern—
20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	21 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Fyzabad
...	17 8	17 10	21 —	23 4	10 —	11 8	17 12	17 8	Larabanki
...	19 —	19 —	15 8	16 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 —	Gonda
...	...	7 2	6 6	10 12	12 2	12 10	12 13	10 2	10 5	18 6	17 13	Banraich
12 —	13 —	...	...	11 3	11 4	10 —	10 4	...	...	...	...	Satapna
...	...	6 8	6 8	14 9	14 12	13 8	13 8	10 8	10 8	21 —	21 —	Kheri
...	13 —	13 —	11 —	12 —	...	...	22 —	23 —	Rajputana—
...	17 11	15 13	21 12	21 1	...	...	20 1	20 1	<i>Eastern—</i>
...	15 8	15 8	16 8	16 —	8 —	8 —	21 —	21 —	Partabgarh
...	12 10	12 10	25 13	27 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Banswara
...	11 2	14 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	7 5	7 5	15 10	15 —	14 6	...	...	8 12	20 10	20 —	Hilly Tracts of
...	...	5 —	5 —	16 12	16 12	...	...	13 8	13 13	21 8	21 8	Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	9 12	9 12	15 8	15 8	19 4	18 8	11 12	11 12	22 8	22 8	Ajmer
...	...	13 —	13 —	19 3	19 9	15 4	14 10	22 8	22 8	24 12	24 12	Kishangarh
...	15 —	15 —	17 —	17 —	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Bikaner
...	15 8	15 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 8	24 8	Kotah
...	14 8	13 2	14 12	14 15	...	...	22 7	21 15	Jhabwar
...	16 —	15 4	...	...	7 8	8 —	22 —	22 8	Push
...	9 3	9 12	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jaipur
...	15 2	15 7	...	...	9 6	9 6	16 12	16 12	Karauli
...	13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Dholpur
...	12 15	12 15	...	...	...	...	23 —	23 —	Bharatpur
...	...	15 —	15 —	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Alwar
...	13 —	13 —	11 4	11 4	...	...	21 —	21 —	Dholi
...	13 1	13 1	11 13	11 13	8 10	8 10	20 —	20 —	Nasrabad
...	17 8	17 8	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Shahpura
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	<i>Western—</i>
...	Bikaner
...	19 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Jaipur
...	19 —	17 —	15 8	...	...	...	24 —	22 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	13 12	...	17 4	16 12	16 12	16 12	11 —	11 8	25 —	25 —	Jodhpur
...	18 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Balmer
...	16 —	15 8	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Krupura
...	16 —	16 —	14 —	13 8	8 —	8 —	27 —	27 —	Sirohi
...	Arara
...	Abu
...	17 8	17 8	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Central India—
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	Indore
...	Nimach
...	Gwalior
...	19 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Panjab—
...	19 —	17 —	15 8	...	...	...	24 —	22 —	<i>Southern—</i>
...	Hissar
...	Ferozpur
...	...	13 12	...	17 4	16 12	16 12	16 12	11 —	11 8	25 —	25 —	<i>Central—</i>
...	18 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	16 —	15 8	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	16 —	16 —	14 —	13 8	8 —	8 —	27 —	27 —	Gujrat
...	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1911—continued (The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Panjab—continued												
<i>South-eastern—</i>												
Gurgaon	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Delhi	11 8	11 12	15 8	16 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Rohatak	12 —	12 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	12 —	13 —
Karnal	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Submontane—</i>												
Ambala	13 8	13 —	19 8	17 8	...	...	8 8	7 12	15 8	16 8	13 8	13 12
Ludhiana	13 —	13 8	15 —	16 8	...	...	7 8	7 —	15 8	16 —	13 —	14 —
Jalandhar	14 4	14 —	...	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 8	17 —	13 —	13 —
Hoshiarpur	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Gurdaspur	14 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Amritsar	4 —	14 —	17 —	18 8	...	...	7 12	8 4	18 —	17 8	...	12 —
Sialkot	13 —	13 —	17 4	17 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	16 —	16 —	16 —	14 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Simla	10 12	10 12	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	10 —	10 8
Kangra	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 8	8 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Rawalpindi	12 —	11 12	16 12	16 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	19 —	13 12	13 8
Attock	12 8	12 8	14 4	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Shahpur	14 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	15 4	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	16 —	16 —
Lyallpur	13 —	13 —	16 —	15 8	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Multan	12 —	12 —	15 12	16 4	...	...	10 4	9 —	17 8	16 8	13 12	13 12
Montgomery	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	13 —	13 —	12 —	13 —
Muzaffargarh	12 —	12 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Dera Ghazi Khan* . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazara	9 14	9 14	12 4	13 4	3 3	3 3	6 15	6 15	...	...	12 8	12 8
Peshawar	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	4 14	4 14	7 13	7 13	...	...	13 —	14 —
Kohat	12 7	12 6	15 14	16 12	4 —	4 —	9 4	9 4	16 10	16 10	14 1	14 10
Bannu	17 1	17 8	26 7	26 14	3 7	3 7	9 11	9 11	23 12	23 12	15 —	16 4
Dera Ismael Khan	13 2	13 4	15 11	16 4	3 4	3 4	6 —	5 8	20 —	20 —	14 3	16 4
Tochi	15 —	15 —	23 —	24 —	...	...	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Kurram	15 —	15 —	25 —	25 —	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	11 8	12 —	16 —	17 —	4 —	3 8	5 8	5 8	13 —	14 —	...	...
Wano	10 6	9 13	12 10	12 2	2 14	2 13	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	8 —	11 —	11 8	9 —	9 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkar (Umarkot)	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikarpur	12 —	12 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	10 —	11 —
Upper Sind Frontier	0 8	10 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	12 —	11 —	12 —
Quetta	10 5 to 10 11	10 24 to 10 11	12 13	13 1	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	12 13	12 9	11 14	11 10
Bombay—												
<i>Konkan—</i>												
Karwar	7 13	7 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 6	7 14	10 9	9 10	9 12	9 12
Ratnagiri	6 13	6 12	...	...	6 8	7 4	7 8	7 13	9 12	9 12	9 4	9 4
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	6 12	6 12	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 2	5 7	7 13	8 2	9 13	10 7	8 10	9 15
Thanna	7 3	7 3	...	...	6 5	6 5	7 5	7 5	9 5	9 5	9 —	12 8
<i>Deccan and Karnatak—</i>												
Dharwar	10 6	10 6	...	...	6 12	7 12	7 4	8 4	10 13	13 2	10 7	12 11
Belgaum	10 —	10 8	...	...	7 —	8 1	7 8	8 9	10 14	12 15	10 10	11 10
Satara	7 1	7 1	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 7	9 3	9 14	9 4	10 —
Sholapur	9 6	9 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	8 —	8 —	12 15	12 15	11 2	10 14
Bijapur	10 10	8 14	...	...	6 8	7 7	7 8	8 7	11 6	12 4	...	...
Poona	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 12	6 6	6 6	7 —	9 10	10 13	8 6	8 6
<i>Khandesh and N.-E.</i>												
<i>Deccan—</i>												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	6 4	6 4	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 11	9 13	9 13
Nasik	9 14	9 14	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	9 8	9 8
Dhulia	9 13	8 13	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 13	6 13	11 7	11 7	10 3	10 3
Jalgaon	9 1	9 1	...	...	5 9	6 8	6 7	7 6	10 14	10 14	9 11	9 11
<i>Gujarat—</i>												
Surat	8 13	9 4	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 14	7 14	10 3	10 10	8 13	8 13
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	11 —	9 —	9 —
Baroda	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	11 8	12 —	9 8	9 8
Ahmadabad	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	8 8	8 8
Gondal	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 —	10 8	10 —
Dasa	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	9 —	9 —
<i>Kathiawar—</i>												
Amjot	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 8
Central Provinces—												
<i>Western—</i>												
Nilgarh	11 6	10 14	...	...	4 6	4 6	7 6	7 9	15 9	16 8	...	...
Hoshangabad	11 4	11 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	14 10	14 10	...	...
Betul	8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...	8 3	8 14	15 14	...	...	...
Chhindwara	10 6	10 6	...	...	5 10	6 10	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	...	...
Nagpur	12 1	12 2	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	14 15	14 15	...	...
Wardha	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 9	9 9	16 10	14 15	...	...

*Not reported

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	
...	19 8	19 —	13 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	18 8	18 —	17 8	18 —	11 8	11 8	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	20 —	19 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	20 8	20 8	...	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
17 8	19 8	13 8	15 8	19 12	18 4	17 8	19 8	11 8	12 —	27 —	27 —	Rohatak
...	...	10 —	10 —	18 8	18 —	18 —	18 8	...	...	25 8	25 8	Karnal
...	...	10 8	11 —	18 —	18 4	19 —	19 8	...	...	26 —	26 —	Submontane—
...	17 —	17 —	18 —	17 8	...	...	23 —	23 —	Ambala
...	17 —	17 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	11 —	12 —	18 —	17 —	15 —	15 8	10 8	10 —	26 —	26 —	Jalandhar
...	17 —	16 —	14 —	12 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	14 8	15 —	14 —	16 8	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 12	Gurdaspur
...	15 —	14 8	17 —	17 —	8 —	8 8	17 —	18 —	Amritsar
...	...	13 —	13 —	16 12	17 —	16 —	16 8	9 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Siakot
...	14 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	16 8	17 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	22 —	22 —	Simla
18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	16 —	16 —	...	17 8	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	16 8	16 4	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Northern—
...	...	13 —	13 —	16 8	16 8	15 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	23 —	23 —	Rawalpindi
...	...	12 —	12 —	17 2	16 12	14 —	13 —	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	Western—
...	Shahpur
...	13 —	13 —	11 8	11 8	9 7	9 2	25 —	25 —	Jhang
...	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	25 8	25 8	Lyallpur
...	...	13 —	14 —	15 13	15 13	14 1	13 6	...	...	29 6	30 10	Multan
...	22 11	23	21 14	21 4	9 8	9 12	27 —	27 —	Montgomery
...	20 10	20 —	20 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Muzaffargarh
...	18 —	18 —	6 —	6 —	18 —	19 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	13 —	13 —	11 9	11 —	...	...	...	...	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	Hazara
...	Peshawar
...	Kohat
...	Bannu
...	Dera Ismael Khan
...	Tochi
...	Kurram
...	Malakandi
...	Wano
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	23 —	23 —	Karachi
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	26 —	26 —	Hyderabad
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Thar and Parkar
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	(Umarkot)
...	12 9	12 14	10 —	10 —	6 4	6 2	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	Upper Sind Frontier
...	Quetta
14 7	14 7	...	...	10 15	10 15	...	...	3 9	8 9	19 11	19 11	Bombay—
11 3	11 3	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Konkan—
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 6	7 6	20 6	20 6	Karwar
7 5	7 14	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 5	8 15	18 14	18 14	Ratnagiri
12 8	12 8	...	...	11 2	11 2	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	Alibag
...	Bombay
...	10 15	10 15	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 10	20 10	Thanna
...	11 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	19 13	19 13	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	12 13	12 2	...	...	10 14	10 14	19 —	19 —	Dharwar
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	11 3	11 3	18 12	18 12	Belgaum
...	10 12	11 12	...	...	8 12	8 12	19 10	19 10	Satara
...	12 2	12 2	...	...	9 3	9 3	15 15	17 13	Sholapur
...	Bijapur
...	Poona
...	12 12	12 12	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 1	15 1	Khanlesh and N.-E.
...	13 7	13 7	...	...	10 5	10 5	22 5	22 5	Deccan—
...	12 10	12 10	...	...	9 10	9 10	16 6	15 11	Ahmadnagar
...	12 13	12 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	16 6	16 6	Nasik
...	10 10	10 10	...	...	9 4	9 4	26 13	26 13	Dhulia
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Jalgaon
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Gujarat—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 9	8 9	21 —	21 —	Surat
11 8	11 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	26 8	26 8	Broach
11 8	11 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	25 —	25 —	Kaira
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Baroda
...	Ahmadabad
...	Godhra
...	Disa
...	11 8	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	80 —	80 —	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	4 10	12 9	...	...	10 7	10 7	14 8	14 8	Western—
...	15 6	15 6	...	...	14 6	14 6	16 —	16 —	Nimar
...	15 2	14 7	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 7	15 7	Hoshangabad
...	19 —	19 —	...	...	11 2	11 2	16 —	16 —	Betul
...	15 7	15 7	...	...	13 2	13 7	16 —	16 —	Chhindwara
...	13 6	13 6	...	...	16 6	15 7	17 —	17 —	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1911—concluded (*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 1	5 1	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . .	13 7	12 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	18 5	17 1	...	...
Damoh . . .	12 13	14 11	...	...	7 12	7 12	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	14 3	14 2	...	...	10 2	10 2	14 2	14 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	14 3	14 3	...	...	7 2	7 2	12 13	12 13	...	...	...	...
Bálághát . . .	15 8	12 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bhandára . . .	12 8	11 4	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 8	16 —	...	...
Chánda . . .	11 6	11 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 2	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur . . .	14 3	14 3	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 13	12 13	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	13 —	12 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	14 14	14 14	...	...	10 —	11 2	11 3	11 14	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana . . .	10 10	10 10	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 14	7 14	15 —	15 —	...	...
Akola . . .	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 13	6 13	8 8	8 8	14 3	14 3	...	...
Amráoti . . .	11 9	11 9	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	16 —	17 —	...	...
Yeotmal . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 3	4 3	8 11	8 11	18 5	18 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad . . .	6 13	6 13	12 1	11 9	3 7	3 7	6 13	6 13	11 12	11 9	12 12	12 12
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	12 15	12 15	11 10	12 5
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	7 7	11 6	12 3	10 4	10 10
Central—												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 2	13 12	14 13	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	16 10	16 10	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	9 1	13 15	14 10	13 7	14 2
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	8 11	13 8	15 5	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Visagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	13 —	14 14
Godáviri . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	10 3	10 3	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	13 —	13 —	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	9 6	12 13	12 13	12 —	12 —
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	8 —	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	12 5	12 5
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	7 3	12 12	13 —	10 4	10 15
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	13 5	13 5	11 5	11 5
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	11 12	11 12	10 15	10 15
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 8	14 —	15 —	...	...
Bangalore . . .	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 12	5 4	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar . . .	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 4	6 4	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	15 —
Tumkur . . .	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Hassan . . .	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur . . .	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	...	...
Shimoga . . .	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	9 —	17 —	18 —	...	...
Chitaldrug . . .	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Goorg—												
Coorg . . .	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 8	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Aden . . .	7 7	7 7	...	...	5 5	5 9	7 —	7 —	11 3	11 3	11 12	11 12

State the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RASI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Sesaria distica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oryza aristinum</i>)		MAISE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	14 10	14 10	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>
...	...	...	...	18 5	17 1	...	...	11 2	12 —	18 5	18 5	Central—
...	...	...	...	19 8	20 13	...	...	9 2	9 2	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	17 —	16 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	25 —	21 2	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	18 4	18 4	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	14 4	14 4	...	...	10 2	10 2	15 5	15 5	Mandla
...	...	...	...	15 6	15 6	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 6	18 6	Seoni
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	13 5	13 5	16 —	16 —	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhandāra
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chānda
...	...	...	...	14 3	16 —	...	...	14 3	14 3	12 13	12 13	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 8	...	...	13 8	13 8	16 —	16 —	Bilaspur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 4	15 4	Raipur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Drug
...	...	...	...	16 5	16 5	...	...	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	Berar—
...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	...	...	9 13	9 13	15 —	15 —	Buldāna
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	15 12	15 12	18 —	18 —	Akola
...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	Amrāoti
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yotmal
16 5	16 5	...	...	11 15	11 9	...	...	16 5	16 5	14 —	14 —	Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 6	17 5	Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	Malabar
14 13	16 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 6	18 6	S. Canara
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	14 6	South, central—
12 3	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 8	18 9	Coimbatore
14 9	14 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 7	17 11	Nilgiris
15 13	16 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 7	19 7	Salem
16 4	16 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 2	20 5	Central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 —	18 12	Bellary
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Anantapur
14 10	15 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Cuddapah
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Karnul
12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	East Coast, north—
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Ganjam
13 8	13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Vizagapatam
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 6	27 10	Godavari
13 11	14 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	East Coast, central—
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 2	23 2	Kistna
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 5	24 5	Guntur
12 9	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Nellore
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 11	20 11	East Coast, south—
12 9	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28 13	28 13	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Chingleput
14 8	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	N. Arcot
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	S. Arcot
13 8	13 12	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Tanjore
16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Trichinopoly
16 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	16 —	Southern—
16 —	17 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Tinnevely
19 —	20 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Madura
18 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	Mysore—
16 8	18 —	...	...	16 —	15 8	...	...	8 —	8 4	18 —	18 —	Mysore
...	...	...	...	10 11	11 3	...	...	9 5	9 5	32	32 —	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kolar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tumkur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hassan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chitaldrug
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceB. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 8, 1911

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	IN THE EIGHT MONTHS, APRIL TO NOVEMBER, OF									
	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
<i>Special Import Duties</i>										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	2,21	2,10	2,72	2,63	2,69	3,54	3,40	3,31	3,29	3,18
<i>Liquors—</i>										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,48	1,67	1,81	1,80	1,97	1,88	3,26	3,27	5,17	5,08
Spirits and liqueurs	44,72	48,61	49,03	51,93	48,43	59,94	61,01	61,02	69,14	71,21
Wines	2,53	2,39	2,23	2,49	2,38	2,52	2,48	2,40	3,54	3,62
Opium and its alkaloids*	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	4	3
Petroleum	36,65	29,85	29,25	26,05	23,15	29,92	35,35	30,56	35,97	48,14
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	28,25	25,05	26,26	18,32	29,48	33,46	49,52	37,18	1,21,32	74,95
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	16,23	1,97	10	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	3,21	14	8	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Tobacco (a)	1,15	1,34	1,66	2,03	1,94	2,46	2,22	2,98	19,84	17,63
<i>General Import Duties</i>										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	8,88	9,43	10,97	12,18	12,66	15,55	17,25	15,54	16,27	16,98
Sugar (ordinary duties)	16,58	18,42	20,23	22,01	32,42	29,17	34,79	39,45	42,22	39,47
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	6,33	7,57	7,02	7,25	7,75	9,68	8,65	9,38	10,90	10,62
<i>Cotton manufactures—</i>										
Piece goods, grey	35,00	30,44	36,93	41,69	43,26	45,25	36,06	39,95	37,39	44,38
" white	10,71	12,54	17,89	18,68	15,88	25,49	19,78	14,98	20,18	24,66
" coloured	14,85	18,00	21,43	21,93	22,25	25,33	25,29	18,05	26,90	20,49
Other goods	1,66	2,63	3,81	4,23	4,54	4,71	4,60	4,44	5,89	6,23
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	19,98	20,63	24,40	20,67	22,38	26,60	32,53	28,88	33,75	33,76
Oils (excluding petroleum)	1,03	65	58	78	1,38	1,83	98	81	92	74
Manufactured articles	40,01	40,85	55,84	56,15	55,63	65,23	66,77	61,19	76,85	84,70
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	5,97	5,81	6,67	8,02	7,55	9,33	11,08	9,65	9,59	9,82
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,97,45	2,86,71	3,18,94	3,18,87	3,35,78	3,91,93	4,15,04	3,83,66	5,39,29	5,24,83
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	11,14	12,57	13,47	15,98	16,28	18,30	19,05	20,93	22,13	27,74
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	67,07	62,68	74,48	65,87	54,64	52,96	38,68	48,48	64,77	69,84
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	5,46	6,29	6,45	5,60	6,05	6,79	5,85	6,58	6,46	7,54
GRAND TOTAL	3,81,12	3,68,25	4,13,34	4,06,32	4,12,75	4,69,58	4,78,62	4,59,65	6,32,65	6,29,95
<i>Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports</i>										
Bengal { Imports	1,10,20	1,01,06	1,14,07	1,17,03	1,18,20	1,47,94	1,31,87	1,36,68	1,67,05	1,82,64
Exports	8,73	9,21	11,31	14,23	7,29	4,96	3,47	7,13	11,27	13,97
Eastern Bengal and Assam { Imports	—	—	—	—	35	45	62	70	75	95
Exports	—	—	—	—	...	...	3	...	...	1
Bombay { Imports	1,15,02	1,10,17	1,21,12	1,19,81	1,26,67	1,44,42	1,57,81	1,40,28	2,43,75	2,01,19
Exports	2,31	1,46	1,55	1,14	1,10	97	1,35	2,05	1,31	50
Sind { Imports	27,36	21,67	24,96	27,13	31,86	32,28	41,76	35,84	46,79	51,30
Exports	85	75	1,13	95	2,46	2,61	1,18	1,54	1,23	1,23
Madras { Imports	24,78	26,68	27,41	25,61	26,75	30,34	37,61	32,86	38,37	42,29
Exports	4,43	6,70	5,05	3,05	5,65	7,75	6,85	4,30	3,84	5,32
Burma { Imports	20,09	27,13	31,38	29,29	31,95	36,43	45,37	37,30	42,58	46,46
Exports	50,75	44,56	55,44	46,50	38,14	36,67	25,80	33,43	47,02	48,41

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "General Import Duties"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence
J. S. MESTON,
Secretary to the Government of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTE ON TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

Tariff Valuation of Sugar.

In their letter No. 5841-87, dated the 18th August 1911, to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, sanctioning the adoption of a revised method of fixing the valuation for tariff purposes of sugar, imported into India, the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry ordered that a statement, showing in respect of each of the said descriptions of sugar, the total imports into India in the stated month and the average value per cwt., as calculated on the returns received from the Custom Houses, should be published in the *Gazette of India* and in the *Indian Trade Journal* for the information of the public; and that in supplementary columns of this statement should be given, month by month, a running total showing the total imports into all India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt., so far established, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the succeeding year. This system will be followed hereafter and statements for October and November 1911 will shortly be published.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar the total quantity imported into India in the twelve months, October 1910 to September 1911, and the average value per cwt. arrived at in the manner stated. It is on these values that the several descriptions of sugar will be assessed to customs duty during the calendar year 1912 :—

Description of Sugar	Quantity	Average net value p cwt		
		R	a.	p.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	880,466	10	0	0
„ and soft, refined in China	74,381	10	0	0
Sugar, crystallised, and soft, from Java, 23 Dutch standard and above	4,481,906	10	4	0
Sugar, crystallised, and soft, from Java, 16 to 22 Dutch standard	4,041,211	9	4	0
Sugar, crystallised, and soft, from Java, 15 Dutch standard and under	219,913	8	8	0
Sugar, crystallised, and soft, from Mauritius, equal to 16 Dutch standard and over	2,698,848	9	12	0

FREDERICK NÖEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 6, 1911



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

DELHI, TUESDAY, THE 12TH DECEMBER, 1911.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been pleased to grant the following personal salutes:—

To Major-General His Highness Mukhtar-ul-Mulk Azim-ul-Iktidar Rafi-ush-Shan Wala Shikoh Mohtasham-i-Dauran Umdat-ul-Umara Maharajadhiraja Alijah Hisam-us-Saltanat Maharaja Sir Madho Rao Scindhia Bahadur Srinath Mansur-i-Zaman Fidvi-i-Hazrat-i-Malika-i-Muazzama-i-Rafi-ud-Darja-i-Inglistan, G.C.S.I., G.C.V.O., of Gwalior, Aide-de-Camp to His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, a personal salute of 21 guns.

To Major-General His Excellency Maharaja Sir Chandra Sham Sher Jang, Bahadur Rana, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., Prime Minister, Marshal of Nepal, a personal salute of 19 guns.

To Rana Ranjit Singh, Chief of the Barwani State, a personal salute of 11 guns.

To Sultan Ghalib bin Awadth Al-Kayti, Sultan of Shehr and Mokalla, a personal salute of 11 guns.

To Shankar Ray Chimnaji, Pant Sachiv of Bhor, a personal salute of 11 guns.

To Maharajadhiraja Komal Deo, Chief of the Kanker State, a personal salute of 9 guns.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to confer the decoration of the Imperial Order of the Crown of India on—

MARGARET ETRENNE HANNAH, MARCHIONESS OF CREWE.

Her Highness NAWAB SULTAN JEHAN BEGUM, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., Ruler of Bhopal.

Her Highness MAHARANI SHRI NUNDKANVARBA, wife of His Highness the Maharaja of Bhavnagar.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The King-Emperor has been pleased to approve of the issue of Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland conferring the dignity of a Baronet upon the Hon'ble Sir SASSOON JACOB DAVID, *Kt.*, an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

THE following Statutes, dated the 28th October, 1911, are published for general information :—

GEORGE, R. & I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and Sovereign of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, to all to whom these Presents shall come, greeting

WHEREAS in and by certain Letters Patent under the great seal, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and the Statutes for the Government of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, made in pursuance of the said Letters Patent, full power and authority is reserved to Us to increase the number of Members of any of the Classes of Knights Grand Commanders, Knights Commanders, and Companions of Our said Order, and to assign a place in any such Class to any person whom We might think fit to admit into the same.

AND WHEREAS by a Special Statute, bearing date the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and now in full force for the regulation of the Order, it is ordained and declared that the First Class or Knights Grand Commanders of the Order shall not exceed thirty-six in number; And Whereas by Special Statute bearing date the twenty-first day of October one thousand nine hundred and two, and now in full force for the regulation of the Order, it is ordained and declared that the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the Order, shall not exceed eighty-five in number, and that the Third Class, or Companions of the Order, shall not exceed one hundred and seventy in number.

AND WHEREAS We deem it expedient further to increase the number of the Members of the First, Second and Third Classes of Our said Order.

NOW, THEREFORE, in pursuance and in exercise of the power so reserved to Us by the aforesaid Letters Patent and the Statutes made in pursuance thereof, We are pleased by this Special Statute of Our said Most Exalted Order to increase the number of the First, Second, and Third Classes, and to enable Us to carry this Our Royal Will and Pleasure into effect, We do hereby increase the total number of Companions or Members of this Order from two hundred and ninety-one to three hundred and forty-four; and We

do further, in exercise of the power aforesaid, alter and dispense with so much of the aforesaid Statutes of Our said Order as may be necessary for the purposes hereinbefore recited, and the said Statutes are hereby altered and dispensed with accordingly, and in lieu thereof We have made, ordained, and established and by these Presents sealed with the Seal of the Order do make, ordain, and establish the following Statutes, *viz.*:—

- I. It is ordained that the First Class or Knights Grand Commanders shall not exceed forty-four in number, of whom twenty-two shall be Native Princes and Chiefs of India, and twenty-two British subjects.
- II. It is ordained that the Second Class or Knights Commanders shall not exceed one hundred in number.
- III. It is ordained that the Third Class or Companions shall not exceed two hundred in number.

And it is Our Will and Pleasure that this Special Statute sealed with the Seal of Our said Order be taken and received as part and parcel of the Statutes thereof.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, under Our Sign Manual and the Seal of Our said Order, this Twenty-eighth day of October, in the second year of Our Reign and in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

By His Majesty's Command.

CREWE.

GEORGE, R. & I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and Sovereign of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, to all to whom these Presents shall come, greeting

WHEREAS by virtue of the power in Us vested under certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Statutes for the Government of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, made in pursuance of the said Letters Patent, We deem it expedient without permanently increasing the number of Ordinary Members of the Order, to provide for the admission into the First, Second and Third Classes of the Order of such persons as have rendered to Us special and important services

We therefore, in pursuance and in exercise of the power so vested in Us, do make, ordain, and establish by these Presents, sealed with the Seal of the said Order, the following Statutes and Ordinances, namely:—

It is ordained that the persons whom we may on the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, think fit to admit as Additional Members into the First, Second and Third Classes of the said Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in commemoration of Our visit to Our Empire of India to celebrate Our Coronation, shall not now or hereafter be included within the number of the Ordinary Members allotted to such Classes.

It is ordained that the additional Members so to be appointed shall have rank and precedence among the Ordinary Members of their respective Classes according to the date of their respective Appointments, and that the Statutes of Our said Most Exalted Order shall in all matters and things apply in the same manner to the said Additional Members as to the Ordinary Members of Our said Most Exalted Order, any Statute, Decree or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

AND it is Our Will and Pleasure that this Special Statute, sealed with the Seal of Our said Order, be taken and received as part and parcel of the Statutes thereof.

Given at Our Court at St. James's under Our Sign Manual and the Seal of Our said Order this Twenty-eighth day of October, in the second year of Our Reign and in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

By His Majesty's Command.

CREWE.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, including additional appointments of Knight Grand Commanders, additional appointments of Knights Commanders, and additional appointments of Companions, under the above special Statute of the said Most Exalted Order, which His Imperial Majesty has been pleased to approve and Ordain.

To be Knights Grand Commanders.

- His Excellency Sir GEORGE SYDENHAM CLARKE, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., Governor of Bombay.
- His Excellency The Hon'ble SIR ARTHUR LAWLEY, G.C.I.E., K.C.M.G., Ex-Governor of Madras.
- Sir JOHN PRESCOTT HEWETT, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, President of the Coronation Durbar Committee.
- Colonel His Highness MAHARAJA RAJ RAJESHWAR SIROMANI SRI SIR GUNGA SINGH BAHADUR, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., A.-D.-C., of Bikaner.
- Major His Highness MAHARAO SIR UMED SINGH BAHADUR, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., of Kotah.
- His Excellency General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's Forces in India.
- His Highness FARZAND-I-DILBAND RASIKH-UL-ITIKAD DAULAT-I-INGLISHIA RAJA-I-RAJAGAN RAJA SIR JAGATJIT SINGH BAHADUR, K.C.S.I., of Kapurthala.
- His Highness ASAFJAH MUZAFFAR-UL-MAMALIK NIZAM-UL-MULK NIZAM-UD-DAULA NAWAB MIR USMAN ALI KHAN BAHADUR FATEH JANG, of Hyderabad.
- His Highness AGA SIR SULTAN MUHAMMAD SHAH, AGA KHAN, G.C.I.E., of Bombay.

To be Knights Commanders.

- LESLIE ALEXANDER SELIM PORTER, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Acting Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
- JOHN LEWIS JENKINS, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Viceroy and Governor-General.
- SPENCER HARCOURT BUTLER, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Viceroy and Governor-General.
- ROBERT WARREN CARLYLE, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Viceroy and Governor-General.
- Captain His Highness UMDAE RAJAHAE BALAND MAKAN MAHARAJADHIRAJA MAHARAJA SIR MADAN SINGH BAHADUR, K.C.I.E., of Kishengarh.

REGINALD HENRY CRADDOCK, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.

JAMES MCCRONE DOUIE, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, First Financial Commissioner of the Punjab, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab for making Laws and Regulations.

JAMES SCORGIE MESTON, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

BENJAMIN ROBERTSON, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce and Industry Department and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

RICHARD AMPHLETT LAMB, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, an Ordinary Member and Vice-President of the Council of the Governor of Bombay.

MAHARAJADHIRAJA BAHADUR, SIR BIJAY CHAND MAHTAB, K.C.I.E., I.O.M., of Burdwan, and a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

ELLIOT GRAHAM COLVIN, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

SIR TREVREDYN RASHLEIGH WYNNE, K.C.I.E., V.D., M.I.C.E., Chairman of the Railway Board, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

Surgeon-General CHARLES PARDEY LUKIS, C.S.I., M.D., F.R.C.S., Indian Medical Service, Director-General, Indian Medical Service, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

STANLEY ISMAY, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service (retired), Chief Justice of the Chief Court of Mysore.

GEORGE CASSON WALKER, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service (retired), lately Financial Adviser to the Nizam's Government.

APCAR ALEXANDER APCAR, ESQUIRE, C.S.I., Partner, Messrs. Apar and Co., Calcutta, and Consul for Siam in Calcutta.

His Highness RAJA UDAJI RAO PUAR, of Dhar, in Central India.

His Highness RAJA TUKOJI RAO PUAR, of Dewas State (Senior Branch), in Central India.

Surgeon-General FRANCIS WOLLASTON TREVOR, C.B., M.B., K.H.S., Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India.

His Highness MAHARAJA SRI SRI SRI SRI SRI SIR UGYEN WANGCHUK, K.C.I.E., of Bhutan.

It was the King-Emperor's gracious intention to have appointed the late **Sardar Pratab Singh, C.S.I.,** Landholder in the Punjab, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Viceroy and Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations, to be a Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India had the Sardar survived.

To be Companions.

ROBERT WOODBURN GILLAN, ESQUIRE, B.A., LL.B., Barrister-at-Law, Indian Civil Service, Comptroller and Auditor-General.

JOHN WALTER HOSE, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Chief Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor.

CHARLES EARNEST YEAB GOURMENT, ESQUIRE, Indian Public Works Department, Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of the

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Buildings, Roads and Railway Branches, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

HARRINGTON VERNEY LOVETT, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner, Benares Division, United Provinces.

HERBERT LOVELY EALES, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Judicial Commissioner of Upper Burma.

GEORGE GILBERT WHITE, ESQUIRE, M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department, Government of Burma, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

Colonel SIDNEY GERALD BUREARD, Royal Engineer, F.R.S., Officiating Surveyor-General of India.

FREDERICK BEADON BRYANT, ESQUIRE, Inspector-General of Forests to the Government of India.

Lieutenant-Colonel HERBERT LIONEL SHOWERS, C.I.E., Indian Army, Resident at Jaipur.

FRANK GEORGE SLY, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of Berar, Central Provinces.

GEORGE MOSS HARRIOTT, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department, Central Provinces.

ERNEST HERBERT COOPER WALSH, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner, Bhagalpur Division, Bengal.

EDWARD VERE LEVINGE, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner, Orissa Division, Bengal.

ROBERT NATHAN, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of a Division, Eastern Bengal and Assam, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

ARTHUR MEREDITH, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Second Financial Commissioner of the Punjab, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES ARCHER, C.I.E., Indian Army, Revenue Commissioner, Baluchistan.

JAMES PETER ORR, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Senior Collector and Chairman of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

HERBERT ALEXANDER CASSON, ESQUIRE, B.A., Indian Civil Service, Deputy Commissioner in the Punjab.

WILLIAM AXEL HERTZ, ESQUIRE, F.R.G.S., Deputy Commissioner of Myitkyina, Burma.

MAHADEV BHASKAR CHAUBAL, ESQUIRE, B.A., LL.B., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay.

GEORGE SEYMOUR CURTIS, ESQUIRE, J.P., Indian Civil Service, Commissioner, Central Division, Bombay Presidency, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

SYED ALI IMAM, ESQUIRE, Barrister-at-Law, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General.

WILLIAM HENRY CLARK, ESQUIRE, C.M.G., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) FRANCIS AYLMER MAXWELL, V.C., D.S.O., Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Major CLIVE WIGRAM, M.V.O., Assistant Private Secretary and Equerry to His Majesty the King-Emperor.

HERBERT THOMSON, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Chief Secretary to the Government of Burma, and an Additional Member

of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

RAO BAHADUR NANAK CHAND, C.I.E., Minister, Indore State.

Surgeon-General WILLIAM BURNET BANNERMAN, M.D., B.Sc., Indian Medical Service, Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras, lately Director, Bombay Bacteriological Laboratory.

Lieutenant-Colonel JOHN RAMSAY, C.I.E., Indian Army, Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, Baluchistan.

STUART LOCKWOOD MADDOX, ESQUIRE, M.A., Indian Civil Service, Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

Dr. GILBERT THOMAS WALKER, M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S., Director-General of Indian Observatories.

VENKATARAMA KRISHNASWAMI AIYAR, ESQUIRE, B.A., B.L., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George.

Lieutenant-Colonel PHILLIP RICHARD THORNHAGH GURDON, Indian Army, Commissioner, Assam Valley District, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

KHAN ZULFIKAR ALI KHAN of Maler Kotla, Punjab, an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

Colonel GEORGE FRANCIS ANGELO HARRIS, M.D., F.R.C.P., V.I.S., Indian Medical Service, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

EDMUND VIVIAN GABRIEL, ESQUIRE, C.V.O., Indian Political Department, Secretary, Coronation Durbar Committee.

JOHN STUART DONALD, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., Indian Political Department, Resident in Waziristan.

HENRY MONTAGUE SEGUNDO MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, Commissioner of Settlements and Land Records, Burma.

ARTHUR CROMMELIN HANKIN, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., Indian Police Department, Inspector-General of His Highness the Nizam's District Police.

NAWAB FARIDOON JANG BAHADUR, C.I.E., or FARIDOONJI JAMSHEDJI, ESQUIRE, Political Secretary to His Highness the Nizam and Private Secretary to the Minister.

MAULVI AHMAD HUSSAIN, M.A., B.L., Private Secretary to His Highness the Nizam, and Chief Secretary to the Nizam's Government.

HORACE CHARLES MILES, ESQUIRE, M.V.O., Collector of Karachi, Chairman, Karachi Port Trust, and President, Karachi Municipality.

His Highness RAJA BIJE CHAND, Chief of Kahlur (Bilaspur), Punjab.

Lieutenant-Colonel ARTHUR RUSSELL ALDRIDGE, M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps, lately Sanitary Officer, Army Headquarters.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) MATHEW RICHARD HENRY WILSON, 10th Hussars, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

JOHN CHARLES BURNHAM, ESQUIRE, B.Sc., F.I.C., F.C.S., Manager and Chemist of the Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, Nilgiri Hills.

Brevet-Colonel THOMAS FRANCIS BRUCE RENNY-TAILYOUR, R.E., Superintendent of Surveys, Southern Circle.

MICHAEL KENNEDY, ESQUIRE, Indian Police Department, Inspector-General of Police, Bombay.

THAKOR KARANSINHJI VAJIBAJJI, Chief of Lakhtar, Kathiawar Agency, Bombay Presidency.

MEHERBAN MUDHOJIRAO JANRAO NAIK NIMBALKAR, Chief of Phaltan, Satara Agency, Bombay Presidency.

Lieutenant-Colonel ALAIN CHARTIER DE LOTBINIERE JOLY de LOTBINIERE, C.I.E., R.E., Public Works Department, State Engineer, Kashmir.

Brigadier-General HERBERT VAUGHAN COX, Indian Army, Military Member, Coronation Durbar Committee.

Brevet-Colonel ROBERT SMEITON MACLAGAN, Royal Engineers, Superintending Engineer, Punjab, and a Member of the Coronation Durbar Committee.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES MOWBRAY DALLAS, Indian Army, Commissioner of Delhi Division, Punjab, and a Member of the Coronation Durbar Committee.

EDWARD HENRY SCAMANDER CLARKE, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

JAGADISH CHUNDRA BOSE, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., Professor of the Presidency College, Calcutta.

It was the King-Emperor's gracious intention to have appointed the late Nawab Alladad Khan, Saddozai, of Dera Ismail Khan, to be a Companion of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India had the Nawab survived.

By order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The following Statutes, dated the 28th October, 1911, are published for general information:—

GEORGE, R. and I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and Sovereign of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, to all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting

WHEREAS in and by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal, bearing date the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and the Statutes for the Government of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, made in pursuance of the said Letters Patent, full power and authority is reserved to Us to increase the number of members of any of the Classes of Knights Grand Commanders, Knights Commanders, and Companions of Our said Order and to assign a place in any such Class to any person whom We might think fit to admit into the same.

AND WHEREAS by Article VI of these Statutes of Our said Order it is ordained and declared that the First Class or Knights Grand Commanders shall not exceed thirty-two in number in addition to those who shall be Knights Grand Commanders of the Order under and by virtue of Article IV of the said Statutes, and Whereas by Special Statute bearing date the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred and two, it is ordained that the Second Class or Knights Commanders shall not exceed ninety-two in number, and Whereas by Article IX of these Statutes of Our said Order it is ordained that nominations to the Third Class or Companions shall not exceed twenty in any successive year

AND WHEREAS We deem it expedient further to increase the number of Members of the First and Second Classes and to make provision for the nomination to and admission annually into the Third Class of the Order of forty Companions of Our said Order

Now, THEREFORE, in pursuance and in exercise of the power reserved to Us by the aforesaid Letters Patent and the Statutes made in pursuance thereof

We are hereby pleased to alter and dispense with so much of the aforesaid Statutes of Our said Order as may be necessary for the purposes hereinbefore recited, and the said Statutes are hereby altered and dispensed with accordingly, and in lieu thereof We have made, ordained, and established, and by these Presents, sealed with the Seal of the Order, do make, ordain, and establish the following Statutes, viz:—

- I. It is ordained that the First Class or Knights Grand Commanders shall not exceed forty in number in addition to those who shall be Knights Grand Commanders of the Order under and by virtue of Article IV of these Statutes of Our said Order.
- II. It is ordained that Second Class or Knights Commanders shall not exceed one hundred and twenty in number.
- III. It is ordained that nominations to the Third Class or Companions shall not exceed forty in any successive year, exclusive in every case of promotion to a higher class of the Order.

AND it is Our Will and Pleasure that this Special Statute, sealed with the Seal of the said Order, be taken and received as part and parcel of the Statutes thereof.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, under Our Sign Manual and the Seal of Our said Order, this Twenty-eighth day of October, in the second year of Our Reign and in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

By His Majesty's Command.

CREWE.

GEORGE, R and I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and Sovereign of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, to all whom these Presents shall come, Greeting

WHEREAS by virtue of the power vested in Us under certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and in the Statutes for the Government of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, made in pursuance of the said Letters Patent, We deem it expedient, without permanently increasing the number of the Ordinary Members of the Order, to provide for the admission into the First, Second and Third Classes of the Order of such persons as have rendered to Us special and important services

WE, THEREFORE, in pursuance and in exercise of the power so vested in Us do make, ordain, and establish by these Presents, sealed with the Seal of the said Order, the following Statutes and Ordinances, namely:—

It is ordained that the persons whom We may, on the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, think fit to admit as Additional Members, into the First, Second, and Third Classes of the said Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in commemoration of Our visit to Our Empire of India to celebrate Our Coronation, shall not now or hereafter be included within the number of the Ordinary Members allotted to such Classes.

It is ordained that the Additional Members so to be appointed shall have rank and precedence among the Ordinary Members of their respective Classes according to the date of their respective Appointments, and that the Statutes of Our said Most Eminent Order shall in all matters and things apply in the same manner to the said Additional Members as to the Ordinary Members of Our said Most Eminent Order any Statute, Decree or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

AND it is Our Will and Pleasure that this Statute, sealed with the Seal of Our said Order, be taken and received as part and parcel of the Statutes thereof.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, under Our Sign Manual and the Seal of Our said Order, this Twenty-eighth day of October, in the Second Year of Our Reign and in the Year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

By His Majesty's Command.

CREWE.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, including additional appointments of Knights Grand Commanders, additional appointments of Knights Commanders, and additional appointments of Companions, under the above special statute of the said Most Eminent Order, which His Imperial Majesty has been pleased to approve and ordain :—

To be Knights Grand Commanders.

Major-General His Highness MAHARAJA SIR PARTAB SINGH, INDAR MAHINDAR BAHADUR, SIPAR-I-SALTANAT, G.C.S.I., of Jammu and Kashmir.

SIR LOUIS WILLIAM DANE, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

His Highness SIR SHAHU CHHATRAPATI MAHARAJ, G.C.S.I., G.C.V.O., L.L.D., Maharaja of Kolhapur, Bombay Presidency.

MAHARAJA SRI RAO SIR VENKATASVETACHALAPATI RANGA RAO BAHADUR, K.C.I.E., Zamindar of Bobbili, in the Madras Presidency.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Right Honourable SIR ARTHUR JOHN BIGGE, P.C., G.C.V.O., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.C.S.I., I.S.O., Baron Stamfordham.

SIR GUY FLEETWOOD WILSON, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General.

His Excellency SIR JOHN NEWELL JORDAN, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., His Britannic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Peking.

His Highness MAHARAJADHIRAJA MAHARANA SIR FATEH SINGH BAHADUR, G.C.S.I., of Udaipur.

His Highness FARZAND-I-KHAS-I-DAULAT-I-INGLISHIA-MANSUR-I-ZAMAN AMIR-UL-UMARA MAHARAJADHIRAJA RAJESHWAR SRI MAHARAJA-I-RAJAGAN BHUPINDAR SINGH, MAHINDAR BAHADUR, of Patiala, Punjab.

His Highness MIR IMAM BAKSH KHAN, Ruler of Khairpur State, Bombay Presidency.

His Highness RAJA SRI SIR RAMA VARMA, G.C.S.I., of Cochin, Madras Presidency.

NAWAB BAHADUR SIR KHWAJA SALIMULLA, K.C.S.I., of Dacca, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

To be Knights Commanders.

FREDERICK WILLIAM DUKE, Esquire, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Member of Lieutenant-Governor's Executive Council, Bengal, and Acting Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

ABCHDALE EARLE, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

- CHARLES STEWART-WILSON**, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, Indian Civil Service, Director-General of the Post Office of India, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.
- Major-General MALCOLM HENRY STANLEY GROVER**, C.B., Indian Army, Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department, and an Additional Member of Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.
- CHARLES RAITT CLEVELAND**, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Director, Criminal Investigation Department.
- Lieutenant-General SIR DOUGLAS HAIG**, K.C.V.O., C.B., Chief of the General Staff.
- SRI KANTIRAVA NARASINHA RAJA WADIYAR BAHADUR**, Yuvaraja of Mysore.
- Lieutenant-Colonel HUGH DALY**, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Army, Resident in Mysore, and Chief Commissioner, Coorg.
- HENRY PARSALL BURT**, Esquire, C.I.E., Manager, North-Western Railway, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab for making Laws and Regulations.
- JAMES HOSSEMAYNE DUBOULAY**, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Private Secretary to the Viceroy.
- His Highness MAHARAJADHIRAJA SIPAHDAR-UL-MULK JUJHARSINGH JI DEO BAHADUR**, C.I.E., of Charkhari State, Bundelkhand, Central India.
- RAJENDRA NATH MUKHARJI**, Esquire, C.I.E., Senior Partner, Messrs. Martin & Co., Calcutta, and Sheriff of Calcutta.
- Lieutenant-Colonel HENRY BEAUFOY THORNHILL**, C.I.E., Indian Army, Inspecting Officer of Cantonments.
- GANGADHAR MADHO CHITNAVIS**, Esquire, C.I.E., of Nagpur, an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.
- Captain His Highness FAKR-UD-DAULA NAWAB MUHAMMAD IFTIKAR ALI KHAN BAHADUR SAULAT JUNG**, of Jaora State, Central India.
- His Highness RAJA RAM SINGH**, of Sitamau State, Central India.
- RAJ SAHIB AMARSINHJI BANESINHJI**, of Vankaner, Bombay Presidency.
- Dr. RAM KRISHNA GOPAL BHANDARKAR**, C.I.E., M.A., LL.D., of Poona, Bombay Presidency.
- MICHAEL FILOSE**, Esquire, C.I.E., Chief Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior.
- Rear-Admiral SIR COLIN R. KEPPEL**, K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O., Royal Navy.
- Surgeon-General ARTHUR MUDGE BRANFOOT**, C.I.E., M.B., Indian Medical Service (retired), President of the Medical Board, India Office.
- Sir JOHN STANLEY**, K.C., Kt., lately Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature, North-Western Provinces.
- SAINT-HILL EARDLEY-WILMOT**, Esquire, C.I.E., Commissioner under the Development Act for Great Britain, lately Inspector-General of Forests to the Government of India.
- Lieutenant-Colonel PERCY ZACHARIAH COX**, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Army, Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.
- FRANCIS EDWARD SPRING**, Esquire, C.I.E., Public Works Department (retired), Chairman of the Madras Port Trust Board, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations.
- WILLIAM ARTHUR DRING**, Esquire, C.I.E., Agent, East Indian Railway Company.
- Maharaja SRI VICKRAMA DEO**, of Jeypore, Zamindar in the Madras Presidency.

His Highness Maharaja TNOTAB NAMGYE, of Sikkim.

Rana SHEORAZ SINGH, Talukdar of Thalrai (Khajurgaon), in the Rai Bareli District of Oudh.

Raja SHABAN ALI KHAN, Khan Bahadur, of Salempur, Lucknow District, Oudh.

His Highness SAWAI MAHARAJA SIE JET SINGH BAHADUR, K.C.S.I., of Alwar.

His Highness Maharawat RAGHUNATH SINGH BAHADUR, of Partabgarh, Rajputana.

His Highness Maharana SHRI CHHATRASINHJI GAMBHIRSINHJI, Raja of Rajpipla, Rewa-Kantha Agency, Bombay Presidency.

DIWAN BAHADUR SETH KASTURCHAND DAGA, C.I.E., Marwari and Banker, Central Provinces.

His Highness Maharaja SAWAI SAWANT SINGH BAHADUR, of Bijawar State, Bundelkhand, Central India.

General MOWBRAY THOMSON (retired), late Bengal Infantry.

To be Honorary Knights Commanders.

General ALBERT HOUTUM SCHINDLER, C.I.E., lately Director, Central Department, Persian Foreign Office.

Sheikh MUBABAK BIN SUBAH, Ruler of Koweit.

To be Companions.

JAMES HERBERT SEABROOKE, ESQUIRE, Assistant Military Secretary, Military Department, India Office.

WALTER CULLEY MADGE, ESQUIRE, President of the Anglo-Indian Association, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

Lieutenant-Colonel WALLACE CHRISTOPHER RAMSAY STRATTON, Indian Army, Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.

JAMES SCOTT, ESQUIRE, Assistant Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Major EDWARD CHARLES BAYLEY, Indian Army, Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

Rai Bahadur LALA SHEO PRASAD, an Honorary Magistrate of Delhi, Punjab.

FREDERICK WILLIAM JOHNSTON, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.

Major ARTHUR LOUIS BICKFORD, Indian Army, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), Commandant, Khyber Rifles.

EDWARD GELSON GREGSON, ESQUIRE, Indian Police, Superintendent of Police, North-West Frontier Province, on special duty in connection with suppression of the arms traffic.

Khan Bahadur MIAN RAHIM SHAH, Kaka Khel.

WILLIAM MALCOLM HAILEY, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, on special duty with the Coronation Durbar Committee.

Colonel BENJAMIN WILLIAM MARLOW, Indian Army, Military Accountant-General, and *ex officio* Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department (Military Finance).

HERBERT GERARD TOMKINS, ESQUIRE, F.R.A.S., Financial Department, Government of India, Officiating Accountant-General, Bengal.

HENRY WHITBY SMITH, ESQUIRE, Indo-European Telegraph Department, lately Director, Persian Gulf Section.

Major FRANCIS BEVILLE PRIDEAUX, Indian Army, Political Officer, Southern Rajputana States.

Major ARTHUR PRESCOTT TAYLOR, Indian Army, Political Department, Government of India.

Lieutenant-Colonel RAMSAY FREDERICK CLAYTON GORDON, Indian Army,
Private Secretary to the President, Coronation Durbar Committee.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES MACTAGGART, M.A., M.B., Indian Medical
Service, Inspector-General of Prisons, United Provinces of Agra and
Oudh.

NAWAB MIRZA MAHDI HUSAIN, Khan Bahadur, of Lucknow.

RAI KISHAN SAH BAHADUR, Honorary Magistrate, Naini Tal, United
Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

HOPETOUN GABRIEL STOKES, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Deputy
Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department.

Major LEONARD ROGERS, M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S., M.B.C.P., Indian
Medical Service, Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Calcutta,
and Bacteriologist to Government.

NAWAB MUHAMMAD ABDUL MAJID, Barrister-at-Law, Lawyer, Allahabad
High Court, a Fellow of the Allahabad University, and an Additional
Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws
and Regulations.

LUDOVIC CHARLES PORTER, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Secretary to
the Government of India, Education Department, and an Additional
Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws
and Regulations.

HENRY SHARP, ESQUIRE, M.A., Joint Secretary to the Government of
India, Education Department, and an Additional Member of the
Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

ARTHUR VENTS, ESQUIRE, M.A., Principal of the Queen's College and the
Sanskrit College, Benares.

MAHAMAHOPADHYAYA HARA PRASAD SHASTRI, Honorary Magistrate,
Naihati Independent Bench, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel ALLEN MCCONAGHEY, Indian Army, Political Agent
and Deputy Commissioner, Quetta-Peshin, Baluchistan.

NAWAB KAISAR KHAN, Chief of the Magassi Tribe, Baluchistan.

Rai Bahadur DIWAN JAMIAT RAI, Extra Assistant Commissioner and
Personal Native Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of
Baluchistan.

ROBERT CHARLES FRANCYS VOLKERS, ESQUIRE, Secretary, Railway
Board.

HENRY HUBERT HAYDEN, ESQUIRE, B.A., B.A.I. (T.C.D.), B.E., F.G.S.,
Director, Geological Survey of India.

ALEXANDER MUIRHEAD, ESQUIRE, Agent, South Indian Railway Com-
pany.

CHOTAL OF TSHEDAG NAMGYAL MAHARAJ KUMAR SIDKEONG TULKU of
Sikkim, Heir Apparent.

Lieutenant-Colonel EDULJI PALANJI FRENCHMAN, Indian Medical Service
(retired).

ALEXANDER EMANUEL ENGLISH, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Registrar
of Co-operative Credit Societies, Burma.

GEORGE FREDERICK ARNOLD, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Revenue
Secretary to the Government of Burma.

MAUNG MYAT TUN AUNG, K.S.M., T.D.M., Burma Commission, Deputy
Commissioner, Kyaukpyu, Burma.

GEORGE CUNNINGHAM BUCHANAN, ESQUIRE, M.I.C.E., Chairman and
and Chief Engineer of the Port Trust, Rangoon.

WILLIAM RUCKER STICKMAN, ESQUIRE, Chairman of the Burma
Chamber of Commerce, Vice-Chairman of the Rangoon Port Trust,
and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-
Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

EDWARD ROBERT KAYE BLENKINSOP, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of Settlements and Director of Land Records, Central Provinces.

GEORGE SANKY HART, ESQUIRE, Chief Conservator of Forests, Central Provinces.

NAWAB MUHAMMAD SALAMULLAH KHAN BAHADUR, Jagirdar of Deulghat, Buldana District, Central Provinces.

JOHN HENRY KERR, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel GEORGE HENRY EVANS, M.R.C.V.S., Officiating Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department.

Major HENRY BURDEN, F.R.C.S., Indian Medical Service, Residency Surgeon in Nepal.

MAHARAJ RAGHUNATH SINGH, of Diasuk in Kishangarh State.

GEORGE WILLIAM KUCHLER, ESQUIRE, M.A., Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

JOHN GHEST CUMMING, ESQUIRE, B.A., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue and General Departments, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

The Reverend JOHN ANDERSON GRAHAM, M.A., D.D., of Kalimpong, Darjeeling District.

FRANCIS HUGH STEWART, ESQUIRE, Partner Messrs. Gladstone, Wyllie, & Co., Calcutta, a Commissioner for the Port of Calcutta, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

KHAN BAHADUR MAULAVI SAIYID MUHAMMAD NASARUDDIN, Bengal Provincial Executive Service (retired), Revenue Member, Bhopal State.

LOUIS JAMES KERSHAW, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

WILLIAM TAYLOR CATHCART, ESQUIRE, an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam for making Laws and Regulations.

M. B. DADABHOY, ESQUIRE, Barrister-at-Law, Central Provinces, an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

HUGH MURRAY, ESQUIRE, Imperial Forest Service (retired), lately Senior Conservator of Forests, Bombay.

SAWAI RAO RAJA RAGHUNATH RAO DINKAR MUSHIR-I-KHAS BAHADUR MADAR-UL-MOHAM, Political Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior.

PUNDIT KAILAS NARAYAN HAKSAR, B.A., Lieutenant-Colonel in the Gwalior Army, and Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Gwalior.

Captain RUDOLPH SHAKESPEARE EDWARD TROWER HOGG, 35th King George's Own Central India Horse, Assistant Military Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor.

Major ERNEST DOUGLAS MONEY, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles, Assistant Military Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor.

Major HUGH RODERICK STOCKLEY, R.E., 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners, Assistant Military Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor.

MOKSHAGUNDAM VISVESVARAYA, ESQUIRE, B.A., L.C.E., M.I.C.E., Public Works Department (retired), Chief Engineer to the Government of Mysore.

Lieutenant-Colonel RICHARD GODFREY JONES, Indian Army, Military Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

- JAGIRDAR DESRAJ URS, M.V.O., Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops.
- MAJOR ARMINE BREERETON DEW, Indian Army, lately Political Agent in Gilgit.
- RAI SAHIB DIWAN AMAR NATH, Chief Minister to His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir.
- Lieutenant-Colonel JAMES REED ROBERTS, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Residency Surgeon in Indore and Administrative Medical Officer in Central India.
- Lieutenant-Colonel LAWRENCE IMPEY, Indian Army, Political Agent in Bundelkhand, Central India.
- RAJA AVADHENDRA BAHADUR SINGH, of Kothi, Baghelkhand Agency, Central India.
- RAO BAHADUR KRISHNA RAO WASUDEO MULYE, B.A., Member of Council of Regency, Indore State, Central India.
- Colonel ALEXANDER WILLIAM MACRAE, V.D., Honorary Colonel of the Malabar Volunteer Rifles, and an Honorary Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Madras.
- ARTHUR ERNEST LAWSON, ESQUIRE, Editor of *The Madras Mail* and Sheriff of Madras.
- ALBION RAJKUMAR BANERJI, ESQUIRE, M.A., Indian Civil Service, Dewan of Cochin.
- Major FREDERICK FENN ELWES, M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Indian Medical Service, Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor of Madras.
- Colonel WILLIAM BURGESS WRIGHT, V.D., General Traffic Manager, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, and Commanding 1st Battalion, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles.
- CECIL ARCHIBALD SMITH, ESQUIRE, M.P.C.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations.
- SARDAR SHAMSHER SINGH, Sardar Bahadur, Ahlkhar-i-Ala (Senior Member, Executive and Judicial Committee) of the Jind State, Punjab.
- BABA GURBAKSH SINGH BEDI, Honorary Extra-Assistant Commissioner, Kallar, Rawalpindi District, Punjab.
- Colonel GILBERT WALTER PALIN, Indian Army, Supply and Transport Corps, Deputy Director, Supply and Transport Corps, Coronation Durbar and Manœuvres.
- Lieutenant-Colonel ROBERT EDWARD PEMBERTON PIGOTT, V.D., Commandant, 1st Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.
- Major WILLIAM DANIEL HENRY, V.D., Simla Volunteer Rifles.
- GERALD FRANCIS KEATINGE, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Director of Agriculture and Co-operative Credit Societies, Bombay.
- Major JOHN GLENNIE GREIG, Indian Army, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.
- SARDAR NAOROJI PUDAMORI, ex-President of the Poona Municipality, Bombay Presidency.
- VALA LAKSMAN MERAM, Chief of Thana-Devli, Jetpur Taluka, Bombay Presidency.
- CLAUDE ALEXANDER BARBON, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Deputy Commissioner, Delhi.
- LEONARD WILLIAM REYNOLDS, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.
- Major PERCY MOLESWORTH SYKES, C.M.G., Indian Army, His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General and Agent to the Government of India in Khorasan.
- CHARLES ARCHIBALD WALKER ROSE, ESQUIRE, Consul at Tengyueh.

Major ARTHUR DENNIS GILBERT RAMSAY, Indian Army. Political Department of the Government of India.

Captain JOHN MACKENZIE, Indian Army, Comptroller, Governor-General's Household.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Royal Victorian Order :—

To be Knights Grand Cross.

The Hon'ble Lieut.-Colonel SIR ARTHUR HENRY McMAHON, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, Master of Ceremonies, King-Emperor's Coronation Durbar at Delhi, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

Honorary Major-General His Highness Maharajadhiraja Sir PARTAB SINGH BAHADUR, G.C.S.I., K.C.B., A.-D.-C., Maharaja Regent of Jodhpur.

Honorary Colonel His Highness ALIJAH FARZAND-I-DILPAZIR-I-DAULAT-I-INGLISHIA CHUKHLIS-UD-DAULA NASIR-UL-MULK AMIR-UL-UMMA NAWAB SIR MUHAMMAD HAMID ALI KHAN BAHADUR MUSTAID JUNG, G.C.I.E., A.-D.-C., of Rampur.

To be Knights Commanders.

The Hon'ble Mr. EDWARD LEE FRENCH, Indian Police, Inspector-General of Police, Punjab, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

Brigadier-General ROLLO FSTOUTEVILLE GRIMSTON, C.I.E., Indian Army, Military Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor.

The Hon'ble NAWAB MUMTAZ-UD-DAULA SIR MUHAMMAD FAIZAZ ALI KHAN, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., of Pahasu, Chief Member of Council, Jaipur State.

Honorary Colonel NAWAB SIR MUHAMMAD ASLAM KHAN, K.C.I.E., A.-D.-C.

His Excellency Rear-Admiral SIR EDMOND JOHN WARRE SLADE, K.C.I.E., M.V.O., Naval Commander-in-Chief, East Indies Squadron.

To be Commanders.

Brigadier-General WILLIAM ELIOT PEYTON, D.S.O., Commanding Meerut Cavalry Brigade, The King-Emperor's Herald.

Colonel Sir SWINTON JACOB, K.C.I.E., Indian Army, retired.

Lieutenant-Colonel ARTHUR D'ARCY GORDON BANERMAN, C.I.E., Indian Army, on Special Duty in the Government of India, Foreign Department.

JOHN CROMIE LYLE, ESQUIRE, Chief Engineer of Durbar Railways.

MONTAGUE SHERARD DAWES BUTLER, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, and Secretary of the Punjab to the All-India Memorial.

CHARLES AUGUSTUS KINCAID, ESQUIRE, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Political, Special and Judicial Departments.

Major FRANK GRAHAM SMALLWOOD, M.V.O., Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, on Deputation, Coronation Durbar Camp, Delhi.

BALWAT RAO BHAIYA SCINDIA, Member of the Board of Revenue, Gwalior State.

JAMES SCOTT PITKEATHLY, ESQUIRE, Electrical Inspector to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh and Electrical Engineer, Delhi Coronation Durbar.

MUNSHI AZIZ-UD-DIN, C.I.E., M.V.O.

Captain WALTER LUMSDEN, R.N. (retired), Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant-Colonel JOHN MANNERS-SMITH, V.C., C.I.E., I.A., Resident in Nepal.

To be Members, 4th class.

THOMAS ROBERT JOHN WARD, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., A.M.I.C.E., Public Works Department, Superintending Engineer, Western Jumna Canal Circle, Punjab.

Colonel JAMES BAMBER, Indian Medical Service, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, and a Member of the Coronation Durbar Committee.

Major SIDNEY D'AGUILAR CROOKSHANK, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Superintendent of Works, Delhi Coronation Durbar.

Major WILLIAM BERNARD JAMES, 2nd Lancers, Assistant Adjutant-General, on special duty, Coronation Durbar, Delhi.

Lieutenant-Colonel THOMAS CAMERON FITZGERALD SOMERVILLE, Commandant, Royal Military School of Music.

Major ARTHUR J. STRETTON, M.V.O., Director of Music, Royal Military School of Music.

Lieutenant-Colonel FRANCIS TYRELL MURRAY, I.A., Supply and Transport Corps, on special duty, Coronation Durbar, Delhi.

WILLIAM MAXWELL, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., I.C.S., Postmaster-General, Punjab.

Major CECIL DELARUE MEARS, Squadron Officer, 8th Cavalry.

Captain JOHN STAFFORD BARKER, R.E., Garrison Engineer, Quetta, on special duty, Coronation Durbar, Delhi.

Lieutenant-Colonel GUY LUSHINGTON HOLLAND, I.A., Commandant, 23rd Pioneers.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES GILBERT CARNEGIE, I.A., Commandant, 107th Pioneers.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES WYNDHAM SOMERSET, I.A., Commandant, 48th Pioneers.

Major ERNEST HENRY SCOTT CULLEN, I.A., 32nd Pioneers.

Major HENRY FRANCIS EDWARD FREELAND, R.E., Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, on special duty, Coronation Durbar.

RAI BAHADUR GANGA RAM, C.I.E., Public Works Department, Punjab, retired.

MUHAMMAD ALI, District Judge and Magistrate of Tawargarh, Gwalior State.

Lieutenant-Colonel ARTHUR HENRY DOPPING CREAGH, 128th Pioneers.

Lieutenant-Colonel PHILIP GEOFFREY TWINING, 1st (K. G. O.) Sappers and Miners.

SIR ARTHUR M. KER, Kt., C.I.E., Honorary Treasurer, All-India Memorial.

Captain GEORGE HENRY WILLIS, R.E., Officiating Mint Master, Calcutta.

Honorary Captain the Hon'ble MALIK UMAR HYAT KHAN, C.I.E., Indian Herald.

IVOR CRADOCK THOMAS, ESQUIRE, Director, Indian Telegraph Department.

ALEXANDER CARMICHAEL STEWART, ESQUIRE, Deputy Inspector-General, Punjab Police.

To be Members, 5th class.

LANCELOT COLIN GLASCOCK, Esq., Indian Police, Superintendent of Police, Lahore.
FREDRICK THEODORE JONES, Esq., Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, United Provinces, on special duty, Coronation Durbar.
BHAI RAM SINGH, Sardar Bahadur, Provincial Education Service, Principal of the Mayo School of Art, Lahore.
ALI HUSAIN, Lieutenant, 2nd Gwalior Infantry.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

KNIGHTHOOD.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The King-Emperor has been pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on—

- The Hon'ble Mr. JAMES MOLESWORTH MACPHERSON, C.S.I., Barrister-at-Law, Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.
- The Hon'ble Mr. Justice CECIL MICHAEL WILFORD BRETT, C.S.I., Barrister-at-Law, Indian Civil Service, Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.
- The Hon'ble Mr. Justice ASUTOSH MUKHARJI, C.S.I., M.A., D.L., Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and Vice-Chancellor and Fellow of the Calcutta University.
- The Hon'ble Mr. Justice HENRY GEORGE RICHARDS, K.C., M.A., Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature, North-Western Provinces, and Vice-Chancellor of the Allahabad University.
- The Hon'ble Mr. Justice HUGH DALY GRIFFIN, Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature, North-Western Provinces.
- RALPH PERCY ASHTON, ESQUIRE, Partner in Messrs. Kilburn & Co., Calcutta, and President of the Mining and Geological Institute.
- Khan Bahadur BEZONJI DADABHOY MEHTA, Manager of the Empress Mills, Nagpur.
- The Hon'ble Mr. CECIL WILLIAM NOBLE GRAHAM, Head of Messrs Graham & Co., President, Bengal Chamber of Commerce, a Trustee of the Victoria Memorial Hall, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.
- Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES HENRY BEDFORD, M.D., D.Sc., Indian Medical Service, Chemical Examiner, Bengal.
- The Hon'ble Mr. HUGH STEIN FRASER, of Madras, an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations.
- The Hon'ble Mr. Justice DINSHAW DHANJIBHAI DAVAR, Barrister-at-Law, Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
- SHAPURJI BURJORJI BROACHA, ESQUIRE, Sheriff of Bombay.
- Rao Sahib VASANJI TRIKAMJI MULJI, Head of the Jain community, a Justice of the Peace, and an Honorary Magistrate for the City of Bombay.
- The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C.I.E., a Justice of the Peace for the City of Bombay, a Fellow of the Bombay University, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.
- The Hon'ble Mr. JAMES BEGBIE, Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank of Bombay, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer upon His Highness Maharao Sir Kesri Singh Bahadur, G.O.I.E., K.C.S.I., of Sirohi, in Rajputana, the title of Maharajadhiraja as an hereditary distinction.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Maharaja, as an hereditary distinction, upon—

His Highness Farzand-i-Dilband Rasikh-ul-Itikad Daulat-i-Inglishia Raja-i-Rajagan Sir Ranbir Singh Bahadur, K.C.S.I., of Jind, in the Punjab.

Colonel His Highness Farzand-i-Arjumand Akidat Paiwand Daulat-i-Inglishia Barar Band Sarmur Raja-i-Rajagan Raja Sir Hira Singh Malvandar Bahadur, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., of Nabha, in the Punjab.

His Highness Farzand-i-Dilband Rasik-ul-Itikad Daulat-i-Inglishia Raja-i-Rajagan Raja Sir Jagatjit Singh Bahadur, K.C.S.I., of Kapurthala, in the Punjab.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja, as an hereditary distinction, upon—

Rana Pratap Singh, Chief of the Ali Rajpur State, Bhopawar Agency, in Central India.

Raja Bhagat Raj Bahadur Singh, Chief of the Sohawal State, Baghelkhand Agency, in Central India.

Raja Dig Bijai Singh, of Daiya, Allahabad District, in the United Provinces.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer upon the Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Prodyot Kumar Tagore, Kt., of Calcutta, in Bengal, the title of Maharaja Bahadur as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maharaj Kumar Kshaunish Chandra Ray, of Krishnagar, Nadia, in Bengal, the title of Maharaja as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Raja Raghunath Sikhar Deo, Feudatory Chief of Gangpur, Orissa, in Bengal.

Raja Bisen Prasad Singh Deo, Feudatory Chief of the Jashpur State, in the Central Provinces.

Raja Bhup Deo Singh, Feudatory Chief of the Raigarh State, in the Central Provinces.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Nawab Rustam Ali Khan Mandal, Karnal District, in the Punjab, the title of Nawab Bahadur as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja, as a personal distinction, upon—

The Hon'ble Sri Madana Mohana Simha Devu Garu, Zamindar of Dhara-kota, in the Madras Presidency.

The Hon'ble Rai Kisori Lal Goswami Bahadur, of Serampore, Hooghly, Member of the Bengal Executive Council.

The Hon'ble Kumar Mahendra Ranjan Ray Chaudhuri, of Kakina, Rangpur District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Seth Swami Dayal, of Moizuddinpur, Sitapur District, in the United Provinces.

Mirza Wali-ullah Khan, of Rehlu, Kangra District, in the Punjab.
 Rao Khalak Singh, of Khaniadhana, Gwalior Agency, in Central India.
 Rai Bahadur Ugyen Dorji Kazi, Bhutan Agent, Kalimpong.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title Nawab, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maulvi Seraj-ul-Islam, Khan Bahadur, Vakil, High Court, and Municipal Commissioner, Calcutta, in Bengal.

The Hon'ble Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, of Dhanbari, Mymensingh District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

The Hon'ble Saiyid Hossam Haidar Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, of Comilla, Tippera District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Haji Ismail Khan of Datauli, Aligarh District, in the United Provinces.

Saiyid Muhammad Ali Nasir Khan, of Gorakhpur, in the United Provinces.

Sardar Jallab Khan, C.I.E., Gurchani Tumandar, Dera Ghazi Khan District, in the Punjab.

Khan Bahadur Abdul Ghafur Khan, Khan of Teri, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Bahadur Mohabat Khan, Khan of Toru, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Sajjad Ali Khan, son of the late Ahmad Ali Khan, head of the British Indian Community at Baghdad.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Mahamahopadhyaya, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Srimushnam Vyakarna Subbarayacharya Avergal, of Tiruvadi, Tanjore District, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Rama Sastri Ganapathi Sastri Avergal, of Kumbakonam, Tanjore District, in the Madras Presidency.

Pandit Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusan, Professor, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Pandit Bisweswar Tarkaratna, of Burdwan, in Bengal.

Pandit Kesava Sastri, Professor of Sanskrit in the Queen's College, Benares, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Har Narain Shashtri, of Delhi, in the Punjab.

Pandit Sheo Narayan, Head Pandit of the Mayo College, and Superintendent of the Ajmer Boarding House, in Rajputana.

Pandit Mukand Ram Shastri, of the Archaeological Department of the Jammu and Kashmir State.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Shams-ul-Ulama, as a personal distinction, upon—

Saiyid Abdulla Bin Edrus Bin Zain Al Edrus, Mansab of the Shrine of Edrus, Aden.

Sardar Dastur Kaikobad Aderbad Noshervan, High Priest of the Parsis in the Deccan.

Maulvi Ghulam Salmani, Assistant Superintendent, Hooghly Madrassa, in Bengal.

Maulvi Safiulla, Lecturer, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrassa, in Bengal.

Maulvi Khalil Ahmad, Professor of Arabic in the Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, in the United Provinces.

Maulvi Saiyid Ahmad, Head Imam of the Juma Masjid, Delhi, in the Punjab.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Tanjore Zynulabdin Sahib, Medical Practitioner, Madras, the title of Shifa-ul-Mulk as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Diwan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Theagaraja Aiyar Sadasiva Aiyar Avergal, M.L., District Judge, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Calamur Viravalli Kumaraswami Sastri Avergal, Judge of the City Civil Court, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur Govindas Chatterbooja Das Garu, Merchant of Madras.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sattappa Ramanatha Muttaiya Ramaswami Chettiyar, Member of the Madras Legislative Council, and Chairman of the Chidambaram Municipal Council, South Arcot District, in the Madras Presidency.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Venkataswamy Ramabhadra Nayudu Garu, Zemindar of Doddappanayakkanur, Member of the Madras Legislative Council, and Chairman of the Periyakulam Municipal Council, Madura District, in the Madras Presidency.

Krishnarajapuram Pallegondai Puttanna Chetty, Senior Member of Council, Mysore State.

Rao Bahadur Chaubey Radha Charan, Jagirdar of Pahra, Baghelkhand Agency, in Central India.

Rai Bahadur Tiwari Chajuram, Diwan of the Dhar State, Bhopawar Agency, in Central India.

Rai Bahadur Lala Bisheshar Nath, Diwan of the Rajgarh State, Bhopal Agency, in Central India.

Diwan Bishan Das, Director of Land Records, Gwalior State, in Central India.

Mr. Krishna Rao Luxman Paonaskar, Chief Member of Council, Kishengarh State, in Rajputana.

Rao Bahadur Pandit Govind Ram Chandar Khāndekar, Judicial Member of Council, Bharatpur State, in Rajputana.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Sardar Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Bhimdal Lazarus Diwan Rai, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Darjeeling, in Bengal.

Subadar Tai Ram, Dacca Military Police Battalion, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Sardar Bhagwant Singh, of Barheli, Ambala District, in the Punjab.

Sardar Kirpal Singh, of Mananwala, Gujranwala District, in the Punjab.

Subadar Nidhan Singh, Northern Shan States Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Nizam Sha, Zamindar of Kutru, Bastar State, in the Central Provinces.

Captain Narayan Singh, Double Commander, Imperial Service Infantry, Bharatpur State, in Rajputana.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

The Hon'ble Mr. Muhammad Abdul Kuddus Badsha Sahib, Member of the Madras Legislative Council.

Dubash Khadir Sahib, Landholder in the Ramnad District, in the Madras Presidency.

Khan Sahib Manekji Palanji Poho, of Surat and Broach, in the Bombay Presidency.

Nusserwanji Rustomji Mehta, Karachi, in the Bombay Presidency.

Khan Sahib Nisar Husain, Excise Inspector, Broach District, in the Bombay Presidency.

- Fardunji Mancherji Dastur**, Professor of Mathematics, Elphinstone College, Bombay.
- Rustamji Jamshedji Kapadia**, Senior Assistant Surgeon, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Edulji Bhicaji Kumana**, Treasurer, Paper Currency Office, Bombay.
- Maulvi Abdus Salam**, Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, in Bengal.
- Saiyid Aulad Hossein**, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India.
- The Hon'ble Maulvi Himayat-ud-din Ahmad**, of Barisal, Bakarganj District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Maulvi Muhib-ud-din Ahmad**, Deputy Collector, Dacca, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Maulvi Abu Nasr Muhammad Yahia**, of Sylhet, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Muhammad Bakar Khan**, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Rahimdad Khan**, Tahsildar, in the United Provinces.
- Mirza Kasim Beg Chaghtai**, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Razi-ud-din Khan**, Tahsildar, in the United Provinces.
- Saiyid Ali Naqi**, of Ghazipur, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Muhammad Abdus Sami**, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces.
- Maulvi Mubarak Husain**, Subordinate Judge, in the United Provinces.
- Maulvi Ghulam Mujtaba**, Government Pleader to the High Court, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Muhammad Taj-ud-din**, Judge of the Small Cause Court, Lucknow, in the United Provinces.
- Saiyid Turab Ali**, retired Deputy Magistrate in the Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Department of the United Provinces.
- Munshi Muhammad Asghar Husain Khan**, of Farrukhabad, in the United Provinces.
- Habib-ul-Rahman Khan**, Deputy Superintendent, Indian Telegraph Department.
- Khan Sahib Muhammad Munir**, retired Extra Assistant Commissioner, Honorary Magistrate, Karnal, in the Punjab.
- Subadar-Major Kurban Ali Khan** (retired) of Kamra, Rawalpindi District, in the Punjab.
- Sardar Din Muhammad Khan**, Leghari, Acting Tumandar of the Leghar Tribe, Dera Ghazi Khan District, in the Punjab.
- Abdul Rahman Khan**, Military Member of the Council of Regency and Commander-in-Chief, Bahawalpur State, in the Punjab.
- Khan Sahib Saiyid Muhammad Suleman Shah**, Veterinary Inspector, Army Remount Department, Lahore Circle, in the Punjab.
- Khan Sahib Muhammad Kasim**, Superintendent of Post Offices, in the Punjab.
- Chaudhri Fateh Muhammad**, Inspector of Police, Kotwal of Delhi, in the Punjab.
- Subadar-Major Fateh Muhammad Khan**, Shwebo Battalion, Burma Military Police.
- Mr. Muhammad Sarwar**, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Yeotmal, in Berar.
- Mr. Manishah Ratanji Dastur**, District Judge, Bhandara, in the Central Provinces.
- Kazi Khalil-ud-Din Ahmed**, Diwan of the Panna State, Bundelkhand Agency, in Central India.
- Khan Sahib Haji Bahuddin Khan**, Bazai Kakar, of Nauhissar, in the Quetta District, Baluchistan.
- Sardar Sher Muhammad Khan**, Umrani, of the Nasirabad Tahsil, in the Sibi District, Baluchistan.

Sardar Muhammad Khan, Jogezi, of Killa Saifulla, in the Zhob District, Baluchistan.

Sardar Zarghun Khan, Jogezi, of Killa Saifulla, in the Zhob District, Baluchistan.

Mitha Khan, Brahui, Resaldar of the Zhob Levy Corps, Baluchistan.

Haji Karim Baksh, Sethi, of Peshawar, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Malik Zaman Khan, Chief of the Kuki Khel Afridis, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Khair Muhammad Khan, Khindar Khan Khel, Hathi Khel, Ahmadzai Wazir, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Mr. Muhammad Hasan, Muhsin, British Vice-Consul at Karbala.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of **Rai Bahadur**, as a personal distinction, upon—

Babu Bihari Lal Mitra, of Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Amrita Lal Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in Bengal.

Babu Baijnath Goenka, Banker, Monghyr, in Bengal.

Babu Radha Gobind Chaudhri, Pleader, Ranchi, Chota Nagpur, in Bengal.

Dr. Upendra Nath Brahmachari, Teacher of Medicine, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Mr. Jogindra Nath Mukharji, retired District and Sessions Judge, Bengal.

Babu Ram Gulam Singh, of Mangalpur, Champaran, in Bengal.

Babu Chandi Das Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in Bengal.

Babu Prasanna Kumar Bose, Pleader, Krishnagar, Nadia, in Bengal.

Mr. Mahim Chandra Sarkar, retired Subordinate Judge, in Bengal.

Babu Mahendra Chandra Mitra, Government Pleader, Hooghly, in Bengal.

Babu Jyot Kumar Mukharji, Uttarpara, District Hooghly, in Bengal.

Babu Makunda Deb Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in Bengal.

Babu Jogendra Chandra Ghose, of Bhawanipur, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Hira Lal Bahaduri, late Accountant in the Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.

Rai Sahib Lachman Daji Jadu, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India.

Babu Radhika Mohan Lahiri, Superintendent of Post Offices.

The Hon'ble Babu Ananga Mohan Naha, of Comilla, Tippera District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Charu Chandra Chaudhuri, of Sherpur, Mymensingh District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Mathura Nath Sen, of Barisal, Bakarganj District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Jogesh Chandra Ghosh, of Dacca, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Kali Pada Banerji, of Jalpaiguri, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Pyari Mohan Datta, of Dhubri, Goalpara District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Girish Chandra Datta, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Gauhati, Kamrup District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Ram Singh, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Badri Narayan Misra, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Bisheshar Dayal, Chaturvedi, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces.

Babu Srish Chandra Basu, Small Cause Court Judge, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Pitambar Joshi, Assistant Judge, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Mohan Lal Hukhu, Subordinate Judge, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Sadanand Gairola, Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests, in the United Provinces.

Babu Kanauji Lal, Assistant Surgeon, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Lachmi Das Deogan, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the United Provinces.

Lala Mewa Ram, of Khurja, Bulandshahr District, in the United Provinces.

Babu Ram Garib Lal, of Gorakhpur, in the United Provinces.

Lala Ashtbhuja Prasad, of Basti, in the United Provinces.

Rai Sahib Darshan Singh, of Madhu Tanda, Pilibhit District, in the United Provinces.

Kunwar Bam Bahadur Sah, of Khairigarh, Kheri District, in the United Provinces.

Rai Jai Narain Sahib, District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

Rai Sahib Tilok Chand, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Rai Sahib Hotu Singh, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Rai Sahib Lala Sukh Dayal, Advocate, Chief Court, Punjab.

Lala Joti Pershad, of Jagadhri, Ambala District, in the Punjab.

Lala Hem Raj, Assistant Meteorologist, Meteorological Office, Simla, in the Punjab.

Subadar-Major Jhuttan Singh, Chindwin Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Subadar-Major Jangbir Gurung, Ruby Mines Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Subadar Kalu Manjhi, Myitkyina Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Subadar Jangsher Gurung, Myitkyina Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Mr. Hamendra Nath Mitra, Barrister-at-Law, Khandwa, Nimar District, in the Central Provinces.

Conjeveram Varadaraju Mudali, Contractor of Secunderabad, Hyderabad (Deccan).

Pandit Brijmohan Nath A. Zutshi, LL.B., Secretary to His Highness the Raja of Rutlam, Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Rai Sahib Janki Prasad, LL.B., Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Rewa, Baghelkhand Agency, in Central India.

Lala Moti Lal, Revenue and Finance Member of Council, Tonk State, in Rajputana.

Khawas Bala Bux, State Official, Jaipur, in Rajputana.

Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Baluchistan.

Rai Sahib Basant Singh, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Baluchistan.

Rai Sahib Lala Rocha Ram, Abbottabad, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Rai Sahib Seth Lakhmi Chand, Honorary Magistrate, Dera Ismail Khan, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Rai Sahib Brahmdeo Singh, Subadar-Major, Resident's Escort, Nepal.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bishan Das, Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief, Jammu and Kashmir State Army.

Rai Sahib Salig Ram, Divisional Engineer, Jammu and Kashmir State.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. R. Kilambi Ramanuja Chariar Avergal, B.L., Principal of the Maharaja's College, Vizianagram, in the Madras Presidency.

- M. R. Ry. Komad Seshappaiyar Venkatarama Aiyar Avergal, Chairman of the Municipal Council, Negapatam, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Mandayam Ananda Pillay Parthasarathi Aiyangar, Avergal, B.L., Head Cashier, Bank of Madras.
- M. R. Ry. Nayapathi Ranganadha Row Avergal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Tekkemmar Vittil Anantan Nayar Avergal, B.L., Subordinate Judge, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Raghupati Venkataratnam Nayudu Garu, L. T., Principal of the Pittapur Raja's College, Cocanada, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Tavasimuthu Ratnasami Nadar Avergal, Abkari Contractor and Landholder of Tranquebar, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Seshadri Aiyangar Ramaswami Aiyangar Avergal, B.L., Subordinate Judge, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Ragadi Rama Rao Avergal, Deputy Collector, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Annu Chidambara Pranatharthihara Aiyar Avergal, Inspector of Schools, in the Madras Presidency.
- Rao Sahib Narayan Vishnu Barve, retired Sub-Engineer in the Bombay Presidency.
- Harumal Ramchand Jhangiani, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Ganesh Hari Anjangaonkar, District Deputy Collector, Sholapur, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Bulakhidas Bapuji Trivedi, Huzur Deputy Collector, Kaira, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Sadanand Trimbak Bhandare, Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay.
- Vinayak Narayan Khopkar, District Deputy Collector, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Ramchandra Parashuram Godbole, Head Master, Garud High School, Dhulia, and Acting Head Master, Poona High School, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Vinayak Sakhararam Deshmukh, Head Master, Nasik High School, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Kamalashankar Pranshankar Trivedi, Principal, Training College for Men, Ahmedabad, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Ramanbhai Mahipatram Nilkanth, LL.B., Ahmedabad, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Vishnu Jagannath Shirgaonkar, L.M. & S., Belgaum, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Ram Chandra Daji Moghe, Deputy Examiner, Office of the Controller of Military Supply Accounts.
- Shridhar Ganesh Paranjape, Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests, Jubbulpore, in the Central Provinces.
- Govind Rao Subhedar, Honorary Magistrate, Nagpur, in the Central Provinces.
- Rao Sahib Vithal Purshottam Puranik, of Wun, Yeotmal District, in Berar.
- Gopalaswami Krishnamachari, B.L., Secretary to the Legislative Council and Advocate-General to His Highness the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad (Deccan).
- Arcot Muttusami Sundramurthi Mudaliar, Head and Managing Member of the Arcot Narayanswami family, Mysore.
- Mr. Koravanda Mattanna Nanjappa, Coffee Planter, Coorg.
- Thakur Sardar Singh, of Bakhtgarh, Dhar State, in Central India.
- General Govind Rao Gangaram Matkar Bahadur, Commander-in-Chief, Indore State Army, and Member of the Council of Regency, Indore State, in Central India.

Shrimant Seturamji Puar, of Dhar, Bhopawar Agency, in Central India.

Mr. Bapu Rao Powar, Suba of Tawarghar, Gwalior State, in Central India.

Raja Kandarp Sen, of Pisangan, First Class Tazimi Istimrardar of Ajmer.

Dhau Bakshi Raghubir Singh, Member of Council, Bharatpur State, in Rajputana.

Thakur Hari Singh, of Mahajan, Bikaner State, in Rajputana.

Thakur Raghuvar Singh, late Revenue Member of Council, Bikaner State, in Rajputana.

Thakur Sheonath Singh, of Bera, Jodhpur State, in Rajputana.

Govindbhai Hathibhai Desai, Superintendent of Census Operations in the Baroda State.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Mir Riazuddin Sahib, Inspector, Salt and Abkari Department, in the Madras Presidency.

Kammuru Imam-ud-din Sahib, of Anantapur, in the Madras Presidency.

Muhammad Saleh-ud-din Sahib, Diwan to the Prince of Arcot, in the Madras Presidency.

Safdar Husain Sahib, retired Superintendent of Post Offices, in the Madras Presidency.

Khaji Khaja Muhi-ud-din Sahib, Kazi of Nandyal, Kurnool District, in the Madras Presidency.

Muhammad Razzaek Markayar, Municipal Councillor, Cuddalore, in the Madras Presidency.

Yasan Peru Sahib, Chairman of Kamalapuram Union, Bellary District, in the Madras Presidency.

Abdus Subhan Khan, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in the Madras Presidency.

Mulla Hassan Ali Sahib, G.B.V.C., Veterinary Inspector, in the Madras Presidency.

Jal Dossabhoy Dubash, L.C.E., Supervisor, Public Works Department, in the Bombay Presidency.

Dadabhai Ratanji Balsaravala, of Karwar, Kanara District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Kavasji Dhanjibhai Dhanbhura, President of the Bulsar Municipality, Surat District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Inayatkhan Chandkhan, Inspector of Police, in the Bombay Presidency.

Imam Muhammad, Inspector of Police, in the Bombay Presidency.

Sardar Imambaksh Khan Fateh Khan, Jatoi, of Napierabad, Shikarpur Taluka, Sukkur District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Sardar Sher Muhammad Karam Khan, Bijrani, of Karampur, Thul Taluka, Jacobabad District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Wadero Saifuddin Khan Abdul Karim Khan, Pathan, of Kot Sultan, Sukkur District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Saber Ali Mir Fida Ali, Risaldar, Kathiawar Agency Mounted Police, in the Bombay Presidency.

Ahmed Khan, late Head Clerk, Ordnance Department, Aden.

Burjojee C. Lichmore, Superintendent, Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, Western Circle.

Munshi Muhammad Khan, Jailor, New Central Jail, Kalighat, in Bengal.

Maulvi Zahiruddin Ahmad, Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner, Bhatpara, 24-Parganas, in Bengal.

Saiyid Muhammad Afzal, Assistant Surgeon, Muzaffarpur Dispensary, in Bengal.

Saiyid Tabarak Husain, Inspector of Police, in Bengal.

- Maulvi Qazi Abdul Ghafur, Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner, Bettiah, Champaran, in Bengal.
- Abdul Hakk, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Upper Subordinate Service, Survey of India.
- Asmat Ullah Khan, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India.
- Munshi Hayat Muhammad, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Upper Subordinate Service, Survey of India.
- Munshi Sher Muhammad, Head Draftsman in the Secretariat of the Government of India, Railway Department.
- Maulvi Abdul Nur, Inspector of Police, Sylhet, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Maulvi Abdul Muzaffar Abdul Ali Khan, Special Sub-Registrar, Mymensingh, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Saiyid Zamin Husain, Assistant Director of Agriculture, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Muhammad Jafar Husain, Forest Ranger, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Sulaiman Khan, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Muhammad Yasin, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Mir Wilayat Husain, of Aligarh, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Kabul Ahmad, Honorary Magistrate, Hardoi District, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Abdul Aziz, Vakil, Gorakhpur District, in the United Provinces.
- Munshi Amir Hossain, Station Master, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.
- Hakim Ahmad Said Khan, of Delhi, in the Punjab.
- Chaudhri Muhammad Din, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.
- Sheikh Muhammad Shafi, Deputy Collector, Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Department, in the Punjab.
- Diwan Ali, Assistant Surgeon, in the Punjab.
- Sheikh Abdulla, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the Punjab.
- Munshi Imam-ud-din, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, in the Punjab.
- Abdul Rahman Khan, Zaildar, Kaithal, Karnal District, in the Punjab.
- Chaudhri Karm Ilahi, Chauththa, Honorary Magistrate, Gujranwala District, in the Punjab.
- Mian Siraj-ud-din, Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner, Lahore, in the Punjab.
- Mian Chiragh Din, Superintendent, Manager's Office, North-Western Railway.
- Wazir Muhammad, Senior Veterinary Inspector, Imperial Bacteriological Laboratory, Muktesar, in the Punjab.
- Saiyid Ali Naki, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Camp Dispensary of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.
- Saiyid Lall Shah, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the Punjab.
- Ali Akbar Shirazee, Merchant and Honorary Magistrate, Mandalay, in Burma.
- Saiyid Abdul Aziz, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Chhindwara, in the Central Provinces.
- Mirza Abas Beg, son of Hussaini Beg, Khatib and Naib-Kazi of Akola, in Berar.
- Abdulla Khan, Inspector, Secunderabad District Police, in the Deccan.
- Sahibzada Ahmad Din Khan, Master, Daly College, Indore, Central India.

Makbul Shah Ahmad, Inspector, Criminal Branch, Central India Agency Police, Indore.

Doctor Hormusji Cowasji, L.M. & S., Chief Medical Officer, Jaora State, Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Senior Assistant Surgeon Ardeshir Cowasji, Adam's Memorial Hospital, Abu, in Rajputana.

Munshi Rahim Baksh, Honorary Magistrate, Beawar, in Rajputana.

Malik Paradin Khan, Ashezai Achakzai, of Toba, in the Chaman Sub-Division, Baluchistan.

Sardar Jan Gul Khan, Belkhel Musakhel, Acting Sardar of the Belkhels of the Loralai District, Baluchistan.

Mir Adam Khan, Khosa, of Adampur, in the Nasirabad Tahsil of the Sibi District, Baluchistan.

Munshi Ahmad Din, Sub-Inspector of Mines, in Baluchistan.

Saiyid Muhammad Hassan Shah, Shingari, of Pishin, in the Quetta District, Baluchistan.

Abdulla Ashgar Ali, Merchant, Quetta, Baluchistan.

Haji Faizulla Khan, of Charpariza, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Muhammad Yusuf Khan (Khan of Lalpura), now Naib Hakim, Lower Kurram, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Mir Alam Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Ghulam Haider Khan, son of Samand Khan of Tangi Nasratzai, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Muhammad Zaman Khan, son of Samandar Khan, Khattak, of Akora, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Ghulam Mphammad Khan, of Chaddara, Dera Ismail Khan District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Muhammad Akbar Khan, Inspector of Police, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Mirza Muhammad Azim, Assistant Surgeon, Peshawar, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Subadar-Major Nauroz Ali Khan, Bangash of Ibrahimzai, Kohat District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Maulvi Ghulam Hassan, son of Jahan Khan, Niazi Afghan, of Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

M. Mukarrab Khan, Mail Contractor, Bannu-Kohat, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Saiyid Mubarik Ali Shah, Acting Attaché, Meshed.

Mirza Muhammad Aslam Khan, British News-writer at Herat.

Haji Abdul Razaq bin Haji Ismail, Arabic Munshi, British Residency, Bushire, in the Persian Gulf.

Abdul Reza bin Abdul Karim, Farrash Bashi, British Residency, Bushire, in the Persian Gulf.

Abdul Ali, son of Adamji, Bohrah, Indian Merchant at Baghdad.

Iftikhar Ahmad, Mir Munshi of the British Consulate at Kashgar.

Aga Jan, Subadar, Andaman and Nicobar Military Police.

Mirza Muhammad Beg, retired British Postmaster, Base Office, North China Command.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Seth Fateh Chand, Railway Contractor, Sukkur, in the Bombay Presidency.

Babu Nanda Kumar Bose, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Bengal.

- Babu Ishan Chandra Ghosh, Head Master, Hare School, Calcutta, in Bengal.
- Babu Gulab Chand, Honorary Magistrate, Chapra, in Bengal.
- Babu Janak Dhari Lal, Vice-Chairman, Dinapore Nizamat Municipality, in Bengal.
- Babu Nalini Kanta Rai Chaudhri, of Raruli, Khulna, in Bengal.
- Babu Abinash Chandra Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, First Inspector of Registration Offices, in Bengal.
- Babu Loknath Tewari, Jailor, Central Jail, Hazaribagh, in Bengal.
- Babu Narayan Prasad, Municipal Commissioner, Patna City, in Bengal.
- Babu Upendra Nath Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in Bengal.
- Babu Purna Chandra Chakrabatti, Head Clerk, Engineering College, Sibpur, Howrah, in Bengal.
- Babu Basanta Kumar Boso, Overseer, Darjeeling Division, in Bengal.
- Babu Tarak Brahma Biswas, retired Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, in Bengal.
- Babu Kali Prasanna Rai, Head Assistant, Office of the Inspector-General of Police, in Bengal.
- Babu Girish Chandra Bagchi, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Police Hospital, Calcutta, in Bengal.
- Badu Bhagwati Sahay, Additional Inspector of Schools, Tirhut Division, in Bengal.
- Babu Chandra Narayan Gupta, retired Deputy Collector; Vice-Chairman, Dumka Municipality, Sonthal Parganas, in Bengal.
- Babu Srikrishna Mahapatra, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bengal.
- Purna Chandra Sarkar, Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs.
- Kali Churn Dutt, Superintendent, Military Accountant-General's Office.
- Bhut Nath Chatterjee, Accountant, Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle.
- Babu Nirduksa Kumar Ghosh, Head Clerk, Alipore Meteorological Office, in Bengal.
- Babu Chuni Lal Dey, Registrar, Survey of India.
- Maya Das Puri, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India.
- Babu Prasonno Kumar Chatterjee, Station Master, Buxar, East Indian Railway.
- Babu Nibaran Chandra Mukerjee, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Bengal-Nagpur Railway.
- Baba Ramanik Singh, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway.
- Bhai Sunder Singh, Inspector of Works, Bengal-Nagpur Railway.
- Devendra Nath Ghosh, Deputy Superintendent, Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.
- Mr. Akshay Kumar Sarkar, Superintendent, Department of Commerce and Industry.
- Lala Atar Chand, Tour Clerk in the Office of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.
- Babu Bidhu Bhushan Mazumdar, of the Provincial Educational Service, Dacca, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Sardar Bishen Singh, Supervisor, Public Works Department, Lushai Hills, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Srijut Dandadhar Barua, of Golaghat, Sibsagar District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.
- Babu Pramatha Narayan Chaudhuri, of Bharenga, Pabna District, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Girish Chandra Das, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Tezpur Lunatic Asylum, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Pandit Kundan Lal, Officiating Supervisor, Survey Department, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Lalit Mohan Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector and Superintendent of Excise, Chittagong, in the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Mahendra Chandra Datta, Head Assistant in the Office of the Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Babu Syama Churn Ghose, Sub-Engineer, Lower Ganges (Sara) Bridge Project.

Lala Ram Lal, Honorary Assistant Engineer, in the United Provinces.

Babu Ganga Prasad, Superintendent of the Aligarh Agricultural Station, in the United Provinces.

Babu Manohar Singh, Forest Ranger, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Lachman Das, Head Assistant in the Office of the Inspector of Prisons, United Provinces.

Babu Sham Sundar Lal, Head Assistant in the Office of the Sanitary Commissioner, United Provinces.

Babu Aghornath Chatarji, Head Master of the Government High School at Gorakhpur, in the United Provinces.

Babu Ganga Prasad, Vakil, Mainpuri District, in the United Provinces.

Thakur Rasti Singh, Vakil, Bulandshahr District, in the United Provinces.

Babu Shankar Sahai, of Jhansi, in the United Provinces.

Babu Ganga Sahai, of Gorakhpur, in the United Provinces.

Thakur Umrao Singh, of Deoria, Pilibhit District, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Ishki-Dat Gildial, of Garhwal, in the United Provinces.

Babu Nand Mal, Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests, in the United Provinces.

Lala Sita Ram, Superintendent of the Punjab Government Press, Lahore.

Lala Rang Ram, retired Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Babu Natha Singh, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, in the Punjab.

Lala Kishan Chand, Civil Surgeon, in the Punjab.

Sobha Singh, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in the Punjab.

Mehta Bhim Sein, Inspector of Police, in the Punjab.

Lala Ram Ditta Mal, Jailor, Multan Central Jail, in the Punjab.

Lala Tara Chand, of Bhiwani, Hissar District, in the Punjab.

Lala Amar Nath, Sub-Registrar, Lahore, in the Punjab.

Chaudhri Gurmukh Singh, Chadda, Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner of Rawalpindi, in the Punjab.

Lala Bishen Das, Pleader and Vice-President of the Municipal Committee of Jhelum, in the Punjab.

Lala Girdhari Ram, of Kallur, Mianwali District, in the Punjab.

Rissaldar Raja Singh, Reserve of the Supply and Transport Corps.

Debendro Nath Bhattacharjee, Superintendent, Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, Northern Circle.

Babu G. C. Bhattacharjee, Sub-Divisional Officer, Engineering Department, North-Western Railway.

Lala Khushal Chand, Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway.

Bawa Teja Singh, Superintendent of the Office of the Postmaster-General, Punjab and North-West Frontier.

Sardar Narayan Singh, Contractor, Patiala State, in the Punjab.

Subadar Kulnand Rana, Southern Shan States Battalion, Burma Military Police.

- Bhai Attar Singh, Officiating Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department, in Burma.
- Lala Chandi Prasad, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Nagpur, in the Central Provinces.
- Mr. Cullianji Murarji Thacker, Barrister-at-Law, Public Prosecutor, Raipur, in the Central Provinces.
- Mr. Surendra Nath Bhaduri, Temporary Engineer, Irrigation Department, Asola, Chanda District, in the Central Provinces.
- Pandit Jagannath Prasad, Pleader, President, Hoshangabad Municipal Committee, in the Central Provinces.
- Seth Jugal Kishore, Honorary Secretary, Itarsi Notified Area Committee, Hoshangabad District, in the Central Provinces.
- Seth Ganesh Das, Merchant of Amraoti, in Berar.
- Lala Piyare Lal, Native Assistant to the Resident at Gwalior, Guna, Central India.
- Pandit Raj Kishen, Diwan of the Sailana State, Malwa Agency, in Central India.
- Ohuni Lal, son of Tulsi Ram, Khattri, Superintendent of Gardens, Gwalior, in Central India.
- Pandit Sham Behari Misra, late Assistant Settlement Officer, Ajmer.
- Seth Kesri Singh, Banker of Kotah, in Rajputana.
- Munshi Bishambar Nath, Vakil, Public Prosecutor and Municipal Commissioner, Ajmer.
- Seth Shobha Chand Mangalji, Member of Council, Dungarpur State, in Rajputana.
- Lala Mukat Bihari Lal, State Official, Bundi, in Rajputana.
- Pandit Ganga Ram, Contractor, Military Works Services, Fort Sandeman, Zhob, Baluchistan.
- Lala Ralla Ram, Member of the Cantonment Committee of Peshawar, in the North-West Frontier Province.
- Lala Tirath Ram Shah, Honorary Secretary, Nawashahar Municipality, Hazara District, in the North-West Frontier Province.
- Lala Bhuller Mall, Head Clerk, Office of the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, in the Public Works Department, and Commanding Royal Engineer, 1st (Peshawar) Division, North-West Frontier Province.
- Lala Lachman Das, Munsiff of Abbottabad, in the North-West Frontier Province.
- Khem Chand, Inspector of Police, in the North-West Frontier Province.
- Lala Gobind Ram, Chief Superintendent, Accountant-General's Office, Jammu and Kashmir State.
- Babu Satis Chandra Basu, L.M.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, Junior Medical Officer (Viper), Port Blair.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

- M. R. Ry. Pulameti Adimurti Rao Garu, Chairman, Anantapur Municipal Council, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Tikkaní Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu, Deputy Collector, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Panangatan Raman Avergal, B.L., District Munsif, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Pingalay Ramchandra Rao Avergal, Chief Interpreter of the High Court, Madras.
- M. R. Ry. Hoskote Krishna Sastri Avergal, Assistant Archaeological Superintendent for Epigraphy, in the Madras Presidency.

- M. R. Ry. Punnaiyar Subba Aiyar Avergal, Inspector of Police, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Colappanjeri Candaswami Mudaliar Avergal, Superintendent of the Office of the Postmaster-General, Madras.
- M. R. Ry. Pavier Krishnier Subba Aiyar Avergal, Deputy Registrar, Public Works Secretariat, Madras.
- M. R. Ry. Columarankuppi Bangalore Rama Rao Avergal, L.M.S., M.D., Assistant District Medical and Sanitary Officer, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Chadalavada Bhakthavatsaludu Nayudu Garu, Deputy Collector, in the Madras Presidency.
- Muttra Gulab Roy, Second Assistant to the Chemical Examiner, Madras.
- M. R. Ry. Kunankallath Madathil Madhava Menon Avergal, L.M.S., Assistant District Medical and Sanitary Officer, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Kanjivakkam Ranga Chari Avergal, Superintendent, Madras Record Office.
- M. R. Ry. Kalpathi Aiyar Pattar Ramaswami Aiyar Avergal, Inspector, Salt and Abkari Department, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Yerramilli Venkata Rao Pantulu Garu, Tahsildar, Kistna District, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Kamarazu Mannaru Krishna Rao Pantulu Garu, Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor and Vice-President of the District Board, Guntur, in the Madras Presidency.
- M. R. Ry. Lalgudi Aiyar Rangaswami Aiyar Avergal, Honorary Assistant Engineer, in the Madras Presidency.
- Trimbak Janardhan Pitre, Chief Officer, Sholapur Municipality, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Balaji Hari Karmthekar, Honorary Assistant Engineer, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Kessamal Chattamal Advani, L.C.E., Overseer, Public Works Department, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Lakshman Narayan Joglekar, late Chitnis to the Collector of East Khandesh, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Purshottam Fakirbhai, of the Surat District, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Annaji Jivaji Deshpande, of Muddebihal, Bijapur District, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Malhar Lingo Kulkarni, Divisional Inspector of Agriculture, Southern Division, Bombay Presidency.
- Purshottam Bapuji Phadke, Mamlatdar, Sholapur District, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Ganpat Ramrao Masur, of Kumta, Kanara District, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Jamiatram Gavrishankar Shastri, Deputy Educational Inspector, Surat, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Bhimbhai Jivanji Naik, Professor of Mathematics, Dayaram Jethmal College, Karachi, in the Bombay Presidency.
- Pesumal Zoukiram, late Vice-President of the Sukkur City Municipality, in the Bombay Presidency.
- V. Ruthnavelu Mudelliar, Superintendent, Office of the Controller, Military Supply Accounts.
- P. Thoymon Sawmy Pillay, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Burma.
- Pandit Govind Vithal Gadey, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Wardha, in the Central Provinces.
- Pandit Sitaram Ramchandra Pandit, Extra Assistant Commissioner and Assistant Settlement Officer, Jubbulpore, in the Central Provinces.

Pandit Shankar Balwant Chitnavis, B.L., Subordinate Judge, Amraoti, in Berar.

Baburao Kunbi, Malguzar of Chicholi, in the Sansar Tahsil of the Chhindwara District, in the Central Provinces.

Gulab Jago Singh, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Chhindwara, in the Central Provinces.

Pandit Balwant Ramchandra Angal, Advocate, Public Prosecutor, East Berar, Amraoti.

Themagundalam Vellore Armugam Mudaliar, Head of the Mysore Darbar's Victoria Hospital in Bangalore.

Hiralli Chennayya, Subordinate Judge, Treasury Officer and Registrar, Coorg.

Thakur Tribhawan Singh, Subah of Nimar, Indore State, in Central India.

Babu Karori Mal Malu, Accounts Officer, Partabgarh State, in Rajputana.

Maneklal Chunilal Hora, Superintendent of the Office of the Resident at Baroda.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Kyet thaye zaung shwe Salwe ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Po Hnit, T. D. M., Judicial Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Po Pe (2), A. T. M., Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Po Kyu, A. T. M., Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Shwe Tha (2), Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung We Lin, Inspector of Schools, in Burma.

Maung Po Te (2), A. T. M., Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Thuyè gaung ngwe Da ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Kyin Han, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Burma.

Maung Chit Po, *Myothugyi*, of Allakappa, Sagaing District, in Burma.

His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Ahmudan gaung Tazeik ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Aung Ban (1), Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Burma.

Maung Kyaw (1), Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Po Thi, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Thein Kin, First Assistant to the Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist to the Government of Burma.

Maung Tun Tha, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, in Burma.

Maung Thet She, Municipal Commissioner, Pyapon, in Burma.

Maung Gyi (10), Judicial Myoök, in Burma.

Maung Kin (2), Judicial Myoök, in Burma.

Maung Kyan (1), Inspector of Police, in Burma.

Maung Tso, retired Overseer, Public Works Department, in Burma.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.**POLITICAL.****KAISAR-I-HIND MEDAL.****NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.*

No. 75-C. D.—His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to announce that the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the First Class for Public Service in India to—

1. HER EXCELLENCY THE LADY HARDINGE OF PENSHURST, C.I.
2. MAJOR ALBERT ELIJAH WALTER, Indian Medical Service, Superintendent, X-Ray Institute, Dehra Dun.
3. DENYS DESAUMAREZ BRAY, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Census Superintendent, Baluchistan.
4. JOHN THEODORE ROEBUCK STARK, ESQUIRE, Registrar of the Railway Department of the Government of India.
5. MAX CARL CHRISTIAN BONIG, ESQUIRE, Extra-Assistant Conservator of Forests, Port Blair.
6. RAO BAHADUR RAM BHAI MEGHASHAM JOSHI, Extra-Assistant Commissioner, Chanda, Central Provinces.
7. HAROLD FIELDING PATRICK HALL, ESQUIRE, lately a Deputy Commissioner in Burma (retired).
8. JAMES EMILE DUBERN, ESQUIRE, Vice-President of the Rangoon Municipal Committee.
9. FRANK FREDERICK LYALL, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector, Muzafferpur, Bengal.
10. MAJOR ARTHUR GWYTHER, M.B., F.R.C.S., Indian Medical Service, Civil Surgeon, Howrah, and Superintendent of the Howrah Jail.
11. DARCY LINDSAY, ESQUIRE, Joint Honorary Secretary, Calcutta Club.
12. RAI HARI MOHAN CHANDRA BAHADUR, Secretary, Lowis Jubilee Sanitarium, Darjeeling, and an Honorary Magistrate, Darjeeling.
13. EDWARD GOLDING BARTON, ESQUIRE, B.A., B.E., M.I.C.E., District Engineer, Darbhanga, Bengal.
14. DR. THOMAS JOSEPH O'DONNELL, lately Chief Medical Officer, Kolar Gold Fields.
15. THE REVEREND CECIL EARLE TYNDALE-BISCOE, M.A., Principal of the Church Missionary Society Schools, Kashmir.
16. CAPTAIN JASPER ROBERT JOLY TYRRELL, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Agency Surgeon, Bhopawar, Central India.
17. MAJOR WILLIAM HANCOCK TUCKER, M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P., Indian Medical Service, District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Coimbatore, Madras Presidency.
18. DR. HERBERT F. LECHMERE TAYLOR, M.B., PH.D., M.A., of the Church of Scotland Mission, Jalalpur, in the Gujrat District, Punjab, and in charge of the Jalalpur Hospital.
19. JOSEPH WILSON-JOHNSTON, ESQUIRE, B.A., Barrister-at-Law, Indian Civil Service, Assistant Commissioner, Dera Ghazi Khan District, Punjab.
20. ALEXANDER BROADWAY, ESQUIRE, Honorary Magistrate, Shorkot Tahsil, Jhang District, Punjab.
21. GEORGE RAMSAY MURRAY, ESQUIRE, Indian Civil Service, Assistant Magistrate, United Provinces, on special duty.
22. EDWARD MARSDEN HODGSON, ESQUIRE, Forest Department, Bombay, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Surat, and Assistant Political Agent for the Dangs.
23. THE REVEREND GEORGE PRITCHARD TAYLOR, M.A., D.D., of the Irish Presbyterian Mission, Ahmedabad, and President and Professor of the Stevenson Memorial Divinity School, Ahmedabad, Bombay Presidency.
24. THE HONOURABLE SARDAR RAJI SHAMBHUSINGH AMARSING JADHAV-RAO RAJI of Malegaon, Bombay Presidency, an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulation.

25. THE REVEREND JOHN CAMERON YOUNG, Medical Missionary of the Keith Falconer Mission at Shaikh Othman, Aden.
26. JAMES FOREST BRUNTON, ESQUIRE, M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., Chief Officer and Chief Engineer of the Karachi Municipality.
27. JEHANGIR HORMUSJI KOTHARI, ESQUIRE, of Karachi, a Municipal Councillor, Karachi Municipality.
28. DR. RAGHAVENDRA ROW, M.D., D.SC., of Bombay.
29. MISS BECK, Secretary, National Indian Association.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

No. 76-C. D.—His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India to—

1. PETER HENRY CLUTTERBUCK, ESQUIRE, F.Z.S., F.R.G.S., F.E.S., Deputy Conservator of Forests, United Provinces and Oudh, Major, 2nd (Northern) Regiment, U. P. Horse, and an Honorary A.-D.-C. to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces.
2. BRIAN EDWARD O'CONOR, ESQUIRE, B.A., Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, High Court of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
3. BRYCE CHUDLEIGHT BURT, ESQUIRE, B.SC., F.C.S., Deputy Director of Agriculture, Central Circle, Cawnpore, United Provinces.
4. ANDREW ANDERSON, ESQUIRE, Secretary to the Quetta Municipality.
5. U Ko of Kyigon, Shwebo District, Chairman of the Kyigon Pathi Rural Co-operative Credit Society and of the Tantabin Union, Burma. Retired Police officer.
6. MAUNG PO TOK, Municipal Commissioner of Tharrawaddy, Burma.
7. FREDERICK JAMES LANGHORNE, ESQUIRE, Extra-Assistant Conservator of Forests, North Chanda Division, Central Provinces.
8. DR. MARGARET MACKELLAR, Lady Doctor, of the Canadian Mission, Neemuch, Central India.
9. MUSSAMAT PARBATI BAI, of Baghoda in the Betul District, Central Provinces.
10. MULLA YUSUF ALI KOTHEWALA, of Burhanpur, Central Provinces.
11. JEONA PATEL, Malguzar of Roshna, in the Balaghat District, Central Provinces.
12. RAO BAHADUR BAPU RAO DADA, Vice-President of the Nagpur Municipality, Central Provinces.
13. MISS ROSE MARGARET PHAILBUS, of the Krishnagar Medical Mission, Bengal.
14. BABU HARNATH SINGH, Coal-cutting Contractor at Giridih, Bengal, Chairman of the Educational Sub-Committee in the East Indian Railway Company's Collieries.
15. THE REVEREND JAMES MERRY MACPHAIL, M.S., of Monghyr, Bengal.
16. THE REVEREND FREDERICK WILLIAM AMBERY SMITH, Senior Member of the Wesleyan Mission in Bankura and in charge of the Bankura Leper Asylum, Bengal.
17. MISS ELEANOR LOUISA MOORE, of the Baptist Zenana Mission, Barisal, Eastern Bengal and Assam.
18. JOHN HEWETT STEPHENS, ESQUIRE, Municipal Engineer, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, Mysore.
19. MISS ALEXANDRINA MATILDA MACPHAIL, L.R.C.P. & S., of the United Free Church of Scotland Mission, Madras.
20. THE REVEREND JOHN SCUDDER CHANDLER, of the American Madura Mission in the Madras Presidency.
21. MIRZA NASBULLA KHAN, Honorary Vice-Consul, Kerman, Persian Gulf.
22. AGHA MOHAMED KHALIL-BIN-MOHAMED KARIM, Dragoman in the British Residency, Bushire, Persian Gulf.
23. MACKERTICH GULZAD, ESQUIRE, Provision Contractor to the Navy and Indian Marine, Bushire, Persian Gulf.
24. YASUF KANOW, an Arab Merchant of Bahrein, Persian Gulf.
25. DR. EDITH BROWN of the Memorial Mission Hospital, Ludhiana, Punjab.

26. LALA DHARM CHAND, Tahsildar, Dera Ghazi Khan, Punjab, on special duty in connection with the new Chorutta Town.
27. LALA MATHURA DAS, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Sub-Assistant Surgeon in the Punjab.
28. COMMISSARY (Honorary Captain) WILLIAM DAVID GRAY, Indian Miscellaneous List, Chief Clerk, Military Secretary's Branch, Army Head-Quarters.
29. MISS ELIZABETH ANNIE WILDMAN, R.R.C., Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service, Lady Superintendent, Poona.
30. MISS ELEANOR SARAH KELLY, Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service, Lady Superintendent, Meerut (on leave).
31. MISS MARY LAVINIA HAYES, Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service, Lady Superintendent, Rawalpindi.
32. MISS HELEN ANNA MACDONALD RAIT, Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service, Senior Nursing Sister, Lucknow (on leave).
33. HONORARY CAPTAIN CHARLES HENRY ORMAN, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Dalhousie, Punjab.
34. SUBADAR ABDUR RAZZAK KHAN, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st class, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal.
35. JAMADAR NIRANJAN DAS, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd class, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal.
36. IHSAN ALI, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st class, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal.
37. USMAN NAWAZ KHAN, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st class, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Madras.
38. SHAIKH ALI SHABASH, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st class, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bombay.
39. MISS MOTIBAI KAPADIA, F.R.C.S., Medical Officer in charge of the Victoria Jubilee Dispensary, Ahmedabad, Bombay Presidency.
40. THE REVEREND JOHN FERGUSON STEELE, M.A., Missionary at Anand, and an Honorary Magistrate, Anand, Northern Division, Bombay Presidency.
41. OLIVER HAROLD BAPTIST STARTE, ESQUIRE, B.A., Indian Civil Service, Assistant Collector, on special duty in connection with the Settlement of Criminal Tribes in the Bijapur District, Bombay Presidency.
42. SAMUEL ALGERNON STRIP, ESQUIRE, Principal, Talukdari Girassia School, Wadhwan, Kathiawar, Bombay Presidency.
43. ROBERT TULLIS HARRISON, ESQUIRE, J.P., Public Works Department, Bombay, Under-Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Public Works Department, Irrigation and Buildings and Roads Branches.
44. MISS LAIS MOXON, Governess, Akalkot State, Bombay Presidency.
45. TRIMBAK RAGHUNATH GUNE, ESQUIRE, L.M. & S., in charge of the Cholera Hospital at Pandharpur, Bombay Presidency.
46. ALEXANDER MCGREGOR MACKENZIE, ESQUIRE, Secretary, Municipal Committee, Ajmer, Rajputana.
47. ALBERT EDWARD PIERRE GRIESSEN, ESQUIRE, Superintendent of the Gardens of the Taj Mahal at Agra, United Provinces.
48. SARDAR SAHIB BALWANT SINGH, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Punjab.
49. MISS FLETCHER of the Baptist Medical Mission, Gurgaon District, Punjab.
50. R. PARSONS, ESQUIRE, Personal Assistant to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.
51. W. G. HANRAHAN, ESQUIRE, Assistant Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund.
52. C. B. OWEN, ESQUIRE, Executive Engineer, North-Western Railway, Lahore.
53. AUGUSTUS FREDERICK JOHNSON, ESQUIRE, Executive Engineer North-Western Railway, Lahore.
54. LIEUTENANT ALAN HENRY MOUNT, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, North-Western Railway, Lahore.
55. MOHAMED NAIMULLAH, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Viceroy's Body-guard.
56. DR. M. Y. YOUNG of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company.

KING'S POLICE MEDALS.**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.*

No. 77-C.D.—The King-Emperor has been pleased to confer the King's Police Medal on the following officers and men of the Indian Police establishments:—

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| 1. FREDERICK FAWCETT, retired Deputy Inspector-General of Police. | Indian Police (Madras Presidency). |
| 2. FRANK ARMITAGE, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, and Commissioner of Police, Madras City. | Indian Police (Madras.) |
| 3. CYRIL CHAPMAN LONGDEN, District Superintendent of Police. | Indian Police (Madras). |
| 4. C. S. SUNDARA MUDALIYAR, Deputy Superintendent of Police. | Madras Police. |
| 5. VEERABADRA PILLAI, Constable, Madura District. | Madras Police. |
| 6. MAHIM SHAH CHAMNAD, Sub-Inspector of Police. | Madras Police. |
| 7. DOUGLAS GRAEME OMMANNEY, Superintendent of Police. | Indian Police (Bombay). |
| 8. CHARLES SOUTHEY MARSTON, Superintendent of Police. | Indian Police (Bombay). |
| 9. JOHN BENJAMIN SAMSON, Deputy Superintendent of Police. | Bombay Police. |
| 10. BHIKAJEE HURRY MORE, Constable ... | Bombay Police. |
| 11. LALTAPERSAD LAKHAIPERSAD, Head Constable. | Bombay Police. |
| 12. CHARLES AUGUSTUS TEGART, Deputy Commissioner of Police in charge of the Special Branch. | Indian Police (Calcutta). |
| 13. HENRY CHARLES RICHARDSON, Inspector of Police. | Bengal Police. |
| 14. Babu BHAWANI NATH NANDI, B.A., Deputy Superintendent of Police. | Bengal Police. |
| 15. Babu KUMUD MOHAN DAS GUPTA, Inspector of Police, Special Department. | Bengal Police. |
| 16. Babu SUSHIL CHANDRA GHOSE, Inspector of Police, Special Department. | Bengal Police. |
| 17. Babu RANJIT KUMAR BANERJEE, Officiating Inspector of Police, Special Department. | Bengal Police. |
| 18. SAIYID AHMAD HUSAIN, Inspector of Police. | United Provinces Police. |
| 19. GANGA SAHAI, Sub-Inspector of Police ... | United Provinces Police. |
| 20. SOHRAB KHAN, Sub-Inspector of Police ... | United Provinces Police. |
| 21. ABDUL HAMID KHAN, Sub-Inspector, Civil Police. | United Provinces Police. |
| 22. YAKUB ALI KHAN, Inspector of Police ... | United Provinces Police. |
| 23. MALIK SHEB BAHADUR KHAN, Inspector of Police. | Punjab Police. |
| 24. SHEIKH ABDULLA, Deputy Superintendent of the Criminal Investigation Department | Punjab Police. |
| 25. SARDAR BISHAN SINGH, Deputy Superintendent of Police. | Punjab Police. |
| 26. EDWARD GORDON STUART BORTHWICK, Deputy Superintendent of Police. | Punjab Police. |
| 27. SIDHESWAR BOSE, Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Department. | Punjab Police. |
| 28. FRANCIS STEPHEN LINCOLN, Inspector of Railway Police. | Punjab Police. |

29. JUGMOHUN SINGH, Head Constable, Civil Police.	Burma Police.
30. PERCY JOHN ARTHUR GOODENOUGH PORTER, District Superintendent of Police.	Indian Police (Burma).
31. ASHBY ST. JOHN INGLE, District Superintendent of Police (Retired).	Indian Police (Burma).
32. MAUNG CHAN THA, Constable, Civil Police	Burma Police.
33. RAI SAHIB MEHTA RAMJI MAL, Deputy Superintendent of Police.	Burma Police.
34. THOMAS EDWIN FURZE, Assistant Superintendent of Police.	Indian Police (Eastern Bengal and Assam).
35. ASWINI KUMAR GUHA, Inspector of Police	Eastern Bengal and Assam Police.
36. CHENA RAM, Constable	Eastern Bengal and Assam Police.
37. SHEW SHUKUL UPADHAYA, Constable	Eastern Bengal and Assam Police.
38. SUBADAR KHARKA SINGH THAPA	Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police.
39. SARDAR BAHADUR SUBADAR ARJUN RAY	Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police.
40. ISURDIN, Constable, Akola District	Central Provinces Police.
41. DHIRAJ SINGH, Circle Inspector, Jubbulpore District.	Central Provinces Police.
42. MICHAEL DONLEA, Inspector of Police	North-West Frontier Province Police.
43. HARRY GORDON WATERFIELD, Assistant in the Criminal Branch and Inspector-General of the Central India Agency Police.	Indian Police (Central India Agency).
44. CYRIL MONTAGUE BUNBURY SEAGRIM, Inspector-General of Police, Indore State.	Indian Police (Indore State).
45. RAI SAHIB GANESH DASS, Inspector of Police, Quetta City.	Baluchistan Police.

IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

No. 79-C. D.—The King-Emperor has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

To be Companions of the Imperial Service Order.

1. MR. HENRY LAWRENCE FRENCH, Superintendent in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat.
2. SHAIKH SHADI, Assistant, Record Section in the Legislative Department of the Government of India Secretariat.
3. MR. EDMUND WILFRID BAKER, Assistant in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat and Personal Assistant to the Hon'ble Member.
4. UPENDRA NATH CHATTERJI, Cashier in the Legislative Department of the Government of India Secretariat.
5. MR. STANISLAUS KOSTKA MURPHY, Superintendent in the Education Department of the Government of India Secretariat.
6. RAI BAHADUR RALA RAM, Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal State Railway.
7. MR. T. W. PAYNE, Registrar, Legislative Department, Government of India.
8. BABU NABAYAN KISSEN SEN, Stamp Store-keeper, Office of the Controller of Printing, Stationery and Stamps.
9. MR. RODERICK KORNELI BIERNACKI, Locomotive Superintendent, North-Western Railway.

10. JAHANGIR DOSABHAI FRAMJI, Bar.-at-law, Customs Department Special Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, Bombay.
11. MR. THOMAS OAKLEY DRAKE, Registrar, Commerce and Industry Department, Government of India.
12. RAO BAHADUR RUDRAGAUDA CHENVIRGANDA ARTAL, Provincial Civil Service, Deputy Collector, Belgaum District, Bombay.
13. MR. JAMES SALT, Chief Clerk, Office of the Director-General of Military Works.
14. MR. JOSEPH BOCARRO, Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Judicial Department.
15. MR. CHARLES WILLIAM CASTON, Registrar, Home Department, Government of India.
16. RAO BAHADUR GOBINDRAM SALAMATRAI, Deputy Collector and Assistant Colonisation Officer, Jamrao Canal, Sind.
17. MR. JOSEPH EDWARD LACEY, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department.
18. MR. AHSAN-UD-DIN AHMAD, Bar.-at-Law, Statutory Civilian, Magistrate and Collector, Bankura, Bengal.
19. MR. CHARLES ALBERT POGSON, Assistant Collector, Salt Department, Bombay.
20. BABU UMESH CHANDRA DAS, Civil Surgeon of Palamau.
21. MR. JOHN ALEXANDER McIVER, Superintendent, Government Photographic Department, Bombay.
22. MIRZA IRFAN ALI BEG, Deputy Collector, United Provinces.
23. MR. WALTER HENRY THOMSON, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 1st grade, Santal Pergannas, Bengal.
24. Mr. TAW SEIN KO, Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, and Examiner in Chinese, Burma.
25. Mr. WALTER ARTHUR SHILSTONE, Assistant Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, Public Works Department.
26. MAUNG OGH, K.S.M., Provincial Civil Service, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Headquarters Assistant, Pegu, Burma.
27. Mr. GERALD AYLMER LEVETT-YEATS, Factory Superintendent, Opium Department, United Provinces.
28. Mr. MAHDI HASAN, M.A., BAR.-AT-LAW, Provincial Civil Service, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Central Provinces.
29. Mr. ROBERT HENRY NIBLETT, M.A., J.P., Deputy Collector, United Provinces.
30. RAI SAHIB GAJJU MAL, Head Clerk, Office of Political Agent, Khyber.
31. Mr. CHARLES EDWARD BROWNE, Provincial Civil Service, Assistant Superintendent, Southern Shan States, Burma.
32. PANDIT NAND LAL, Extra Assistant to Agent to the Governor-General, Central India.
33. Mr. WALTER JAMES BAGLEY, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Jubbulpore, Central Provinces.
34. MIR SHAMS SHAH, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Baluchistan.
35. Mr. ALBERT GEORGE LINCOLN, Registrar, Office of Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.
36. M. R. RY. PARAMBIL THARYAN THARYAN AVERGAL, B.A., Registrar, Local and Municipal, Educational and Legislative Departments of the Government of Madras.
37. Mr. A. M. ANSCOMB, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Baluchistan.
38. M. R. RY. DIWAN BAHADUR ANNAJI AIYANGAR KRISHNASWAMI AIYANGAR AVERGAL, B.A., Acting Deputy Commissioner, Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue Department, Madras.
39. Mr. GEORGE WILLIAM MARSHALL, Registrar, Foreign Department, Government of India.
40. M. R. RY. CANCHI SARVOTTAMA ROW AVERGAL, B.A., Registrar of Assurances, Madras.
41. Mr. AUGUSTUS STAPLETON, Superintendent in the Foreign Department of the Government of India Secretariat.
42. M. R. RY. BHIMANAKUNTE HANUMANTHA ROW AVERGAL, B.A., Professor of Mathematics, Engineering College, Madras.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Govt. of India, Home Department.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

No. 1014.—The Governor-General is pleased to sanction the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Order of British India, with effect from the dates specified :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sardar Bahadur."

1. Risaldar JWALA SINGH, *Bahadur*, Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Jangia Thapa, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force), deceased. Dated 2nd October 1910.
2. Subadar-Major GOPALA, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 41st Dogras, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Ballu Sing Khattri, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), deceased. Dated 18th November 1910.
3. Risaldar-Major MUHAMMAD SAIYID KHAN, *Bahadur*, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), *vice* pensioned Risaldar-Major Wazir Ali Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), deceased. Dated 24th November 1910.
4. Subadar-Major KHUSHIAL SINGH, *Bahadur*, 27th Punjabis, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Shaikh Abdullah, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 26th Madras Infantry, deceased. Dated 26th November 1910.
5. Subadar-Major SAIYID ALI, *Bahadur*, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force), *vice* Risaldar-Major Mir Allam Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 6th Bengal Cavalry, deceased. Dated 18th March 1911.
6. Subadar-Major ALAHDIN, *Bahadur*, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles), *vice* pensioned Risaldar Bishn Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 14th Bengal Lancers, deceased. Dated 20th March 1911.
7. Risaldar-Major HAMZULLAH KHAN, *Bahadur*, 17th Cavalry, *vice* pensioned Subadar Mooneswami, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 15th Madras Infantry, deceased. Dated 2nd May 1911.
8. Risaldar-Major MIRZA UMRAO BEG, M.V.O., *Bahadur*, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Narayan Swami, *Sardar Bahadur*, late Madras Sappers and Miners, deceased. Dated 20th June 1911.
9. Subadar FAKIR MUHAMMAD, *Bahadur*, 29th Punjabis, *vice* Subadar Sherzad, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force), deceased. Dated 21st September 1911.
10. Subadar-Major NARBAHADUR GURUNG, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Rajahlingum, *Sardar Bahadur*, late Madras Sappers and Miners, deceased. Dated 9th October 1911.
11. Subadar-Major KARTAR SINGH, *Bahadur*, 22nd Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
12. Subadar-Major NARAYAN SINGH, *Bahadur*, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
13. Subadar-Major MIHR KHAN, *Bahadur*, 29th Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
14. Subadar-Major GARKHA, *Bahadur*, 38th Dogras; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
15. Subadar-Major Amar Singh, *Bahadur*, 19th Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
16. Risaldar-Major FAIZ KHAN, *Bahadur*, 36th Jacob's Horse; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
17. Risaldar-Major ABDUL KARIM KHAN, *Bahadur*, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur."

1. Risaldar-Major BAHADUR SINGH, I.O.M., Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's, *vice* Risaldar Jwala Singh, *Bahadur*, Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's), promoted. Dated 2nd October 1910.
2. Risaldar-Major HUKUM SINGH, 33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry, *vice* pensioned Subadar Jai Dial, *Bahadur*, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis), deceased. Dated 3rd October 1910.
3. Risaldar-Major SHAIKH MUHAMMAD AFZAL HUSAIN, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse), *vice* pensioned Subadar Dal Singh, *Bahadur*, late 29th Punjab Infantry, deceased. Dated 16th October 1910.
4. Subadar-Major RAMABALAMB SINGH, 13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment), *vice* pensioned Subadar Gulistan, *Bahadur*, late 24th Punjab Infantry, deceased. Dated 11th November 1910.
5. Risaldar-Major RAM SINGH, 9th Hodson's Horse, *vice* Subadar-Major Gopala, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 41st Dogras, promoted. Dated 18th November 1910.
6. Subadar-Major BISHN SING KATHAIT, 2nd Battalion, 9th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Risaldar-Major Muhammad Saiyid Khan, *Bahadur*, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), promoted. Dated 24th November 1910.
7. Subadar-Major BELI RAM, I.O.M., 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force), *vice* Subadar-Major Khushial Singh, *Bahadur*, 27th Punjabis, promoted. Dated 26th November 1910.
8. Subadar-Major SARABJIT THAPA, 2nd Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Husain Beg, *Bahadur*, late 22nd Madras Infantry, deceased. Dated 8th December 1910.
9. Subadar SITAL SING LAMA, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Abdur Rahman, *Bahadur*, late 74th Punjabis, deceased. Dated 22nd December 1910.
10. Subadar-Major DEVASAHAYAM, 2nd Queen's Own Sappers and Miners, *vice* pensioned Subadar Sher Singh, *Bahadur*, late 32nd Sikh Pioneers, deceased. Dated 4th January 1911.
11. Risaldar-Major SUNDAR SINGH, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, *vice* pensioned Ressaidar Mahtab Singh, late 6th Bengal Lancers, deceased. Dated 1st March 1911.
12. Subadar SUNDAR SINGH, I.O.M., 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs, *vice* pensioned Subadar Kharak Singh, *Bahadur*, late Peshawar Mountain Battery, deceased. Dated 10th March 1911.
13. Risaldar SUCHAIT SINGH, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse), *vice* Subadar Saiyid Ali, *Bahadur*, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force) promoted. Dated 18th March 1911.
14. Risaldar-Major MUHAMMAD AMIN KHAN, 15th Lancers (Curton's Multanis), *vice* Subadar-Major Alahdin, *Bahadur*, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles), promoted. Dated 20th March 1911.
15. Subadar-Major KISHANDOJ RAI, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* pensioned Subadar Saiyid Ahmed Shah, *Bahadur*, late 31st Punjab Infantry, deceased. Dated 22nd March 1911.
16. Risaldar-Major NAZIR ALI KHAN, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse, *vice* pensioned Subadar Bhagat Singh, *Bahadur*, late 15th Sikhs, deceased. Dated 29th March 1911.
17. Subadar-Major PURUSOTTAM, 74th Punjabis, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Saiyid Abbas, *Bahadur*, late 61st King George's Own Pioneers, deceased. Dated 16th April 1911.
18. Subadar MOHAN, 37th Dogras, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Duserath Rao, *Bahadur*, late 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry, deceased. Dated 26th April 1911.
19. Risaldar THAKUR SINGH, I.O.M., 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse), *vice* Risaldar-Major Hamzullah Khan, *Bahadur*, 17th Cavalry, promoted. Dated 2nd May 1911.

20. Subadar-Major HAZURA SINGH, 90th Punjabis, *vice* Risaldar-Major Mirza Umrao Beg, *Bahadur*, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, promoted. Dated 20th June 1911.
21. Subadar-Major UMRAO SING RAWAT, 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles, *vice* pensioned Risaldar-Major Muhammad Azim Khan, *Bahadur*, late 8th Cavalry, deceased. Dated 29th July 1911.
22. Subadar-Major ABDUS SATTAR, 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Balwant Singh, *Bahadur*, late 42nd Deoli Regiment, deceased. Dated 2nd August 1911.
23. Risaldar-Major SARFARAZ ALI KHAN, 12th Cavalry, *vice* Subadar Fakir Muhammad, *Bahadur*, 29th Punjabis, promoted. Dated 21st September 1911.
24. Subadar-Major BADAL SINGH, 89th Punjabis, *vice* Subadar-Major Narbahadur Gurung, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), promoted. Dated 9th October 1911.
25. Risaldar-Major GURDIT SINGH, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
26. Subadar-Major MANSUR KHAN, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force), *vice* Subadar-Major Kartar Singh, *Bahadur*, 22nd Punjabis, promoted. Dated 12th December 1911.
27. Subadar ARBEL SINGH, 38th Dogras ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
28. Subadar-Major BHAGAT SINGH, 45th Rattray's Sikhs, *vice* Subadar-Major Narayan Singh, *Bahadur*, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), promoted. Dated 12th December 1911.
29. Subadar PARTAB CHAND, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
30. Subadar HAKIM KHAN, 72nd Punjabis, *vice* Subadar-Major Mihr Khan, *Bahadur*, 29th Punjabis, promoted. Dated 12th December 1911.
31. Subadar NUR KHAN, 61st King George's Own Pioneers ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
32. Risaldar MUHI-UD-DIN KHAN, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, *vice* Subadar-Major Garkha, *Bahadur*, 38th Dogras, promoted. Dated 12th December 1911.
33. Risaldar MANGAL SINGH, 16th Cavalry ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
34. Subadar SANTBIR GURUNG, 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Subadar-Major Amar Singh, *Bahadur*, 19th Punjabis, promoted. Dated 12th December 1911.
35. Subadar-Major MIR ALAM, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force) ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
36. Subadar-Major BISISAR TIWARI, I.O.M., 1st Brahmans, *vice* Risaldar-Major Faiz Khan, *Bahadur*, 36th Jacob's Horse, promoted. Dated 12th December 1911.
37. Subadar-Major ISAR SINGH, 93rd Burma Infantry ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
38. Risaldar-Major MALIK SHER BAHADUR KHAN, 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry, *vice* Risaldar-Major Abdul Karim Khan, *Bahadur*, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse), promoted. Dated 12th December 1911.
39. Subadar GHULAM MUHIUDDIN, 27th Punjabis ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
40. Subadar-Major SAIYID ABBAS, 64th Pioneers ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
41. Subadar-Major KAMARDIN, I.O.M., 126th Baluchistan Infantry ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
42. Subadar-Major ASA SINGH, 24th Punjabis ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
43. Subadar-Major JWALA SINGH, 34th Sikh Pioneers ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
44. Subadar-Major JWALA SINGH, 35th Sikhs ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
45. Subadar GURANDITTA, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force) ; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.

46. Subadar-Major DALMAN ALE, I.O.M., 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
47. Subadar GUGAN, 6th Jat Light Infantry; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
48. Risaldar RATAN SINGH, 3rd Skinner's Horse; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
49. Subadar MUKHMAD JAN, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
50. Risaldar-Major HANUMAN SINGH, 20th Deccan Horse; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
51. Subadar-Major GULA JAN, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
52. Subadar SHARIF KHAN, 21st Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
53. Subadar KHUSIAL SINGH, 72nd Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
54. Subadar-Major SAPURAN SINGH, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
55. Subadar-Major BULAND KHAN, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
56. Risaldar-Major SANT SINGH, 5th Cavalry; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
57. Subadar SHAKIR KHAN, 19th Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
58. Risaldar ISMAIL KHAN, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
59. Subadar-Major MIRZA KARAM ALI BEG, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
60. Subadar-Major AZHAGARSAMI, 73rd Carnatic Infantry; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
61. Risaldar-Major MALIK MUHAMMAD HAYAT KHAN, 13th Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers (Watson's Horse); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
62. Subadar ALI GUL, I.O.M., Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
63. Subadar-Major SHAHIBULLAH, 40th Pathans; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
64. Subadar-Major SHAIKH IMAM, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
65. Risaldar JAWAND SINGH, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
66. Subadar NUR ALAM, 28th Mountain Battery; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
67. Subadar SUHEL SINGH, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force); to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
68. Subadar GULAB SINGH, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 12th December 1911.
69. Subadar-Major BHAGAT SINGH, 62nd Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
70. Subadar-Major GURDATT SINGH, 114th Mahrattas; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
71. Subadar LAIK SINGH, 41st Dogras; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
72. Subadar SAKT CHAND, 24th Punjabis; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
73. Subadar RAMASING, 2nd Queen's Own Sappers and Miners; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
74. Subadar ABDULLA KHAN, I.O.M., 106th Hazara Pioncers; to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th December 1911.
75. 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ABDUR RAHMAN, Indian Subordinate Medical Department; to fill an existing vacancy Dated 12th December 1911.

No. 1015.—The Governor-General is pleased to sanction the following appointment to the Order of British India, among Indian Officers of the Imperial Service Troops with effect from the 12th December 1911.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur".

Lieutenant-Colonel MUHAMMAD AFZAL KHAN, Commandant, Bahawalpur Mounted Rifles and Transport Corps.

INDIAN DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated the 12th December, 1911.

No. 1016.—The Governor-General, in virtue of the authority conferred upon him by the Royal Warrant of the 25th June 1907, is pleased to sanction the award of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal to the following Indian Officer, Non-commissioned Officers and Men :—

24th Punjabis.

No. 3909, Lance-Naik FAZAL DIN.

79th Carnatic Infantry.

No. 155, Lance-Naik SYED MADAR.

No. 953, Sepoy SHAIKH IMAM.

No. 1608, Sepoy ABDUL BASID.

No. 1911, Sepoy ABDUL KHADAR.

104th Wellesley's Rifles.

No. 2346, Lance-Naik MEWA RAM.

123rd Ostram's Rifles.

Subadar BURA RAM.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated the 12th December, 1911.

No. 1017.—The King-Emperor is graciously pleased to grant honorary rank in the Army, as notified below, with effect from this date :—

To be Honorary Major-General.

His Highness SARAMAD-I-RAJAH-I-HINDUSTAN RAJ RAJINDAR SRI MAHARAJADHIRAJA SAWAI SIR MADHO SINGH BAHADUR, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., L.L.D., of Jaipur.

To be Honorary Majors.

Honorary Captain His Highness RAJA SIR SAJJAN SINGH, K.C.S.I., of Rutlam.

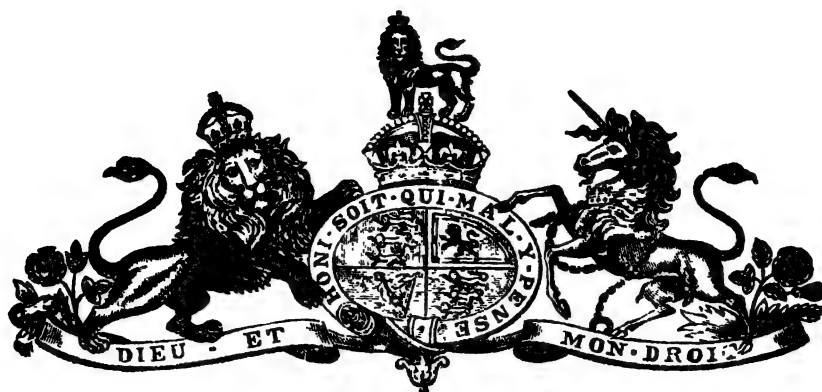
Honorary Captain His Highness FAKHR-UD-DAULA NAWAB MUHAMMAD IFTIKHAR ALI KHAN BAHADUR SAULAT JANG, of Jaora.

Honorary Captain His Highness UMDAE RAJAHAE BALAND MAKAN MAHARAJADHIRAJA SIR MADAN SINGH BAHADUR, K.C.I.E., of Kishengarh.

Honorary Captain Sahibzada HAJI HAFIZ OBEIDULLA KHAN, Commandant of the Bhopal Imperial State Troops.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA; MONDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1911.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

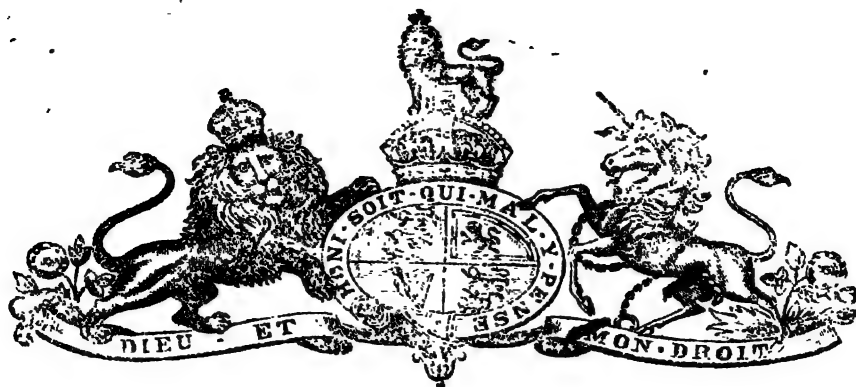
NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, dated the 11th December 1911.

No. 2341-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Poul T. Christensen, as Vice-Consul for Denmark at Moulmein.

J. B. WOOD,

Additional Secretary to the Government of India.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 49. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1911.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the bouy of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. •

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
2nd December 1911.**

Burma.—There was little rain during the week. Most districts of Lower Burma report that reaping of the main winter rice crop has begun. In Upper Burma sowing of the island and riverain crops is progressing normally. Harvesting of cotton and groundnut is almost completed. In Lower Burma outside the flooded areas the winter rice crop promises well but over most of the dry zone in Upper Burma standing crops except those in the irrigated tracts are withering owing to the failure of late rains. The price of unhusked rice has fallen considerably at Rangoon.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—Practically no rain fell during the week though the weather was cloudy in some districts. The tea season has practically closed and the cold weather cultivation has commenced. Insect pests are damaging standing rice in Bakarganj and Sylhet but the crop in most tracts is ripe and its reaping is in full swing. More than the normal output is expected. Prospects of the silk instalment are fair but mulberry leaf is scarce. The condition of spring crops is better than was expected, but insect pests are attacking the rape crop in Nowgong. The average price of common rice is $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent less than that of the last week. Cattle disease prevails in Cachar, Kamrup, Nowgong and Darrang.

Bengal.—Light rain fell in all districts of Chota Nagpur, Hooghly, the 24-Parganas, Khulna, Balasore, Angul, Puri and in parts of Birbhum, Howrah, Nadia, Jessore, Sambalpur and Shahabad. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Sowing of spring crops is approaching completion. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in some districts of Bihar and Orissa. Standing crops are doing well. Some damage has been done to them by the recent rainfall in Hazaribagh. Prospects are on the whole good. The price of common rice has risen in Bankura, Jessore, Shahabad, Saran, Champaran, Bhagalpur, Angul and Hazaribagh

and has fallen in Burdwan, Midnapore, Nadia, Murshidabad, Khulna, Monghyr, Purnea, the Sonthal Paraganas, Cuttack and Cooch Behar. Cattle disease is reported from Nadia, Patna, Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Purnea, Bhagalpur, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Province.—No rain fell during the week. The condition of standing crops is good. Prospects are favourable. The condition of agricultural stocks is generally good but cattle disease continues in nine districts. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices are almost stationary.

Punjab.—No rain fell during the week. Picking of cotton and harvesting of autumn crops continue. The outturn is generally average to below average. Spring crops are being sown. Standing spring crops are in good condition. Prices are generally unchanged. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak from overwork and want of fodder in Sialkot and Multan. Fodder is scarce in most districts.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. The condition of standing crops is unchanged. Sowing of spring and harvesting of autumn crops are in progress. The outturn of autumn crops is poor in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Sugarcane is being pressed in Peshawar. The outturn is reported to be good in the Peshawar tahsil. The water-supply is generally sufficient throughout the province. Fodder is sufficient except in the Dera Ismail Khan district. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Cattle are generally in good condition but in the Dera Ismail Khan tahsil their condition is poor owing to scarcity of fodder. Cattle disease is reported to be prevalent among horses and mules in Nowshera Cantonment in the Peshawar district. The public health is generally good. Prices of food grains except those of maize are fluctuating. Wheat $11\frac{1}{8}$ to $17\frac{1}{8}$, gram $16\frac{3}{8}$ to 25, maize $14\frac{1}{8}$ to $25\frac{1}{8}$ and *bajra* 14 to 20 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 13 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Akhnur tahsil. Fodder is sufficient except in the Sambha, Rambin, Mirpur, and Blimbhar tahsils.

Kashmir.—There was clear sunshine during the week. Zamindars are mostly engaged in collecting autumn and sowing spring crops. Prices are falling slightly. Fodder is average. There is no disease among cattle.

Rajputana.—Rain fell in five districts of Kotah varying from 25 to 221 cents. Spring crops are being watered and sowings are also in progress. Crops are doing well but prospects have been restricted in Jaisalmer, the Hilly Tracts, Mewar, Shahpura and Merwara. Cattle disease is prevalent in two districts of Mewar. Pasturage is scarce in Shahpura, the Western districts of Jaipur and in parts of Merwara. 352 persons and 1,248 cattle emigrated from Jodhpur. Emigration also continues in Merwara. Prices have risen by 2 seers in Partabgarh but are generally steady.

Central India.—The rainfall was general in Gwalior and Indore and partial elsewhere. Autumn crops are being harvested and watering of spring crops continues. Crops have been damaged by hail in certain parts of Gwalior. Cotton crop has been damaged by rain in parts of Bhopal and Bundelkhand. Fodder is generally sufficient but is scarce in Jobat. Cattle disease prevails in Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar. Prices continue high in Baghelkhand but are steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be cool and occasionally cloudy. Berar and six other districts had rain during the week not exceeding $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. The rainfall facilitated sowing of spring crops but did some damage to autumn crops. Reaping of autumn crops, picking of cotton and sowing of spring crops have been resumed and are now in full swing. The condition of standing crops is generally good. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient. Cattle are doing well. Prices show unimportant variations.

Feudatory States.—During the week seven States had rain ranging from 13 cents to 4 inches. Prospects are generally good. Prices:—Kodon in Khairagarh, rice in Baster and wheat in Sirguja rose from 4 to 5 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—The rainfall during the week was moderate in Kanara, East Khandesh, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Dharwar and light in Broach, Surat, Thana, Colaba, Ratnagiri, West Khandesh, Satara, Bijapur, Belgaum and Savantvadi. Standing crops have improved by the recent rainfall in parts of Kanara, the Deccan, and Dharwar, but are suffering for want of moisture in parts of the Panch Mahals and Broach. Harvesting of autumn crops is in general progress. Spring sowing continues generally. Picking of cotton continues in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Khandesh, Bijapore, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. The fodder supply is inadequate in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, the Deccan, the Karnatak, and the Gujarat Native States. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition except in parts of Thar and Parkar and Ahmednagar, where it is

deteriorating and is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur, and Cutch. The drinking water-supply is inadequate in parts of Larkana, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kathiawar and Cutch. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Gujarat, West Khandesh, Poona, the Karnatak, Kathiawar and Palanpur. Prices have risen in parts of Kanara, East Khandesh, and Dharwar, have fallen in Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, West Khandesh, Poona, Satara and Bijapur and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 33 to 48 per cent, in Gujerat 19 to 42 per cent, in the Konkan 23 to 36 per cent, in the Deccan 18 to 45 per cent and in the Karnatak 39 to 47 per cent less than the normal.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows.—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in digging temporary wells and in cutting grass. Taxation being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. Bajri sells from 8½ to 9 and maize from 10½ to 12 seers per rupee. The number of persons on relief for the week ending 2nd December was:—27,644 on works and 11,906 on gratuitous relief. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha there were 2,140 persons on test works and 170 on gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—(Report not received).

Mysore.—The rainfall during the week was *nil* in Bangalore and Tumkur and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains have risen in Bangalore, Tumkur, Kadur and Shimoga. Markets are well supplied. Crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 1 cent. Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Prices of food grains are above the normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was heavy in Godavari, good in Ganjam, Kistna, Guntur, Vizagapatam and Nellore, *nil* in Trichinopoly and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Ganjam, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Nellore, South Arcot, Chingleput, Trichinopoly, southern group of South Canara and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair to good generally but more rain is required in parts of Vizagapatam, the Deccan, Chittoor, Salem and Coimbatore. The early dry crops in parts of Bellary have been affected by grasshoppers. Harvests continue except in Ramnad and Malabar. The outturn is fair to normal and bumper. Pasture is scanty in parts of Kurnool, Bellary, Coimbatore and Madura and is sufficient elsewhere. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Vizagapatam, Godavari and Madura. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in seven districts, has fallen in four and has risen in fourteen. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in three districts, has fallen in nine and has risen in eleven. *Cholam* is stationary in seven districts, has fallen in four and has risen in four. *Cumbu* is stationary in one district, has fallen in eight and has risen in eight. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory and employment is available. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	24,059	8,366	32,425	27,614	11,706	39,320	+6,925

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statements showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 18th November 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Districts.				BOMBAY.					
1	Panch Mahals.	1,606	321,206	18,982	800	5,096	5,946	24,928	...	...
	Native States—									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	...	...	...	...	...	771	14
2	Bewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	236	...
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	263	65

For the week ending 25th November 1911.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Districts.				BOMBAY.					
1	Panch Mahals.	1 606	321,206	22,978	861	7,507	8,368	31,346	...	...
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,366	15
2	Bewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	227	...
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	342	58

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1911.

Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENT DEPARTMENT.

THE following Notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information.

C. J. STEVENSON-MOORE,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 1947.

Simla, the 27th November 1911.

A VACANCY having occurred, with effect from the 14th July 1911, in the office of Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, consequent on the resignation of his appointment by the Honourable SIR EDWARD NORMAN BAKER, K.C.S.I., the Governor-General of India is pleased, under the authority vested in him by the 20th section of the Act 21 and 22 Vict., Cap. 106, and subject to the approbation of His Majesty, to appoint the Honourable MR. FREDERICK WILLIAM DUKE, C.S.I., who was appointed by notification No. 1050, dated the 13th July 1911, to officiate as Lieutenant-Governor during the absence on leave of the said Honourable SIR E. N. BAKER, to hold that office substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the aforesaid date.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA ; SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1911.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated the 2nd December 1911.

No. 4927.

The following telegraphic correspondence between His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor and His Excellency the Governor General is published for general information :—

Telegram, dated the 26th November 1911.

From—His Excellency the Governor General,

To—His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor at Aden.

With humble duty. On behalf of India I beg respectfully to welcome Your Imperial Majesties on arrival in Indian waters and on Indian territory. India with the deepest loyalty awaits with eager expectation the safe arrival of Her Emperor and Empress.

Telegram, dated Aden, the 27th November 1911.

From—His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor,

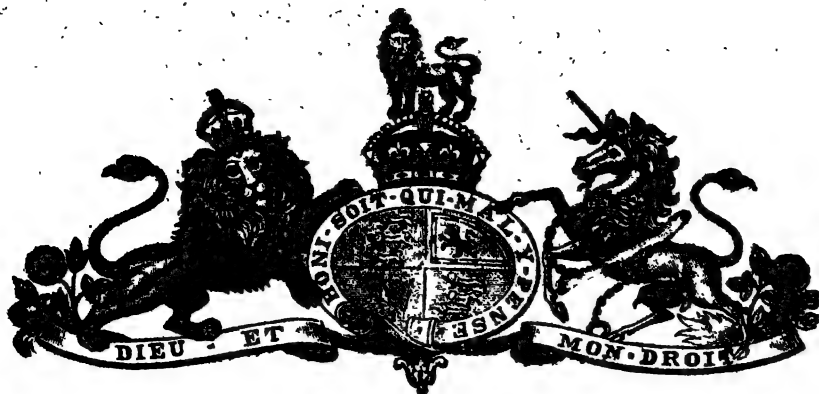
To—His Excellency the Governor General

The Queen-Empress and I sincerely thank you and the people of India for the hearty greetings which you have sent us on entering Indian waters. We look forward with the utmost pleasure to our arrival and to seeing you on Saturday.

By order of the Governor General in Council,

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

DELHI, TUESDAY, THE 12TH DECEMBER, 1911.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The following Royal Proclamation by His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, dated the 12th December, 1911, is published for general information :

By the King-Emperor.

A ROYAL PROCLAMATION

For making known within His Majesty's Dominions the Celebration of the Solemnity of the Coronation of His Majesty.

GEORGE, R. I.

Whereas, by Our Royal Proclamations bearing date the nineteenth day of July and the seventh day of November in the Year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten in the First Year of Our Reign, We did publish and declare Our Royal intention, by the Favour and Blessing of Almighty God, to celebrate the Solemnity of Our Royal Coronation upon the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven ;

And whereas, by the Favour and Blessing of Almighty God; We were enabled to celebrate the said Solemnity upon Thursday, the 22nd June last ;

And whereas, by Our Royal Proclamation bearing date the twenty-second day of March in the Year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven in the First Year of Our Reign, We did declare that it was Our wish and desire Ourselves to make known to all Our loving Subjects within Our Indian Dominions that the said Solemnity had so been celebrated, and to call to Our Presence Our Governors, Lieutenant-Governors, and other of Our Officers, the Princes, Chiefs, and Nobles of the Native States under Our Protection, and the Representatives of all the Provinces of Our Indian Empire :

Now We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, make announcement thereof and extend to all Our Officers and to all Princes, Chiefs and Peoples now at Delhi assembled Our Royal and Imperial Greeting and assure them of the deep affection with which We regard Our Indian Empire, the welfare and prosperity of which are and ever will be Our constant concern.

Given at Our Court at Delhi, the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, in the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING-EMPEROR.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The following text of the Speech of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, as read at the Durbar, is published for general information:—

Speech of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor.

It is with genuine feeling of thankfulness and satisfaction that I stand here to-day among you. This year has been to the Queen-Empress and myself one of many great ceremonies and of an unusual though happy burden of toil. But in spite of time and distance, the grateful recollections of our last visit to India have drawn us again to the land which we then learned to love, and we started with bright hopes on our long journey to revisit the country in which we had already met the kindness of a home.

In doing so, I have fulfilled the wish expressed in my message of last July, to announce to you in person my Coronation, celebrated on the 22nd of June in Westminster Abbey, when, by the Grace of God, the Crown of my Forefathers was placed on my head with solemn form and ancient ceremony.

By my presence with the Queen-Empress I am also anxious to show our affection for the loyal Princes and faithful Peoples of India, and how dear to our hearts is the welfare and happiness of the Indian Empire.

It was, moreover, my desire that those who could not be present at the solemnity of the Coronation should have the opportunity of taking part in its commemoration at Delhi.

It is a sincere pleasure and gratification to myself and the Queen-Empress to behold this vast assemblage and in it my Governors and trusty officials my great Princes, the representatives of the Peoples, and deputations from the Military Forces of my Indian Dominions.

I shall receive in person with heartfelt satisfaction the homage and allegiance which they loyally desire to render.

I am deeply impressed with the thought that a spirit of sympathy and affectionate goodwill unites Princes and people with me on this historic occasion.

In token of these sentiments I have decided to commemorate the event of my Coronation by certain marks of my especial favour and consideration, and these I will later on to-day cause to be announced by my Governor-General to this assembly.

Finally, I rejoice to have this opportunity of renewing in my own person those assurances which have been given you by my revered predecessors of the maintenance of your rights and privileges and of my earnest concern for your welfare, peace, and contentment.

May the Divine favour of Providence watch over my People and assist me in my utmost endeavour to promote their happiness and prosperity.

To all present, feudatories and subjects, I tender Our loving greeting.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The following text of the announcement made by His Excellency the Governor-General at the Durbar is published for general information :—

Announcement by His Excellency the Governor-General.

To all to whom these presents may come—

By the command of His Most Excellent Majesty George the Fifth, by the Grace of God King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, I, His Governor-General, do hereby declare and notify the grants, concessions, reliefs and benefactions, which His Imperial Majesty has been graciously pleased to bestow upon this glorious and memorable occasion.

Humbly and dutifully submissive to His Most Gracious Majesty's will and pleasure the Government of India have resolved, with the approval of His Imperial Majesty's Secretary of State, to acknowledge the predominant claims of educational advancement on the resources of the Indian Empire, and have decided, in recognition of a very commendable demand, to set themselves to making education in India as accessible and wide as possible. With this purpose they propose at once to devote 50 lakhs to the promotion of truly popular education, and it is the firm intention of Government to add to the grant now announced further grants in future years on a generous scale.

Graciously recognising the signal and faithful services of his forces by land and sea, the King-Emperor has charged me to announce the award of half a month's pay of rank to all non-commissioned officers and men and reservists both of His British Army in India and of His Indian Army, to the equivalent ranks of the Royal Indian Marine, and to all permanent employés of departmental or non-combatant establishments paid from the military estimates, whose pay may not exceed the sum of fifty rupees monthly.

Furthermore, His Imperial Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain that from henceforth the loyal Native officers, men and reservists of His Indian Army shall be eligible for the grant of the Victoria Cross for valour ;

That membership of the Order of British India shall be increased during the decade following this His Imperial Majesty's Coronation Durbar by fifty-two appointments in the first class and by one hundred appointments in the second class, and that, in mark of these historic ceremonies, fifteen new appointments in the first class and nineteen new appointments in the second class shall forthwith be made ;

That, from henceforth, Indian officers of the Frontier Militia Corps and the Military Police shall be deemed eligible for admission to the aforesaid Order ;

That special grants of land, or assignments, or remissions of land revenue, as the case may be, shall now be conferred on certain Native officers of His Imperial Majesty's Indian Army who may be distinguished for long and honourable service.

And that the special allowances now assigned for three years only to the widows of deceased members of the Indian Order of Merit shall, with effect from the date of this Durbar, hereafter be continued to all such widows until death or remarriage.

Graciously appreciating the devoted and successful labours of his civil Services His Imperial Majesty has commanded me to declare the grant of half a month's pay to all permanent servants in the civil employ of Government whose pay may not exceed the sum of fifty rupees monthly.

Further, it is His Imperial Majesty's gracious behest that all persons to whom may have been, or hereafter may be, granted the titles of Dewan Bahadur, Sardar Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, Rai Bahadur, Rao Bahadur, Khan Sahib, Rai Sahib, or Rao Sahib, shall receive distinctive badges as a symbol of respect and honour; and that on all holders present or to come of the venerable titles of Mahamahopadhyaya and Shams-ul-Ulama shall be conferred some annual pension for the good report of the ancient learning of India.

Moreover, in commemoration of this Durbar, and as a reward for conspicuous public service, certain grants of land, free of revenue, tenable for the life of the grantee, or in the discretion of the Local Administration for one further life, shall be bestowed or restored in the North-Western Frontier Province and in Baluchistan.

In his gracious solicitude for the welfare of his loyal Indian Princes, His Imperial Majesty has commanded me to proclaim that from henceforth no *nazarana* payments shall be made upon succession to their States. And sundry debts, owing to the Government by the non-jurisdictional estates in Kathiawar and Gujerat and also by the Bhumia Chiefs of Mewar, will be cancelled and remitted in whole or in part under the orders of the Government of India.

In token of his appreciation of the Imperial Service Troops, certain supernumerary appointments in the Order of British India will be made.

In the exercise of His Royal and Imperial clemency and compassion, His Most Excellent Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain that certain prisoners, now suffering the penalty of the law for crimes and misdemeanours shall be released from imprisonment, and that all those civil debtors now in prison, whose debts may be small and due not to fraud, but to real poverty, shall be discharged, and that their debts shall be paid.

The persons by whom and the terms and conditions on which these grants, concessions, reliefs and benefactions shall be enjoyed will be hereafter declared.

GOD SAVE THE KING-EMPEROR.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

No. 73-C. D.—With reference to the announcement made by His Excellency the Governor-General at the Coronation Durbar, which is published in the Notification of this date of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify the terms of the benefaction graciously granted by His Imperial Majesty to his Civil Services and to his forces by land and sea as follows :—

1. A bonus of half a month's substantive pay to all persons whose pay does not exceed Rs. 50 a month, and who hold permanent appointments under the Government, whether pensionable or non-pensionable, and not under military conditions, including the Police and State Railway employes, and menials. In the case of establishments employed on foreign service, pay for the purpose of the bonus shall be taken at the amount, if any, which is ultimately chargeable to the Government. The bonus to be granted to permanent piece-workers in Government presses shall be calculated on their nominal or fixed pay, or, where such a system does not obtain, on their average class earnings. The bonus payable to the task-work messengers of the Telegraph Department shall be calculated on the basis of the highest rate of pay drawn by messengers paid on the consolidated pay system in the same locality.

2. A bonus of half a month's pay of rank (limited to non-Silladar rates in the case of the Indian Cavalry) to all non-commissioned officers (not to warrant officers), men and reservists of the Indian Army and of the British Army in India, and to the equivalent ranks in the Royal Indian Marine.

3. A bonus of half a month's substantive pay to all permanent employes of departmental or non-combatant establishments paid from the Military estimates, whose pay does not exceed Rs. 50 a month.

No. 74-C. D.—In accordance with His Imperial Majesty's Command, as conveyed in the announcement made at the Coronation Durbar by His Excellency the Governor-General, which was published in the Notification of this date by the Government of India in the Foreign Department the Governor-General in Council has directed the release this day of 11,763 prisoners, whilst to convicts, who in the interests of society cannot now be released, but who are deserving of some concession, he has granted remission of sentence at the rate of one month for each year of sentence imposed on them.

2. The Governor-General in Council has also ordered the release of 199 poor debtors now confined in prison, in execution of decrees of civil courts amounting to not more than Rs. 100, in each case, and he has further directed the payment of their debts by Government.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

No. 1018.—With reference to the announcement made by His Excellency the Governor-General in connection with the favours and concessions bestowed on the Military forces on the occasion of the Coronation Durbar of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Order of British India are notified, with effect from this date :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sardar Bahadur."

1. Subadar-Major DAYAL SINGH, *Bahadur*, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).
2. Subadar-Major HARDIT SINGH, *Bahadur*, 21st Kohat Mountain Battery (Frontier Force).
3. Subadar-Major REKHA RAM, *Bahadur*, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
4. Subadar-Major MIHAN SINGH, *Bahadur*, 28th Punjabis.
5. Risaldar-Major MALIK GHULAM MUHAMMAD KHAN, *Bahadur*, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse.
6. Subadar-Major AMAR SING THAPA, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
7. Subadar-Major BINDA SINGH, *Bahadur*, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.
8. Subadar-Major GHULAM MUHAMMAD KHAN, *Bahadur*, 72nd Punjabis.
9. Subadar NIYAZ KHAN, *Bahadur*, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
10. Subadar-Major BHAGWAN SINGH, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
11. Subadar ALEXANDER, *Bahadur*, 2nd Queen's Own Sappers and Miners.

12. Subadar-Major SUNDAR SINGH, *Bahadur*, 84th Punjabis.
13. Subadar ATTU, *Bahadur*, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
14. Subadar-Major PHULA SINGH, *Bahadur*, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).
15. 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon BHURAYA JULAYA, *Bahadur*, *Rai Bahadur*, Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur."

1. Risaldar MUHAMMAD ASLAM KHAN, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).
2. Subadar DASAUNDHA SINGH, 22nd Punjabis.
3. Subadar-Major MOBIN KHAN, 21st Punjabis.
4. Subadar-Major SUNDAR SINGH, I.O.M., 82nd Punjabis.
5. Subadar FAZL MUHAMMAD, 29th Punjabis.
6. Subadar ABDUL HAK, 46th Punjabis.
7. Subadar FATEH KHAN, 19th Punjabis.
8. Subadar-Major KHITAB GUL, 120th Rajputana Infantry.
9. Subadar MALAPA, 40th Pathans.
10. Subadar-Major BISHN SINGH, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
11. Subadar-Major MUHAMMAD AKBAR, 26th Punjabis.
12. Subadar KISHEN SINGH, I.O.M., 22nd Derajat Mountain Battery (Frontier Force).
13. Subadar-Major BHAGWAN GIRI, 1st Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
14. Subadar-Major VENKATANARASAYYA, 80th Carnatic Infantry.
15. Subadar-Major MAHABAL TIWARI, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
16. Subadar NARASIMHULU, 80th Carnatic Infantry.
17. JEMADAR SAKHARAM RAO JAGTAP, 117th Mahrattas.
18. Risaldar NAZIR MAHOMED, 50th Camel Corps.
19. 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon NASIRUDIN KHAN, *Khan Sahib*, Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

No. 1019.—With reference to the same announcement, a separate establishment of 11 First and 24 Second Class appointments in the Order of British India is sanctioned for Indian officers of the Frontier Militia Corps and Military Police. This establishment will be completed gradually in seven years and will include holders of the Order at present borne supernumerary to the establishment for Indian officers of the Regular Army.

Appointments to the Order will carry the allowances laid down in paragraph 1005, Army Regulations, India, Volume I. The Order will be the same as that bestowed on Indian officers of the Regular Army.

The following promotions in, and appointments to, the Order are notified with effect from this date :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sardar Bahadur."

1. Subadar-Major MUHAMMAD ALI KHAN, I.O.M., *Bahadur*, *Khan Sahib*, Khyber Rifles.
2. Subadar MUHAMMAD HUSAIN, *Bahadur*, Kurram Militia.
3. Subadar AKBAR JAN, *Bahadur*, Kurram Militia.
4. Subadar MIR AHMAD, *Bahadur*, Khyber Rifles.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur."

1. Subadar-Major SOHAWA SINGH, Burma Military Police.
2. Subadar-Major AMAR SINGH, Burma Military Police.
3. Subadar-Major ARJUN RAI, Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police.
4. Subadar-Major MUHAMMAD SADIQ KHAN, Samana Rifles.
5. Subadar-Major JAWAS, I.O.M., Khyber Rifles.
6. Subadar-Major SARDARA SING, Burma Military Police.
7. Subadar-Major SABAN SINGH, Burma Military Police.
8. Subadar GOPAL CHANDEA DAS, Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police.
9. Subadar KHARAK SINGH THAPA, Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police.
10. Subadar NAND LALL THAPA, Burma Military Police.
11. Subadar-Major RANBAHADUR SUBA, Burma Military Police.

No. 1020.—With reference to the same announcement, the establishment of the Order of British India for Imperial Service Troops will be increased temporarily by 12 appointments, *viz.*, 4 in the First and 8 in the Second Class. These appointments will be absorbed on the death or promotion of the recipients.

The following promotions in, and appointments to, the Order are notified with effect from this date :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sardar Bahadur."

1. HARDAS SINGH, *Bahadur*, Commander-in-Chief, Nabha State.
2. Lieutenant-Colonel GIRDA SINGH, *Bahadur*, Commandant, Imperial Service Infantry, Bharatpur.
3. Major-General FARMAN ALI KHAN, *Bahadur*, General Officer Commanding, 1st Brigade, Imperial Service Troops, Kashmir.
4. Lieutenant-Colonel KHAJUR SINGH, *Bahadur*, Commandant, 3rd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur."

1. QUADAR BAKSH KHAN, Commandant, Maler Kotla Imperial Service Sappers.
2. HARNAM SINGH, Commandant, Faridkot Imperial Service Sappers.
3. THAKUR PRATAB SINGH, Commandant, 1st Sirdar Risala, Jodhpur.
4. Sardar KISHEN SINGH, Commandant, Bharatpur Imperial Service Transport Corps.
5. Colonel DAUD KHAN, Commandant, Alwar Imperial Service Infantry.
6. Colonel BHUR SINGH, *Sardar Bahadur*, Commandant, Alwar Imperial Service Lancers.
7. Major BALWAN SINGH, Commandant, 1st Kashmir Imperial Service Mountain Battery.
8. Subadar DURGA SING, Brigado Major, 2nd Brigade, Imperial Service Troops, Kashmir.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 897—433-1.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(LAND REVENUE.)

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

With reference to the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, dated the 12th December, 1911, publishing the text of His Excellency the Governor-General's announcement at the Durbar, the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

- (i) to declare that the number of grants of land and land revenue assignments awarded annually to Indian officers of the Indian Army under the late Military Department Resolution No. 867-B, Rewards-Jaghirs, dated the 27th February 1893, will, for the year 1911, be increased from nine to twenty-seven, and
- (ii) to authorise the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in the North-West Frontier Province to make, in commemoration of the Durbar and as a reward for conspicuous public service, assignments of land revenue, amounting in value to not more than Rs. 5,000 per annum in all; such assignments to be tenable for the life of the grantee in each case or in the discretion of the Local Administration for one further life, and
- (iii) to authorise the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan to make, in commemoration of the Durbar and as a reward for conspicuous public service, assignments of land revenue, amounting in value to not more than Rs. 5,000 per annum in all; such assignments to be tenable for the life of the grantee in each case or in the discretion of the Local Administration for one further life.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India,



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

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DELHI, TUESDAY, THE 12TH DECEMBER, 1911.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December, 1911.

The Announcement graciously made by His Imperial Majesty, the King-Emperor, at the Imperial Durbar is republished below, and beneath it are printed for general information the despatch of the Government of India of the 25th August 1911, and the reply of His Majesty's Secretary of State, namely, his despatch of the 1st November 1911.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY HIS IMPERIAL MAJESTY.

"We are pleased to announce to Our people that on the advice of Our Ministers, tendered after consultation with Our Governor-General in Council, We have decided upon the transfer of the seat of the Government of India from Calcutta to the ancient Capital of Delhi, and simultaneously, and as a consequence of that transfer, the creation at as early a date as possible of a Governorship for the Presidency of Bengal, of a new Lieutenant-Governorship in Council administering the areas of Behar, Chota Nagpur and Orissa, and of a Chief Commissionership of Assam, with such administrative changes and redistribution of boundaries as Our Governor-General in Council, with the approval of Our Secretary of State for India in Council, may in due course determine.

"It is Our earnest desire that these changes may conduce to the better administration of India, and the greater prosperity and happiness of Our beloved people."

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

To

THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE MARQUESS OF CREWE, K.G.,

*His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.**Simla, the 25th August, 1911.*

MY LORD MARQUESS,

We venture in this despatch to address Your Lordship on a most important and urgent subject, embracing two questions of great political moment which are in our opinion indissolubly linked together. This subject has engaged our attention for some time past and the proposals which we are about to submit for Your Lordship's consideration are the result of our mature deliberation. We shall in the first place attempt to set forth the circumstances which have induced us to frame these proposals at this particular juncture and then proceed to lay before Your Lordship the broad general features of our scheme.

2. That the Government of India should have its seat in the same city as one of the chief Provincial Governments, and moreover in a city geographically so ill-adapted as Calcutta to be the capital of the Indian Empire, has long been recognised to be a serious anomaly. We need not stop to recall the circumstances in which Calcutta rose to its present position. The considerations which explain its original selection as the principal seat of Government have long since passed away with the consolidation of British rule throughout the Peninsula and the development of a great inland system of railway communication. But it is only in the light of recent developments, constitutional and political, that the drawbacks of the existing arrangement and the urgency of a change have been fully realised. On the one hand, the almost incalculable importance of the part which can already safely be predicted for the Imperial Legislative Council in the shape it has assumed under the Indian Councils Act of 1909, renders the removal of the capital to a more central and easily accessible position practically imperative. On the other hand, the peculiar political situation which has arisen in Bengal since the Partition makes it eminently desirable to withdraw the Government of India from its present Provincial environment, while its removal from Bengal is an essential feature of the scheme we have in view for allaying the ill-feeling aroused by the Partition amongst the Bengali population. Once the necessity of removing the seat of the Supreme Government from Bengal is established, as we trust it may be by the considerations we propose to lay before Your Lordship, there can be, in our opinion, no manner of doubt as to the choice of the new capital or as to the occasion on which that choice should be announced. On geographical, historical and political grounds, the capital of the Indian Empire should be at Delhi, and the announcement that the transfer of the seat of Government to Delhi had been sanctioned should be made by His Majesty the King-Emperor at the forthcoming Imperial Durbar in Delhi itself.

3. The maintenance of British rule in India depends on the ultimate supremacy of the Governor-General in Council, and the Indian Councils Act of 1909 itself bears testimony to the impossibility of allowing matters of vital concern to be decided by a majority of non-official votes in the Imperial Legislative Council. Nevertheless it is certain that, in the course of time, the just demands of Indians for a larger share in the government of the country will have to be satisfied, and the question will be how this devolution of power can be conceded without impairing the supreme authority of the Governor-General in Council. The only possible solution of the difficulty would appear to be gradually to give the Provinces a larger measure of self-government, until at last India would consist of a number of administrations, autonomous in all provincial affairs, with the Government of India above them all, and possessing power to interfere in case of misgovernment, but ordinarily restricting their functions to matters of Imperial concern. In order that this consummation may be attained, it is essential that the Supreme Government should not

be associated with any particular Provincial Government. The removal of the Government of India from Calcutta is, therefore, a measure which will, in our opinion, materially facilitate the growth of Local self-government on sound and safe lines. It is generally recognised that the capital of a great central Government should be separate and independent, and effect has been given to this principle in the United States, Canada and Australia.

4. The administrative advantages of the transfer would be scarcely less valuable than the political. In the first place, the development of the Legislative Councils has made the withdrawal of the Supreme Council and the Government of India from the influence of local opinion a matter of ever-increasing urgency. Secondly, events in Bengal are apt to react on the Viceroy and the Government of India, to whom the responsibility for them is often wrongly attributed. The connection is bad for the Government of India, bad for the Bengal Government, and unfair to the other Provinces, whose representatives view with great and increasing jealousy the predominance of Bengal. Further, public opinion in Calcutta is by no means always the same as that which obtains elsewhere in India, and it is undesirable that the Government of India should be subject exclusively to its influence.

5. The question of providing a separate capital for the Government of India has often been debated, but generally with the object of finding a site where that Government could spend all seasons of the year. Such a solution would of course be ideal, but it is impracticable. The various sites suggested are either difficult of access or are devoid of historical associations. Delhi is the only possible place. It has splendid communications, its climate is good for 7 months in the year, and its salubrity could be ensured at a reasonable cost. The Government of India would therefore be able to stay in Delhi from the 1st of October to the 1st of May, whilst owing to the much greater proximity, the annual migration to and from Simla could be reduced in volume, would take up much less time and be far less costly. Some branches of the administration, such as Railways and Posts and Telegraphs, would obviously derive special benefit from the change to such a central position, and the only Department which, as far as we can see, might be thought to suffer some inconvenience, would be that of Commerce and Industry, which would be less closely in touch at Delhi with the commercial and industrial interests centred in Calcutta. On the other hand that Department would be closer to the other commercial centres of Bombay and Karachi, whose interests are sometimes opposed to those of Calcutta, and would thus be in a better position to deal impartially with the railway and commercial interests of the whole of India.

6. The political advantages of the transfer it is impossible to overestimate. Delhi is still a name to conjure with. It is intimately associated in the minds of the Hindus with sacred legends which go back even beyond the dawn of history. It is in the plains of Delhi that the Pandava Princes fought out with the Kurawas the epic struggle recorded in the Mahabharata, and celebrated on the banks of the Jumna the famous sacrifice which consecrated their title to Empire. The Purana Kila still marks the site of the city which they founded and called Indraprastha, barely three miles from the south gate of the modern city of Delhi. To the Mahomedans it would be a source of unbounded gratification to see the ancient capital of the Moguls restored to its proud position as the seat of Empire. Throughout India, as far south as the Mahomedan conquest extended, every walled town has its "Delhi Gate," and among the masses of the people it is still revered as the seat of the former Empire. The change would strike the imagination of the people of India as nothing else could do, would send a wave of enthusiasm throughout the country, and would be accepted by all as the assertion of an unfaltering determination to maintain British rule in India. It would be hailed with joy by the Ruling Chiefs and the races of Northern India, and would be warmly welcomed by the vast majority of Indians throughout the continent.

7. The only serious opposition to the transfer which may be anticipated, may, we think, come from the European commercial community of Calcutta, who might, we fear, not regard the creation of a Governorship of Bengal as altogether adequate compensation for the withdrawal of the Government of India. The opposition will be quite intelligible, but we can no doubt count

upon their patriotism to reconcile them to a measure which would greatly contribute to the welfare of the Indian Empire. The Bengalis might not, of course, be favourably disposed to the proposal if it stood alone, for it will entail the loss of some of the influence which they now exercise owing to the fact that Calcutta is the head-quarters of the Government of India. But as we hope presently to show they should be reconciled to the change by other features of our scheme which are specially designed to give satisfaction to Bengali sentiment. In these circumstances we do not think that they would be so manifestly unreasonable as to oppose it, and, if they did, might confidently expect that their opposition would raise no echo in the rest of India.

8. Absolutely conclusive as these general considerations in favour of the transfer of the capital from Calcutta to Delhi in themselves appear to us to be, there are further special considerations arising out of the present political situation in Bengal and Eastern Bengal which, in our opinion, renders such a measure peculiarly opportune at such a moment, and to these we would now draw Your Lordship's earnest attention.

9. Various circumstances have forced upon us the conviction that the bitterness of feeling engendered by the Partition of Bengal is very widespread and unyielding, and that we are by no means at an end of the troubles which have followed upon that measure. Eastern Bengal and Assam has, no doubt, benefited greatly by the Partition, and the Mahomedans of Province, who form a large majority of the population, are loyal and contented, but the resentment amongst the Bengalis in both provinces of Bengal, who hold most of the land, fill the professions, and exercise a preponderating influence in public affairs, is as strong as ever, though somewhat less vocal.

10. The opposition to the partition of Bengal was at first based mainly on sentimental grounds, but, as we shall show later in discussing the proposed modification of the Partition, since the enlargement of the Legislative Councils and especially of the representative element in them, the grievance of the Bengalis has become much more real and tangible, and is likely to increase, instead of to diminish. Every one with any true desire for the peace and prosperity of this country must wish to find some manner of appeasement if it is in any way possible to do so. The simple rescission of the Partition and a reversion to the *status quo ante* are manifestly impossible, both on political and on administrative grounds. The old province of Bengal was unmanageable under any form of Government, and we could not defraud the legitimate expectations of the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal, who form the bulk of the population of that province and who have been loyal to the British Government throughout the troubles, without exposing ourselves to the charge of bad faith. A settlement to be satisfactory and conclusive must—

- (1) provide convenient administrative units;
- (2) satisfy the legitimate aspirations of the Bengalis;
- (3) duly safeguard the interests of the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal, and generally conciliate Mahomedan sentiment; and
- (4) be so clearly based upon broad grounds of political and administrative expediency as to negative any presumption that it has been exacted by clamour or agitation.

11. If the head-quarters of the Government of India be transferred from Calcutta to Delhi, and if Delhi be thereby made the Imperial capital, placing the city of Delhi and part of the surrounding country under the direct administration of the Government of India, the following scheme, which embraces three inter-dependent proposals, would appear to satisfy all these conditions:—

I. To reunite the five Bengali-speaking divisions, *viz.*, the Presidency, Burdwan, Dacca, Rajshahi and Chittagong divisions, forming them into a Presidency to be administered by a Governor-in-Council. The area of the province will be approximately 70,000 square miles and the population about 42,000,000.

II. To create a Lieutenant-Governorship-in-Council to consist of Behar, Chota Nagpur, and Orissa, with a Legislative Council and a capital at Patna. The area of the province would be approximately 113,000 square miles, and the population about 35,000,000.

III. To restore the Chief Commissionership of Assam. The area of that province would be about 56,000 square miles and the population about 5,000,000.

12. We elaborated at the outset our proposal to make Delhi the future capital of India, because we consider this the key-stone of the whole project, and hold that according as it is accepted or not, our scheme must stand or fall. But we have still to discuss in greater detail the leading features of the other part of our scheme.

13. Chief amongst them is the proposal to constitute a Governorship-in-Council for Bengal. The history of the Partition dates from 1902. Various schemes of territorial redistribution were at that time under consideration, and that which was ultimately adopted had at any rate the merit of fulfilling two of the chief purposes which its authors had in view. It relieved the overburdened administration of Bengal, and it gave the Mahomedan population of Eastern Bengal advantages and opportunities of which they had perhaps hitherto not had their fair share. On the other hand, as we have already pointed out, it was deeply resented by the Bengalis. No doubt sentiment has played a considerable part in the opposition offered by the Bengalis, and, in saying this, we by no means wish to underrate the importance which should be attached to sentiment even if it be exaggerated. It is, however, no longer a matter of mere sentiment but, rather, since the enlargement of the Legislative Councils, one of undeniable reality. In pre-reform scheme days the non-official element in these Councils was small. The representation of the people has now been carried a long step forward, and in the Legislative Councils of both the Provinces of Bengal and Eastern Bengal, the Bengalis find themselves in a minority, being outnumbered in the one by Beharis and Oriyas, and in the other by the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal and the inhabitants of Assam. As matters now stand, the Bengalis can never exercise in either province that influence to which they consider themselves entitled by reason of their numbers, wealth and culture. This is a substantial grievance which will be all the more keenly felt in the course of time, as the representative character of the Legislative Councils increases and with it the influence which these Assemblies exercise upon the conduct of public affairs. There is therefore only too much reason to fear that, instead of dying down, the bitterness of feeling will become more and more acute.

14. It has frequently been alleged in the Press that the Partition is the root cause of all recent troubles in India. The growth of political unrest in other parts of the country and notably in the Deccan before the Partition of Bengal took place disproves that assertion, and we need not ascribe to the Partition evils which have not obviously flowed from it. It is certain, however, that it is, in part at any rate, responsible for the growing estrangement which has now unfortunately assumed a very serious character in many parts of the country between Mahomedans and Hindus. We are not without hope that a modification of the Partition, which we now propose will, in some degree at any rate, alleviate this most regrettable antagonism.

15. To sum up, the results anticipated from the Partition have not been altogether realised, and the scheme, as designed and executed, could only be justified by success. Although much good work has been done in Eastern Bengal and Assam, and the Mahomedans of that Province have reaped the benefit of a sympathetic administration closely in touch with them, those advantages have been in a great measure counterbalanced by the violent hostility which the Partition has aroused amongst the Bengalis. For the reasons we have already indicated we feel bound to admit that the Bengalis are labouring under a sense of real injustice which we believe it would be sound policy to remove without further delay. The Durbar of December next affords a unique occasion for rectifying what is regarded by Bengalis as a grievous wrong.

16. Anxious as we are to take Bengali feeling into account, we cannot overrate the importance of consulting at the same time the interests and sentiments of the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal. It must be remembered that the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal have at present an overwhelming majority in point of population, and that if the Bengali-speaking divisions

were amalgamated on the lines suggested in our scheme, the Mahomedans would still be in a position of approximate numerical equality with, or possibly of small superiority over, the Hindus. The future province of Bengal, moreover, will be a compact territory of quite moderate extent. The Governor-in-Council will have ample time and opportunity to study the needs of the various communities committed to his charge. Unlike his predecessors, he will have a great advantage in that he will find ready to hand at Dacca a second capital, with all the conveniences of ordinary provincial headquarters. He will reside there from time to time, just as the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces frequently resides in Lucknow, and he will in this way be enabled to keep in close touch with Mahomedan sentiments and interests. It must also be borne in mind that the interests of the Mahomedans will be safeguarded by the special representation which they enjoy in the Legislative Councils; while as regards representation on local bodies they will be in the same position as at present. We need not therefore trouble Your Lordship with the reasons why we have discarded the suggestion that a Chief Commissionership, or a semi-independent Commissionership within the new province might be created at Dacca.

17. We regard the creation of a Governorship-in Council of Bengal as a very important feature of our scheme. It is by no means a new one. The question of the creation of a Governorship was fully discussed in 1867 to 1868 by the Secretary of State and the Government of India, and a Committee was formed, on the initiative of Sir Stafford Northcote, to consider it and that of the transfer of the capital elsewhere. In the somewhat voluminous correspondence of the past the most salient points that emerge are:—

(1) That a Governorship of Bengal would not be compatible with the presence in Calcutta of the Viceroy and the Government of India;

(2) that, had it been decided to create a Governorship of Bengal, the question of the transfer of the capital from Calcutta would have been taken into consideration;

(3) that although a majority of the Governor-General's Council and the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal (Sir William Grey) were in favour of the creation of a Governorship, Sir John Lawrence, the Governor-General, was opposed to the proposal, but for purposes of better administration contemplated the constitution of a Lieutenant-Governorship of Bihar and the separation of Assam from Bengal under a Chief Commissioner. Since the discussions of 1867-1868 considerable and very important changes have taken place in the constitutional development of Bengal. That Province has already an Executive Council, and the only change that would therefore be necessary for the realisation of this part of our scheme is that the Lieutenant-Governorship should be converted into a Governorship. Particular arguments have from time to time been urged against the appointment of a Governor from England. These were that Bengal, more than any other province, requires the head of the Government to possess an intimate knowledge of India and of the Indian people, and that a Statesman or Politician appointed from England without previous knowledge of India would in no part of the country find his ignorance a greater drawback or be less able to cope with the intricacies of an exceedingly complex position.

18. We have no wish to underrate the great advantage to an Indian administrator of an intimate knowledge of the country and of the people he is to govern. At the same time actual experience has shown that a Governor, carefully selected and appointed from England and aided by a Council, can successfully administer a large Indian province, and that a province so administered requires less supervision on the part of the Government of India. In this connection we may again refer to the correspondence of 1867-68 and cite two of the arguments employed by the late Sir Henry Maine, when discussing the question of a Council form of Government for Bengal. They are:—

(1) That the system in Madras and Bombay has enabled a series of men of no conspicuous ability to carry on a difficult Government for a century with great success.

- (2) That the concession of a full Governorship to Bengal would have a good effect on English public opinion, which would accordingly cease to impose on the Government of India a responsibility which it is absolutely impossible to discharge.

In view of the great difficulties connected with the administration of Bengal, we attach the highest importance to these arguments. We are also convinced that nothing short of a full Governorship would satisfy the aspirations of the Bengalis and of the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal. We may add that, as in the case of the Governorships of Madras and Bombay, the appointment would be open to members of the Indian Civil Service, although, no doubt in practice, the Governor will usually be recruited from England.

19. On the other hand, one very grave and obvious objection has been raised in the past to the creation of a Governorship for Bengal, which we should fully share, were it not disposed of by the proposal which constitutes the keystone of our scheme. Unquestionably a most undesirable situation might arise would quite possibly arise if a Governor-General of India and a Governor of Bengal, both selected from the ranks of English public men, were to reside in the same capital and be liable to be brought in various ways into regrettable antagonism or rivalry. This indeed constitutes yet another, and in our opinion, a very cogent, reason why the headquarters of the Government of India should be transferred from Calcutta to Delhi.

20. We now turn to the proposal to create a Lieutenant-Governorship in Council for Behar, Chota Nagpur and Orissa. We are convinced that if the Governor of Bengal is to do justice to the territories which we propose to assign to him, and to safeguard the interests of the Mahomedans of his province, Behar and Chota Nagpur must be dissociated from Bengal. Quite apart, however, from that consideration, we are satisfied that it is, in the highest degree desirable to give the Hindi-speaking people, now included within the Province of Bengal, a separate administration. These people have hitherto been unequally yoked with the Bengalis, and have never therefore had a fair opportunity for development. The cry of Behar for the Beharis has frequently been raised in connection with the conferment of appointments, an excessive number of offices in Behar having been held by Bengalis. The Beharis are a sturdy loyal people, and it is a matter of common knowledge that, although they have long desired separation from Bengal, they refrained at the time of the Partition from asking for it, because they did not wish to join the Bengalis in opposition to Government. There has, moreover, been a very marked awakening in Behar in recent years, and a strong belief has grown up among Beharis that Behar will never develop until it is dissociated from Bengal. That belief will, unless a remedy be found, give rise to agitation in the near future, and the present is an admirable opportunity to carry out on our own initiative a thoroughly sound and much desired change. The Ooriyas, like the Beharis, have little in common with the Bengalis, and we propose to leave Orissa (and the Sambalpur district) with Behar and Chota Nagpur. We believe that this arrangement will well accord with popular sentiment in Orissa and will be welcome to Behar as presenting a seaboard to that province. We need hardly add that we have considered various alternatives, such as the making over of Chota Nagpur or of Orissa to the Central Provinces, and the creation of a Chief Commissionership instead of a Lieutenant-Governorship for Behar, Chota Nagpur and Orissa, but none of them seem to deserve more than passing consideration, and we have therefore refrained from troubling Your Lordship with the overwhelming arguments against them. We have also purposely refrained from discussing in this despatch questions of subsidiary importance which must demand detailed consideration when the main features of the scheme are sanctioned, and we are in a position to consult the local Governments concerned.

21. We now pass on to the last proposal, *viz.*, to restore the Chief Commissionership of Assam. This would be merely a reversion to the policy advocated by Sir John Lawrence in 1867. This part of India is still in a

backward condition and more fit for administration by a Chief Commissioner than a more highly developed form of government, and we may notice that this was the view which prevailed in 1896-1897, when the question of transferring the Chittagong Division and the Dacca and Mymensingh districts to Assam was first discussed. Events of the past 12 months on the frontiers of Assam and Burma have clearly shown the necessity of having the north-east frontier, like the north-west frontier, more directly under the control of the Government of India and removed from that of the Local Government. We may add that we do not anticipate that any opposition will be raised to this proposal, which, moreover, forms an essential part of our scheme.

22. We will now give a rough indication of the cost of the scheme. No attempt at accuracy is possible, because we have purposely avoided making enquiries, as they would be likely to result in the premature disclosure of our proposals. The cost of the transfer to Delhi would be considerable. We cannot conceive, however, that a larger sum than 4 million sterling would be necessary, and within that figure probably could be found the three years' interest on capital which would have to be paid till the necessary works and buildings were completed. We might find it necessary to issue a "City of Delhi" Gold loan at $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ guaranteed by the Government of India, the interest, or the larger part of the interest, on this loan being eventually obtainable from rents and taxes. In connection with a general enhancement of land values, which would ensue at Delhi as a result of the transfer, we should endeavour to secure some part of the increment value, which at Calcutta has gone into the pockets of the landlords. Other assets which would form a set-off to the expenditure would be the great rise of Government land at Delhi and its neighbourhood, and a considerable amount which would be realised on the sale of Government land and buildings no longer required at Calcutta. The proximity of Delhi to Simla would also have the effect of reducing the current expenditure involved in the annual move to and from Simla. The actual railway journey from Calcutta to Simla takes 42 hours, while Delhi can be reached from Simla in 14 hours. Further, inasmuch as the Government of India would be able to stay longer in Delhi than in Calcutta, the cost on account of hill allowances would be reduced. We should also add that many of the works now in progress at Delhi in connection with the construction of roads and railways and the provision of electricity and water for the Durbar, and upon which considerable expenditure has been incurred, will be of appreciable value to the Government of India as permanent works when the transfer is made.

23. As regards the remaining proposals, the recurring expenditure will be that involved in the creation of a Governorship for Bengal and a Chief Commissionership for Assam. The pay and allowances, taken together, of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal already exceed the pay of a Governor of Madras or Bombay, and the increase in expenditure when a Governor is appointed, would not, we think, be much beyond that required for the support of a bodyguard and a band. Considerable initial expenditure would be required in connection with the acquisition of land and the construction of buildings for the new Capital of Behar, and, judging from the experience gained in connection with Dacca, we may assume that this will amount to about 50 or 60 lakhs. Some further initial expenditure would be necessary in connection with the summer headquarters, wherever these may be fixed.

24. Before concluding this despatch we venture to say a few words as regards the need for a very early decision on the proposals we have put forward for Your Lordship's consideration. It is manifest that, if the transfer of the capital is to be given effect to, the question becomes more difficult the longer that it remains unsolved. The experience of the last two sessions has shown that the present Council Chamber in Government House, Calcutta, fails totally to meet the needs of the enlarged Imperial Legislative Council, and the proposal to acquire a site and to construct a Council Chamber is already under discussion. Once a new Council Chamber is built, the position of Calcutta as the Capital of India will be further strengthened and consolidated and, though we are convinced that a transfer will in any case eventually

have to be made, it will then be attended by much greater difficulty and still further expense. Similarly, if some modification of the Partition is, as we believe, desirable, the sooner it is effected the better, but we do not see how it can be safely effected with due regard for the dignity of Government as well as for the public opinion of the rest of India and more especially for Mahomedan sentiment, except as part of the larger scheme we have outlined. In the event of these far-reaching proposals being sanctioned by His Majesty's Government, as we trust may be the case, we are of opinion that the presence of His Majesty the King-Emperor at Delhi would offer an unique opportunity for a pronouncement of one of the most weighty decisions ever taken since the establishment of British rule in India. The other two proposals embodied in our scheme are not of such great urgency but are consequentially essential and in themselves of great importance. Half measures will be of no avail, and whatever is to be done should be done so as to make a final settlement and to satisfy the claims of all concerned. The scheme which we have ventured to commend to Your Lordship's favourable consideration is not put forward with any spirit of opportunism, but in the belief that action on the lines proposed will be a bold stroke of statesmanship which would give unprecedented satisfaction and will for ever associate so unique an event as the visit of the reigning Sovereign to his Indian dominions with a new era in the history of India.

25. Should the above scheme meet with the approval of Your Lordship and His Majesty's Government, we would propose that the King-Emperor should announce at the Durbar the transfer of the capital from Calcutta to Delhi and simultaneously, and as a consequence of that transfer, the creation at an early date of a Governorship in Council for Bengal and of a new Lieutenant-Governorship in Council for Behar, Chota Nagpur and Orissa, with such administrative changes and redistribution of boundaries as the Governor-General in Council would in due course determine with a view to removing any legitimate causes for dissatisfaction arising out of the Partition of 1905. The formula of such a pronouncement could be defined after general sanction had been given to the scheme. This sanction we now have the honour to solicit from Your Lordship.

26. We should thus be able after the Durbar to discuss in detail with local and other authorities the best method of carrying out a modification of Bengal on such broad and comprehensive lines as to form a settlement that shall be final and satisfactory to all.

We have the honour to be,

MY LORD MARQUESS,

Your Lordship's most obedient, humble servants,

(Signed) HARDINGE OF PENSHURST.

„ O'MOORE CREAGH.

„ GUY FLEETWOOD WILSON.

„ J. L. JENKINS.

„ R. W. CARLYLE.

„ S. H. BUTLER.

„ SAIYID ALI IMAM.

„ W. H. CLARK.

INDIA OFFICE,
London, the 1st November 1911.

To

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE
GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,

I have received Your Excellency's despatch dated the 25th of August last and issued in the Home Department, and I have considered it in Council with the attention due to the importance of its subject.

2. In the first place you propose to transfer from Calcutta to Delhi the seat of the Government of India, a momentous change which in your opinion can be advocated on its intrinsic merits, and apart from the considerations which are discussed in the later passages of your despatch. You point out with truth that many of the circumstances which explain the selection of Fort William in the second half of the eighteenth century as the headquarters of the East India Company cannot now be adduced as arguments for the permanent retention of Calcutta as the Capital of British India; while certain new conditions and developments seem to point positively towards the removal of the central Government to another position. Such a suggestion is in itself not entirely novel, since it has often been asked whether the inconvenience and cost of an annual migration to the Hills could not be avoided by founding a new official capital at some place in which Europeans could reside healthfully and work efficiently throughout the whole year. You regard any such solution as impracticable, in my judgment rightly, and you proceed to describe in favourable terms the purely material claims of Delhi for approval as the new centre of Government. There would be undoubted advantage both in a longer sojourn at the capital than is at present advisable, and in the shorter journey to and from Simla when the yearly transfer has to be made; while weight may properly be attached to the central situation of Delhi and to its fortunate position as a great railway junction. As you point out, these facts of themselves ensure not a few administrative advantages, and I am not disposed to attach serious importance to the removal of the Department of Commerce and Industry from a busy centre like Calcutta, for any official disadvantage due to this cause should be counterbalanced by the gain of a wider outlook upon the commercial activities of India as a whole.

3. From the historical standpoint, to which you justly draw attention, impressive reasons in support of the transfer can not less easily be advanced. Not only do the ancient walls of Delhi enshrine an Imperial tradition comparable with that of Constantinople, or with that of Rome itself, but the near neighbourhood of the existing City formed the theatre for some most notable scenes in the old-time drama of Hindu history, celebrated in the vast treasure-house of national epic verse. To the races of India, for whom the legends and records of the past are charged with so intense a meaning, this resumption by the Paramount Power of the seat of venerable Empire should at once enforce the continuity and promise the permanency of British sovereign rule over the length and breadth of the country. Historical reasons will thus prove to be political reasons of deep importance and of real value in favour of the proposed change. I share, too, your belief that the Ruling Chiefs as a body will favour the policy and give to it their hearty adhesion.

4. But however solid may be the material advantages which you enumerate, and however warm the anticipated response from Indian sentiment, it may be questioned whether we should venture to contemplate so abrupt a departure from the traditions of British Government, and so complete a dislocation of settled official habits, if we were able to regard with absolute satisfaction the position as it exists at Calcutta.

5. Your Excellency is not unaware that for some time past I have appreciated the special difficulties arising from the collocation of the Government of India and the Government of Bengal in the same head-quarters. The arrangement, as you frankly describe it, is a bad one for both Governments, and the Viceroy for the time being is inevitably faced by this dilemma, that either he must become Governor-in-Chief of Bengal in a unique sense, or he must consent to be saddled by public opinion both in India and at home, with direct liability for acts of administration or policy over which he only exercises in fact the general control of a supreme Government. The Local Government, on the other hand, necessarily suffers from losing some part of the sense of responsibility rightly attaching to it as to other similar administrations. It involves no imputation either upon Your Excellency's Government, or upon the distinguished public servants who have carried on the Government of Bengal, to pronounce the system radically an unsound one.

6. It might, indeed, have been thought possible to correct this anomaly with less disturbance of present conditions, by retaining Calcutta as the central seat of Government, under the immediate control of the Viceroy, and transferring the Government of Bengal elsewhere. But two considerations appear to forbid the adoption of such a course. In the first place it is doubtful whether the arbitrary creation of an artificial boundary could in practice cause Calcutta, so long the capital of Western Bengal, to cease altogether to be a Bengali city in the fullest sense. Again, the experiment of turning the second city of the British Empire into an Imperial *enclave* would be certain to cast a new and altogether undue burden upon the shoulders of the Governor-General, however freely the actual work of administration might be delegated to subordinate officials. It is true that Washington, during the century since it became the capital of the United States, has grown into a large and wealthy city, with industries on a considerable scale, but even now it possesses less than a third of the population of Calcutta, while Ottawa and the new Australian foundation of Yass-Canberra are likely to continue mainly as political capitals. Such a solution may therefore be dismissed, while no parallel difficulties need be dreaded if Delhi and its surroundings are placed directly under the Government of India.

7. I am glad to observe that you have not underrated the objections to the transfer which are likely to be entertained in some quarters. The compensation which will be offered to Bengali sentiment by other of your interdependent proposals is in my opinion fully adequate, and I do not think it necessary to dwell further on this aspect of the change. But it cannot be supposed that the European community of Calcutta, particularly the commercial section, can regard it without some feelings of chagrin and disappointment in their capacity as citizens. But you may rely, I am certain, upon their wider patriotism, and upon their willingness to subordinate local and personal considerations to those which concern the general good of India. Nor, on full reflection, need they fear any seriously untoward consequences. The city will remain the seat of a most prominent and influential Government. I see no reason why it should suffer in material prosperity, retaining as it will not merely an almost universal commerce, but the practical monopoly in more than one branch of trade. And from the standpoint of sentiment, nothing can ever deprive Calcutta of her association with a century and a half of British Government, singularised by many great events, and adorned by the famous roll of those who have preceded Your Excellency in the office of Governor-General. Such a history is a perpetual possession, and it will guide the steps of all travellers to Calcutta not less certainly than has the presence of the Supreme Government in the past.

8. In view of this change it is your desire that a Governorship in Council should be constituted for Bengal. You remind me that the possibility of such a creation was fully discussed in the years 1867 and 1868, although divergent opinions were expressed by different authorities of that day, and no steps were in fact taken. One of the principal objections felt then, as now, to the proposition taken by itself, hinged on the difficulty of planting such an administration in Calcutta side by side with that of the Government of India. The

criticism is valid, but it would be silenced by the transfer of the capital to Delhi. I note with general agreement your observations upon the probable appointment in ordinary circumstances of a statesman or administrator from the United Kingdom to the Governorship of Bengal, while concurring that the appointment, like the other great Governorships, would be open to members of the Indian Civil Service whenever it might be desirable to seek for an occupant among their ranks. I also share your conviction that no lower grade of administration would be held in the altered conditions to satisfy the reasonable aspirations either of Hindus or of Mahomedans for the reputation and status of Bengal among the great divisions of India.

9. In considering the area which the Governor of a new Bengal should be called upon to administer, it is not necessary to recall at length the steps which led up to the Partition of the former Presidency, or to engage in detailed examination of its results. It is universally admitted that up to the year 1905 the task which the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal and his subordinates had to perform, having regard to the extent of the Presidency, to its population, and the difficulties of communication in many districts, was one with which no energy or capacity could completely cope. It is equally certain that the provincial centre of gravity was unduly diverted to the western portion of the area, and to Calcutta itself, with the result that the Mahomedan community of Eastern Bengal were unintentionally deprived of an adequate share of consideration and attention. Such a state of affairs was not likely to agitate public opinion on this side of the water; the name of Dacca, once so familiar to British ears, had become almost unknown to them. A rearrangement of administration at the instance of the Government of India was therefore almost imperative, but the plan that was ultimately adopted, while effecting some beneficial changes in Eastern Bengal, and offering relief to the overlaid government, produced consequences in relation to the Bengali population which you depict with accuracy and fairness. History teaches us that it has sometimes been found necessary to ignore local sentiment, or to override racial prejudice, in the interest of sound administration, or in order to establish an ethical or political principle. But even where indisputable justification can be claimed, such an exercise of authority is almost always regrettable in itself, and it will often be wise to grasp an opportunity of assuaging the resentment which has been aroused, where this can be done without practical detriment to order and good government. You point out, moreover, that in this case the grievance is not only one of sentiment, but that in connection with the Legislative Councils the Bengali population is subjected to practical disabilities which demand and merit some redress. In Your Excellency's opinion, the desired objects can properly be achieved by re-uniting the five Bengali-speaking divisions of the Presidency, Burdwan, Dacca, Rajshahi and Chittagong, into the new Presidency to be for the future administered by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

10. At the same time you lay deserved stress on the importance of giving no ground for apprehension to the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal lest their interests should be injuriously affected by the intended alteration. In common with others of their faith, they would presumably regard with satisfaction the re-erection of Delhi as the capital of India but they would be primarily concerned with the local aspect of the proposals. It is evident that in delimiting the new Presidency care is needed to see that the balance of the different populations, though it could not remain throughout the entire area as it stands at present in Eastern Bengal and Assam, is not rudely disturbed, and, as you point out, the special representation on the Legislative Councils which is enjoyed by the Mahomedans, supplies them with a distinct safeguard in this respect. I attach, however, no little importance to the proposal that the Governor of Bengal should regard Dacca as his second capital, with full claims on his regular attention, and his residence for an appreciable part of the year. The arrangements which have been made there for the administration of the existing Lieutenant-Governor will thus not merely be utilised, but will serve a valuable purpose which it would have been difficult to secure had proposals

similar to those which you now make been put forward when the old Bengal was undivided. In these circumstances I consider that you might not to make any suggestion for a Commissionership at Dacca, analogous to that existing in Sind in the Presidency of Bombay.

11. Your next proposition involves the creation of a Lieutenant-Governorship in Council for Behar, Chota Nagpur, and Orissa. I observe that you have considered and dismissed a number of alternative suggestions for dealing with these three important and interesting Divisions. Some of these schemes, as Your Excellency is aware, have at different times been the subjects of discussion when a rearrangement of boundaries has been contemplated, and I refrain from commenting on any of them at this moment, holding as I do that you have offered the plainest and most reasonable solution, if any substantial change is to be made at all. The three sub-provinces above named, while differing *inter se* in some marked features, are alike loosely connected with Bengal proper, and their complete administrative severance would involve no hardship to the Presidency. You describe the desire of the hardy and law-abiding inhabitants of Behar for a clearer expression of their local individuality, differing from the Bengalis as they largely do in origin, in language, in proclivities, and in the nature of the soil they cultivate. Orissa, again, with its variety of races and physical conditions, with its considerable seaboard, invested with a peculiar sanctity of religious tradition, prefers a code of land legislation founded on a system of tenure differing in the main from those both of Bengal and of the Central Provinces, and has long felt uneasiness at a possible loss of identity as a distinct community. The highlands of Chota Nagpur, far less densely populated than Bengal, and containing a large aboriginal element, also possess ancestral and historical claims for separate treatment in various respects. These three sub-provinces with their combined population of some thirty-five millions, would form a charge well within the compass of a Lieutenant-Governorship, and it may be assumed that the controlling officer would be able to bestow continuous care and attention upon each of the divisions within his area.

12. The concluding suggestion which you put forward is that the Chief Commissionership of Assam should be revived. I attach weight to your argument that the political conditions on the north-eastern frontier of India render it desirable that, like the North-west, it should be the immediate concern of Your Excellency's Government, rather than of a local administration, and I note your belief, which I trust may prove to be well-founded, that the inhabitants of this Province, of first-rate importance in industry and commerce, are not likely to offer any opposition to the change. On the contrary, they may be disposed to welcome it, since I am confident that the Supreme Government would assiduously preserve all local interests, either material or of sentiment, from any possible detriment attributable to the altered system.

13. I make no complaint of the fact that Your Excellency is unable at this stage to present for sanction a close estimate of the cost which is likely to be incurred in respect of the various proposals included in your despatch, either by way of initial or of recurring expenditure. You have only found it possible to name the round sum of four millions sterling, which you regard as the outside figure of cost which could be incurred by the transfer to Delhi, and you indicate your opinion that this amount might be raised by a special Gold loan. I agree that it was not possible for you, in the special circumstances of the case, to undertake the investigations which would have been necessary before you could submit even a general estimate of expenditure either at Delhi or in relation to the Governorship of Bengal, to the

Lieutenant-Governorship of the new united Provinces, or to the Chief Commissioner of Assam. This being so, I refrain for the present from making any observations on this part of the subject, merely stating my general conviction that Your Excellency is fully alive to the magnitude of the proposed operations, and to the necessity for thoughtful preparation and continuous vigilance in order that the expenditure, which must necessarily be so large, may be conducted with no tinge of wastefulness, and, as regards the particular case of Delhi, assuring you that my full sympathy will be extended to any efforts you may make to prevent the holding up against the Government of land which you may find it necessary to secure for public purposes.

14. I find myself in general agreement with Your Excellency when you state that if this policy is to be approved, it is imperative to avoid delay in carrying it into effect. You give substantial reasons for this opinion, both on administrative and economical grounds, and though a number of details remain for settlement, many of which must demand careful examination and consultation, while some may awaken differences of opinion, it is possible now to pronounce a definite opinion upon the broad features of the scheme. Regarding it as a whole, and appreciating the balance sought to be maintained between the different races, classes and interests likely to be affected, I cannot recall in history, nor can I picture in any portion of the civilised world as it now exists, a series of administrative changes of so wide a scope, culminating in the transfer of the main seat of Government, carried out, as I believe the future will prove, with so little detriment to any class of the community, while satisfying the historical sense of millions, aiding the general work of Government, and removing the deeply-felt grievance of many. I therefore give my general sanction to your proposals, and I share in your belief that the transfer of the capital and the concomitant features of the scheme form a subject worthy of announcement by the King-Emperor in person on the unique and eagerly-anticipated occasion at Delhi. I am commanded to inform you that at the Durbar on the 12th of December His Imperial Majesty will be pleased to declare that Delhi will become the capital city of India, that a Governor in Council will be appointed for Bengal, a Lieutenant-Governor in Council for Behar, Chota Nagpur, and Orissa, and a Chief Commissioner for the Province of Assam.

I have the honour to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient, humble servant,

CREWE.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

